

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + Make non-commercial use of the files We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + Maintain attribution The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + Keep it legal Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/



HARVARD LAW SCHOOL LIBRARY



:		
		1
	•	
		!
		1

3 (



THE

MAP OF EUROPE BY TREATY.

.

.

.

.

•

,

·

`

MAP OF EUROPE BY TREATY;

SECURITY THE VARIOUS

4

POLITICAL AND TERRITORIAL CHANGES

WHICH HAVE TAKEN PLACE

SINCE THE GENERAL PEACE OF 1814.

With Humerous Mays and Hotes.

Vol. III.

"Segnius irritant animos demissa per aurem Quam quæ sunt oculis subjecta fidelibus."—Hor.



BY EDWARD HERTSLET, C.B.,

LIBRARIAN AND KEEPER OF THE PAPERS, FORRIGN OFFICE.

LONDON:

BUTTERWORTHS, 7, FLEET STREET,
Lato Publishers to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

HARRISON, 59, PALL MALL,
Bookseller to the Queen and P.R.H. H. Prince of Blales.

[All Rights reserved.]

1875.

LONDON:
HARRISON AND SOMS, PRINTERS IN ORDINARY TO HER MAJESTY,
ST. MARTIN'S LANS.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

VOL. III.

No.	1864.	•	PAGE
357.	29th Mar	r. Treaty between Great Britain, France, Russia, and Greece. Union of the Ionian Islands to Greece.	
		(London.)	1589
358.	29th Ma	r. Convention between Great Britain and Greece. British	
		Claims, &c. Ionian Islands. (London.)	1596
359.	JanMar	r. Protocols of Conferences between Great Britain, Austria,	
		&c. (5 Powers). Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.	
		Greek Succession. (London.)	1601
380.	3rd May	Protocol between Turkey and Montenegro. Frontiers of	
	•	Montenegro. (Cettigné.)	1602
361.	28th May	Protocol between Commissioners of Great Britain and	
	•	Greece. Withdrawal of British Forces from Ionian	
		Islands. (Corfu.)	1606
	2)	Proclamation of Lord High Commissioner. Cessation of	
	"	British Protectorate	1609
362.	AprJur	e Protocols of Conferences between Great Britain, Austria,	
	•	Prussia, &c., and Denmark. Re-establishment of Peace	
		between Austria, Prussia, and Denmark. (London.)	1611
363.	20th June		
		United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.	
		(Constantinople.)	1618
364.	28th June	Protocol. Adhesion of 6 Powers to ditto	1620
		. Convention between Baden, &c., and Switzerland.	
		Wounded in War. (Geneva.)	1621
366.	15th Sept	. Convention between France and Italy. Evacuation of	-
		Papal States by French Troops. (Paris.)	1627
387.	80th Oct.		
••••		Duchies of Schleswig Holstein and Lauenburg. (Vienna.)	1680
	1005		
	1865.	A & March Dritain to Commention of 99md Angust	
368.	18th Feby.	Accession of Great Britain to Convention of 22nd August,	1604
_		1864, relative to Wounded in War. (London.)	1684
369.	8th April		
		the Union of the Ionian Islands to Greece. (Constan-	
		tinople.)	1636
370	14th Aug		
		Schleswig Holstein and Lauenburg. (Gastein.)	1638

No.	1865.		PAG
371.	13th Sept	. Prussian Patent taking possession of the Duchy of Lauen-	
		burg. (Berlin.)	1643
372.	14th Sept		
		to Prussia. (London.)	164
	1866.		
	26th May		1647
	26th May		1649
•	27th May	Firman of the Sultan of Turkey. Order of Succession in Egypt	• •
*	4th June		••
		Treaties	• •
375.	MarJune	Protocols of Conferences between Great Britain, &c., and	
		Turkey, relative to United Principalities of Moldavia	
		and Wallachia, and the Danube. (Paris.)	1650
376.	14th June		
988	Mar. Tuna	of Dissolution of Germanic Confederation. (Frankfort.)	1652
	May—June 15th June		1655
	16th June		••
010.	2002 0 20	over, Hesse-Cassel, and Saxony. (Berlin.)	1686
379.	17th June		
		(Vienna.)	1688
	18th June	Prussian Manifesto. War with Austria. (Berlin.)	1693
_	19th June	Italian Manifesto. War with Austria	1695
	20th June	Italian Declaration. War with Austria. (Cremona.)	1697
383.	26th July	Preliminary Treaty of Peace between Austria and Prussia. (Nikolsburg.)	1698
	29th July	French Declaration. Acquisition of Venetia for Italy	1721
384.	18th Aug.	Treaty of Peace between Prussia and Wurtemberg.	-,
		(Berlin.)	1702
385.	16th Aug.	Message of King of Prussia. Union of Hanover, Hesse-	
		Cassel, Nassau, and Frankfort to Prussia. (Berlin.)	1705
	17th Aug.	Treaty of Peace between Baden and Prussia. (Berlin.)	1707
	22nd Aug.	Treaty of Peace between Bavaria and Prussia. (Berlin.)	1711
	23rd Aug.	Treaty of Peace between Austria and Prussia. (Prague.)	1720
voo	3rd Sept.	Treaty of Peace between Hesse-Darmstadt and Prussia. (Berlin.)	1729
390	20th Sept.	Prussian Decree uniting Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, Nassau,	_,
			1741.
391	23rd Sept.	Protest of King of Hanover against Annexation of	
	•		1742
92.			1749
8 93. ·	3rd Oct.	Prussian Patent taking Possession of Hanover. (Babels-	1200
0.4	2m4 0~4	<u> </u>	1760
72. •	ora Oct.	Prussian Patent taking Possession of Hesse-Cassel. (Babelsberg.)	1762
		/	- I U&

^{*} See Appendix.

CONTENTS. VOL. III.

No. 395	1866. Sr d Oct.	Prussian Patent taking Possession of Nassau. (Babels-	PAGI
396	Srd Oct.	Prussian Patent taking Possession of Frankfort. (Babels-	1764
397	8th Oct.	Treaty of Peace between Prussia and Saxe-Meiningen.	1766
398	21st Oct.	(Berlin.)	1768 1771
399	23rd Oct.	Firman of the Sultan. Investiture of Prince Charles of Hohenzollern as Prince of United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia	1783
400	26th Oct.	Protocol between Turkey and Montenegro. Boundaries.	1787
401. •	15th Dec.	Act between Austria, Russia, and United Principalities. Navigation of the Pruth. (Bucharest.)	1789
402.	24th Dec.	Prussian Law uniting Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig	
403	24th Dec.	Bavaria and Hesse-Darmstadt, Hesse-Homburg, &c.	1797
		(Berlin.)	1798
	1867.	•	
404.	10th Apr.	Firman of the Sultan of Turkey. Evacuation of Servian Fortresses	1800
405.	11th May	Treaty between Great Britain, Austria, &c. Luxemburg and Limburg. (London.)	1801
406.	Мау	Protocols of Conferences between Great Britain, Austria,	
•	8th June	&c. Luxemburg and Limburg. (London.) Firman of the Sultan of Turkey. Succession in Egypt, &c.	1806
	14th June		1807
408.	18th July	Treaty between Prussia and Waldeck-Pyrmont. (Berlin.)	1829
409.	22nd Dec.	Boundary Act between Austria and Italy. (Venice.)	1883
	1000	•	
470	1868.	Commention between Court Dritain to and Churchen	
	-	Convention between Great Britain, &c., and Turkey. Danube Works Loan. (Galatz.)	1838
411. .	11th July	Final Boundary Act between France and Spain. (Bayonne.)	1844
412.	17th Oct.	Convention between Baden, France, &c. Navigation of the Rhine. (Mannheim.)	1847
413.	20th Oct.	Additional Articles between Baden, &c., and Switzerland. Wounded in War. (Geneva.)	1853
414.	11th Dec.	Declaration between Great Britain, Austria, &c. Explo-	
415	11th Dec.	Boundary Treaty between Netherlands and Prussia. (Aix-	1860
		la-Chapelle.)	1862

[•] See Appendix.

No.	1869.		PAGE
416.	20th Jan.	Declaration of Allied Powers. (Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey.) Obligations of Greece towards Turkey. (Paris.)	1864
4 17.	Jan.—Feb.	Protocols of Conferences between Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey. Differences between Greece and Turkey. (Paris.)	1868
41 8.	90th Mar.		1870
419.	6th July		1874
•	29th Nov.	Firman of the Sultan of Turkey. Levy of Taxes in Egypt. Contracts for Loans	10/4
	1870.	•	
	22nd June	the Elbe Dues. (Vienna.)	1876
	·	French and Prussian Declaration. Neutrality of Luxemburg. (Berlin.)	1877
	-	Note of Swiss Government. Neutrality in War between France and Prussis. (Berlin.)	1878
423.	19th July	French Announcement to Prussia. Causes of War. (Berlin.)	1880
	19th July	Speech of King of Prussia. War with France. (Berlin.)	1881
	20th July	French Declaration. War with Prussia. (Paris.)	1883
	22nd July	French Proclamation. War with Prussia. (Paris.)	1884
1 27.	9th Aug.	Treaty between Great Britain and Prussia. Neutrality of Belgium. (London.)	1886
12 8.	11th Aug.	Treaty between Great Britain and France. Neutrality of Belgium. (London.)	1889
1 29.	31st Oct.	Russian Note. Naval Forces in Black Sea. (Tzarskoś Sélo.)	1892
1 30.	1st Nov.	Further Russian Note. Naval Forces in Black Sea. (Tzarskoś Sélo.)	1896
1 31.	10th Nov.	British Reply to Russian Notes. Naval Forces in Black Sea. (London.)	1898
132.	3rd Dec.	Prussian Circular. Neutrality of Luxemburg. (Versailles.)	1901
	1871.	•	
133		Declaration between Great Britain, &c., and Russia. Non-	
	28th Jan.	alteration of Treaties without consent. (London.) Convention of Armistice between France and Germany.	1904
EUZ.	,,,, acom cam	(Versailles.)	1905

^{*} See Appendix.

	CONTENTS. VOL. III.	1X
No. 1871.		PAGE
135 1st Feb.	Military Convention between France and Switzerland. Entrance of French Army into Switzerland. (Verrières.)	1907
136 8th Feb.	Regulations between Austria, Russia, and Roumania. Navigation of the Pruth. (Bucharest.)	1909
137 15th Feb.	. Additional Convention between France and Germany.	
138 26th Feb	Armistice. (Versailles.)	1911
439 13th Mar	(Versailles.)	1912
	Sea and Danube. (London.)	1919
	(London.)	1924
441 Ja nMai	r. Protocols between Great Britain, &c., and Turkey. Revision of Treaty of 30th March, 1856. Black Sea	
442 16th Mar	and Danube. (London.)	1926
	(Rouen.)	1927
443 16th Apr	il Law. Constitution of the German Empire. (Berlin.)	1929
. -	il Constitution of the German Empire. (Berlin.) Proposed Regulations. Duties of Neutrals in Time of	1980
	War. (Washington.)	1953
446 10th May	y Definitive Treaty of Peace between France and Germany. (Frankfort.)	1954
447 12th Oct	. Additional Convention between France and Germany.	
448 July-Dec	Alsace-Lorraine. (Berlin.)	1964
449 11th Dec	fort.)	1966
	Germany. (Frankfort.)	1968
1873.		
• 8th Ju	e Firman of the Sultan of Turkey. Succession, &c., in Egypt.	••
1874.	m. Winel Durkerel between Classes Dultely for an I.D. of	
490, 27th Au	Rules and Usages of War. (Brussels.)	1974
1875.		
451 20th Jan	Laws and Usages of War. (London.)	1976

^{*} See Appendix.

ERRATA. VOL. III.

Page 1613, Title; for Principality read Principalities.

- " 1650, note, for 8th November read 9th November.
- " 1749–1758, Amnesty, not Armistice.

No. 357] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREECE. [29 March, 1864. [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

No. 357.—TREATY between Great Britain, France, Russia, and Greece, respecting the Union of the Ionian Islands to the Kingdom of Greece. Signed at London, 29th March, 1864.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 5th November, 1815.

- 1. Renunciation of Great Britain to Protectorate over the Ionian Islands.
 Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.
- 2. Perpetual Neutrality of *Ionian Islands. Greece* to maintain the Neutrality.
- 8. Treaties, &c., of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and Foreign Powers relative to Ionian Islands to remain in force until conclusion of New Treaty. Terms within which New Commercial Treaties are to be concluded.
- 4. Freedom of Worship and Religious Toleration.
- 5. Provision of Ionian Islands towards the Civil List of the King of the Hellenes.
- 6. Relinquishment by Protecting Powers of portion of the Annual Sums to be paid to them by *Greece*. Amounts relinquished to form Annual Dotation of King of *Greece*.
- 7. Contracts between *Ionian Islands* and Foreign Powers to be maintained by King of the *Hellenes*.
- 8. Pensions, &c., to British and Ionian Subjects to be paid by Greece. Special Convention to regulate amounts.
- 9. Withdrawal of British Forces from the Ionian Islands.
- 10. Retifications.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Reference to Treaty of 5th November, 1815.

In the name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland made known to the Legislative Assembly of the United States of the Ionian Islands that, with a view to the eventual union of those Islands to the Kingdom of Greece, she was prepared, if the Ionian Parliament should express a wish to that effect, to abandon the Protectorate of those Islands, confided to Her Majesty by the Treaty concluded at Paris on the 5th November, 1815 (No. 39), between the Courts of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Such wish having been expressed by a vote of the said Legislative Assembly passed unanimously on the 15th October, 1863 (No. 354), Her Britannic Majesty consented by Article I of the Treaty concluded on the 14th November,

* The Sultan acceded to this Treaty on the 8th April, 1865.

29 March, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREECE. [No. 357 [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

1863 (No. 355), between Her Majesty, the Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of the French, the King of Prussia, and the Emperor of All the Russias, to renounce the said Protectorate under certain conditions specified in that Treaty, and since defined by subsequent Protocols (No. 359).

On their part, their Majesties the Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of the French, the King of Prussia, and the Emperor of All the Russias, consented by the same Article, and under the same conditions, to accept such Renunciation, and to recognise, in conjunction with Her Britannic Majesty, the Union of those Islands to the Kingdom of Greece.

In virtue of Article V of the Treaty signed at London on the 13th July, 1863 (No. 347), it was moreover agreed by common consent between Her Britannic Majesty and their Majesties the Emperor of the French and the Emperor of All the Russias, that the Ionian Islands, when their Union to the Kingdom of Greece should have been effected, as contemplated by Article IV of the same Treaty, should be comprised in the Guarantee stipulated in favour of Greece by the Courts of Great Britain, France, and Russia, in virtue of the Convention signed at London on the 7th May, 1832 (No. 159).

In consequence, and in accordance with the stipulations of the Treaty of the 18th July, 1863 (No. 847), and with the terms of Article VI of the Treaty of the 14th November, 1868 (No. 355), whereby the Courts of Great Britain, France, and Russia, in their character of Guaranteeing Powers of the Kingdom of Greece, reserved to themselves to conclude a Treaty with the Hellenic Government as to the arrangements which might become necessary in consequence of the Union of the Ionian Islands to Greece, their said Majesties have resolved to proceed to negotiate with His Majesty the King of the Hellenes a Treaty for the purpose of carrying into execution the stipulations above mentioned.

His Majesty the King of the Hellenes having given his assent to the conclusion of such Treaty, their said Majesties have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable John Earl Russell, Viscount Amberley of Amberley and Ardsalla, a Peer of the United Kingdom, a Member of Her Britannic Majesty's Privy Council, her Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur Godefroy

No. 357] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREECE. [29 March, 1864. [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

Bernard Henry Alphonse, Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne Lauraguais, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, the Sieur Philip Baron de Brunnow, his Actual Privy Councillor, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

And His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, the Sieur Charilaüs S. Tricoupi, a Representative in the National Assembly of the Hellenes;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and signed the following Articles:

Renunciation of Great Britain to Protectorate over the Ionian Islands.

ART. I. Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, desiring to realise the wish expressed by the Legislative Assembly of the United States of the Ionian Islands, that those Islands should be united to Greece, has consented, on the conditions hereinafter specified, to renounce the Protectorate over the Islands of Corfu, Cephalonia, Zante, Santa Maura, Ithaca, Cerigo, and Paxo, with their Dependencies, which, in virtue of the Treaty signed at Paris on the 5th November, 1815 (No. 39), by the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia, were constituted a single Free and Independent State, under the denomination of "the United States of the Ionian Islands," placed under the immediate and exclusive Protection of His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, his heirs and successors.

Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.

In consequence, Her Britannic Majesty, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, in their character of signing parties to the Convention of the 7th May, 1832 (No. 159), recognise such Union, and declare that Greece, within the Limits determined by the arrangement concluded at Constantinople between the Courts of Great Britain, France, and Russia, and the Ottoman Porte, on the 21st July, 1832 (No. 161), including the Ionian Islands, shall from a Monarchical, Independent, and Constitutional State, under

29 March, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREECE. [No. 357 [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

the Sovereignty of His Majesty King George, and under the Guarantee of the 3 Courts.

Perpetual Neutrality of Ionian Islands.*

ART. II. The Sourts of Great Britain, France, and Russia, in their character of Guaranteeing Powers of Greece, declare, with the assent of the Courts of Austria and Prussia, that the Islands of Corfu and Paxo, as well as their Dependencies, shall, after their Union to the Hellenic Kingdom, enjoy the advantages of perpetual Neutrality.

Greece to maintain the Neutrality.

His Majesty the King of the Hellenes engages, on his part, to maintain such Neutrality.

Treaties, &c., of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and Foreign Powers relative to Ionian Islands to remain in force until conclusion of New Treaty.

ART. III. The Union of the Ionian Islands to the Hellenic Kingdom shall not involve any change as to the advantages conceded to Foreign Commerce and Navigation in virtue of Treaties and Conventions concluded by Foreign Powers with Her Britannic Majesty, in her character of Protector of the Ionian Islands.

All the engagements which result from the said transactions, as well as from the regulations actually in force in relation thereto, shall be maintained and strictly observed, as hitherto.

In consequence, it is expressly understood that Foreign Vessels and Commerce in Ionian ports, as well as the Navigation between Ionian ports and the ports of Greece, shall continue to be subject to the same treatment, and placed under the same conditions as before the Union of the Ionian Islands to Greece, until the conclusion of new formal Conventions, or of arrangements destined to regulate between the parties concerned, questions of Commerce and Navigation, as well as questions relating to the regular service of communication by post.

Terms within which new Commercial Treaties are to be concluded.

Such new Conventions shall be concluded in 15 years, or sooner, if possible.†

* A Protocol on this Subject was also signed between the 5 Powers on the 25th January, 1864. See Table, page 1601.

† The Austrian and Prussian Governments assented to this Arrangement.

No. 357] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREEUE. [29 March, 1864. [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

Freedom of Worship and Religious Toleration.

ART. IV. The Union of the United States of the Ionian Islands to the Kingdom of Greece shall in no wise invalidate the principles established by the existing legislation of those Islands with regard to Freedom of Worship and Religious Toleration; accordingly the Rights and Immunities established in matters of Religion by Chapters I and V of the Constitutional Charter of the United States of the Ionian Islands,* and specifically the recognition of the Orthodox Greek Church as the Dominant Religion in those Islands; the entire Liberty of Worship granted to the Established Church of the Protecting Power; and the perfect Toleration promised to other Christian communions shall, after the Union, be maintained in their full force and effect.

The special Protection guaranteed to the Roman Catholic Church, as well as the advantages of which that Church is actually in possession, shall be equally maintained; and the subjects belonging to that communion shall enjoy in the Ionian Islands the same Freedom of Worship which is recognised in their favour by the Protocol of the 3rd February, 1830 (No. 149).

The principle of entire Civil and Political Equality between subjects belonging to different Creeds, established in Greece by the same Protocol, shall be likewise in force in the Ionian Islands.

Provision of Ionian Islands towards the Civil List of the King of the Hellenes.

ART. V. The Legislative Assembly of the United States of the Ionian Islands has decreed by a Resolution passed on the $\frac{7}{19}$ th October, 1863 (No. 354), that the sum of £10,000 sterling a year shall be appropriated, in monthly payments, to the augmentation of the Civil List of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, so as to constitute the first charge upon the revenue of the Ionian Islands, unless provision be made for such payment, according to the constitutional forms, out of the revenues of the Kingdom of Greece.†

In consequence, His Majesty the King of the Hellenes engages to carry that Decree duly into execution.

Relinquishment by Protecting Powers of portion of the Annual Sums to be paid to them by Greece.

ART. VI. Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of

* Ratified by the Sovereign of Great Britain on the 26th August, 1817.

† See Note, page 1445.

29 March, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREECE. [No. 357 . [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

Great Britain and Ireland, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, agree to relinquish in favour of His Majesty King George I, each £4,000 sterling a year, out of the sums which the Greek Treasury has engaged to pay annually to each of them, in virtue of the arrangement concluded at Athens by the Greek Government, with the concurrence of the Greek Chambers, in the month of June, 1860 (No. 318).

'Amounts relinquished to form Personal Dotation of King of Greece.

It is expressly understood that these 3 sums, forming a total of £12,000 sterling annually, shall be destined to constitute a Personal Dotation of His Majesty King George I, in addition to the Civil List fixed by the law of the State. The Accession of His Majesty to the Hellenic Throne shall not otherwise involve any change in the financial engagements which Greece has contracted by Article XII of the Convention of 7th May, 1832 (No. 159), towards the Powers Guarantees of the Loan, nor in the execution of the engagement taken by the Hellenic Government in the month of June, 1860 (No. 318), upon the representation of the 3 Courts.*

Contracts between Ionian Islands and Foreign Powers to be maintained by King of the Hellenes.

ART. VII. His Majesty the King of the Hellenes engages to take upon himself all the Engagements and Contracts lawfully concluded by the Government of the United States of the Ionian Islands, or in their name, by the Protecting Power of those Islands, conformably to the Constitution of the Ionian Islands, whether with Foreign Governments, with Companies and Associations, or with Private Individuals; and promises to fulfil the said Engagements and Contracts fully and completely, as if they had been concluded by His Majesty or by the Hellenic Government. Under this head are specially included: the Public Debt of the Ionian Islands; the Privileges conceded to the Ionian Bank, to the Navigation Company known under the name of the Austrian Lloyds, in conformity with the Postal Convention of the 1st December, 1853, and to the Malta and Mediterranean Gas Company.

^{*} An Act of Parliament was passed on the 14th July, 1864 (27 and 28 Vict., cap. 40), to give effect to this Arrangement. See also Note, page 1445.

1594

No. 357] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND GREECE. [29 March, 1864. [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

Pensions, &c., to British and Ionian Subjects to be Paid by Greece.

ART. VIII. His Majesty the King of the Hellenes promises to take upon himself,—

- 1. The Pensions granted to British Subjects by the Ionian Government, in conformity with the rules established in the Ionian Islands respecting Pensions.
- 2. The Compensation Allowances due to certain individuals actually in the service of the Ionian Government, who will lose their employments in consequence of the Union of the Islands to Greece.
- 3. The Pensions which several Ionian Subjects are in the enjoyment of, in remuneration of services rendered to the Ionian Government.

Special Convention to regulate Amounts.

A Special Convention to be concluded between Her Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes shall determine the amounts of these different heads, and shall regulate the mode of their payment.*

Withdrawal of British Forces from the Ionian Islands.

ART. IX. The Civil authorities and the Military Forces of Her Britannic Majesty shall be withdrawn from the Territory of the United States of the Ionian Islands in 3 months, or sooner, if possible, after the Ratification of the present Treaty.†

Ratifications.1

ART. X. The present Treaty shall be ratified and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London in 6 weeks, or sooner, if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at London, the 29th of March, in the year of Our Lord, 1864.

- (L.S.) RUSSELL. (L.S.) CH. TRICOUPI.
- (L.S.) LA TOUR D'AUVERGNE.
- (L.S.) BRUNNOW.
 - See Convention of same date, next page.
 - + See Protocol of 28th May, 1864.
 - ‡ Ratifications exchanged at London, 25th April, 1864.

29 March, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN AND GREECE. [British Claims, &c. Ionian Islands.]

No. 358.—CONVENTION between Great Britain and Greece, respecting the Claims of British Subjects and others for Services in the Ionian Islands. Signed at London, 29th March, 1864.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Pensions to be paid by Greece to British Subjects. Compensation Allowances to be paid by Greece. Date of Payment of Pensions and Allowances. Pensions to Ionian Subjects to be paid by Greece.
- 2. Yearly List to be made of Persons entitled to Pensions and Compensations.
- 3. Ratifications.

(English Version.*)

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, being desirous to make arrangements with regard to the Claims of British subjects and other individuals in respect of Services rendered to the Government of the United States of the Ionian Islands while those States were under the Protection of Her Britannic Majesty, have agreed to conclude a Convention for that purpose, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable John Earl Russell, her Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c.;

And His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, the Sieur Charilaüs S. Tricoupi;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

Pensions to be paid by Greece to British Subjects.

ART. I. Whereas Pensions have been granted at various times to British subjects by the Ionian Government, or are at the present moment about to be granted, in pursuance of the established rules in force in the Ionian Islands on the subject of Pensions; and whereas the amount of such Pensions is £7,403 8s. 4d. sterling

^{*} For French version, see "State Papers," vol. liv, p. 5.

a-year, as by the Schedule A hereto annexed, His Majesty the King of the Hellenes agrees that, after provision shall have been made for the sum of £10,000 sterling a-year, mentioned in Article V of the Treaty signed on this day (No. 357) between their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Emperor of the French, and the Emperor of All the Russias on the one part, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes on the other part, the said amount shall form the next charge upon the Customs revenue of Corfu and of the other Ionian Islands, and shall be paid by half-yearly instalments to Her Britannic Majesty's Consul at Corfu, for the purpose of being paid in detail to the several persons entitled to the said Pensions.

Compensation Allowances to be paid by Greece.

And whereas it has become necessary to grant Compensation Allowances to certain other persons now in the service of the Ionian Government, who will lose their respective employments in consequence of the Union of the Ionian Islands with Greece; and whereas such Allowances amount to £3,272 12s. sterling a-year, as by the Schedule B hereto annexed; His Majesty the King of the Hellenes agrees that the said amount shall form a charge upon the revenues of the Kingdom of Greece, and shall be paid by half-yearly instalments to Her Britannic Majesty's Minister at Athens, for the purpose of being paid in detail to the several persons entitled to the said Compensation Allowances.

Date of Payment of Pensions and Allowances.

These several Pensions and Allowances shall become chargeable to and payable by the Government of Greece from and after the cessation of British authority in the Ionian Islands; and accordingly the first payments shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Consul at Corfu and to Her Britannic Majesty's Minister at Athens 10 days before the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, or 31st December, which may next follow the day of the cessation of British authority in the Ionian Islands; and afterwards the payments shall be made 10 days before the expiration of every subsequent half-year.

Pensions to Ionian Subjects to be paid by Greece.

And whereas certain Ionian subjects are in the enjoyment of Pensions granted to them for services under the Ionian Government, His Majesty the King of the Hellenes undertakes that

[British Claims, &c. Ionian Islands.]

their rights to such Pensions shall be respected, and that they shall duly continue to receive the same. The British Minister at Athens, after receiving a list of such Pensions from the Lord High Commissioner of Her Britannic Majesty, shall deliver the same to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Greece, and no Ionian subject shall have a claim upon His Hellenic Majesty on account of being at present in the enjoyment of any Pension, unless the same be included in such list.

SCHEDULE A.

Persons entitled to Pensions from the revenues of the Ionian Islands:

				Ar	nou	at.
Name.				£	8.	d.
Baker, Henry .	• •	• •	• •	554	8	2
Barr, E. F	• •	• •	• •	500	0	0
Blair, William	• •	• •	• •	710	0	0
Boyd, A. F	• •	• •	• •	416	13	4
Cologan, J. B	• •	• •	• •	135	0	0
Colthurst, Captain	• •	• •	• •	97	10	0
Falcona, James	• •	• •	• •	115	6	8
Fraser, Sir J.	• •	• •	• •	510	0	0
Gisborne, T. J.	• •	• •	• •	382	10	0
Hatton, Charles	• •	• •	• •	80	13	9
Hunter, James	• •	• •	• •	66	13	4
Hunter, John	• •	• •	• •	200	0	0
Kirkpatrick, John	• •	• •	• •	732	10	0
Lawrence, Captain	• •	• •	• •	150	0	0
Marchis, Giovanni	• •	• •	• •	39	10	0
Peas, Thomas.	• •	• •	• •	30	0	0
Raqueneau, Captain	• •	• •	• •	351	12	3
Reid, Captain .	• •	• •	• •	191	12	6
Reid, Sir James	• •	• •	• •	710	0	0
Reynolds, W. L.	• •	• •	• •	238	6	8
Stenhouse, Robert	• •	• •	• •	190	13	4
Stevens, G. A.	• •	• •	• •	29	5	0
Stevens, George	• •	• •	• •	135	0	0
Stevens, Richard	• •	• •	• •	158	13	4
Thompson, Lieutena	nt	• •	• •	16	5	0
Wilson, J	• •	• •	• •	24	0	0
Woodhouse, James	• •	• •	• •	637	10	0
				£7,408	8	4

No. 358] GREAT BRITAIN AND GREECE. [29 March, 1864. [British Claims, &c. Ionian Islands.]

SCHEDULE B.

Persons whose Allowances for loss of office are to be payable by the Greek Government to Her Britannic Majesty's Minister at Athens:

Name.				A	mou	nt.
				£	8.	d.
Baker, Dr. B.	• •	• •	• •	199	6	8
Coccatto, Stelio	• •	• •	• •	25	0	0
Colquhoun, Sir P.	• •	• •	• •	576	13	4
Debiasi, Venerando	• •	• • •	• •	12	2	8
Debiasi, Vincenzo	• •	• •	• •	13	13	0
Dendin, Stamato	• •	• •	• •	9	2	0
Deverell, William	• •	• •	• •	66	13	4
D'Everton, Baron (C	harles	Sebrig	ht)	283	6	8
Forrest, Captain	• • -	• •		60	0	0
Giuffré, Dom	• •	• •	• •	23	8	0
Greenwood, James	• •	• •	• •	16	13	4
Lane, Cecil	• •	• •		166	18	4
Lazzaro, Spiro	• •	• •	• •	11	14	0
Minari, Vassili	• •	• •	• •	12	2	8
Murray, Captain	• •	• •	• •	150	0	0
Montanini, Captain	• •	• •	• •	87	10	0
Ongaro, Alberto	• •	• •	• •	18	15	0
Paoli, Ruggieri de	• •	• •	• •	12	2	8
Permis, Ferdinando	• •	• •	• •	13	13	0
Quinland, James	• •	• •	• •	60	0	0
Sargent, Sir Charles	3. .	• •	• •	576	13	4
Sella, Salvatore	• •	• •		12	2	8
	• •	• •	• •	18	13	0
Torrini, Matthew	• •	• •	• •	75	0	0
Wodehouse, Colone	l Hone	ourable	B.	250	0	0
Wolff, Sir H. D.	• •	• •		576	13	4
•				£3,272	19	0
				20,212	14	V

Besides the foregoing annual allowances, there shall be paid to the persons mentioned below, as compensation for the abolition of their offices, the amount of their salaries for one year, that is to say:

29 March, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN AND GREECE. [No. 358 [British Claims, &c. Ionian Islands.]

					£
Alexander, Otho	• •	• •	• •	• •	52
Bulwer, Henry		• •	• •	• •	300
Thomas, —	• •	• •	• •	• •	7 8
					430

Yearly List to be made of Persons entitled to Pensions and Compensations.

ART. II. In the month of January of every year the Minister of Her Britannic Majesty at Athens shall deliver to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, a List of the persons entitled to Pensions and Compensations in virtue of the preceding Article. In preparing such List there shall be withdrawn from the List of the preceding year the names of such persons as shall have died, and also the names of such persons as shall have accepted offices from the Crown of Great Britain to the full amount of the Pension or Compensation to which they are entitled; and deduction shall moreover be made from the amount of Pension or Compensation to be paid to other persons left on the List, of the amount of salary due to them in respect of any offices to which they may have been appointed, which yield an income less than the full amount of the allowances due to them.

Ratifications.*

ART. III. The present Convention shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London at the same time as the Ratifications of the Treaty of this day.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seals of their Arms.

Done at London, the 29th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, 1864.

> RUSSELL. (L.S.) TES.) CH. TRICOUPI.

Ratifications exchanged at London, 25th April, 1864.

No. 359] GREAT BRITAIN &c., AND RUSSIA. [Jan.—Mar., 1864. [Greece and Ionian Islands.]

No. 359.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, relative to the Union of the Ionian Islands to Greece, and the Succession to the Greek Throne. London, January to March, 1864.*

	"State P Table. vol.	
Protoco	l.	Page
No. 1.	Union of Ionian Islands to Greece. Limitation of Naval and Military Forces not insisted on. Neutrality to apply only to Islands of Corfu and Paxo, and their Dependencies London, 25th January, 1864	84
No. 2.	Renewal of Treaties with Foreign Powers, relating to Ionian Islands London, 25th January, 1864	85
No. 3.	Succession to Throne of Greece 29th March, 1864	87

^{*} See also Protocols of 1863 and 1864. Table of Contents.

3 May, 1864.]

[Montenegro.]

No. 360.—PROTOCOL between Turkey and Montenegro, for the Regulation of Private Interests on the Frontier of Montenegro. Cettigné, 3rd May, 1864.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Labours of Turco-Montenegrin Commission.
- 2. Italian Language to be used.
- -8. Exchange of Private Properties.
- 4. Sale of Properties.
- 5. Actual Possession of Property. Sale of Properties not exchanged. Reimbursement of purchased Properties.
- 6. Payments on Sale of Properties.
- 7. Protocols of Exchange or Sale to be signed by the Commissioners.
- 8. Proprietors to Sign Acts of Renunciation.
- [9. Acts of Renunciation to be signed in the Native Language.
- 10. Mountain Pasturages, &c., to be mutually abandoned.
- 11. Exceptions.
- 12. Churches on the Frontier.
- 13. Immediate Possession of Properties by new Proprietors.
- 14. Proprietors not attending Commission to be represented by Attorney.
- 15. Acts of Renunciation to be given by Attorney.
- 16. New Landmarks to be Erected.
- 17. Commission to explain Provisions of Protocol to Inhabitants.

(Translation.)

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL Hafiz Bey, Ottoman Commissioner, and the Voivode and Senator Giuro Matanovieh, Commissioner for Montenegro, assembled in a Preparatory Conference, have, by common consent, agreed upon the following dispositions, as the basis of their operations, relative to the Regulation of Private Interests on the Frontier described by the Mixed Commission in 1859.

Labours of Turco-Montenegrin Commission.

ART. I. The Turco-Montenegrin Commission shall immediately commence its labours, taking Presika as the point of departure.

Italian Language to be used.

- ART. II. The Proces-verbaux of the said Commission shall be written in the Italian language.
- * See also Protocols of 28th November, 1858, and 17th April, 1860: Turkish Conditions of 31st August, 1862; and Proces-Verbal of 26th October. **1866**.

[Montenegro.]

Exchange of Private Properties.

ART. III. Private Properties within and without the Frontier shall be exchanged between the Proprietors, according to the decision of the Commission, which shall only decide after an estimate has been made by Turkish and Montenegrin Experts of equal number; the Commission shall settle the difference by its decision.

Sale of Properties.

ART. IV. The Properties not exchanged shall be sold.

Actual Possession of Property.

ART. V. Every Property, of whatever nature it may be, possessed by a person at the time of the labours of the Mixed Commission in 1858 and 1859 (No. 288),* shall be recognised by the actual Turco-Montenegrin Commission as the legitimate Property of the said person.

Sale of Properties not exchanged.

The said Properties shall naturally be ceded by means of Exchange. When the Exchange shall not be possible, they shall be sold, and the buyer shall pay the price of the Property, according to the estimate in the manner specified in Article VI.

Reimbursement of Purchased Properties.

As to the Properties which shall have changed masters by means of purchase after that period, those Properties shall be restored in exchange for the price of purchase, which shall be reimbursed to the last Proprietor.

Payments on Sale of Properties.

ART. VI. To facilitate these transactions, Turkey and Montenegro take upon themselves the Indemnity to be paid to the Proprietors, each in so far as concerns his Natives. At the end of the operations, the Authorities shall remain indebted one towards the other in the sums paid.

Protocols of Exchange or Sale to be signed by the Commissioners.

ART. VII. For each Exchange or Sale, a Protocol shall be signed in Duplicate by the two Commissioners, and after the signature, the exchange of that Act shall be made between them.

* Major Francis Edward Cox, R.E., was the British Member of the Montenegrin Boundary Commission from March to July, 1859.

[Montenegro.]

Proprietors to sign Acts of Renunciation.

ART. VIII. To avoid all disagreement in future, the Turkish and Montenegrin Proprietors shall sign an Act of Renunciation to their Rights of Possession, and after the counter-signature of the Commissioners, those Acts shall be reciprocally exchanged.

Acts of Renunciation to be signed in the Native Language.

ART. IX. The Act of Renunciation shall be written in the Native Language of the Proprietor, the counter-signature of the Commissioners shall be in the Italian Language, and in the said Act mention shall be made of the manner in which the Proprietor abandons his Rights of Possession.

Mountain Pasturages, &c., to be mutually abandoned.

ART. X. Mountain Pasturages, Forests, Waters, being Communal Properties, shall be reciprocally abandoned without sale or exchange.

Exceptions.

ART. XI. Exception shall be made to the preceding Article for Pasturages, Forests, Waters, recorded in the observations of the Specification Sheet of the Mixed Commission of 1859, and which have been considered necessary by the Commissioners for the common use of the Turkish and Montenegrin Inhabitants.

Churches on the Frontier.

ART. XII. Certain Churches on the Frontier, recorded in the Specification Sheet of the Mixed Commission of 1859, shall be used in common on both sides.

Immediate Possession of Properties by new Proprietors.

ART. XIII. Properties exchanged or sold shall be immediately taken possession of by their new Proprietors. The Harvest of this year shall be reaped by those who have sown it.

Proprietors not attending Commission to be represented by Attorney.

ART. XIV. Proprietors who shall not be able to attend before the Commissioners shall be represented by some person entrusted with his Power of Attorney. Such delegation of power shall be attested by two witnesses.

[Montenegro.]

Act of Renunciation to be given by Attorney.

ART. XVI. The Attorney shall give the Act of Renunciation to the Rights of Possession, and that Act, signed also by witnesses, shall be as valid as if it bore the signature of the Proprietor himself.

New Landmarks to be erected.

ART. XVII. All the Landmarks on the Frontier shall be newly erected in masonry in the form of a pyramid. The Turkish and Montenegrin Inhabitants shall supply the necessary conveyance of lime, sand, water, stones, &c. If found necessary, intermediate Landmarks will be erected, and ditches shall be dug in the fields, in order the better to define the line of demarcation, and avoid in future all misunderstanding, complaint, or trouble. The Landmarks shall, on the side of Turkey, be numbered in Turkish, and on the side of Montenegro, the number shall be in French.

Commission to explain Provisions of Protocol to Inhabitants.

ART. XVIII. The Commission will explain its decision to the Inhabitants on both sides of the Frontier, will make them understand their importance, in order that they may have no excuse in future, and recall them to the respect due to the Acts of the Commission, and to the expediency of the preservation of the Landmarks which they have erected.

Done in duplicate at Cettigné, 3rd May, 1864.

For and by Order of His Highness the Prince of Montenegro, the Voivode and Senator,

GIURO MATANOVICH.

The Ottoman Commissioner, Lieutenant-Colonel of Artillery, deputed by the Sublime Porte,

HAFIZ.

[Ionian Islands. Cessation of British Protectorate.]

No. 361.—PROTOCOL between the Lord High Commissioner of Great Britain and the Commissioner Extraordinary of Greece, for the Withdrawal of the British Military Forces from the Ionian Islands. Corfu, 28th May, 1864.

ABT.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 29th March, 1864.

- 1. Withdrawal of Military Forces, &c., of Great Britain from the Ionian Islands.
- 2. Form and manner of Withdrawal.
- 3. Delivery of Fortifications, Archives, &c.
- 4. Performance of Forms and Ceremonies to be considered as Final Discharge. Performance of Stipulations to be reported to respective Governments.

PROCLAMATION of Lord High Commissioner. Cessation of the British Protectorate over the Ionian Islands.

Reference to Treaty of 29th March, 1864.

"Whereas a Treaty was signed in London on the 11th March, 1864 (No. 357), between their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Emperor of the French, and the Emperor of All the Russias, on the one part, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes on the other part, respecting the Union of the Ionian Islands to the Kingdom of Greece; and whereas his Excellency the Lord High Commissioner of Her Britannic Majesty has received instructions to carry out the stipulations contained in Article IX of the said Treaty; and whereas M. Thrasybulus Zaïmis, Extraordinary Commissioner of the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, has been empowered by his Government to concert measures with his Excellency the Lord High Commissioner as to the manner and form in which such Stipulations shall be carried out, it is hereby stipulated by them as follows:

Withdrawal of Military Forces, &c., of Great Britain, from the Ionian Islands.

"ART. I. At 12 o'clock on the morning of the 21st May next, the Civil Authorities and Military Forces of Her Britannic Majesty shall be withdrawn from the Territories of the United States of the Ionian Islands:

[Ionian Islands. Cessation of British Protectorate.]

Form and Manner of Withdrawal.

- "ART. II. The form and manner of the said Withdrawal shall be as follows:
- "On the state of the Troops of Her Britannic Majesty having been embarked, except the guards, at half-past 11 o'clock his Excellency the Lord High Commissioner will receive at the Palace of St. Michael and St. George the Commissioner Extraordinary of the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, and will then take leave of such persons as may present themselves.
- "The Lord High Commissioner, accompanied by M. Zalmis, will then proceed to the Ditch of the Citadel, where a guard of honour composed of a company of infantry of Her Majesty the Queen and another guard of honour composed of a company of infantry of His Hellenic Majesty, will be in waiting to receive the Lord High Commissioner. His Excellency the Lord High Commissioner will then take leave of the Commissioner Extraordinary, and will embark in his barge, and proceed to Her Britannic Majesty's ship Marlborough, carrying the Flag of Vice-Admiral Smart, K.H., Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces in the Mediterranean, the usual Salutes being fired by the naval and military forces of Her Britannic Majesty.
- "After the embarkation of the Lord High Commissioner, the guards of Her Britannic Majesty's troops in the Fortresses will be relieved by guards from the troops of His Hellenic Majesty, and the Flag of Her Britannic Majesty will be lowered on the Citadel, Fort Neuf, and Vido, and marched off under an escort of honour.
- "Such Greek guards shall be disembarked at the same time as the guard of honour, and shall march to the Citadel, to Fort Neuf, and Vido, so as to arrive at those posts simultaneously with the departure of the British guards.
- "On the lowering of the British Flag, a Greek Flag will be hoisted on the Citadel. At the same time a British ensign will be hoisted at the main on board Her Britannic Majesty's ship Marlborough, and will be Saluted from the Citadel by a detachment of artillery of His Hellenic Majesty with a Salute of 21 guns. This detachment will be disembarked at the same time as the guard of honour.
 - "The Greek Flag will then be hoisted at the main on board 1607 5 L 2

[Ionian Islands. Cessation of British Protectorate.]

Her Britannic Majesty's ship Marlborough and Saluted with 21 guns from that vessel.

"In the Islands of Cephalonia, Zante, Santa Maura, Ithaca, Cerigo, and Paxo, the Civil and Military Authorities will conform as closely to the above ceremonial as circumstances will permit. The British and Greek Flags will be Saluted respectively on being lowered and hoisted in all the Islands, where the means of Saluting are at hand.

Delivery of Fortifications, Archives, &c.

"ART. III. Whereas it is necessary that certain lists and inventories be drawn up relative to the delivery, on the part of his Excellency the Lord High Commissioner to the Commissioner Extraordinary of the Hellenic Government, of the Fortifications, Archives, and other objects of which mention is made hereafter in the present Protocol, they have respectively named for this purpose Sir Peter Braila, K.C.M.G., and M. George Zinopoulos, Director of the Cabinet of the Commissioner Extraordinary, to give and receive the Archives of the Most Illustrious the Senate, including the originals of the Ionian Constitution, and also the Archives of the Legislative Assembly;

"Mr. Barr, C.M.G., Assistant Secretary to his Excellency the Lord High Commissioner, and M. John Peroglous, Secretary of the first class in the Greek Foreign Office, to give and receive the inventory of the furniture left in the Palace of St. Michael and St. George;

"M. Rodostamos, Aide-de-Camp to His Highness the President of the Senate, and M. Andrew Psyllas, Attaché to the Greek Foreign Office, to give and receive the inventories of the Palace of His Highness, and Assistant Commissary-General De Fonblanque, and Major Meason, Barrack Master, and Messrs. Michael Georgantas, Commissary-General, and Nicolas Manos, Major of the Staff, to draw up the inventories and reports of the delivery of the Fortresses and Barracks of Corfu.

"And whereas it is necessary that similar measures be adopted for the other Islands, the Local Directors of the respective Islands, on the part of his Excellency the Lord High Commissioner, and the Regents, on the part of the Commissioner Extraordinary of the Hellenic Government, have been selected to draw up and sign the necessary documents.

[Ionian Islands. Cessation of British Protectorate.]

"Such inventories shall be made in duplicate, and exchanged by the said officers within two days after the withdrawal of the Civil Authorities and Military Forces of Her Britannic Majesty.

Performance of Forms and Ceremonies to be considered as Final Discharge.

"ART. IV. The performance of the Forms and Ceremonies, as stated in Article II, shall be considered as a conclusive and Final Discharge of the Stipulations contained in Article IX of the Treaty aforesaid on the part of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, without any further Protocol, Agreement, or Instrument whatever.

Performance of Stipulations to be reported to respective Governments.

- "His Excellency the Lord High Commissioner and the Commissioner Extraordinary shall, however, report to their respective Governments the due performance of the Stipulations herein laid down.
- "His Excellency the Lord High Commissioner and the Commissioner Extraordinary have signed the present Agreement in duplicate in English and Greek, and have affixed thereto the Scals of their Arms.
- "Done at the Palace of St. Michael and St. George, Corfu, on the 12th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, 1864.

(L.S.) "H. K. STORKS. (L.S.) "S. ZAIMIS."

After the Protocol had been read and signed, his Excellency made public the following Proclamation:

PROCLAMATION of the Lord High Commissioner. Cessation of the British Protectorate over the Ionian Islands.

"On the part of his Excellency Sir Henry Knight Storks, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, a Major-General in Her Majesty's Army, and Her Majesty's Lord High Commissioner in and for the United States of the Ionian Islands, &c.

"Whereas by a Treaty signed in London on the 29th day of March, 1864 (No. 357), between Her Majesty the Queen of

[Ionian Islands. Cessation of British Protectorate.]

the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, it was declared that Her Britannic Majesty has consented, under the conditions then mentioned, to relinquish the Protectorate of the United States of the Ionian Islands, and that Greece should, within the limits then referred, including the Ionian Islands, form an Independent and Constitutional Monarchical State.

"And it was also declared that the Civil Authorities and Military Forces of Her Britannic Majesty should be withdrawn from the Territory of the United States within 8 months, or sooner if possible, after the Ratification of the said Treaty.

"And whereas the Civil Authorities and Military Forces now remaining in the said Territory will, on the 2nd day of June next, be withdrawn therefrom.

"Now, therefore, in the name and on behalf of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Lord High Commissioner doth hereby Proclaim and Declare that on the 2nd day of June, in the year of Our Lord, 1864, the Protectorate of Her said Britannic Majesty over these Islands will finally be relinquished, cease, and determine, and that the said Islands will become and be absolutely part of the Independent and Constitutional Monarchy of Greece under the Sovereignty of His Majesty King George I.

"Given at the Palace of St. Michael and St. George, Corfu, this 28th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, 1864.

" By his Excellency's command,

"H. DRUMMOND WOLFF,
"Secretary to the Lord High Commissioner."

* The Ionian Islands were evacuated by the British Forces on the 2nd June, 1864.

[Dano-German War. Schleswig, &c.]

No. 362.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between Great Britain, Austria, Denmark, France, Germanic Confederation, Prussia, Russia, and Sweden and Norway, relative to the re-establishment of Peace between Austria, Prussia, and Denmark. London, April to June, 1864.

Protoco	ol. vol. liv	
	Opening of Conferences at Invitation of British Govern-	
	ment London, 20th April, 1864	173
No. 1.		
	Proposed Suspension of Hostilities.	
	London, 25th April, 1864	174
No. 2.	- Proposed Suspension of Hostilities by Sea and Land de-	
	ferred. Conditions of proposed Armistice. Raising of	
	Blockade. Evacuation of Schleswig by Denmark.	
	Evacuation of Jutland by Austria and Prussia.	
	London, 4th May, 1864	177
No. 3.	Provisional Suspension of Hostilities agreed upon.	
	London, 9th May, 1864	181
No. 4.	Preliminaries of Peace. Bases of Pacification.	
	London, 12th May, 1864	183
No. 5	Bases of Pacification London, 17th May, 1864	191
No. 6.		
210. 0	Hostilities London, 28th May, 1864	199
No. 7.		
210	Denmark. Consent of Denmark to future Destiny of	
	Territories Ceded. Danish Frontier. Frontier to be	
	protected by sufficient Guarantees.	
	London, 2nd June, 1864	210
	Annex A.—Map of Southern Part of Duchy of Schleswig	223
	24th May	000
	Annex B.—Protocol of Warsaw, 5th June, 1851 (No. 229)	223
No. 8.	Prolongation of Suspension of Hostilities.	
	London, 6th June, 1864	223
No. 9	Prolongation of Suspension of Hostilities for a fortnight.	
	Sub-Commission appointed to settle details of Suspen-	
	sion of Arms. Proposed Bases of Peace. Line of	
	Frontier London, 9th June, 1864	227
No. 10	Bases of Peace. Frontier Question. Position of German	
	Powers as to Treaty of London of 1852. Dunish	
	Blockades London, 18th June, 1864	244
	1611	

20 June, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 368 [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.]

established, and without any intervention whatsoever, it is nevertheless to be well understood that this faculty cannot extend to the ties which unite the Principalities to the Ottoman Empire, nor to the Treaties in force between the Sublime Porte and the other Powers, which are and remain equally binding for the said Principalities.

The events, however, which have succeeded one another since the conclusion of the Convention of Paris having made it necessary for some of the provisions of that Convention to be modified, the Sublime Porte has just come to an understanding with His Highness the Prince of the United Principalities, and to an Agreement with their Excellencies the Representatives of the Powers who signed the Treaty of Paris, upon the present Additional Act to the said Convention, resolved and agreed upon as follows:

Public Powers.

ART. I. The Public Powers are confided to the Prince, the Senate, and an Elective Assembly.

Legislative Power.

ART. II. The Legislative Power shall be exercised collectively by the Prince, the Senate, and the Elective Assembly.

Promulgation of Laws.

ART. III. The Prince can originate Laws. He prepares them with the aid of the Council of State, and submits them both to the Elective Assembly and to the Senate to be discussed and voted for.

No Law can be submitted to the Prince's approval unless it has previously been discussed and voted both by the Elective Assembly and by the Senate. The Prince grants or refuses his sanction to it. Each Law requires the sanction of the 3 Powers.

Should the Government be obliged to take urgent measures requiring the aid of both the Elective Assembly and of the Senate at the time when those Assemblies are not sitting, the Ministry shall be bound to submit to them at their next Convocation the motives and the results of such measures.

Election of Deputies.

ART. IV. The Deputies to the Elective Assembly are elected 1614

No. 363] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [20 June, 1864. [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.]

according to the principles proclaimed in the annexed document, and which must form the basis of the new Electoral Law.

President of Elective Assembly named by the Prince. Vice-Presidents, &c., by the Assembly.

The President of the Elective Assembly is named each year by the Prince. He is chosen from among the Members of the Assembly. The Vice-Presidents, the Secretaries, and the Treasurers are named by the Assembly.

Projects of Law voted by Assembly.

ART. V. The Elective Assembly Discusses upon and Votes for the Projects of Law. The Drafts presented by the Prince are defended in the Assembly by the Ministers, or by the Members of the Council of State, who will be named by the Prince for that purpose.

Budget to be voted by Assembly, and approved by Senate.

ART. VI. The Budget of the Receipts and of the Expenditure, which is yearly prepared by the Executive Power and submitted to the Assembly, who may amend it, shall only become definitive after being voted for by that Assembly and after such vote has been approved by the Senate. Should the Budget not be voted for in time, the Executive Power shall provide for the public service in the manner voted for in the last Budget.

Composition of Senate.

ART. VII. The Senate shall be composed of the Archbishops of the country, of the Bishops of the diocese, of the First President of the Court of Appeal, of the Senior General on the active list, and of 64 Members besides, 32 of whom shall be chosen and named by the Prince from among those who have exercised the highest functions in the country, or who can prove to be possessed of an annual income of 800 ducats. As to the other 32 Members, they shall be elected from among the Members of the General Councils of each district, and shall be selected by the Prince on the presentation to him of 3 candidates.

The Members of the Senate enjoy the inviolability guaranteed to the Deputies.

20 June, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 363 [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.]

Renewal of Members of Senate.

ART. VIII. The 64 Members of the Senate selected in conformity with the provisions of the preceding Article, shall be half renewed every 3 years.

Re-election of Outgoing Members.

The Outgoing Members may be Re-elected; their functions will only cease upon the installation of the new Members.

Duration of Sessions of Senate.

ART. IX. The duration of the Sessions of the Senate, their Prolongation, and the Convocation of that body, are subject to the rules prescribed in Article XVII of the Convention of 1858 (No. 286), on the subject of the Elective Assembly.

Payment of Members of the Senate.

ART. X. The Members of the Senate shall be paid throughout the length of the Session.

President and Vice-Presidents of Assembly.

ART. XI. The Archbishop Primate is by right President of the Senate. One of the Vice-Presidents, chosen from among the Senators, is named by the Prince; the other and the Committee are elected by the Assembly.

In the event of an equal division, the President has a casting vote.

Sittings of Senate to be Public.

The Sittings of the Senate are Public, unless the contrary be requested by one-third of the Members present.

Right of Ministers to sit in Senate.

The Ministers, even if they do not form part of the Senate, have a right to assist at, and to take part in the deliberations there; they shall be heard every time they wish to speak.

Constitutional Provisions to be under safeguard of Senate.

ART. XII. The Constitutional Provisions of the new organisation of the Principalities are placed under the safeguard of the Senate.

No. 363] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [20 June, 1864. [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia,]

Mixed Commission to report to the Prince on Labours of the Session.

Assembly shall each name a Committee, the Members of which shall be chosen from among them. The two Committees shall join in a Mixed Commission, to report to the Prince on the labours of the previous Session, and to suggest to him such improvements as are deemed necessary in the various branches of the administration.

The suggestions may be recommended by the Prince to the Council of State to be converted into Projects of Law.

Projects of Law and parts of Budget to be voted by the Senate.

ART. XIII. Every Project of Law voted by the Elective Assembly, a part of the Budget of the Revenue and of the Expenditure is laid before the Senate to be discussed and voted for by that body.

Voting of Projects of Law.

ART. XIV. The Senate approves of the Project of Law such as it has been voted by the Assembly, or amends it, or rejects it altogether.

If the Project of Law is adopted without Amendment by the Senate, it is submitted to the Prince for approval.

If the Project of Law is Amended by the Senate, it is returned to the Elective Assembly.

If the Assembly approves the Amendments made by the Senate, the Project is submitted to the Prince for approval.

If, on the other hand, the Elective Assembly rejects the Amendments made by the Senate, the Project is sent back to the Council of State to be re-considered.

The Government can then lay before the Chambers in the course of the Session, or in the ensuing one, the Project revised by the Council of State.

If the Senate rejects altogether the Project voted by the Elective Assembly, that Project is referred to the Council of State to be re-considered.

Such a Project can be laid before the Elective Assembly in the ensuing Session only.

Right of Senate to receive Petitions.

ART. XV. The Senate has the right of receiving Petitions
1617

20 June, 1864.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 363 [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.]

These Petitions shall be examined by a Commission ad hoc. The Senate may, if they think fit, on the report of the Commission, forward them to the Members of the Government.

Internal Regulations of Assembly and Senate.

ART. XVI. The Internal Regulations of the Elective Assembly, and of the Senate, are prepared by the Government.

Oath of Fidelity by Public Functionaries.

ART. XVII. All the Public Functionaries are, without exception, obliged, on their entering office, to swear submission to the Constitution, to the Laws of the Country, and fidelity to the Prince.

Act and Electoral Law to become Law on sanction by Suzerain Court.

ART. XVIII. The Present Act, and the Electoral Law framed in conformity with the principles declared in the above-named Annex, shall become Law on the day when they are sanctioned by the Suzerain Court.

The new Elective Assembly and the Senate shall be constituted and convoked in the terms mentioned by Article XVII of the Convention of 1858.

Prince to form Council of State.

ART. XIX. The Prince shall form a Council of State composed of persons most competent by their merit and by their experience.

Duties of Council of State.

This Council can of itself wield no power, but its purpose shall be to study and to frame the Drafts of Law which the Prince shall refer to it. The Members shall be admitted to both Assemblies as Delegates of the Prince, to explain and to defend the Project of Law which he lays before them.

Confirmation of Convention of 19th August, 1858, except in so far as is not modified by this Act.

ART. XX. All the Provisions of the Convention of Paris which are not modified by the present Act are confirmed afresh, and shall remain in full and entire force.

No. 363] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [20 June, 1864. [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.]

Principles intended to serve as a Basis for the Construction of a new Electoral Law *

[On the 14th May, 1864, Prince Couza issued a Decree on the subject of Elections, which was deemed contrary to the engagements established by the Convention of 19th August, 1858 (No. 286), and led to a remonstrance on the part of the Porte, and subsequently to a Meeting of a Conference at Constantinople of the Representatives of the Treaty Powers. On the 20th June, 1864, the above Additional Act was signed, modifying the Convention, or "Organic Statute" of 19th August, 1858 (No. 286).

Further Conferences were held at Paris between March and June, 1866.]

^{*} Law issued on the 14th July, 1864.

[28 June, 1864. GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 364] [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.]

No. 364.—PROTOCOL OF CONFERENCE between Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey, adhering to the Additional Act concluded between the Porte and Prince Couza, of 20th June, 1864, modifying certain Stipulations of the Convention of 19th August, 1858, relative to the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia. Constantinople, 28th June, 1864.*

(Translation as laid before Parliament.†)

His Highness Aali Pasha, Minister for Foreign Affairs, explains to the Representatives of the Powers which signed the Treaty of Paris that the Sublime Porte has come to an understanding with Prince Couza as to certain modifications it would be well to introduce in the Convention of the 19th August, 1858 (No. 286).

His Highness, therefore, read to the Conference an Additional Act to the said Convention, and an Annex to that Act, including all the provisions or principles upon which the Government of His Majesty the Sultan has agreed with His Highness Prince Couza.

The Representatives learn with pleasure that this Agreement had been come to, and declared themselves sufficiently authorised by their respective Governments to adhere to this Arrangement, with the exception of the representative of the Emperor of Russia, who stated that he was not sufficiently empowered, and was, therefore, in the necessity of again referring to his Court.

The above-mentioned Additional Act and its Annex remained joined to the present Protocol (No. 363).

- * See also Firman of 23rd October, 1866.
- † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvii, p. 529.

No. 365.—CONVENTION between Switzerland, Baden, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, France, Hesse-Darmstadt, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Prussia, and Wurtemberg, for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded in Armies in the Field. Signed at Geneva, 22nd August, 1864.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Ambulances and Military Hospitals to be neutral. Neutrality to cease if held by a Military Force.
- 2. Persons employed in Hospitals and Ambulances to participate in Neutrality.
- 3. Neutrality to continue to Persons fulfilling Duties in Hospitals, &c., occupied by the Enemy. Persons ceasing their Functions to be delivered to Outposts of the Enemy.
- 4. Private Property in Military Hospitals only can be carried away. Ambulance to retain its Equipment.
- 5. Persons assisting the Wounded to be respected. House containing Wounded Men to be protected. Privileges to Inhabitants entertaining Wounded Men.
- 6. Care to be taken of Wounded or Sick Men. Delivery of Wounded to Outposts of the Enemy. Wounded, if incapable of serving, to be sent to their Country. Wounded or Sick cured to be sent back on condition of not bearing Arms. Evacuations to enjoy absolute Neutrality.
- 7. Distinctive Flag for Hospitals, &c. Arm-badge to be worn by Neutralised Individuals. Colour of Flag and Arm-badge.
- 8. Details of Execution.
- 9. Governments to be invited to accede to Convention.
- 10. Ratifications.

(Translation as laid before Parliament. †)

Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of Soldiers wounded in Armies in the Field.

The Swiss Confederation, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, His Majesty the King of the Belgians, His Majesty the King of Denmark, Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, His Majesty the King of Italy, His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, His Majesty the King of Portugal and the Algarves, His Majesty the King of Prussia, His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, being equally animated by the desire

* The Accession of Great Britain was signed on the 18th February, 1865. See page 1634. See also Additional Articles, 20th October, 1868.

† For French Version, see "State Papers," vol. lv, p. 48.

to mitigate, as far as depends upon them, the evils inseparable from war, to suppress useless severities, and to ameliorate the condition of soldiers wounded on the field of battle, have resolved to conclude a Convention for that purpose, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:—

The Swiss Confederation, the Sieur William Henry Dufour, General-in-Chief of the Federal Army, member of the Council of the States, &c.; the Sieur Gustavus Moynier, President of the International Committee of Assistance for wounded Soldiers, and of the Genevese Society of Public Utility; and the Sieur Samuel Lehmann, a Federal Colonel, Physician-in-Chief of the Federal Army, a member of the National Council;

His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, the Sieur Robert Volz, Doctor of Medicine, Medical Councillor in the Direction of Medical Affairs, &c.; and the Sieur Adolphus Steiner, Physician Major, &c.;

His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the Sieur Augustus Visschers, a member of the Council of Mines, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Denmark, the Sieur Charles Emilius Fenger, his Councillor of State, &c.;

Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, the Sieur Don José Heriberto Garcia de Quevedo, Actual Gentleman of her Chamber, her Minister Resident to the Swiss Confederation, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur George Charles Jagerschmidt, Sub-Director in the Department for Foreign Affairs, &c.; the Sieur Henry Eugène Seguineau de Préval, Military Sub-Intendant of the first class, &c.; and the Sieur Martin Francis Boudier, Principal Physician of the second class, &c.;

His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, the Sieur Charles Augustus Brodruck, Commandant of a battalion of the Staff, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Italy, the Sieur John Capello, his Consul-General in Switzerland, &c.; and the Sieur Felix Baroffio, Physician of Division, &c.;

His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, the Sieur Bernard Ortuinus Theodore Henry Westenberg, Doctor of Laws, his Secretary of Legation at Frankfort, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Portugal and the Algarves, the Sieur José Antonio Marques, Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, Surgeon of Brigade, Sub-Chief of the Department of Health in the Ministry of War, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Prussia, the Sieur Charles Albert de Kamptz, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Swiss Confederation, Privy Councillor of Legation, &c.; the Sieur Godfrey Frederick Francis Læffler, Doctor of Medicine, Physician-General of the fourth Corps d'Armée, &c.; and the Sieur George Hermann Julius Ritter, Privy Councillor in the Ministry of War, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, the Sieur Christopher Ulric Hahn, Doctor of Philosophy and Theology, Member of the Central and Royal Direction for Establishments of Beneficence, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Ambulances and Military Hospitals to be Neutral.

ART. I. Ambulances and Military Hospitals shall be acknowledged to be Neuter, and, as such, shall be protected and respected by Belligerents so long as any sick or wounded may be therein.

Neutrality to cease if held by a Military Force.

Such Neutrality shall cease if the Ambulances or Hospitals should be held by a Military Force.

Persons employed in Hospitals and Ambulances to participate in Neutrality.

ART. II. Persons employed in Hospitals and Ambulances, comprising the staff for superintendence, medical service, administration, transport of wounded, as well as chaplains, shall participate in the benefit of Neutrality whilst so employed, and so long as there remain any wounded to bring in or to succour.

Neutrality to continue to Persons fulfilling Duties in Hospitals, &c., occupied by the Enemy.

ART. III. The persons designated in the preceding Article's may, even after occupation by the enemy, continue to fulfil their duties in the Hospital or Ambulance which they serve, or may withdraw in order to rejoin the corps to which they belong.

Persons ocasing their Functions to be delivered to Outposts of the Enemy.

Under such circumstances, when those Persons shall cease 1623 5 m 2

from their functions, they shall be delivered by the occupying Army to the outposts of the Enemy.

Private Property in Military Hospitals only can be carried away.

ART. IV. As the equipment of Military Hospitals remains subject to the laws of war, persons attached to such Hospitals cannot, in withdrawing, carry away any articles but such as are their private property.

Ambulance to retain its Equipment.

Under the same circumstances an Ambulance shall, on the contrary, retain its equipment.

Persons assisting the Wounded to be respected.

ART. V. Inhabitants of the country who may bring help to the Wounded shall be respected, and shall remain free. The Generals of the belligerent Powers shall make it their care to inform the Inhabitants of the appeal addressed to their humanity, and of the Neutrality which will be the consequence of it.

House containing Wounded Men to be protected. Privileges to Inhabitants entertaining Wounded Men.

Any Wounded man entertained and taken care of in a House shall be considered as a protection thereto. Any Inhabitant who shall have entertained Wounded Men in his House shall be exempted from the Quartering of Troops, as well as from a part of the Contributions of War which may be imposed.

Care to be taken of Wounded or Sick Men.

ART. VI. Wounded or Sick Soldiers shall be entertained and taken care of, to whatever Nation they may belong.

Delivery of Wounded to Outposts of the Enemy.

Commanders-in-Chief shall have the power to deliver immediately to the outposts of the Enemy, Soldiers who have been Wounded in an engagement, when circumstances permit this to be done, and with the consent of both parties.

Wounded, if incapable of serving, to be sent to their Country.

Those who are recognised, after their wounds are healed, as incapable of serving, shall be sent back to their country.

Wounded or Sick cured to be sent back on condition of not Bearing

The others may also be sent back, on condition of not again bearing Arms during the continuance of the War.

Evacuations to enjoy absolute Neutrality.

Evacuations, together with the persons under whose directions they take place, shall be protected by an absolute Neutrality.

Distinctive Flag for Hospitals, &c. Arm-badge to be worn by Neutralised Individuals.

ART. VII. A Distinctive and Uniform Flag shall be adopted for Hospitals, Ambulances, and Evacuations. It must, on every occasion, be accompanied by the National Flag. An Arm-badge (brassard) shall also be allowed for Individuals Neutralised, but the delivery thereof shall be left to military authority.

Colour of Flag and Arm-badge.

The Flag and the Arm-badge shall bear a Red Cross on a White ground.

Details of Execution.

ART. VIII. The Details of Execution of the present Convention shall be regulated by the Commanders-in-Chief of belligerent Armies, according to the instructions of their respective Governments, and in conformity with the general principles laid down in this Convention.

Governments to be invited to accede to Convention.*

ART. IX. The High Contracting Powers have agreed to communicate the present Convention to those Governments which have not found it convenient to send Plenipotentiaries to the International Conference at Geneva, with an invitation to accede thereto; the Protocol is for that purpose left open.

Ratifications.

ART. X. The present Convention shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at Berne in 4 months, or sooner if possible.

* See next page. 1625

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Geneva, the 22nd August, 1864.

(L.S.) (L.S.) (L.S.)	General G. H. DUFOUR. G. MOYNIER. Dr. LEHMANN.	Switzerland.
(L.S.) (L.S.)	Dr. ROBERT VOLZ. STEINER.	} Baden.
•	VISSCHERS.	Belgium.
(L.S.)	FENGER.	Denmark.
(L.S.)	J. HERIBERTO GARCIA DE QUEVEDO.	Spain.
(L.S.) (L.S.) (L.S.)	CH. JAGERSCHMIDT. S. DE PREVAL. BOUDIER.	France.
(L.S.)	BRODRUCK.	{ Hesse - Darm- stadt.
(L.S.) (L.S.)	CAPELLO. F. BAROFFIO.	} Italy.
(L.S.)	WESTENBERG.	Netherlands.
(L.S.)	JOSE ANTONIO MARQUE	S. Portugal.
(L.S.) (L.S.) (L.S.)	DE KAMPTZ. LŒFFLER. RITTER.	Prussia.
(L.S.)	Dr. HAHN.	Wurtemberg.

Accessions.

Austria	21st July, 1866.
Bavaria	30th June, 1866.
Great Britain	18th Feb., 1865.
Greece	17th Jan., 1865.
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.	9th Mar., 1865.
The Pope	9th May, 1868.
Persia	5th Dec., 1874.
Russia	22nd May, 1867.
Saxony	25th Oct., 1866.
Sweden and Norway	13th Dec., 1864.
Turkey	5tn July, 1865.

[September Convention. French Evacuation of Rome, &c.]

No. 366.—CONVENTION between France and Italy, relative to the Evacuation of the Pontifical States by French Troops. Signed at Paris, 15th September, 1864.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Protection by Italy of actual Pontifical Territory.
- 2. French Evacuation of Pontifical Territory.
- 8. Organization of Postifical Army.
- 4. Debt of the Ancient States of the Church.
- 5. Ratifications.

Protocol

Time at which the Removal of the Capital of Italy shall be effected.

(Translation.*)

THEIR Majesties the Emperor of the French and the King of Italy having resolved to conclude a Convention, have appointed as their Plenipoteutiaries, namely:

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, M. Drouyn de Lhuys, his Minister and Secretary of State for the Department of Foreign Affairs, &c.;

And His Majesty the King of Italy, M. le Chevalier Constantin Nigra, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the Emperor of the French, &c.; and the Marquis Joachim Pepoli, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, &c.;

Who, after having communicated to each other their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Protection by Italy of actual Pontifical Territory.

ART. I. Italy engages not to attack the actual Territory of the Holy Father, and to prevent, even by force, every external attack against the said Territory.

French Evacuation of Pontifical Territory.

ART. II. France shall gradually remove her Troops from the

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lv, p. 461.

[September Convention. French Evacuation of Bome, &c.]

Pontifical States, and in proportion to the Organisation of the Army of the Holy Father. The Evacuation must at least be accomplished within the delay of two years.*

Organisation of Papal Army.

ART. III. The Italian Government renounces all claims against the Organisation of a Papal Army, composed even of Foreign Catholic Volunteers, sufficient to maintain the authority of the Holy Father, and the internal tranquillity as well as that on the Frontier of his States, provided that that force does not extend into a power of attack against the Italian Government.

Debt of the Ancient States of the Church.

ART. IV. Italy declares herself ready to enter into arrangements in order to take upon herself a proportion of the Debt of the Ancient States of the Church.

Ratifications.‡

ART. V. The present Convention shall be ratified, and the Ratifications thereof shall be exchanged in the delay of 15 days, or sooner if possible.

In faith and testimony whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention, and have sealed it with the Seal of their Arms.

Done in duplicate, 15th September, 1864.

(L.S.) DROUYN DE LHUYS.

(L.S.) NIGRA.

(L.S.) (PEPOLI.)

PROTOCOL.

Time at which the Removal of the Capital of Italy shall be effected.

The Convention signed this day between their Majesties the

- * By a Declaration, dated 3rd October, 1864, it was agreed that the Evacuation should commence from the date of a Decree to be issued ordering the Evacuation, which was dated 11th December, 1864. The French Army, however, was not entirely withdrawn from Rome until the 19th August, 1870.
- † On the 7th December, 1866, a Convention was concluded between France and Italy relative to the Pontifical Debt.
 - 1 Ratifications exchanged at Paris, 19th September, 1864.

[September Convention. French Evacuation of Rome, &c.]

Emperor of the French and the King of Italy shall only be valid when His Majesty the King of Italy shall have decreed the removal of the Capital of the Kingdom to the place which shall ultimately be determined upon by His Majesty. That removal must be effected within the term of 6 months,* dating from the said Convention.

The present Protocol shall have the same force and value as the above-mentioned Convention. It shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time as those of the Convention.

Done in duplicate at Paris, 15th September, 1864.

- (L.S.) DROUYN DE LHUYS.
- (L.S.) NIGRA.
- (L.S.) PEPOLI.

^{*} The Seat of the Italian Government was removed from Turin to Florence in May, 1865; and from Florence to Rome on the 1st July, 1871.

30 Oct., 1864.] AUSTRIA, PRUSSIA, AND DENMARK. No. 367 [Treaty of Vienna. Danish Duchies.]

No. 367.—TREATY OF PEACE between Austria, Prussia, Signed at Vienna, 30th October, 1864.* and Denmark.

ART.

Preamble. Reference to Preliminaries of Peace of 1st August, 1864.

- 1. Perpetual Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Renewal of Treaties.
- 8. Renunciation by Denmark of Rights over Duchies of Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauenburg.
- 4. Cession of Islands and Territories of Schleswig. Cession of Jutland. Territories enclosed in the Schleswig Territory. Parts of Schleswig and Julland to belong to Denmark.
- 5. Boundary between Denmark and Schleswig. Rights of New Sovereign
- 6. Appointment of Mixed Boundary Commission.
- 7. Rights of Mixed Proprietors.
- to Division of Public Debt of the Desish Monarchy.

11.

- 12. The Duchies to pay War Expenses of Prussic and Austria.
- 13. Mutual Restitution of all Captured Ships and their Cargoes, or their Value. Mixed Commission of Claims to be appointed.
- 14. Danish Government to reimburse all Sums deposited by Subjects, &c., of the Duchies in the Danish Treasury. New Government of the Duchies to reimburse all Sums deposited by Danish Subjects in the Treasury of the Duchies.
- 15. Payment of Pensions by *Denmark* and the Government of the Duchies. Mixed Commission to be appointed.
- 16. Appanages to be paid by *Denmark*. The Duchies to reimburse their quota.
- 17. New Government of the Duchies to undertake all Contracts entered into by the Danish Government.
- 18. Right of Military and Civil Servants to choose their Nationality without hindrance or loss.
- 19. Right of Subjects of Ceded Territories to leave with their Moveable Property, and to retain their Immoveable Property in the Ceded Territories. Similar Rights extended to Daniel Subjects.
- 20. Archives, &c., relating to the Duchies to be made over to the New Government.
- 21. Rights of Most Favoured Nation with reference to Commerce and Navigation.
- 22. Evacuation of Jutland.
- 23. Ratifications.

(Translation.†)

Reference to Preliminaries of Peace of 1st August, 1864. In the Name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

His Majesty the King of Prussia, His Majesty the Emperor

- * An Armistice was concluded on the 18th July, 1864, and Preliminaries of Peace were signed at Vienna on the 1st August, 1864.
 - † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. liv, p. 522.

No. 387] AUSTRIA, PRUSSIA, AND DENMARK. [30 Oct., 1864. [Treaty of Vienna. Danish Duchies.]

of Austria, and His Majesty the King of Denmark, have resolved to convert the Preliminaries signed on the 1st of August last into a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

To that effect, their Majesties have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, namely:

His Majesty the King of Prussia, the Sieur Charles, Baron de Werther, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Austria, &c.; and

The Sieur Armand Louis de Balan, Member of the Council of State, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, the Sieur Jean Bernard, Comte de Rechberg-Rothenlöwen, Chamberlain and Intimate Councillor, &c.; and

The Sieur Adolphe Marie, Baron de Brenner-Felsach, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Denmark, the Sieur George Joaquim de Quaade, Chamberlain and Minister without Portfolio, &c.; and

The Sieur Henrik Auguste Theodore de Kauffmann, Chamberlain and Colonel of the Staff, &c.;

Who have assembled at Vienna, and after having exchanged their Full Powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Perpetual Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. There shall be for the future Perpetual Peace and Friendship between their Majesties the King of Prussia, and the Emperor of Austria, and His Majesty the King of Denmark, as well as between their Heirs and Successors, their States, and their respective Subjects.

Renewal of Treaties.

ART. II. All Treaties and Conventions concluded before the War between the High Contracting Parties are re-established in their vigour, in so far as they are not abrogated or modified by the tenor of the present Treaty.

Renunciation by Denmark of Rights over Duchies of Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauenburg.

ART. III. His Majesty the King of Denmark renounces all his Rights over the Duchies of Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauen-

30 Oct., 1864.] AUSTRIA, PRUSSIA, AND DENMARK. [No. 367 [Treaty of Vienna. Danish Duchies.]

burg* in favour of their Majesties the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria, engaging to recognise the dispositions which their said Majesties shall make with reference to those Duchies.†

Cession of Islands and Territories of Schleswig.

ART. IV. The Cession of the Duchy of Schleswig includes all the Islands belonging to that Duchy, as well as the Territory situated on terra firma.

Cession of Jutland Territories enclosed in the Schleswig Territory.

In order to simplify the Delimitation, and to put an end to the inconveniences arising out of the position of the Jutland Territories enclosed in the Territory of Schleswig, His Majesty the King of Denmark cedes to their Majesties the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria the Jutland Possessions to the south of the southern Line of Frontier of the District of Ribe, such as the Jutland Territory of Mægeltondern, the Island of Amrom, the Jutland parts of the Islands of Fæhr, Sylt, and Ræmæ, &c.

Parts of Schleswig and Jutland to belong to Denmark.

In exchange, their Majesties the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria agree to an equivalent part of Schleswig, and including, besides the Island of Aerœ, Territories contiguous to the above-mentioned district of Ribe, with the remainder of Jutland, and to correct the Line of Frontier between Jutland and Schleswig, on the side of Kolding, being detached from the Duchy of Schleswig, and incorporated into the Kingdom of Denmark.

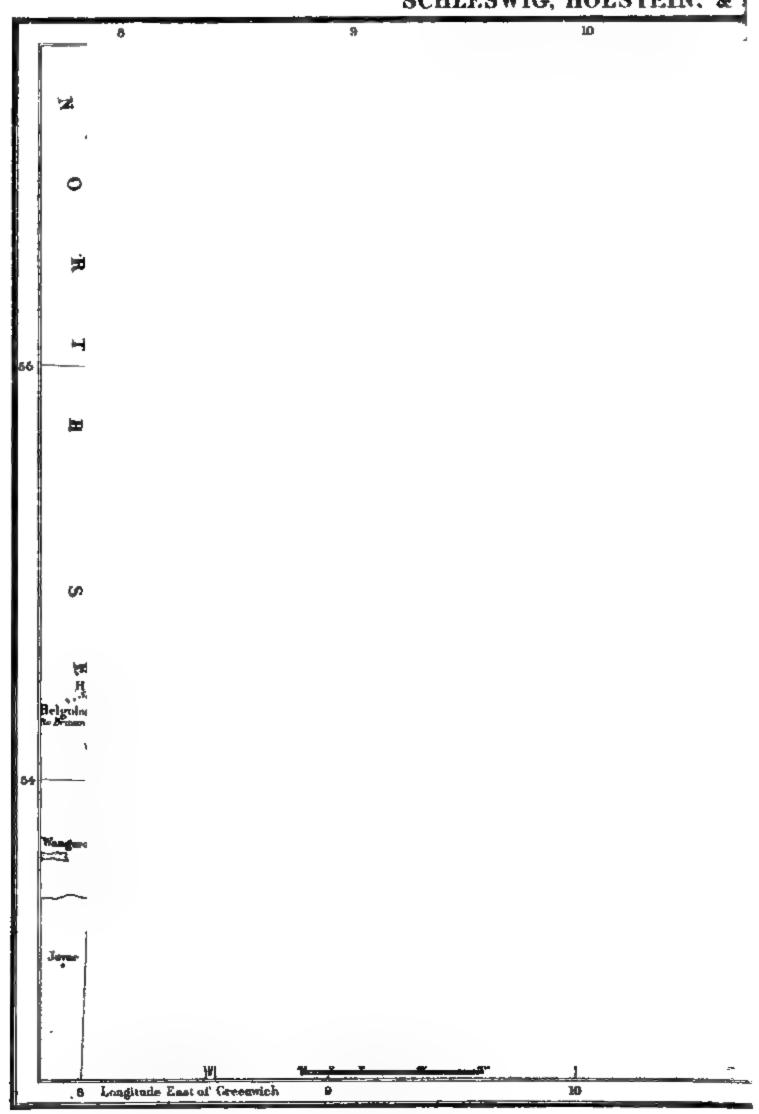
Boundary between Denmark and Schleswig.

ART. V. The new Frontier between the Kingdom of Denmark and the Duchy of Schleswig shall start from the middle of the mouth of the Bay of Hejlsminde on the little Belt, and after crossing that Bay, shall follow the southern Frontier of the Parishes of Hejls, Vejstrup, and Taps, the latter as far as the Stream to the south of Gejlbjerg and Bränore, thence following that Stream from its mouth in the Fovs-Aa, along the southern Frontier of the Parishes of Odis and Vandrup, and the western Frontier of the latter, as far as Königs-Au (Konge-Aa) to the north of Holte. From that point the Thalweg of the Königs-Au (Konge-Aa) shall form the Frontier as far as the Eastern Limit

^{*} See Prussian Patent of 13th September, 1865.

[†] See Convention of 14th August, 1865.

MAP.
SCHLESWIG, HOLSTEIN
AND LAUENBURG.
1864, 1865, 1866.



1

12 13

	Irung of 307 October 1986 Breises of Adland Torriery soled to França and Austra Breises of Schlavely Inviewy incorporated into the Mingde The new Frantier between Dumpark and Schlaveg Convention of 14 August, 16 The Dudy of Schlaveg under Austrian Sovenagety The Dudy of Helstein under Austrian Sovenagety Transies Breise of 24 Decemb Transies Intent of IS Septemb Transies Intent of Schlaveg Austrian Solvens of Schlaveg Transies Intent of IS Septemb The Dudy of Lauraburg Transies Intent of IS Septemb Transies of Schlaveg and Holestein solvered Follow of Event Intent of Islands. Transplayment Pressie and Oldenburg 207 July 185 Invitory soled to France. on both sides of the Schlas.	on of Danmark
2	12	13

MAP. SCHLESWIG, HOLSTEIN AND LAUENBURG. 1864, 1865, 1866.

No. 367] AUSTRIA, PRUSSIA, AND DENMARK. [30 Oct., 1864. [Treaty of Vienna. Danish Duchies.]

of the Parish of Hjortlund. Starting from that point, it shall follow the same Limit, and its continuation as far as the projecting angle to the north of the Village of Obekjär, and then the Eastern Frontier of that Village as far as the Gjels-Aa. From thence the Eastern Frontier of the Parish of Seem and the Southern Limits of the Parishes of Seem, Ribe, and Vester-Vedsted shall form the new Frontier, which, in the North Sea, shall pass at equal distances between the Islands of Mance and Roemoe.

Rights of New Sovereign Power.

In consequence of this new Delimitation, all Titles and Mixed Rights are declared to be extinct, secular as well as spiritual, which have heretofore existed within the enclosures, in the Islands, and in the Mixed Parishes. The new Sovereign Power, therefore, in each of the Territories separated by new Frontiers, shall enjoy in that respect its full Rights.

ARTS. VI to XXI. (See Table.)

Evacuation of Jutland.

ART. XXII. The Evacuation of Jutland by the Allied Troops shall be effected within the shortest possible delay, at latest within 3 weeks after the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty.

Ratifications.

ART. XXIII. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at Vienna within 3 weeks, or sooner if possible.

In testimony whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Vienna, the 30th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, 1864.

- (L.S.) QUAADE. (L.S.) KAUFFMANN.
- (L.S.) WERTHER.
- (L.S.) BALAN.
- (L.S.) RECHBERG. (L.S.) BRENNER.

Annex. Protocol relative to the Evacuation of Jutland by the Allied Troops.

[A Protocol, dated 1st April, 1865, was signed between Austria and Prussia, relative to the Indemnities, &c., to the Duke of Augustenburg.]

18 Feb., 1865.] GREAT BRITAIN AND SWITZERLAND. [No. 368] [Geneva Convention. Wounded in Armies in the Field.]

No. 368.—ACCESSION of the British Government to the Convention signed at Geneva, 22nd August, 1864, for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded in Armies in the Field. Signed at London, 18th February, 1865.

THE President and Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation having communicated to the Government of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, a Convention signed at Geneva on the 22nd August, 1864 (No. 365), between the Swiss Confederation, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, His Majesty the King of the Belgians, His Majesty the King of Denmark, Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, His Majesty the King of Italy, His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, His Majesty the King of Prussia, and His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, for the amelioration of the condition of the Wounded in Armies in the Field, which Convention is word for word as follows:

[Here follows the Convention (No. 365).]

And the Swiss Confederation having, in virtue of Article IX of the said Convention, invited the Government of Her Britannic Majesty to accede thereto;

The Undersigned, Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, duly authorised for that purpose, hereby declares that the Government of Her Britannic Majesty fully accedes to the Convention aforesaid.

In witness whereof he has signed the present Act of Accession, and has affixed thereto the Seal of his Arms.

Done at London, the 18th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, 1865.

(L.S.) RUSSELL.

Fo. 368] GREAT BRITAIN AND SWITZERLAND. [3 March, 1865. [Geneva Convention. Wounded in Armies in the Field.]

ACT of Acceptance of the British Accession of 18th February, 1865, by the Swiss Confederation in the name of all the Contracting Parties. Signed at Berne, 3rd March, 1865.

(Translation.)

THE Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation:

Having seen the Act signed at London on the 18th February, 1865, whereby his Excellency the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in exercise of the power reserved by Article IX of the International Convention concluded at Geneva on the 22nd August, 1864 (No. 365), for the amelioration of the condition of Soldiers Wounded in Armies in the Field, declares that the Government of Her Britannic Majesty fully accedes to that Convention; which Act of Accession is as follows:

[Here follows the Act of Accession.]

Declares by these presents:

In virtue of the final stipulation of the proces-verbal of the exchange of the Ratifications of the said Convention, signed at Berne on the 22nd December, 1864, that the Federal Council accepts such Accession, as well in the name of the Swiss Confederation as in that of the other High Contracting Parties, to whom official communication thereof is given by the present Declaration.

In witness whereof these presents have been signed by the President and the Chancellor of the Confederation, and furnished with the Seal of the Federal Council, at Berne, the 3rd March, 1865.

In the name of the Swiss Federal Council,

The President of the Confederation,

SCHENK.

The Chancellor of the Confederation,

SCHIESS.

8 April, 1865.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 369 [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

No. 369.—ACT of Accession of the Sultan of Turkey to the Treaty between Great Britain, France, Russia, and Greece, of 29th March, 1864, for the Union of the Ionian Islands to Greece. Constantinople, 8th April, 1865.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.*)

In the Name of Almighty God.

THERE Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Emperor of the French, and the Emperor of All the Russias, on the one part, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes on the other part, having concluded between them on the 29th March, 1864, a Treaty for the Union of the Ionian Islands to the Kingdom of Greece (No. 357); and their said Majesties, with reference to the Act under date of the 24th April, 1819 (No. 91), whereby the Sublime Ottoman Porte recognised the Protectorate of Great Britain over the Ionian Islands, having proposed to His Imperial Majesty the Sultan to accede to the aforesaid Treaty; and His Imperial Majesty having accepted that proposal, the Plenipotentiaries of the High Powers, that is to say:

On the part of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Honourable William Stuart, her Chargé d'Affaires to the Sublime Ottoman Porte;

On the part of His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur Lionel, Marquis de Moustier, Ambassador of His Majesty the Emperor of the French to the Sublime Ottoman Porte, &c.;

On the part of His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, the Sieur Nicholas Ignatieff, Major-General and Aide-de-Camp General of His Imperial Majesty, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Sublime Ottoman Porte, &c.;

On the part of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, the Sieur Peter Delyanni, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Sublime Ottoman Porte, &c.;

And on the part of His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, His Highness Mohammed Emin Aali Pasha, his Minister for Foreign Affairs, &c.;

^{*} For French version see "State Papers" vol. lv, p. 48.

No. 369] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [8 April, 1865. [Union of Ionian Islands to Greece.]

Met together for the purpose of recording in due form the Accession of His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, and the Acceptance of that Accession by the 4 Courts Parties to the Treaty.

In consequence the Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Sultan declares, in virtue of his Full Powers, that the Sublime Porte formally accedes to the above-mentioned Treaty signed at London on the 29th March, 1864 (No. 357), between their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Emperor of the French, and the Emperor of All the Russias, on the one part, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes on the other part, for the Union of the Ionian Islands to the Kingdom of Greece, which Treaty is, word for word, as follows:

[Here follows the Treaty, No. 357.]

The Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, France, Russia, and Greece, in virtue of their Full Powers, formally accept, in the name of their respective Courts, the said Accession of the Sublime Ottoman Porte.

The present Act of Accession and Acceptance shall be ratified, and the acts of Ratification* thereof shall be exchanged at Constantinople in two months from this date, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Constantinople, the 8th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, 1865.

- (L.S.) W. STUART.
- (L.S.) AALI.

- (L.S.) MOUSTIER.
- (LS.) N. IGNATIEFF.
- (L.S.) P. DELYANNI.
- Ratifications exchanged at Constantinople 15th June, 1865.

No. 370.—CONVENTION between Austria and Prussia, respecting the Elbe Duchies of Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauenburg. Signed at Gastein, 14th August, 1865.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 80th October, 1864.

- 1. Austria to administer the Duchy of Holstein, and Prussia the Duchy of Schleswig.
- 2. Proposal to be made to Diet to establish a German Fleet in Harbour of Kiel. Harbour of Kiel to be under command, &c., of Prussia.
- 8. Proposal to be made that Rendsburg be a German Federal Fortress. Garrison of Fort of Rendsburg.
- 4. Prussia to retain two Military Roads in Holstein. Regulations as to Military Roads.
- 5. Telegraph communication with Kiel and Rendsburg. Railway from Lubeck through Kiel to Schleswig.
- 6. Entrance of Duchies into the Zollverein.
- 7. Canal between the North Sea and the Baltic through Holstein. Rights of Prussia over construction, &c., of Canal. Dues to be levied for the use of the Canal.
- 8. Financial Obligations. Lauenburg released from Contribution towards expenses of the War. Division of Obligations between Holstein and Schleswig.
- 9. Cession by Austria to Prussia of Right over Lauenburg. Indemnity to Austria for Lauenburg.
- 10. Division of Co-Sovereignty over Holstein and Schleswig. Cessation of Joint Command.
- 11. Exchange of Declarations.

(Translation.)

Reference to Treaty of 30th October, 1864.

There Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia have become convinced that the Co-Sovereignty which has hitherto existed in the Territories ceded by Denmark in the Treaty of Peace of 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), leads to untoward results, which at the same time endanger both the good understanding between their Governments and the Interests of the Duchies. Their Majesties have therefore resolved for the future not to exercise in common the Rights which have accrued to them by Article III of the above-mentioned Treaty, but to divide the exercise thereof geographically until a further agreement may be made.

* See also Treaty between Austria and Prussia, signed at Prague, 23rd August, 1866.

For this purpose His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, &c., has appointed as his Plenipotentiary, Count von Blome; the King of Prussia, &c., has appointed as his Plenipotentiary, M. von Bismarck-Schönhausen; who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, which were found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Austria to administer the Duchy of Holstein, and Prussia the Duchy of Schleswig.

ART. I. The exercise of the Rights acquired in common by the High Contracting Parties, in virtue of Article III of the Vienna Treaty of Peace of 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), shall, without prejudice to the continuance of those rights of both Powers to the whole of both Duchies, pass to His Majesty the Emperor of Austria as regards the Duchy of Holstein, and to His Majesty the King of Prussia as regards the Duchy of Schleswig.

Proposal to be made to Diet to establish a German Fleet in Harbour of Kiel.

ART. II. The High Contracting Parties will propose to the Diet the establishment of a German Fleet, and will fix upon the Harbour of Kiel as a Federal Harbour for the said Fleet.

Harbour of Kiel to be under command, &c., of Prussia.

Until the resolutions of the Diet with respect to this proposal have been carried into effect, the Ships of War of both Powers shall use this Harbour, and the Command and the Police Duties within it shall be exercised by Prussia. Prussia is entitled both to establish the necessary Fortifications opposite Friedrichsort for the protection of the entrance, and also to fit up along the Holstein bank of the inlet the Naval Establishments that are requisite in a Military Port. These Fortifications and Establishments remain likewise under Prussian command, and the Prussian marines and troops required for their Garrison and Protection may be quartered in Kiel and the neighbourhood.

Proposal to be made that Rendsburg be a German Federal Fortress.

ART. III. The High Contracting Parties will propose in Frankfort the elevation of Rendsburg into a German Federal Fortress.

Garrison of Fort of Rendsburg.

Until the Diet shall have issued the regulations respecting Garrisoning the said Fortress, the Garrison shall consist of Imperial Austrian and Royal Prussian troops under a command annually alternating on the 1st July.

Prussia to retain two Military Roads in Holstein.

ART. IV. Whilst the division agreed upon in Article I of the present Convention continues, the Royal Prussian Government shall retain two Military Roads through Holstein; the one from Lubeck to Kiel, the other from Hamburg to Rendsburg.

Regulations as to Military Roads.

All details as to the Military Stations, and as to the transport and subsistence of the Troops, shall be regulated as soon as possible in a Special Convention. Until this has been done, the Regulations in force as to the Prussian Military Roads through Hanover shall be observed.

Telegraph Communication with Kiel and Rendsburg.

ART. V. The Royal Prussian Government retains the disposal of one Telegraphic wire for communication with Kiel and Rendsburg, and retains also the right to send Prussian mail-vans, with its own officials on both lines through the Duchy of Holstein.

Railway from Lubeck through Kiel to Schleswig.

Inasmuch as the construction of a direct Railway from Lubeck through Kiel to the Schleswig Frontier is not yet assured, the concession thereof shall be granted on the request of Prussia, for the Territory of Holstein under the customary conditions; but no claim shall be made by Prussia for Rights of Sovereignty with regard to the line.

Entrance of Duchies into the Zollverein.*

ART. VI. The High Contracting Parties entertain in common the intention that the Duchies shall enter the Zollverein. Until they shall enter the Zollverein, or until some further agreement shall be made, the system of Duties hitherto in force in both Duchies, and the equal division of the Revenues, shall continue to exist. If it should appear desirable to the Royal Prussian

See Constitution, 14th June, 1867.

Government, even during the existence of the division agreed upon in Article I of the present Convention, to open negotiations respecting the entry of the Duchies into the Zollverein, His Majesty the Emperor of Austria is prepared to empower a Representative of the Duchy of Holstein to take part in such negotiations.

Canal between the North Sea and the Baltic, through Holstein.

ART. VII. Prussia is entitled to make the Canal that is to be cut between the North Sea and the Baltic, through the Territory of Holstein, according to the result of the professional investigations undertaken by the Prussian Government.

Rights of Prussia over Construction, &c., of Canal.

In so far as this shall be the case, Prussia shall have the right to determine the direction and the dimensions of the Canal; to acquire possession of the Land necessary for carrying out the work by means of expropriation, with an indemnification to the amount of the value; to conduct the construction of the Canal; to superintend the inspection and conservation of the Canal; and to give her assent to all regulations respecting the said Canal.

Dues to be Levied for the use of the Canal.

With the exception of the Navigation Dues, which are to be levied for the use of the Canal, and which are to be regulated by Prussia, and to be the same for the Ships of all Nations, no Transit Tolls or Dues upon Ship and Cargo are to be levied at any part of the Canal.

Financial Obligations. Lauenburg released from Contribution towards

Expenses of the War.

ART. VIII. Nothing is changed by the present Convention in the Stipulations of the Vienna Treaty of Peace of 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), relative to the Financial Obligations to be undertaken by the Duchies both as regards Denmark and as regards Austria and Prussia; but the Duchy of Lauenburg is to be released from every obligation of contributing towards the expenses of the War.

Division of Obligations between Holstein and Schleswig.

The division of these Obligations between the Duckies of Hol
1461

stein and of Schleswig will be based upon the proportion of population.

Cession by Austria to Prussia of Right over Lauenburg. Indemnity to Austria for Lauenburg.*

ART. IX. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria cedes to His Majesty the King of Prussia the Rights acquired in the aforementioned Vienna Treaty of Peace (No. 367) with respect to the Duchy of Lauenburg; and in return the Royal Prussian Government binds itself to pay to the Austrian Government the sum of 2,500,000 Danish rix-dollars, payable at Berlin in Prussian silver, 4 weeks after confirmation of the present Convention by their Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia.

Division of Co-Sovereignty over Holstein and Schleswig.

ART. X. The carrying into effect of the foregoing division of the Co-Sovereignty, which has been agreed upon, shall begin as soon as possible after the approval of this Convention by their Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia, and shall be accomplished at the latest by the 15th September.

Cessation of Joint Command.

The joint Command-in-Chief, hitherto existing, shall be dissolved on the complete Evacuation of Holstein by the Prussian troops and of Schleswig by the Austrian troops, by the 15th September, at the latest.

Exchange of Declarations.

ART. XI. The present Convention shall be approved by their Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia by exchanging written Declarations at their next meeting.†

In witness whereof both the Plenipotentiaries named at the beginning have on this day set their signatures and seals to this Convention in duplicate copy.

Done at Gastein, 14th August, 1865.

(L.S.) G. BLOME. (L.S.) Von BISMARCK.

- * See Prussian Patent of 18th September, 1865.
- † Approved at Salzburg, 20th August, 1865.

[Union of Lauenburg to Prussia.]

No. 37L—PRUSSIAN PATENT taking Possession of the Duchy of Lauenburg. Berlin, 13th September, 1865.

(Translation.)

WE William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., hereby declare and make known:

Whereas His Majesty King Christian IX of Denmark, by Treaty of Peace concluded at Vienna on the 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), ceded his rights over the Duchy of Lauenburg to Us and to His Majesty the Emperor of Austria conjointly; and whereas His Majesty the Emperor of Austria has, by the Convention agreed upon between us at Gastein on the 14th August of this year (No. 370), and approved at Salzburg on the 20th of the same month, and made public by our Civil Commissioner on the 5th of this month, made over to us his share in those rights; we take possession, in virtue of the present Patent, and in fulfilment of the desire expressed by the Representatives of Lauenburg, of this Duchy, with all Rights of Sovereignty and Lordship, add to our Titles that of a Duke of Lauenburg, and ordain that the Duchy of Lauenburg shall be Hereditary in our Royal House, according to the laws which exist for the Succession to the Crown of Prussia. We send our paternal greeting to all Inhabitants of the Duchy, and charge them to recognise us forthwith as their rightful Sovereign, to tender to us and our successors the Oath of Allegiance, and to live according to our Laws and Ordinances whereby we assure and promise them Our Sovereign Protection, that we will rule them equitably, protect the country and its inhabitants in its legally acquired rights, and exhibit a paternal solicitude for their welfare.

We have named our Minister-President and Minister for Foreign Affairs, von Bismarck-Schönhausen, Our Minister for Lauenburg, and charged him to carry on the Government in accordance with the laws and regulations now existing in the Duchy, and will continue and confirm all officials of the Duchy in their employment, after they have taken the Oath of Allegiance to us.

We hereby commission our Minister, Count Arnim-Boytzen-1643

[Union of Lauenburg to Prussia.]

burg, to take possession of the Duchy in Our name, to administer the oath for us to the Chief Functionaries, and to charge them with the swearing of the other officials, whilst we put off receiving the homage of the country until we can do so in person.

Done at Berlin, 13th September, 1865.

WILLIAM, Rex.

v. BISMARCK.

[Union of Danish Duchies to Prussia.]

No. 372.—BRITISH CIRCULAR relative to the Annexation of the Danish Duchies to Prussia. London, 14th September, 1865.

Sir,

THE Chargé d'Affaires of Prussia has communicated to me the substance of a despatch relating to the Convention of Gastein (No. 370), and the newspapers of Berlin have since published the text of that Convention.

Upon the first communication to Her Majesty's Government of the Preliminaries of Peace signed at Vienna (No. 367), I stated at Vienna and Berlin the views of Her Majesty's Government upon those Preliminaries.

The present Convention has only served to increase the regret Her Majesty's Government then expressed.

The Treaties of 1815 gave the King of Denmark a seat in the German Diet as Duke of Holstein (No. 27).

The Treaty of 1852 (No. 230) recognised the right of Succession to the whole Danish Monarchy, which the late King had established in the person of the present King.

That Treaty has, in spite of the assurances given in the Despatches of 31st January, 1864,* been completely set aside by Austria and Prussia, two of the Powers who had signed it.

It might have been expected that when Treaties were thus annulled, the popular feeling of Germany, the wishes of the people of the Duchies themselves, and the opinions of the Diet so explicitly put forth by Austria and Prussia in the sittings of the Conference of London,† would have been recognised in their place. In this manner if an order of Rights had been overthrown, another Title drawn from the assent of the people would have been set up, and that Title might have been received with respect and maintained with a prospect of permanence.

But all Rights, old and new, whether founded on the solemn Compact of Sovereigns or on the clear expression of the popular will, have been set at naught by the Convention of Gastein (No. 370), and the dominion of Force is the sole power acknowledged and regarded.

• See next page. † Page 1611.

[Union of Danish Duchies to Prussia.]

Violence and conquest are the bases upon which alone the Partitioning Powers found their agreement.

Her Majesty's Government deeply lament the disregard thus shown to the principles of public right, and the legitimate claims of a people to be heard as to the disposal of their own destiny.

This instruction does not authorise you to address observations on this subject to the Court to which you are accredited, but is intended only to point out when the opportunity shall present itself what is the language you are expected to hold.

RUSSELL.

[On the 29th August, 1865, a Circular, to the same effect, was addressed by the French Government to its Diplomatic Agents Abroad.]

[Note referred to on preceding page.]

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Vienna, 81st January, 1864.

THE Imperial Government, by basing upon the stipulations of 1851-52 the rights which, in concert with Prussia, it is proceeding to enforce upon Denmark, has by this very act recognised the principle of the Integrity of the Danish Monarchy, as established by the transactions of 1851-52 (Nos. 229, 230). The Imperial Government, in proceeding to the occupation of Schleswig, does not intend to depart from this principle.

If, however, in consequence of complications which may be brought about by the persistence of the Danish Government in its refusal to accomplish its promises of 1851-52, or of the Armed Intervention of other Powers in the Dano-German conflict, the Imperial Government were to find itself compelled to renounce combinations which would no longer offer a result proportionate to the sacrifices which events might impose upon the German Powers, no definite arrangements could be made without the concurrence of the Powers who signed the Treaty of London (No. 230). The British Government would then find the Imperial Government ready to come to an agreement with them as to the definitive arrangement of the Dano-German question.

Your Excellency is requested to read and give a copy of this despatch to Earl Russell.

Receive, &c.,
RECHBERG.

[A similar Note, bearing the same date, was addressed by M. de Bismarck to Count Bernstorff, and a copy of it was communicated to Earl Russell by Count Bernstorff on the 4th February, 1864.]

[Boundaries.]

No. 373.—BOUNDARY TREATY between France and Spain. Signed at Bayonne, 26th May, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaties of 2nd December, 1856, and 14th April, 1862.

- Detailed Demarcation of Frontier from the Department of the Pyrénées-16. Orientales to the Val d'Andorre.
- 17. French and Spanish Officers to be appointed to settle Boundary Marks.
- 18 & Pasturage Rights.
 19.
- 20. The Canal from the Waters of the Araco to Pwycerda to belong to Puycerda.
- 21. Rights of Road between Llivia and the Territory of Puycorda.
- 22. Spain not to erect Military Fortifications in Llivia or its Territory.
- to Pasturage Rights and Rights of Road of *Llivia*. 26.
- 27. Irrigation Rights.
- 28. Mutual Rights of Road.
- 29. Written Conventions between Borderers of either State, to remain in Force until their expiration. Right of Borderers to enter into Contracts between each other.
- 80. Scizure of Cattle.
- 31. Annulment of all Contracts, &c., contrary to the present Convention.
- 32. Execution of Treety.
- 33. Ratifications.

(Translation.*)

Reference to Treaties of 2nd December, 1856, and 14th April, 1862.

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, wishing to fix in a definitive manner the Frontier common to both States, as well as the Rights, Usages, and Privileges belonging to the Populations bordering the two States between the Department of the Pyrénées-Orientales and the Province of Girone from the Val d'Andorre† to the Mediterranean, in order to complete from one sea to the other the work so happily begun, and followed out in the Treaties of Bayonne of the 2nd December, 1856 (No. 275), and 14th April, 1862 (No. 336), and at the same time and for ever to strengthen order and good rela-

^{*} For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvi, p. 212.

[†] See Note, page

[Boundaries.]

tions between Frenchmen and Spaniards in that eastern part of the Pyrenees, in the same manner as on the remainder of the Frontier, from the Mouth of the Bidassoa to the Val d'Andorre, have considered it necessary to insert in a third and last Special Treaty, in continuation of the two above-mentioned, the stipulations which they have considered best to attain that object, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries to that effect, namely:

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur Camille Antoine Callier, General of Division, &c.;

And the Sieur George Comte Serrurier, Minister Plenipotentiary, &c.;

And Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, Don Francisco Maria Marin, Marquis de la Frontera, Senator of the Kingdom, Minister Plenipotentiary, &c.;

And Don Manuel de Monteverde y Bethancourt, Marshal of the National Armies, &c.;

Who, after having communicated to each other their Full Powers, found to be in good and due form, after having examined, explained, and discussed all the Titles which have escaped the destructive effects of time, from the ancient origin of the litigations to be solved; after having collected the verbal testimony of those interested and explored the places; after having applied themselves to establish and conciliate, in all equity, the Rights and Pretensions maintained on either side, and taking as a basis the corrected Article XLI* of the Treaty of the Pyrenees and the Convention of Llivia of 1660,* consequent thereon, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTS. I to XXXIII. (See Table.)

In testimony whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it and affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done in duplicate, at Bayonne, on the 26th day of the month of May, in the year of Our Lord, 1866.

- (L.S.) GAL. CALLIER.
- (L.S.) CTE. SERRURIER.
- (L.S.) EL MARQUES DE LA FRONTERA.
- (L.S.) MAL. MONTEVERDE.
 - See Appendix.

[Boundaries.]

No. 374.—BOUNDARY ACT between France and Spain. Signed at Bayonne, 26th May, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preemble. Reference to Treaties of 2nd December, 1856, 14th April, 1862, and 26th May, 1866.

- to Preservation of Boundary Marks.

 8.
- to Cattle and Pasturage.
 6.
- 7. Properties divided by the Frontiers.
- Administration and enjoyment of the Waters common to both Countries.
- 21. Batification of Article XV of the Boundary Treaty of 1862.
- 22. Ratifications.

(Translation.*)

Reference to Treaties of 2nd December, 1856, 14th April, 1862, and 26th May, 1866.

The Undersigned, Plenipotentiaries of France and Spain for the International Delimitation of the Pyrenees, duly authorised by their respective Sovereigns, to unite under one Act the Regulations applicable over the whole Frontier in either Country, and relative to the preservation of the Boundary Marks, to Cattle and Pasturage, to Properties divided by the Frontier, and the enjoyment of the Waters common to both, Regulations which, on account of their general character, claim a special place, which they could not find in the Treaties of Bayonne of the 2nd December, 1856 (No. 275), and the 14th April, 1862 (No. 336), nor in that of this day's date (No. 373), have agreed upon the following Articles:—

ARTS. I to XXII. (See Table.)

In testimony whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done in Duplicate at Bayonne, the 26th day of the month of May, in the year of Our Lord, 1866.

- (L.S.) GAL. CALLIER.
- (L.S.) CTE. SERRURIER.
- (L.S.) EL MARQUES DE LA FRONTERA.
- (L.S.) MAL. MONTEVERDE.
- For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvi, p. 226. 1649

Mar.—June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 375 [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia. Danube.]

No. 375.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey, relative to the Danubian Principalities of Moldavia, and Wallachia. Paris, March to June, 1866.*

D.	rotocol	"State I	Papers, i, Page.
		Abdication of Prince Couza. Question of Election of a Foreign Prince as his Successor.	., . ago
•		Paris, 10th March, 1866	533
N	o. 2 .	Non-admission to Conferences of Delegates from Principalities of <i>Moldavia</i> and <i>Wallachia</i> . Question of Election of a Foreign Prince, and of continuance of the Union	EOM
- N	o. 8.		537 546
N	o. 4 .	Dissolution of Moldo-Wallachian Assembly by Provisional Government of Bucharest. Questions of Union and Election of a Foreign Prince.	
Ŋ	o. 5.	Paris, 31st March, 1866 Dissolution of Moldo-Wallachian Assembly, and Convocation of a new one. Resolution adopted by the Conference of the April 1966	554
N	o. 6.	ference	558
No.	o. 7.	Paris, 24th April, 1866 Union of Moldavia and Wallachia. Election by Plebiscite of a Foreign Prince. Declaration of Conference. Danube	567 575
N	o. 8.	Danube. Proposed Extension of Authority of European Commission of the Danube to Ibraila. Election of Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, as Sovereign of the United Principalities. Protest of the Ports. Question of Nomination of a Hospodar for	
		reign of the United Principalities. Protest of the	57

[•] See also Turkish Firman of 23rd October, 1866.

[†] Altered by Regulation of 8th November, 1870. See Treaty of 18th March, 1871.

¹ See also Treaty of 13th March, 1871.

- No. 375] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [Mar.—June, 1866. [United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia. Danube.]
- No. 9. Protest of the Porte against the Election of Prince
 Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, as Sovereign of
 the United Principalities. Identic Note of Plenipotentiaries. Right of Assembly to Elect a Native only.
 Paris, 25th May, 1866
 No. 10. Assumption of Power in the Principalities by Prince

[On the 30th June, 1866, the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia promulgated a Constitution, in which they assumed the Title of "Roumania."]

588

^{*} See Turkish Firman of 23rd October, 1866, recognising Prince Charles of Hohenzollern as Sovereign of the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.

[War. Prussia and Austria.]

No. 376.—PRUSSIAN DECLARATION to the Germanic Diet of the Causes of War with Austria, and announcement of the Dissolution of the Germanic Confederation (Pacte Fédéral). Frankfort, 14th June, 1866.*

(Translation.)

Although the Envoy had, in the name of his exalted Government, protested against the Austrian motion, the Federal Assembly has nevertheless proceeded to a Vote contrary to that Protest.

The Envoy has now to fulfil the serious duty of making known to the High Assembly the resolutions which his exalted Government, after the Vote which has just taken place, considers imposed upon it for the safety of the rights and interests of the Prussian Monarchy, and of its position in Germany.

The presentation of the motion of the Austrian Government constitutes of itself, in the firm conviction of the Royal Government, an act indubitably in manifest contradiction with the Federal Constitution, an act which Prussia must, in consequence, consider as a dissolution of the Confederation.

The Federal Law only recognises for the Confederated States measures of execution for which forms and conditions previously determined upon are prescribed; the movement of a Federal Army against a Confederate State is as foreign to the Military Federal Constitution as any measure decreed by the Diet against a Confederate State beyond the means of execution.

The position of Austria in Holstein especially is not placed under the protection of Federal Treaties, and His Majesty the Emperor of Austria cannot be considered as a Member of the Confederation for the Duchy of Holstein.

For these reasons the Royal Government abstained from discussing in any way the grounds of the Austrian motion, although it would have been in this case an easy task to repel the reproach brought against Prussia of violation of the Peace, and to throw back that reproach against Austria.

It has rather appeared to the Royal Cabinet that the course to be followed, and the only legally admissible one, was for the

[War. Prussia and Austria.]]

Assembly to get rid by the previous question of a motion of an anti-legal character.

The Royal Government, considering the Federal bonds which have existed up to this day, can but deeply regret that his Confederates did not give effect to its formal proceeding.

For 3 months past the most powerful member of the Confederation, violating the Fundamental Laws of the Pact, has, to do itself justice, armed against Prussia; that circumstance had already seriously shaken the confidence of the Prussian Government in the protection which the Germanic Confederation has guaranteed to The Royal Government having, therefore, each of its members. appealed for the protection of Prussia against an arbitrary attack by Austria, to the action of the Confederation and of its Members; that appeal had no other result than the Armament of other Confederated States, Armaments the objects of which have remained without explanation. The Royal Government, after such precedents, necessarily considered their external and internal security as endangered, which, according to Article II of the Federal Pact (No. 26) is the principal object of the Confederation.

The Motion, in contravention of the Treaties, drawn up by Austria, and the adoption of that Motion by a part of the Confederated States, no doubt after a previous understanding, could only confirm and strengthen the views of the Royal Government.

By virtue of the Federal Law, no Declaration of War can be made against any Member of the Confederation. The Austrian motion, therefore, and the vote of the States adhering to it, being a Declaration of War against Prussia, the Royal Government considers the Dissolution of the Federal Pact (No. 26) as accomplished.*

In the name, and by the august order of His Majesty the King, his gracious master, the Envoy therefore declares that Prussia considers the Federal Pact in force up to the present time as dissolved; that so far from considering it henceforth obligatory, it will consider it as having expired, and will act accordingly.

His Majesty the King, nevertheless, does not consider the national basis on which that Confederation has been established

1658

^{*} See Treaty between Austria and Prussia, signed at Prague, 23rd August, 1866. Art. IV.

[War. Prussia and Austria.]

as destroyed from the fact of the extinction of the old Confederation.

Prussia, on the contrary, holds firmly to those bases and to the Unity of the German Nation, Unity soaring above temporary forms, and considers it the bounden duty of the German States to find in that Unity the most suitable expression.

The Royal Government here submits, on its part, the constitutive basis of a new Union of States more in keeping with the wants of the period, and declares itself ready to conclude, on the modified bases of the old Confederation, a new Confederation with such of the German States as would join it with that object.*

The Envoy is only executing the Orders of his exalted Government in declaring his mission with the High Federal Assembly as terminated.

Finally, the Envoy must, in the name and by order of his exalted Government, reserve and protect the Rights and Titles of every kind which the Royal Government, by virtue of its relations with the late Confederation, is entitled to claim upon all Properties and Appurtenances of the latter. The Envoy is particularly instructed decidedly to Protest against the use which might be made, without its special consent, of the Federal Funds already voted.

[On the 12th June, 1866, the Austrian Ambassador at Berlin demanded his Passports "in consequence of the forcible occupation of Holstein by the Prussian Troops, and in defiance of Treaties."]

* The Constitution of the North German Confederation was signed on the 14th June, 1867; but it was altered by the Constitution for the German Confederation of 16th April, 1871.

TABLE.

- 1. Willingness of Great Britain to take part in Congress. Proposed appeal by Great Britain and France to Austria, Denmark, and Prussia to resume the status quo. Proposed Co-operation of Russia.
- 2. Willingness of France to take part in Congress, but not to adopt the suggestion of a status quo.
- 3. Views of Great Britain on French Proposal for Meeting of a Conference.

 Cession of Venetia to Italy. Destiny of the Elbe Duchies, and Reforms of the Germanic Confederation. Austria, Prussia, Italy, and Frankfort Diet to be invited to the Congress.
- 4. Consent of Great Britain to French Proposal for a Conference.
- 5. Views of Great Britain and France as to Position to be taken by Great Britain, France, and Russia in proposed Conference.
- 6. Consent of Russia to proposed Appeal to Austria, Italy, and Prussia to resume the status quo. Views as to proposed Congress.
- 7. Proposal to Austria to restore Armaments to a Peace Footing.
- 8. Preliminary Conference between the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, France, and Russia. Invitation to be made to Austria, Italy, Prussia, and Germanic Confederation to join in a Congress on the subject of the Cession of Venetia to Italy, the Destiny of the Elbe Duckies, and German Federal Reforms.
- '9. Understanding upon which Great Britain could take part in a Congress for the preservation of the Peace of Europe, and the Questions to be discussed; the Elbe Duckies, Venetia and German Federal Reform.
- 10. Question of Guarantee of the Temporal Power of the Pope not to be referred to in Congress.
- 11. Concurrence of French Government in views of Great Britain relative to the object of the proposed Congress.
- 12. Invitation to Austria, Italy, Prussia, and Germanic Confederation to join in a Congress with a view to the preservation of the Peace of Europe. Objects to be discussed.
- 13. Objects of proposed Congress, and necessity of suspending all Military Preparations during the Sittings of the Conferences.
- 14. Presentation of Identic Notes to Prussian Minister for Foreign Affairs, inviting Prussia to join in a Congress for the preservation of Peace.

 Answers to be sent to respective Courts.
- 15. Acceptance by Prussia to Invitation of 3 Powers to proposed Congress, and the Points to be discussed.
- 16. Replies to French Instructions to attend proposed Congress.
- 17. Consent of Austria to attend proposed Congress, with certain Reservations.
- 18. Consent of Frankfort Diet to attend proposed Congress.

GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. May, June, 1866.] [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

- 19. Consent of Italy to attend proposed Congress.
- 20. Abandonment of proposed Congress on account of Austrian Reservations.
- 21. Abandonment of proposed Congress for the preservation of the Peace of Europe.
- 22. Causes which led to the abandonment of the proposed Congress for the preservation of the Peace of Europe.
 - (1) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.
- Willingness of Great Britain to take part in Congress. Proposed Appeal by Great Britain and France to Austria, Denmark, and Prussia, to resume the status quo. Proposed Co-operation of Russia.

Foreign Office, 2nd May, 1866. (Extract.)

I have received your Excellency's despatch dated yesterday, on the question of assembling a Congress, with the view of endeavouring through its interposition to prevent the breaking out of War in Europe.

Circumstances are very different at the present moment from what they were at the time when a Congress was formerly proposed. At that time Her Majesty's Government feared that a Congress might lead to War; but War being now imminent, a Congress might avert that calamity, and consequently Her Majesty's Government would be willing to take part in it, as they are fully alive to the nature and extent of the danger by which Europe is now menaced.

But Her Majesty's Government consider that a Congress should not meet without its objects being previously defined, and without a reasonable prospect of effecting the purpose for which

The origin of the unfortunate dispute between Prussia and Austria is the Duchies, upon the Annexation of which Prussia appears to be determined. Could a Congress sanction such a policy, which could only be carried into effect by violence, if the wishes of the people were not consulted? and if they were, assuredly Prussia would not obtain the Duchies.

With regard to the Cession of Venetia,* it is notorious that Austria will not cede her Italian provinces, unless she obtains Territorial compensation elsewhere; but where is this to be obtained?

* The Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom was ceded by Austria to Italy by the Treaty signed at Prague 23rd August, 1866.

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

Negotiation, therefore, upon the most important points on which Peace depends, would infallibly fail in a Congress which would be powerless to enforce them; and Her Majesty's Government would be as averse as the Emperor to take part in a Congress which in the face of Europe might prove its impotence for maintaining Peace.

But it does not follow, therefore, that two Powers like England and France, peaceful and prosperous at home, should remain passive spectators of a bloody strife which will at once inflict serious evils upon their subjects.

The 3 Powers now on the point of taking the field have each solemnly declared that it has no aggressive intention against the other; that each is only arming in expectation of attack; and Her Majesty's Government would, therefore, suggest that England and France, acting upon these repeated assurances, and invoking the Declaration of Paris (No. 269), should make a solemn appeal to the honour, the Christian feelings, and the true interests of the 3 Powers, should call upon them to resume the status quo, and declare that the Power which persisted without sufficient cause in provoking an unjustifiable War must in the eyes not only of England and France, but of the whole civilized World, be held responsible for all the calamities which it will cause.

Her Majesty's Government would further suggest that Russia, whose position is analogous to that of England and France, should be invited to join in this appeal.

CLARENDON.

Earl Cowley.

(2) Earl Cowley to the Earl of Clarendon.

Willingness of France to take part in Congress, but not to adopt the Suggestion of a status quo.

(Extract.)

Paris, 4th May, 1866.

On the receipt this morning of your Lordship's despatch of the 2nd instant, and of that of yesterday's date, I went immediately to M. Drouyn de Lhuys and read them to him.

His Excellency said that in addressing himself to the Great Powers with a view of ascertaining their opinion as to the practicability of a Congress at the present moment, he had not enter[Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

tained the expectation that their answers would be other than those which he had received, and which were in general of the same tenor as that returned by your Lordship; but as a proposal for a Congress had been made two years ago by France (No. 356), and as the word "Congress" had again been pronounced now, he had not wished it to be supposed that France was indifferent upon the subject, or would be unwilling to meet her Allies, if the assembling of a Congress should be judged by them to be expedient.

In your Lordship's reasoning as to the impediments to the assembling of a Congress M. Drouyn de Lhuys fully concurs, but I regret to add that he does not seem at all disposed to adopt your Lordship's suggestion that England and France should make a solemn appeal to the Powers now in Arms to resume the status quo.

COWLEY.

The Earl of Clarendon.

(3) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.

Views of Great Britain on French Proposal for the Meeting of a Conference. Cession of Venetia to Italy, Destiny of the Elbe Duchies, and Reforms of the Germanic Confederation. Austria, Prussia, Italy, and Frankfort Diet to be invited to the Congress.

My Lord, Foreign Office, 10th May, 1866.

THE Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne read to me yesterday a telegraphic despatch from M. Drouyn de Lhuys, the substance of which was as follows:

M. Drouyn de Lhuys expressed his opinion that if the Great Powers desired to arrest the events that were approaching, they ought resolutely to assert their claim to take under their control ("évoquer résolument à elles") the Questions that divide the Continent. Three questions now threaten to disturb the Peace of Europe—Venetia, the Elbe Duchies, and Federal Reform in Germany. If England, Russia, and France would consent to join in a Congress, after having agreed that, without raising any other question, their deliberations should be directed exclusively to the Cession of Venetia to Italy (compensation being given to Austria,

No. 277] GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRIA, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Gongress. Peace of Europe.]

and guarantees for the Temporal Power of the Pope),* to the destiny of the Elbe Duchies, and to the Reform of the German Confederation, in so far as it affected the European Equilibrium,—they might invite to this Congress Austria, Prussia, Italy, and a Representative of the German Confederation.

M. Drouyn de Lhuys thinks that it would be impossible to arrive at any previous understanding upon the solution of these Questions, but that it would be sufficient that the 3 Powers above mentioned should announce a firm intention to settle them ("les résoudre"), in order that the evils of War should be averted and Peace secured.

Upon this project M. Drouyn de Lhuys desired to have the opinion of Her Majesty's Government with the least possible delay.

I told the French Ambassador that I could give no answer to the Proposal of M. Drouyn de Lhuys without consulting my Colleagues, beyond saying that we were ready and willing to take part in any measure likely to promote the maintenance of Peace; but that we must see our way before us, and clearly understand the nature of the objects to be pursued, as well as the extent of any engagements we might enter into; that we must not commit ourselves by vague expressions to acts which we did not contemplate, or expose ourselves to the charge of leaving France in the lurch by declining to go her lengths in any course of policy which she might think necessary, but which to us might not seem advisable.

I added, as my own personal opinion, that a Preliminary Congress of 3 Powers—France, England, and Russia—to settle between themselves the Questions laid down in the despatch of M. Drouyn de Lhuys might be offensive to Austria and Prussia; and that as to a "firm intention" to settle these questions, it would be indispensable to define the full intent and purport of these words, because if it was meant that Prussia was to be forced not to annex the Duchies, or that liberty was to be given to her to do so, or that Austria was to be coerced into yielding Venetia, I felt sure that to the declaration, in the present state of affairs, of a "firm intention" so interpreted, Her Majesty's Government could not be a party.

The Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne promised to report these observations as my own, which did not therefore commit Her

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c.

[Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

Majesty's Government; and to ask M. Drouyn de Lhuys for the further explanations of which I had pointed out the necessity.

I am, &c.,

CLARENDON.

Earl Cowley.

(4) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.

Consent of Great Britain to French Proposal for a Conference.

(Extract.) Foreign Office, 10th May, 1866.

The Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne has communicated to me this morning a telegram from M. Drouyn de Lhuys, by which Her Majesty's Government learn with satisfaction that no importance is attached by the French Government to the term "Congress" for the preliminary meeting of English, French, and Russian Representatives; and your Excellency is accordingly instructed that, upon the invitation of M. Drouyn de Lhuys, you may meet his Excellency and your Russian Colleague in order to confer upon the 3 Questions laid down in M. Drouyn de Lhuys' telegraphic despatch which, as stated in my previous despatch of this day, the French Ambassador communicated to me yesterday, and the settlement of which is now of urgent importance for the Peace of Europe.

It is unnecessary that I should inform your Excellency that at any such Meeting you must observe the utmost discretion as regards the language that you may hold.

The importance cannot be exaggerated of leaving no doubt in M. Drouyn de Lhuys' mind of the anxiety of Her Majesty's Government not to enter, even by implication, into any engagements which we should be unwilling or unable to fulfil; and your Excellency will in all respects govern your language by the tenor of my previous despatch of to-day's date, which you will read to M. Drouyn de Lhuys, though, at the same time assuring his Excellency of the anxious desire of Her Majesty's Government to co-operate with the Imperial Government towards arresting the War by which Europe is now menaced.

CLARENDON.

Earl Cowley.

Mo. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

(5) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.

Views of Great Britain and France as to Position to be taken by Great Britain, France, and Russia in Proposed Conference.

Sir,

Foreign Office, 11th May, 1866.

THE French Ambassador has made me acquainted with the reply of which he had already received by telegraph, and stated to me the substance as I informed you in my despatch of yesterday, to the observations which I had made to him on his communication of the previous day, and of which I gave you an account in my other despatch of yesterday, on the subject of a previous understanding being come to by the Governments of England, France, and Russia as to the measures which they might propose to Austria, Prussia, Italy, and Germany, with a view to prevent an interruption of the general Peace.

M. Drouyn de Lhuys says in this despatch that he concurs in the objection I made to the Preliminary Conference between the 3 Powers being designated as a Congress; it is immaterial to France so long as an understanding between the 3 Powers in the interest of Peace is brought about, in what form it is so.

M. Drouyn goes on to say, with reference to the exception which I had taken to the expression of "a firm intention" on the part of the 3 Powers to settle the question of Venetia, the Elbe Duchies, and German Reform, that the avowed Pacific and Neutral Policy of the Imperial Government precluded the supposition of any preconceived plan on the part of France to interfere actively in matters which only concerned her to the extent of the bearing that they had on general interests; that whether all the Great Powers met together in Congress at once, or whether England, France, and Russia alone conferred together with a view to devise a solution of pending Questions, the course usually observed in regard to such Meetings should be adhered to; that if an unanimous conclusion was arrived at, there was an end of the matter; that if it were not so, each Power would, with its own opinion, retain full liberty of action. France fully understood the objection of England to bind herself beforehand to maintain by Force of Arms any recommendations that she might make; and, like England, in case the Powers should not come to a common understanding, France purposed to remain free to act as she thought But M. Drouyn de Lhuys is of opinion that it would be well that the question of the eventual employment of force should be left undetermined (réservée"), inasmuch as the decisions of the [Proposed Congress, Peace of Europe.]

Powers would be stripped of all force and authority if they were to declare beforehand that the Enforcement by Arms of the decisions at which they might arrive was absolutely renounced by them.

I thanked the Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne for the communication, which I said to a great extent removed the objections I had stated to him, and I informed his Excellency of the instructions which had yesterday been sent to your Excellency, authorising you, upon the invitation of M. Drouyn de Lhuys, to meet that Minister and the Russian Ambassador, in order to confer upon the 3 Questions of Venetia, the Elbe Duchies, and German Reform, the settlement of which M. Drouyn de Lhuys had represented as of urgent importance for the Peace of Europe.

I am, &c.,

Earl Cowley.

CLARENDON.

(6) Sir A. Buchanan to the Earl of Clarendon.

Consent of Russia to proposed Appeal to Austria, Italy, and Prussia to resume the status quo. Views as to proposed Congress.

(Extract.)

St. Petersburgh, 7th May, 1866.

On my calling on Prince Gortchakoff at his request this morning, he inquired whether the French Ambassador had said anything to me relative to a Congress being convoked with a view to prevent the present state of affairs in Germany and Italy ending in War, and on my answering in the affirmative he proceeded to acquaint me with what had passed between Baron de Talleyrand and himself on the subject. His Excellency said that the French Ambassador had acquainted him with a suggestion of Her Majesty's Government, that representations should be addressed simultaneously by Great Britain, France, and Russia, to the Cabinets of Vienna, Berlin, and Florence, with a view to induce them to disarm and to seek by negotiation a peaceful arrangement of their differences, but that as the French Government considered such a measure would be ineffectual ("inefficace") they were anxious in the first place to come to some preliminary understanding with Russia respecting the Elbe Duchies, Federal Reform in Germany, and the position of Venice, which might lead eventually to a Congress being held for the settlement of these questions.

Mo. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

Prince Gortchakoff said he had told Baron de Talleyrand when he mentioned the question to him two days ago (and he was about to do so again by the orders of the Emperor), that the present circumstances of Europe were too critical to afford time for discussions upon points in which it would be extremely difficult to induce the different parties interested to agree; but that Russia would be ready to join Great Britain and France, as suggested by Her Majesty's Government, in urging the two German Powers and Italy to replace their Military Establishments on a Peace Footing, and that while he would trust principally to the action of the Emperor Napoleon at Florence to obtain the desired result from the Italian Government, he conceived that the Cabinets of Vienna and Berlin could hardly resist a common energetic appeal to them from the 3 Great Powers.

In the meanwhile, however, his Excellency thought it might be expedient to assent to a proposal for a Congress, provided that the objects to be discussed by it were clearly defined, so that none could be brought forward except those which had reference to the difficulties which have given rise to the present complications.

He further stated that Baron Brunnow had reported what your Lordship had said to him as to the views with which a British Plenipotentiary would enter such a Congress. These views would also, he said, be those of the Russian Plenipotentiary, but he thought it would be inopportune now to discuss details, as he would prefer that the invitation to the Congress should be made in general terms.

The Earl of Clarendon.

A. BUCHANAN.

(7) Sir A. Buchanan to the Earl of Clarendon.

Proposal to Austria to restore Armaments to a Peace Footing.

(Extract.)

St. Petersburgh, 9th May, 1866.

PRINCE GORTCHAKOFF read a despatch to me, which he has forwarded this morning to Vienna, urging on the consideration of the Austrian Government the expediency of immediately coming to an understanding with Italy for a simultaneous restoration of their Armaments to a footing of Peace; and his Excellency said that if the representations of the Russian Minister at Vienna were favourably received by Count Mensdorff, the Russian messenger would proceed immediately to Florence with instructions to Count Kisseleff to express to the Government of Italy the

[Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

earnest hope of the Emperor that they will be ready to enter at once into an arrangement for disarming, which will remove the danger to which the Peace of Europe is at present exposed.

Copies of this despatch were forwarded to-day to Paris and London, and it will be read to your Lordship by Baron Brunnow.

A. BUCHANAN.

The Earl of Clarendon.

(8) Earl Cowley to the Earl of Clarendon.

Preliminary Conference between the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, France, and Russia. Invitation to be made to Austria, Prussia, Italy, and the Germanic Confederation to join in a Congress on the subject of the Cession of Venetia to Italy, the destiny of the Elbe Duchies, and German Federal Reforms.

(Extract.) Paris, 15th May, 1866.

M. DE BUDBERG having informed M. Drouyn de Lhuys yesterday that he had been authorised to assent to the Proposal made to his Government by his Excellency on the 8th instant, to meet his Excellency and myself in Conference, with a view of examining whether some steps might not be taken by the 3 Governments we have the honour to represent for the assembling of a Congress in the interests of Peace, M. Drouyn de Lhuys invited my Russian colleague and myself to meet him this afternoon at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

M. Drouyn de Lhuys opened the conversation by recounting the substance of the communication which he had addressed to London and St. Petersburgh, and he proposed that the Governments of Austria, Prussia, and Italy, and the Germanic Confederation, should be invited by England, France, and Russia to join in a Congress, in order to discuss the 3 Questions laid down in his telegram of the 8th instant, which are set forth in your Lordship's despatch of the 10th instant.

I asked his Excellency how he proposed that this invitation should be made—whether collectively by the 3 Powers, or by France alone, assured of the support of the other two. His Excellency replied, by a collective, or at all events by an identic, communication from the 3 Powers.

M. de Budberg asked when it was proposed that this Congress should be held, and how it was to be composed.

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

M. Drouyn de Lhuys replied that the idea of the Emperor was that the Congress should meet at Paris, and that the Plenipotentiaries of the Powers, resident at Paris, should compose it. Of course if any Government chose to send a Plenipotentiary ad hoc, no objection could be made to it.

COWLEY.

The Earl of Clarendon.

(9) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.

Understanding upon which Great Britain could take part in a Congress for the Preservation of the Peace of Europe, and the Questions to be discussed; the Elbe Duchies, Venetia, and German Federal Reform.

My Lord, Foreign Office, 17th May, 1866.

The French Ambassador has received from M. Drouyn de Lhuys a despatch, dated the 13th instant, referring to the communication made to the latter by your Excellency of the purport of my despatch of the 10th instant.

Your Excellency, M. Drouyn de Lhuys says, agreed with him on the necessity of England, France, and Russia communicating to the Powers whom they might invite to take part in a Congress, the Questions to be there discussed.

The serious circumstances of the present time make it indispensable to restrict, as far as possible beforehand, the range of discussion. Remonstrances or advice would not, in the opinion of the French Government, ensure the result which it was sought to obtain; but being sincerely desirous of arriving at it, the French Government accepted generally the proposition of a Congress when suggested to it, stipulating only that the object for which it was to meet should be clearly defined.

France did not, any more than England or Russia, propose to constitute herself the judge of the Differences which had caused a portion of Europe to take up arms; the 3 Powers did not, therefore, propose to agree among themselves upon the manner in which the question in debate should be solved, and to put forward their conclusions to be accepted by the Powers more directly interested.

But the French Government thought that, when inviting those Powers to join in an endeavour to arrive at a peaceful solution of existing Differences, it was but fair and prudent to

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRIA, &c. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

explain what, in their opinion, were the questions with which the Congress would have to deal.

Those questions were notoriously Venetia, the Elbe Duchies, and Federal Reform in Germany; any general discussion among the Powers of Europe not specially directed to their solution, would leave in full force all the real causes of the collisions which are dreaded.

If the Peace of Europe is to be maintained, it will not do to shrink from examining those questions with a firm intention of solving them. By that, however, the French Government does not mean that England, France, and Russia, being Neutral and relatively disinterested Powers as regards the impending struggle, are bound to impose their opinions on the Powers more directly parties in the dispute. The duty of the 3 Powers would be to propound the questions to be solved, to invite the others to discuss them, and to seek, in concert with the 8 Powers, a solution which they, and not the 3 Powers, have the means of bringing about.

If an agreement were established, Peace would be secured, and the object of the 3 Powers would be obtained; if not, each would, in the presence of a state of things which it had been found impossible to control, be free from any engagements save those which the duty of providing for its own interests would dictate.

Having reported the above to my colleagues, I was authorised by them to express to the French Ambassador, and through your Excellency to M. Drouyn de Lhuys, the satisfaction of Her Majesty's Government at the tone and tenor of the despatch of the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, which will enable Her Majesty's Government to co-operate with the Government of the Emperor in an endeavour to avert from Europe the calamities of War.

Her Majesty's Government concur with M. Drouyn de Lhuys in thinking that the 8 Questions which now place Europe in imminent danger of War, are those of the Elbe Duchies, Venetia, and Federal Reform; and they do not disguise from themselves that their solution, more especially that of the first two, present difficulties of surpassing magnitude; but they must be grappled with earnestly and with a firm intention to overcome them; and the course of proceeding suggested by M. Drouyn de Lhuys is entirely in accordance with the views of Her Majesty's Government.

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRIA, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

His Excellency justly observes that it is not the duty of the 3 Neutral Powers to impose their opinions upon the Powers among whom these serious differences have arisen; but that it is their duty to call upon those Powers to deliberate with England, France, and Russia, who are comparatively disinterested in the impending struggle, upon the causes which have led to these differences, and the means by which they may be arranged. If this call should be responded to, and agreement among all the Powers should be the happy result, Europe will be indebted to the Congress for the inestimable blessing of Peace; but if events beyond the control of the Powers should unfortunately render this agreement impossible, then each will retain its own views, and each will be free from all obligations, and at full liberty to adopt that course of policy which its regard for the Peace and welfare of Europe, and the maintenance of its honour and interests, may seem to it to require.

Upon this understanding, Her Majesty's Government willingly assent to take part in the Congress proposed by the Government of the Emperor.

Your Excellency will read this despatch to M. Drouyn de Lhuys, and give his Excellency a copy of it, should he desire to have one.

> I am, &c., CLARENDON.

Earl Cowley.

(10) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.

Question of Guarantee of the Temporal Power of the Pope not to be referred to in Congress.

(Extract.) Foreign Office, 18th May, 1866.

HER Majesty's Government desire to omit reference to the Guarantee of the Temporal Power of the Pope, because that question does not concern the Peace of Europe, and would therefore be altogether irrelevant to the object for which the Congress would be convoked; and Prussia and Russia would probably have the same objection as the British Government to entering into any such guarantee, and the same difficulties in giving effect to it, if ever called upon to do so.

CLARENDON.

[Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

(11) Earl Cowley to the Earl of Clarendon.

Concurrence of French Government in views of Great Britain relative to the object of the proposed Congress.

My Lord,

Paris, 19th May, 1866.

I had the honour to receive this morning your Lordship's despatch of the 17th instant, stating the understanding upon which Her Majesty's Government would be willing to take part in the Congress for the preservation of Peace proposed by the Government of the Emperor.

I saw M. Drouyn de Lhuys this afternoon, and read your Lordship's despatch to him. His Excellency expressed his agreement in all your Lordship's observations, and his satisfaction with the tone of your despatch. In future his Excellency proposed to substitute the word Conference for Congress, as more adapted to the form of invitation which it was now proposed to address to the Powers in Arms.

I thought it right to remind M. Drouyn de Lhuys that in stating to the Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne that I had agreed with his Excellency on the necessity of England, France, and Russia communicating to the Powers whom they might invite to take part in a Congress, the questions to be there discussed, he had over-estimated my words, for that I had invariably given him to understand that anything which I might say in the course of these Preliminary discussions could have no value unless ratified by Her Majesty's Government. His Excellency fully admitted the truth of this remark.

M. Drouyn de Lhuys having expressed a desire to have a copy of your Lordship's despatch, I have directed that one may be made and sent to him.

I have, &c., COWLEY.

The Earl of Clarendon.

⁽¹²⁾ The Earl of Clarendon to the British Representatives at Vienna, Berlin, Florence, and Frankfort.

Invitation to Austria, Italy, Prussia, and Germanic Confederation to join in a Congress with a view to the Preservation of the Peace of Europe. Objects to be discussed.

My Lord, Foreign Office, 24th May, 1866.
THE difference which has arisen between Austria and Prussia
1668

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

on account of the affairs of the Duchies daily assumes more menacing dimensions, and becomes a serious matter of anxiety for Europe. Public opinion is alarmed at the prospect of a War in which so many interests would be involved. The 3 great Neutral Powers themselves could not contemplate without disquietude the possibility of an armed conflict between States for which they profess an equal degree of friendship. Considerations of the highest character urged them to devise the means of averting this danger. Great Britain, France, and Russia have consulted together on this matter, under the influence of the same peaceful and conciliatory sentiments, and after interchanging their impressions they have agreed to invite to take part in common deliberations the Governments which are or which may be involved in the dispute, namely, Austria, Prussia, Italy, and the Germanic Confederation.

The object of these deliberations is self-evident. It is proposed in the interest of Peace to settle by means of diplomacy the question of the Elbe Duchies, that of the Italian dispute, and, lastly, that of the Reforms to be introduced in the Federal Pact, so far as they may affect the Balance of Power in Europe.

If the Governments to whom we address this appeal agree to it, as we hope they will do, their Plenipotentiaries might join at Paris those of Great Britain, France, and Russia. As regards the time of the Meeting, it would be desirable that it should take place without any delay. It is impossible too soon to dispel the apprehensions caused by the present crisis, and give to Europe in her present state of anxiety a pledge of security. The negotiations will have all the better prospect of success if they are not disturbed by the clash of Arms, and by susceptibilities arising out of points of military honour. We are persuaded that in acceding to the proposal of the 3 Courts, the Powers who are now engaged in military preparations might be disposed to suspend them, even if they should hesitate to replace their forces on a Peace footing.

I have to instruct you to come to an understanding with your colleagues the Representatives of France and Russia, who will receive from their Courts similar instructions, with a view to making simultaneously to the Government to which you are accredited a communication in the terms of the present despatch.

Her Majesty's Government await with anxiety the decision of the Government of Austria.

> I am, &c., CLARENDON.

[Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

(13.) Circular to British Ministers at the German Courts and at Berne.

Objects of proposed Congress, and necessity of suspending all Military Preparations during the Sittings of the Conferences.

(Extract.) Foreign Office, 28th May, 1866.

HER Majesty's Government and the Governments of France and Russia have been in earnest consultation with each other on the question of making a common effort to preserve the Peace of Europe.

The last remaining chance of doing so has appeared to the 8 Powers to be found in inviting to a Conference the Representatives of the several Powers, who, from the scale on which their Military Preparations are being pushed forward, may be expected to engage in War, for the purpose of considering with the Representatives of England, France, and Russia, whether some means of settlement cannot be devised which shall avert so great a calamity.

It has appeared to the 3 Powers that it would be desirable to specify the precise points on which these discussions should turn; and the points of which they consider the adjustment to be most required at the present moment are those of the Elbe Duchies, the Italian dispute, and Federal Reform in Germany, so far as the latter may affect the Balance of Power in Europe.

The 3 Powers have accordingly instructed their Representatives at Vienna, Berlin, Frankfort, and Florence, formally and simultaneously to invite the Governments to which they are accredited to take part with the Governments of England, France, and Russia in common deliberations, having for their object a settlement of those 3 questions.

The 3 Powers have named Paris as the seat of the Conference, and have pointed out that it should be opened as soon as possible. They have further suggested that it would be advantageous if, during the Conference, Military Preparations were suspended, even should the forces now enrolled not be replaced on a Peace Footing.

Her Majesty's Government have lent themselves to this proceeding with the greatest satisfaction. They heartily join in an endeavour to preserve the Peace of Europe, and they will not abandon the hope that the Conference may lead to that result. They have every assurance that the Invitation of the 3 Powers

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

will be accepted by those to whom it has been addressed; but if the case should be otherwise, or if events beyond the control of the Powers should unfortunately render an agreement impossible, it is clearly understood that each of the Neutral Powers who will have been instrumental in bringing about the Conference will retain its own views, and that each will be free of all obligations, and at full liberty to adopt that course of policy which its regard for the Peace and welfare of Europe, and the maintenance of its honour and interests, may seem to require.

You will not fail in any conversation that you may hold with the Government to which you are accredited, on the matters to which I have now referred, to lay particular stress on the importance attaching to a suspension, at least, of Military Preparations during the sitting of the Conference. It would be inexcusable in any Power if it were to attempt to render nugatory the meeting of the Conference by measures tending to precipitate a commencement of Hostilities.

CLARENDON.

(14.) Lord A. Loftus to the Earl of Clarendon.

Presentation of Identic Notes to Prussian Minister for Foreign Affairs, inviting Prussia to join in a Congress for the Preservation of Peace. Answers to be sent to respective Courts.

My Lord,

Berlin, 28th May, 1866.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's despatch of the 24th instant, which was delivered to me yesterday morning by Mr. Johnson.

In conformity with your Lordship's instructions I immediately placed myself in communication with my colleagues the Representatives of France and Russia, who had received from their Courts despatches of a similar nature, with a view to arranging the mode of fulfilling our respective instructions.

After a mutual communication of the despatches we had received from our Governments, we agreed to ask for an interview with Count Bismarck, at which we should severally and conjointly present copies of them to his Excellency. The French Ambassador applied to Count Bismarck, in our joint names, for an interview, and his Excellency appointed to-day, at one o'clock, to receive us.

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. · [No. 377 [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

Accordingly, at the appointed hour we repaired to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

The French Ambassador, after a few words stating that the object of our joint communications was the preservation of Peace, proceeded to read to his Excellency the despatch of his Government, Identical with the draft of which a copy was inclosed in your Lordship's despatch of the 24th instant. When M. Benedetti had concluded, M. d'Oubril and I presented to his Excellency copies of our respective despatches, stating that they were Identic with the despatch which the French Ambassador had just read.

Count Bismarck, after stating that his Sovereign desired nothing better than Peace, and was most willing to concur in any way towards its maintenance, and to avert War, said that he would take the orders of his Sovereign. He added that, at the same time, he might say, from his knowledge of the King's views, that there would be no difficulty raised on the part of Prussia in accepting the invitation to the proposed Conference. He recalled to M. Benedetti and to myself that, when on a previous occasion we had unofficially inquired his opinions on the subject of a Conference, he had expressed himself as well disposed to take part in it.

His Excellency then said that he would make a few observations on the communication the French Ambassador had just read.

First of all, he must remark that, with reference to the differences between Austria and Prussia, he could not admit that they were solely to be attributed to the question of the Duchies. He stated that Prussia would not have undertaken a War for the acquisition of one Duchy; and that, however difficult the position might have become between the two States with respect to the Government of those Duchies, still there was nothing to have. prevented the continuance of the status quo for many years. But, observed his Excellency, early in March, Austria commenced Military Preparations which at last assumed such dimensions that the safety of Prussia was endangered, and the King was obliged to order Defensive Armaments for the security of Berlin from a sudden attack.

It was therefore Austria who had been the first to commence these Armaments, and by her threatening attitude to produce the crisis of which Europe now complained.

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

The second observation which his Excellency made had reference to the participation in the Conference of the Germanic Confederation. He observed that the invitation (as he had learnt from Frankfort) had been already made to the Diet. He stated that with the exception of the late Conference in London on the Danish question (No. 362), it was the only occasion on which the Diet had been invited to take part in an European Conference. He did not, however, object to the participation of that body, the more so as Austria and Prussia were members of the Diet, and represented as such two-thirds of the Germanic Confederation.

If the Invitation had not been yet addressed he should have suggested a different course, and would have proposed that one of the Governments of the Minor States should have been selected to have represented the Germanic Confederation.

His Excellency observed that time was of great value to Prussia; the cost of maintenance of her present Armaments was very great; and it was therefore of the utmost importance to her that the Conference should be opened with the least delay. He feared that the participation of the Diet would occasion much delay. By the rules of that body a delay of 8 days was allowed to the Plenipotentiaries to obtain instructions from their respective Governments previous to taking a vote. Then again he observed that instructions would have to be drawn out for the Plenipotentiary selected to represent the Germanic Confederation; and it was in the power of any one State to raise objections which might be productive of delay and inconvenience.

Then again he observed that possibly the Plenipotentiary might have to refer to the Diet during the course of the Conferences for fresh instructions, which would occasion a fresh delay. The purport of his Excellency's observations appeared to refer exclusively to the delay and loss of time which may be occasioned by the participation of the German Confederation in the proposed Conference, and which his Excellency seems to fear may greatly retard the progress of its deliberations.

Count Bismarck finally inquired whether in the Invitation any precise allusion was made to the participation at the Conference of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the respective Countries, or whether the resident Representatives at Paris would be empowered to act as Plenipotentiaries.

M. Benedetti replied that in the despatch he had read the point was not precisely stated. After some desultory conversa-

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [No. 377 [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

tion on this subject Count Bismarck stated that unless it was a condition sine qua non, or that the other Ministers for Foreign Affairs attended in person, he should be glad to be relieved of this duty, as his presence was imperatively required here.

I here observed that although I had no instructions on this point, it appeared to me that there were two reasons which would render desirable the presence of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs at the Conference: 1st, the presence of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs would give greater solemnity to the Conference; and, second, their participation in the Conference would obviate the necessity, in many cases, of applying for instructions to the different Governments, and consequently a great saving of time might thus be effected.

Count Bismarck observed that his presence in the Conference would not prevent his being obliged to refer any decision of importance to the King; he finally stated that of course his participation in the Conference must depend on the King's wishes.

M. Benedetti then begged to invite Count Bismarck's attention to that portion of the despatch referring to the suspension of the Armaments by the Powers now engaged in Military Preparations, even if they should hesitate to replace their Forces on a Peace footing.

Count Bismarck replied that Austria was the State to apply to in this respect; he remarked that Prussia had never recalled her proposal and readiness to disarm, but it was Austria, he said, who had first commenced the Armaments, and therefore it was for her first to commence the Disarmament.

Before taking leave of Count Bismarck, his Excellency stated that he would reply to the communication we had conjointly made from our respective Governments through the Prussian Representatives in London, Paris, and St. Petersburgh, and that he would communicate to us conjointly the Prussian answer as soon as it was ready.

I have, &c., AUGUSTUS LOFTUS.

The Earl of Clarendon.

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

(15.) Count Bismarck to Count Bernstorff.

Acceptance by Prussia to Invitation of 3 Powers to proposed Congress, and the points to be discussed.

(Translation.)

M. le Comte,

Berlin, 29th May, 1866.

THE Representatives of England, France, and Russia came to me yesterday to communicate the Identic Despatches in which their respective Governments invite the Government of the King to take part in deliberations which, according to their intention, are shortly to take place in Paris, in order to solve the various Questions which now threaten the Peace of Europe.

I hastened to lay this communication, of which your Excellency will find a copy enclosed herewith, before the King, our august Sovereign; and fully entering into the sentiments which have prompted the 3 Powers to adopt this course, His Majesty has deigned to direct me to announce to them that he readily accepted the proposal made to him, and that his Plenipotentiaries would join those of the other Powers in Paris.

The Government of the King thinks it right to record in this communication an observation suggested to it by the wording of the Invitation. It cannot admit that it is the question of the Elbe Duchies which threatens the Peace of Europe; the Government of the King, at least, has never intended to solve this question by recourse to Arms. It considers, on the contrary, the menacing attitude and the Military Preparations of Austria and other German Governments as the true origin of the complications which have since assumed more and more alarming proportions. Desirous, however, of contributing, so far as lies in its power, to remove all the causes of anxiety which weigh upon Europe, this Government consents willingly to submit this question, as well as the two others mentioned in the communication of the 3 Courts, to common discussion. The Government of the King shares fully the opinion of the 3 Governments that the meeting of the Conference must be hastened as much as possible, convinced as it is that any delay must compromise the chances of a successful issue.

I beg, M. le Comte, that you will communicate this despatch to Lord Clarendon.

I have, &c.,

Count Bernstorff.

VON BISMARCK

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [No. 377 [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

(16.) Earl Cowley to the Earl of Clarendon.

Replies to French Instructions to attend Proposed Conference.

My Lord,

Paris, 31st May, 1866.

M. Drouyn Dr Lhuys has now been replied to affirmatively by all the Foreign Ministers invited to come to Paris; and his Excellency will address to-night telegrams to the different Courts proposing Tuesday, the 12th proximo, as the day for the first meeting of the Conference.

I asked his Excellency whether it was intended that the Members of the Conference should be limited to the Ministers, or whether others should be associated with them.

His Excellency replied that his notion was that the Conference should be established on the same principle as the Congress of 1856 (No. 268); that the Members should have Full Powers, but that each Government should use its own pleasure as to the appointment of one or more Plenipotentiaries.

I have, &c.,

The Earl of Clarendon.

COWLEY.

(Translation.)

(17.) Count Mensdorff to Count Apponyi.

Consent of Austria to attend Proposed Congress, but with certain Reservations.

Vienna, 1st June, 1866.

You will find annexed herewith a copy of the despatch communicated to me on the 29th of May by Lord Bloomfield, which transmits to the Imperial Government the Invitation to take part in common deliberations which are shortly to commence in Paris. A similar Invitation has been addressed to us at the same time, and in almost Identical terms, by the Courts of Paris and St. Petersburgh.

The 3 Cabinets inform us that the object of these deliberations would be to solve in the interest of Peace, by means of diplomacy, the Question of the Elbe Duchies, that of the Italian difficulty, and, lastly, that of the Reforms to be introduced in the German Federal Pact, so far as they may concern the Balance of Power in Europe.

We rejoice in doing justice to the sentiments which have dictated the steps taken by the 3 Powers. Austria especially is

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866 [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

too alive to the blessings of Peace not to see with pleasure the efforts made to avert from the face of Europe the calamities of War.

Notwithstanding the difficulties of our position in presence of the existing state of affairs, notwithstanding the very natural objections to which the idea of a Meeting called upon to discuss questions of a most delicate nature, as regards the Imperial Government, might give rise in our minds, we do not refuse to associate ourselves with these efforts. We thus wish to give a fresh proof of the conciliatory and disinterested views which have never ceased to animate our policy.

The Imperial Government desires only to receive beforehand the assurance that all the Powers which are to participate in the projected Conference are as ready as itself not to pursue any private interest to the detriment of the general Peace. In order that the work of Peace, which the Cabinets have in view, may be successfully accomplished, it appears to us indispensable that an agreement should be come to beforehand, to the effect that all plans tending to give a Territorial Aggrandizement or an Increase of Power to any one of the Powers invited to the meeting, be excluded from the deliberations. Without this Preliminary Guarantee, which removes all ambitious designs, and leaves room only for arrangements equitable for all parties in the same degree, it appears to us impossible to depend on a happy issue for the proposed deliberations.

No power imbued with really peaceful views will hesitate to enter into an engagement such as that which I have just indicated, and the Cabinets will, in that case, be able to occupy themselves with some chance of success at the solution of the present difficulties.

We believe that the English Government will not fail to recognise the legitimacy of our request. It will no doubt observe our sincere wish to secure to the Conferences the only basis possible to prevent any illusion, avert misunderstanding, protect existing rights, and thus again allow Europe to attach well-founded hopes of Peace to the opening of the deliberations. As soon as the 3 Governments which have invited us are prepared to give us the assurance we ask for, the Imperial Government will hasten, by sending a Plenipotentiary to Paris, to confirm the adhesion it this day gives, with the above reservation, to the proposal which has been made to it.

It must, however, be clearly understood that the position assumed by the Imperial Government towards that of King Victor Emmanuel cannot either be altered or prejudged by the eventual consent of Austria to be represented in an assembly which has to apply itself to the Italian difficulty.

In all diplomatic Conferences, held before War may have broken off any former engagement, it must be admitted that the International Law of Europe, and therefore the Treaties, naturally serve as starting-points of discussion. We believe that this remark cannot give rise to any objections; it is sufficient to show the attitude which we shall have to assume; and we think we are giving the Powers a pledge of the perfect loyalty of our intentions in showing a frankness which must be completely reciprocal if it is desired that a sincere effort at reconciliation should be attempted.

Lastly, we must express some surprise that the Government of the Pope is not also invited to take part in deliberations concerning the Italian difficulty. Surely the situation of Italy cannot be discussed without taking the interests of the Papacy into consideration. Apart from the questions of right, which we desire, however, to preserve entire, the Temporal Power of the Pope is, it appears to me, a fact recognised by all Governments. His Holiness has, therefore, the unquestionable right to make his voice heard in an assembly which has to occupy itself with the affairs of Italy.

Be so good as to communicate this despatch to Lord Clarendon, and to express to him the hope that he will receive our remarks with the same loyal spirit which has dictated them to us.

We are of opinion that the respective positions should be clearly defined on either side, if we would not lull Europe and ourselves by false illusions at the risk of thus augmenting rather than diminishing the peril.

We think, therefore, that we are rendering service to the general interest in making this request, and in inviting such explanations as will throw more light on the situation.

Receive, &c.,

MENSDORFF.

Count Apponyi.

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Burope.]

(Translation.)

(18.) M. de Kübeck to Sir A. Malet.

Consent of Frankfort Diet to attend proposed Congress.

Frankfort, 1st June, 1866.

THE Undersigned, Minister of Austria, President of the Germanic Diet, has had the honour of receiving the Note which his Excellency Sir Alexander Malet, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Her Britannic Majesty to the Germanic Confederation, has been pleased to address to him on the 27th ultimo, by common understanding with his Excellency the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of the French, and of His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, to invite the Germanic Confederation to take part in the deliberations which are to take place in Paris in the interests of the maintenance of Peace.

He has hastened to communicate this Note to the Upper Diet, and has the honour of informing Sir A. Malet that the Diet has just resolved to respond to the Invitation made to the Germanic Confederation. In like manner as the Governments of Great Britain, France, and Russia have acted under a common feeling of Peace and Reconciliation, the Diet, true to the spirit of the Treaties on which the Germanic Confederation is based, is animated by a great desire to contribute, so far as depends upon it, to the maintenance of Peace.

It manifests this desire in making every possible effort to this effect in its own sphere, and it will also prove it by a loyal and disinterested co-operation in the proposed negotiations.

These deliberations will have for object the question of the Elbe Duchies, the Italian difficulties, and the Reforms to be introduced into the Federal Pact so far as they may interest the Balance of Power in Europe.

There is no obstacle in the way of the Germanic Confederation taking part in the deliberations on the question of complications in Italy, which not only concern European, but also German interests. The other questions, however, necessitate some explanatory observations. The Holstein question, putting Schleswig aside, has always been considered purely German; that of the Reform of the Federal Constitution, excepting as regards the International Relations of the Germanic Confederation, has always been looked upon as purely internal, and there is no

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [No. 377 [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

ground for believing that these Questions will be looked upon in a different light during the coming deliberations. The Diet thinks it right to confine itself, therefore, to laying down these principles. It also believes itself confident of the general assent in declaring that it will ever adhere to the principle that no modification or abrogation of the Treaties can be made without the consent of the parties interested.

According to these views the Germanic Confederation will send, as soon as possible, its Plenipotentiary to Paris.

The Diet has confided this honourable mission to the Baron von der Pfordten, Minister of State of His Majesty the King of Bavaria; he will join the other Plenipotentiaries as soon as the date of the meeting is made known.

The Undersigned begs that his Excellency Sir A. Malet will bring this communication under the notice of the Government of Her Britannic Majesty.

KUBECK.

Sir A. Malet.

(Translation.)

(19.) General La Marmora to the Marquis d'Azeglio.

Consent of Italy to attend proposed Congress.

M. le Ministre,

Florence, 1st June, 1866.

THE Representatives of Great Britain, France, and Russia at this Court presented to me this day Identic Notes in the name of their respective Governments, inviting Italy to take part in the deliberations to take place in Paris, in order to solve by means of diplomacy the 3 principal Questions which threaten with imminent War both Italy and Germany.

The Government of the King adheres to this proposal with all the eagerness demanded by the urgent nature of the existing complications. It lends its support to the noble undertaking of the 3 great Neutral Powers with the greater alacrity, since it is far from apprehending, with respect to the interests which concern it most, the trial of a solemn debate.

We believe it to be a duty incumbent on the Governments engaged in the dispute not to elude the difficulties which have provoked it: the efficacy of the work to be performed by the

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

Conference depends on it. As far as we are concerned, the clearly defined nature of our position with regard to Austria renders this duty an easy one to fulfil.

The double nature of the existing differences between Prussia and Austria has been defined in the notes which the Ministers of the 3 Powers have been pleased to remit to me. Failing any mutually recognised basis of solution, this is at least a starting-point which will allow the Conference to give at the outset a useful direction to its discussions. The Government of the King is desirous to contribute its share, in order that the meeting of the Plenipotentiaries of the different Powers may be followed by results favourable to the interests of Germany. As to the difference which for a long time has divided Austria and Italy, it would seem that the definition of its object has not even been deemed necessary.

From whatever point of view it is considered, it is impossible to ignore the fact that the domination of Austria over Italian Provinces creates between Austria and Italy an antagonism which vitally affects the very existence of the two States. This situation, after constituting for several years a permanent danger to the Peace of Europe, has just reached a decisive crisis.

Italy has been forced to arm to ensure her independence; she is convinced, on the other hand, that the meeting convoked at Paris will aid in the settlement now considered indispensable, as it is not too much to say, by the conscience of Europe.

I beg, M. le Ministre, that you will communicate the contents of this despatch without delay to his Excellency the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

I have, &c., ALPHONSE LA MARMORA.

Marquis d'Azeglio.

(20.) The Earl of Clarendon to Earl Cowley.

Abandonment of proposed Congress on account of Austrian Reservations.

My Lord,

Foreign Office, 5th June, 1866.

THE French Ambassador has read to me to-day a despatch from M. Drouyn de Lhuys, dated yesterday, on the subject of the answer returned by the Austrian Government to the Invitation

to a Conference, which had been addressed to it by the Governments of England, France, and Russia.

M. Drouyn de Lhuys observes that, by excluding any fresh Territorial Arrangements the Cabinet of Vienna precludes the Conference from entertaining the question of the Italian dispute; that by reason of the Declaration made at Frankfort by Austria on the 1st June, the question of the Elbe Duchies is equally withdrawn from discussion in the Conference, inasmuch as it is transferred to the Diet; and that the remaining question of Federal Reform, which would have been treated of in Conference from its bearing, first, on the differences between Austria and Prussia, and, secondly, on the general interest of the Balance of Power, is not of itself of sufficient importance to warrant the Convocation of a Conference.

The French Government, under these circumstances, concur with those of England and Russia in considering that it would be of no advantage to open the Conference; they are deeply grieved at the disappointment of the hopes which they had placed in its result; they do full justice to the readiness with which Italy and Prussia have accepted the Invitation of the 3 Powers; they desire to record the high opinion they entertain of the frankness and sincerity of the British Government, which so greatly contributed to the establishment of an understanding between the 3 Powers; and they take exactly the same view as the British Government of the incident which has compelled them to suspend their efforts to bring about a discussion which they trusted would have conduced to the reconciliation of the Powers now in Arms and to the maintenance of Peace.

I am, &c., CLARENDON.

Earl Cowley.

(21.) Circular to Her Majesty's Ministers at the German Courts and Berne.

Abandonment of proposed Congress for the Preservation of the Peace of Europe.

(Extract.) Foreign Office, 5th June, 1866.

It is with the utmost regret that I have to acquaint you that looking to the Reserves made by the Cabinet of Vienna in announcing its readiness to attend the proposed Conference at Paris,

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

it has appeared hopeless to anticipate any good result from such a meeting of the Plenipotentiaries of the several Powers, and therefore the project has been altogether abandoned.

Her Majesty's Government do not feel called upon to pronounce any judgment on the course that the Austrian Government has pursued in this matter. But they cannot do otherwise than feel the greatest regret that apparently the last expedient for preserving the Peace of Europe has been renounced without a trial, and that there remains nothing more for the Neutral Powers at the present moment to do than to look on with sorrow at the misery and ruin by which it is probable that some of the fairest countries in Europe will be overwhelmed.

But though disappointed at the failure of their recent endeavours, in conjunction with France and Russia, at all events to retard for a time the breaking out of War, while conscious of having used their utmost exertions for that purpose, Her Majesty's Government will not abandon the hope that the experience of its evils may in a short time render all those who are engaged in it more disposed to lay aside extreme pretensions and ambitious views, and to accept with sincerity the Good Offices of friendly Powers for the settlement of differences and for the reconciliation of animosities. Her Majesty's Government will be at all times ready to contribute to the utmost of their ability, and with entire singleness of purpose, to the adjustment, not only of the questions which now divide the litigant States, but of any others which may arise between them in the prosecution of Hostilities.

It is the earnest desire of Her Majesty's Government that all such differences should be settled between States without a recourse to War.

CLARENDON.

^(22.) The Earl of Clarendon to the British Representatives at Vienna, Berlin, Florence, and Frankfort.

Causes which led to the Abandonment of the proposed Congress for the Preservation of the Peace of Europe.

Sir, Foreign Office, 8th June, 1866.

THE Austrian Ambassador has communicated to me a despatch from his Court in reply to the Invitation which you, in conjunction with your colleagues of France and Russia, ad-

May, June, 1866.] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [No. 377 [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

dressed to the Austrian Government to attend a Conference at Paris, having for its object to devise means for maintaining the Peace of Europe.

The Prussian Ambassador and the Italian Minister have made known to me in the same manner the replies of their respective Courts; and Her Majesty's Envoy at Frankfort has reported to me the result of his communication on the subject with the Diet of the Germanic Confederation.

It is unnecessary for me to comment severally on these answers, which, with one exception, would have realised the object which the Governments of England, France, and Russia sought to obtain by their invitations, and would have admitted of a free deliberation between the neutral and the dissident Powers that might have resulted in an amicable understanding in regard to all points of difference by which the latter are divided.

Unfortunately the decision of Austria to subject her entrance into the Conference to the acceptance by the other Powers of a Preliminary Condition, which would have eliminated from discussion one of the topics most fraught with danger to the general Peace, and her further decision to make over to the German Confederation, so far as she was concerned, the solution of another most vital question, debarred the Conference from entering upon two out of the three matters for the settlement of which it was proposed it should assemble; and it has appeared, therefore, to the Governments of England, France, and Russia, useless to open a discussion upon the third alone, which only partially affected the general interests of Europe.

Under these circumstances Her Majesty's Government could not hesitate to concur with the Governments of France and Russia in the inutility of proceeding further with the proposed Conference, and it only remains for me to instruct you to announce to the Government to which you are accredited that it is abandoned.

But in making this communication, and in expressing the regret of Her Majesty's Government at the disappointment of the expectations which Europe might have entertained of a successful issue of the Conference, you will add that Her Majesty's Government will not abandon the hope that, at no distant day, recourse may be had to the friendly intervention of Neutral and disinterested Powers for restoring the good understanding now

No. 377] GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, &c. [May, June, 1866. [Proposed Congress. Peace of Europe.]

unfortunately interrupted; and that in that case Her Majesty's Government will be found disposed to exert to the utmost their Good Offices in the cause of Conciliation and of Peace.

I am, &c.,

CLARENDON.

Note.—In September, 1855 (during the Crimean War), the Emperor of the French proposed to the British Government that in any further discussions which might arise for the re-establishment of Peace, the condition of Poland should be considered, and His Majesty appealed to the Treaties of 1815.

The British Government replied (22nd September, 1855), that "without entering into any engagement, or binding themselves to any particular course of action, it would be sufficient for England and France to agree generally upon the principle involved in this question, and to determine that future events should, as far as practicable, be turned to account in favour of Poland; and that, although the People of England and France were well disposed towards Poland, and would gladly learn that the wrongs of that unfortunate Country were redressed, yet it might well be doubted whether they would for that object consent indefinitely to prolong the War, and whether the two Governments would not lose the support of public opinion in carrying on the War if it became known that the re-constitution of Poland were made a condition sine quá non of Peace."

At the close of the Conferences of Paris in 1856, the Earl of Clarendon, in a Despatch to Viscount Palmerston (15th April, 1856) stated as follows:— "Since the commencement of the Conferences, I have not failed to bear in mind the deep interest which Her Majesty's Government have always taken in the condition of Poland; and I have been most anxious to bring that question before the Congress in order to obtain some expression of opinion on the subject from that Body, or some assurance from the Representatives of the Emperor of Russia that His Majesty intended to adopt a more conciliatory Policy towards his Polish Subjects;" and he concluded his Despatch by stating that the Russian Plenipotentiary (Count Orloff) had declined "to make any declaration respecting Poland;" but had said "that the Emperor had determined to do everything that had been suggested, and that the Amnesty would be comprehensive; that he wished to signalise his Coronation by these and other Acts of Grace, but that their good effect would be destroyed if His Majesty's intentions were declared beforehand; and that, if he (Lord Clarendon) persisted in bringing the matter before the Congress, he should be compelled to give an unfavourable answer, and to say that Foreign Intervention would probably lead to a postponement or a diminution of the favours which His Majesty meant to bestow on his Polish Subjects."

Under those circumstances Count Walewski and Lord Clarendon agreed that the more prudent course would be not to bring forward the question in the Congress. [Prussian Invasion of Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, and Saxony.]

No. 378.—PRUSSIAN DECLARATION of the Necessity for the Invasion of Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, and Saxony. Berlin, 16th June, 1866.

(Translation.)

The Confederation having been dissolved by the Resolution of the 14th (No. 376), and Prussia finding herself threatened with War, the duty of self-preservation required that the Country was secured against neighbouring States. Prussia on the 15th June proposed to Saxony, Hanover, and Hesse-Cassel an Alliance founded on Unarmed Neutrality, with the condition of the Convocation of a German Parliament with the object of securing Peace. At the same time Prussia promised to those States the Guarantee of the state of Possession and their Sovereignty.

The 3 above-mentioned States have declined the offer.

The Geographical position of Prussia not admitting that it should tolerate in those Countries either an open or concerted Hostility during a War carried on elsewhere, the Royal Troops have this morning passed the Frontier in the 3 directions in order to prevent their being attacked behind whilst they are defending themselves against Austria.

It is reported that the Hesse-Cassel and Hanoverian Governments have stopped the Railways and Telegraph Lines in their States. On the Express Train which passed this night through Hanover was a detachment of Pioneers to execute, it is said, the order to destroy the Hanoverian Railroad on the Frontiers of Brunswick.

Those proceedings show more clearly than any other how impossible it is for Prussia, at the time of being threatened with War by Austria, to allow at its rear as doubtful neighbours, those Countries which separate the two parts of the Monarchy, and who Arm in conformity with the Federal Resolution voted by the enemies of Prussia.

After the Hanoverian Government had offered, in its Note of the 14th May, 1866, to conclude a Treaty of Neutrality with Prussia, after Prussia had officially accepted that offer, but that Hanover had not kept her promise and had pronounced against Prussia by her Vote relative to the Mobilisation of the German [Prussian Invasion of Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, and Saxony.]

Contingents, it was impossible for Prussia to act otherwise than she has done.

The Hanoverian Government will be responsible towards their Country, for having rejected the means of an Arrangement so amicably offered of concluding a Treaty of Neutrality with Prussia, who would at the same time have guaranteed the Possessions and Sovereignty of Hanover, and of preferring the Austrian Alliance.

His Majesty's Government have instructed the Royal Legations to state, in the first instance, by Notes to the Powers which signed the Act of Congress of 9th June, 1815 (No. 27), the breaking up of the Federal Act (No. 26), and consequently of Articles LIV and LXIII of those European Treaties, in which that Act has been reproduced, and afterwards to communicate that Act to all the other Powers.

Public Organs announce that His Highness Duke Ernest of Coburg holds an eminent position among the Princes who intend to defend the Rights of Prussia. We fulfil our duty in announcing that fact, and in stating that Duke Ernest expressed himself with as much decision as firmness against the Austrian proposal of Mobilisation.

Many Ratepayers offer to the Government to pay their Contributions for one year and more in advance, and to place at their disposal Capital without Interest so long as the War lasts. His Majesty has gratefully appreciated these proofs of devotion and patriotic feelings. It would not be in conformity with the interests of the State to reject such patriotic offers, and the Tax Officers have received the necessary orders to receive the Contributions and the Capital offered without interest.

No. 379.—AUSTRIAN MANIFESTO of War with Prussia and Italy. Vienna, 17th June, 1866.

(Translation.)

While engaged in a work of Peace, which was undertaken for the purpose of laying the foundation for a Constitution which should augment the unity and Power of the Empire, and at the same time secure to my several Countries and Peoples free internal development, my duties as a Sovereign have obliged me to place my whole Army under arms.

On the Frontiers of my Empire, in the south and in the north, stand the Armies of two enemies who have allied with the intention of breaking the power of Austria as a great European State.

To neither of those enemies have I given cause for War. I call on an Omniscient God to bear witness that I have always considered it my first, my most sacred duty, to do all in my power to secure for my Peoples the blessings of Peace.

One of the Hostile Powers requires no excuse. Having a longing to deprive me of parts of my Empire, a favourable opportunity is for him a sufficient cause for going to War, which nothing justifies.

As for the Prussian Arms, which now threaten to invade our Northern Frontier, hardly two years have elapsed since a part of my faithful and heroic Army undertook with them, as Allies, a campaign on the borders of the Black Sea.

I had accepted that union of Arms with Prussia in order to preserve Rights founded on Treaties, to protect a threatened German Population, and to limit within the narrowest bounds the evils of an inevitable War.

By that Alliance of the Two Great Powers of Central Europe, to whom the task of preserving Peace had devolved, I intended to obtain Guarantees of a lasting Peace to the great advantage of my Empire, of Germany, and of Europe.

Conquests I never sought, and I have never allowed the 1688

slightest doubts of my intentions to be held, either by my brothers in Arms, or by Europe.

Disinterested on the conclusion of the Alliance with Prussia, I have remained faithful to that feeling.

When shortly after the conquest of the Elbe Duchies new preparations for War were made, even when it was no longer a secret to any one that an understanding had been come to amongst my enemies, the object of which could only be an attack on my Empire, I did not then abandon the hope of preserving Peace, and faithful to my duties as a Sovereign, I showed myself ready to make every Concession compatible with honour and the happiness of my Peoples.

I did not, however, fail to perceive that prolonged hesitation would make it difficult efficiently to repel an attack from without and would endanger the security of the Empire.

Then only did I resign myself to the cruel Sacrifices inseparable upon putting an Army on the War footing.

To the specific assurances given by my Government to the reiterated Declarations that I was ready to proceed with Prussia to a reciprocal and simultaneous Disarmament, what did the Cabinet of Berlin answer?

It made counter-propositions which, if they had been accepted, were tantamount to a total forgetfulness of the duties imposed upon me, and to the honour and safety of my Empire.

Prussia demanded a previous and complete Disarmament, not only in so far as concerned herself, but also towards Italy, whose armed forces threatened my States in the South, and for whose Pacific Intentions no Guarantee was or could be offered.

The negotiations with Prussia in respect to the Elbe Duchies clearly proved that a settlement of the question in a way compatible with the dignity of Austria, and with the rights and interests of Germany and the Duchies, could not be brought about, as Prussia was violent and intent on conquest. The negotiations were therefore broken off, the whole affair was referred to the Bund, and at the same time the Legal Representatives of Holstein were convoked.

The danger of War induced the 3 Powers—France, England, and Russia—to invite my Government to participate in General Conferences, the object of which was to be the maintenance of Peace (No. 377). My Government, in accordance with my views, and, if possible, to secure the blessing of Peace for my peoples, did

not refuse to share in the Conferences, but made their acceptance dependent on the confirmation of the supposition that the Public Law of Europe and the existing Treaties were to form the basis of the attempt at Mediation, and that the Powers represented would not seek to uphold special interests which could be prejudicial to the Balance of Power in Europe and to the rights of Austria. The fact that the attempt to mediate failed because these natural suppositions were made, is a proof that the Conferences could not have led to the maintenance of Peace.

The recent events clearly prove that Prussia substitutes open violence for right and justice.

The rights and the honour of Austria, the rights and the honour of the whole German Nation, are no longer a barrier against the inordinate ambition of Prussia. Prussian Troops have entered Holstein, the Estates convoked by the Imperial Stadtholder have been violently dissolved, the Government of Holstein, which the Treaty of Vienna (No. 367) gives to Austria and Prussia in common, has been claimed for Prussia alone, and the Austrian Garrison has been obliged to give way to a force ten times as strong as itself.

When the German Bund, which saw in the measure no infraction of the Federal Laws, accepted the Austrian proposition to "mobilize" the Federal Troops, Prussia, who prides herself on being the defender of the interests of Germany, resolved to complete the work she had begun. Violently severing the tie which unites the German races, Prussia announced her Secession from the Bund (No. 376), required from the German Governments the acceptance of a so-called project of Reform, which in reality is a division of Germany, and now she employs Military Force against those Sovereigns who have faithfully discharged their Federal Duties.

The most pernicious of Wars, a War of Germans against Germans, has become inevitable, and I now summon before the tribunal of History—before the tribunal of an Eternal and all-powerful God, those persons who have brought it about, and make them responsible for the misfortunes which may fall on individuals, families, districts, and countries.

I decide upon fighting, confident in the goodness of my cause and upheld by the feeling of the inherent power of a great Empire, and in which the Prince and the People are united in one

and the same idea, in one and the same hope, those of defending the Rights of Austria.

At the sight of my valiant Armies, so ready for the fight, which form the bulwark, the rampart against which the forces of the enemy will dash themselves to pieces, I feel my courage and my confidence redoubled, and I can but feel a good hope when I meet the gaze of my faithful Peoples, united and determined, and their ready devotion for every sacrifice.

The pure flame of patriotic enthusiasm strives with the same intensity throughout my Empire. At the first call, the soldiers on furlough immediately joined their standards; volunteers enrol themselves in special Regiments; the whole population able to bear Arms in the threatened Provinces fly to arms, and with the noblest self-denial they all strive to lessen the evils of War, and to provide for the wants of the Army.

But one feeling animates the Inhabitants of my Kingdoms and Provinces: they feel the ties which unite them, the strength which comes from Union.

At this serious, but at the same time such an edifying moment, I doubly regret that the understanding on the constitutional questions are not sufficiently advanced to admit of my assembling the Representatives of all my Kingdoms around my Throne; actually deprived of that prop, my duty as a Sovereign is only the clearer, and my resolution to secure for ever the Constitutional Rights of my Empire can but be strengthened.

We shall not be alone in the struggle which is about to take place. The Princes and Peoples of Germany know that their Liberty and Independence are menaced by a Power which listens but to the dictates of egotism and is under the influence of an ungovernable craving after aggrandizement; and they also know that in Austria they have an upholder of the Freedom, Power, and Integrity of the whole of the German Fatherland. We and our German brethren have taken up Arms in defence of the most precious Rights of Nations. We have been forced so to do, and we neither can nor will disarm until the internal development of my Empire and of the German States which are allied with it has been secured, and also their power and influence in Europe.

My hopes are not based on unity of purpose or power alone. I confide in an Almighty and just God, whom my House from its

[War. Prussia and Austria.]

tions, to prepare the civil portion of the Prussian People for a great development of power.

Like myself, every Prussian will confidently cast his eyes upon the armed force which defends our Frontiers.

With their King at their head, the Prussian Nation will truly feel itself a People in Arms.

Our opponents deceive themselves if they imagine Prussia to be paralysed by dissensions at home. Before the enemy these disappear, and all hitherto opposed to one another stand henceforth united in triumph or misfortune.

I have done everything to save Prussia from the expenses and sacrifices of a War; my People know it; God also knows it, He who searches our hearts.

Up to the last moment I have striven, in conjunction with France, Great Britain, and Russia, to come to an amicable arrangement (No. 377).

Austria refused, and other German States have openly sided with her.

Let it then be so!

It is not my fault if my People are forced to maintain a difficult struggle, and perhaps to bear hard trials; but no other choice was left.

We are compelled to fight for existence. We must go forth to battle for life or death against those who wish to humiliate the Prussia of the great Elector, of the great Frederic, of the Prussia such as she has come out of the War of Independence, from the position to which the spirit of her Princes, the bravery, devotedness, and morality of her People have raised her.

Let us implore the Almighty, He who rules the destinies of Peoples and Battles, that He may bless our Arms.

If God give us the victory, we shall be strong enough to reunite more firmly and more prosperously those loosened ties of Germany which they who fear the right and the power of the national spirit have torn asunder.

WILLIAM.

Berlin, 18th June, 1866.

[War. Italy and Austria.]

No. 881.—ITALIAN MANIFESTO of War with Austria. 19th June, 1866.

(Translation.)

SEVEN years have already passed since Austria attacked my States (No. 293) because I had supported the common cause of the Country in the Councils of Europe, and had not been insensible to the cries of anguish which arose from every part of oppressed Italy.

I took up the sword to defend my Throne, the liberty of my People, the honour of the Italian name, and to fight for the right of the Nation. Victory was in favour of good right. The valour of the Army, the aid of the Volunteers, the concord and wisdom of the People, and the assistance of a magnanimous Ally, gained the almost complete Independence and Liberty of Italy. Supreme reasons which we were obliged to respect prevented us from at that time accomplishing that just and glorious enterprise. One of the noblest Provinces of the Peninsula remained in the hands of Austria, notwithstanding its heroic resistance and continual protest against Foreign Dominion rendered them especially dear and sacred to us. Though sorrowful at heart, I abstained from troubling Europe, which desired Peace, and sympathised in the foundation and the increase of my Kingdom.

My Government occupied itself with improving the work of interior organisation, with opening sources of public prosperity, and with fortifying the Country by land and by sea, in order that Italy, placed in a position not to dread an attack, should find in the consciousness of her strength reasons for a watchful prudence, awaiting the moment in which, with the assistance of the opinion of civilised nations, and the principles of a wise liberality which prevailed in the Councils of Europe, a favourable opportunity should arise of delivering Venetia,* of accomplishing and insuring her Independence.

Although waiting was not without danger nor without sorrow, within Frontiers badly defined and disarmed, under the constant threats of the Enemy, who had for a long period accumulated in the Provinces submitted to her sway formidable preparations of attack and defence; notwithstanding the distressing spectacle of the treatment inflicted on the miserable populations which she

^{*} The Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom was ceded by Austria to Italy by the Treaty signed at Prague, 23rd August, 1866.

[War. Italy and Austria.]

had acquired by conquest and an iniquitous division, I nevertheless knew, for the sake of European tranquillity, how to suppress my feelings as an Italian and King, and the just impatience of my Peoples. I knew how completely to preserve the right of securing the life and the destiny of the Nation when the time arrived. I knew how to preserve intact the dignity of the Crown and of Parliament, in order that Europe might understand what was due to Italy.

Austria, suddenly reinforcing her Troops upon our Frontier, and provoking us by her hostile and threatening attitude, has come to disturb the pacific task undertaken to complete the organisation of the Kingdom and to alleviate the great sacrifices imposed upon my Peoples by the presence of the enemy on the National Territory.

I have replied to that unjustifiable provocation by again taking up Arms, and you have afforded a sight grand and dear to me, by the promptness and the enthusiasm with which you have hastened to join the glorious ranks of my Army and Volunteers.

Nevertheless, when friendly Powers endeavoured to settle the difficulties by a Congress, I gave a last pledge of my feelings to Europe, and hastened to accept the proposal (No. 377). Austria again refused, this time rejecting negotiations and all argument, affording thus a fresh proof that if she confides in her strength she does not rely equally upon the goodness of her cause and of her right. You also, Italians, may trust in your strength, looking with pride upon your valiant Army and strong Navy, but you may rely still more firmly upon the sacredness of your right, the triumph of which is henceforth infallible. We are supported by the judgment of public opinion and by the sympathy of Europe, which knows that Italy, independent and secure in her Territory, will become a guarantee for Peace and Order, and will henceforth be a powerful instrument of universal civilisation.

Italians! I hand over the Government of the State to the Prince of Carignan, and again take up the eagles of Goito and Pastrengo, of Palestro and San Martino. I feel that I shall accomplish the vows made at the tomb of my high-minded father.

I wish to be once more The first soldier of Italian Independence. Long live Italy!

RICASOLI.

VICTOR EMMANUEL.

[Great Britain proclaimed its Neutrality in this War on the 27th June, 1866.]

[War. Italy against Austria.]

No. 382.—ITALIAN DECLARATION of War against Austria. Cremona, 20th June, 1866.

THE Empire of Austria has been for Centuries past the principal cause of the division, the subjection, and the incalculable moral and material wrongs of Italy. Now that the Nation is constituted, Austria withholds recognition, and continues to oppress one of our noblest Provinces, transforming it into a vast intrenched camp, in order to menace our existence, rendering our internal and external political development impossible.

The counsels and efforts of the friendly Powers with Austria were useless, and it was inevitable that Austria and Italy should again find themselves face to face in the first European complication.

The initiative taken by Austria, in armaments, and her rejection of the pacific propositions of the Neutral Powers, proved her hostile designs (No. 377). The People of Italy have risen up from one extremity of the Peninsula to the other, and it is for these reasons that the King, the guardian of his People's rights and the defender of the Integrity of the National Territory, declares War to the Empire of Austria.

I notify to your Imperial Highness the order of the King that Hostilities will commence within 3 days hence unless your Highness does not accept this delay, in which case I beg you to be good enough to inform me to that effect.

ALFONSO LA MARMORA.

To His Highness the Prince of Carignan.

No. 383.—PRELIMINARY TREATY OF PEACE between Austria and Prussia. Signed at Nikolsburg, 26th July, 1866.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Austrian Territory to remain intact, with the exception of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom. Withdrawal of Prussian Troops.
- 2. Dissolution of the Germanic Confederation. Formation of North German Confederation and a South German Union.
- 8. Schleswig and Holstein to be transferred to Prussia, except northern part to be retroceded to Denmark on certain Conditions.
- 4. Austria to pay War Expenses to Prussia.
- 5. Territorial State of the Kingdom of Saxony. Austria to recognise New Organisation of North Germany.
- 6. Preliminaries of Peace and Armistice to be recognised by King of Italy.
- 7. Ratifications.
- 8. Peace to be concluded on basis of Preliminary Treaty.
- 9. Armistice to be concluded between Austria and Saxony and Prussia. Conclusion of Armistice with other States.

(Translation.)

THER Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia, animated with the desire of restoring the benefits of Peace to their Countries, have for that purpose, and in order to settle the Preliminaries of Peace, appointed Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, the Count Aloisius Karolyi, and the Baron Adolphus von Brenner-Felsach;

And His Majesty the King of Prussia, Otho, Count von Bis-marck-Schönhausen, his President of the Council and Minister for Foreign Affairs;

Who, after exchanging their Full Powers, which were found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following fundamental points as the basis of the Peace to be concluded without delay.

Austrian Territory to remain intact, with the exception of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom. Withdrawal of Prussian Troops.

- ART. I. With the Exception of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom,† the Territory of the Austrian Monarchy remains intact. His Majesty the King of Prussia engages to withdraw his
 - See Treaty of Peace, signed at Prague, 23rd August, 1866.
- † The Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom was ceded by Austria to Italy by the Treaty of Prague of 23rd August, 1866.

Troops from the Austrian Territories occupied by them as soon as the Peace shall be concluded, under reservation of the arrangements to be made upon the definite conclusion of the Peace for guaranteeing the payment of the War Indemnity.

Dissolution of the Germanic Confederation. Formation of North German Confederation and a South German Union.

ART. II. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria recognises the Dissolution of the Germanic Confederation as it has existed hitherto (No. 26), and consents to a new organisation of Germany without the participation of the Empire of Austria. His Majesty likewise promises to recognise the closer Union which will be founded by His Majesty the King of Prussia, to the north of the line of the Main, and he declares that he consents to the German States south of that line entering into a Union, the national relations of which, with the North German Confederation, are to be the subject of an ulterior agreement between the two Parties.*

Schleswig and Holstein to be transferred to Prussia except Northern part to be retroceded to Denmark on certain Conditions.

ART. III. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria transfers to His Majesty the King of Prussia all the Rights which the Treaty of Vienna of 39th October, 1864 (No. 367), recognised as belonging to him over the Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein, with this reservation, that the people of the Northern Districts of Schleswig shall be again united to Denmark if they express a desire to be so by a vote freely given.

Austria to pay War Expenses of Prussia.

ART. IV. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria undertakes to pay His Majesty the King of Prussia the sum of 40,000,000 thalers to cover a part of the Expenses which Prussia has been put to by the War. But from this sum may be deducted the amount of the Indemnity for the costs of War which His Majesty the Emperor of Austria still has the right of exacting from the Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein, by virtue of Article XII of the Treaty of Peace of 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), before cited, say 15,000,000 thalers, with 5,000,000 in addition, as the equivalent of the cost of providing for the Prussian army, maintained by the Austrian Countries occupied by that army until the time of the conclusion of the Peace.

^{*} See Treaty between Austria and Prussia of 23rd August, 1866, Article IV.

Territorial State of the Kingdom of Saxony.

ART. V. In conformity with the wish expressed by His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, His Majesty the King of Prussia declares his willingness to let the Territorial State of the Kingdom of Saxony continue in its present extent, when the modifications are made which are to take place in Germany; reserving to himself, however, to regulate in detail, by a special Peace with His Majesty the King of Saxony, the questions as to Saxony's part in the expenses of the War, as well as the future position of the Kingdom of Saxony in the North German Confederation.*

Austria to recognise New Organisation of North Germany.

On the other hand, His Majesty the Emperor of Austria promises to recognise the New Organisation which the King of Prussia will establish in the North of Germany, including the Territorial modifications consequent thereon.

Preliminaries of Peace and Armistice to be recognised by King of Italy.

ART. VI. His Majesty the King of Prussia undertakes to prevail upon His Majesty the King of Italy, his Ally, to give his approval to the Preliminaries of Peace and to the Armistice based on those Preliminaries, so soon as the Venetian Kingdom shall have been put at the disposal of His Majesty the King of Italy by a Declaration of His Majesty the Emperor of the French.‡

Ratifications.

ART. VII. The Ratifications of the present Convention shall be exchanged at Nikolsburg in the space of two days at the latest.

Peace to be concluded on Basis of Preliminary Treaty.

ART. VIII. Immediately after the Ratification of the present Convention shall have been effected and exchanged, their Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia will appoint Plenipotentiaries, who will meet at a place to be hereafter named, to conclude the Peace upon the Basis of the present Preliminary Treaty, and to agree upon the details of the conditions.

Armistice to be concluded between Austria and Saxony and Prussia.

ART. IX. For that purpose the Contracting States, after

- * See Treaty of 21st October, 1866.
- † See Treaty of 28rd August, 1866, Article IV; and Constitution of 14th June, 1867.
 - 1 See Treaty of 23rd August, 1866, Article II.

having decided upon these Preliminaries, will conclude an Armistice for the Austrian and Saxon armies on the one part, and for the Prussian army on the other part, of which the detailed conditions, from the military point of view, are to be immediately determined. That Armistice shall date from the 2nd of August, the day to which the present Suspension of Arms shall be prolonged.

Conclusion of Armistice with other States.

The Armistice shall, at the same time, be concluded with Bavaria, and General the Baron von Manteuffel will be instructed to conclude with the Kingdom of Wurtemberg and the Grand Duchies of Baden and Hesse-Darmstadt, as soon as those States shall propose it, an Armistice beginning on the 2nd August, and founded on the state of military possession at the time.

In faith whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention, and to it have affixed the Seals of their Arms.

Done at Nikolsburg, 26th July, 1866.

(L.S.) KOROLYI. (L.S.) BRENNER.

Accessories.

Baden	• •	• •	• •	13th August, 1866
Bavaria	• •	• •	• •	17th August, 1866
Hesse-Dari	• •	• •	22nd August, 1866	
Saxe-Meini	ngen	• •	• •	8th October, 1866
Saxony	••	• •	• •	21st October, 1866
Wurtember	rg	• •	• •	13th August, 1866

[A Convention of Armistice was concluded between Austria and Prussia at Vienna on the 26th July, 1866; and another Convention between the Austrian and Italian Military Commissioners on the 12th August, 1866.]

No. 384.—TREATY OF PEACE between Prussia and Wurtemberg.* Signed at Berlin, 13th August, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. War Indemnity to be paid by Wurtemberg to Prussia.
- 3. Guarantee for Payment of the Indemnity.
- 4. Discount on earlier payment of Indemnity.
- 5. Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Wurtemberg.
- 6 Property belonging to former Germanic Confederation.
- 7. Renewal of Zollverein Treaties.
- 8. Appointment of a Commission to regulate Railway Traffic. Establishment of New Railway Communications.
- 9. Accession of Wurtemberg to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.
- 10. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

Their Majesties the King of Wurtemberg and the King of Prussia, desirous of insuring to their people the blessings of Peace, have determined to come to an agreement upon the stipulations of a Treaty of Peace to be concluded between them.

For this purpose their Majesties have named as their Plenipotentiaries:

The King of Wurtemberg, the Minister of the Household and of Foreign Affairs, Baron Charles von Varnbüler, of Hemmingen, &c.; and the Minister of War, Lieutenant-General Oscar von Hardegg, &c.;

The King of Prussia, the President and Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count Otto von Bismarck-Schönhausen, &c.; and the Privy Councillor Chamberlain and Envoy, Charles Frederick von Savigny, &c.

These Plenipotentiaries after exchanging their Powers, which were found in good order, have agreed upon the following stipulations:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. Between His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg and His Majesty the King of Prussia, their Heirs and Successors, their States and Subjects, there shall be Peace and Friendship henceforth for ever.

* A Treaty of Alliance was signed on the same day.

War Indemnity to be paid by Wurtemberg to Prussia.

ART. II. His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg binds himself to pay to His Majesty the King of Prussia within two months the sum of 8,000,000 florins, for the purpose of covering a part of the expenses incurred by Prussia in the War.

By the payment of this sum, His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg frees himself from the obligations for damages incurred by him by §§ 9 and 10 of the Armistice Treaty, dated 1st August, 1866, at Eisingen, near Würzburg.

Guarantee for Payment of the Indemnity.

ART. III. His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg gives a Guarantee for the payment of this sum by the deposit of 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. Wurtemberg State Obligations to the amount of the sum to be guaranteed. These papers are to be reckoned at the exchange of the day and the Guarantee sum is to be raised 10 per cent.

Discount on earlier Payment of Indemnity.

ART. IV. His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg is at liberty to pay the whole or part of the above Indemnity earlier with a discount of 5 per cent. per annum.

Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Wurtemberg.

ART. V. As soon as the Guarantee is given, according to Article III, or the payment of the War Indemnity is made, the King of Prussia will withdraw his Troops from the Wurtemberg Territory. The provisioning of the Troops during their Withdrawal will be made in accordance with the existing Federal. Regulations.

Property belonging to former Germanic Confederation.

ART. VI. The apportionment of the Property belonging to the former Germanic Confederation is reserved for Special Arrangement.

Renewal of Zollverein Treaties.

ART. VII. The High Contracting Powers will enter into negotiations for the arrangement of the Zollverein question as soon as Peace is concluded. In the meantime the Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865, and the Conventions connected therewith, which

became inoperative by the outbreak of War, shall again come into force on the day of the exchange of the Ratifications of this present Treaty, with the condition that each of the High Contracting Powers may give 6 months' notice of its cessation.

Appointment of a Commission to regulate Railway Traffic.

ART. VIII. The High Contracting Powers, as soon as Peace is restored in Germany, will cause the meeting of a Commission for the purpose of establishing the passenger and goods Traffic of the Railways on a proper basis; especially to regulate the state of competition in a proper manner; and to oppose such efforts of separate Boards as are injurious to the general interests of traffic.

Establishment of New Railway Communications.

Inasmuch as the High Contracting Powers are agreed that the establishment of all New Railway communications conducive to the general interest is to be allowed and as far as possible promoted; they will cause the above-named Commission to lay down principles most advantageous to the general interests of traffic in this respect.

Accession of Wurtemberg to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.

ART. IX. His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg acknowledges. the conditions of the Preliminary Treaty of Nicolsburg of 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), between Prussia and Austria, and, as far as the future of Germany is concerned, accedes to the same.

Ratifications.*

ART. X. The Ratifications of the present Treaty shall take place at the latest on the 21st August this year.

In witness whereof the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have this day signed and affixed their Seals to this Treaty in duplicate.

Done at Berlin, 13th August, 1866.

- (L.S.) VARNBULER. (L.S.) v. BISMARCK. (L.S.) HARDEGG. (L.S.) v. SAVIGNY.
- * Ratifications were exchanged at Berlin, in August, 1866.

[Union of Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, Nassau, and Frankfort to Prussia.]

No. 385.—MESSAGE from the King of Prussia to the Landtag, for their sanction to the Annexation of Hanover,*
Hesse-Cassel, Nassau, and Frankfort† to Prussia. Berlin, 16th August, 1866.‡

ANNEX

TABLE.

- 1. Draft of a Law for Uniting the Kingdom of Hanover, the Electorate of Hesse, the Duchy of Nassau, and the Free Town of Frankfort, with the Prussian Monarchy.
- 2. Reasons for the Draft of Law for the Annexation of the Kingdom of Hanover, &c.
- 3. Royal Authority to the President of the Landtag to bring before it the Draft of a Law for the Annexation of Hanover, &c.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., hereby declare and make known:

The Governments of the Kingdom of Hanover, of the Electorate of Hesse, and of the Duchy of Nassau, as well as the Free Town of Frankfort, have by their participation in the hostile conduct of the former Diet placed themselves in a state of open War with Prussia. They declined the Neutrality as well as the Alliance repeatedly offered to them by Prussia, even at the last moment, under the promise of a Guarantee of the Integrity of their Territory; they took an active part in the War of Austria against Prussia, and appealed to the decision of War for themselves and their Countries. This decision, according to Goo's decree, has been against them. Political necessity obliges us not to restore to them the power of government, of which they have been deprived by the victorious advance of our army.

The aforesaid countries could, in case they maintained their Independence, cause, from their geographical position, difficulties and obstructions, by a hostile or even doubtful attitude of their Governments towards Prussian policy and military action, far surpassing the extent of their actual power and importance. Not

- * The King of Hanover protested against this Annexation on the 23rd September, 1866.
- † The Inhabitants of Frankfort protested against the Annexation of their Territory to Prussia on the 24th September, 1866.
- ‡ The Landtag gave its sanction to the Annexation of these States to Prussia, by a Decree, dated 20th September, 1866.

[Union of Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, Nassau, and Frankfort to Prussia.]

from a desire of acquiring Territory, but from a feeling of duty to protect our inherited States from a recurrence of the danger, to give a broader and surer foundation to the national reorganization of Germany, the necessity arises for us to unite for ever with our monarchy the Kingdom of Hanover, the Electorate of Hesse, the Duchy of Nassau, and the Free Town of Frankfort.

We know very well that only a part of the people of those States share with us the conviction of this necessity. We respect and honour the feelings of loyalty and devotion which bind the Inhabitants of those Countries to their Princely Houses and to their Independent Political Institutions, but we trust that the lively share in the progressive development of the National Commonweal, together with an indulgent attention to special legal interests, will facilitate the inevitable transition into the new and more extensive community.

We call on the Houses of the Landtag to give their constitutional sanction to the contemplated Union, and for this purpose send them the accompanying draft of law.

Berlin, 16th August, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

v. BISMARCK and 7 others.

- (Annex I.)—Draft of a Law for Uniting the Kingdom of Hanover, the Electorate of Hesse, the Duchy of Nassau, and the Free Town of Frankfort, with the Prussian Monarchy.
- (Annex II.)—Reasons for the Draft of Law for the Annexation of the Kingdom of Hanover, &c.
- (ANNEX III.)—Royal Authority to the President of the Landtag to bring before it the Draft of a Law for the Annexation of Hanover, &c.—Berlin, 16th August, 1866.

No. 386.—TREATY OF PEACE between Prussia and Baden. Signed at Berlin, 17th August, 1866.

ABT.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Indemnity to Prussia towards Expenses of the War.
- 3. Guarantee for Payment.
- 4. Discount on earlier payment of Indemnity.
- 5. Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Baden. Provisioning of Troops.
- 6. Property belonging to former Germanic Confederation.
- 7. Renewal of Zollverein Treaties.
- 8. Appointment of a Commission to regulate Railway Traffic. Establishment of New Railway Communications.
- 9. Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Rhine.
- 10. Accession of Boden to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.
- 11. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, and His Majesty the King of Prussia, actuated by the desire of securing to their subjects the blessings of Peace, have determined to come to an agreement as to the clauses of a Treaty of Peace to be concluded between them, and, for this purpose, have appointed as Plenipotentiaries:

The Grand Duke of Baden, his President of the Department of the Household and of Foreign Affairs, Rudolf von Freydorf, &c.;

The King of Prussia, his President of the Council and Minister for Foreign Affairs, Count Otto von Bismarck-Schönhausen, &c.

These Plenipotentiaries having exchanged their Full Powers, and found them in good order, have agreed upon the following clauses:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. Peace and friendship shall henceforth subsist between His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, and His Majesty the King of Prussia, their Heirs and Successors, their States and subjects for ever.

Indemnity to Prussia towards Expenses of the War.

Ann. II. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden en-1707

gages to pay to His Majesty the King of Prussia the sum of 6,000,000 florins within two months, towards covering part of he costs incurred by Prussia in the War.

By payment of this sum, the Grand Duke of Baden relieves himself of the compensation obligations undertaken by him in \$ 7 of the Armistice Convention signed at Würzburg, 1st August, 1866.

Guarantee for Payment.

ART. III. As a pledge for the payment of this sum the Grand Duke of Baden will deposit Baden State Bonds, or furnish the Guarantee of the administration of the Discount Company here.

Discount on earlier Payment of Indemnity.

ART. IV. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden retains the right of paying the above-mentioned sum in part, or wholly, at an earlier date, at a discount of 5 per cent. per annum.

Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Baden.

ART. V. Immediately after the Guarantee is given, in accordance with Article III, or after the payment of the War Contribution has been made, the King of Prussia will withdraw his Troops from Baden Territory.

Provisioning of Troops.

The Provisioning of the Troops during their withdrawal shall be according to the hitherto existing scale of the Confederation.

Property belonging to former Germanic Confederation.

ART. VI. The Apportionment of Federal Property belonging to the former Germanic Confederation is reserved for a Special Agreement.

Renewal of Zollverein Treaties.

ART. VII. The High Contracting Parties will enter into negotiations for the settlement of the Zollverein relations immediately after the conclusion of the Peace. In the meantime the Zollverein Union Treaty of 16th May, 1865, and the Conventions connected therewith, which have been rendered inoperative by the outbreak of the War, shall again come into operation from the day th

Ratifications of this present Treaty are exchanged, with the understanding that it remains reserved to either of the High Contracting Parties to allow them to lapse after a notification of 6 months.

Appointment of a Commission to regulate Railway Traffic.

ART. VIII. Immediately after the restoration of Peace in Germany, the High Contracting Parties will cause a meeting of Commissioners to agree upon rules for the furtherance of passenger and goods Traffic upon the Railways as much as possible, especially to regulate the relations of competition in a suitable manner, and to oppose the efforts of individual companies disadvantageous to the public interests of traffic.

Establishment of New Railway Communication.

Since the High Contracting Parties are agreed that the establishment of every new Railway line conducive to the public advantage is to be permitted and supported as fully as possible, they will also have the principles demanded by the general interests in this respect laid down by the aforesaid Commissioners.

Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Rhine.

ART. IX. The High Contracting Parties will from the 1st January, 1867, entirely abolish the levying of Navigation Dues on the Rhine, both in respect to the ship dues—Tariff B of the Convention of 31st March, 1831 (No. 151),—and also to duties on Lading—Additional Articles XVI and XVII of the Convention of 31st March, 1831, in so far as the remaining Rhine States simultaneously adopt the same measures.

Accession of Baden to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.

ART. X. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden recognises the arrangements made by the Preliminary Treaty concluded between Prussia and Austria, at Nikolsburg, on the 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), and accedes thereto upon his part also, so far as they affect the future of Germany.

Ratifications.*

ART. XI. The Ratification of this present Treaty shall take place at latest by the 21st August this year.

* Retifications exchanged at Berlin, in August, 1866, 1709

In witness whereof the above-named Plenipotentiaries have signed the same this day in duplicate, and appended their Seals. Done at Berlin, 17th August, 1866.

(L.S.) von FREYDORF. (L.S.) von BISMARCK.

[A Treaty of Offensive and Defensive Alliance was signed between Baden and Prussia on the 17th August, 1866; a General Treaty of Offensive and Defensive Alliance between Prussia, Saxe-Weimar, Oldenburg, Brunswick, Saxe-Altenburg, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Anhalt, Schwartzburg-Rudolstadt, Schwartzburg-Sondershausen, Waldeck and Pyrmont, Reuss-Schleitz, Schaumburg-Lippe, Lippe, Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburgh, was signed on the 18th August, 1866; a Treaty of Offensive and Defensive Alliance was signed between Prussia and Mecklenburg-Schwerin and Mecklenburg-Strelitz on the 21st August, 1866; and a Treaty between Prussia and Reuss-Greitz, for the Accession of Reuss to the Treaty of Alliance of 18th August, 1866, was also signed at Berlin on the 26th September, 1866.]

* Referred to in Treaties of 8th and 21st October, 1866.

No. 387.—TREATY OF PEACE between Bavaria and Prussia. Signed at Berlin, 22nd August, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. War Indemnity to be paid by Bavaria to Prussia.
- 3. Guarantee for the payment of Indemnity.
- 4 Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Bavaria.
- 5. Accession of Bavaria to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.
- 6. Special Agreement to be made relative to Property-Relations.
- 7. Renewal of Zollverein Treaty.
- 8. Renewal of Treaties, &c.
- 9. Appointment of Railway Commission.
- 10. Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Rhine. Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Main.
- 11. Telegraphs within North German Confederation to pass over to Prussia.
- 12. Archives of Nuremberg and Brandenburg to be given to Prussia.
- 13. Right of Dusseldorf Gallery of Paintings, to be decided by Arbitration.
- 14. Cessions by Bavaria to Prussia. Appointment of Boundary Commissioners. Transfer of Territory.
- 15. Delivery of Property of Private Bailways.
- 16. Release of Prisoners of War.
- 17. Bonds taken at Kissingen to be restored to Bavaria.
- 18. Ratifications.

Appendix I.

Boundary of Territory to be ceded by Bavaria on the Rhon Mountains in Lower Franconia.

Boundary of Territory to be ceded by Bavaria in the Orber-Reisig in Lower Franconia.

Appendix II.—Protocol.

Regulation of Boundaries ceded to Prussia in the Districts of Orb and Gersfeld, and the Enclave of Caulsdorf.

(Translation.)

There Majesties the King of Bavaria and the King of Prussia, led by the desire of securing to their people the blessings of Peace, have determined to agree upon the stipulations of a Treaty of Peace, to be concluded between them: for that purpose their Majesties have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

His Majesty the King of Bavaria, his Minister of State for the Royal Household and for Foreign Affairs, Lewis Baron von 1711

der Pfordten, &c.,; and his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Imperial Court of Austria, Otto Count von Bray-Steinburg, Minister of State, out of service, and Hereditary Councillor of the Empire, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Prussia, his Minister President and Minister for Foreign Affairs, Count Otto von Bismarck-Schönhausen; and his Actual Privy Councillor, Chamberlain, and Envoy, Charles Frederick von Savigny.

Who, after exchanging their Full Powers, which were found in good order, have agreed upon the following Treaty stipulations:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. There shall henceforth be Peace and Friendship for ever between His Majesty the King of Bavaria and His Majesty the King of Prussia, their Heirs and Successors, their States and Subjects.

War Indemnity to be paid by Bavaria to Prussia.

ART. II. His Majesty the King of Bavaria undertakes to pay to His Majesty the King of Prussia the sum af 30,000,000 florins, in silver thalers or silver bars, to cover part of the expenses which Prussia has been put to by the War. 10,000,000 of that sum are to be paid at the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, with the allowance of a discount on two months, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum; 10,000,000 within 3 months; and 10,000,000 within 6 months after the Ratification. The last two instalments will bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. from the beginning of the third month after the Ratification.

Guarantee for the Payment of Indemnity.

ART. III. His Majesty the King of Bavaria will Guarantee the Payment of the aforesaid sum by the deposit either of 6 per cent. Bavarian Treasury Orders, or Bavarian or Wurtemberg State Bonds and Bills of Exchange of the first houses, on the Bank of Nuremberg, bearing the endorsement of the Royal Marine Department. The $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. State Bonds will be reckoned at the rate of 70, the 4 per cent. at 80, the $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. at 90, the 5 per cent. at 95.

Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Bavaria.

ART. IV. After the Ratification of the present Treaty, the 1712

2nd Royal Prussian Reserve Corps will begin its retreat from Bavaria, and will evacuate the Bavarian Territory as quickly as possible. Immediately after the Guarantee has been given in accordance with Article III, or after payment of the War Indemnification, His Majesty the King of Prussia will withdraw all the rest of his Troops from the Bavarian Territory, and they will leave that Territory as quickly as possible. The Maintenance of the Troops on their retreat is to be provided for according to the Federal Regulations on the subject hitherto in force.

Accession of Bavaria to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.

ART. V. His Majesty the King of Bavaria recognises the stipulations of the Preliminary Treaty, concluded between Prussia and Austria at Nikolsburg, on the 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), and accedes to them on his part also, in so far as they affect the future of Germany.

Special Agreement to be made relative to Property Relations.

ART. VI. The arrangement of the Property Relations founded by the late Germanic Confederation is reserved for Special Agreement.

Renewal of Zollverein Treaties.

ART. VII. The High Contracting Parties will enter into negotiations for the Regulation of the Zollverein Affairs immediately after the conclusion of the Peace. In the meantime, the Customs Union Treaty of 16th May, 1865, and the Conventions connected therewith, which have become inoperative by the outbreak of the War, shall come again into operation from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, with the condition that it is reserved for each of the High Contracting Parties to put an end to the operation thereof after a notice of 6 months.

Renewal of Treaties, &c.

ART. VIII. All other Treaties and Conventions concluded between the High Contracting Parties before the War are hereby again brought into force.

Appointment of Railway Commission.

ART. IX. Immediately after the restoration of Peace in Germany the High Contracting Parties will cause a meeting of Com-

missioners to agree upon rules adapted for the greatest possible promotion of the passenger and goods Traffic upon the Railways, and especially to regulate competition, and to oppose the efforts of some Boards that are injurious to the interests of traffic in general. As the High Contracting Parties are agreed that the execution of every new connecting line of Railway, founded on the general interest, should be allowed, and so far as feasible promoted, they will have such principles as are required by the general interests of Traffic laid down by the aforesaid Commissioners in that respect also.

Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Rhine.

ART. X. The High Contracting Parties will entirely stop, from the 1st January, 1867, the levy of the Navigation Dues on the Rhine, and also that of the Ship Duty, Tariff B, annexed to the Convention of 31st March, 1831 (No. 151), as well as that of the Toll on the cargo (Additional Articles XVI and XVII to the Convention of 31st March, 1831), in so far as the other German States bordering on the Rhine shall, at the same time, adopt the same measures.

Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Main.

The High Contracting Parties undertake the like obligation in regard to the still existing Navigation Dues on the Main.

Telegraphs within North German Confederation to pass over to Prussia.

ART. XI. The Bavarian Telegraph stations situated within the Territory of the North German Confederation pass over to Prussia. The withdrawal of the said stations, as well as the Bavarian Telegraph station at Mentz, will take place within 6 weeks, at farthest, from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty. The working material of these Telegraphs remains the property of Bavaria.

Archives, &c., of Nuremberg and Brandenburg to be given to Prussia.

ART. XII. The Documents and Records now in the Royal Bavarian Archives at Bamberg, which have special and exclusive reference to the former Burgraves of Nuremberg, and the Mar-

graves of Brandenburg of the Frankish line, and which are to be specified by Commissioners, will be delivered over to Prussia.

Right to Dusseldorf Gallery of Paintings to be decided by Arbitration.

ART. XIII. As Claims have been made on the part of Prussia to the right of Property in the Gallery of Paintings formerly at Dusseldorf, and afterwards taken to Munich, the High Contracting Parties are willing to submit those Claims to Arbitration. For this purpose Bavaria will name 3 German Courts of Appeal, of which Prussia will specify the one that has to make the Award.

Cessions by Bavaria to Prussia.

ART. XIV. As a regulation of Frontier has been found requisite for the preservation of strategical interests and those of traffic, His Majesty the King of Bavaria cedes the district of Gersfeld and a district round Orb, according to the annexed description of the Boundaries, as well as the enclave of Caulsdorf, situated between Saalsfeld and the Prussian circle of Ziegenrück, to His Majesty the King of Prussia.*

Appointment of Boundary Commissioners.

Immediately after the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, the High Contracting Parties will appoint Commissioners to undertake the regulation of the Frontier.

Transfer of Territory.

The Transfer of the aforesaid portions of Territory is to take place within 4 weeks after the Ratification of this Treaty.

Delivery of Property of Private Railways.

ART. XV. Immediately after the Ratification of this Treaty, all material taken away or withheld from the State and Private Railways will be released, and delivered, if necessary, at Hof, Lichtenfels, or Aschaffenburg.

Release of Prisoners of War. .

ART. XVI. All Prisoners of War will be released at Hof or Aschaffenburg within 8 days after the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, and will be sent there free of expense.

• See next page.

The Release of the Sick or Wounded is to take place as soon as they are cured.

Officers will be stationed by both parties at Hof and Aschaffenburg, as long as may be necessary for the delivery and reception.

Bonds taken at Kissingen to be restored to Bavaria.

ART. XVII. The Bonds to the amount of 33,000 florins, taken by the Royal Prussian troops from the Fellowship chest at Kissingen, a society for assisting poor salt-workers, will be immediately returned to the Royal Bavarian Government, or made good.

Ratifications.

ART. XVIII. The Ratification of the present Treaty is to take place, at latest, within 12 days from this date, and the cessation of Arms, as well as the validity of the Line of Demarcation agreed to, shall be prolonged for that time.

In witness whereof the Plenipotentiaries mentioned at the beginning have signed their names and affixed their Seals to this Treaty, in duplicate, to-day.

Done at Berlin, 22nd August, 1866.

(L.S.) BARON v. D. PFO	RDTEN.	(L.S.)	v .	BISMARCK.
(L.S.) CO. v. BRAY-STEIR		(L.S.)	v.	SAVIGNY.

APPENDIX I. - To Article XIV.

Portions of Territory to be ceded by Bavaria:

I.	. District of Gersfeld (number of inhabitants according							
	to the census of December, 1846)	• •	• •	• •	23,361			
II	Jurisdiction of Orb without Aura	• •	• •	• •	9,109			
	•				82,470			

Boundary of Territory to be ceded by Bavaria on the Rhön Mountains in Lower Franconia.

To Art. I. Boundary Line of the Territory to be ceded in Lower Franconia, on the north-west slope of the Rhön mountains.

The Northern, Eastern, and Western Boundaries of this Terri-

* Ratifications exchanged at Berlin, 3rd September, 1866.

tory correspond, from Altenhof to Querenberg, with the late Bavarian Frontier.

The South-east and Southern Boundary of the Territory is formed by the Boundary Line of the late Bavarian district of Gersfeld. This leads from Querenberg over the Stürnberg, and from the north and west foot of the Heidelstein to the Himmeldankberg, over the high Rhön, and from hence westward, over the Eyerhack and Rabensteinberg, the Dammersfeld-Kuppenrain, the Dalherdakuppe to the Schluppberg, along the north margin of the Schlupp forest to the Döllenbach, and terminates on the right bank thereof, running upwards to the Bavarian Frontier.

Boundary of Territory to be ceded by Bavaria in the Orber-Reisig in Lower Franconia.

To Art. II. Boundary Line of the portion of Territory to be ceded in the Orber-Reisig, in Lower Franconia:

The North, West, and Southern Boundaries of the Territory correspond with the late Bavarian Frontier. The Eastern Boundary is formed by the Eastern Boundaries of the Communes of Mernes, Burgjoss (with the exception of the hamlet of Deutelbach), Oberndorf, and Pfaffenhausen, so that the eastern half of the Forest district of Burgjoss remains on the Bavarian side.

The new Frontier, therefore, begins at the Boundary of the Joss Forest, north-east of the Rosskopf, passes over the Königsberg and Schönberg into the Aura Vale; north of the same over the Steiniger, Hanauer, and Stramiger-berg, and reaches the former Frontier south of Stackenberg.

APPENDIX II.—PROTOCOL.

Regulation of Boundaries ceded to Prussia in the Districts of Orb and Gersfeld, and the Enclave of Caulsdorf.

With reference to the regulation of Boundaries stipulated in Article XIV of the Treaty of Peace of this day's date, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have agreed upon the following points:

1. In the Districts of Orb and Gersfeld, as well as in the Enclave Caulsdorf, the Prussian State enters upon all the rights and obligations of the Bavarian State, and therefore has to pay the Pensions and Salaries as they have been hitherto paid.

The Officials and Servants who are to pass over with the afore-

said Districts will have the amount of all their Emoluments guaranteed to them if they remain in the Royal Prussian service.

But if they go back to Bavaria, which they are at liberty to do within the next 3 months after the Ratification of this Treaty, they will be treated, until their re-employment, according to the regulations of the Bavarian service and the Ordinances bearing thereon. Military persons born in the said Districts, who have not the rank of Officers, will be discharged from the Bavarian army and sent home. The time which they have served in the Bavarian forces will be allowed to them in their liability to Prussian service. Officers, as well as military persons having the rank of Officers, have the right of choosing which country's service they will continue in.

- 2. The Commissioners mentioned in Article XIV of the Treaty of Peace, will undertake all matters connected with the regulation of the Boundaries, such as the Archives, the arrears of public Taxes, and other matters of that kind.
- 3. Complete freedom of expatriation to Bavaria during a year from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty, is reserved to all the inhabitants of the portions of Territory to be ceded.
- 4. As Prussia undertakes the Telegraphic Service of the Grand Duchy of Hesse, she assures to the Royal Bavarian Government the right to its own direct connection with the Palatinate of the Rhine according to its necessities, whereupon Bavaria withdraws the Telegraph Stations she has hitherto had in the Grand Duchy of Hesse.
- 5. In consequence of the Cession of the District round Orb, the Royal Prussian Government will put an end to the difficulties which on the part of Electoral Hesse have hitherto prevented the execution of the ratified Treaty for the dissolution of the Joint Dominion of Bavaria and Electoral Hesse.
- 6. In so far as the War Costs Indemnity, stipulated in Article II, shall be paid in bars of silver, the High Contracting Parties will reckon the pound of fine silver at 29 thalers, 25 silver groschen.

Free carriage will be allowed in the Prussian Territory for the coined and uncoined silver intended for the discharge of the War Costs Indemnity.

7. The Royal Bavarian Government consents that the Royal Prussian troops now in Wurtemberg shall march back through

Bavaria; their maintenance is to be provided according to the Federal regulations on the subject hitherto observed.

8. With reference to the Troops formerly belonging to Nassau and Electoral Hesse, which are still in Bavarian Territory, the following arrangements have been made.

The said Troops will be sent back to their native districts by Bavaria as soon as possible; they have to place themselves under the orders of the Prussian Generals in command so soon as they reach the Prussian line of demarcation, and the Prussian Government bears the cost of their homeward march.

9. During the retreat of the Royal Prussian Army from the Austrian Territory which it occupies, Bavaria will place the Pilsen-Hof-Schwandorf railway at its disposal for the requisite military transports, for which, of course, Prussia will pay the full remuneration.

The Royal Bavarian Government will send orders to the Governor of the Fortress of Mentz, Count von Rechberg, to deliver up the Fortress on the 26th of this month, to a Governor who will be appointed by His Majesty the King of Prussia, and to leave the Fortress himself, with the Royal Bavarian Troops, on the same day.

10. No Subject of their Majesties will be prosecuted, molested, or obstructed in his person or property, on account of his conduct during the War.

The Ratification of the foregoing Convention shall be considered as effected by the Ratification of the Treaty of Peace of this day.

Done at Berlin, 22nd August, 1866.

BARON v. d. PFORDTEN. COUNT v. BRAY.

v. BISMARCK. SAVIGNY.

[A Treaty of Offensive and Defensive Alliance between Bavaria and Prussia was also signed at Berlin, on the 22nd August, 1866.]

No. 388.—TREATY OF PEACE between Austria and Prussia. Signed at Prague, 23rd August, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Preliminaries of Peace of 26th July, 1866.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Accession of Austria to Declaration of French Ambassador of 29th July, 1866, respecting cession of Venice to Italy. Union of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom with that of Italy. Debts.
- 3. Prisoners of War.
- 4. Dissolution of Germanic Confederation. Assent of Austria to her exclusion from New Organisation of Germany, and to the formation of a North German Confederation.
- 5. Transfer by Austria to Prussia of all rights over Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig, acquired by Treaty of 30th October, 1864, on condition of Populations of Northern Districts of Schleswig being ceded to Denmark, if, by free vote, they should express a wish to be united to Denmark.
- 6. Existing Territorial condition of Saxony to remain as before. Special Treaty to be concluded between Prussia and Saxony respecting expenses of the War, and future position of Saxony in North German Confederation.
- 7. Appointment of Commission to determine as to disposal of late Federal Property.
- 8. Disposal of Imperial Property in Federal Fortresses.
- 9. Pensions to Officials and others. Pensions to Officers, &c., of former Schleswig-Holstein Army to be paid by Prussia.
- 10. Pensions granted by Austria in Holstein. Restoration by Austria of Danish State Bonds. Non-molestation for Political conduct during the War.
- 11. War Indemnity to be paid by Austria to Prussia.
- 12. Prussian Evacuation of Austrian Territories.
- 13. Renewal of Treaties. Proposed Abrogation of Monetary Convention of 24th January, 1857. Zollverein Treaty of 11th April, 1865, to be revised.
- 14. Ratifications.

Protocol respecting the delivery of the Prisoners of War, and the Evacuation of the Imperial Royal Austrian Territory by the Royal Prussian Troops.

(Translation.)

Reference to Preliminaries of Peace of 26th July, 1866.

In the name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria and His Majesty the King of Prussia, animated with the desire of restoring to their countries the benefits of Peace, have determined to convert the Preliminaries signed at Nikolsburg, on the 26th July, 1866

(No. 383), into a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and for that purpose their Majesties have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, the Baron Adolphus Maria von Brenner-Felsach, his actual Privy Councillor and Chamberlain, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, &c.; and

His Majesty the King of Prussia, the Baron Charles von Werther, his Chamberlain, actual Privy Councillor and Plenipotentiary, &c.;

Who met together in Conference at Prague, and after exchanging their Full Powers, which were found in good and proper form, agreed upon the following Articles:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. There shall be Peace and Friendship between His Majesty the Emperor of Austria and His Majesty the King of Prussia, and between their heirs and successors, as well as between their respective States and subjects, henceforth and for ever.

Accession of Austria to Declaration of French Ambassador of 29th July, 1866, respecting Cession of Venice to Italy. Union of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom with that of Italy. Debts.

ART. II. For the purpose of carrying out Article VI of the Preliminaries of Peace concluded at Nikolsburg on the 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), and as His Majesty the Emperor of the French officially declared through his accredited Ambassador to His Majesty the King of Prussia, on the 29th July, 1866, "qu'en ce qui concerne le Gouvernement de l'Empereur, la Vénétie est acquise à l'Italie pour lui être remise à la Paix," His Majesty the Emperor of Austria also accedes on his part to that Declaration and gives his consent to the Union of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom with the Kingdom of Italy, without any other burdensome condition than the liquidation of those Debts which, being charged on the Territories ceded, are to be recognised in accordance with the precedent of the Treaty of Zurich (No. 301).

Prisoners of War.

ART. III. The Prisoners of War shall be set at liberty immediately on both sides.†

* Translation.—"That in so far as regards the Government of the Emperor, Venetia is secured to Italy, to be made over to her at the Peace."

† See Protocol, p. 1726.

Dissolution of the Germanic Confederation. Assent of Austria to her exclusion from New Organisation of Germany, and to the formation of a North German Confederation.

ART. IV. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria acknowledges the dissolution of the Germanic Confederation* as hitherto constituted, and gives his consent to a new organisation of Germany without the participation of the Imperial Austrian State. His Majesty likewise promises to recognise the more restricted Federal relations which His Majesty the King of Prussia will establish to the north of the line of the Main; and he declares his concurrence in the formation of an Association of the German States situated to the south of that line, whose national connection with the North German Confederation is reserved for further arrangement between the parties, and which will have an independent international existence.†

Transfer by Austria to Prussia of all rights over Duchies, of Holstein and Schleswig, acquired by Treaty of 30th October, 1864, on condition of Populations of Northern Districts of Schleswig being ceded to Denmark, if, by free vote, they should express a wish to be united to Denmark.

ART. V. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria transfers to His Majesty the King of Prussia all the rights which he acquired by the Vienna Treaty of Peace of 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), over the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig, with the condition that the populations of the Northern Districts of Schleswig shall be ceded to Denmark if, by a free vote, they express a wish to be united to Denmark.

Existing Territorial condition of Saxony to remain as before. Special Treaty to be concluded between Prussia and Saxony respecting expenses of the War, and future position of Saxony in North German Confederation.

ART. V1. At the desire of His Majesty the Emperor of Austria,

- *At the sitting of the German Diet of 14th June, 1866, Prassis formally declared the Germanic Confederation to be dissolved, which Declaration was protested against by the President of the Diet at the same sitting, as being contrary to Art. V of the Vienna Congress Treaty of 9th June, 1815. See also Prussian Declaration of 14th June, 1866, p. 1652.
- † The Constitution of the North German Confederation was promulgated on the 14th June, 1867; but it was altered by the German Constitution of 16th April, 1871.

His Majesty the King of Prussia declares his willingness to let the present Territorial condition of the Kingdom of Saxony remain to the same extent as before, in the alterations which are about to be made in Germany; but he reserves to himself the right of arranging the contribution of Saxony to the expenses of the War, and the future position of the Kingdom of Saxony in the North German Confederation, by a special Treaty to be concluded with His Majesty the King of Saxony.*

On the other hand, His Majesty the Emperor of Austria promises to recognise the new arrangements that will be made by His Majesty the King of Prussia in North Germany, including the Territorial alterations.

Appointment of Commission to determine as to disposal of late Federal Property.

ART. VII. For the purpose of making arrangements respecting the late Federal Property, a Commission will meet at Frankfort-on-the-Main within 6 weeks at farthest from the Ratification of this Treaty, to which Commission all claims and demands on the German Confederation are to be sent in, and they will be liquidated within 6 months. Austria and Prussia will send Representatives to that Commission, and all the other late Federal Governments are at liberty to do the same.

Disposal of Imperial Property in Federal Fortresses.

ART. VIII. Austria has the right of removing or otherwise disposing of the Imperial Property in the Federal Fortresses, and the part of the movable Federal Property belonging to Austria, according to specification; the same is the case with all the movable effects of the Confederation.

Pensions to Officials and others.

ART. IX. The Pensions to which the regular Officials, Servants, and Pensioners of the Confederation are entitled, or which have already been granted, will be secured to them *pro rata* of the register.

Pensions to Officers, &c., of former Schleswig-Holstein Army to be paid by Prussia.

The Royal Prussian Government, however, undertakes the Pensions and Allowances hitherto paid out of the Federal matri-

* See Treaty of 21st October, 1866.

culation fund to the Officers of the former Schleswig-Holstein Army and their survivors.

Pensions granted by Austria in Holstein.

ART. X. The persons interested in the Pensions granted by the Imperial Royal Austrian Lieutenancy in Holstein will still be allowed to draw them.

Restoration by Austria of Danish State Bonds.

The sum of 449,500 thalers of Danish currency in 4 per cent. Danish State Bonds, which is still in the custody of the Imperial Royal Austrian Government, and which belongs to the Holstein Treasury, will be restored to it immediately after the Ratification of the present Treaty.

Non-molestation for Political conduct during the War.

No one belonging to the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig, and no subject of their Majesties the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia will be prosecuted, molested, or obstructed in his person or property on account of his Political conduct during the late events and the War.

War Indemnity to be paid by Austria to Prussia.

ART. XI. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria undertakes to pay to His Majesty the King of Prussia the sum of 40,000,000 Prussian thalers, to cover part of the expenses which Prussia has been put to by the War. From that sum is however to be deducted the amount of the War expenses which His Majesty the Emperor of Austria has still to demand from the Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein, according to Article XII of the aforesaid Treaty of Vienna of the 30th October, 1864 (No. 367), to the extent of 15,000,000 Prussian thalers, as well as a further sum of 5,000,000, as an equivalent for the free maintenance which the Prussian Army is to have in those parts of the Austrian Territories which it occupies, until the conclusion of Peace; so that there only remain 20,000,000 to be paid in ready money.

One-half of that sum is to be settled when the Ratification of the present Treaty takes place, the second half 3 weeks later at Oppeln in cash.

Prussian Evacuation of Austrian Territories.

ART. XII. The Evacuation of the Austrian Territories held by the Royal Prussian troops shall be completed within 3 weeks after the exchange of the Ratifications of the Treaty of Peace. From the day of the exchange of the Ratifications the Prussian General Governments will confine their functions to the purely military sphere of operations.

The special stipulations according to which the Evacuation is to take place are settled in a separate Protocol which forms an Appendix to the present Treaty.*

Renewal of Treaties. Proposed Abrogation of Monetary Convention of 24th January, 1857.

ART. XIII. All the Treaties and Conventions concluded between the High Contracting Parties before the War are hereby again brought into force, in so far as they by their nature, must not lose their effect by the dissolution of the relations of the Germanic Confederation. The General Cartel Convention between the German Federal States, of the 10th February, 1831, together with the supplementary stipulations belonging thereto, will especially retain its validity between Austria and Prussia. The Imperial Royal Austrian Government declares, however, that the Monetary Treaty concluded the 24th January, 1857, loses its most essential value for Austria by the dissolution of the German Federal relations, and the Royal Prussian Government declares its willingness to enter into negotiations with Austria and the other participators in that Treaty for the abrogation thereof.

Zollverein Treaty of 11th April, 1865, to be revised.

In like manner, the High Contracting Parties reserve to themselves to enter into a negotiation as soon as possible for the Revision of the Commercial and Customs Treaty of the 11th April, 1865, for the further facilitation of their reciprocal traffic. Meanwhile the said Treaty shall again come into force, on the condition that each of the High Contracting Parties reserves the right of putting an end to its operation after 6 months' notice.

Ratifications. †

ART. XIV. The Ratifications of the present Treaty shall be

- * See next page.
- † Ratifications exchanged at Prague, 30th August, 1866.

exchanged at Prague within the space of 8 days, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty, and have affixed to it the Seals of their Arms.

Done at Prague, on the 23rd day of the month of August, in the year of Grace, 1866.

(L.S.) BRENNER. (L.S.) WERTHER.

APPENDIX.

PROTOCOL respecting the delivery of the Prisoners of War, and the Evacuation of Austrian Territory by Prussian Troops.

For the execution of Articles III and XII of the Treaty of Peace concluded this day, the High Contracting Parties have agreed upon the following stipulations:

- 1. On the 3rd day after the Ratification of the Treaty all the Royal Prussian Prisoners of War, and from the same day the Imperial Royal Austrian Prisoners of War, will be delivered up at Austrian Oderberg (railway station) in echelons of about 1,000 men each, which are to follow on the successive days (not more than 6 echelons within 24 hours).
- 2. The Royal Prussian Prisoners of War who are in the Bohemian Fortresses and in Olmütz, are to be delivered, so soon as the account of the Ratification of this Treaty reaches those Fortresses, to the nearest division of the Royal Prussian troops.
- 3. Commissioners from both Armies will be stationed at Austrian Oderberg, to attend to the delivery, so far as it takes place at Oderberg, and to arrange jointly for the railway transport to the south.

On the Imperial Royal Austrian side a detachment of troops of about 200 men will be stationed at Austrian Oderberg for the reception and care of the Prisoners.

- 4. Prisoners of War who are too unwell to be removed are to remain in the Hospitals on both sides with the regular treatment and maintenance of the native troops, until they can be delivered up at Oderberg.
- 5. The expenses arising from the attendance upon the sick Prisoners of War left behind will be liquidated and defrayed on

both sides, from the third day after the Ratification, at the regular rates for hospital attendance in both armies.

6. For the accomplishment of the Evacuation of the Imperial Royal Austrian territories which is to be effected within 3 weeks after the Ratification of this Treaty, the tract south of the line of Napagedl, Brünn, Iglau, Tabor (exclusive of those places), will be evacuated on the Royal Prussian side on the 7th day, and all the country lying south of the Pilsen-Prague-Littau railway line, and beyond a straight line from Littau to the mouth of the Oppa in the Oder, on the 15th day after the Ratification.

For all possible acceleration of this Evacuation the time between the signing and the Ratification of this Treaty will be employed on the Royal Prussian side in preparatory measures.

- 7. The Imperial Royal Austrian troops during the time of evacuation, will, in re-occupying the country, keep themselves at a distance of 3 miles from the rear of the Royal Prussian columns. The times of retreating on each line of march are therefore left to the arrangement of the Commanders on both sides.
- 8. On the Imperial Austrian side the use of the railway line leading by Pilsen to the Kingdom of Bavaria, will be allowed for the Royal Prussian military transports for the purpose of evacuating Bohemia.
- 9. During the time of evacuation the Royal Prussian army will retain the unrestricted control over the railway lines within the ranges which it occupies, for sending back troops and war materials, under application of the Convention dated Brünn, the 1st August, 1866, and definitively concluded on the 17th August. It is settled as a rule that even during the evacuation there shall be a train in each direction for public traffic every day on all the railways; only unforeseen interruptions of the military transports can justify any departure from this rule for the particular day.
- 10. From the day following the Ratification the Royal Prussian Government undertakes all the expenses of maintenance for the Royal Prussian troops, which however are to have free quarters without maintenance in the territories which they occupy. The local authorities are bound to provide the relays required by the Royal Prussian troops, for which the troops are to pay immediately in ready money according to the Imperial Royal Austrian Tariff for relays now in force. That tariff is in the possession of the national and local authorities.

- 11. The sick of the Royal Prussian army who cannot be removed are to remain in the military hospitals or local infirmaries, under the superintendence and treatment, so far as necessary, of the Royal Prussian military physicians. The Imperial Royal Austrian Government promises to make arrangements for the most careful treatment of those left behind, and for complying as far as possible with the necessary requisitions of the physicians for the treatment of the sick.
- 12. Before the evacuation the Royal Prussian Commanders will send in to the Imperial Royal Lieutenancies of Bohemia, Moravia, and Silesia, through the Royal Prussian General Governments at Prague and Brünn, a list of the sick who are to be left behind, with a statement of the place where they lie.
- 13. For the delivery of the Hospitals at Brünn, Prague, Pardubitz, and Königinhoff, Commissioners of the respective Armies will meet at the places named, on the day of the evacuation of those towns, to complete the delivery and draw up a Protocol.
- 14. The expenses of attending on the sick will be paid by the Royal Prussian Government immediately after liquidation, according to the established regulations for the Imperial Royal Austrian troops.

Prague, 23rd August, 1866.

WERTHER. BRENNER.

[Oldenburg formally withdrew from the Germanic Confederation on the 20th June, 1866, and renounced its Rights over the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig in favour of Prussia on the 27th September, 1866.]

No. 389.—TREATY OF PEACE between Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt. Signed at Berlin, 3rd September, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. War Indemnity to be paid to Prussia by Hesse-Darmstadt.
- 3. Guarantee for Payment of Indemnity.
- 4. Discount in case of Prepayment.
- 5. Withdrawal of *Prussian* Troops from *Hesse-Darmstadt*. Maintenance of Troops during Retrest.
- 6. Special Agreement to regulate Property-Relations.
- 7. Future Negotiations to regulate Zollverein Affairs. Renewal of Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865.
- 8. Renewal of Treaties and Conventions.
- 9. Railway Traffic.
- 10. Suppression of Tour and Taxis Post. Postal arrangements to pass over to Prussia.
- 11. Telegraph Station at Mentz. Right of Prussia to use of all Telegraph Lines, &c.
- 12. Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Rhine. Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Maine.
- 13. Accession of Hesse-Darmstadt to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.
- 14. Cessions by Hesse-Darmstadt to Prussia. Entrance of part of Hesse-Darmstadt into the North-German Confederation.
- 15. Cessions by Prussia to Hesse-Darmstadt.
- 16. Commissioners to regulate Cessions of Territory, &c.
- 17. Libraries and Museum to be placed at Disposal of *Prussia*. Commissioners to settle Ownership.
- 18. Continuation of Contracts of Bathing Houses at Kreuznach and Salt Works.
- 19. Ratifications.

Appendix to Article XV.

Description of the Boundaries of Territories and portions of Territory to be ceded by His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of *Hesse*, Sovereign Landgrave of Hesse, &c., to His Majesty the King of *Prussia*.

(Translation.)

His Majesty the King of Prussia and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, Sovereign Landgrave of Hesse, &c., animated by the wish to secure to their people the blessings of Peace, have determined to agree upon the stipulations of a Treaty of Peace to be concluded between them, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

His Majesty the King of Prussia, his Minister-President and Minister of Foreign Affairs, &c., Count Otto von Bismarck-Schönhausen; and his actual Privy Councillor, Chamberlain, and Envoy, Charles Frederick von Savigny;

His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., Baron Reinhard von Dalwigk zu Lichtenfels, President of the Grand Ducal Ministry, Minister of the Grand Ducal House, and of Foreign and Home Affairs; and Charles Hofmann, Chief Councillor in the Grand Ducal Ministry of the Grand Ducal House and of Foreign Affairs, and Privy Councillor of Legation;

Who, after exchanging their Full Powers, which were found in good order, have agreed upon the following Stipulations:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. There shall henceforth be Peace and Friendship for ever between His Majesty the King of Prussia and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., their Heirs and Successors, their States and subjects.

War Indemnity to be paid to Prussia by Hesse-Darmstadt.

ART. II. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., undertakes to pay to His Majesty the King of Prussia, within two months, the sum of 3,000,000 florins to cover part of the expenses which Prussia has been put to by the War. By payment of that sum His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., relieves himself of the indemnification-obligations incurred by Article VIII of the Treaty of Armistice dated Eisingen, near Wurtzburg, 1st August, 1866.

Guarantee for Payment of Indemnity.

ART. III. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., guarantees the payment of the said sum by the deposit of bonds of the Grand Ducal Hessian State Loan, the 4 per cent. bonds to be taken at the rate of 80, and the 3½ per cent. at the rate of 70.

Discount in case of Prepayment.

ART. IV. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., has the right of paying the above Indemnification wholly or in part before the appointed time, with the deduction of a discount of 5 per cent. per annum.

No. 389] PRUSSIA AND HESSE-DARMSTADT. [3 Sept., 1866. [Peace.]

Withdrawal of Prussian Troops from Hesse-Darmstadt.

ART. V. Immediately after the Guarantee has been given in accordance with Article III, or after the payment of the War Indemnity, His Majesty the King of Prussia will withdraw his Troops from the Grand Ducal Hessian Territory.

Maintenance of Troops during Retreat.

The Maintenance of the Troops during their Retreat is to be provided for according to the existing Federal regulations for that purpose.

Special Agreement to regulate Property-Relations.

ART. VI. The arrangement of the Property-Relations founded by the late German Confederation is reserved for a special Agreement.

Future Negotiations to regulate Zollverein Affairs. Renewal of Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865.

ART. VII. Immediately after the conclusion of the Peace, the High Contracting Parties will enter into Negotiations for the Regulation of the Zollverein Affairs. Meanwhile the Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865, and the Agreements connected with it, which have been rendered inoperative by the outbreak of the War, shall again come into force from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications, with the condition that it is reserved to each of the High Contracting Parties to make them inoperative after 6 months' notice to that effect.

Renewal of Treaties and Conventions.

ART. VIII. All the other Treaties and Conventions concluded between the High Contracting Parties before the War are hereby re-instated in their force.

Railway Traffic.

ART. IX. Immediately after the restoration of Peace in Germany, the High Contracting Parties will cause a meeting of Commissioners for the purpose of agreeing upon rules adapted for the furtherance of passenger and goods Traffic on the Railways as much as possible, and especially for the regulation of the conditions of competition in a suitable manner, as well as for the prevention

of the injuries to the general interests occasioned by the efforts of separate Administrations. As the High Contracting Parties are agreed that new connecting lines of Railway adapted for the general interest ought to be allowed and as far as possible facilitated, they will cause the above-mentioned Commissioners to lay down the principles demanded by the general interests of traffic in this respect also.

Suppression of Tour and Taxis Post.

ART. X. The Grand Ducal Hessian Government declares that it agrees beforehand to the arrangements that Prussia may make with the Princely House of Taxis, for the Suppression of the Tour and Taxis Post.

Postal Arrangements to pass over to Prussia.

The whole of the Postal Arrangements in the Grand Duchy of Hesse will consequently pass over to Prussia.

Telegraph Station at Mentz.

ART. XI. The Grand Ducal Hessian Government undertakes not to allow any other than a Prussian Telegraph Station in Mentz.

Right of Prussia to use of all Telegraph Lines, &c.

The Grand Ducal Government likewise grants to the Prussian Government the right of the unrestricted establishment and employment of Telegraph Lines and Telegraph Stations in all other parts of the Grand Ducal Territories also.

Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Rhine.

ART. XII. The Grand Ducal Hessian Government will entirely stop the levy of the Navigation Dues on the Rhine, and of the Navigation Fee also—Tariff B, annexed to the Convention of 31st March, 1831 (No. 151)—as well as that of the Toll on the Cargo—Additional Articles XVI and XVII to the Convention of 31st March, 1831—from the date when a like measure is carried out by the other German States bordering on the Rhine.

Abolition of Navigation Dues on the Maine.

The High Contracting Parties undertake the like engagement with regard to the Navigation Dues still existing on the Maine.

Accession of Hesse-Darmstadt to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.

ART. XIII. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., recognises the stipulations of the Preliminary Treaty concluded between Prussia and Austria at Nikolsburg, 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), and accedes to the same on his part in so far as they affect the future of Germany.

Cessions by Hesse-Darmstadt to Prussia.

ART. XIV.* His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., cedes to His Majesty the King of Prussia with all Sovereign and Domanial Rights:

- i. The Landgraviate of Hesse-Homburg,† including the chief Bailiwick district of Meissenheim, but exclusive of the two Domanial Properties of Hötensleben and Oebisfelde, belonging to Hesse-Homburg, and situated in the Royal Prussian Province of Saxony;
- ii. The following portions of Territory hitherto belonging to the Province of Upper Hesse, viz.:
 - 1. The Circle of Biedenkopf;
- 2. The Circle of Vöhl, including the Enclaves Eimelrod and Heringhausen;
- 3. The North Western part of the Circle of Giessen, which comprises the places Frankenbach, Krumbach, Königsberg, Fellingshausen, Bieber, Haina, Rodheim, Waldgirmes, Naunheim, and Hermannstein, with their Boundaries;
 - 4. The District of Rödelheim;
- 5. That part of the District of Nieder-Ursel which is under the Sovereignty of the Grand Duke of Hesse.

Entrance of part of Hesse-Darmstadt into the North German Confederation.

His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., enters with all his Territories lying north of the Maine into the North German Confederation,‡ on the basis of the principles laid down in the Reform Proposals of 10th June last, and he engages to make the proper arrangements for the Parliamentary elections according to the proportion of the population.

The Grand Ducal Hessian Contingent belonging to the North German Confederation, which is to be separated in consequence hereof, passes under the Command-in-Chief of the King of Prussia,

- * See note, page 1737. † See note, page 241.
- ‡ See Preamble of North German Constitution of 14th June, 1867.

according to the arrangements to be agreed to upon the basis of the proposals for Federal Reform of 10th June last.

Cessions by Prussia to Hesse-Darmstadt.

- ART. XV.* His Majesty the King of Prussia cedes to His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., for the restoration of Territorial Unity in the Province of Upper Hesse, the following portions of Territory with all Sovereign and Domanial Rights:
- 1. The former Electoral Hessian District of Katzenberg, with the localities Ohmes, Vockenrode, Ruhlkirchen, Seibelsdorf;
- 2. The former Electoral Hessian Bailiwick of Nauheim, with all the Sovereign Rights of Property, and all the bathing establishments and Salt Works in Nauheim, as well as the localities Dorheim, Nauheim, Schwalheim, Rödgen;
- 3. The former Nassau Bailiwick of Reichelsheim, situated to the east of the above, with the localities Reichelsheim and Dornassenheim;
 - 4. The former Electoral Hessian Enclave Treis on the Lumda;
- 5. The former Electoral Hessian Domanial Forest District situated between the Grand Ducal Hessian localities Altenstedt and Böhnstadt;
- 6. The former Frankfort Districts of Dortelweil and Lower Erlenbach;
 - 7. The former Electoral Hessian District of Massenheim;
 - 8. The former Nassau District of Haarheim;
- 9. The former Electoral Hessian Territorial portion of the District of Mittelgründau, comprising about 1,700 acres (Morgen).

These portions of Territory (1 to 9) become part of the Province of Upper Hesse, and are to enjoy the same political relations (Article XIII). The portion of Territory formerly belonging to Electoral Hesse on the left bank of the Maine, with the locality Rumpenheim, is in like manner ceded to His Royal Highness with all Sovereign and Domanial Rights.

A description of the respective Boundaries is subjoined (at the end*).

Commissioners to regulate Cessions of Territory, &c.

ART. XVI. The arrangements to be made between the two High Contracting Parties in regard to the portions of Territory reciprocally ceded, the Archives, the Officials, Soldiers, &c., are reserved for special Agreement by Commissioners on both sides.

No. 389] PRUSSIA AND HESSE-DARMSTADT. [3 Sept., 1866.

Libraries and Museum to be placed at disposal of Prussia.

ART. XVII. The Books, Manuscripts, and other inventory articles which before the year 1794 were in the Cathedral Library of Cologne, and are now kept in the Grand-Ducal Museum and Library, will be placed at the disposal of His Majesty the King of Prussia for the Cathedral Chapter of Cologne.

Commissioners to settle Ownership.

The Ownership of the several articles shall be finally decided by a Commissioner of His Majesty the King of Prussia jointly with a Commissioner of His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., or in disputed cases by an impartial Umpire, to be chosen by them.

Continuation of Contracts of Bathing-houses at Kreuznach and Salt Works.

ART. XVIII. The Grand Ducal Government undertakes that the Contract concluded between a number of Proprietors of Bathing-houses at Kreuznach, and the Grand Ducal Carl-Theodor-Halle Salt Works for the supply of salt-water and mother-water [mutterlauge] until the year 1872, shall be further prolonged, in any case to the time when the Prussian Government may find occasion to acquire possession of the said Salt Works, and on the condition that the town of Kreuznach, instead of the late Contractors, shall receive immediately the necessary supply of salt-water and mother-water. The Grand Ducal Government will also allow pipes to be laid down to conduct the salt water from the salt springs to the town of Kreuznach.

Ratifications.*

ART. XIX. The Ratification of the present Treaty shall take place at the latest by the 15th September, this year.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Treaty in duplicate copies, and have set thereto their Seals.

Done at Berlin, 3rd September, 1866.

(L.S.) V. BISMARCK. (L.S.) DALWIGK. (L.S.) SAVIGNY. (L.S.) HOFMANN.

* Retifications were exchanged on the 12th of the same month.

APPENDIX TO ARTICLE XV OF THE TREATY OF PEACE.

Description of the Boundaries of Territories, and portions of Territory to be ceded by His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, Sovereign Landgrave of Hesse, &c., to His Majesty the King of Prussia.

- I. The Landgraviate of Hesse-Homburg, consisting of:
- a. The Bailiwick of Homburg, one square mile and a half, with 13,622 inhabitants;*
- b. The Bailiwick of Meissenheim, 3½ square miles, with 13,762 inhabitants; together, 5 square miles and 27,374 inhabitants is ceded to its full Territorial extent.
- II. The portions of Territory hitherto belonging to the Province of Upper Hesse, which are to be ceded to His Majesty the King of Prussia, are as follows:
- 1. The Circle of Biedenkopf of 11 square miles and 33,325 inhabitants. The Boundaries of this Circle correspond to the north, east, and west with the late Frontier of the Grand Ducal Territory, which is here surrounded on the north by the Royal Prussian Province of Westphalia, to the east by the late Electoral Province of Upper Hesse, to the west by the Royal Prussian Province of Westphalia, as well as by the late Nassau Territory.

To the south, the Circle of Biedenkopf is bounded partly by the Royal Prussian Circle of Wetzlar, partly by the Boundary line of the locality Frankenbach hitherto belonging to the Grand Ducal Hessian Circle of Giessen, and at the latter part in such wise that the course of the Boundary line between the localities Wilsbach on the one and Frankenbach on the other side, at the same time forms the limit of the Circle of Biedenkopf.

2. The Circle of Vöhl, 2½ square miles and 5,810 inhabitants, consists of three parts, separated from the other Territory of the Province of Upper Hesse, of which the largest, with the town of Vöhl, is bounded on the north, east, and west by the Territory of Waldeck, and on the south by the Territory lately belonging to Electoral Hesse; the other two Enclaves of Heringshausen and Eimelrod are entirely surrounded by the Territory of Waldeck. The former limit of the Sovereignty of the Grand Duchy therefore forms, in reference to the Circle of Vöhl, the Boundary of the Territory to be ceded.

This and the following statements respecting the number of inhabitants, are taken from the results of the Census of December, 1864.

- 3. The north-western part of the Circle of Giessen, with the localities Frankenbach, Krumbach, Königsberg, Fellingshausen, Bieber, Haina, Rodheim, Waldgirmes, Naunheim, and Hermannstein, together about one square mile and a third, with 5,357 inhabitants, is bounded on the north by the late Grand Ducal Hessian Circle of Biedenkopf, and by the late Electoral Hessian Province of Upper Hesse; on the east and west by the Royal Prussian Territory (Circle of Wetzlar); on the south likewise by the Prussian Territory and by the northern Boundary of Heuchelheim belonging to the Grand Ducal Hessian Circle of Giessen; so that the course of the Boundary line between the localities of Rodheim on the Bieber, on the one side, and Heuchelheim on the other side, somewhat to the north of the so-called Windhof, here forms the future Frontier between the Kingdom of Prussia and the Grand Duchy of Hesse.
- 4. The locality of Rödelheim (2,762 inhabitants), hitherto reckoned with the Grand Ducal circle Vilbel, with the district belonging thereto, is separated from the other Territory of the Province of Upper Hesse, and is bounded by the late Nassau, Frankfort, and Electoral Hessian Territory surrounding it, so that here also the Limits of the Territory to be ceded corresponds with the heretofore Boundary of the Sovereignty. The same is the case with
- 5. The part of Lower Ursel (475 inhabitants) lately under the Sovereignty of the Grand Duke of Hesse.

The Undersigned Plenipotentiaries have agreed upon the following points in reference to the Cessions and Boundary regulations stipulated in Articles XIV and XV of the Treaty of Peace of this day's date.

1. The Prussian State succeeds to all the Rights and Obligations of the Hessian State in the ceded Districts, and has, therefore, to pay the Pensions and Salaries as they have been paid hitherto. All persons in official employ in the said districts, who are to be received therewith, will have the total amount of their present emoluments guaranteed to them if they remain in the Royal Prussian Service; but if they withdraw to Hesse, which they are at liberty to do within the next 3 months after the Ratification of this Treaty, they will be treated according to the Grand Ducal Hessian regulations in this behalf until they are again located.

The Officials who are to be taken over from the now ceded portions of Territory formerly belonging to Nassau and Electoral Hesse are to be treated in an analogous manner.

Such Military Persons, natives of the above-mentioned Districts, as are not of the rank of Officers, will be discharged from the Grand Ducal Hessian Army and sent home. Their service in the Grand Ducal Hessian Forces will be reckoned in their liability to Prussian Service. The Officers, as well as those persons who have the rank of Officers, are at liberty to choose in which country's service they will continue.

- 2. The Commissioners mentioned in Article XVI of the Treaty of Peace will attend to all those matters which are connected with the reciprocal arrangements, as, for example, the arrears of Public Taxes, and other matters of that kind.
- 3. Full liberty of Expatriation within a year from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty is reserved to all the inhabitants of the ceded portions of Territory.
- 4. The Paintings, the Library, and other Collections, as well as the Orangery in the Residential Palace at Homburg vor der Höhe, are not included in the Cession of the Landgraviate of Hesse-Homburg; they remain the property of the Grand Ducal House.
- 5. Simultaneously with the withdrawal of the Royal Prussian Troops from the Grand Ducal Hessian Territory, the measures taken on the part of Prussia for the Civil Administration of the occupied Territory will come to an end, and the Grand Ducal authorities and officials will no longer be hindered from the performance of their Official Functions.
- 6. It is agreed on both sides that in the Special Agreements to be come to respecting the Postal and Telegraph Services, the point shall never be lost sight of, that the two Grand Ducal Hessian Provinces of Starkenburg and Rhenish Hesse, situated south of the Maine, are to be subject to the same arrangements in regard to the administration of the Postal and Telegraph Services as are to be introduced for the Province of Upper Hesse, on the basis of those which prevail in the North German Confederation. When the Princely House of Tour and Taxis is done away with, the Royal Prussian Government takes the place of the Princely House of Tour and Taxis in regard to existing liabilities, especially in respect to the settlement of the canon.

Negotiations shall also take place between the Commissioners

forthwith for the technical execution of the stipulation contained in the second sentence of Article X of the principal Treaty.

- 7. All Prisoners of War will be set at liberty within 8 days after the ratification of the Treaty of Peace of this date, and will be received on the part of the respective Military Authorities at places to be agreed upon.
- 8. In reference to Prussia's right of Garrisoning Mentz, which remains exclusively with her, the conditions which have hitherto prevailed between the Confederation and the Territorial Government will be applied to the relations between Prussia and the Territorial Government.
- 9. With respect to the first sentence of Article XI* of the principal Treaty, it is acknowledged on the part of Grand Ducal Hesse, that on account of the Garrison Arrangements of Mentz, the Telegraphic Service there must belong exclusively to the Prussian Government.

The administration and working of the Telegraphs intended for the service of the railways is not interfered with by Article XI* of the principal Treaty, so far, that is, as these are compatible, according to circumstances, with the absolute security of the Fortress.

10. The Grand Ducal Hessian Government declares its readiness to enter into a negotiation with the Royal Prussian Government for the Cession of the management and working of the length of the Maine and Weser Railway, situated in the Grand Ducal Territory, starting with the principle that the whole of the net returns of the said length shall be annually paid undiminished to the Grand Ducal Government.

The Grand Ducal Hessian Government engages at all events to cede to Prussia, on the above condition, the management and working of the length of the Maine and Weser Railway in the Grand Ducal Territory, from the Frontier of Electoral Hesse to Giessen.

11. If the Royal Prussian Government should find it expedient to send its troops returning from Bohemia or Bavaria by the Schwadorf-Nuremberg-Wurtzburg-Aschaffenburg line, through the Grand Ducal Hessian Territory, the Grand Ducal Government hereby gives its consent thereto, and will also place the railway leading through the Grand Ducal Territory at the disposal of the Royal Prussian Military Authorities engaged on that Service, for

the transport of the Troops; on the other hand, the Royal Prussian Government engages to pay the compensation at the Grand Ducal Hessian Rates for the transport of Troops.

- 12. No subject of His Majesty the King of Prussia, or of His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., will be prosecuted, molested, or obstructed in his person or his property on account of his conduct during the War.
- 13. With respect to Article XVIII* of the principal Treaty, both parties reserve a further negotiation in case the Crown of Prussia should not have acquired the said Salt Works up to the year 1892.
- 14. The Ratification of the foregoing Convention shall be considered as included in the Ratification of the Treaty of Peace of this date.

Berlin, 3rd September, 1866.

(L.S.) v. BISMARCK. (L.S.) DALWIGK. (L.S.) SAVIGNY. (L.S.) HOFMANN.

[A Treaty between Prussia and Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, for the Cession by Prussia of the State Forests in the Circle of Schmal-kalden to Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, was signed at Berlin, on the 14th September, 1866. A Military Convention between Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt was signed on the 7th April, 1867; and a Treaty of Offensive and Defensive Alliance between those Powers was also signed on the 11th April, 1867.]

* Page 1785.

[Union of Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, Nassau, and Frankfort to Prussia.]

No. 390.— DECREE of the King of Prussia, uniting Hanover,* Hesse-Cassel,† Nassau, and Frankfort,‡ with the Prussian Monarchy. Berlin, 20th September, 1866.§

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., with the consent of both Houses of the Landtag (No. 385), decree as follows:

- § 1. The Kingdom of Hanover, the Electorate of Hesse, the Duchy of Nassau, and the Free Town of Frankfort, are, in accordance with Article II of the Constitution for the Prussian States, united for ever with the Prussian Monarchy.
- § 2. The Prussian Constitution comes into operation in these Countries on 1st October, 1867. The arrangements for the necessary modifications, additions, and for the execution thereof, will be settled by separate Laws.
- § 3. The Ministry of State is charged with the execution of this Law.

As witness our Royal Signature and Seal. Given at Berlin, 20th September, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

COUNT VON BISMARCK-SCHONHAUSEN and 7 others.

[On the 20th September, 1856, a Decree and Proclamation were issued by the reigning Duke of Saxe-Meiningen, Abdicating his Sovereignty over the Duchy, in favour of his Son; and on the following day a Proclamation was issued by his Successor, assuming the Government of the Duchy.]

- * The King of Hanover protested against this Annexation on the 23rd September, 1866. On the 6th October following a Proclamation was addressed by the King to his Subjects releasing them from their Allegiance, but with certain reserves.
- † On the 18th September, 1866, a Proclamation was issued by the Elector of Hesse releasing his Subjects from their Allegiance.
- ‡ On the 24th September, 1866, the Inhabitants of Frankfort protested against the Annexation of Frankfort to Prussia.
 - § See also Prussian Patents of 3rd October, 1866.

No. 391.—PROTEST of the King of Hanover against the Incorporation of Hanover with the Prussian Monarchy. Hietzing, near Vienna, 23rd September, 1866.*

(Translation.†)

We, George V, by the Grace of God, King of Hanover, Prince Royal of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Cumberland, Duke of Brunswick and Luneburg, &c.;

In presence of the facts which have just been accomplished, and a statement of which follows, namely:

On the 15th June of the present year His Majesty the King of Prussia, our Cousin-Germain and up to that time our Ally, invaded our Kingdom, violating the most legitimate and sacred Rights.

The conduct of our Government, during the conflict which, to our profound regret, broke out between Austria and Prussia, could not give rise to a measure so unjust.

On the contrary, animated by the most sincere and ardent desire to see the disagreements which had arisen between the two most powerful members of the German Confederation removed, and seeking to prevent the misfortunes which must ensue from a War between Germans, our Government did everything in its power to remain in relations of friendship, as well with Prussia as with Austria, and to preserve its freedom of action to act at the Diet, in a peaceful and conciliatory manner.

The Prussian Government having expressed its desire that we should remain Neutral in a possible War, we acceded to that desire. We simply declared at Berlin that the particular conditions of that Neutrality could only be determined in the event of the German Confederation being really dissolved. Our accession to the Prussian proposal was in perfect conformity with the circumstances, since the Federal Law, forbidding members of the Confederation to wage War among themselves, forbad them consequently to take part in a War which, notwithstanding that prohibition, had broken out between Governments forming part of the Confederation.

To explain the acts of hostility of which Prussia was guilty

* A Treaty between the King of Prussia and King George of Hanover, relative to the Private Property of King George, was signed on the 29th September, 1867. On the 2nd March, 1868, a Prussian Decree was issued, sequestrating the Fortune of King George, which was revoked by a Decree, dated 15th February, 1869; but as the consent of the Prussian Landtag was made obligatory, King George protested against this condition on the 30th March, 1869.

† For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvi, p. 1069.

towards our Kingdom, a pretence has recently been raised at Berlin that, in the course of the negotiations relative to the Neutrality in question, we had entered, with the Cabinet of Vienna, into an engagement to co-operate with our troops with the Austrian Army stationed in Holstein.

That assertion is entirely false.

Our Government considered itself engaged by the assurance is had given to observe Neutrality in the event of the Federal Pact being dissolved, and it was only in the event of our Country being attacked by Prussia that we should have accepted the assistance which His Majesty the Emperor of Austria had been pleased to tender to us. But, full of confidence in the loyalty of the Prussian Government, we caused an answer to be returned to His Imperial Majesty that we did not require that assistance.

Consequently, the Austrian Army Corps which had occupied Holstein, crossed our States, without halting there and following the shortest road, to reach the South of Germany.

At about the same time we allowed the Prussian Army Corps, under the orders of Lieutenant-General Manteuffel, to pass through our Country, to go to Minden.

Our conduct, in that instance, was therefore under the strictest principles of Neutrality.

We were far from expecting, then, that the King of Prussia would use, a few days after that, those same troops to take possession of our Country.

Our Army was on the most complete peace footing, because we rested on the Neutrality which had been named to us, and the negotiations for which, although adjourned, were to be renewed at a fitting opportunity, so far as regarded the special conditions of its execution, in conformity with the expressed and reiterated Declarations which Count Platen-Hallermund, our Minister for Foreign Affairs, had made on the subject to Prince Isenburg, the Prussian Minister.

Our Government had, therefore, not bought any horses, nor taken the slightest step to which a character of Military Armament could be attributed.

All that the Prussian newspapers have said, lately, with reference to the pretended Armaments of Hanover, rests on no foundation whatever, and could only have been used to mislead public opinion and to palliate the unqualifiable acts of violence which have been committed against us, against our Kingdom, and our subjects.

Always animated by the same spirit of moderation, of con-

ciliation, and of impartiality, we had ordered our Envoy at the Diet to vote against the Austrian proposal of 14th June, inasmuch as its object tended to induce the Germanic Confederation to take part against Prussia, and to vote for the proposed mobilisation on condition only that it was not directed against the latter Power, but that it tended solely to the Maintenance of Tranquillity and the Security of the Federal Territory.

The allegations which the Prussian organs have lately made against our policy in that respect are equally destitute of all consistency.

The attitude which our Government had observed from the beginning of the conflict, gave us, therefore, reason to hope that our Kingdom and our faithful Subjects would find themselves beyond the reach of a War which appeared to become daily more imminent.

But what was our sorrowful surprise, when, on the 15th June last, the Cabinet of Berlin, feigning to forget all the antecedents of the question, caused a summons to be presented to our Government, the object of which was not to invite us to arrange, by common consent, the definitive conditions of the Neutrality which had been offered to us and to which we had agreed in principle, but to make us abandon, in favour of Prussia, certain prerogatives essential to our Sovereignty, a part of the Independence of our Kingdom, and numberless legitimate Rights of our Subjects, although our Sovereignty and the Independence of our Kingdom had been recognised and guaranteed by the whole of Europe.*

We were allowed but one day for reflection to decide, and we were threatened with War in case we refused to submit to the dictates of Prussia.

After having heard our Ministers, we took, in accordance with their unanimous advice and in perfect conformity with our own views, the resolution of declaring to the Envoy of the King of Prussia that the Proposals which had been submitted to us were inadmissible; but that our Government remaining immovable in the conviction that Federal Law forbad all War between the Members of the Confederation, would take no Military steps against the Prussian Government, its Ally, so long as the Frontiers of Hanover were not attacked; and that it did not abandon the hope that the relations of good neighbourhood which had existed up to that time between the two Governments, would be maintained intact.

Our resolution having been communicated to the Prussian Envoy, the latter answered by a Declaration of War, against which our Minister for Foreign Affairs immediately protested.

This took place at midnight of the 15th to the 16th June last. But at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that same day, the 15th June, the Army Corps of General Manteuffel had disembarked in the neighbourhood of Harburg, and took a hostile attitude before the Declaration of War.

We uphold to the reprobation of all honest men the proceedings of the Prussian Government, which, taking our good faith by surprise, had managed to obtain from us leave for the passage of its Troops through our Territory, with the secret intention of invading it.

We uphold to the indignation of the civilised world that Aggression, in time of Peace, against the States of a friendly Sovereign, relative, and friend; and we are persuaded that the whole world will, with us, condemn that outrage against public morality, the Law of Nations, the rights of Treaties, and the Usages of civilised Nations.

We are, at the same time, convinced that all impartial men will say with us that the decided and premeditated intention of the Prussian Government was, for a long time past, to take possession of our States; that the proposal of Neutrality which had been made to us, was simply to lull us into a false security; that the Prussian Cabinet had purposely offered us conditions of a humiliating Alliance, knowing that we could not accept them, and that in fact, whatever might have been the line of conduct which we had followed, it would have been very difficult, if not impossible, for us to escape from the violence of the Prussian Government.

In the impossibility in which our Army found itself, of effectually repelling the Invasion of the Prussian Troops which fell on all sides upon our Kingdom, whose Frontiers they occupied for several days past, we concentrated our Troops at Göttingen, in order afterwards to lead them beyond the Prussian sphere of action.

Arrived near Eisenach, we entered into negotiations relative to a truce which had been offered to us and which was agreed to on either side. But before its termination, our Troops were attacked by the Prussian Army, in compliance with an order received from General Vogel de Falckenstein.

This was a second flagrant Violation of all the Laws and Usages in force amongst civilised Nations. Although our Army was only on a Peace footing, and that its strength was almost exhausted, in consequence of fatigue, privations, and forced marches to which it had been obliged to submit, during more than 8 successive days, it nevertheless gained, at Langensalza, a brilliant victory over the Prussians.

Unfortunately, the next day, being pressed on all sides by forces 3 times superior, and having no help to look to, we resigned ourselves to accept a Capitulation in order not to shed uselessly the blood of our valiant soldiers.

As soon as the War between Austria and Prussia appeared to have come to an end, we went to Vienna, where Negotiations of Peace had just been opened, and we addressed to His Majesty the King of Prussia, who was then at Nikolsburg, a letter in which we expressed our sincere desire to enter, on our side, into Negotiations of Peace with him.

Contrary to all the Usages admitted between Sovereigns, our letter was not accepted by His Majesty the King of Prussia.

Notwithstanding that, we have endeavoured to secure the preservation of our Kingdom by every means in our power. With that intention we were even disposed to abdicate our Royal Rights in favour of our well-beloved Son and Heir to our Crown, the Prince Royal Ernest Augustus, on condition that Prussia should place him in immediate possession of the Crown and Kingdom of Hanover. On the other side our faithful Subjects, courageously defying the rigorous, arbitrary, and despotic regimen imposed upon them by Prussian Administration, lost no opportunity of manifesting their ardent desire to remain under a Dynasty which is dear to them, which for the last 1,000 years has shared the destinies of the country, and has made every effort to secure its prosperity and to consolidate its well-being.

Useless efforts!

His Majesty the King of Prussia, after having occupied our Kingdom in a surreptitious manner, has thought that he could take definitive possession of it, and declared it annexed to his States, on the 20th September of this year (No. 390).

The only motive alleged by the Prussian Government to justify this arbitrary act, unheard of in the records of German history, is that which he pretends to find in the Right of Conquest.

Now, the Right of Conquest supposes a War made in conformity with the principles of the Law of Nations. But there has never been between us and the King of Prussia a War of such a nature. Moreover, as we have already stated above, it could not take place according to the Fundamental Laws of the Germanic Confederation, and it ought to have been morally impossible from one of our near relatives, of a friendly Sovereign, of a German Prince!

We consequently found ourselves, purely and simply, in the position of legitimate self-defence, in the face of an aggression which nothing could justify, and which we had not provoked.

With the facts above described in view, we loudly and solemnly Protest:

Against the unjustifiable Invasion of our Territory, which detachments of the Army of the King of Prussia presumed to make on the 15th June, 1866, and following days;

Against the Occupation of our Kingdom by the same Army detachments;

Against the Usurpation of our Rights and Prerogatives committed by the Agents of Prussia, and against any which they may still commit;

Against the Losses which we and our Royal House have suffered, or which we may be made to suffer, on the part of Prussia, in respect of our Property,* Revenues, or Estates, of whatever nature they may be;

Against the Spoliations suffered by the Public Treasury of Hanover under Prussian Administration, and against those which it may have to bear in future;

Against the Prosecutions, Losses, and Injuries to which our faithful Subjects may have been exposed, in consequence of the unjust and illegal acts of the Administration of the King of Prussia, or to which they may be subject in future;

Against the Obstacles which the said Administration brutally put to the manifestation of our well-beloved Subjects in favour of the preservation of our Dynasty and the Dynasty of Hanover, whilst it has provoked, and favoured by most disloyal means, manifestations in a contrary sense;

Against the Ill-will of the King of Prussia, who has repelled the steps which we have taken, or which we have ordered to be

taken with him, or with his Government, in order to re-establish Peace between us;

Finally, we specially Protest, in the face of the Universe against the taking Possession of our Kingdom, and against its Incorporation with Prussia, announced as definitive on the 20th September of this year (No. 390), as well as against all consequences of that Act, declaring that that Incorporation or Annexation is an infamous Usurpation, a culpable and odious Spoliation, a flagrant Violation of European Treaties, of all the principles of the Law of Nations, and of the Inviolability of States and Thrones;

This solemn Declaration, which we also make in the name of our legitimate successors, has principally for its object to place beyond prejudice the Rights of Sovereignty which belong to us by order of Succession, and which have been sanctioned and guaranteed by the European Powers.*

We claim the support of all the Powers which have recognised our Sovereignty and the Independence of our Kingdom, convinced as we are, that they will never admit that "la force prime le droit," since such a principle, now applied by Prussia, might hereafter threaten the existence of all the Monarchies and of all the legitimate States of the world.

We finally Declare that we shall never renounce our Rights of Sovereignty over our States; and that we shall always consider as illegal, null and void, all the acts which the Prussian Government or its Agents have committed, or may commit, in consequence of that usurpation, all responsibility for which we cast upon him who is their author.

Let all those who are interested therein consider themselves as warned.

We will look to future events full of confidence in the justice of our cause, and animated by the firm hope that Divine Providence will not delay in putting a stop to the machinations, iniquities, and violence to which so many States and so many Peoples are now victims as well as ourselves and our brave Hanoverians.

Hietzing, near Vienna, 23rd September, 1866.

(L.S.) GEORGE REX.

^{*} See Vienna Congress Treaty of 9th June, 1815, Arts. XXVI, XXVII.

No. 392.—TREATY OF PEACE between Austria and Italy. Signed at Vienna, 3rd October, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaties of Zurick of 10th November, 1859.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Delivery of Prisoners of War.
- 8. Union of Lomberdo-Venetics Kingdom to Italy.
- 4. Frontier of ceded Territory. Appointment of a Military Commission.
- 5. Evacuation of ceded Territory.
- 6. Amounts to be paid by Italy on the Monte Lombardo-Veneto Debt, and for War Material.
- 7. Appointment of a Commission for the payment of Monte Lombardo-Veneto Debt.
- 8. Rights and Obligations of Italy relative to Austrian Contract.
- 9. Beimbursements to be made by Austrian and Italian Governments.
- 10. Recognition and Confirmation by Italy of Austrian Railway Concessions.

 Recognition of Austrian Railway Conventions by Italy. Austrian Right of Devolution transferred to Italian Government. Payments still due by Concessionaries to be paid in full to Austria. Austria to pay Credits of building Contractors and Tradesmen, &c.
- 11. Austria to have no control over Railways in ceded Territory.
- 12. Convention to be entered into with South Austrian Railway Company.

 Division of Payment of Railway Guarantee.
- 13. Increase of Railway Communications.
- 14. Inhabitants or Natives of coded Territory free to retire with their Moveables to Austria and to keep their Immoveable Property in Lombards. Same liberty to Lombards living in Austria. Lombard Subjects to be free from Molestation. Time within which Lombards are to make their choice.
- 15. Lombardo-Venetian Subjects in Austrian Army to return to their homes.

 Lombards free to remain in Austrian Service. Civil Servants free to remain in Austrian Service. Civil Servants free to choose between the Austrian and Italian Service.
- 16. Italian Officers in Austrian Army free to remain or enter Italian Army.
- 17. Civil and Military Pensions.
- 18. Archives of Republic of Venice. Austrian Archives in ceded Territory to be handed over to Austria. Permission to make Copies of Documents.
- 19. Customs Facilities.
- 20. Benewal of Treaties and Conventions.
- 21. Renewal of Treaty of Commerce of 18th October, 1851.
- 22. Restoration of Personal and Real Estates to Princes and Princesses of the House of Austria. Reservation of the Rights of the State and of Individuals.
- 23. Armistice to Individuals implicated in Political Events.
- 24. Ratifications.

Additional Article.

Periods of Psyment to be made by Italy on the Mente-Lombardo Debt, and for War Material.

(Translation.*)

Reference to Treaties of Zurich of 10th November, 1859.

In the name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

His Majesty the King of Italy and His Majesty the Emperor of Austria having resolved to establish between their respective States a sincere and lasting Peace, His Majesty the Emperor of Austria having ceded to His Majesty the Emperor of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom,† His Majesty the Emperor of the French on his part having declared himself ready to recognise the Union of the said Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom to the States of His Majesty the King of Italy, with the reservation of the consent of the Populations being duly consulted; His Majesty the King of Italy and His Majesty the Emperor of Austria have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, namely:

His Majesty the King of Italy, the Sieur Louis Frederic Count Menabrea, Senator of the Kingdom, Lieutenant-General, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, the Sieur Felix Count Wimpffen, his actual Chamberlain, Envoy and Minister Plenipotentiary, on an Extraordinary Mission, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their respective Full Powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. There shall be from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, Peace and Friendship between His Majesty the King of Italy and His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, their heirs and successors, their States and their respective subjects in perpetuity.

Delivery of Prisoners of War.

ART. II. The Italian and Austrian Prisoners of War shall be immediately delivered up on both sides.

Union of Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom to Italy.

ART. III. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria agrees to the Union of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom to the Kingdom of Italy.

- * For French version see "State Papers," vol. lvi, p. 700.
- † Treaties of Zurich, of 10th November, 1859.

Frontier of Ceded Territory.

ART. IV. The Frontier of the Ceded Territory is determined by the actual administrative confines of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom.

Appointment of a Military Commission.

A Military Commission appointed by the two Contracting Powers shall be entrusted with the execution of the tracing on the spot within the shortest possible delay.

Evacuation of Ceded Territory.

ART. V. The evacuation of the Ceded Territory determined by the preceding Article, shall begin immediately after the signature of Peace, and shall be terminated in the shortest possible delay, in conformity with the arrangements agreed upon between the Special Commissioners appointed to that effect.

Amounts to be paid by Italy on account of the Monte Lomburdo-Veneto Debt, and for War Material.

ART. VI. The Italian Government will take upon itself:

1st. The portion of the Monte Lombardo-Veneto which devolved upon Austria in virtue of the Convention concluded at Milan in 1860 for the execution of Article VII of the Treaty of Zurich (No. 301);

2ndly. The Debts added to the Monte Lombardo-Veneto since the 4th of June, 1859, up to the day of the conclusion of the present Treaty;

3rdly. A sum of 35,000,000 florins, Austrian currency, in cash, for the portion of the Loan of 1854, allotted to Venetia, and for the price of the non-transportable War Material. The manner of paying that sum of 35,000,000 florins, Austrian currency, in cash, shall, in conformity with the precedent of the Treaty of Zurich, be determined in an Additional Article.*

Appointment of a Commission for the Payment of Monte Lombardo-Veneto Debt.

ART. VII. A Commission, composed of Italian, Austrian, and French Delegates, shall proceed to the liquidation of the different classes mentioned in the two first paragraphs of the preceding Article, taking into account the Sinking Fund already paid, and the Property, Assets, of every kind, constituting the Sinking Fund.

* See Additional Article, page 1758.

That Commission shall proceed with the Definitive Regulation of the Accounts between the Contracting Parties, and shall fix the time and method to be employed for the liquidation of the Monte Lombardo-Veneto.

Rights and Obligations of Italy relative to Austrian Contract.

Arr. VIII. The Government of His Majesty the King of Italy succeeds to the Rights and Obligations resulting from Contracts regularly stipulated by the Austrian Administration for objects of public interest, especially concerning the ceded Territory.

Reimbursements to be made by Austrian and Italian Governments.

ART. IX. The Austrian Government is charged with the Reimbursement of all sums paid by subjects of the ceded Territory, communal districts, public establishments, and religious societies into the Austrian public Banks in the shape of caution-money, deposits, or consignments. In the same manner, Austrian subjects, communes, public establishments, and religious societies, who have paid money into the Banks of the ceded Territories in the shape of caution-money, deposits, or consignments, will be punctually reimbursed by the Italian Government.

Recognition and Confirmation by Italy of Austrian Railway Concessions.

ART. X. The Government of His Majesty the King of Italy recognises and confirms the concessions granted to the Railroads by the Austrian Government in the ceded Territory, to the full extent of all their arrangements and duration, and particularly the concessions resulting from the Contracts passed under date of 14th March, 1856, 8th April, 1857, and 23rd September, 1858.

Recognition of Austrian Railway Conventions by Italy.

The Italian Government also recognises and confirms the stipulations of the Convention of 20th November, 1861, between the Administration of the South Lombardo-Venetian and Central Italian Ruilway Company, as well as the Convention of the 27th February, 1866, between the Imperial Minister of Finances and Commerce and the South Austrian Society.

Austrian Right of Devolution transferred to Italian Government.

From the time of the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty, the Italian Government is bound by all the Rights and

Obligations resulting to the Austrian Government by the abovementioned Convention, in regard to the Lines of Railway situated on the ceded Territory; consequently the right of Devolution which belonged to the Austrian Government.

Payments etill due by Concessionaries to be paid in full to Austria.

The Payments which are still to be made of the sum due to the State by the Concessionaries in virtue of the Contract of 14th March, 1856, as an equivalent for the expense of construction of the said Railroads, shall be paid in full into the Austrian Exchequer.

Austria to pay Credits of Building Contractors and Tradesmen, &c.

The Credits of the building Contractors and Tradesmen, as well as the Indemnities for appropriation of land, which appertain to the time when the Railways in question were administered on account of the State, and which have not yet been paid, will be paid by the Austrian Government, and, in so far as they may be due from them in virtue of the Act of Concession by the grantees of the Austrian Government.

Austria to have no control over Railways in ceded Territory.

ART. XI. It is understood that the recovery of the debts, resulting from Paragraphs 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16 of the Contract of the 14th March, 1856, will give Austria no right of control or superintendence over the construction and working of Railways in the ceded Territory. The Italian Government engages on its part to communicate all the information which may be asked for on the subject by the Austrian Government.

Convention to be entered into with South Austrian Railway Company.

ART. XII. In order to extend to the Venetian Railways the Stipulations of Article XV of the Convention of the 27th February, 1866, the High Contracting Parties engage to enter as soon as possible, in concert with the South Austrian Railway Company, into a Convention for the administrative and economical separation of the Venetian and Austrian Railways.

Division of Payment of Railway Guarantee.

In virtue of the Convention of the 27th February, 1866, the guarantee that the State has to pay to the South Austrian Rail-

way Company shall be calculated on the basis of the net produce of the whole of the Venetian and Austrian Lines forming the networks of the South Austrian Railways actually conceded to the Company. It is understood that the Italian Government will take upon itself a proportionate part of that Guarantee corresponding to the Lines in the ceded Territory, and that the basis of the net produce of the Austrian and Venetian Lines conceded to the said Company shall still form the basis for the evaluation of that Guarantee.

Increase of Railway Communications.

ART. XIII. The Italian and Austrian Governments, desirous of extending the relations between the two States, engage to facilitate Railway Communications and to favour the establishment of new Lines to unite the Italian and Austrian networks. The Government of His Imperial Royal Apostolic Majesty promises besides to hasten as much as possible the conclusion of the Brenner Line destined to unite the Valley of the Adige with that of the Inn.

Inhabitants or Natives of ceded Territory free to retire with their Moveables to Austria, and to keep their Immoveable Property in Lombardy.

ART. XIV. Inhabitants or natives of the Territory ceded by the present Treaty will have, for the space of a year, from the day of the date on which the Ratifications are exchanged, and conditionally on a previous declaration before the competent authorities, full and entire power to export their Moveables, free of duty, and to retire with their families into the States of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty, in which case their quality of Austrian subjects will be retained by them. They will be at liberty to keep their immoveable property situated on the ceded Territory.

Same liberty to Lombards living in Austria.

The same power is granted reciprocally to natives of the ceded Territory of Lombardy living in the States of His Majesty the Emperor of Austria.

Lombard Subjects to be free from Molestation.

The Lombards who profit by these arrangements cannot be, 1754

on account of their choice, disturbed on either side, in their person or their properties situated in the respective States.

Time within which Lombards are to make their choice.

The delay of one year is extended to two years, for the subjects, natives of the ceded Territory of Lombardy, who at the time of the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty are not within the Territory of the Austrian Monarchy. Their Declaration may be received by the nearest Austrian Mission, or by the superior authority of any province of the Monarchy.

Lombardo-Venetian Subjects in Austrian Army to return to their Homes.

ART. XV. The Lombardo-Venetian subjects in the Austrian army, will be immediately discharged from military service and sent back to their homes.

Lombards free to remain in Austrian Service.

It is understood that those amongst them who declare their wish to remain in the service of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty shall be free to do so, and will not be disturbed on this account, either in person or in property.

Civil Servants free to remain in Austrian Service.

The same guarantees are assured to the Civil Employés, natives of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom, who manifest their intention of keeping the offices they occupy in the Austrian Service.

Civil Servants free to choose between the Austrian and Italian Service.

Civil Servants born in the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom shall have the choice, either of remaining in the Austrian Service, or entering the Italian Administration, in which case the Government of His Majesty the King of Italy engages, either to place them in positions analogous to those which they occupied, or allot them Pensions, the amount of which shall be fixed according to the Laws and Regulations in force in Austria. It is understood that the said Civil Servants shall act under the disciplinary Laws and Regulations of the Italian Administration.

Italian Officers in Austrian Army free to remain or enter Italian Army.

ART. XVI. Officers of Italian origin, who are actually in the Austrian Service, shall have the choice, either of remaining in the Service of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty or of entering the Army of His Majesty the King of Italy, with the Rank they hold in the Austrian Army, provided they make the request within 6 months after the Ratification of the present Treaty.

Civil and Military Pensions.

ART. XVII. The Pensions, both Civil and Military, regularly paid, and which were paid out of the public funds of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom, remain due to those entitled to them, and, if need be, to their widows and children, and will be paid in future by the Government of His Italian Majesty.

This stipulation is extended to the Pensioners, both Civil and Military, as well as to their widows and children, without distinction of origin, who keep their domicile in the ceded Territory, and whose salaries, paid up to 1814 by the then Government of the Lombardo-Venetian Provinces, then became payable by the Austrian Treasury.

Archives of Republic of Venice.

ART. XVIII. The Archives of the ceded Territories containing the titles to property, and documents regarding the administration of justice, as well as the Political and Historical Documents of the old Republic of Venice, will be handed over to the Commissioners who shall be appointed thereto, to whose care shall be delivered the objects of Art and Science specially belonging to the ceded Territory.

Austrian Archives in ceded Territory to be made over to Austria.

Reciprocally, the titles to property, and documents connected with the administration and civil justice applying to the Austrian Territories, which may be in the Archives of the ceded Territory, will be handed over to the Commissioners of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty.

The Governments of Italy and Austria engage to consult each other, at the request of the superior administrative authorities, respecting all the documents and information relative to the

affairs which concern both the ceded Territory and the adjoining country.

Permission to make Copies of Documents.

They also engage to allow authentic Copies to be taken of Historical and Political Documents which may interest the Territories remaining respectively in the possession of the other Contracting Power, and which, in the interest of science, cannot be taken from the Archives to which they belong.

Customs Facilities.

ART. XIX. The High Contracting Powers engage reciprocally to grant the greatest possible Customs Facilities to the bordering Inhabitants of the two Countries for the improvement of their property and the exercise of their trade.

Renewal of Treaties and Conventions.

ART. XX. The Treaties and Conventions which have been confirmed by Article XVII of the Treaty of Peace signed at Zurich, on the 10th November, 1859 (No. 303), shall be temporarily renewed for one year, and shall extend to all the Territories of the Kingdom of Italy. In the case where those Treaties and Conventions shall not be denounced 3 months before the expiration of a year dating from the exchange of the Ratifications, they shall remain in force, and so on, from year to year.

ART. XXI. The two High Contracting Powers reserve to themselves to enter, as soon as possible, into negotiations on the widest bases reciprocally to facilitate business between the two Countries.

Renewal of Treaty of Commerce of 18th October, 1851.

Until then, and for the term fixed in the preceding Article, the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of the 18th October, 1851, shall remain in force and shall apply to the whole Territory of the Kingdom of Italy.

Restoration of Personal and Real Estates to Princes and Princesses of the House of Austria.

ART. XXII. The Princes and Princesses of the House of Austria, as well as the Princesses who have entered into the Imperial Family by marriage, shall, on proving their Titles, recover their

Private Property in full and entire possession, as well Personal as Real, which they shall be allowed to enjoy and to dispose of without being molested in any manner in the enjoyment of their Rights.

Reservation of the Rights of the State and of Individuals.

Nevertheless, all the Rights of the State and of Individuals are reserved to be prosecuted by legal means.

Armistice to Individuals implicated in Political Events.

ART. XXIII. With a view to contribute by every effort to quiet the public mind, the King of Italy and His Majesty the Emperor of Austria declare and promise that in their respective Territories there shall be a full and entire armistice for all individuals compromised on account of Political Events in the Peninsula up to the present time; consequently no individual, no matter what may be his rank or position in society, shall be prosecuted, annoyed, or troubled, in person or property, or in the exercise of his rights, on account of his conduct or political opinions.

Ratifications.*

ART. XXIV. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications exchanged at Vienna within a fortnight, or earlier if possible.

In faith of which, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have affixed their Seals thereunto.

Done at Vienna, on the 3rd day of the month of October, of the year of Grace, 1866.

(L.S.) MENABREA. (L.S.) WIMPFFEN.

Periods of Payments to be made by Italy on the Monte-Lombardo Debt, and for War Material.

Additional Article.

The Government of His Majesty the King of Italy engages itself towards the Government of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty to pay 35,000,000 florins, Austrian value, equivalent to 87,500,000 francs, stipulated by Article VI of the present Treaty, in the manner and at the periods hereinafter determined:

^{*} Ratifications exchanged at Vienna, 12th October, 1866.

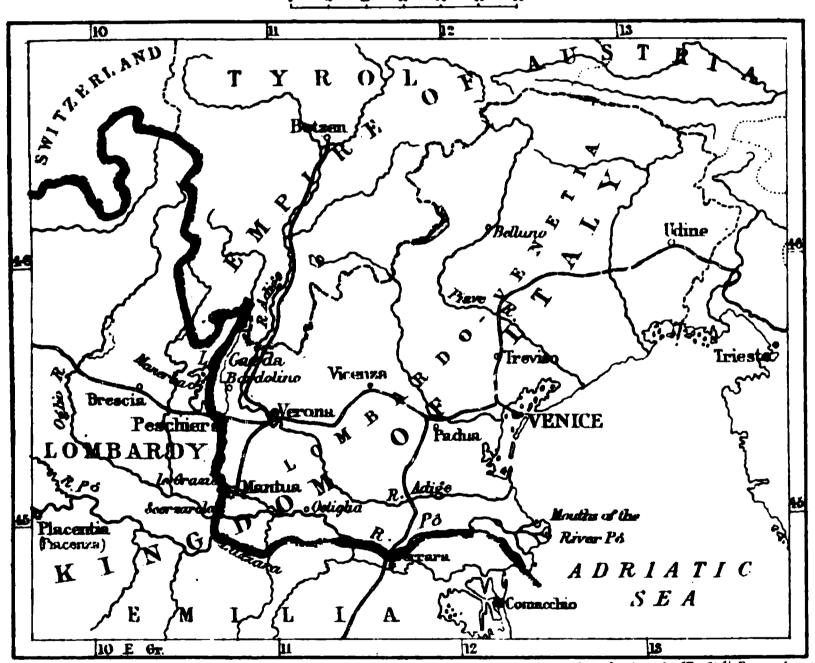
A Map to illustrate THE TREATY BETWEEN AUSTRIA AND ITALY

5™ OCTOBER 1866.

Also the Treaty of Zurich, Ket November 1869.

Scale of English Miles

0 10 20 10 60 50 60



MAP. LOMBARDO-VENETIA

7,000,000 florins shall be paid in cash by 7 Bills or Treasury Bonds to the order of the Austrian Government, payable at Paris, at the residence of the first Bankers, or of an Establishment of the first order, without interest, on the expiration of the 3rd month, dating from the day of the signature of the present Treaty, and which will be handed to the Plenipotentiary of His Imperial Royal and Apostolic Majesty at the time of the exchange of Ratifications.

The payment of the remaining 28,000,000 florins shall take place in Vienna cash, in 10 Bills or Treasury Bonds to the order of the Austrian Government, payable at Paris, at the rate of 2,800,000 florins (Austrian value) each. These 10 Bills or Treasury Bonds shall likewise be handed to the Plenipotentiary of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty on the exchange of the Ratifications. The first of these Bills, or Treasury Bonds, will be made two months after the payment of the Bills or Treasury Bonds of 7,000,000 florins above stipulated. For that date, as for the others following, becoming due on every succeeding two months, the interest will be reckoned at 5 per cent., dating from the first day of the month which will follow the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty.

The payment of the Interest shall take place at Paris at the expiration of each Bill or Treasury Bond.

The present Additional Article shall have the same force and value as if inserted word for word in the Treaty of this day.

Vienna, 3rd October, 1866.

(L.S.) MENABREA. (L.S.) WIMPFFEN.

[Conventions between Austria and France were signed on the 24th August and 1st October, 1866, regulating the details for the Cession of Venice to France; and a Procès-Verbal delivering Venice over to the Italian Government was signed by the French Commissioner on the 19th October, 1866.

On the 9th October, 1866, a Procès-Verbal delivering Peschiera over to the Municipality of that Place was signed by the French Commissioner; and on the 11th of the same month a Procès-Verbal was signed delivering Mantua over to the Municipality of that Town.]

[Annexation of Hanover to Prussia.]

No. 393.—PATENT of the King of Prussia, for taking possession of the Kingdom of Hanover. Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., hereby proclaim to every one:

Whereas in consequence of a War begun by Hanover in alliance with Austria, and in violation of the Federal Law then in force, a War which we, in just defence, have victoriously concluded, the Countries formerly united to the Kingdom of Hanover have been occupied by us, and we have determined to unite them with our Monarchy; for which purpose we have, with the assent of both Houses of the Landtag, issued and proclaimed the Law of the 20th of September last (No. 890).

We, therefore, by this Patent, take possession of the Countries which formed the late Kingdom of Hanover, viz.: the Principalities of Calenberg, Göttingen, Grubenhagen, Lüneburg, Oanabrück, Hildesheim, with the Towns of Goslar and East Friesland, with the Harling Territory; the Duchies of Bremen, Verden, and Arensberg-Meppen and the Hanoverian portion of the Duchy of Lauenburg; the Seigneury of Lingen; the Counties of Hoya, Diepholz, Hohnstein, and Bentheim, and the Territory of Hadeln; with all their Rights of Sovereignty and Supremacy, and we incorporate them with our Monarchy, including all their appurtenances and claims.

We will add the corresponding Titles to our Royal Title.

We command that the Prussian Eagles be set up on the Frontiers to indicate our Sovereignty, that the Arms hitherto displayed be replaced by our Arms, and that the official seals be provided with the Prussian Eagle.

We command all Inhabitants of the late Kingdom of Hanover, now united with our Monarchy, to recognise us in future as their legitimate King and Sovereign, and to observe with dutiful obedience our laws, ordinances, and commands.

We will protect every one in the possession and enjoyment of his justly acquired personal rights, and leave the officials, who are to be sworn into our service, in the enjoyment of their salaries on

[Annexation of Hanover to Prussia.]

condition of the faithful performance of their duties. Pending the introduction of the Prussian Constitution, we will exercise the legislative power ourselves.

We will maintain the Laws and Institutions of the Countries hitherto belonging to Hanover,* in so far as they are the expression of authorised peculiarities, and can remain in force without prejudice to the unity of the State, and the requirements of its interests.

Our present Governor-General is accordingly charged with the duty of taking possession.

Such is our will.

Given at the Palace of Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

Co. v. Bismarck-Schonhausen. Bar. v. d. Heydt.

v. Room.

Co. v. Itzenpletz.

v. MUHLER.

Co. ZUR LIPPE.

v. Selchow.

Co. 2U EULENBURG.

^{*} The King of Hanover protested against this Annexation on the 23rd September, 1866. On the 6th October following a Proclamation was addressed by the King to his Subjects releasing them from their Allegiance, but with certain reserves.

[Annexation of Hesse-Cassel to Prussia.]

No. 394.—PATENT of the King of Prussia, for taking possession of Hesse-Cassel. Babelsburg, 3rd October, 1866.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., hereby proclaim to every one:

Whereas, in consequence of a War begun by Electoral Hesse in alliance with Austria, and in violation of the Federal law then in force, a War which we, in just defence, have victoriously concluded, the Territories formerly united to the Electorate of Hesse have been occupied by us, and we have determined to unite them with our Monarchy; for which purpose we have, with the assent of both Houses of the Landtag, issued and proclaimed the Law of the 20th of September last (No. 390).

We, therefore, by this Patent, take possession of the Territories which formed the late Electorate of Hesse, namely, the Landgraviate of Hesse, the Grand Duchy of Fulda, the Principalities of Hersfeld, Hanau, Fritzlar, and Isenburg, the Counties Ziegenhain, Nidda, and Schaumburg, and the Lordship of Schmalkalden, with all their Rights of Sovereignty and Supremacy, and incorporate them with our Monarchy, including all their appurtenances and claims.

We will add the corresponding Titles to our Royal Title.

We command that the Prussian Eagles be set up on the Frontiers, to indicate our Sovereignty, that the Arms hitherto displayed be replaced by our Arms, and that the official seals be provided with the Prussian Eagle.

We command all Inhabitants of the late Electorate of Hesse, now united with our Monarchy, to acknowledge us in future as their rightful King and Sovereign, and to observe with dutiful obedience, our laws, ordinances, and commands.

We will protect every one in the possession and enjoyment of his justly acquired personal rights, and leave the officials, who are to be sworn into our service, in the enjoyment of their salaries, on condition of the faithful performance of their duties. Pending the introduction of the Prussian Constitution, we will exercise the legislative power ourselves.

We will maintain the laws and institutions of the lands

[Annexation of Hesse-Cassel to Prussia.]

are the expression of authorised peculiarities, and can remain in force without prejudice to the unity of the State, and the requirements of its interests.

Our present Governor-General is directed by us to take possession accordingly.

Such is our will.

Given at the Palace of Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

Co. v. Bismarck-Schonhausen. Bar. v. d. Heydt.

v. Roon. Co. v. Itzenplitz.

v. Muhler. Co. zur Lippe.

v. Selchow. Co. zu Eulenburg.

[Annexation of Massau to Prussis.]

No. 395.—PATENT of the King of Prussia, for taking - possession of the Duchy of Nassau. Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., hereby proclaim to every one:

Whereas, in consequence of a War begun by Nassau in alliance with Austria, and in violation of the Federal law then in force, a War which we, in just defence, have victoriously concluded, the Territories formerly united to the Duchy of Nassau have been occupied by us, and we have determined to unite them with our Monarchy; for which purpose we have, with the assent of both Houses of the Landtag, issued and proclaimed the law of the 20th September last (No. 390).

We, therefore, by this Patent, take possession of the Territories which formed the late Duchy of Nassau, with all Rights of Sovereignty and Supremacy, and incorporate them with our Monarchy, including all their appurtenances and claims.

We will add the corresponding Title to our Royal Title.

We command that the Prussian Eagle be set up on the Frontiers to indicate our Sovereignty; that the Arms hitherto displayed be replaced by our Arms, and that the official Seals be provided with the Prussian Eagle.

We command all inhabitants of the late Duchy of Nassau, now united with our Monarchy, to acknowledge us in future as their rightful King and Sovereign, and to observe with dutiful obedience our laws, ordinances, and commands.

We will protect every one in the possession of his justly acquired personal rights, and leave the officials, who are to be sworn into our service, in the enjoyment of their salaries, on condition of faithful performance of their duties. Pending the introduction of the Prussian Constitution, we will exercise the legislative power ourselves.

We will maintain the laws and institutions of the lands hitherto belonging to the Duchy of Nassau, in so far as they are the expression of authorised peculiarities, and can remain in force

[Annexation of Nassau to Prussia.]

without prejudice to the unity of the State, and the requirements of its interests.

Our present Civil Governor is directed by us to take possession accordingly.

Such is our will.

Given at the Palace of Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

Co. v. Bismarck-Schonhausen.

BAR. V. D. HEYDT.

v. Roon.

· Co. v. Itzenplitz.

v. MUHLER.

Co. zur Lippe.

v. Selchow.

Co. zur Eulenburg.

[Annexation of Frankfort to Prussia.]

No. 396.—PATENT of the King of Prussia, for taking possession of the Free Town of Frankfort.* Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., hereby proclaim to every one:

Whereas, in consequence of a War begun by Austria and her Allies, and by us, in just defence, victoriously concluded, we have occupied the Free Town of Frankfort-on-the-Main, and have determined to unite it with our Monarchy, for which purpose we have, with the assent of both Houses of the Landtag, issued and proclaimed the Law of the 20th September last (No. 390).

We, therefore, by this Patent take possession of the late Free Town of Frankfort-on-the Main, with all Rights of Sovereignty and Supremacy, and incorporate it in our Monarchy, together with the localities of Bonames, Bornheim, Hausen, Niederrad, Niederursel, and Oberrad, and all their appurtenances and Claims.

We will add the corresponding Titles to our Royal Title.

We command that the Prussian Eagles be set up on the Frontiers to indicate our Sovereignty; that the Arms hitherto displayed be replaced by our Arms; and that the official Seals be provided with the Prussian Eagle.

We command all inhabitants of the late Free Imperial town of Frankfort-on-the-Main and the localities belonging to its Territory, to acknowledge us in future as their rightful King and Sovereign, and to observe with dutiful obedience our laws, ordinances, and commands.

We will protect every one in the possession and enjoyment of his justly acquired personal rights, and leave the officials, who are to be sworn into our service, in the enjoyment of their salaries, on condition of the faithful performance of their duties. Pending the introduction of the Prussian Constitution, we will exercise the legislative power ourselves.

We will maintain the laws and institutions of the late Free Town of Frankfort-on-the-Main, in so far as they are the expression of authorised peculiarities, and can remain in force without

* The Inhabitants of Frankfort protested against the Annexation of their Territory to Prussia on the 24th September, 1866.

[Annexation of Frankfort to Prussia.]

prejudice to the unity of the State and the requirements of its interests.

Our Acting Civil Commissioner is directed by us to take possession accordingly.

Such is our will.

Given at the Palace of Babelsberg, 3rd October, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

Co. v. Bismarck-Schonhausen. Bar. v. d. Heydt.

v Roon. Co. v. Itzenplitz.

v. Muhler. Co. zur Lippe.

v. Selchow. Co. zur Eulenburg.

No. 397.—TREATY OF PEACE between Prussia and Saxe-Meiningen. Signed at Berlin, 8th October, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Accession of Saxe-Meiningen to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866, and Treaty of Alliance of 18th August, 1866.
- 2. Renewal of Treaties.
- 3. Suppression of Tour and Taxis Post.
- 4. Use of Telegraph Lines and Stations.
- 5. Cession to Prussia of Village of Abt-Löbnitz.
- 6. Cessions to Pruesia by Saxe-Meiningen.
- 7. Ratifications.

Right of Duke of Saxe-Meiningen to make Private Telegraphs.

(Translation.)

His Majesty the King of Prussia, and His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen-Hildburghausen, animated by the desire of restoring the reciprocal friendly relations which have been interrupted by the War, and regulating them for the future, have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, with a view to a Treaty of Peace to be concluded for that purpose;

His Majesty the King of Prussia, his actual Privy Councillor, Chamberlain, and Envoy, Charles Frederick von Savigny, &c.;

His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen, his Resident Minister, Count von Beust, &c.;

Who, after exchanging their Full Powers, which were found in good order, have agreed upon the following Treaty Stipulations:

Accession of Saxe-Meiningen to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866, and Treaty of Alliance of 18th August, 1866.

ART. I. His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen-Hildburg-hausen, whilst he acknowledges and accepts the Stipulations of the Preliminary Treaty concluded between Prussia and Austria at Nikolsburg, on the 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), in so far as they affect the future of Germany, accedes on his own part and for the Duchy, to Articles I to VI of the Treaty of Alliance concluded at Berlin on the 18th August last,* between His Majesty

the King of Prussia of the one part, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, and other North German Governments of the other part, and declares those Articles binding in all their Stipulations, for himself and the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen-Hildburghausen; as His Majesty the King of Prussia extends the assurances contained in those Articles likewise to His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen-Hildburghausen.

Renewal of Treaties.

ART. II. The Treaties and Conventions existing between the High Contracting Parties before the breaking out of Hostilities, especially the Customs-Union Treaties of 28th June, 1864, and of 16th May, 1865, and the agreements in connection therewith, come again into force from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, in so far and for so long as they are not affected or altered by the Stipulations in Article I aforesaid, by the accession of His Highness the Duke to the North German Confederation, and by the arrangements to be made in the latter.

Suppression of Tour and Taxis Post.

ART. III. His Highness the Duke declares beforehand that he concurs in the arrangements which Prussia may make with the Princely House of Taxis for doing away with the Tour and Taxis Post; in consequence of this the whole of the Postal Service in the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen will pass over to Prussia.

Use of Telegraph Lines and Stations.

ART. IV.* His Highness the Duke grants to the Royal Prussian Government the exclusive right of unrestricted construction and use of Telegraph Lines and Telegraph Stations throughout the Territory of the Duchy.

Cession to Prussia of Village of Abt-Löbnitz.

ART. V. His Highness the Duke renounces all Rights of Sovereignty hitherto exercised by him in the Village of Abt-Löbnitz, and cedes them without Indemnity to His Majesty the King of Prussia.

Cessions to Prussia by Saxe-Meiningen.

ART. VI. His Highness the Duke consents to the separation of the Prussian parochial district of Christes, hitherto forming part of the parish of Metzels in the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen, and also to the separation of the Prussian parochial districts of Bischofrod Eichenberg, and Kloster Vessra, with the forest house of Zollbrück and the Customs office, hitherto forming part of the parish of Lengefeld, in the Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen, and the sub-parochial localities of Keulrod Alhstädt, and Neuhof; and this separation is to take place without Indemnity on the part of Prussia, in such wise that any Claims for Indemnification from the said Meiningen parishes will be wholly attended to by the Ducal Saxe-Meiningen Government.

Ratifications.

ART. VII. The Ratification of the present Treaty shall take place within 8 days.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed and sealed this Treaty in duplicate.

Done at Berlin, 8th October, 1866.

(L.S.) v. SAVIGNY. (L.S.) COUNT BEUST.

Berlin, 8th October, 1866.

At the conclusion of the Treaty of Peace between Prussia and Saxe-Meiningen this day, the Undersigned have, at the desire of the Ducal Meiningen Plenipotentiary, agreed upon the following interpretation to Article IV of the said Treaty:

Right of Duke of Suxe-Meiningen to make Private Telegraphs.

That it is to be understood, as a matter of course, that the Duke has the right of making Private Telegraphs from his Palaces to the nearest Royal Telegraph station, and that the Railway Boards in the Duchy are allowed the use of a working telegraph.

Done as above.

(L.S.) v. SAVIGNY. (L.S.) COUNT BEUST.

No. 398.—TREATY OF PEACE between Prussia and Saxony. Signed at Berlin, 21st October, 1866.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Accession to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.
- 3. Re-organization of Saxon Troops.
- 4. Garrison of Fortress of Königstein.
- 5. International Representation of Saxony.
- 6. War Indemnity to Prussia.
- 7. Guarantee for Payment of Indemnity.
- 8. Discount on Payments in Advance.
- 9. Prussian Military Government and Civil Commissariat for Saxony to cease.
- 10. Special Agreement to regulate Property Affairs. Claim of Saxony upon Prussia.
- 11. Renewal of Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865.
- 12. Renewal of Treaties and Conventions.
- 13. Formation of Railway from Leipsig with Berlin-Anhalt Line. Special Arrangements to be settled in separate Treaty.
- 14. Saxon portion of Görlitz and Dresden Railway in Prussia to pass to Prussia. Rights of Saxony to work Saxon part of Railway to Görlitz.
- 15. Compensation to Saxony for Railway Cession.
- 16. Postal Service.
- 17. Prussian Telegraph Rights in Saxony. Saxon Telegraph Rights in Prussia. Telegraph Commissioners to be appointed.
- 18. Abolition of Salt Monopoly in Saxony.
- 19. Non-molestation of Saxon Subjects for Conduct during the War. Consent of Prussia. Saxon Prisoners in Prussia to be set free.
- 20. Abolition of Rights of University of Leipsig. Indemnity to the University.
- 21. Cessions to Prussia by Saxony.
- 22. Restoration by Prussia of Articles taken during the War.
- 23. Ratifications.

Special Stipulations in execution of Article IV.

Delivery of Fortress of Königstein to Prussia.

Protocol, explanatory of Article V.

Diplomatic Relations with Foreign Countries.

(Translation.)

His Majesty the King of Prussia and His Majesty the King of Saxony, animated by the desire of restoring the reciprocal 1771

friendly relations which have been interrupted by the War, and of regulating them for the future, have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, with a view to a Treaty of Peace to be concluded for that purpose,

His Majesty the King of Prussia, his actual Privy Councillor, Chamberlain, and Envoy, &c., Charles Frederick von Savigny; and

His Majesty the King of Saxony, his State Minister of Finance, &c., Richard Baron von Friesen; and his actual Privy Councillor, &c., Charles Adolphus Count von Hohenthal;

Who, after exchanging their Full Powers, which were found in good order, have agreed upon the following Treaty Stipulations:

Peace and Friendship.

ART. I. There shall henceforth be Peace and Friendship for ever between His Majesty the King of Prussia, and His Majesty the King of Saxony, their Heirs and Successors, their States and Subjects.

Accession to Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866.

ART. II. His Majesty the King of Saxony, whilst he acknowledges and accepts the Stipulations of the Preliminary Treaty concluded between Prussia and Austria, at Nikolsburg on the 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), in so far as they affect the future of Germany, and of Saxony in particular, accedes for himself, his Heirs and Successors, and for the Kingdom of Saxony, to Articles I to VI of the Treaty of Alliance, concluded at Berlin on the 18th August last,* between His Majesty the King of Prussia, of the one part, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar and other North German Governments of the other part, and declares them binding for himself, his Heirs and Successors, and for the Kingdom of Saxony; as His Majesty the King of Prussia extends the assurances therein contained likewise to the Kingdom of Saxony.

Reorganisation of Saxon Troops.

ART. III. As the Saxon Troops will consequently have to form an integral part of the North German Federal Army, and, as such, to come under the supreme command of the King of Prussia, their necessary reorganisation shall take place so soon as the general arrangements to be made for the North German Confede-

[•] See note, page 1710.

ration on the basis of the proposals of 10th June last, for the reform of the Confederation, shall have been settled.

Garrison of Fortress of Königstein.

ART. IV.* In the meantime, the special Stipulations agreed to at the same time as the present Treaty, shall come into force,—in regard to garrisoning the Fortress of Königstein, the return of the Saxon Troops to Saxony, the necessary granting of furloughs to the men, and the preliminary disposal of the Saxon Troops, which are to be replaced on the peace footing.

International Representation of Saxony.

ART. V.† The Royal Saxon Government also declares its willingness to regulate the International Representation of Saxony, according to the principles which will be authoritative for the North German Confederation in general.

War Indemnity to Prussia.

ART. VI. His Majesty the King of Saxony engages to pay to His Majesty the King of Prussia, to cover part of the expenses which Prussia has been put to by the War, and in fulfilment of the reservation in Article V of the Nikolsburg Preliminary Treaty of 26th July, 1866 (No. 383), the sum of 10,000,000 thalers, in 3 equal instalments.

The first instalment becomes due on the 31st December next, the second on the 28th February, and the third on the 30th April, next.

Guarantee for Payment of Indemnity.

ART. VII. His Majesty the King of Saxony Guarantees the payment of the said sum by the deposit of 4 per cent. Exchequer Bills of the Royal Saxon State Debt, 3 per cent. Royal Saxon National Bonds of the year 1830, or Royal Saxon Provincial Revenue Bills bearing interest at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., to the amount of the sum to be guaranteed. The Securities to be deposited will be reckoned at the current rate of the day, and the amount of the Guarantee will be increased by 10 per cent.

Discount on Payments in Advance.

ART. VIII. His Majesty the King of Saxony is at liberty to pay the above Indemnity, wholly or partially, before the sti-

• See also page 1779.

† See page 1781.

pulated time, with the deduction of a discount of 5 per cent. per annum.

Prussian Military Government and Civil Commissariat for Saxony to cease.

ART. IX. On the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty, the Royal Prussian Military Government for Saxony, as well as the Royal Prussian Civil Commissariat at Dresden, will cease to act, without prejudice to the special Stipulations provided in Article IV; the daily payment of 10,000 thalers to the Commissariat will also cease at the same time.

Special Agreement to regulate Property Affairs.

ART. X. The arrangement of the Property affairs, founded by the late Germanic Confederation, is reserved for special Agreement.

Claim of Saxony upon Prussia.

His Majesty the King of Saxony, specially and expressly reserves a Claim to more than 200,000 thalers, which Saxony has expended and liquidated on occasion of the Federal execution in Holstein.

Renewal of Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865.

ART. XI. Under reservation of the arrangements to be made in the Constitution of the North German Confederation, respecting Customs and Commercial affairs on the basis of the Federal Reform proposals of 10th June last, the Zollverein Treaty of 16th May, 1865, and the Agreements in connection therewith, which have been made inoperative by the breaking out of the War, shall again come temporarily into force between the High Contracting Parties from the date of the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, with the condition that each of the High Contracting Parties shall be at liberty to put an end to their operation, after 6 months' notice to that effect.

Renewal of Treaties and Conventions.

ART. XII. All other Treaties and Conventions concluded between the High Contracting Parties before the War are hereby again brought into force, in so far as they are not affected by the Stipulations mentioned in Article II, and by the accession to the North German Confederation.

Formation of Railway from Leipsig with Berlin-Anhalt Line.

ART. XIII. The High Contracting Parties reciprocally engage to allow and to promote the formation of a Railway, starting immediately from Leipsig, and in direct communication therewith the Thuringian and the Berlin-Anhalt line, making joint use of part of one of those lines, if expedient, and proceeding by Pegau to Zeitz. His Majesty the King of Saxony will grant to the Company which shall receive the concession for the part of the said Railway situated in Prussian Territory, the concession for the length of it situated in Saxon Territory, on the same conditions as have been lately made in Saxony for concessions to Private Railway Companies in general.

Special Arrangements to be settled in Separate Treaty.

The special arrangements required for the execution of this Railway will be settled by a separate State Treaty, for the conclusion of which Plenipotentiaries on both sides will meet as soon as may be at a place to be hereafter agreed upon.

Saxon portion of Görlitz and Dresden Railway in Prussia to pass to Prussia.

ART. XIV. The High Contracting Parties have agreed that the property of the Royal Saxon Government in the portion of the Görlitz and Dresden Railway which is situated in Prussian Territory, including the joint Right of Property in the Görlitz Station, shall pass over to the Royal Prussian Government with the Ratification of the present Treaty.

Rights of Saxony to work Saxon part of Railway to Görlitz.

On the other hand, the Royal Saxon Government will continue to work the part of the line from the Frontiers of the two Countries to Görlitz, and to make joint use of the Görlitz Statiou gratis provisionally, until the expiration of the 30 years' term fixed in Article XIV of the State Treaty of 24th July, 1843, with the reservation of any further Agreement to be then made. The Royal Saxon Government will deliver to the Royal Prussian Government annually the net proceeds of working the said portion of the line, as shown by the accounts. The Royal Prussian Government undertakes that, in the projected alteration of the Görlitz Railway Station, care shall be taken to provide the Royal Saxon Railway Board with all the necessary space and

facilities for the unobstructed and uninterrupted working of the line.

Compensation to Saxony for Railway Cessions.

ART. XV. In order to secure to the Royal Saxon Government the Indemnity contemplated in the State Treaty of 24th July, 1843, for the event of the subsequent Cession of its Property in the part of the Railway from the Frontier to Görlitz, and its joint Property in the Görlitz Railway Station, His Majesty the King of Prussia will allow a deduction from the War Costs Indemnity fixed in Article VI of the present Treaty, to the amount of 1,000,000 thalers, as a compensation for the Cession of Property by His Majesty the King of Saxony, agreed to in Article XIV of the present Treaty.

Postal Service.

ART. XVI. As, according to Article VI, § 10 of the reform proposals of 10th June last, the Postal Service is one of those matters which are subject to the legislation and supervision of the Federal Power; and as His Majesty the King of Saxony accedes to the North German Confederation on the basis of those proposals, so he promises that from henceforth he will not allow anything to be done that might in any way interfere with the Definitive Arrangement of the Postal Service in the North German Confederation, either by concluding Treaties with other States, or in any other way whatever.

Prussian Telegraph Rights in Saxony.

ART. XVII. The Royal Saxon Government transfers to the Royal Prussian Government the right of making use of the Telegraph Service within the Kingdom of Saxony to the same extent as that right now appertains to the Royal Saxon Government. In so far as the Royal Saxon Government has the right of maintaining Telegraph establishments in other States, it cedes its rights arising from existing Treaties to the Royal Prussian Government, which reserves to itself the negotiations with third Governments as to the exercise of those Rights.

Saxon Telegraph Rights in Prussia.

The same advantages are reserved to the despatches of His Majesty the King of Saxony, the members of the Royal Family, the Court Officers, and Ministers, and other public authorities of

the Kingdom of Saxony, as to the similar despatches of the Royal Prussian authorities. The Railway Boards in the Kingdom of Saxony retain, as a matter of course, the use of their working Telegraph.

Telegraph Commissioners to be appointed.

Commissioners on both sides will meet immediately after the exchange of the Ratifications of the Treaty of Peace, in order to arrange for the execution of all the stipulations contained in the present Article.

Abolition of Salt Monopoly in Saxony.

ART. XVIII. His Majesty the King of Saxony declares that he agrees to the Abolition of the Salt Monopoly existing in Saxony, as in most of the Zollverein States, so soon as the Abolition takes place in Prussia, and that from the time of the said Abolition the taxation of Salt shall be for the common account of the States interested. The details of the arrangements are reserved for further agreement.

Non-molestation of Saxon Subjects for conduct during the War.

ART. XIX. His Majesty the King of Saxony declares that none of his Subjects, nor any one else that is subject to the Saxon laws shall be called to account penally or in the way of police or discipline, or be injured in his honorary rights, for any transgression concerning the relations between Prussia and Saxony during the continuance of the state of War, or any offence against the person of His Majesty, or for high treason, treason against the State, or any other conduct endangering the security of the State, or finally, for his Political Conduct during the aforesaid time. Any investigations of this kind which have been already instituted shall immediately be quashed, together with the costs thereof.

Consent of Prussia.

His Majesty the King of Prussia declares his Consent that any transgressions or offences of the aforesaid kind that may have been committed in Saxony during the said time against the person of His Majesty the King of Prussia or against the Prussian State, shall be dealt with according to the same principles.

Saxon Prisoners in Prussia to be set Free.

Such persons as have been sent away from Saxony, and as may still be in Prussian custody, shall be immediately set Free, in so far as it is allowable by the Prussian laws.

Abolition of Rights of University of Leipsig. Indemnity to the University.

ART. XX. His Majesty the King of Saxony acknowledges the unrestricted jus reformandi of His Majesty the King of Prussia in reference to the Foundations of Merseburg, Naumburg, and Zeitz, consents to the Abolition of the Rights hitherto pertaining to the University of Leipsig in regard to certain Canonicates in those Foundations, and renounces all Rights and Claims accruing to the Royal Saxon Government or the University of Leipsig from the statutes of the Foundations, or from former Treaties and Conventions, any stipulations whereof to the contrary are hereby expressly annulled. The Royal Saxon Government undertakes the Indemnification of the University of Leipsig for the total suppression of its relations with the Foundations, as well as that of the present possessors ad dies muneris, and engages to hold the Royal Prussian Government harmless against all Claims for Indemnification from the University or separate faculties and professors.

Cessions to Prussia by Saxony.

ART. XXI. His Majesty the King of Saxony consents to the separation:

1. Of the Prussian parochial district of Werben, hitherto forming part of the Saxon parish of Stoentzsch;

2. Of the Prussian parochial district of Zitzschen, hitherto forming part of the Saxon parish of Gross-Dalzig;

8. Of the Prussian commune of Döhlen, hitherto forming part of the Saxon parish of Quesitz;

4. Of the Prussian communes of Könnderitz, Minkwitz, and Traupitz, hitherto forming part of the Saxon parish of Auligk;

5. Of the Prussian commune of Cossen, hitherto forming part of the Saxon parish of Püchau; and

6. Of the Prussian communes of Collou and Bunitz, hitherto forming part of the Saxon parish of Thalwitz;

And this without any Indemnification on the part of Prussia,

so that any Claims for Indemnification made by the said Saxon parishes are to be met by the Royal Saxon Government alone.

Restoration by Prussia of Articles taken during the War.

ART. XXII. His Majesty the King of Prussia will give orders for the speedy Restoration of any Articles in the possession of the State taken away during the War in Saxony, and not yet returned, which are not to be looked upon as Spoils of War, according to existing International Law. Amongst these articles are specially included the locomotives, tenders, carriages, and rails seized upon the State Railways, as well as the stores of precious metals and other saleable produce taken from the Royal Mines near Freiberg. With regard to the latter, the necessary arrangements are to start from the principle that the working lead found therein is to be restored to the Royal Saxon Government, on payment of the value of the lead which it contains.

Ratifications.*

ART. XXIII. The Ratification of the present Treaty is to take place by the 28th of the current month and year at the latest.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Treaty in duplicate, and have affixed their Seals to it. Done at Berlin, 21st October, 1866.

(L.S.) SAVIGNY. (L.S.) FRIESEN. (L.S.) HOHENTHAL.

SPECIAL STIPULATIONS in execution of Article IV of the Treaty of Peace of 21st October, 1866.

Delivery of Fortress of Königstein to Prussia.

With reference to Article IV of the Treaty of Peace of this date, the Undersigned Plenipotentiaries have agreed upon the following points:

- 1. His Majesty the King of Saxony will, without delay, and even before the Ratifications of the said Treaty of Peace are exchanged, give up the Fortress of Königstein to His Majesty the King of Prussia.
 - 2. The occupation of the Fortress is to be effected in such
 - * Ratifications exchanged at Berlin, 24th October, 1866.
 1779

wise that the Royal Saxon Infantry now therein will be relieved by a detachment of the Royal Prussian Infantry, with a reciprocal exchange of military honours, and the Royal Saxon Governor (Commandant), will transfer his functions to a Governor (Commandant), who is to be appointed by His Majesty the King of Prussia. The Saxon Infantry of the Garrison will march out with arms and baggage, and proceed at once to the quarters appointed for them.

- 3. All the Saxon artillery, arms, ammunition, equipments, stores, provisions, and all other State Property now in the Fortress or yet to be brought there, remain the indisputable property of the Royal Saxon Government, which has therefore the free and unobstructed disposal of all the said Articles, and may either leave them at Königstein, or take them away at any time.
- 4. To take care of the aforesaid Royal Saxon State Property, the detachment of Royal Saxon artillery will remain as part of the Garrison of the Fortress, but under the chief command of the Royal Prussian Governor (Commandant), and with it will remain the Sub-Commandant, the Engineer of the Fortress, the Adjutant, and all the Fortress Officials and workmen.

The Royal Prussian Garrison in the Fortress is at liberty to make use of the magazines and stores of all kinds for their maintenance, setting off the amount.

5. Immediately after the exchange of the Ratifications of the Treaty of Peace, His Majesty the King of Saxony will grant a furlough on an extensive scale to all the corps of troops not intended by His Majesty for the peace garrison of Dresden, within the bounds allowable on military considerations, and that too before the return of the Troops to Saxony.

The further disbandment necessary in the separate corps of troops is to take place immediately after their return to Saxony; and then also all the men who can be spared are to have their full discharge.

- 6. Dresden is to receive a joint garrison of Prussian and Saxon troops. The Royal Saxon Troops, intended for this purpose, are not to exceed an effective body of 2,000 to 3,000 men, exclusive of officials.
- 7. With regard to the Royal Saxon Troops not intended for the garrison in Dresden, the necessary accommodation for their cadres, horses, arms, and equipments, will be arranged in concert with the Royal Prussian General highest in command in Saxony.

To him will also be communicated in due time, on the part of Saxony, the marching plan of the Royal Saxon troops returning from Austria.

- 8. So soon as the separate detachments of Saxon troops shall have returned to the Saxon Territory, they will pass, until further arrangements, under the command in chief of the Royal Prussian General highest in command in Saxony.
- 9. His Majesty the King of Prussia appoints the Governor, and His Majesty the King of Saxony the Commandant, for the town of Dresden, and the Fortification works about it. The reciprocal relations of those authorities to each other and to the respective contingents of the garrison of Dresden, will be provisionally regulated according to the analogy of the former Federal Fortresses. The other questions connected therewith remain for future arrangement.
- 10. Until the reorganisation of the Saxon troops in essential matters shall have been completed, and their incorporation into the Army of the North German Confederation shall have taken place, Prussia will continue to furnish the necessary number of troops on her part for the Garrison of the Kingdom of Saxony.

The reciprocal obligations arising herefrom will be arranged by Special Convention* between the two High Governments interested.

All further Regulations necessary for the execution of the foregoing stipulations are left to Agreement between the Royal Saxon Government and the Royal Prussian General highest in command.

The foregoing stipulations shall be considered as ratified with the Ratification of the Treaty of Peace.

Berlin, 21st October, 1866.

(L.S.) SAVIGNY.

(L.S.) FRIESEN.

(L.S.) HOHENTHAL.

PROTOCOL explanatory of Article V† of the Treaty of Peace of 21st October, 1866.

Diplomatic Relations with Foreign Countries.

On the signature this day of the Treaty of Peace concluded between Prussia and Saxony, the Royal Saxon Plenipotentiaries declare as follows with reference to Article V:—

* A Military Convention was signed at Berlin on the 7th February, 1867.

† See page 1778.

The Royal Saxon Government, animated with the lively desire of carrying into effect the perfect harmony which exists between it and the Royal Prussian Government, in regard to the political course to be henceforward followed in common, is ready,

- a. To transfer at once and until the time when the question of the International Representation of the North German Confederation shall be settled in a definitive manner,* its own International Representation in regard to those Courts and Governments with which it does not at present maintain Diplomatic Agents to the Prussian Missions, and
- b. To have the same relations introduced with those Courts and Governments to which there are Saxon Missions at present, in all cases of temporary vacancy, and for as long as they last;
- c. Also to provide the Royal Saxon Representatives with corresponding instructions to this effect, so that in the spirit of the alliance concluded with Prussia, Saxony now at once firmly adheres to the Prussian policy in regard to International relations.

The Royal Prussian Plenipotentiary declares on his part, that his Government is ready to undertake the Representation in question, and thereby to take care of the interests both of the Royal Saxon Government and of Saxon subjects, everywhere in the same manner as its own.

Finally, the Plenipotentiaries on both sides were agreed that the foregoing ad interim arrangements should in no way affect the right of His Majesty the King of Saxony to send Extraordinary Plenipotentiaries in particular cases.

The foregoing Protocol is to be considered as ratified with the Ratification of the Treaty of Peace.

Berlin, 21st October, 1866.

(L.S.) SAVIGNY.

(L.S.) FRIESEN.

(L.S.) HOHENTHAL.

[On the 1st December, 1866, an Ordinance was issued by the King of Prussia respecting the Publication of Laws in the Provinces incorporated with the Prussian Monarchy; and on the 10th December following another Ordinance was issued invalidating certain Securities removed from the Hanoverian Treasury.]

^{*} See Constitution of 14th June, 1867.

No. 399.—FIRMAN of Investiture of Prince Charles of Hohenzollern as Prince of the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia. Constantinople, 23rd October, 1866.*

TABLE.

- 1. Recognition of Rights of Turkey to Sovereignty over the United Principalities.
- 2. Armed Force not to exceed 30,000 Men.
- 3. Coinage.
- 4. Treaties and Conventions with Foreign Powers to be binding on United Principalities. Principalities not to conclude Treaties or Conventions with Foreign Powers. Principalities to be consulted on Treaties and Conventions bearing upon their Laws and Commerce. Above Restrictions not to bear upon Arrangements of an Unofficial or non-Political Character.
- 5. Not to create any Order of Decoration.
- 6. Rights of Sovereignty.
- 7. Tribute.
- 8. Disturbers of the Peace not to be allowed in the United Principalities.
- 9. Security to Turkish Subjects trading in the Principalities. Hereditary Title of Prince of the United Principalities. Fulfilment of Engagements.

(Translation.†)

To Prince Charles of Hohenzollern, who has been invested with the dignity of Prince of the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.

Having nothing more at heart than putting an end to the disturbances which have for some time past taken place in the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, an important part of my Empire, and to see their prosperity developed, as well as the happiness and well-being of their inhabitants, and that object being only attainable by the establishment of solid and lasting order;

Recognising, on the other hand, the wisdom, the high intelligence, and the capabilities which distinguish you, I confer on you the Rank and Prerogatives of Prince of the United Principalities on the following conditions, which have been specified in the Vizerial Letter addressed to you on the 19th October of the pre-

- * See Note, page 1786.
- + For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvii, p. 600.

sent year, which you accepted by your answer dated on the 20th of the same month, and by which

Recognition of Rights of Turkey to Sovereignty over the United Principalities,

1. You engage, in your own name and in the name of your successors, to respect in their Integrity my Rights of Sovereignty over the United Principalities, which form an Integral Part of my Empire within the limits fixed by the stipulations of ancient Conventions* and by the Treaty of Paris of 1856 (No. 264).

Armed Force not to exceed 30,000 Men.

2. Not to exceed, under any pretext whatever, without previous understanding with my Government, the number of 30,000 men, to which the Armed Force of every description of the United Principalities may be raised.

Coinage.

- 3. Authority having been granted on our part to the United Principalities to have a special Coin bearing a mark of our Government, which shall be hereafter decided between my Sublime Porte and you, to consider that authority as of none effect so long as that decision has not been come to.
- Treaties and Conventions with Foreign Powers to be binding on United Principalities. Principalities not to conclude Treaties or Conventions with Foreign Powers. Principalities to be consulted on Treaties and Conventions bearing upon their Laws and Commerce.
- 4. To consider as binding on the Principalities all Treaties and Conventions existing between my Sublime Porte and other Powers, in so far as they do not infringe on the Rights of the United Principalities established and recognised by the Acts which concern them; also to maintain and respect the principle that no Treaties or Conventions can be directly concluded by the United Principalities with Foreign Powers. My Imperial Government will nevertheless not fail in future to consult the United Principalities on the stipulations of any Treaty or Convention which might bear upon their Laws and Commercial Regulations.

Above Restrictions not to bear upon Arrangements of an Unofficial or Non-Political Character.

Arrangements of local interest between two neighbouring Administrations, and not having the form of an Official Treaty, or of a political character, shall continue to remain excluded from the above restrictions.

Not to create any Order of Decoration.

5. To abstain from creating any Order of Decoration intended to be conferred in the name of the United Principalities.

Rights of Sovereignty.

6. Always to respect my Rights of Sovereignty over the United Principalities, which form an integral part of my Empire, and carefully to maintain the secular bonds which unite them to Turkey.

Tribute.

7. To increase the Tribute paid to my Government by the Principalities in the proportion which shall hereafter be fixed in concert with you.

Disturbers of the Peace not to be allowed in the United Principalities.

8. Not to permit that the Territory of the United Provinces shall serve as a focus for Ringleaders of Disturbances, such as would endanger the tranquillity either of the other parts of my Empire or of neighbouring States.

Security to Turkish Subjects trading in the Principalities.

9. To come to an understanding hereafter with my Imperial Government for the adoption of practical measures necessary to secure the assistance and protection due to those of my subjects who from other parts of my Empire shall proceed to the United Principalities with the object of entering into commercial transactions.

Hereditary Title of Prince of the United Principalities.

Considering the conditions enumerated above, and the engagements contained in the before-mentioned answer to the letter of my Grand Vizier, the Rank and the Prerogatives of

Prince of the United Principalities are conferred upon you as a Hereditary Title for you and your heirs in a direct line, with the reservation, in case of a vacancy, that that Rank shall be conferred upon the eldest of your heirs by an Imperial Firman.

Fulfilment of Engagements.

You will therefore watch that no Act shall be allowed contrary to the preceding conditions and to the fundamental dispositions of the Treaties and Conventions concluded with friendly and Allied Powers of my Empire, referring to the United Principalities, and you will devote your attention in perfecting and ensuring the good administration of the United Principalities, and in developing the well-being and prosperity of their inhabitants in conformity with my Imperial wish.

Given at Constantinople, the 14th Djemazi-ul-Akhir, 1283 (23rd October, 1866).

[Conferences were held in Paris upon the Subject of the United Principalities, from March to June, 1866. (See page 1650.) On the 17th May it was formally announced to the Conference that the Rouman People had, by means of a Plebiscite, elected Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Hechingen as Sovereign of the United Principalities under the Title of Charles I.

On the 10th May, 1866, Prince Charles, having accepted the offer of the Assembly, entered Wallachian Territory, and assumed the Government of the Principalities. The Porte at first entered a formal Protest against these Acts, but eventually (11th July, 1866,) the Sultan agreed to recognize the Election of the Prince, and on the 23rd October following a Firman of Investiture was issued to His Highness by the Sultan.

These Arrangements were concurred in by the Treaty Powers, on the 29th January, 1867.]

[Montenegro.]

No. 400.—PROTOCOL between Turkey and Montenegro, relative to the Demarcation of the Frontiers of Montenegro. Constantinople, 26th October, 1866.

(Translation.)

A MEETING having been held at the yali of His Highness Aali Pasha, Minister for Foreign Affairs, at Bebek, between Safvet Pasha, President of the Dari Choura, and Server Effendi, Under Secretary of State at the Ministry of Commerce, duly authorised to that effect by the Sublime Porte, on the one part, and the Senators Ilio Plamenatz and Captain Peiovitch, appointed for the same purpose by His Highness the Prince of Montenegro, of the other part, the Protocol signed at Cettigne on the 3rd May, 1864 (No. 360), between Hafiz Bey, Commissioner of the Sublime Porte, and M. Giuro Matanovich, Commissioner of Montenegro, and containing 18 Articles, was taken into consideration. The Commission, after having discussed each of the Articles of the said Protocol, confirms it in all its details, and decides that the present Protocol shall be annexed thereto, to have the same force and effect as if it formed part thereof.

Proceeding to the execution of the Protocol of the 3rd May, 1864 (No. 360), this Commission agrees that a mixed Commission shall proceed in the month of April next, at the latest, to the exchange and the settlement of the Indemnities of Private Properties, and the bases already decided upon. That Commission shall in the same manner proceed in execution of Articles XI and XII of the same Protocol.

Proceeding to the examination of the Map and of the Specification drawn up by the International Commission on the 8th November, 1858 (No. 288), the Commission, after having referred them to the respective Governments, entirely admit the tracing of the Line of Demarcation of the Frontiers as shown in red on the above-mentioned Map, and which passes from Vissotchitsa (No. 67) by Srebrena-Glavitsa (No. 68) to Banova-Gomila (No. 69). It is nevertheless agreed, and the Commissioners of His Highness the Prince of Montenegro engage that no building or habitation of any kind whatever shall be erected on the Srebrena-Glavitza.

[Montenegro.]

It is agreed that the Turkish Koulé of Ynotchitza shall be immediately demolished.

As far as regards Velje and Malo-Brdo, the space between Podgoritza and Sponge, the Commission agrees that the Montenegrins shall continue freely to enjoy all their Rights of Possession on those mountains, and that they will have to pay into the hands of the Imperial Authorities at Scutari of Albania the Tithes and the Dues to which their lands and crops are liable.

Done in Duplicate at Constantinople, 26th October, 1866.

SAFVET. SERVER. I. PLAMENATZ. PEIOVITCH.

No. 401] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [15 Dec., 1866.

[Navigation of the River Pruth.]

No. 401.—ACT between Austria, Russia, and the United Principalities of Moldaria and Wallachia, relative to the Navigation of the Pruth. Signed at Bucharest, and December, 1866.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Free Navigation of the Prath.
- 2. Tax to be levied for the Improvement of the Pruth, and for the Maintenance of its Navigability.
- 3. Produce and Merchandise to be free of Passage or Transit Dues.
- 4. Customs Regulations.
- 5. Facilities to be given to Commerce and Navigation.
- 6. Kstablishment of Custom-House Stations.
- 7. Appointment of a Permanent Mixed Commission.
- 8. Appointment of an Inspector of Works.
- 9. Inspector to act under the Permanent Commission.
- 10. Maintenance of the Inspector.
- 11. General Project for the Navigation of the Pruth to be approved by the 8 Governments.
- 12. Power to Commissioners to introduce Modifications in the Works.
- 18. Works to belong exclusively to the use of the Navigation of the Pruth.
- 14. Assistance to be afforded to the Mixed Commission.
- 15. Towing Paths.
- 16. Erection of Mills, &c., forbidden.
- 17. Permission to be obtained for the erection of Bridges, &c.
- 18. Erection of Works by Riverain Suburban and Rural Communes.

 Amount of Taxes to be levied.
- 19. Communication between either Bank by means of Bridges and Ferries.
- 20. Tariff of Navigation Taxes.
- 21. Division of the Produce of the Toll.
- 22. Reduction of Taxes on Navigation.
- 23. Special Regulations for Levying Tolls, and the Administration of Navigation Funds.
- 24. Funds levied to be under Control of the Inspector.
- 25. Detailed Accounts and Statements to be made Annually.
- 26. Navigation and Police Regulation.
- 27. The Regulation to apply to Civil Lists.
- 28. Assistance to be afforded to the Inspector, &c., by the 3 Governments.
- 29. Establishment of Quarantine Lines.
- 30. Vessels descending the Pruth to be free from Sanitary Control.
- 31. Duties to be Levied at Mouth of the Pruth.
- 32. Military Assistance to Commissioners, &c. Assistance of Consular Authority. Sittings of Mixed Commission.

(Translation.†)

THE Government of His Majesty the Emperor of All the

- See also Regulations of 8th February, 1871.
- † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvili, p. 631.

15 Dec., 1866.] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [No. 401 [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

Russias, the Government of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty, and the Government of His Serene Highness the Reigning Prince of the United Principalities, in their desire to regulate with one accord, in the character of Co-Riverain States, the Navigation of the Pruth, have agreed to that effect to the following Stipulations:

Free Navigation of the Pruth.

ART. I. The Navigation through the whole extent of the Pruth, in so far as it flows through or separates the States of the High Contracting Parties shall be entirely Free, and shall not, in matters of Commerce, be interdicted to any Flag. Vessels and their crews shall, nevertheless, be obliged to conform strictly to the Navigation Regulations to be agreed upon,* as well as to the special dispositions contained in the Articles of the present Act.

Tax to be levied for the Improvement of the Pruth, and for the Maintenance of its Navigability.

ART. II. With the exclusive view of covering the expenses of Works for the improvement of the River and those for the Maintenance of its Navigability, a fair Tax shall be imposed on the Navigation and levied at the Mouth of the Pruth in the Danube. Besides this only Tax, no other Duty, whatever may be its name or origin, shall be levied on the Navigation, except in the cases mentioned in Article XVIII.

Produce and Merchandise to be Free of Passage or Transit Dues.

ART. III. Produce and Merchandise carried on the Pruth shall be entirely free from Passage or Transit Dues.

Customs Regulations.

ART. IV. The Customs Lines shall everywhere follow the Banks of the River without ever crossing it. All Vessels, Rafts, &c., therefore, so long as they are navigating or at anchor in the bed of the River, shall be entirely free from any action of the Customs; they shall, on the contrary, be subject to the Regulations in force in each of the Riverain States, for external Commerce. so soon as they shall have reached either Bank.

Facilities to be given to Commerce and Navigation.

ART. V. In order to favour as much as possible the development of Commerce and Navigation, there shall be introduced into

* See Regulations, 8th February, 1871.

No. 401] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [15 Dec., 1866. [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

the River Police Regulations special Dispositions to prevent the duties of the Custom-house officers being an obstacle or an impediment in the way of Navigation. Particular care will be taken to facilitate, as much as possible, the Towage of Vessels along the Banks.

Establishment of Custom-house Stations.

ART. VI. With a view to facilitating the operations of Commerce and Navigation, the Governments will also increase, as far as the local circumstances shall admit of it, the number of Customhouse stations, for the export and import of Merchandise.

Appointment of a Permanent Mixed Commission.

ART. VII. A Permanent Mixed Commission, composed of Delegates of Russia, Austria, and the United Principalities, shall be appointed to put the Pruth into the best possible navigable condition, and to draw up a Navigation Act containing River Police Regulations and a Tariff of Dues.* The Mission of that International Authority shall consist: (a) in fixing and causing to be executed Works indispensable for the amelioration of the bed of the River; (b) to settle and to put into operation the Tariff of Navigation Dues for the reimbursement of the Expenses for the improvement of the River and those for the maintenance of the Works; (c) to draw up the River Police Regulations; (d) to watch over the preservation of the Works and the strict observance of the Regulations.

Appointment of an Inspector of Works.

ART. VIII. The Mixed Commission of the Pruth shall appoint, by common consent of the 3 members composing it, an Inspector whose duty shall be: (a) to superintend the execution of the Works of amelioration, with a view to their conformity with the Projects, Plans, and Estimates approved by the 3 Governments; (b) to exercise a correct control over the amount of the Taxes according to the Tariff agreed upon by the Commission; (c) to insure the strict application of all the dispositions of the River Police Regulations; (d) to watch over the preservation in a good state of the Works of amelioration and to enforce their necessary execution.

Inspector to act under the Permanent Commission.

ART. IX. The Inspector shall act as the organ of the Perma-

* See Regulations, 8th February, 1871.

15 Dec., 1866.] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [No. 401 [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

nent Commission and under its direction. He shall have an international character, and his authority shall be exercised indiscriminately with regard to either Flag.

Maintenance of the Inspector.

ART. X. The maintenance of the Inspector shall be carried annually to the Budget of the general expenses of the Navigability of the River.

General Project for the Navigation of the Pruth to be approved by the 3 Governments.

ART. XI. The Works for the Improvement of the Pruth shall be executed according to a general Project for the whole of its navigable course. That general Project as well as the special Plans and Estimates consequent thereon, shall be submitted to the approval of the 3 Governments.

Power to Commissioners to introduce Modifications in the Works.

ART. XII. In consideration of the frequent and unforeseen changes to which Rivers are generally subject, the Mixed Commission shall have the power of introducing into the Project of Works, at the time of their execution and if the necessity occurs, Modifications of secondary importance. It is, nevertheless, understood that the Commission shall neither suppress a part of the Works or exceed the limits of the Estimates, without an express authority from the Governments.

Works to belong exclusively to the use of the Navigation of the Pruth.

ART. XIII. All Works erected in conformity with the preceding Articles by the Mixed Commission, together with their accessories and dependencies, shall always remain exclusively appropriated to the use of the Navigation of the Pruth, and cannot be diverted therefrom for any reason whatsoever, and in that respect, they shall be placed under the Guarantee and the Safeguard of International Right. The Permanent Commission, to be appointed by virtue of Article VII, shall be entrusted, to the exclusion of all other interference whatever, with the administration of those Works for the benefit of Navigation, to watch over their Maintenance and Preservation, and give them all the development that the exigencies of the Navigation may require.

No. 401] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [15 Dec., 1866. [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

Assistance to be afforded to the Mixed Commission.

ART. XIV. The Governments Signaturies of the present Act engage to afford the Mixed Commission all the assistance and co-operation of which they may stand in need for the execution of the Works of Art and generally for everything relating to the fulfilment of their task.

Towing Paths.

ART. XV. Roads for the Towage of Vessels shall be laid down on both Banks of the River.

Erection of Mills, &c., furbidden.

ART. XVI. No Mills, Dykes, Irrigation Wheels, and other buildings which obstruct the bed of the River, or impede communication with the Towing Paths, shall be allowed to be erected in the River and close to its Banks.

Permission to be obtained for the Erection of Bridges, &c.

ART. XVII. No Bridges, Landing Places, Quays, and others of a similar nature, shall be erected on either Bank of the River, either by Commercial or Navigation Companies, or by Private Individuals, the Plans of which shall not have been communicated to the Mixed Commission, and allowed as in no way compromising the effect of the Works of Amelioration.

Erection of Works by Riverain, Suburban, and Rural Communes.

ART. XVIII. The Riverain, Suburban, and Rural Communes, which might wish to erect at their own expense Works of known utility to Vessels, such as Works of Approach, &c., shall be authorised to levy a corresponding Tax which, under all circumstances, shall only be the exact equivalent of the service rendered, and the levying of which shall only be effected exclusively on the Vessels which may wish to profit thereby.

Amount of Taxes to be levied.

The amount of Taxes to be levied shall be submitted to the previous approval of the Mixed Commission.

Communication between either Bank by means of Bridges and Ferries.

ART. XIX. The Special Conditions under which the communi-1793

15 Dec., 1866.] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [No. 401 [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

cations from one Bank to the other are to be effected by means of Bridges and Ferries, shall be settled by the Mixed Commission according to the requirements of Navigation.

Tariff of Navigation Taxes.

ART. XX. In conformity with Articles VI and VII of the present Act, the Mixed Commission for the Pruth shall agree upon a Tariff of Navigation Taxes to be levied at its Mouth, for the reimbursement of the expenses of amelioration. That Tariff, after having received the approval of the Governments, shall be annexed to this Act, to have the same force and effect as if it formed an integral part thereof.

Division of the Produce of the Toll.

ART. XXI. The Produce of the Toll shall be divided: (a) by priority and preference, to cover the expenses of administration and maintenance of the Works of improvement after their completion; (b) to the payment of the Interest on the sums expended on the Work of amelioration; (c) to the successive Redemption of that Capital.

Reduction of Taxes on Navigation.

ART. XXII. After the reimbursement of the sums first employed for the Works of improvement, and in order to diminish the charges levied on Navigation, the Delegates of the Signatary Governments shall proceed to the revision of those arrangements, and the amount of Taxes reduced as much as possible, retaining the mean Revenue considered necessary for maintaining the Navigation in a good condition.

Special Regulations for Levying Tolls and the Administration of Navigation Funds.

ART. XXIII. The Mixed Commission shall at the same time draw up a special Regulation for the levying of Tolls and the administration of Navigation Funds.

Funds levied to be under control of the Inspector.

ART. XXIV. The operations of that Fund shall be put under the control of the Inspector who, in conformity with the above Article IX, is to act as the organ of the Permanent Commission.

No. 401] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [15 Dec., 1866. [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

Detailed Accounts and Statements to be made Annually.

ART. XXV. A detailed Account of the operations of the Navigation Fund, as well as a statement showing the division and employment of the produce of the Tariff, shall be presented annually by the Mixed Commission to the Contracting Governments.

Navigation and Police Regulation.

ART. XXVI. The Navigation of the Pruth shall be administered by a Navigation and Police Regulation drawn up by the Mixed Commission and approved by the 3 Governments; after having been sanctioned by the 3 Governments, the Regulation shall be annexed to the present Act to have the same force and effect as if it formed an integral part thereof.*

The Regulation to apply to Civil Suits.

ART. XXVII. It is understood that that Regulation shall be considered as Law, not only as regards the River Police, but also in judging Civil Suits arising out of the use of the Navigation.

Assistance to be afforded to the Inspector, &c., by the 3 Governments.

ART. XXVIII. In order to insure the execution of the Police Regulation throughout the course of the Pruth, the Signatary Governments bind themselves to aid and assist the Inspector, and in general all the organs of the Mixed Commission who shall be charged to watch and maintain order and regularity over the River.

Establishment of Quarantine Lines.

ART. XXIX. Should an Epidemic break out, Quarantine Lines may be established on the Pruth.

Care shall nevertheless be taken to reconcile, as far as possible, the Sanitary guarantees with the exigencies of Commerce and Navigation.

Vessels descending the Pruth to be free from Sanitary Control.

ART. XXX. Vessels descending the Pruth shall be free from all Sanitary control; the same shall be the case with vessels coming from the Danube, so long as no epidemic shall exist in the Riverain Provinces of the Danube; the Vessels shall be simply

See Regulations, 8th February, 1871.

15 Dec., 1866.] AUSTRIA, RUSSIA, & PRINCIPALITIES. [No. 401 [Navigation of the River Pruth.]

required to exhibit Health Patents to the Authorities of the Places where they shall anchor.

Duties to be Levied at Mouth of the Pruth.

ART. XXXI. Duties can only be levied at the Mouth of the Pruth in the Danube, and must in no way hinder the movements of Navigation.

Military Assistance to Commissioners, &c.

ART. XXXII. A Roumanian Guard shall be established at the Mouth of the Pruth, and afford assistance in case of opposition to the Commissioners, to the Inspector of Navigation, as well as to the Agents entrusted with the levy of Taxes.

Assistance of Consular Authority.

The Mixed Commission shall demand the assistance of the competent Consular Authority in case of need.

Sittings of Mixed Commission.

The Mixed Commission shall sit at Bucharest or at Galatz.

Done at Bucharest, the $\frac{3rd}{15th}$ December, 1866.

D'OFFENBERG.
EDER.
PCE. GEORGES STIRBEY.

[Union of Holstein and Schleswig to Frussia.]

No. 402.—LAW of the King of Prussia, for Uniting the Duchies of Holstein and Schleswig with the Prussian Monarchy. Berlin, 24th December, 1866.

SEC.

TABLE.

- 1. Union of Holstein and Schleswig with the Prussian Monarchy.
- 2. Prussian Constitution to come into Operation 1st December, 1867.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., with the consent of both Houses of the Landtag, Decree as follows:

Union of Holstein and Schleswig with the Prussian Monarchy.

§ I. The Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein are united with the Prussian Monarchy, in accordance with Article II of the Constitution for the Prussian State.*

Prussian Constitution to come into Operation 1st October, 1867.

§ II. The Prussian Constitution shall come into force in these countries on the 1st October, 1867.

The arrangements for the necessary Modifications and Additions, as well as for the execution thereof, will be settled by special laws.

§ III. The Minister of State is charged to carry this Law into effect.

Given under our Royal Hand and Seal at Berlin, this 24th day of December, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

- Co. v. Bismarck-Schonhausen and 7 others.
 - Constitution, 14th June, 1867, page 1807.

[Union of Hesse-Homburg, &c., to Prussis.]

No. 403.—LAW of the King of Prussia, for Uniting with the Prussian Monarchy certain portions of Territory formerly belonging to Bavaria, Hesse-Darmstadt, Hesse-Homburg, &c. Berlin, 24th December, 1866.

SEC.

TABLE.

- 1. Union of Parts of Bavaria, Hesse-Homburg, &c., with the Prussian Monarchy.
- 2. Prussian Constitution to come into Operation on the 1st October, 1867.

(Translation.)

WE, William, by the Grace of God, King of Prussia, &c., with the consent of both Houses of the Landtag, decree as follows:

Union of Parts of Bavaria with the Prussian Monarchy.

- § I. The portions of Territory described below, formerly belonging to the Kingdom of Bavaria, are united for ever with the Prussian Monarchy, in accordance with Article II of the Constitution for the Prussian State.*
 - 1. The district of Gersfeld;
 - 2. That of Orb, without Aura;
- 3. The enclave of Kaulsdorf, lying between Saalfeld and the Prussian district of Ziegenrück.

As also the portions of Territory described below, formerly belonging to the Grand Duchy of Hesse.

Union of Hesse-Homburg, &c.

- 4. The Landgraviate of Hesse-Homburg, comprising the district of Meisenheim, but not including the demesnes of Hötensleben and Oebisfelde;
 - 5. The district of Biedenkoff;
- 6. That of Vöhl, including the enclaves of Eimelrod and Höring-hausen;
- 7. The north-western portion of the district of Giessen, comprising the localities of Frankenbach, Krumbach, Königsberg, Fellingshausen, Bieber, Haina, Rodheim, Waldgirmes, Naunheim, and Hermannstein, with their Boundaries;
 - 8. The district of Rödelheim;
- 9. That part of the district of Nieder-Ursel formerly under the Sovereignty of Grand Ducal Hesse.
 - * See page 1807.

[Union of Hesse-Homburg, &c., to Prussia.]

Prussian Constitution to come into Operation on the 1st October, 1867.

§ II. The Prussian Constitution shall come into force in the above-mentioned districts on the 1st October, 1867.

The arrangements for the necessary modifications and additions, and for the execution thereof, will be settled by special laws.

\$ III. The Minister of State is charged with the execution of this Law.

Given under our Royal Hand and Seal at Berlin, this 24th day of December, 1866.

(L.S.) WILLIAM.

Co. v. Bismarck-Schonhausen and 7 others.

[On the 28th December, 1866, Ordinances were issued by the King of Prussia, for introducing the North German Election Law into Holstein, Schleswig, and the portions of Bavarian and Hessian Territory united to Prussia; and on the 12th January, 1867, a Proclamation was issued by the Prince of Augustenburg to the Schleswig-Holstein People, releasing them from their obligations, but reserving his future Rights as well as those of the Country.]

[Servian Fortresses.]

No. 404.—FIRMAN of the Sultan, relative to the Evacuation of the Servian Fortresses by the Turks. 10th April, 1867.

(Translation.)

MICHAEL BEY, Prince of Servia! Be it known on the arrival of this our Imperial Firman, that whereas the preservation of the tranquillity of Servia, which forms an integral part of our Imperial Dominions, and the increase of the happiness and repose of its people, are of exceeding great importance in our eyes, and whereas it is essential for the fulfilment of this object that the Fortresses of Belgrade, Feth-Islam, Semendria, and Bukurdelen* (Schabatz), situated within the Principality of Servia, should be maintained in a state of efficiency, and in such manner as to afford protection to the inhabitants, and as we are convinced by the uprightness and fidelity which characterise yourself and the Servian people at large, that all your energies will be exerted in the defence and proper administration of these Fortresses, it has now seemed good to us that they should be committed to your charge, that the duty of garrisoning them should be transferred to Servian soldiers, and that henceforth the Servian Flag should float over their battlements, together with the Flag of my Sublime Porte.

It is evident that this public mark and real proof of our favour and confidence as regards both yourself and the Servian people will be duly appreciated; that the stipulated and confirmed obligations of the Servian Principality towards the Suzerain Power will continue to be faithfully discharged, and that you will do your very utmost to maintain the defence and efficiency of the Fortresses.

Our resolution, as stated above, to confide and recommend to your care the defence of these Fortresses, with the proviso that in case of some change in their actual condition becoming necessary, such change shall not be carried into effect without the opinion and consent of the Sublime Porte being previously obtained, is notified to you by this our Imperial Firman dated 5th Zilhidjeh, 1283.

* See note, page 1520.

No. 405] GREAT BRITAIN, NETHERLANDS, &c. [11 May, 1867. [Luxemburg and Limburg.]

No. 405.—TREATY between Great Britain, Austria, Belgium, France, Italy, the Netherlands, Prussia, and Russia, relative to the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg and the Duchy of Limburg. Signed at London, 11th May, 1867.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Maintenance of Rights of the House of Orange-Nassau.
- 2. Grand Duchy to form a Perpetual Neutral State under Guarantee of Contracting Parties.
- 3. Luxemburg to cease to be a Fortified City. Troops to be maintained by the King Grand Duke.
- 4. Evacuation of Fortress of Luxemburg by Prussian Troops.
- 5. Demolition of Fortress of Luxemburg by the Netherlands. Fortifications not to be restored.
- 6. Duchy of Limburg to form an Integral part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands.
- 7. Ratifications.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.+)

In the Name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

Hrs Majesty the King of the Netherlands, Grand Duke of Luxemburg, taking into consideration the change produced in the situation of the Grand Duchy in consequence of the dissolution of the ties by which it was attached to the late Germanic Confederation (Nos. 26, 388), has invited Their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Emperor of Austria, the King of the Belgians, the Emperor of the French, the King of Prussia, and the Emperor of All the Russias, to assemble their Representatives in Conference at London, in order to come to an understanding, with the Plenipotentiaries of His Majesty the King Grand Duke, as to the new arrangements to be made in the general interest of Peace.

And Their said Majesties, after having accepted that invitation, have resolved, by common consent, to respond to the desire manifested by His Majesty the King of Italy to take part in a deliberation destined to offer a new pledge of security for the maintenance of the general tranquillity.

In consequence, Their Majesties, in concert with His Majesty

- * See Declarations of France and Prussia of 17th July, 1870.
- † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvii, p. 32.

11 May, 1867.] GREAT BRITAIN, NETHERLANDS, &c. [No. 405 [Luxemburg and Limburg.]

the King of Italy, wishing to conclude a Treaty with a view to that object, have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Edward Stanley, commonly called Lord Stanley, a Member of Her Britannic Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, a Member of Parliament, her Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, the Sieur Rudolph Count Apponyi, Chamberlain and Privy Councillor of His Imperial Royal and Apostolic Majesty, his Ambassador Extraordinary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the Sieur Sylvain Van de Weyer, Minister of State, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur Godfrey Bernard Henry Alphonse, Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne Lauraguais, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Italy, the Sieur Emmanuel Taparelli de Lagnasco, Marquis d'Azeglio, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, Grand Duke of Luxemburg, the Sieur Adolphus Baron Bentinck, his Chamberlain and Minister of State, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.; the Baron Victor de Tornaco, Minister of State, President of the Government of the Grand Duchy, his Honorary Chamberlain, &c.; and the Sieur Emanuel Servais, Vice-President of the Council of State and of the Superior Court of Justice, formerly Member of the Government, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Prussia, the Sieur Albert Count de Bernstorff-Stintenburg, his Minister of State and Chamberlain, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

And His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, the Sieur Philip Baron de Brunnow, his Actual Privy Councillor, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:—

No. 405] GREAT BRITAIN, NETHERLANDS, &c. [11 May, 1867. [Luxemburg and Limburg.]

Maintenance of Rights of the House of Orange-Nassau.

ART. I. His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, Grand Duke of Luxemburg, maintains the ties which attach the said Grand Duchy to the House of Orange-Nassau, in virtue of the Treaties which placed that State under the Sovereignty of the King Grand Duke, his descendants and successors (Nos. 183, 187).

The Rights which the Agnates of the House of Nassau possess with regard to the Succession of the Grand Duchy, in virtue of the same Treaties, are maintained.

The High Contracting Parties accept the present Declaration, and place it upon record.

Grand Duchy to form a Perpetual Neutral State under Guarantee of Contracting Parties.

ART. II. The Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, within the Limits determined by the Act annexed to the Treaties of the 19th April, 1839 (Nos. 183, 184, 185), under the Guarantee of the Courts of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, shall henceforth form a perpetually Neutral State.

It shall be bound to observe the same Neutrality towards all other States.

'The High Contracting Parties engage to respect the principle of Neutrality stipulated by the present Article.

That principle is and remains placed under the sanction of the collective Guarantee of the Powers signing Parties to the present Treaty, with the exception of Belgium, which is itself a Neutral State.

Luxemburg to cease to be a Fortified City. Troops to be maintained by the King Grand Duke.

ART. III. The Grand Duchy of Luxemburg being Neutralised, according to the terms of the preceding Article, the maintenance or establishment of Fortresses upon its Territory becomes without necessity as well as without object.

In consequence, it is agreed by common consent that the City of Luxemburg, considered in time past, in a military point of view, as a Federal Fortress,* shall cease to be a fortified city.

His Majesty the King Grand Duke reserves to himself to maintain in that city the number of troops necessary to provide in it for the maintenance of good order.

11 May, 1867.] GREAT BRITAIN, NETHERLANDS, &c. [No. 405 [Luxemburg and Limburg.]

Evacuation of Fortress of Luxemburg by Prussian Troops.

ART. IV. In conformity with the stipulations contained in Articles II and III, His Majesty the King of Prussia declares that his troops actually in garrison in the Fortress of Luxemburg shall receive orders to proceed to the Evacuation of that place immediately after the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty. The withdrawal of the artillery, munitions, and every object which forms part of the equipment of the said Fortress shall commence simultaneously. During that operation there shall remain in it no more than the number of troops necessary to provide for the safety of the material of war, and to effect the dispatch thereof, which shall be completed within the shortest time possible.

Demolition of Fortress of Luxemburg by the Netherlands.

ART. V. His Majesty the King Grand Duke, in virtue of the rights of Sovereignty which he exercises over the City and Fortress of Luxemburg, engages, on his part, to take the necessary measures for converting the said Fortress into an open city by means of a demolition which His Majesty shall deem sufficient to fulfil the intentions of the High Contracting Parties expressed in Article III of the present Treaty. The works requisite for that purpose shall be commenced immediately after the withdrawal of the garrison. They shall be carried out with all the attention required for the interests of the inhabitants of the city.

Fortifications not to be restored.

His Majesty the King Grand Duke promises, moreover, that the Fortifications of the city of Luxemburg shall not be restored in future, and that no Military Establishment shall be there maintained or created.

Duchy of Limburg to form an integral part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

ART: VI. The Powers signing Parties to the present Treaty recognise that the Dissolution of the Germanic Confederation (No. 388) having equally produced the Dissolution of the ties which united the Duchy of Limburg, collectively with the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, to the said Confederation, it results therefrom that the relations, of which mention is made in Articles III, IV,

No. 405] GREAT BRITAIN, NETHERLANDS, &c. [11 May, 1867. [Luxemburg and Limburg.]

and V of the Treaty of the 19th April, 1839 (No. 183), between the Grand Duchy and certain Territories belonging to the Duchy of Limburg, have ceased to exist, the said Territories continuing to form an integral part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

Ratifications.*

ART. VII. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London within the space of 4 weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seals of their Arms.

Done at London, the 11th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, 1867.

- (L.S.) STANLEY.
- (L.S.) APPONYI.
- (L.S.) VAN DE WEYER.
- (L.S.) LA TOUR D'AUVERGNE.
- (L.S.) D'AZEGLIO.
- (L.S.) BENTINCK.
- (L.S.) TORNACO.
- (L.S.) E. SERVAIS.
- (L.S.) BERNSTORFF.
- (L.S.) BRUNNOW.

[During the War between France and Prussia in 1870, 1871, those Powers mutually engaged to respect the Neutrality of Luxemburg (No. 421).]

* Batifications exchanged at London, 31st May, 1867.

No. 406.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between Great Britain, Austria, Belgium, France, Italy, Netherlands and Luxemburg, Prussia, and Russia, respecting the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg and the Duchy of Limburg. London, May, 1867.

"State Papers," vol. lx.

501

Protocol

No. 1. Presidency of the Conference. Admission of an *Italian*Representative. Project of Treaty for revision of Treaties
of 1839. Proposal of *Prussia* of Collective Guarantee by
Powers of Neutrality of *Luxemburg*.

London, 7th May, 1867. 497

Annex. Project of Treaty.

No. 2. Collective Guarantee of Neutrality of Luxemburg agreed to.

Luxemburg to cease to be a fortified City. Project of

Declaration proposed by Netherlands respecting the relations between Luxemburg and Limburg agreed upon.

London, 9th May, 1867. 503

No. 8. Netherlands Project to form Art. VI of the Treaty. Declaration of Netherlands that Obligations contracted by King Grand Duke for Luxemburg, concern exclusively the Government of the Grand Duchy, and that the Netherland's Government is wholly a stranger to them.

London, 10th May, 1867. 507

No. 4. Bights of Neutral Powers to maintain and improve their Fortresses and means of defence. Adoption of Article IV.

London, 11th May, 1867. 507

Annex. Declaration.*

509 ·

510

No. 5. Signature of Treaty.

London, 18th May, 1867.

* Declaration. It is understood that Article III in no way affects the right of the other Neutral Powers to maintain, and if necessary to improve, their Fortresses and other means of defence.

Done at London, the 11th May, 1867.

STANLEY.

APPONYI.

TOBNACO.

VAN DE WEYER.

LA TOUR D'AUVERGNE.

BERNSTORFF.

D'AZEGLIO.

BRUNNOW.

[During the War between France and Prussia in 1870, 1871, those Powers mutually engaged to respect the Neutrality of Luxemburg (No. 421).]

No. 407.—CONSTITUTION of the North German Confederation. Adopted by the Diet, 16th April, and promulgated, 14th June, 1867.*

ART. TABLE. Preamble. SECTION 1. 1. The Federal Territory. SECTION II. to 5. The Federal Legislation. SECTION III. The Federal Council. SECTION IV. 11 | Prussian Presidency (Presidium) of the Confederation. Right to declare War; to make Peace; to conclude Treaties with Foreign Powers; and to send and receive Ambassadors. SECTION V. to The Diet (Reichstag). SECTION VI. Customs and Commerce. Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburg; Free Ports. Treaties of Commerce and Navigation. **4**0. SECTION VII. Railways. SECTION VIII. Postal and Telegraph Service. SECTION IX. The Navy and Navigation. Ports of Kiel and Jahde. SECTION X. 56. Consulates. SECTION XI. 57 Military Affairs of the Confederation. **58.** I

^{*} See Constitution of the German Empire, 16th April, 1871.
1807

ART. SECTION XII.

59
to 78. The Federal Finances.

SECTION XIII.

74
to 77. Accommodation of Disputes, and Penal Regulation.

77. SECTION XIV.

78. General Provisions.

SECTION XV.

79. Relations with the South German States.

(Translation.)

Hrs Majesty the King of Prussia, His Majesty the King of Saxony, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, His Royal Highuess the Grand Duke of Oldenburg, His Highness the Duke of Brunswick and Luneburg, His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen and Hildburghausen, His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Altenberg, His Highness the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, His Highness the Duke of Anhalt, His Serene Highness the Prince of Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt, His Serene Highness the Prince of Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, His Serene Highness the Prince of Waldeck and Pyrmont, Her Serone Highness the Princess Reuss of the Elder Line, His Serene Highness the Prince Reuss of the Younger Line, His Serene Highness the Prince of Schaumburg-Lippe, His Serene Highness the Prince of Lippe, the Senate of the Free and Hanse Town of Lubeck, the Senate of the Free and Hanse Town of Bremen, the Senate of the Free and Hanse Town of Hamburg, all for the whole extent of their State Territory, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, &c., for the parts of the Grand Duchy of Hesse situated to the north of the Main, enter into a perpetual Confederation for the defence of the Federal territory and of the rights prevailing therein, as well as for fostering the welfare of the German people. The said Confederation will bear the name of the North German Confederation, and the following will be its Constitution.

Section I.—The Federal Territory.

ART. I. The Territory of the Confederation consists of the 1808

States of Prussia with Lauenburg, Saxony, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Saxe-Weimar, Mecklenburg-Strelitz, Oldenburg, Brunswick, Saxe-Meiningen, Saxe-Altenburg, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Anhalt, Schwarz-burg-Rudolstadt, Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, Waldeck, Reuss of the Elder Line, Reuss of the Younger Line, Schaumburg-Lippe, Lippe, Lubeck, Bremen, Hamburg, and the parts of the Grand Duchy of Hesse situated north of the Main.

Section II.—The Federal Legislation.

ART. II. The Confederation exercises the right of Legislation within the aforesaid Territory, according to the provisions of this Constitution, and to the effect that the Federal Laws take precedence of the Laws of the respective Countries. The Federal Laws acquire their binding force by publication on the part of the Confederation, which takes place by means of a Federal Law Gazette (Bundesgesetzblatt). If the published Law does not fix another date for the beginning of its binding force, it comes into force on the 14th day after the close of the day on which the number of the Federal Law Gazette containing it was published at Berlin.

ART. III. There exists for the whole extent of the Federal Territory a common Birthright (Indigenat), which so operates that a person, subject, or citizen, belonging to any one of the Federal States is to be treated in any other Federal State as a native, and to be admitted accordingly to a fixed residence therein, to carry on business, to fill public offices, to acquire landed property, to obtain the right of citizenship, and to enjoy all other civil rights on the same conditions as the native, and also to be treated in like manner with regard to legal proceedings for prosecution or defence.

No person belonging to the Confederation must be restricted in the exercise of this right either by the authorities of his native place, or by those of any other Federal State.

The regulations respecting provision for the poor and admission into the local Communal Union, are not affected by the principle laid down in the first paragraph.

Existing Treaties between the separate Federal States relative to the reception of persons who are to be expelled, the care of sick and the burial of Deceased Subjects, remain in force for the present.

In regard to the fulfilment of Military Duty towards the Native Country, the necessary measures will be arranged in the way of Federal legislation.

With reference to Foreign Countries every one belonging to the Confederation has an equal claim to its Protection.

ART. IV. The following matters are subject to the supervision of the Confederation and to its legislation.

- 1. The regulations on freedom of expatriation, on domiciliation and settlement, right of citizenship, passports, and police for foreigners, also on matters of business, including the system of insurance, in so far as these subjects are not already settled by Article III of this Constitution, likewise on colonisation and emigration to other than German countries;
- 2. The Customs and Commercial Legislation, and the Taxes to be applied to Federal purposes;
- 3. The regulation of the systems of Weights, Measures, and Money, including the settlement of the principles for the emission of funded and unfunded paper money;
 - 4. The general regulations for Banking;
 - 5. Patents of invention;
 - 6. The protection of intellectual Property;
- 7. The organisation of a common protection for German Commerce abroad, of German Navigation and its Flag at Sea, and the establishment of a common Consular representation to be endowed by the Confederation;
- 8. Railways, and the formation of Roads, and Water-communications for the defence of the Country and for general circulation;
- 9. Floating and Navigation on the Waterways common to several States, the condition of those Waters, as well as the River and other Water-Tolls;
 - 10. The Tostal and Telegraph service;
- 11. The regulations for the reciprocal execution of Judgments in civil causes and the fulfilment of requisitions in general;
 - 12. Also those on the attestation of Public Documents;
- 13. The common legislation on contract law, penal law, commercial law, the law of bills of exchange, and the legal procedure;
 - 14. The Military affairs of the Confederation and the Navy;
 - 15. Measures of medical and veterinary Police.
 - ART. V. The Legislation of the Confederation is performed by

the Federal Council and the Diet (Reichstag). The concurrence of the resolutions passed by the majorities of the two Assemblies is necessary and sufficient for a Federal law.

In projects of Law on Military Affairs and on the Navy, if there is a difference of opinion in the Federal Council, the vote of the Presidency is decisive, when it declares for the maintenance of existing arrangements.

SECTION III:—The Federal Council.

ART. VI. The Federal Council consists of the Representatives of the members of the Confederation, amongst whom the votes are divided according to the rules for the full assembly of the late Germanic Confederation, so that

Prussia,	with	the	late	votes	of Hane	over,	
Hesse	- Cass	el,	Hols	tein,	Nassau,	and	
Frank	fort, h	8.8	• •	• •	• •	• •	17 votes
Saxony	• •	•	••	• •	• •	• •	4
Hesse	• •	ı	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Meckleni	b urg- S	schw	erin	• •	• •	• •	2
Saxe-We	imar		• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Mecklenl	ourg-S	treli	tz	• •	• •	• •	1
Oldenbur	g .	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Brunswie	ck	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	2
Saxe-Me	ininge	n	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Saxe-Alt	enbur	g	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Saxe-Col	ourg-(doth	B.	• •	• •	• •	,1
Anhalt	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Schwarz	_				• •	• •	1
Schwarzburg-Sondershausen 1							
Waldeck		•	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Reuss, e	lder li	ne	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Reuss, y	_			• •	• •	• •	1
Schauml	ourg-L	ippe	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Lippe	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Lubeck	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Bremen	•	•	• •	• •	•	• •	1
Hambur	g .	•	• •	• •	. • •	• •	1
					•		

Total 43 votes.

ART. VII. Each Member of the Confederation can appoint as 1811

many Plenipotentiaries to the Federal Council as it has votes; but the totality of the appertaining votes can only be given to the same effect. Votes without representation or instruction are not counted.

Each member of the Confederation is entitled to make proposals and to bring them forward, and the Presidency is bound to submit them to discussion. The resolution is passed by a simple majority. On an equality of votes, the vote of the Presidency decides.

ART. VIII. The Federal Council forms the following Standing Committees from its Members: 1, for the Army and the Fortresses; 2, for Marine Affairs; 3, for Customs and Taxation; 4, for Commerce and Traffic; 5, for Railways, Post Offices, and Telegraphs; 6, for Judicial Affairs; 7, for Accounts.

In each of these Committees at least two Federal States are represented besides the Presidency, and each State has but one vote therein. The members of the Committees 1 and 2 are nominated by the Federal Commander-in-Chief, those of the rest are chosen by the Federal Council. These Committees are to be renewed for every session of the Federal Council, or every year, when the retiring Members are re-eligible. The officials necessary for their labours will be placed at the disposal of the Committees.

ART. IX. Every member of the Federal Council has the right of appearing in the Diet, and must be heard there whenever he applies, in order to represent the views of his Government, even when they have not been adopted by the majority of the Federal Council. No one can be a member of the Federal Council and of the Diet at the same time.

ART. X. The Presidency of the Confederation is bound to afford the members of the Federal Council the usual diplomatic protection.

SECTION IV.—Prussian Presidency (Præsidium) of the Confederation;
Right to declare War; to make Peace; to conclude Treaties with
Foreign Powers; and to send and receive Ambassadors.

ART. XI. The Presidency of the Confederation appertains to the Crown of Prussia, which, in the exercise thereof, has the right of representing the Confederation internationally, of declaring War and concluding Peace, of entering into Alliances and other Treaties with Foreign States, of accrediting and receiving Ambassadors in the name of the Confederation.

Conclusion of Treaties.

In so far as the Treaties with Foreign States relate to such matters as belong to the province of the Federal legislation according to Article IV, the assent of the Federal Council is necessary for their conclusion, and the sanction of the Diet for their validity.

ART. XII. The Presidency of the Confederation convokes the Federal Council and the Diet, opens, prorogues, and closes them.

ART. XIII. The Federal Council and the Diet are convoked every year, and the Federal Council may be convoked without the Diet, for the preparation of the business, but the Diet cannot be convoked without the Federal Council.

ART. XIV. The Federal Council must be convoked whenever it is required by a third of the number of votes.

ART. XV. The Chancellor of the Confederation, who is to be appointed by the Presidency, presides over the Federal Council and has the direction of the business.

He may cause himself to be represented by any other member of the Federal Council by means of a written authority.

ART. XVI. The Presidency has to bring the necessary proposals before the Diet, in accordance with the resolutions of the Federal Council, and they are supported in the Diet by members of the Federal Council, or by special Commissioners appointed by the Council.

Federal Laws and to attend to their execution. The orders and directions of the Federal Presidency are issued in the name of the Confederation, and require for their validity the counter-signature of the Chancellor of the Confederation, who thereby undertakes the responsibility.

ART. XVIII. The Presidency appoints the Federal Functionaries, has to swear them in for the Confederation, and to order their discharge when necessary.

ART. XIX. If Members of the Confederation do not fulfil their Constitutional Federal Duties, they may be compelled to do so by way of execution. This execution is,

- a. In regard to Military services, if there be danger in delay, to be ordered and effected by the Federal Commander-in-Chief;
- b. In all other cases to be decreed by the Federal Council and accomplished by the Federal Commander-in-Chief.

The execution may be extended to the Sequestration of the

Country concerned and its Governmental Power. In the cases described under latter a, immediate notice of the order for execution is to be given to the Federal Council, with a statement of the reasons.

SECTION V .- The Diet (Reichstag).

ART. XX. The Diet emanates from general and direct Elections with secret voting, and until the issue of a Federal Electoral Law, the elections are to take place according to the law on the basis of which the first Diet of the North German Confederation was elected.

ART. XXI. Functionaries require no leave of absence for entering the Diet.

If a Member of the Diet accepts a paid Public Office in the Confederation, or in a Federal State, or enters into an Office in the Federal or State Service, to which a higher rank or a higher salary is attached, he loses his seat and vote in the Diet, and can only recover his place by a New Election.

ART. XXII. The proceedings of the Diet are public.

Accurate Reports of the proceedings at the Public Sittings of the Diet are free from all responsibility.

ART. XXIII. The Diet has the right of proposing Laws within the competency of the Confederation, and of referring Petitions addressed to it to the Federal Council or the Chancellor of the Confederation.

ART. XXIV. The Legislative Period of the Diet lasts 3 years: For its Dissolution during that time a resolution of the Federal Council with the assent of the Presidency is necessary.

ART. XXV. In case of the Dissolution of the Diet the Electors must be assembled within a period of 60 days thereafter, and the Diet within a period of 90 days after the Dissolution.

ART. XXVI. Without the consent of the Diet, its prorogation cannot exceed 30 days, nor can it be repeated during the same Session.

Ant. XXVII. The Diet inquires into the due Election of its Members, and decides thereon. It regulates its proceedings and discipline by a Rule of Procedure, and elects its President, its Vice-Presidents, and Secretaries.

ART. XXVIII. The Diet decides by absolute Majority of Votes. For the validity of a decision it is necessary that the majority of the legal number of Members be present.

ART. XXIX. The Members of the Diet are representatives of

the people at large, and are not bound by Commissions and instructions.

ART. XXX. No Member of the Diet can at any time be proceeded against either judicially or by way of discipline, on account of his votes, or for expressions made use of in the exercise of his functions, nor can he be made responsible in any other way out of the Assembly.

ART. XXXI. No Member of the Diet can without its sanction be subjected to examination or Arrested during the period of Session for any punishable transaction, unless taken in the act, or in the course of the following day.

The same sanction is necessary for an Arrest for Debt.

At the request of the Diet, any Criminal proceeding against one of its Members, and any examination or Civil Arrest are suspended during the period of the Session.

ART. XXXII. The Members of the Diet cannot, as such, receive any pay or indemnification.

SECTION VI.—Customs and Commerce.

ART. XXXIII.—The Confederation forms a Customs and Commercial Territory, surrounded by a common Customs Frontier. Separate portions of Territory which by their position are not adapted for enclosure within the Customs Frontier, are excluded.

All Articles met with in the Free Trade of a Federal State may be imported into any other Federal State, and can only be subjected to a Duty there in case similar Native Productions are liable to a Home Tax in the place.

Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburg Free Ports.

ART. XXXIV. The Hanse Towns of Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburg remain as Free Ports, with a district answering to the purpose of their own or the adjacent Territory, outside the common Customs Frontier, until they shall apply to be included in it.

ART. XXXV. To the Confederation exclusively belongs the Legislation upon everything relating to the Customs, the Taxation on the consumption of native sugar, brandy, salt, beer, and tobacco, as well as the measures necessary to be taken in the excluded parts for the protection of the common Customs Frontier.

ART. XXXVI. The collection and administration of the Customs and Taxes on consumption (Article XXXV) are left to each

Federal State within its own Territory, in so far as it has hitherto done them.

The Presidency of the Confederation superintends the observance of the legal procedure by Federal Functionaries which it adjoins to the Customs, or Tax Offices, and the Administrative Boards of the separate States, after consultation with the Customs and Tax Committee of the Federal Council.

ART. XXXVII. The Federal Council decides:

Treaties of Commerce and Navigation.

- 1. On the Legal Measures to be brought before the Diet, or those adopted by it, which come under the provision of Article XXXV, including Treaties of Commerce and Navigation;
- 2. On the Administrative Regulations and Arrangements for the execution of the common Legislation (Article XXXV);
- 3. On any Defects which become apparent in the execution of the common Legislation (Article XXXV);
- 4. On the Definitive Settlement of the Duties to be paid into the Federal Treasury (Article XXXIX), laid before it by its Board of Accounts.

Every proposition made to the Federal Council by a Federal State relative to the subjects of Nos. 1 to 3, or by a Comptrolling Functionary relative to the subject of No. 3, is submitted to the common decision. In case of a difference of opinion the Vote of the Presidency decides in regard to Nos. 1 and 2, when it declares for the maintenance of the existing regulation or arrangement; in all other cases the majority of Votes decides according to the proportion of Votes settled in Article VI of this Constitution.

ART. XXXVIII. The proceeds of the Customs and of the Duties on Consumption described in Article XXXV are paid into the Federal Treasury.

These proceeds consist of the whole receipts of the Customs and Duties on Consumption, after deducting:

- 1. The Taxes returned and reductions made according to Law or General Administrative Regulations;
 - 2. The Costs of Collection and Administration, viz.:
- a. For the Customs and the Tax upon native sugar, in so far as these costs can, according to the agreements among the members of the German Customs and Commercial Union, be charged to the community;
 - b. For the Tax upon native Salt, so soon as such a Tax, as 1816

well as a Duty on foreign salt shall be introduced with the abolition of the salt monopoly, the amount of the Costs of Collection and supervision at the Salt Works;

c. For the other Taxes, 15 per cent. of the total receipts.

The Territories lying outside the common Customs Frontier contribute to the Federal expenses by the payment of an agreed sum.

ART. XXXIX. The Quarterly Summaries and the Definitive Statements which are to be prepared by the Collecting Authorities of the Federal States at the end of each quarter and at the close of the financial year, and the making up of the books respectively, showing the amount of receipts that have become payable for the Customs and Duties on Consumption in the course of the 3 months or during the financial year, are to be brought into general summaries, after previous examination, by the Administrative Boards of the Federal States, and those summaries are to be sent in to the Committee of Accounts of the Federal Council.

On the basis of those summaries, the Committee of Accounts settles preliminarily every 3 months the amount due from the Treasury of each Federal State to the Federal Treasury, and gives information thereof to the Federal Council and to the Federal States, and also lays the final settlement of those amounts, with its remarks, before the Federal Council yearly for its decision.

ART. XL. The stipulations in the Customs Union Treaty of 16th May, 1865, in the Treaty on the equal Taxation of home productions of 28th June, 1864, in the Treaty on the Trade in tobacco and wine, of the same date, and in Article II of the Customs and Accession Treaty of 11th June, 1864, likewise in the Thuringian Union Treaties, remain in force among the Federal States concerned in those Treaties, in so far as they are not altered by the provisions in the present Constitution, and so long as they shall not be altered in the manner described in Article XXXVII.

With these restrictions, the Stipulations of the Customs Union Treaty of 16th May, 1865, are also applicable to those Federal States and portions of Territory which do not at present belong to the German Customs and Commercial Union.

SECTION VII.—Railways.

ART. XLI. Railways which are considered necessary for the defence of the Federal Territory or for the interests of general 1817

traffic may be constructed on account of the Confederation, by virtue of a Federal Law, even against the will of those Members of the Confederation whose Territories the Railroads traverse, without prejudice to their Sovereign Rights, or the construction may be conceded to private contractors with the right of expropriation.

Every existing Railway Board is bound to allow the junction of newly-constructed Railways at the expense of the latter.

The Legal Provisions which give to existing Railway enterprises the right of opposing the construction of parallel or competing lines, are hereby abolished throughout the Federal Territory, without prejudice to rights already acquired. And no such right of opposition can be accorded in any concessions hereafter to be granted.

ART. XLII. The Federal Governments bind themselves to administer the Railways situated in the Federal Territory as a single network in the interest of general traffic, and for this purpose to have any new Railways that are to be made, constructed and furnished according to uniform rules.

ART. XLIII. Corresponding working arrangements are therefore to be adopted as speedily as possible, and especially similar Railway Police Regulations are to be introduced. The Confederation has to take care that the Railway Directors keep the lines in such a state of repair as to afford the necessary security at all times, and that they provide them with such working material as the necessities of the traffic require.

ART. XLIV. The Railway Boards are bound to introduce the necessary Passenger Trains of the proper speed for the through traffic, and for the establishment of plans for corresponding journeys, also the necessary Goods Trains to cope with the goods traffic; likewise to arrange direct expeditions for passenger and goods traffic, with permission for the transit of means of conveyance from one line to another for the usual remuneration.

ART. XLV. The Confederation controls the Tariffs. It will operate to the effect:

- 1. That corresponding working regulations may be introduced on the Railways in the Territory of the Confederation as soon as possible.
- 2. That the greatest possible uniformity and reduction of the Tariffs may be attained, especially that in great distances, for the transport of coals, coke, wood, minerals, stone, salt, raw iron,

manures, and similar articles, a reduced Tariff in accordance with the necessities of agriculture and industry may be introduced, and in fact the one pfennig Tariff as speedily as possible.

ART. XLVI. In times of distress, especially when provisions are unusually dear, the Railway Boards are bound to introduce for a time a special reduced Tariff to be settled by the Presidency of the Confederation on the proposal of the particular Committee of the Federal Council, for the transport especially of Corn, Meal, Pulse, and Potatoes; but this Tariff must not however be less than the lowest rate for Raw Produce on the particular line.

ART. XLVII. All the Railway Boards have to comply unresistingly with the demands of the Federal Authorities for the use of the Railways for the purpose of defending the Federal Territories. Soldiers and all Materials of Warfare especially are to be forwarded at uniform reduced Rates.

Section VIII.—Postal and Telegraph Service.

ART. XLVIII. The Postal Service and Telegraph Service will be arranged and administered for the whole Territory of the North German Confederation as Single Institutions for State intercourse.

The Legislation of the Confederation in Postal and Telegraph affairs, provided in Article IV, does not extend to those matters the regulation of which, according to the principles at present observed in the administration of the Prussian Post and Telegraph Offices, is left to definitive rules or to the directions of the Authorities.

ART. XLIX. The Revenues of the Postal and Telegraph Services are in common for the whole Confederation. The expenditure is provided for from the common Revenues. The Surplus goes to the Federal Treasury (Section XII).

ART. L. The supreme direction of the Postal and Telegraph Service belongs to the Presidency of the Confederation. It is the right and the duty of the Presidency to see that uniformity be established and maintained in the organisation of the administration and in the working of the Service, as well as in the qualifications of the Functionaries.

The Presidency has to attend to the issue of definitive regulations and general administrative directions, as well as to the

exclusive care of the relations with other German and Foreign Post and Telegraph Authorities.

All the Functionaries of the Postal and Telegraph Administration are bound to obey the orders of the Presidency of the Confederation. This duty is to be undertaken in the oath of service.

The appointment of the Higher Functionaries (such as Directors, Councillors, Inspectors-General) required for the Administrative Authorities of the Post and Telegraph Offices in the various districts, likewise the appointment of the Postal and Telegraph Functionaries (such as Inspectors, Comptrollers) who are to act as the organs of those Authorities in the service of supervision, &c., emanates, for the whole Territory of the North German Confederation, from the Presidency to which those Functionaries take oath of service. The said nominations will be duly communicated to the Separate Federal Governments, in so far as they relate to their Territory, for the purpose of their sovereign confirmation and publication.

The other Functionaries required by the Administrative Authorities of the Post and Telegraph Offices, as well as all those intended for the local and technical work, consequently those engaged in the real working offices, &c., are appointed by the Governments of the Countries.

Where there is no independent National Post or Telegraph Administration, the Stipulations of Special Treaties are to be observed.

ART. LI. In order to put an end to the scattered Postal and Telegraph Service in the Hanse Towns, the administration and working of the various Postal and Telegraphic Establishments existing there will be united according to definite directions from the Presidency of the Confederation, which will give the Senates an opportunity of expressing their wishes on the subject. With respect to the German Establishments which are to be found there this Union will take place immediately.

The necessary Conventions for the aforesaid purpose will be entered into with the non-German Governments which still possess or exercise Postal Rights in the Hanse Towns.

ART. LII. In allotting the Surplus of the Postal Administration for general Federal purposes (Article XLIX) the following course, in consideration of the difference of the net receipts obtained from the National Postal Administrations of the Sepa-

rate Territories, is to be taken during the period of transition settled below, for the purpose of a suitable accommodation.

From the Postal Surpluses produced in the several Postal Districts during the five years 1861 to 1865, an average yearly Surplus will be reckoned, and the share, which each Separate Postal District has had in the Postal Surplus thus shown for the whole Territory of the North German Confederation, will be fixed according to the percentage.

According to the proportion fixed in this manner the quotas of the Separate States will be allowed to them from the Postal Surpluses produced in the Confederation during the next 8 years, in reckoning their other Contributions for Federal purposes.

After the expiration of the 8 years that distinction will cease, and the Postal Surpluses will pass in undivided amounts into the Federal Treasury according to the principle contained in Article XLIX.

From the Share of the Postal Surplus accruing to the Hanse Towns during the aforesaid 8 years, the moiety will be annually placed at the disposal of the Federal Presidency beforehand, for the purpose of first meeting the expenses for the establishment of Normal Postal Institutions in the Hanse Towns.

SECTION IX.—The Navy and Navigation. Ports of Kiel and Jahde.

ART. LIII. The Federal Navy is an undivided one under the Command-in-Chief of Prussia. Its organisation and composition belong to His Majesty the King of Prussia, who appoints its Officers and Functionaries, and into whose Service they are to be sworn, as well as the crews.

The Ports of Kiel and the Jahde are Federal Military Ports.*

The expenditure required for the formation and maintenance of the Fleet and of the establishments connected therewith is provided from the Federal Treasury.

The whole Maritime Population of the Confederation, including the Engine-men and the Shipwrights is exempt from Service in the Army, but bound to serve in the Federal Navy.

The distribution of the numbers required is made according to existing Maritime Population, and the share thus furnished by each State is allowed off the contingent to the Army.

ART. LIV. The Merchant Shipping of all the Federal States forms one single Merchant Navy.

^{*} See also Constitution of 16th April, 1871, Art. 58.

The Confederation has to determine the process for ascertaining the Tonnage of Sea Ships, the issue of Certificates of Admeasurement, as well as the regulation of the Ship's Papers, and the settlement of the conditions on which the permission to command a sea-going Ship depend.

The Merchant Ships of all the Federal States will be admitted and treated alike in all the Seaports and all the Natural and Artificial Waterways of the separate Federal States. The Duties which are levied in the Seaports on Sea Ships or their Cargoes for the use of the Marine Institutions, must not exceed the necessary expenditure for the maintenance and Ordinary Establishment of those Institutions.

On all Natural Waterways Duties must only be levied for the use of Special Institutions intended for the facilitation of Traffic. These Duties, as well as the Duties for the Navigation of such Artificial Waterways as are State property, must not exceed the expenditure necessary for the Maintenance and Ordinary Establishment of the Institutions and Appliances. These provisions are applicable to Floatage in so far as it is carried on on Navigable Waterways.

No Separate State, but the Confederation alone, has the right of imposing higher Duties on Foreign Ships and their Cargoes, than those which are to be paid by the Ships of the Federal States or their Cargoes.

ART. LV. The Flag of the Navy and the Merchant Shipping is black, white, and red.

Section X.—Consulates.

ART. LVI. All the North German Consulates are under the superintendence of the Federal Presidency, which appoints the Consuls after consultation with the Committee of the Federal Council for Commerce and Traffic.

No new Consulates for the Separate Countries can be established in the Official District of the Federal Consuls. The Federal Consuls exercise the functions of a National Consul for those Federal States which are not represented in their District. All the existing Consulates of the Separate Countries will be abolished so soon as the organisation of the Federal Consulates is so far completed that the representation of the Separate Interests of all the Federal States is recognised by the Federal Council as secured through the Federal Consulates.

Section XI.—Military Affairs of the Confederation.

ART. LVII. Every North German is liable to Military Service, and cannot perform that service by Substitute.

ART. LVIII. The costs and burdens of the whole Military affairs of the Confederation are to be borne equally by all the Federal States and those who belong to them, so that neither the advantage nor the overburdening of individual States or classes is admissible in principle. Where the equal distribution of the burdens cannot, from natural circumstances, take place without injury to public welfare, the equalisation must be settled in the way of legislation, according to the principles of equity.

ART. LIX. Every North German capable of bearing arms belongs for 7 years to the Standing Army, as a rule from the completion of the 20th to the beginning of the 28th year of his age, the first 3 years with the banners and the last 4 years in the Reserve, then for the following 5 years of his life to the Landwehr. In those Federal States, where the total legal liability to Military Service has hitherto been longer than 12 years, the gradual reduction of the liability will only take place in proportion as it is admissible by the Military efficiency of the Federal Army.

In regard to the Emigration of the Reserve Men, only those regulations shall be observed which are applicable to the Emigration of the Landwehr Men.

ART. LX. The effective strength of the Federal Army in time of peace is regulated up to 31st December, 1871, at one per cent. of the Population of 1867, and is furnished pro rata thereof by the Separate Federal States. For later times the effective strength of the Army in peace will be settled by the way of Federal Legislation.

ART. LXI. After the publication of this Constitution the Prussian Military Legislation is to be immediately introduced into the whole Federal Territory, both the laws themselves and the regulations, instructions, and receipts issued for their execution, explanation, or completion; especially, therefore, the Military Penal Code of 3rd April, 1845, the Military Criminal Court Regulation of 3rd April, 1845, the Ordinance on Courts of Honour of 20th July, 1843, the directions respecting Recruiting, Time of Service, matters of Service and Maintenance, Quartering, Compensation for Damages to Fields, Mobilisation, &c., for Peace and War. The Military Church Ritual is however excluded.

After the Uniform Organisation of the Federal Military system has been carried into effect, the Federal Presidency will submit a comprehensive Federal Military Law to the Diet and the Federal Council for their constitutional decision.

ART. LXII. To meet the expenditure for the whole Federal Army and the Institutions belonging to it, as many times 225 thalers, say in words two hundred and twenty-five thalers, as the poll number of the Peace Strength of the Army amounts to according to Article LX, are to be placed yearly at the disposal of the Federal Commander-in-Chief until 31st December, 1871. (See Section XII.)

The payment of these Contributions begins with the 1st of the month after the publication of the Federal Constitution.

After the 31st of December, 1871, these amounts must continue to be paid to the Federal Treasury by the Separate States of the Confederation. For reckoning the amounts the effective strength for Peace provisionally settled in Article LX will be adhered to until it is altered by a Federal Law.

The expenditure of this sum for the whole Federal Army and its Institutions will be fixed by the Budget Law.

In the settlement of the Military Expenditure Estimates, the Organisation of the Federal Army legally established on the basis of this Constitution, will be taken as the foundation.

ART. LXIII. All the Land Forces of the Confederation form one single Army, which in War and in Peace is under the command of His Majesty the King of Prussia, as Federal Commander-in-Chief.

The regiments, &c., bear consecutive numbers throughout the whole Federal Army. For the Clothing the main colours and the cut of the Royal Prussian Army are to be followed. It is left to the Sovereigns of the respective Contingents to decide upon the external insignia (cockades, &c.).

It is the duty and the right of the Federal Commander-in-Chief to take care that all the bodies of Troops within the Federal Army are kept complete in number and in fighting order, and that unity of organisation and formation, in arming and commanding, in the instruction of the men as well as in the qualification of the Officers, be established and maintained. For this purpose the Commander-in-Chief is entitled to ascertain the constitution of the Separate Contingents at any time by inspection, and to order the removal of any defects that may then appear.

The Federal Commander-in-Chief determines the effective state, the formation and division of the Contingents of the Federal Army, as well as the organisation of the Landwehr, and has the right of determining the Garrisons within the Federal Territory, as well as of ordering that any part of the Federal Army be made ready for War.

In order to preserve the indispensable uniformity in the administration, maintenance, arming, and equipment of all the corps of the Federal Army, the respective Ordinances issued in future for the Prussian Army, are to be communicated in a proper manner by the Committee for the Army and the Fortresses, mentioned in Article VIII, to the Commanders of the other Federal Contingents for their observance.

ART. LXIV. All the Federal Troops are bound to render unconditional obedience to the orders of the Federal Commander-in-Chief. This obligation is to be undertaken in the Banner-oath.

The highest in command of a Contingent, as well as all Officers who command Troops of more than one Contingent, and all Commanders of Fortresses are appointed by the Federal Commander-in-Chief. The Officers appointed by him to take the Banner-oath to him. For Generals, and Officers filling the places of Generals in the Federal Contingents, the appointment is to be made dependent upon the assent of the Federal Commander-in-Chief in every case.

The Federal Commander-in-Chief has the right of choosing from the Officers of all the Contingents of the Federal Army, by transposition with or without promotion, for all the places to be filled by him, whether in the Prussian Army or in the other Contingents.

ART. LXV. The Federal Commander-in-Chief has the right of erecting Fortresses within the Territory of the Confederation, and he applies for the grant of the necessary means, if the ordinary supply does not afford them, in accordance with Section XII.

ART. LXVI. Where Special Conventions do not determine otherwise, the Federal Princes or the Senates appoint the Officers of their Contingents, with the restriction of Article LXIV. They are the Chiefs of all the corps of Troops belonging to their Territories and enjoy the honours connected therewith. They have namely, the right of inspection at any time, and they receive, besides the regular reports and announcements concerning altera-

tions that occur, for the purpose of the requisite Sovereign publication, communications in due time of the promotions and appointments affecting the respective bodies of Troops.

They have also the right of employing not only their own Troops for purposes of Police, but also all other bodies of Troops of the Federal Army that may be detached in the Territories of their Countries.

ART. LXVII. Savings in the Military Budget fall under no circumstances to any particular Government, but always to the Federal Treasury.

ART. LXVIII. The Federal Commander-in-Chief can declare any part of the Federal Territory in a state of War if Public Security is threatened therein. Until the issue of a Federal Law regulating the premises, the form of the Proclamation and the effects of such a Declaration, the provisions of the Prussian Law of 4th June, 1851 (Ges. Samm. 1851, p. 451), are to be observed.

SECTION XII.—The Federal Finances.

ART. LXIX. All the receipts and expenses of the Confederation must be estimated for each year, and brought into the Federal Budget. This is to be settled by Law before the beginning of the Financial Year, according to the following principles.

ART. LXX. To provide for all common expenses any surpluses of the preceding year are first of all made use of, as well as the common Revenues arising from the Customs, from the common Taxes on Consumption, and from the Postal and Telegraph Services. In so far as these are not sufficient to cover the expenses, they are to be made up, so long as Federal Taxes are not introduced, by contributions from the Separate Federal States in proportion to their Population, and those contributions will be imposed by the Presidency until they reach the amount fixed in the Budget.

ART. LXXI. The common expenses are granted, as a rule, for one year, but they may in special cases be granted for a longer time.

During the period of transition fixed in Article LX, the Budget of the Expenses for the Federal Army arranged under titles, is only to be laid before the Federal Council and the Diet for their information and remembrance.

ART. LXXII. An account of the application of all the Revenues

of the Confederation is to be laid before the Federal Council and the Diet by the Presidency yearly for the discharge of responsibility.

ART. LXXIII. In cases of extraordinary need a Loan may be contracted by way of Federal Legislation, or a guarantee may be undertaken at the charge of the Confederation.

SECTION XIII.—Accommodation of Disputes, and Penal Regulations.

ART. LXXIV. Every undertaking against the existence, the Integrity, the Security, or the Constitution of the North German Confederation, finally, any offence against the Federal Council, the Diet, a Member of the Federal Council or the Diet, an Authority or a Public Functionary of the Confederation, whilst in the exercise of their functions, or in reference to their functions, by word, writing, printing, signs, figurative or other representation, are to be judged and punished in the Separate Federal States according to the Laws now existing therein or hereafter coming into operation, by which a similar action against the Separate Federal State, its Constitution, its Chambers or Estates, or its Members thereof, its Authorities and Functionaries would be judged.

ART. LXXV. For those undertakings against the North German Confederation described in Article LXXIV, which would be characterized as High Treason or State Treason if directed against a Separate Federal State, the Supreme Court of Appeal at Lubeck, common to the three Free and Hanse Towns, is the competent deciding authority in first and last instance.

The detailed Regulations as to the competency and the procedure of the Supreme Court of Appeal will be settled in the way of Federal Legislation. Until the passing of a Federal Law the competency, as hitherto existing, of the Courts in the Separate Federal States and the Regulations relating to the procedure therein, will continue applicable.

ART. LXXVI. Disputes between different Federal States, if not concerning private rights, and as such to be decided by the competent judicial authorities, are to be settled by the Federal Council on the appeal of one of the parties.

Constitutional disputes in those Federal States whose Constitution does not appoint an authority for the decision of such

disputes, are to be amicably arranged by the Federal Council on the application of one of the parties, or if that cannot be done they are to be settled in the way of Federal Legislation.

ART. LXXVII. If a case of denial of justice should occur in a Federal State, and sufficient relief cannot be obtained by way of Law, it belongs to the Federal Council to receive the complaints as to the refused or obstructed administration of justice when proved according to the Constitution and the existing Laws of the Federal State concerned, and to afford the legal redress therein in regard to the Federal Government which has given cause for the complaint.

SECTION XIV .- General Provision.

ART. LXXVIII. Alterations of the Constitution take place by way of legislation, but a majority of two-thirds of the Votes represented in the Federal Council is necessary thereto.

SECTION XV.—Relations with the South German States.

ART. LXXIX. The relations of the Confederation with the South German States will be regulated immediately after the settlement of the Constitution of the North German Confederation by special Treaties to be laid before the Diet for approval.

The entry of the South German States, or any of them, into the Confederation, takes place on the proposal of the Presidency of the Confederation in the way of Federal Legislation.*

On the 15th November, 1870, a Protocol was signed between the North German Confederation, Baden, and Hesse-Darmstadt, relative to the establishment of a German Confederation; and on the 23rd November, 1870, a Treaty on the same subject was signed between the North German Confederation and Bavaria. On the 25th November, 1870, Wurtemberg acceded to the Constitution of the North German Constitution, and concluded a Military Convention with Prussia on the same day. See also Constitution of German Empire of 16th April, 1871.

No. 408] PRUSSIA AND WALDECK-PYRMONT. [18 July, 1867. [Waldeck-Pyrmont.]

No. 408.—TREATY between Prussia and Waldeck-Pyrmont, relative to the Transfer of the Administration of the Principalities of Waldeck and Pyrmont to Prussia. Signed at Berlin, 18th July, 1867.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Internal Administration of the Principalities by Prussia, except the Princely Consistory, &c.
- 2. Administration to be in the name of the Prince.
- 3. Prussia to receive the Revenues, and defray Expenses.
- 4. Executive Powers to be exercised by Prussia. Rights reserved to the Prince.
- 5. Appointment of a Governor by the King.
- 6. Judicial and Administrative Authorities to be organised by Prussia.
- 7. State Servants to be Prussian Subjects. Maintenance of Constitution.
- 8. Public Servants of Principalities to be employed in *Prussia*, or pensioned.
- 9. Representation of the Country Abroad by the Prince.
- 10. Administration of Domanial Property.
- 11. Duration of Treaty.
- 12. Batifications.

(Translation.)

His Majesty the King of Prussia and His Serene Highness the Prince of Waldeck and Pyrmont, animated by the wish of facilitating the entry of the Principalities of Waldeck and Pyrmont into the North German Confederation, have determined upon concluding a Treaty for that purpose, and accordingly have granted Full Powers, His Majesty the King of Prussia to Bernhard König, his Privy Councillor of Legation, and His Serene Highness the Prince of Waldeck and Pyrmont to his Privy Councillor Charles William v. Stockhausen, and Lewis Klapp, who, after the exchange of their Full Powers, which were found correct and regular, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Internal Administration of the Principalities by Prussia, except the Princely Consistory, &c.

ART. I. Prussia undertakes the Internal Administration of the Principalities of Waldeck and Pyrmont, exclusive only of the Administration which appertains to the Princely Consistory in its quality of Supreme Ecclesiastical Authority, and also of the ad-

6 B

18 July, 1867.] PRUSSIA AND WALDECK-PYRMONT. [No. 408 [Waldeck-Pyrmont.]

ministration of the charitable foundation of Schaaken, which are therefore reserved to His Serene Highness the Prince.

Administration to be in the Name of the Prince.

ART. II. The Administration will be carried on in the name of His Serene Highness the Prince, in accordance with the Constitution and Laws of the Principalities.

Prussia to receive the Revenues and defray Expenses.

ART. III. Prussia will receive the whole of the Revenues of the Principalities, and will defray all Expenses, excepting the Expenses of the Consistory in its quality of Supreme Ecclesiastical Authority.

Executive Powers to be exercised by Prussia. Rights reserved to the Prince.

ART. IV. His Majesty the King of Prussia will exercise the whole of the Executive Powers as regards the Internal Administration of the Principalities which belong constitutionally to His Serene Highness the Prince. The latter, however, retains the right of pardon as limited by the Constitution and the Laws, and also the right of assent to alterations in the Constitution and the Laws in so far as they do not interfere with the organisation of the Judicial and Administrative Authorities (Article VI).

Appointment of a Governor by the King.

ART. V. A Governor (Landes Director) to be appointed by His Majesty the King, will be placed at the head of the Administration of the Principalities, and he will undertake the Constitutional responsibility of the Government of the Country.

Judicial and Administrative Authorities to be organised by Prussia.

ART. VI. Prussia is empowered to organise the Judicial and Administrative Authorities differently according to her own judgment. The powers of the Authorities of higher instance may be transferred to Prussian Authorities.

State Servants to be Prussian Subjects. Maintenance of Constitution.

ART. VII. All the State Servants will be appointed by Prussia; they are to be Prussian subjects, and must take the Oath of 1830

No. 408] PRUSSIA AND WALDECK-PYRMONT. [18 July, 1867. [Waldeck-Pyrmont.]

Allegiance to His Majesty the King. They, including the Governor, must conscientiously observe the Constitution of the Principality which they must expressly promise to maintain. The Governor, on taking the Oath, will have to swear to be faithful and obedient to His Serene Highness the Prince with regard to the Rights reserved to the latter by Articles IV and IX of this Treaty.

Public Servants of Principalities to be employed in Prussia, or Pensioned.

ART. VIII. The Public Servants of the Principalities at present in office, in so far as their services are no longer necessary in the Principalities in consequence of the new organisation, or in so far as they are not employed in the administration of the Princely Domains (Article X), shall be employed in Prussia, retaining their ranks and incomes, and account being taken of the length of their services. Those who do not choose or who cannot be employed in this manner will be Pensioned in accordance with the State Service Law of Waldeck, or put on half-pay. In appointing and pensioning these Public Servants, Prussia will take existing circumstances into account as much as possible.

Representation of the Country Abroad by the Prince.

ART. IX. The Representation of the Country Abroad still retained by the Prince, will be exercised by him through and under the responsibility of the Governor. The expenses will be paid, as formerly, out of the Treasury of the Country.

Administration of Domanial Property.

ART. X. The Administration of the Domanial Property described in the Compact of 16th July, 1853, &c., will not be affected by the present Treaty, and remains in the hands of His Serene Highness the Prince. No contribution is to be made from the Domains for the expenses of the State on the one hand, nor, on the other, can there be a joint use of the State appointments by the administration of the Domains.

Duration of Treaty.

ART. XI. The present Agreement will come into operation from 1st January, 1868, for a period of 10 years, and on the expiration of that period it will be considered as prolonged for 10 1831 6 B 2

18 July, 1867.] PRUSSIA AND WALDECK-PYRMONT. [No. 408 [Waldeck-Pyrmont].

years more, unless notice to the contrary be given by one or the other of the Parties at least a year before.

Ratifications.

ART. XII. The present Agreement is to be ratified, and the Ratifications exchanged at Berlin within 4 weeks, subject to the assent of the Representative Bodies of both Countries.

In witness whereof the Plenipotentiaries have signed and sealed this Treaty.

Berlin, 18th July, 1867.

- (L.S.) BERNHARD KONIG.
- (L.S.) CHARLES WILLIAM VON STOCKHAUSEN.
- (L.S.) LEWIS KLAPP.

No. 409.—FINAL BOUNDARY ACT between Austria and Italy. Venice, 22nd December, 1867.

ART.

TABLE.

Reference to Treaty of 3rd October, 1866.

- 1. Civil Rights of private persons, communes, and corporate bodies, over lands on either side of the Boundary Line not to be interfered with. Boundary from Lake of Garda to Port of Buso.
- 2. Settlement of Disputes respecting the Boundary Line.
- 3. In Boundary Waters the Midstream forms the Separating Line, as a general rule.
- 4. On Public Roads the axis of the Road forms the Separating Line. Roads to be freely used by both Parties.
- 5. Road along the Torrent of Indrio from Prepotto to Melina, and the communication along the Torrent of Pontebbana to be free to both Parties.
- 6. No works to be constructed along the course of Boundary Waters for regulating them, for Navigation, or Floating of Timber, without the consent of both Parties.
- 7. Further arrangements to be made respecting Floating of Timber.
- 8. State Boundary Line as laid down by the *Italiano-Illyrian* Commission in 1841, to form the Boundary of private or communal Property, unless otherwise decided or agreed to.
- 9. Bridges recognised as at present existing across the Torrents of Cesilla, Pontebbana, Indrio, and the Canale del Taglio; maintenance and use thereof.
- 10. Maintenance of Boundary-marks.
- 11. Expenses of determining the Boundary Line.
- 12. Execution of the present Act.
- 13. Act not to be valid till Ratified by the two Sovereigns. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

Reference to Treaty of 3rd · October, 1866.

ARTICLE IV of the Treaty concluded at Vienna on the 3rd of October, 1866 (No. 392), between His Majesty the King of Italy and His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, the Ratifications of which Treaty were exchanged on the 12th of the same month, provides in order to the Teritorial Cessions therein agreed upon, that:

"The Frontier of the ceded Territory is determined by the actual administrative Limits of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom."

The same Article adds that:

"A Military Commission, appointed by the two Contracting 1833

Powers, shall be entrusted with the execution of the tracing on the spot within the shortest possible delay."

In pursuance of this last stipulation, their Royal and Imperial Majesties have appointed as Commissioners,

His Majesty the King of Italy, Count Charles Felix Nicolis di Robilant, Major-General, &c., Baron Adrian Nicholas Mazza, Major on the Staff, &c., and Alexander de Charbonneau, Knight, his Orderly Officer, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, Julius Mauger von Kirchsberg, Major-General, &c., Eugene Kopfinger von Trebbienan, Colonel of Infantry, &c., and Emanuel Korwin, Knight, &c.;

Who, having assembled at Venice, after they had exchanged their Full Powers, and found them in good and due form, constituted themselves an International Commission, under the Presidency of Major-General Count di Robilant.

Major de Charbonneau was nominated to act as Secretary.

The Commission at once proceeded to consider the mode of performing its task, and agreed to the following conclusions:

That the Frontier of the ceded Territory within the Limits indicated by Article IV of the Treaty of 3rd October, 1866 (No. 892), ought to be considered in general as sufficiently determined by the existing Termini and Boundary marks, good part of which had not been altered for a long time.

That the practice followed by the Austrian Government, of having partial revisions of the Boundaries at stated periods, had largely contributed to render them more certain, by removing from time to time the doubts which had arisen.

That in following out this principle, and by the existence of the special assessment books of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom and of the contiguous Provinces, the Territorial separation of the one from the others had always been in progress of confirmation in fact and in practice.

That therefore a new and general revision of the Frontier under the circumstances above mentioned would not have yielded an advantage proportionate to the expense, whether the intention had been to make a topographical sketch, or only to draw up a complete description of it, on which account the stipulation of the second paragraph of Article IV of the Treaty of 3rd October, 1866 (No. 392), might be considered as sufficiently fulfilled, if the Commission undertook to pay special attention to these points

only where doubt existed respecting the precise track of the Frontier, as well as to those others where some operation might be necessary to render the State separation more manifest.

In order to obtain the most precise information respecting the points of both classes, the Italian Commission applied to the political Boundary Authorities, requesting them to call for the particulars required from the Communes interested therein. It also applied to the Financial Authorities in order to procure information from them respecting those points where it may be expedient to denote the Boundary by new or more apparent marks, for the greater convenience and security of the service.

The result of these measures, and others taken at the same time, by the Austrian Commissioners with their own Political Authorities, as well as information obtained from several sources, led the Commission to examine specially the tracts separately indicated below, with respect to which there might be reason to doubt:

- 1. The part of the Frontier between the left bank of the Lake of Garda and the signal of the Bocchetta, on the heights of Mount Baldo.
- 2. In the Territories of the Communes of Arsiè and Grigno, the divisional line in the region called the Scaffe Rosse, left undecided on account of a long standing question;
- 3. The tract of Frontier next the Commune of Ampezzo, to decide to which party the wood called Antipetto di San Marco belonged.
- 4. The tract of Boundary between Monte Maggiore and the sources of the Indrio, to arrange about the Provisional Boundary line decreed by the Austrian Government in the year 1841.
- 5. Finally, the tract from the meeting of the Rivulet Ausa with the Canal Medadola, up to the Port of Buso.

The Minutes of the Commission, and their extracts, a copy of which is annexed to this Act, show the arrangements and resolutions of the Commission on each of the points indicated.

With respect to the other points of the Boundary hereafter described, it was found necessary to do something to such of the existing termini and marks as were not sufficiently clear, or could no longer be found, as well as to set up new ones for the better determination of the track, viz.:

(a.) On the Lake of Garda it was found to be convenient that a very visible and plain mark should be set up at the point of the

Boundary which touches the right bank, so that, together with the one already existing on the left bank, it should be sufficient to remove any doubt as to the separation of the Waters between the two States.

- (b.) In the Territories of the adjoining Communes of Malcesine, Brentonico, Belluno, and Avio, it was found to be convenient that the ancient termini should be renovated, the better to show the track of the Boundary.
- (c.) It was found expedient to do the same for the tract of the Boundary between the crest of the Sparavieri and that of the Tre Croci, as well as for the portion of Frontier next the Italian Commune of Pecolaro.
- (d.) In the Territory of the Commune of Bagnaria it was agreed to adopt some modification, so as to do away with the inconvenience of dividing a house by the Boundary line.
- (e.) Finally, it was held to be necessary, to place marks at those points of the principal roads passing from one State to the other, where the separation was not made clear by the existing marks.

The Commission entrusted to two of its delegates, that is, to Major Baron Mazza for Italy, and to Major Korwin, Knight, for Austria, the task of proceeding to the execution of these last operations, and of such others as had become necessary after its resolutions on the mixed affairs mentioned above.

The minutes of the aforesaid Commissioners, and the extract from them, of which a copy is annexed to the present Act, show the execution of the operations entrusted to them, and vouch for the new Marks set up in the separate localities.

Those last documents, like the copies of the minutes of the Commission, mentioned above, with the accompanying drawings, are declared to be an integral part of the present Act, and are as follows:

Copy of the Minutes No. 3 of the Commission.

Extract from the Minutes No. 12 of the Commission, with a drawing annexed.

Extract from the Minutes No. 15 of the Commission, with a drawing annexed.

Copy of the Minutes No. 16 of the Commission.

Extract from the Minutes No. 19 of the Commission, with a drawing annexed.

Copy of the Minutes No. 21 of the Commission.

Copy of the Report No. 5 of the Commissioners delegated for the operations.

- Extract from the Reports of the same Commissioners, with two drawings annexed.

Ten sheets of the special Map of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom to a scale of selon, issued by the Geographical Institute of the Imperial and Royal Austrian-General Staff, are also annexed to the present Act, and declared to form an integral part of it; the general track of the Boundary is laid down thereon by a double line, blue and carmine.

The Commission has moreover agreed upon the following definitive dispositions, which provide for specialities of the Frontier:

ARTS. I to XIII. (See Table.)

Ratifications.*

Done and concluded at Venice, the 22nd of December, 1867.

C. ROBILANT.

J. KIRCHSBERG.

A. MAZZA.

No. 409]

KOPFINGER.

A. DE CHARBONNEAU.

KURWIN.

* Ratifications exchanged at Florence, 17th March, 1868.

30 April, 1868.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 410 [Danube Works Loan.]

No. 410.—CONVENTION between Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Pruesia, in the name of the North German Confederation, and Turkey, for the Guarantee of a Loan to complete the Works at the Sulina Mouth and Branches of the Danube. Signed at Galatz, 30th April, 1868.

[This Convention will expire on the 24th April, 1888. See No. 489].

ART. TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 80th March, 1856; and to Protocols of 28th March and 24th April, 1866.

- 1. Guarantee of Loan of £135,000.
- 2. Interest on and Redemption of Loan.
- 8. Power to pay Deficiency when Net Produce of Tolls is insufficient to pay Interest and Sinking Fund.
- 4. British Government to deposit at Bank of England sum necessary for payment of Interest and Sinking Fund. Other Powers to remit their Share.
- 5. Priority of Claim on produce of Tolls on the Danube. Rights of other Creditors.
- 6. Joint and Several Guarantee.
- 7. Ratifications.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.*)

Reference to Treaty of 30th March, 1856; and to Protocols of 28th March and 24th April, 1866.

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, His Majesty the King of Italy, His Majesty the King of Prussia, in the name of the North German Confederation, and His Majesty the Emperor of the Ottomans,

Having recognised the necessity of putting the European Commission of the Danube in a position to contract a Loan on advantageous terms, and by this means to complete the Works of improvement undertaken, or to be undertaken, at the Mouth and in the Branch of the Sulina, without imposing too heavy burdens on the Vessels of all nations which frequent the Lower Danube;

And taking into consideration Articles XVI to XVIII of the Treaty concluded at Paris on the 30th March, 1856 (No. 264).

• For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lviii, p. 7.

No. 410] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [80 April, 1868. [Danube Works Loan.]

which declare that a European Commission shall be charged to designate, and to cause to be executed, the Works necessary to put the Lower Danube before Isaktcha, its Mouths, and the parts of the Sea adjacent thereto, in the best possible state for Navigation; the said Treaty stipulating, moreover, that fixed Duties settled by the Commission may be levied in order to cover the expenses of such Works, as well as of the establishments intended to secure and to facilitate the Navigation at the Mouths of the Danube;

The Public Act relating to the Navigation of the said Mouths, signed at Galatz the 2nd of November, 1865,* sanctioned in the sitting of the Conference of Paris, held on the 28th March, 1866 (No. 375);

The decisions taken by the European Commission on the said 2nd November, 1865, on the 26th October, 1866, and on the 25th April, 1867, to the effect that new Works should be undertaken, in order to complete and render permanent the provisional improvements already effected at the Mouth and in the Branch of the Sulina, and that the cost of those Works should be covered by means of a Loan to be contracted by the Commission, and repayable out of the produce of the fixed Duties settled and levied by it;

The Resolutions adopted by the Conference of Paris in its sittings of the 28th March, and 24th April, 1866 (No. 375), concerning the term within which the new Works are to be finished;

The Declarations made by the Delegate of His Imperial Majesty the Sultan in the sitting of the European Commission of the 9th May, 1866, and in that of the 16th October following, from which it appears that with the intention of facilitating to the said Commission the conclusion of its Loan, the Sublime Porte renounces its claim to the repayment of the advances which it has itself made to cover the first expenses of the above-mentioned Works, until the moment when the new Loan to be contracted in order to finish the completion of them shall have been entirely paid off;

The Memorandum, dated the 15th October, 1866, submitted to the Powers which signed the Treaty of Paris, setting forth that the negotiations opened with a view to the said Loan have remained fruitless for want of sufficient Guarantees to offer to

^{*} Altered by Regulation of 8th November, 1870. See Treaty of 18th March, 1871.

30 April, 1868.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 410 [Danube Works Loan.]

capitalists, and that it will be impossible for the Commission to find the resources necessary for the completion of its task, without an efficient support on the part of its high constituents;

And the provisions of the above-mentioned public Act of the 2nd November, 1865,* especially those of Articles XIV, XV, and XVI, relating to the collection and to the employment of the Sulina Tolls, and that of Article XXI, which ensures the benefit of Neutrality to the Works and establishments of every kind created by the European Commission, particularly to the Navigation Chest at Sulina;

Have named for their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, John Stokes, Esq., her Delegate in the said European Commission of the Danube, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, &c., the Sieur Alfred Chevalier de Kremer, Delegate in the said European Commission, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur Louis Marie Adolphus Baron d'Avril, his Delegate in the said European Commission, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Italy, the Sieur Stephen Castelli, his Consul at Galatz, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Prussia, in the name of the North German Confederation, the Sieur Henry Ernest Werner, Count of Keyserling-Rautenburg, his Delegate in the said European Commission, &c.;

And His Majesty the Emperor of the Ottomans, Suleyman Behidj Pasha, Beylerbey of Roumelia, his Governor of the Province of Toultcha, his Delegate in the said European Commission of the Danube, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following arrangements:

Guarantee of Loan of £135,000.

ART. I. Their Majesties—

The Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, engages, subject to the assent of the competent representative bodies, to Guarantee the Interest and Sinking Fund of a Loan of

^{*} Altered by Regulation of 8th November, 1870. See Treaty of 13th March, 1871.

No. 410] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [30 April, 1868. [Danube Works Loan.]

3,375,000 francs, or £135,000 sterling; to be contracted by the European Commission of the Danube;

The Emperor of the French engages, subject to the Ratification of the Legislative Body of France, to Guarantee the Interest and Sinking Fund of the same Loan;

The Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland engages to recommend to her Parliament to enable her to Guarantee the Interest and Sinking Fund of the same Loan;*

The King of Italy engages, subject to the approbation of the Italian Parliament, to Guarantee the Interest and Sinking Fund of the same Loan;

The King of Prussia engages, in the name of the North German Confederation, subject to the assent of the Reichstag and of the Federal Council, to Guarantee the Interest and Sinking Fund of the same Loan;

The Emperor of the Ottomans engages to Guarantee the Interest and Sinking Fund of the same Loan;

And it is understood that this Guarantee shall be joint and several between all the High Contracting Parties.

Interest on and Redemption of Loan.

ART. II. The Interest payable on the said Loan shall not be higher than 5 per cent., and the duration of the Redemption shall not exceed a period of 13 years, reckoning from the 1st January, 1871, the date at which the payment of the Loan will have been completed by the lenders.

Reckoning from the first instalment, and until the 1st January, 1871, the joint and several Guarantee shall bear upon the Interest of the sums paid; and during the following years, upon the Annuities comprising both Interest and Repayment of the Capital, and not exceeding the total sum of 360,000 francs, or £14,400 sterling per annum.

Powers to pay deficiency when Net produce of Tolls is insufficient to pay Interest and Sinking Fund.

ART. III. If the net produce of the Tolls levied by the European Commission at the Sulina Mouth, in virtue of Article XVI of the Treaty of Paris (No. 264), after deduction of a sum not exceeding 400,000 francs, or £16,000 sterling, for the expenses of

* An Act of Parliament was passed on the 31st July, 1868 (31 and 82 Vict., cap. 126) to enable Her Majesty to carry this Convention into effect.

30 April, 1868.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 410 [Danube Works Loan.]

maintaining the Works, and of administration, should happen to be insufficient to provide completely for the payment of the Interest and Sinking Fund of the Loan, His Imperial Royal Apostolic Majesty, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, His Majesty the King of Italy, His Majesty the King of Prussia, in the name of the North German Confederation, and His Majesty the Emperor of the Ottomans, upon notice of the amount of the deficit, which shall be given to them one month before it becomes due, either by the European Commission, or by the authority which shall succeed it, or by the parties interested themselves, engage to furnish as an advance, before the expiration of that time, their share in the said Guarantee.

British Government to deposit at Bank of England sum necessary for payment of Interest and Sinking Fund.

ART. IV. In the event contemplated by the preceding Article, and in order to avoid all delay, the British Government engages to deposit at the Bank of England the whole sum necessary for the integral payment of the Interest and Sinking Fund at the precise time of their falling due.

Other Powers to remit their Share.

On their part, the other Contracting Powers engage to remit immediately their said share to the British Government.

Priority of Claims on produce of Tolls on the Danube.

ART. V. Article XIV of the Public Act of the 2nd November, 1865, having stipulated that the Revenue produced by the abovementioned Tolls should be appropriated by Priority and Preference to the repayment of the Loans contracted by the European Commission, and of those which it might contract in future for the completion of the Works of improvement of the Mouths of the Danube, the High Contracting Parties reserve the right to make use for themselves of the privilege of such Right of Priority and Preference, by right of substitution, in the event of their having been obliged to provide from their own funds for the service of the Guaranteed Loan.

Rights of other Creditors.

It is understood, however, that such Right of Priority will be * Altered by Regulation of 8th November, 1870. See Treaty of 18th March, 1871.

No. 410] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [30 April, 1868. [Danube Works Loan.]

exercised by the Powers without prejudice, either to the Rights of the holders of the scrip of this Loan, or to the anterior Rights of the creditors for whose benefit the European Commission has pledged its Revenues for the amount of the partial Loans, amounting to 111,100 ducats, issued on the 12th May, 1866, the 25th April and 4th November, 1867, in order to begin the permanent Works, and repayable at short terms from the produce of the Loan to be contracted.

Joint and Several Guarantee.

ART. VI. As soon as the present Convention shall have become definite for 4 at least of the High Contracting Parties, the joint and several Guarantee shall have its full and entire effect in respect of these latter.

Ratifications.

ART. VII. The present Convention shall be ratified. Each of the High Contracting Powers shall ratify in a single copy.

The Ratifications* shall be deposited in the space of 3 months, or sooner if possible, in the archives of the European Commission of the Danube, to be eventually handed over to the authority which shall succeed it.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Convention, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Galatz, the 30th April, 1868.

- (L.S.) J. STOKES.
- (L.S.) A. DE KREMER.
- (L.S.) A. D'AVRIL.
- (L.S.) CASTELLI STEFANO.
- (L.S.) H. CTE. DE KEYSERLING.

 \leftarrow

(L.S.) SULEYMAN.

[An Act of Parliament was passed on the 31st July, 1868 (31 & 32 Vict., cap. 126), to enable Her Majesty to carry the above Convention into effect.]

* British Ratification deposited in the Archives of the European Commission of the Danube at Galatz, 1st June, 1868.

[Boundaries.]

No. 411.—FINAL ACT of the Delimitation of the International Frontier of the Pyrenees, between France and Spain. Bayonne, 11th July, 1868.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 26th May, 1866.

Annex

First Part.

- I. Proces-Verbal of Landmarks between the Department of the Pyrénées-Orientales and the Province of Girone.
 - Section I. Landmarks of Frontier from the Val d'Andorre to the Mediterranean.
 - " II. Landmarks of the Llivia.
- II. Modification of Articles XVIII and XIX of the Treaty. Pasturage Rights.
- III. Complement to the Enumeration of the Free Roads.
- IV. Rights between bordering Communes.
- V. Regulations for the Seizure of Cattle in accordance with Article XXX of the Treaty of 26th May, 1866.

Second Part.

Regulations relative to the enjoyment of the Waters common to both Countries:

- I. Demarcation of the Bed of the Raour.
- II. Pont-Bovedo.
- III. Regulation for the Waters of the River Tort and River Tartarès.
- IV. Regulation for the enjoyment of the Waters of the Canal of Puycerda.
- V. Regulation for the Organisation of the International Administrative Commission of the Canal of Psycerda.
 - Chapter I. Composition of the Commission.
 - " II. Functions of the Commission.
 - ., III. Collection of Taxes.
- VI. Regulation for the enjoyment of the Waters of the River Vanera.
- VII. Regulation for the enjoyment of the Waters of the Canal of Angoustrine and Llivia.
- VIII. Regulation for the Organisation of the International Administrative Commission of the Canal of Angoustrine and Llivia.
 - Chapter I. Composition of the Commission.
 - . II. Functions of the Commission.
 - " III. Collection of Taxes.

[Boundaries.]

Additional Stipulations.

ART.

- 1. Floating Craft prohibited from being permanently stationed in the Waters of the Bidaesoa from Chapitelacoarria to Figuier Road. Exceptions.
- 2. Punishment for infraction of Article I.
- 3. Ratifications.*

(Translation.†)

Reference to Treaty of 26th May, 1866.

His Majesty the Emperor of the French and Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, wishing to settle in a definitive manner the execution of the Treaty of Limits concluded at Bayonne on the 26th May, 1866 (No. 373), to modify certain dispositions of that Act, to put them in harmony with the views more clearly laid down by those interested, to complete the enumeration of the free Reads, to perpetuate certain customs, either existing or agreed upon on either side, and to sanction the Regulations of the International Commission of Engineers mentioned in Article XVIII of the Additional Act signed at Bayonne on the 26th May, 1866 (No. 374), have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, namely:

His Majesty the Emperor of the French, the Sieur Camille Antoine Callier, General of Division, &c.;

And Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, Don Francisco Maria Marin, Marquis de la Frontera, Minister Plenipotentiary, &c. and Don Manuel de Monteverde y Bethancourt, Marshal of the National Armies, &c.;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found to be in good and due form, have drawn up and added in the first part of the present Final Act the 5 following Annexes to the Treaty signed at Bayonne on the 26th May, 1866, and have inserted in the second the Rules for the Regulation of the Waters prepared by the above-mentioned Commission of Engineers.

First Part.

Annexes I to V. See Table.

- * Ratifications exchanged at Bayonne, 11th January, 1869.
- † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 430.

[Boundaries.]

Second Part.

I to VIII. See Table.

Done-in duplicate at Bayonne, 11th July, 1868.

- (L.S.) GENERAL CALLIER.
- (L.S.) EL MARQUES DE LA FRONTERA.
- (L.S.) MANUEL MONTEVERDE.

ADDITIONAL STIPULATIONS to the Boundary Treaty of 2nd December, 1856, between France and Spain. Bayonne, 11th July, 1868.

THE undersigned Plenipotentiaries of France and Spain for the International Delimitation of the Pyreness, duly authorised by their respective Sovereigns to complete the dispositions of the Treaty of Bayonne of the 2nd December, 1856 (No. 275), relative to the Police of the Navigation in the Waters of the Bidassoa, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTS. I to III. See Table.

Done in duplicate at Bayonne, 11th July, 1868.

- (L.S.) GENERAL CALLIER.
- (L.S.) EL MARQUES DE LA FRONTERA.
- (L.S.) MANUEL MONTEVERDE.

[Navigation of the Rhine.]

No. 412.— CONVENTION between Baden, Bavaria, France, Hesse-Darmstadt, Netherlands, and Prussia, relative to the Navigation of the Rhine. Signed at Mannheim, 17th October, 1868.

ART.

No. 612]

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Convention of 31st March, 1831.

- 1. Free Navigation of the Rhine and its Mouths. The Leck and the Waal.
- 2. Rights of Navigation to Boats, Rafts, and Floats of Wood belonging to the Riverain States. Obstructions in the Navigation of the Rhine to the open Sea by way of Dordrecht, Rotterdam, Hellevoetsluis and Brielle, to be replaced by other communications and open to all the Riverain States.
- 8.4 Navigation, Dredging, and Buoying Dues on the Rhine or its Tributaries, prohibited.
- 4. National Treatment to Boats belonging to the Navigation of the Rhine, and their Cargoes.
- 5. Boatmen not to be forced to discharge either in whole or in part, or to tranship their Cargoes. Port and Harbour Duties abolished.
- 6. Import and Export Duties to be the same as at the Land Frontiers.
- 7.* Transit of Merchandise free from Basle to the Sea.
- 8. Free Ports on the Rhine. Power to increase number of Free Ports.
- 9. Regulations for the guidance of Boatmen.
- 10. Customs Regulations. Merchandise entering the Rhine for Internal, External, or Transit Trade.
- 11. Ports to be named at which Boatmen are to be allowed to disembark their Goods, &c.
- 12. Contraband.
- 13. Where several States are united by a Common System of Customs Dues, the Frontier of Union to be considered the Territorial Frontier.
- 14. Equal Import, Export and Transit Treatment on the Rhine as by Land.
- 15 to
 - Boatmen's Licenses.
- 21.
- 22. Measurement, Rigging, and Draught of Water of Boats Navigating the Rhine.
- 23.† Arts. XV and XXII applicable only to Boats under 300 Weight.
- 24. Dispositions of Convention not applicable to Transports from shore to shore.
- 25. Bargemen's Certificates.
- 26. Remuneration to Pilots and Call Boys. Boatmen not obliged to engage Pilots.
- 27. Facilities for Loading, Unloading and Warehousing Merchandise. Commissioners of Police and Police Fees.

^{*} See page 1851.

[†] See page 1852.

[Mavigation of the Rhine.]

ABT.

TABLE.

- 28. Maintenance of Towing Paths and Channel of the Rine. Stipulation applicable to the Navigation between Gorinchem, Krimpen, Dordreckt, and Rotterdam. Buoys to be placed in parts of Channel where required.
- 29. Hydrotechnic Projects entertained by either of Riversia Governments to be communicated to the others.
- 30. Navigation of the Rhine not to be impeded by Mills, &c., nor by Bridges or other Works of Art.
- 31. Periodical Inspection of the River by Hydrotechnic Engineers.
- 32. Fine for Contravention of Police Regulations.
- to Tribunals for the Navigation of the Rhine.
- Powers and Duties of Central Commission, Inspectors, and other Officers of the Customs Navigation and their Salaries.
- 48. Convention to replace Convention of S1st March, 1831, as well as all Supplementary and Additional Articles, &c.

Closing Protocol.

- 1. Privileges to Boats belonging to the Navigation of the Rhine.
- 2. Exceptions as to Free Navigation of the Rhine and levying of certain Dues.
- 3. Free Ports.
- 4. Relative to Article XV of the Convention: A. Apprenticeship of Bostmen. B. Agreement between Baden, Bavaria, France, Hesse, and Prussia, relative to the Certificates of Service of the Crew.
- 5. Relative to Article XXII of the Convention. Watermark of Boats.
- 6. Meaning of Hundredweight.
- 7. Relative to Article XXX of the Convention. The Netherlands engage to provide convenient Passages for Boats and Rafts where Bridges are obliged to be built on Navigable Waters leading from the Rhine to the Sea by Dordrecht, Rotterdam, Hellsvostsluis and Briells. Consent of Plenipotentiaries.
- 8. Relative to Article XXXII of the Convention. Penalties for Contravention of Police Regulations.
- 9. Relative to Article XLVII. Duties of Central Commission. Proportion of Pensions to be paid by each Riversia State. Archives of Central Commission.

(Translation.*)

Reference to Convention of 31st March, 1831.

THE Convention relative to the Navigation of the Rhine, concluded on the 31st March, 1831 (No. 151), between the Riverain

• For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 470.

[Navigation of the Rhine.]

Governments, having since then undergone numerous modifications, and a part of the stipulations contained therein being no longer in harmony with the actual conditions of the Navigation, His Majesty the Emperor of the French, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, His Majesty the King of Bavaria, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, and His Majesty the King of Prussia, have resolved, by common consent, to revise that Convention, maintaining, nevertheless, the principle of the Free Navigation of the Rhine in matters of commerce, and have, to that effect, appointed Commissioners Plenipotentiary, namely:

[Here follow the names.]

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed, under reservation of Ratifications, to the following dispositions:

Free Navigation of the Rhine and its Mouths. The Leck and the Waal.

ART. I.* The Navigation of the Rhine and its Mouths, from Basle to the sea, either descending or ascending, shall be free to the Ships of all Nations for the transport of Merchandise and Persons, on condition of conforming to the Stipulations contained in the present Convention, and to the measures prescribed for the maintenance of general security.

Except these Regulations, no obstacle whatever shall be put to the Free Navigation.

The Leck and the Waal are considered as forming part of the Rhine.

ART. II. Rights of Navigation to Boats, Rafts, and Floats of Wood belonging to the Riverain States. Obstructions in the Navigation of the Rhine to the open Sea by way of Dordrecht, Rotterdam, Hellevoetsluis, and Brielle, to be replaced by other communications, and open to all the Riverain States.

Navigation, Dredging, and Buoying Dues on the Rhine or its Tributaries prohibited.

ART. III.* No Duties based solely on the fact of Navigation can be levied on Vessels or their Cargoes, or on Rafts navigating

[Mavigation of the Bhine.]

on the Rhine, or its Tributaries, as far as they are situated on the Territories of the High Contracting Parties, and on the navigable courses mentioned in Article II. Dredging and Buoying Duties shall likewise be prohibited on the navigable courses mentioned in the previous paragraph, above Rotterdam and Dordrecht.

ARTS. IV to VII. See Table.

Free Ports on the Rhine. Power to increase Number of Free Ports.

ART. VIII.* The Free Ports actually open to the commerce of the Rhine remain Free. The High Contracting Parties reserve to themselves the right of increasing their number. Merchandise warehoused in those Free Ports shall not be subjected to any Import or Export Duties, unless they are finally intended for trade in the Riverain State itself or in the Territories of the Customs and Duties system, of which that State forms a part.

ARTS. IX to XLVII. See Table.

Convention to replace Convention of 31st March, 1881, as well as all Supplementary and Additional Articles, &c.

ART. XLVIII. The present Convention is intended to replace the Convention relative to the Navigation of the Rhine of 31st March, 1831 (No. 151), the Supplementary and Additional Articles to that Act, as well as all other Resolutions relative to matters enacted in that Convention. It shall come into operation on the 1st July, 1869. It shall be ratified, and the Ratifications; shall be exchanged at Mannheim, within the delay of 6 months.

In faith whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Mannheim, 17th October, 1868.

- (L.S.) GOEPP.
- (L.S.) DIETZ.
- (L.S.) WEBER.
- (L.S.) SCHMITT.
- (L.S.) VERKERK PISTORIUS.
- (L.S.) MOSER.
- * See Protocol, page 1851.
- † Retifications exchanged at Mannheim, 17th April, 1869.

[Navigation of the Rhine.]

CLOSING PROTOCOL.

On proceeding to the signature of the revised Convention for the Navigation of the Rhine, concluded between them by virtue of their Full Powers, the undersigned have made the following Reserves and Declarations:

Privileges to Boats belonging to the Navigation of the Rhine.

1. Relative to Article I of the Convention. It is understood that the Right to the Free Navigation of the Rhine and its Mouths does not extend to the Privileges which are only granted to Boats belonging to the Navigation of the Rhine, or to those which are assimilated to them.

Exceptions as to Free Navigation of the Rhine and Levying of certain Dues.

- 2. Relative to Article III of the Convention. A. It has been unanimously recognised that the Stipulations of the first Paragraph of that Article do not apply to Fees for the opening and closing of the Bridges which are levied on other navigable Waters than the Rhine, or to the Duties to be levied for the use of Artificial Navigable Waters or Works of Art, such as Sluices, &c.
- B. The Prussian Plenipotentiary remarks that on the Ruhr a small Duty is levied on Navigation; that his Government intend shortly to abolish that Duty, but that he must reserve to his Government the appointment of the time at which such abolition shall take place. The Netherlands Plenipotentiary stated that the Overseers of the Buoys on a part of the Meuse, in the Duchy of Luxemburg, still levy small Buoy Dues which cannot be abolished without the co-operation of Belgium, and that for that reason he must reserve for his Government the execution of the Stipulations contained in the Second Paragraph of Article III, as far as regards that part of the Meuse. No objection was made to these Reserves by the other Plenipotentiaries.

Free Ports.

3. Relative to Article VIII of the Convention. The Free Ports actually existing are the following:—In France, Strasburg; in Baden, Kehl, Maxau, Leopoldshafen, Mannheim; in Bavaria, Neubourg, Spire, Ludwigshafen; in Hesse, Mayence; in 1851

[Mavigation of the Rhine.]

Prussia, Biebrich, Oberlahnstein, Coblentz, Cologne, Neuss, Dusseldorf, Uerdingen, Dinsbourg, Ruhrort, Wesel, Emmerich; in the Netherlands, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, and Dordrecht.

4 and 5. See Table.

Meaning of Hundredweight.

6. Relative to Article XXIII of the Convention. By Hundredweight is understood here as elsewhere when that expression is used in the present Convention, the Customs Hundredweight of 50 kilogrammes.

7 to 9. See Table.

Done at Mannheim, 17th October, 1868.

- (L.S.) GOEPP.
- (L.S.) DIETZ.
- (L.S.) WEBER.
- (LS.) SCHMITT.
- (L.S.) VERKERK PISTORIUS.
- (L.S.) MOSER.

No. 413.—ADDITIONAL ARTICLES (proposed) relating to the Condition of the Wounded in War. Signed at Geneva, 20th October, 1868.*

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Persons engaged in Ambulances and Hospitals to continue their Duties towards the Wounded after occupation by the Enemy. Commander of occupying Troops to give permission for withdrawal.
- 2. Pay to be continued to Neutralised Persons whilst in the power of the Enemy.
- 3. Interpretation of the word Ambulance.
- 4. Privileges to Inhabitants entertaining Wounded Men.
- 5. Wounded, with the exception of Officers, whether capable or incapable of serving, to be sent to their Country, on condition of not bearing Arms during the remainder of the War.
- 6. Boats conveying Shipwrecked or Wounded to a Neutral or Hospital Ship to have the character of Neutrality. Wrecked and Wounded not to serve during continuance of the War.
- 7. Religious, Medical, and Hospital Staff of a captured Vessel declared Neutral, with power to remove their Private Property.
- 8. The Staff to assist in removal of the Wounded.
- 9. Captured Military Hospital Ships and their Stores. Neutrality of Hospital Ships and their Staff during the War.
- 10. Neutrality of Merchantmen with Sick and Wounded on board. Cargo to enjoy Neutrality of the Merchantman, if not Contraband of War. Interdiction to Neutralised Vessels. Special Conventions for removal of Sick and Wounded.
- 11. Captors to protect and take care of the Wounded. Conditions of their return to their own Country.
- 12. Distinctive Flag of Neutralised Vessel or Boat. Verification of Flag. Colours of Military Hospital Ships.
- 13. Neutrality of Hospital Ships equipped at expense of Aid Societies. Recognition and Protection by Belligerents. Flag to be used by the Ship, and Armlet to be worn by the Staff. Non-interference with the Combatants. Duty to be performed at their own risk and peril. Right of Belligerents to control and visit them. Wounded and Wrecked not to serve during the continuance of the War.
- 14. Suspension of Convention in case a Belligerent takes advantage of benefit of Neutrality.
- 15. Original of Act to be kept in Archives of the Swiss Confederation, and a copy sent to each of the Signatory and Adhering Powers.

^{*} Provisionally accepted in July, 1870, by France and Germany, in the war of 1870-1.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

[Wounded in War.]

(Translation.)

Persons engaged in Ambulances and Hospitals to continue their Duties towards the Wounded after occupation by the Enemy.

ART. I. The Persons designated in Article II of the Convention (No. 365) shall, after the occupation by the Enemy, continue to fulfil their Duties, according to their wants, to the Sick and Wounded in the Ambulance or the Hospital which they serve.

Commander of occupying Troops to give permission for withdrawal.

When they request to withdraw, the Commander of the occupying Troops shall fix the time of Departure, which he shall only be allowed to delay for a short time in case of Military necessity.

Pay to be continued to Neutralised Persons whilst in the power of the Enemy.

ART. II. Arrangements will have to be made by the Belligerent Powers to ensure to the Neutralised Person, fallen into the hands of the Army of the Enemy, the entire enjoyment of his Salary.

Interpretation of the word Ambulance.

ART. III. Under the conditions provided for in Articles I and IV of the Convention (No. 365), the name Ambulance applies to Field Hospitals and other Temporary Establishments which follow the Troops on the Field of Battle to receive the Sick and Wounded.

Privileges to Inhabitants entertaining Wounded Men.

ART. IV. In conformity with the spirit of Article V of the Convention (No. 365) and to the reservations contained in the Protocol of 1864, it is explained, that for the apportionment of the charges relative to the Quartering of Troops and of the Contributions of War, account only shall be taken in an equitable manner of the charitable zeal displayed by the Inhabitants.

Wounded, with the exception of Officers, whether capable or ineapable of serving, to be sent to their Country on condition of not bearing Arms during the remainder of the War.

ART. V. In addition to Article VI of the Convention (No. 1854

365), it is stipulated that, with the reservation of Officers whose detention might be important to the fate of Arms and within the limits fixed by the second paragraph of that Article, the Wounded fallen into the hands of the Enemy, shall be sent back to their Country, after they are cured, or sooner if possible, on condition nevertheless of not again bearing Arms during the continuance of the War.

Boats conveying Shipwrecked or Wounded to a Neutral or Hospital Ship to have the character of Neutrality.

ART. VI. The Boats which, at their own risk and peril, during and after an engagement pick up the Shipwrecked or Wounded, or which, having picked them up, convey them on board a Neutral or Hospital Ship, shall enjoy, until the accomplishment of their mission, the character of Neutrality, as far as the circumstances of the engagement, and the position of the ships engaged will permit.

The appreciation of these circumstances is entrusted to the humanity of all the combatants.

Wrecked and Wounded not to serve during continuance of the War.

The Wrecked and Wounded thus picked up and saved, must not serve again during the continuance of the War.

Religious, Medical, and Hospital Staff of a captured Vessel declared Neutral, with power to remove their Private Property.

ART. VII. The Religious, Medical, and Hospital Staff of any captured Vessel are declared Neutral, and, on leaving the Ship, may remove the Articles and Surgical Instruments which are their private property.

The Staff to assist in removal of the Wounded.

ART. VIII. The Staff designated in the preceding Article must continue to fulfil their functions in the captured Ship, assisting in the removal of Wounded made by the victorious party; they will then be at liberty to return to their Country in conformity with the second paragraph of the first Additional Article.

The stipulations of the second Additional Article are applicable to the pay and allowance of the Staff.

Captured Military Hospital Ships and their Stores.

ART. IX. The Military Hospital Ships remain under martial law, in all that concerns their Stores; they become the property of the Captor, but the latter must not divert them from their special appropriation during the continuance of the War.

Neutrality of Hospital Ships and their Staff during the War.

The Vessels not equipped for fighting which, during Peace, the Government shall have officially declared to be intended to serve as floating Hospital Ships, shall, however, enjoy during the War complete Neutrality, both as regards Stores, and also as regards their Staff, provided their equipment is exclusively appropriated to the special service on which they are employed.

Neutrality of Merchantmen with Sick and Wounded on Board.

ART. X. Any Merchantman, to whatever nation she may belong, charged exclusively with the removal of Sick and Wounded, is protected by Neutrality, but the mere fact, noted on the Ship's Books of the Vessel having been visited by an enemy's Cruiser, renders the Sick and Wounded incapable of serving during the continuance of the War. The Cruiser shall even have the right of putting on board an officer in order to accompany the convoy, and thus verify the good faith of the operation.

Cargo to enjoy Neutrality of the Merchantman if not Contraband of War.

If the merchant ship also carries a Cargo, her Neutrality will still protect it, provided that such Cargo is not of a nature to be confiscated by the Belligerent.

Interdiction to Neutralized Vessels.

The Belligerents retain the right to interdict Neutralized Vessels from all communication, and from any course which they may deem prejudicial to the secresy of their operations.

Special Conventions for removal of Sick and Wounded.

In urgent cases, special Conventions may be entered into between Commanders-in-Chief, in order to Neutralize temporarily and in a special manner, the Vessels intended for the removal of the Sick and Wounded.

Captors to protect and take care of the Wounded.

ART. XI. Wounded or Sick Sailors and Soldiers, when embarked, to whatever Nation they may belong, shall be protected and taken care of by their Captors.

Conditions of their return to their own Country.

Their return to their own country is subjected to the provisions of Article VI, of the Convention (No. 365), and of the Additional Article V.

Distinctive Flag of Neutralised Vessel or Boat.

ART. XII. The distinctive Flag to be used with the National Flag, in order to indicate any Vessel or Boat which may claim the benefits of Neutrality, in virtue of the principles of this Convention, is a White Flag with a Red Cross.

Verification of Flag.

The Belligerents may exercise in this respect any mode of verification, which they may deem necessary.

Colours of Military Hospital Ships.

Military Hospital Ships shall be distinguished by being painted White outside, with Green strake.

Neutrality of Hospital Ships equipped at expense of Aid Societies.

ART. XIII. The Hospital Ships which are equipped at the expense of the Aid Societies recognised by the Governments signing this Convention, and which are furnished with a commission emanating from the Sovereign who shall have given express authority for their being fitted out, and with a certificate from the proper Naval authority, that they have been placed under his control during their fitting out and on their final departure, and that they were then appropriated solely to the purpose of their mission, shall be considered Neutral, as well as the whole of their Staff.

Recognition and Protection by Belligerents.

They shall be recognised and protected by the Belligerents.

Flag to be used by the Ship and Armlet to be worn by the Staff.

They shall make themselves known by hoisting, together with their National Flag, the White Flag with a Red Cross. The dis-

tinctive mark of their Staff, while performing their duties shall be an Armlet of the same colours.

The outer painting of these Hospital Ships shall be White with Red strake.

These Ships shall bear aid and assistance to the Wounded and Wrecked Belligerents without distinction of Nationality.

Non-interference with the Combatants.

They must take care not to interfere in any way with the movements of the Combatants.

Duty to be performed at their own risk and peril.

During and after the Battle they must do their duty at their own risk and peril.

Right of Belligerents to control and visit them.

The Belligerents shall have the right of controlling and visiting them; they will be at liberty to refuse their assistance, to order them to depart, and to detain them if the exigencies of the case require such a step.

Wounded and Wrecked not to serve during the continuance of the War.

The Wounded and Wrecked picked up by these Ships cannot be reclaimed by either of the Combatants, and they will be required not to serve during the continuance of the War.

Suspension of Convention in case a Belligerent takes advantage of benefit of Neutrality.

ART. XIV. In Naval Wars any strong presumption that either Belligerent takes advantage of the benefits of Neutrality with any other view than the interest of the Sick and Wounded, gives to the other Belligerent, until proof to the contrary, the right of suspending the Convention, as regards such Belligerent.

Should this presumption become a certainty, notice may be given to such Belligerent that the Convention is suspended with regard to him during the whole continuance of the War.

Original of Act to be kept in Archives of the Swiss Confederation, and a Copy sent to each of the Signatory and Adhering Powers.

ART. XV. The present Act shall be drawn up in a single 1858

[Wounded in War.]

Original Copy, which shall be deposited in the Archives of the Swiss Confederation.

An Authentic Copy of that Act shall be delivered, with an invitation to adhere thereto, to each of the Powers signers of the Convention of the 22nd August, as well as to those who have acceded thereto.

In faith whereof the undersigned Commissioners have drawn up the present Project of Additional Articles, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Geneva, the 20th of October, 1868.

Tro-	Great Britain (L.S.)	JOHN SAVILE LUMLEY.
FOF	Great Britain $\{(L.S.)\}$	H. R. YELVERTON.
 ??	Austria (L.S.)	Dr. MUNDY.
22	Baden (L.S.)	STEINER.
77	Bavaria (L.S.)	Dr. DOMPIERRE.
22	Belgium (L.S.)	VISSCHERS.
. 99	Denmark (L.S.)	J. B. G. GALIFFE.
	France $\dots $ $\{(L.S.) $ $(L.S.)$	A. COUPVENT DES BOIS.
77	(L.S.)	H. DE PREVAL.
	Italy $\cdots $ $\{(L.S.)\}$	D. FELICE BAROFFIO.
"	taly (L.S.)	PAOLO COTTRAU.
	Netherlands $\dots \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{(L.S.)} \\ \text{(L.S.)} \end{array} \right.$	H. A. VAN KARNEBECK.
77		
	North Germany $\begin{cases} (L.S.) \\ (L.S.) \\ (L.S.) \end{cases}$	Von ROEDER.
48	North Germany (L.S.)	F. LOEFFLER.
77	(L.S.)	KÖHLER.
77	Sweden and Norway (L.S.)	
·	((L.S.)	G. H. DUFOUR.
79	Switzerland { (L.S.)	G. MOYNIER.
	((L.S.)	Dr. S. LEHMANN.
77	Turkey (L.S.)	HUSNY.
•	(L.S.)	Dr. C. HAHN.
•••	(L.S.)	Dr. FICHTE.

On the 22nd July, 1870, the Swiss Government announced that, with the exception of Spain and Rome, all the States who signed the Geneva Convention had adhered to the above Additional Articles.

[Explosive Projectiles in War.]

No. 414.—DECLARATION between Great Britain, Austria, Bavaria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Persia, Portugal, Prussia and North German Confederation, Russia, Sweden and Norway, Switzerland, Turkey, and Wurtemberg, renouncing the use, in time of War, of Explosive Projectiles under 400 Grammes Weight. Signed at St. Petersburgh, 29th November, 1868.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.*)

Declaration.

On the proposition of the Imperial Cabinet of Russia, an International Military Commission having assembled at St. Petersburgh in order to examine into the expediency of forbidding the use of certain Projectiles in times of War between civilised nations, and that Commission, having by common agreement fixed the technical limits at which the necessities of War ought to yield to the requirements of humanity, the Undersigned are authorised by the orders of their Governments to declare as follows:

Considering that the progress of civilisation should have the effect of alleviating as much as possible the calamities of War;

That the only legitimate object which States should endeavour to accomplish during War is to weaken the Military Forces of the enemy;

That for this purpose it is sufficient to disable the greatest possible number of men;

That this object would be exceeded by the employment of arms which uselessly aggravate the sufferings of disabled men, or render their death inevitable;

That the employment of such arms would, therefore, be contrary to the laws of humanity;

The Contracting Parties engage mutually to renounce, in case of War among themselves, the employment by their Military or Naval Troops of any Projectile of a weight below 400 grammes, which is either Explosive or charged with Fulminating or Inflammable Substances.

They will invite all the States which have not taken part in

* For French Version, see "State Papers," vol. lviii, p. 16.

[Explosive Projectiles in War.]

the deliberations of the International Military Commission assembled at St. Petersburgh, by sending Delegates thereto, to accede to the present engagement.

This engagement is obligatory only upon the Contracting or Acceding Parties thereto, in case of War between two or more of themselves: it is not applicable with regard to non-Contracting Parties, or Parties who shall not have acceded to it.

It will also cease to be obligatory from the moment when, in a War between Contracting or Acceding Parties, a non-Contracting Party or a non-Acceding Party shall join one of the Belligerents.

The Contracting or Acceding Parties reserve to themselves to come hereafter to an understanding whenever a precise proposition shall be drawn up in view of future improvements which science may effect in the armament of troops, in order to maintain the principles which they have established, and to conciliate the necessities of War with the laws of humanity.

Done at St. Petersburgh, the 29th November, 1868.

For Great Britain	• • •	ANDREW BUCHANAN.		
" Austria-Hungary		VETSERA.		
"Bavaria	••	COUNT TAUFFKIRCHEN.		
", Belgium	• • •	COUNT ERREMBAULT DE		
<u> </u>		DUDZEELE.		
"Denmark	••	E. VIND.		
"France		TALLEYRAND.		
"Greece	••	S. A. METAXA.		
" Italy	••	BELLA CARACCIOLO.		
" Netherlands	••	BARON GEVERS.		
, Persia		MIRZA ASSEDULLAH		
•		KHAN.		
" Portugal	• •	RILVAS.		
, Prussia and North German				
Confederation		H. VII v. REUSS.		
,, Russia	••	GORTCHACOW.		
" Sweden and Norway	у	O. M. BJORNSTJERNA.		
"Switzerland	• • •	AD. GLINZ.		
"Turkey	• • •	CARATHEODORY.		
"Wurtemberg	• • •	C. V. ABELE.		

[Boundary. River Meuse and Luzemburg.]

No. 415.—BOUNDARY TREATY between the Netherlands and Prussia. Signed at Aix-la-Chapelle, 11th December, 1868.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 26th June, 1816.

- 1. Alterations in the Bed of the River Worms. Landmarks between the Commune of Merkstein, District of Aix-la-Chapelle, and the Commune of Kerkrade, Duchy of Luxemburg; between the Prussian Commune of Rimburg and the Netherlands Commune of Eygelshoven; between the Prussian Commune of Rimburg and the Netherlands Commune of Uback over Worms; and between the Netherlands and Prussian Communes of Rimburg, near the Castle of the same name. Measures to be taken in future to prevent alterations in the River Worms.
- 2. Demarcation between Gangelt, Kingdom of Pruesia, and Schinoeldt, Kingdom of the Netherlands.
- 3. New line of Frontier between Gangelt and Schinceldt, in consequence of the drying up of the rivulet Rigols.
- 4. Landmarks between the Netherlands Commune of Vlodrop and the Prussian Commune of Effelt.
- 5 and 6. Extent of Lands reciprocally ceded by the Neiberlands and Prussia.
- 7. Maps of Frontiers annexed between—1, Effelt and Vlodrop; 2, between Schinveldt and Gangelt.

(Translation.)

Reference to Treaty of 26th June, 1816.

By the Boundary Treaty between His Majesty the King of the Netherlands and the King of Prussia, signed at Aix-la-Chapelle on the 26th June, 1816 (No. 56), the Frontiers of their respective States on the Right Bank of the Meuse and along the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, have been definitively fixed, and in virtue of the Stipulations of that Treaty, the Demarcation of the Frontiers has been regulated and laid down by the *Procès-Verbal* of the line of Demarcation between the Kingdoms of the Netherlands and Prussia containing the description of all the roads and sinuosities of that Limit, &c., signed at Emmerich, 23rd September, 1818.

Since that period, the external signs of the Frontiers, stipulated in Articles XXII and XXIV of the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle (No. 56), between the Landmarks 238, 239, 263-266, 268-271, and 372, 373, such as they are described in the *Procès-Verbal* of

Emmerich, have been altered and have disappeared in many places, or can only be found with great difficulty.

It was, therefore, necessary to provide for these gaps in the external signs of the Frontier by a supplement to the above-mentioned Treaty and *Procès-Verbal*.

For that purpose they have appointed Commissioners, furnished as such with Full Powers:

By His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, the Sieur Pierre Joseph Auguste Marie von der Does de Villebois, his Commissioner in the Duchy of Limburg, &c.; and the Sieur Theophile François Lemire, Engineer of Surveys in the Provinces of Gueldre and Utrecht, and in a part of those of Northern Netherlands; and

By His Majesty the King of Prussia, the Chevalier Frederic Chrétien Hubert von Kühlwetter, former Minister of State, President of the Royal Regency of Dusseldorf, &c.; and the Sieur Engene Peltzer, Inspector of Surveys and Councillor of Finances, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed to add to the above-mentioned Treaty of 26th June, 1816 (No. 56), and to the *Proces-Verbal* of 23rd September, 1818, the Declarations and Stipulations contained in the following Articles:

ARTS. I to VII. See Table.

Done at Aix-la-Chapelle, 11th December, 1868.

- (L.S.) V. D. D. VILLEBOIS.
- (L.S.) LEMIRE.
- (L.S.) VON KUHLWETTER.
- (L.S.) PELTZER.

No. 416.—DECLARATION of the Allied Powers (Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey), relative to the Obligations of Greece towards Turkey, and the restoration of Friendly Relations between those States. Paris, 20th January, 1869.*

[Inserted in Protocol No. 5 of the 20th January, 1869. See p. 1868.]

(Translation as laid before Parliament.†)

THE Plenipotentiaries of Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy, Prussia and Russia affix their Signatures to the document, which is finally settled in the following terms:

DECLARATION.

- "Justly pre-occupied with the dangers which may arise from the rupture of Relations between Turkey and Greece, the Powers, signaturies of the Treaty of 1856 (No. 264), have come to an understanding to settle the dispute which has arisen between the two States, and for this purpose have authorised their Representatives at the Court of His Majesty the Emperor of the French to meet in Conference.
- "After an attentive study of the documents exchanged between the two Governments, the Plenipotentiaries have agreed in regretting that, yielding to impulses with regard to which she may have been led astray by her patriotism, Greece should have given occasion for the grievances specified by the Ottoman Porte in the Ultimatum transmitted on the 11th December, 1868, to the Foreign Minister of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes. It is indeed unquestionable that the principles of International Law oblige Greece, like all other Nations, not to allow that Bands should be recruited on her territory, or that Vessels should be armed in her ports to attack a neighbouring State.
- "Persuaded, moreover, that the Cabinet of Athens could not misunderstand the thought which suggests this view to the 3 Courts, protectors of Greece, and to all the other Powers, signataries of the Treaty of 1856 (No. 264), the Conference declares
- * Greece proclaimed its adhesion to the above Declaration, on the 6th February, 1869.
 - † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 837.

that the Hellenic Government is bound to observe in its Relations with Turkey the rules of conduct common to all Governments, and thus to satisfy claims put forward by the Sublime Porte in respect to the past, by re-assuring her at the same time with regard to the future.

- "Greece ought, therefore, in future, to abstain from favouring or tolerating:
- "1. The formation on her Territory of any Band recruited with a view to an aggression against Turkey.
- "The Equipment in her Ports of Armed Vessels intended to succour, under any form whatever, any attempt at Insurrection in the possessions of His Majesty the Sultan.
- "With regard to the demands of the Porte relative to the repatriation of Cretans emigrated to Hellenic Territory, the Conference takes note of the Declarations made by the Cabinet of Athens, and is convinced that it will, as far as depends upon it, be ready to facilitate the departure of the Candiot families who may wish to return to their country.

"As to the private losses sustained by Ottoman subjects, the Hellenic Government, in no way contesting the right of Turkey to endeavour to obtain by legal means the compensation which may be due, and Turkey accepting on her side the jurisdiction of the Greek Tribunals, the Plenipotentiaries do not think that they ought to enter upon an examination of the facts, and are of opinion that the Cabinet of Athens ought to neglect no legal means to enable justice to be done in due course.

"The Conference cannot doubt that, in presence of the unanimous expression of the opinion of the Plenipotentiaries on the questions submitted to their examination, the Hellenic Government will hasten to conform its acts to the principles which have just been stated, and that the grievances as set forth in the ultimatum of the Porte will by the very fact be definitively removed.

"This Declaration shall be made known without delay to the Cabinet of Athens, and the Plenipotentiaries are convinced that the Sublime Porte will forego carrying out the measures announced as intended to follow upon the rupture of diplomatic relations, if, in a communication notified to the Conference, the Hellenic Government defers to the opinion expressed by it.

"The Plenipotentiaries appealing, then, to the same sentiments of conciliation and peace which animate the Courts whose Representatives they are, express the hope that the two Governments

[Greece and Turkey. Crete, &c.]

will not hesitate to renew their Relations, and thus to efface, in the common interest of their subjects, every trace of the disagreement which led to the assembling of the Conference (No. 417)."

The Turkish Plenipotentiary says that he will sign the Protocol in which the Declaration is to appear, but will abstain from signing the Document itself which is to be presented to the Cabinet of Athens. In acting thus, in conformity with the instructions which he has received, he yields to a feeling of reserve and moderation, which appears to him to coincide with the views of the Conference.

The Marquis de Lavalette announces that he proposes to transmit the Declaration to the Greek Minister for Foreign Affairs, by the Messenger who will leave Paris on Friday the 22nd January.

The French Plenipotentiary calls attention to an anxiety felt by the Ottoman Government, and which the Turkish Ambassador has mentioned to him.

Disposed to conform to the wish expressed in the Declaration, that diplomatic relations should not any longer remain interrupted between the two countries, the Porte is in doubt what steps should be taken for the renewal of relations, and thinks it necessary that the Hellenic Government should take the initiative in this respect. The French Plenipotentiary is of opinion that it would be advantageous to arrange this difficulty in order to remove beforehand everything which might delay the reconciliation which it has been their object to bring about.

As soon as Greece adheres to the Declaration, Turkey having on her side, and on this condition renounced carrying out the threatening measures indicated in the ultimatum, it might be decided that the relations of the two Cabinets should be thereby re-established.

The Conference comes to a resolution in this sense.

It is agreed at the same time that the letter addressed to the Greek Minister for Foreign Affairs, transmitting the Declaration signed to-day shall contain a statement of the wish unanimously expressed on this subject by the Plenipotentiaries.

The French Plenipotentiary asks that the terms of this despatch may be immediately settled. He reads the draft prepared by him, in conformity with the ideas exchanged at the preceding sitting. The draft is adopted after being completed in accordance with the decision just taken.

No. 416] GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRIA, &c. [20 Jan., 1869. [Greece and Turkey. Crete, &c.]

On the proposition of the Russian Plenipotentiary it is agreed that this document shall be annexed to the Protocol.

The Marquis de Lavalette observes that his intention being to send off the day after to-morrow the communication which he is charged to address to the Cabinet of Athens, it is of pressing importance to notify the different Courts; and the Plenipotentiaries of Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, Italy, Prussia, and Russia, undertake to inform their Governments, in order that the Legations in Greece may be instructed to give their support to the proceeding of the President of the Conference.

Done at Paris, the 20th January, 1869.

[Here follow the Signatures.]

[Greece gave its adhesion to this Declaration on the 6th February, 1869.]

Jan., Feb., 1869.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 417 [Greece and Turkey. Crete, &c.]

No. 417.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey, relative to the Differences between Turkey and Greece. Paris, January, February, 1869.

"State Papers," vol. lix, page

Protocol

No. 1. Assembling of Conference. Refusal of Greece to join Conferences, except on terms of equality. Greece and Turkey called upon to maintain the status quo.

Paris, 9th January, 1869 818

No. 2. Answers relative to status quo not received from Greece and Turkey. Invitation to Greece not to persist in refusal to assist at Conferences. Paris, 12th January, 1869 816 Annex. M. de Lavalette to Baron Baude.

Paris, 10th January, 1869 817

No. 3. Adhesion of Turkey to maintenance of status quo, except decision relative to closing of Ottoman Ports to Greek Vessels. Answers not received from Greece. Determination to proceed with deliberations without the assistance of Greece. Subjects for deliberation. Greek succour to an Insurgent Province of Turkey; indirect assistance given by Greece; opposition in Greece to repatriation of Candiot Families; acts of Violence on Ottoman Subjects in Hellenic Territory; and refusal of Greece to give satisfaction to the repeated complaints of Turkey. Proposal to draw up a Declaration to be addressed to Greece and signed by the Powers, agreed to.

Paris, 14th January, 1869 818

No. 4. Instructions not received by Turkish Plenipotentiary relative to proposed Declaration. Discussion of Draft of proposed Declaration to Greece. Adhesion to proposed Draft. Period to be fixed for assent of Greece.

Paris, 15th January, 1869 827

No. 5. Greek counter-demands against Twrkey. Opinion of Conference unchanged as to Declaration. Verbal alterations proposed by English and Italian Plenipotentiaries and adopted. Declaration initialled.

Paris, 16th January, 1869 832

No.417] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [Jan., Feb., 1869. [Greece and Turkey. Crete, &c.]

	. "State I vol. lix	
Protoco		, F-6
No. 6.	Territorial question raised by Greek Government. Conference declares its incompetency. Determination of Greece not to join in Conferences, except on terms of equality; but will observe status quo. Adhesion of Turkey to proposed Declaration. Ultimatum not to be	
	Paris, 20th January, 1869 Annex. Note from President of Conference to Greek Minister for Foreign Affairs calling upon Greece to adhere to Declaration	835 889
No. 7.	Adhesion of Greece to Declaration. Re-establishment of Diplomatic relations between Turkey and Greece. Security to Caudiot Families returning to Crete. Closing of	
	Conferences	841
	dont of the Conferences Athens 6th February 1990	948

[Private Property of King George of Hahover.]

No. 418.—PROTEST of King George of Hanover against the Prussian Decree relating to his Private Property. Vienna, 30th March, 1869.

(Translation.)

Your Majesty, on the Mediation of the Government of Her Majesty the Queen of England, entered into negotiations with me at the commencement of the year 1867, with the object of concluding an Agreement respecting the Property of my House.

Before I consented to this proposal of the English Government, I made a declaration that I would only negotiate respecting the Property of my House, not respecting my Political Right.

Notwithstanding this, however, your Majesty propounded a project which required at its outset an acknowledgment of the Incorporation of my Kingdom with Prussia.

This proposal I declined, and your Majesty thereupon withdrew the demand for the Renunciation of my Crown.

The Ultimatum of your Majesty in the matter of the Property then followed in the beginning of September, 1867.

I accepted the same.

But after the acceptance on my part your Majesty receded from the Ultimatum, and proposed new conditions to me under the pretext of securing the Family Entail of the Joint Houses of Brunswick-Lüneburg.

I consented also to these new conditions, so far that the Agreement was concluded on the 29th September, 1867.

The Agreement is concluded between your Majesty and myself. Neither in the Agreement itself, nor in the preliminary negotiations, is there any word or intimation that the Agreement is dependent on the consent of others. Only from your Majesty and from the Prussian Crown have I to require and demand that your Majesty will be just to the signature of your Name under the Agreement.

I, upon my side, immediately fulfilled this Property Agreement of the 29th September, 1867. Securities to the amount of nearly 19,000,000 thalers, which, on the invasion of my Kingdom by

1

[Private Property of King George of Hanover.]

your Majesty's troops, I saved by sending them to England, I got back and had them delivered over to your Majesty's Agent in November, 1867.

Your Majesty, on the other hand, has not fulfilled the Agreement hitherto, but taken another course.

Your Majesty first, at the commencement of the year 1868, laid the Agreement, concluded without reservation between your Majesty and myself, before the Prussian Landtag.

Your Majesty then yourself declared to the Landtag that your Majesty was not bound to obtain its consent to the Agreement. In spite of this your Majesty sought this assent, and received the same, with a condition very difficult for your Majesty to execute.

The acceptance or refusal of the Agreement by the Prussian Landtag is a matter which as regards me does not alter your Majesty's engagements arising from the Agreement.

Your Majesty then, after the Chambers had but just given their consent to the Agreement respecting the Property, without any alteration, at the same time with the publication of this assent, which, I repeat it, left your obligations toward me intact, issued an Ordinance on the $\frac{2nd}{3rd}$ March, 1868, which laid an embargo on the whole Property of my House.

I entered a Protest against this Ordinance through my Agents in Hanover, but I am not aware if it came to your Majesty's knowledge.

This Ordinance against me rests upon accusations which, even if well founded, could not be brought to bear against me, because the Property Agreement of the 29th September, 1867, places no conditions upon me to which I have acted contrary by the deeds of which I am accused.

But even these accusations are without foundation, and untrue. The Hanoverians who have withdrawn themselves from the Prussian Military Service have done so without my knowledge and without my influence. They first sought shelter in Holland, and afterwards in Switzerland. In both Countries Prussian influence was able to make their residence there impossible. They then went to France, whose hospitable territory gave them the same Protection as to other Political Refugees. These Refugees the Councillors of your Majesty have designated as a "Legion." It is, however, impossible to form in time of peace, on the

[Private Property of King George of Hanover.]

territory of another Power, a "Legion" with hostile intentions against a third Power. The Advisers of your Majesty have even spoken with regard to this supposed "Legion" of the rights of defence in case of peril. But how can a number of 700 to 800 unarmed Refugees endanger the safety of a State like Prussia?

It is only so far correct that I have not left these Political Refugees helpless.

The other accusation spoke of invitations on my part to hostilities against the Prussian State. This accusation referred to a speech in which I had spoken of my trust in God and my right, at an entertainment of my family in the circle of my own people and my invited guests. This no one can or shall prevent, and as that was not the first time that I had done so, so also it will not be the last.

The facts upon which the Advisers of your Majesty in the Report of the 2nd March, 1868, found their accusations against me were partly known to your Majesty before the 26th September, 1867. This knowledge did not then prevent your Majesty from concluding the Property Agreement unconditionally and perfecting it by your Ratification. They were partly known to your Majesty before the assent of the Prussian Landtag was given. This information did not deter your Majesty from asking the assent of your Landtag to the Agreement, which assent, I repeat, according to the declaration of your own Advisers, was unnecessary, as far as your Majesty was concerned, and of no account whatever as regards myself.

Nevertheless the Ordinance of the 2nd March, 1868, did not bar the way for your Majesty's recurring according to your own judgment to the fulfilment of the Agreement, which has been fulfilled on my part just as I signed it.

But your Majesty then went further.

Your Majesty has, notwithstanding that your Majesty was not at all bound by the decisions of the Prussian Landtag in the matter of this Agreement, by virtue of a resolution of the same Landtag on the Ordinance of 2nd March, 1868, not only actually closed this way, but your Majesty also wished to have it closed to you.

For the first Adviser of your Majesty spoke to the same effect as those who sought to make the raising of the embargo on my Property dependent on the decree of the Prussian Landtag. But Count Bismarck has for that purpose again appealed to the earlier Accusations, which, I repeat it, even if they were true,

[Private Property of King George of Hanover.]

could not be brought into relation with the Property Treaty. He has added fresh untrue accusations, viz., the Anti-Prussian Committee in Heitzing, consisting of 3 or 4 members, and the Committee for Enlisting Poles in Switzerland. Such a Committee has never existed, and just as little has any attempt for such Enlistment taken place.

Count Bismarck has not confined himself to bringing forward these untrue accusations. He has sought to increase their effect by affronts which have provoked the just indignation of Europe.

I will assume that your Majesty has not approved these proceedings of the Premier. But I must express my sorrow that such a disapprobation has not come to my knowledge.

Your Majesty has sanctioned this Bill of the Landtag on the seizure of my Property.

Your Majesty has thereby rendered difficult for yourself the way on which the return to the fulfilment of the engagements undertaken by your Majesty was still possible. For your Majesty has made the fulfilment of the engagements entered into by yourself without any condition, dependent on the will of others.

I therefore now raise a personal solemn Protest with your Majesty yourself, and against the Ordinance of your Majesty of 2nd March, 1868, on the seizure of my Property, as well as against the Law of 15th February, 1869, which makes the repeal of the Ordinance dependent on the consent of the Prussian Landtag.

I concluded the Agreement of 29th September, 1867, respecting the Property with your Majesty alone, with the Prussian Crown, on both sides without any other condition or proviso than is contained in the Agreement itself. From your Majesty only, from the Prussian Crown, do I require and demand the fulfilment of that Agreement, as I have fulfilled it.

I remain,
Your Majesty's faithful Brother and Cousin,
GEORGE REX.

Heitzing, near Vienna, 30th March, 1869.

[Federal Fortresses.]

No. 419.—PROTOCOL OF CONFERENCE between the Representatives of Baden, Bavaria, Hesse-Darmstadt, Prussia, and Wurtemberg, relative to the Joint Moveable Property in the late German Federal Fortresses of Mayence, Ulm, Rastadt, and Landau. Munich, 6th July, 1869.

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Joint material of the late Federal Fortresses of Mentz, Ulm, Rastadt, and Landau to remain the joint property of all the States represented at the present Conference.
- 2. Joint material of the Fortresses of Ulm, Rastadt, and Landau, to be managed by the respective Territorial Governments; that of Mayence by the North German Confederation.
- 3. Maintenance of Material in quantity and quality.
- 4. Yearly Inspection of Fortresses.
- 5. Special Inspection Commission for the Fortresses of Ulm, Rastadt, and Landau; and for the Fortress of Mayence.
- 6. Objects of the Inspection.
- 7. Right of Grand Ducal Hesse Government to send a Commissioner to the Inspections.
- 8. Meeting of Officers after Inspection to discuss Military matters. Inspection Commission to issue special discharge respecting Management and safe custody of the Joint Material in the separate Fortresses. Future Treatment of the Joint Material of Fortresses.
- 9. South German Fortress Commission to communicate to Prussian Military Plenipotentiary result of their transactions.
- 10. Preservation of Defensive System between North and South Germany.

No. 420] AUSTRIA & NORTH GERMAN CONFED. [22 June, 1870. [Abolition of the Elbe Duties.]

No. 420.—TREATY between Austria and the North German Confederation, for the Abolition of the Elbe Dues. Signed at Vienna, 22nd June, 1870.

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Exceptional Tolls to be levied on the Elbe.
- 2. Conventions of 4th April, 1863, annulled, and Dues abolished.
- 3. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, &c., King of Bohemia, &c., and Apostolic King of Hungary, &c., on the one side, and His Majesty the King of Prussia, in the name of the North German Confederation, on the other side, led by a desire to promote the Navigation of the Elbe, by abolishing the Elbe Dues existing on the same, have entered into negotiations and have appointed Plenipotentiaries for this purpose;

His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty, the Chancellor of the Empire and Minister of the Imperial House and for Foreign Affairs, Frederick Ferdinand, Count Beust;

His Majesty the King of Prussia, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty, &c., Hans Lothar v. Schweinitz;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers found to be in good and due form, have concluded the following Agreement:

Exceptional Tolls to be Levied on the Elbe.

ART. I. On and after 1st July, 1870, Tolls shall be levied on the Elbe upon Ships and their Cargoes, and upon Rafts only for use of certain special appliances designed for the facilitation of Traffic.

Conventions of 4th April, 1863, annulled and Dues abolished.

ART. II. The Conventions of the 4th April, 1863, between Prussia, Austria, Saxony, Hanover, Denmark, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Anhalt-Dessau-Köthen, Anhalt-Bernburg, Lubeck, and Hamburgh, respecting a readjustment of the Elbe Dues, the regulations imposed by existing Treaties and Compacts, affecting the

22 June, 1870.] AUSTRIA & NORTH GERMAN CONFED. [No. 420 [Abolition of the Elbe Duties.]

Navigation of the Elbe, which were suspended in virtue of Art. XIV of that Convention, and the Compact of the 4th of April, 1863, between Prussia, Austria, Saxony, Anhalt-Dessau-Köthen, Anhalt-Bernburg and Hamburgh, concerning the administration and imposition at Wittenberg of the Elbe Dues held in common, will cease to have force on and after 1st July, 1870.

Ratifications.

ART. III. The present Agreement shall be ratified and the Ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at Vienna within 10 days.

Vienna, 22nd June, 1870.

(L.S.) BEUST, m.p. (L.S.) v. SCHWEINITZ, m.p.

• Ratifications exchanged at Vienna, 26th June, 1870.

[Neutrality of Luxemburg.]

No. 421.—DECLARATIONS made by France and Prussia to respect the Neutrality of Luxemburg. 17th July, 1870.

Lord A. Loftus to Earl Granville.

My Lord,

Berlin, 17th July, 1870.

BARON THILE informed me to-day that he had received a telegram from M. Föhr, the Representative of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg at this Court, stating that the French Government had officially notified their intention to respect the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy, provided that it was likewise respected by Prussia.

His Excellency, by order of Count Bismarck, immediately replied that the North German Government would also respect the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy as long as it was respected by France.*

I have, &c.,

AUGUSTUS LOFTUS.

See also Prussian Circular, of 3rd December, 1870, and Note, page 1903.

[Neutrality. War. France and Prussia.]

No. 422.—NOTE of the Swiss Government to Foreign Powers, declaring its Neutrality in the War between France and Prussia. Berne, 18th July, 1870.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Berne, 18th July, 1870.

The Treaties of 1815 Guarantee to Switzerland her perpetual Neutrality and the Inviolability of her Territory (No. 43). They also Guarantee the same Neutrality to certain Countries which formerly formed an integral part of the Kingdom of Sardinia (No. 40), but at present are in the possession of France in consequence of the Treaty of Turin of 24th March, 1860 (No. 313).

The hope having vanished of a pacific solution of the quarrel which has taken place between France and Prussia with respect to the Spanish Throne, and these two States having appealed to Arms, the Swiss Confederation has considered it their duty to explain at once and with the greatest freedom the position they intend taking to provide for certain eventualities.

The Federal Council declares, consequently, by virtue of a special power unanimously conferred by the Federal Assembly, that Switzerland will maintain and defend, during the War which is preparing, her Neutrality and the Integrity of her Territory by all the means in her power. She will loyally maintain towards all this position, which is dictated to her by European Treaties, and which agrees as well with her present condition as with her own requirements; but if, contrary to every expectation, violence was offered to that Neutrality, she would energetically repulse every aggression, convinced as she would be of the justice of her With reference to the parts of Savoy which, according cause. to the terms of the Declaration of the Great Powers of 29th March 1815 (No. 10), of the Final Act of Vienna, 9th June, 1815 (No. 27), of the Treaty of Paris, 20th November, 1815 (No. 40), Article III, and of the Act recognising and guaranteeing Swiss Neutrality, bearing the same date (No. 43), are to enjoy a Neutrality similar to that of Switzerland, an arrangement which France and Sardinia have confirmed by Article II of the Treaty of Turin, cited above, of the 24th March, 1860 (No. 313), the

[Neutrality. War. France and Prussia.]

Federal Council thinks fit to recall to mind that Switzerland has the right to occupy that Territory.

The Federal Council would employ that right if circumstances seemed to require its exercise for the defence of Swiss Neutrality and of the Integrity of the Territory of the Confederation; in every case it will scrupulously respect the restrictions which Treaties lay on the exercise of the right in question, and will come to an arrangement to that effect with the French Imperial Government.

The Federal Council expresses the hope that these frank explanations of the position which Switzerland will take in presence of the events which are preparing will be received with goodwill, both by the Belligerent States and by the other Great Powers, which guaranteed the Treaties of Vienna; and that they will convince them that Switzerland, in the dispositions she will take, intends placing herself in the position which the existing Treaties assign her.

With this hope he takes, &c.,

In the name of the Swiss Federal Council,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE CONFEDERATION,

THE CHANCELLOR OF THE CONFEDERATION.

[On the 29th July, 1870, Mr. Bonar, Her Majesty's Minister at Berne, reported that the Duc de Gramont, in his reply to this communication, "had not rejected nor even contested the right so claimed by Switzerland, but had confined himself to declaring that, under the eventualities referred to, it would have to be made the subject of special arrangement between the two Governments."]

No. 423.—FRENCH ANNOUNCEMENT to the Prussian Government of the Causes of War with Prussia. Paris, 19th July, 1870.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Berlin, 19th July, 1870.

THE Undersigned, French Chargé d'Affaires, in pursuance of instructions received from his Government, has the honour to make to his Excellency the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Prussia the following communication:—

The Government of His Majesty the Emperor of the French, being unable to consider the proposal to raise a Prussian Prince to the Throne of Spain* otherwise than as an attempt against the Territorial security of France, was compelled to ask the King of Prussia for an assurance that such an arrangement could not be carried out with his consent.

His Majesty the King of Prussia having refused to give this assurance, and having, on the contrary, given the Ambassador of His Majesty the Emperor of the French to understand that he intended to reserve for this eventuality, and for every other, the power of acting according to circumstances, the Imperial Government could not but see in the King's declaration a reservation threatening to France and to the general Balance of Power in Europe. This Declaration was further aggravated by the notification made to the Cabinets of the refusal to receive the Emperor's Ambassador and to enter into any new explanation with him.

The Government of His Imperial Majesty has consequently thought itself obliged to provide immediately for the defence of its honour and its compromised interests; and being resolved to take for this purpose all the measures enjoined by the position in which it has been placed, considers itself from henceforth in a state of War with Prussia.

The Undersigned, &c.

LE SOURD.

Count Bismarck.

* Prince Leopold of Hohensollern-Sigmaringen.

[War. Prussia and France.]

No. 424.—SPEECH of the King of Prussia at the Opening of the North German Reichstag. War with France. Berlin, 19th July, 1870.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Honourable Gentlemen of the Reichstag of the North German Confederation!

On welcoming you, in the name of the Confederate Governments* on your last assembling in this place, I was in a position to declare, with joyful thankfulness, that my sincere efforts to meet the wishes of the people and the requirements of civilisation by preventing any breach of the Peace, had, by God's help, not been unsuccessful.

If, notwithstanding this, the menace and danger of War have imposed on the Confederate Governments the duty of summoning you to an Extraordinary Session, you as well as ourselves will have the lively convictions that the North German Confederation were endeavouring to develop the National Strength of the German people not to endanger but to become a strong support of the general Peace; and that if we call upon these popular energies now to defend our independence, we are only following the dictates of honour and duty.

The candidature of a German Prince to the Spanish Throne,† whose proposal and withdrawal of whom the Confederation Governments were equally strangers, and was only so far of interest to the North German Confederation, that the Government of that friendly nation seemed to build upon it the hope of finding therein the guarantee for the orderly and peaceful Government of a Country which had undergone many trials, has afforded a pretext to the Government of the Emperor of the French to put forward the casus belli in a manner long unknown in diplomatic intercourse, and in spite of the removal of this pretext, to adhere to it with that disregard of the rights of the people to the blessings of Peace, of which history furnishes analogous examples in the case of former Rulers of France.

If Germany in past centuries has silently borne with such outrages upon her rights and honour, she did so because in her

^{*} See note p. 1885. † Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen.
1881

[War. Prussia and France.]

disunion she knew not how strong she was. To-day, when the bands of intellectual and just unity, which the Wars of freedom began to draw together, binds the German Races indeed closer, and therefore more intimately: to-day, when the Armaments of Germany no longer leave an opening to the Enemy, Germany possesses in herself the will and the power to repulse renewed acts of French violence.

This language is dictated by no boasting spirit, the Confederate Governments and myself act in the full assurance that victory and defeat rest with the Ruler of Battles. We have weighed with a steadfast gaze the responsibility which awaits, before the Judgment Seat of God and of man, him who forces two great and Peace-loving peoples in the heart of Europe into a devastating War. The German, as well as the French people, both of them equally enjoying and desiring the blessings of Christian civilisation and increasing prosperity, should be destined to a more holy contest than the bloody one of arms. Yet the Governing Power of France have known how to work on the well-balanced but susceptible feelings of our great neighbouring people by calculated misrepresentation for Personal Interests and Passions.

The more Confederated Governments have felt that they have done all which honour and dignity permit to maintain for Europe the blessings of Peace; and the clearer it appears to all eyes that the Sword has been forced into our hand, with greater confidence we turn, supported by the unanimous will of the German Government of the South, as well as of the North, to the love of the Fatherland and willingness for sacrifice of the German people to the summons to protect her Honour and Independence.

We will, after the examples of our Father, do battle for our Freedom and our Right against the violence of a Foreign Conqueror; and in this struggle, in which we have no good but the attainment of lasting Peace for Europe, God will be with us as He was with our Fathers.

[The British Government proclaimed its Neutrality in this War on the 19th July, 1870. See also note p. 1883.]

No. 425.—DECLARATION made to the French Senate and to the Corps Législatif, announcing the existence of a State of War between France and Prussia. Paris, 20th July, 1870.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Messieurs,—The statement made to you at the sitting of the 15th* has made known to the Senate and the Corps Législatif the just causes of the War against Prussia.

According to usage and by order of the Emperor, I have invited the Chargé d'Affaires of France to notify to the Cabinet of Berlin our resolution to seek by Arms the guarantees we have failed in obtaining by discussion. This step has been taken, and I have the honour to announce to the Senate and the Corps Législatif that in consequence a state of War exists from the 19th July between France and Prussia. This Declaration applies equally to the Allies of Prussia who may afford her armed assistance against us.

[The Neutral European Powers (Great Britain, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Italy, Russia, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey) agreed among themselves that they would not depart from their Neutrality during the War without having previously communicated their ideas to each other.]

* Speech delivered by the Duc de Gramont to the Senate, and by M. Ollivier to the Corps Législatif, respecting the differences with Prussia.

No. 426.—PROCLAMATION of the Emperor to the French People, relative to the War with Prussia. Paris, 22nd July, 1870.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Frenchmen,

THERE are solemn moments in the life of peoples, when the national sense of honour, violently excited, imposes itself with irresistible force, dominates all interests, and alone takes in hand the direction of the destinies of the country. One of these decisive hours has sounded for France.

Prussia, towards whom both during and since the War of 1866 we have shown the most conciliatory disposition, has taken no account of our good wishes and our enduring forbearance. Launched on the path of invasion, she has provoked mistrust everywhere, necessitated exaggerated armaments, and has turned Europe into a camp, where reigns nothing but uncertainty and fear of the morrow.

A last incident has come to show the instability of international relations, and to prove the gravity of the situation. In presence of the new pretensions of Prussia we made known our protests. They were evaded, and were followed on the part of Prussia by contemptuous acts. Our country resented this treatment with profound irritation, and immediately a cry for War resounded from one end of France to the other. It only remains to us to leave our destinies to the decision of arms.

We do not make War on Germany, whose independence we respect. We wish that the peoples who compose the great German nationality may freely dispose of their destinies.

For ourselves, we demand the establishment of a state of affairs which shall guarantee our security and assure our future. We wish to conquer a lasting Peace, based on the true interests of peoples, and to put an end to that precarious state in which all nations employ their resources to arm themselves one against the other.

The glorious Flag which we once more unfurl before those who have provoked us is the same which bore throughout Europe

the civilising ideas of our great Revolution. It represents the same principles and will inspire the same devotion.

Frenchmen,

I am about to place myself at the head of that valiant Army which is animated by love of duty and of Country. It knows its own worth, since it has seen how victory has accompanied its march in the four quarters of the world.

I take with me my Son, despite his youth. He knows what are the duties which his name imposes upon him, and he is proud to bear his share in the dangers of those who fight for their Country.

May God bless our efforts! A great people which defends a just cause is invincible.

NAPOLEON.

[The Allies of Prussia in this War were Baden, Bavaria, and Wurtemberg. See Note, page 1828.]

No. 427.— TREATY between Great Britain and Prussia, relative to the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium. Signed at London, 9th August, 1870.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaties of 19th April, 1839.

- 1. Co-operation of Great Britain with Prussia in case of violation of Neutrality of Belgium by France. Great Britain not engaged to take part in War between North German Confederation and France, except as regards violation of Belgian Neutrality.
- 2. Co-operation of Prussia with Great Britain in case of violation of Neutrality of Belgium by France.
- 3. Treaty to be binding until conclusion of a Treaty of Peace between France and Prussia.
- 4. Ratifications.

(English Version.)

Reference to Treaties of 19th April, 1839.

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of Prussia, being desirous at the present time of recording in a solemn Act their fixed determination to maintain the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium, as provided in Article VII of the Treaty signed at London on the 19th April, 1839 (No. 184), between Belgium and the Netherlands, which Article was declared by the Quintuple Treaty of 1839 (No. 183) to be considered as having the same force and value as if textually inserted in the said Quintuple Treaty, their said Majesties have determined to conclude between themselves a separate Treaty, which, without impairing or invalidating the conditions of the said Quintuple Treaty, shall be subsidiary and accessory to it; and they have accordingly named as their Plenipotentiaries for that purpose, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Granville George Earl Granville, Lord Leveson, Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c.;

And His Majesty the King of Prussia, his Excellency the Minister of State, Albert Count of Bernstorff-Stintenburg, Ambas-

* See also Treaty between Great Britain and France of 11th August, 1870.

sador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty from His said Majesty for the North German Confederation, &c.;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

Co-operation of Great Britain with Prussia in case of violation of Neutrality of Belgium by France.

ART. I. His Majesty the King of Prussia having declared that notwithstanding the Hostilities in which the North German Confederation is engaged with France, it is his fixed determination to respect the Neutrality of Belgium, so long as the same shall be respected by France, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland on her part declares that, if during the said Hostilities the Armies of France should violate that Neutrality, she will be prepared to co-operate with His Prussian Majesty for the defence of the same in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon, employing for that purpose her Naval and Military Forces to insure its observance, and to maintain, in conjunction with His Prussian Majesty, then and thereafter, the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium.

Great Britain not engaged to take part in War between North German Confederation and France, except as regards Violation of Belgian Neutrality.

It is clearly understood that Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland does not engage herself by this Treaty to take part in any of the general operations of the War now carried on between the North German Confederation and France, beyond the Limits of Belgium, as defined in the Treaty between Belgium and the Netherlands of 19th April, 1839 (No. 184).

Co-operation of Prussia with Great Britain in case of Violation of Neutrality of Belgium by France.

ART. II. His Majesty the King of Prussia agrees on his part, in the event provided for in the foregoing Article, to co-operate with Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, employing his Naval and Military Forces for the purpose aforesaid; and, the case arising, to concert with Her

Majesty the measures which shall be taken, separately or in common, to secure the Neutrality and Independence of Belgium.

Treaty to be binding until conclusion of a Treaty of Peace between France and Prussia.

ART. III. This Treaty shall be binding on the High Contracting Parties during the continuance of the present War between the North German Confederation and France, and for 12 months after the Ratification of any Treaty of Peace* concluded between those Parties; and on the expiration of that time the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium will, so far as the High Contracting Parties are respectively concerned, continue to rest as heretofore on Article I of the Quintuple Treaty of the 19th April, 1839 (No. 183).

Ratifications.

ART. IV. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at London, the 9th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, 1870.

- (L.S.) GRANVILLE. (L.S.) BERNSTORFF.
- A Preliminary Treaty of Peace was concluded and signed at Versailles on the 26th February, 1871, and on the 16th March a further Convention was concluded for ensuring the execution of the Preliminaries of Peace, and the Ratifications of the latter Convention were exchanged at Rouen on the 1st April, 1871. The Definitive Treaty of Peace was concluded on the 10th May, 1871, and the Ratifications were exchanged on the 20th May following.
 - † Ratifications exchanged at London, 26th August, 1870.

No. 428.—TREATY between Great Britain and France, relative to the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium. Signed at London, 11th August, 1870.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaties of 19th April, 1839.

- 1. Co-operation of Great Britain with France in case of violation of Neutrality of Belgium by Prussia. Great Britain not engaged to take part in War between France and North German Confederation, except as regards violation of Belgian Neutrality.
- 2. Co-operation of France with Great Britain in case of violation of Neutrality of Belgium by Prussia.
- 3. Treaty to be binding until conclusion of a Trenty of Peace between France and Prussia.
- 4. Ratifications.

(English Version.)

Reference to Treaties of 19th April, 1839.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the Emperor of the French, being desirous at the present time of recording in a solemn Act their fixed determination to maintain the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium, as provided by Article VII of the Treaty signed at London on the 19th April, 1839 (No. 184), between Belgium and the Netherlands, which Article was declared by the Quintuple Treaty of 1839 (No. 183) to be considered as having the same force and value as if textually inserted in the said Quintuple Treaty, their said Majesties have determined to conclude between themselves a Separate Treaty, which, without impairing or invalidating the conditions of the said Quintuple Treaty, shall be subsidiary and accessory to it; and they have accordingly named as their Plenipotentiaries for that purpose, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Granville George Earl Granville, Lord Leveson, Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c.;

And His Majesty the Emperor of the French, his Excellency

* See also Treaty between Great Britain and Prussia of 9th August, 1870. 1889

the Marquis de La Valette, his Ambassador to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

Co-operation of Great Britain with France in case of Violation of Neutrality of Belgium by Prussia.

ART. I. His Majesty the Emperor of the French having declared that, notwithstanding the Hostilities in which France is now engaged with the North German Confederation and its Allies, it is his fixed determination to respect the Neutrality of Belgium, so long as the same shall be respected by the North German Confederation and its Allies, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland on her part declares that, if during the said Hostilities the Armies of the North German Confederation and its Allies should violate that Neutrality, she will be prepared to co-operate with His Imperial Majesty for the defence of the same in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon, employing for that purpose her Naval and Military Forces to insure its observance, and to maintain, in conjunction with His Imperial Majesty, then and thereafter, the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium.

Great Britain not engaged to take part in War between France and North German Confederation, except as regards Violation of Belgian Neutrality.

It is clearly understood that Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland does not engage herself by this Treaty to take part in any of the general operations of the War now carried on between France and the North German Confederation and its Allies, beyond the Limits of Belgium as defined in the Treaty between Belgium and the Netherlands of 19th April, 1839 (No. 184).

Co-operation of France with Great Britain in case of Violation of Neutrality of Belgium by Prussia.

ART. II. His Majesty the Emperor of the French agrees on his part, in the event provided for in the foregoing Article, to co-

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE. [11 Aug., 1870. [Neutrality of Belgium.]

operate with Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, employing his Naval and Military Forces for the purpose aforesaid; and, the case arising, to concert with Her Majesty the measures which shall be taken, separately or in common, to secure the Neutrality and Independence of Belgium.

Treaty to be Binding until conclusion of a Treaty of Peace between France and Prussia.

ART. III. This Treaty shall be binding on the High Contracting Parties during the continuance of the present War between France and the North German Confederation and its Allies, and for 12 months after the Ratification of any Treaty of Peace* concluded between those Parties; and on the expiration of that time the Independence and Neutrality of Belgium will, so far as the High Contracting Parties are respectively concerned, continue to rest, as heretofore, on Article I of the Quintuple Treaty of the 19th April, 1839 (No. 183).

Ratifications.

ART. IV. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at London, the 11th of August, 1870.

- (L.S.) GRANVILLE. (L.S.) LA VALETTE.
- * A Preliminary Treaty of Peace was concluded and signed at Versailles on the 26th February, 1871, and on the 16th of March a further Convention was concluded for ensuring the execution of the Preliminaries of Peace, and the Ratifications of the latter Convention were exchanged at Rouen on the 1st April, 1871. The Definitive Treaty of Peace was concluded on the 10th May, 1871, and the Ratifications were exchanged on the 20th May following.
 - † Ratifications exchanged at London, 26th August, 1870.

[Black Sea.]

No. 429.—RUSSIAN NOTE denouncing the Stipulations of the General Treaty of 30th March, 1856, and the Separate Convention with Turkey of the same date, relative to the Limitation of their Naval Forces in the Black Sea. 31st October, 1870.*

Prince Gortchakoff to Baron Brunnow. (Communicated to Earl Granville by Baron Brunnow, 9th November, 1870.)

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

M. le Baron,

Tzarskoé Sélo, ^{19th} October, 1870.

THE successive alterations which the transactions considered as the foundation of the European Balance of Power have undergone during late years, have rendered it necessary for the Imperial Cabinet to inquire how far their results affect the political position of Russia.

Among these transactions, that which interests Russia most directly is the Treaty of 18th March, 1856 (No. 264).

The special Convention between the two States bordering on the Black Sea, which forms an Appendix to this Treaty (No. 266), contains an engagement on the part of Russia to limit her Naval Forces to a minimum.

In return this Treaty established the principle of the Neutralisation of that Sea.

By laying down this principle the signatory Powers intended to remove any possibility of a conflict between the Powers bordering on the Black Sea, or between them and the Maritime Powers. It was intended to increase the number of the Territories which have been accorded the benefit of Neutrality by the unanimous consent of Europe, and thus protect Russia herself from all danger of attack.

A 15 years' experience has proved that this principle, on which the safety of the whole extent of the Russian Frontiers in this direction exclusively depends, is no more than a theory.

In reality, while Russia was disarming in the Black Sea, and, by a Declaration contained in the Protocols of the Conference, likewise loyally deprived herself of the possibility of taking measures for an effectual Maritime Defence in the adjoining Seas and Ports, Turkey preserved her privilege of maintaining unlimited Naval Forces in the Archipelago and the Straits; France and

* A similar Note was addressed to the other Powers Parties to the Treaty of Paris of 30th March, 1856. See also further Note. of 1st November, 1870, and Declaration, of 17th January, 1871.

[Black Sea.]

England preserved their power of concentrating their squadrons in the Mediterranean.

Again, under the Treaty in question, the entry of the Black Sea formally and in perpetuity interdicted to the Flag of War either of the Powers possessing its Coasts or of any other Power; but the so-called Straits Treaty closes the Straits only in time of Peace to men-of-war. Owing to this contradiction, the shores of the Russian Empire are exposed to attack even from less powerful States whenever they have Naval Forces at their disposal, while all that Russia could oppose to them would be some ships of small size.

The Treaty of 18th March, 1856 (No. 264), has, moreover, not escaped the modifications to which most European transactions have been exposed, and in the face of which it would be difficult to maintain that the written Law, founded upon the respect for Treaties as the basis of Public Right and regulating the relations between States, retains the moral validity which it may have possessed at other times.

We have witnessed the Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, whose position had, under the guarantee of the Great Powers, been defined in the Treaty of Peace and the subsequent Protocols, accomplish a series of revolutions which are equally at variance with the letter and spirit of these transactions, and which first led to the Union, and subsequently to the election of a Foreign Prince (Nos. 286, 300, 334, 363, 364, 375, 399, 404). These facts have obtained the sanction of the Porte and the consent of the Great Powers,—or, at any rate, the latter have not thought it necessary to enforce their decisions.

The Representative of Russia was the only one who raised his voice to remind the Cabinets that by this tolerance they would be departing from the distinct stipulations of the Treaty.*

No doubt, if these concessions to one of the Christian Nationalities of the East had proceeded from a general agreement between the Cabinets and the Porte, and if they had been based upon a principle alike applicable to all the Christian populations of Turkey, they would have been applauded by the Imperial Cabinet; but they were exclusive.

The Imperial Cabinet, therefore, could not but be surprised at seeing the Treaty of 18th March, 1856 (No. 264), violated with impunity in one of its most essential clauses, but a few years after

* On the 2nd May, 1866, the Plenipotentiaries assembled in Conference at Paris addressed a Declaration to the Provisional Government at Bucharest informing them that they could only elect a native as their Prince.

[Black Sea.]

its conclusion, and this in face of the Great Powers assembled in Conference at Paris, and representing together the high collective authority on which rested the Peace of the East.

But this infraction was not the only one. Repeatedly, and under various pretexts, Foreign Men-of-War have been suffered to enter the Straits, and whole Squadrons, whose presence was an infraction of the character of absolute Neutrality attributed to those waters, admitted to the Black Sea.

While the pledges offered by the Treaty, and more especially the Guarantees for the effective Neutralisation of the Black Sea, were thus being weakened, the introduction of ironclad vessels, unknown and unforeseen at the conclusion of the Treaty of 1856, increased the danger for Russia in the event of War, by adding considerably to the already patent inequality of the respective Naval Forces.

Under these circumstances, His Majesty could not but ask himself what are the Rights and Duties accruing to Russia from these modifications of the general situation and the departures from the engagements which, although conceived in a spirit of distrust towards herself, she has invariably and scrupulously observed.

After maturely considering this question, His Imperial Majesty has arrived at the following conclusions, which you are instructed to bring to the knowledge of the Government to which you are accredited:—

Our illustrious Master cannot admit, de jure, that Treaties, violated in several of their essential and general clauses, should remain binding in other clauses directly affecting the interests of his Empire.†

His Imperial Majesty cannot admit, de facto, that the security of Russia should depend on a fiction which has not stood the test of time, and should be imperilled by her respect for engagements which have not been observed in their integrity.

Confiding in the feelings of justice of the Powers who have signed the Treaty of 1856, as well as in their consciousness of their own dignity, the Emperor commands you to declare that His Imperial Majesty cannot any longer hold himself bound by the stipulations of the Treaty of \$\frac{1}{30}\$th March, 1856 (No. 264), as far as they restrict his Sovereign Rights in the Black Sea;

That His Imperial Majesty deems himself both entitled and

[•] See Note, next page.

[†] See Declaration of 17th January, 1871, and Note, page 1899.

obliged to denounce to His Majesty the Sultan the Special and Additional Convention (No. 266) appended to the said Treaty, which fixes the number and size of the Vessels of War which the two Powers bordering on the Black Sea shall keep in that Sea;

That His Majesty loyally informs of this the Powers who have signed and guaranteed the General Treaty, of which the Convention in question forms an integral part;

That His Majesty restores to the Sultan the full exercise of his rights in this respect, resuming the same for himself;

In acquitting yourself of this duty, you will take care to point out that our illustrious Master has only the safety and dignity of his Empire in view. His Imperial Majesty has no wish to revive the Eastern Question. On this point, as on all others, he has no wish but the preservation and consolidation of Peace. He fully adheres to his consent to the general principles of the Treaty of 1856, which have fixed the position of Turkey in the European system (No. 264). He is ready to enter into an understanding with the Powers who have signed that transaction, for the purpose either of confirming its general stipulations, or of renewing them, or of replacing them by some other equitable arrangement, which may be considered as calculated to secure the tranquility of the East, and the Balance of Power in Europe.

His Imperial Majesty is convinced that that Peace and that Balance of Power will receive a fresh Guarantee if they are based upon a more just and solid foundation than one resulting from a state of things which no Great Power can accept as a normal condition of its existence.

You are requested to read this despatch to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and leave him a copy.

I avail, &c., GORTCHAKOFF.

[In 1871 a Return was laid before Parliament showing the number of Foreign Ships of War (except light Vessels to be stationed at the mouths of the Danube, Russian and Turkish Vessels intended to form the Black Sea Fleets, and Vessels for Service of Foreign Legations, sanctioued by Treaty) which had been allowed to pass through the Dardanelles and Bosphorus since the conclusion of the Treaty of Peace with Russia on the 30th March, 1856, from which it appeared that in 1862, 1 British; in 1866, 1 American; in 1868, 2 American, 2 Austrian, 1 French, and 1 Russian; and in 1869, 1 Prussian Ship of War had been allowed to pass through the Straits.

It also appeared that in 7 other instances, questions had arisen with regard to the passage of Foreign Ships of War through the Straits, but that in no case had a violation of Treaty been shown to have taken place.]

No. 430.—FURTHER RUSSIAN NOTE denouncing the Stipulations of the General Treaty of 30th March, 1856, and the Separate Convention with Turkey of the same date, relative to the Limitation of their Naval Forces in the Black Sea. 1st November, 1870.*

Prince Gortchakoff to Baron Brunnow.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

M. le Baron,

Tzarskoć Sélo, 20th October, 1870.

In making the communication to the Principal Secretary of State of Her Britannic Majesty, according to the orders of His Majesty the Emperor, you will take care to make its sense and bearing well understood.

When, at the commencement of 1866, there was a question of Conferences between the 3 Powers, with a view to prevent the War then imminent in Germany by the Assembly of a Congress (No. 377), in discussing the bases of such Conferences with Earl Russell, you had the opportunity of pointing out to him the compensations and the guarantees of security which the occurrence of certain eventualities calculated to modify the status quo existing in the East would necessitate for Russia.

Lord Russell admitted this with perfect equity. He in no way disputed that any alteration made in the text and the spirit of the Treaty of 1856 (No. 264), must lead to the revision of that Act.

Although those eventualities have not occurred, Lord Granville will not contest the fact that at the present time this Treaty has undergone serious modifications in one of its essential parts.

That which must impress Russia in respect of these modifications is not the appearance of factitious hostility towards her by which they are characterised, nor is it the consequences which may ensue to a Great Country from the creation upon its Frontiers of a small quasi Independent State; it is chiefly the facility with which, scarcely 10 years after its conclusion, a solemn Arrangement, clothed with an European Guarantee, has been infringed both in letter and in spirit, under the very eyes of the Powers who should have been its guardians.

With such a precedent before us, what value can Russia attach to the efficacy of that Arrangement, and to the pledge of *See notes pages 1894, 1895.

security which she believed she had obtained in the principle of the Neutralisation of the Black Sea. The Balance of Power established in the East by the Treaty of 1856, has, therefore been disturbed to the detriment of Russia. The resolution adopted by our August Master has no other object than to restore it.

The Government of Her Britannic Majesty would never consent to leave the security of their shores to the mercy of an Arrangement which is no longer respected. They are too equitable not to allow to us the same duties and the same rights.

But what we especially desire to establish is, that this decision implies no change in the policy which His Majesty the Emperor has pursued in the East.

You have already had, on many occasions opportunities of discussing with the Cabinet of London the general views which the two Governments hold upon this important question. You have been able to establish a conformity of principles and interests, which we have learnt with great satisfaction.

We have drawn from it the conclusion that at present it is neither from England nor Russia that can arise the dangers which may menace the Ottoman Empire; that the two Cabinets have an equal desire to maintain its existence as long as possible by allaying and by conciliating the differences between the Porte and the Christian subjects of the Sultan, and that, in the event of a decisive crisis presenting itself, despite these efforts, both are equally resolved to seek for its solution in a general agreement of the Great European Powers.

We have not ceased to hold these views. We believe that their perfect analogy renders possible a thorough understanding between the Government of Her Britannic Majesty and ourselves, we attach the greatest value to it, as the best guarantee for the preservation of Peace and the Balance of Power in Europe from dangers which may result from complications in the East.

By the order of His Majesty the Emperor, your Excellency is authorised to repeat this assurance to Lord Granville. We shall sincerely congratulate ourselves if the frankness of these explanations may contribute to that end by removing every possibility of misunderstanding between the Government of Her Britannic Majesty and ourselves.

Receive, &c., GORTCHAKOFF.

[For British Reply, see p. 1898.]

No. 431.—BRITISH REPLY to Russian Notes, denouncing the Stipulations of the General Treaty of 30th March, 1856, and the Separate Convention with Turkey of the same date, relative to the Limitation of their Naval Forces in the Black Sea. 10th November, 1870.

Earl Granville to Sir A. Buchanan.

Sir, Foreign Office, 10th November, 1870.

BARON BRUNNOW made to me yesterday the communication respecting the Convention between the Emperor of Russia and the Sultan limiting their Naval Forces in the Black Sea, signed at Paris on the 80th March, 1856 (No. 266), to which you allude in your telegram of yesterday afternoon.

In my despatch of yesterday I gave you an account of what passed between us, and I now propose to observe upon Prince Gortchakoff's despatches of the $\frac{19th}{31st}$ October (No. 429) and $\frac{20th}{1st}$ November (No. 430), communicated to me by the Russian Ambassador on that occasion.

Prince Gortchakoff declares, on the part of His Imperial Majesty, that the Treaty of 1856 has been infringed in various respects to the prejudice of Russia, and more especially in the case of the Principalities, against the explicit protest of his Representative, and that, in consequence of these infractions, Russia is entitled to renounce those stipulations of the Treaty which directly touch her interests.

It is then announced that she will no longer be bound by the Treaties which restrict her Rights of Sovereignty in the Black Sea.

We have here an allegation that certain facts have occurred which, in the judgment of Russia, are at variance with certain stipulations of the Treaty, and the assumption is made that Russia, upon the strength of her own judgment as to the character of those facts, is entitled to release herself from certain other stipulations of that instrument.

This assumption is limited in its practical application, to some of the provisions of the Treaty, but the assumption of a right to renounce any one of its terms involves the assumption of a right to renounce the whole.

This statement is wholly independent of the reasonableness or 1898

unreasonableness, on its own merits, of the desire of Russia to be released from the observation of the stipulations of the Treaty of 1856 respecting the Black Sea.

For the question is, in whose hand lies the power of releasing one or more of the parties from all or any of these stipulations?

It has always been held that that right belongs only to the Governments who have been parties to the original instrument.*

The despatches of Prince Gortchakoff appear to assume that any one of the Powers who have signed the engagement may allege that occurrences have taken place which, in its opinion, are at variance with the provisions of the Treaty, and, although this view is not shared nor admitted by the co-signatory Powers, may found upon that allegation, not a request to those Governments for the consideration of the case, but an announcement to them that it has emancipated itself, or holds itself emancipated, from any stipulations of the Treaty which it thinks fit to disapprove. Yet it is quite evident that the effect of such doctrine, and of any proceeding which, with or without avowal, is founded upon it, is to bring the entire authority and efficacy of Treaties under the discretionary control of each one of the Powers who may have signed them; the result of which would be the entire destruction of Treaties in their essence. For whereas their whole object is to bind Powers to one another, and for this purpose each one of the parties surrenders a portion of its free agency, by the doctrine and proceeding now in question, one of the parties in its separate and individual capacity brings back the entire subject into its own control, and remains bound only to itself.

Accordingly Prince Gortchakoff has announced in these despatches the intention of Russia to continue to observe certain of the provisions of the Treaty. However satisfactory this may be in itself, it is obviously an expression of the free will of that Power which it might at any time alter or withdraw; and in this it is thus open to the same objections as the other portions of the communications, because it implies the Right of Russia to Annul the Treaty on the ground of allegations of which she constitutes herself the only judge.

The question therefore arises, not whether any desire expressed

* See Declaration of 17th January, 1871. See also opinion of British Government of 23rd November, 1846, and Declaration of Russia and Turkey of 4th June, 1866, in Appendix.

by Russia ought to be carefully examined in a friendly spirit by the co-signatory Powers, but whether they are to accept from her the announcement that, by her own act, without any consent from them, she has released herself from a solemn covenant.

I need scarcely say that Her Majesty's Government have received this communication with deep regret, because it opens a discussion which might unsettle the cordial understanding it has been their earnest endeavour to maintain with the Russian Empire; and, for the above-mentioned reasons, it is impossible for Her Majesty's Government to give any sanction on their part to the course announced by Prince Gortchakoff.

If, instead of such a declaration, the Russian Government had addressed Her Majesty's Government and the other Powers who are parties to the Treaty of 1856, and had proposed for consideration with them whether anything has occurred which could be held to amount to an infraction of the Treaty, or whether there is anything in the terms which, from altered circumstances, presses with undue severity upon Russia, or which, in the course of events, had become unnecessary for the due protection of Turkey, Her Majesty's Government would not have refused to examine the question in concert with the co-signataries to the Treaty. Whatever might have been the result of such communications, a risk of future complications and a very dangerous precedent as to the validity of international obligations would have been avoided.

I am, &c.,

GRANVILLE.

P.S.—You will read and give a copy of this despatch to Prince Gortchakoff.

G.

On the 22nd November, 1870, the Prussian Government proposed the meeting of a Conference at St. Petersburgh to discuss the Black Sea question; the British Government objected to this proposal, but expressed its readiness to meet Plenipotentiaries of the Treaty Powers in Conference either at Vienna, Florence, or London. London having been ultimately agreed upon as the place of meeting, Conferences were held at the Foreign Office, and a Treaty modifying the stipulations of the Treaty of 30th March, 1856, relating to the Black Sea, was signed on the 13th March, 1871.

[Neutrality of Luxemburg.]

No. 432.—PRUSSIAN CIRCULAR respecting the Alleged Violation of the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, during the War between Prussia, &c., and France. 3rd December, 1870.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

Count Bismarck to Count Bernstorff.

Versailles, 3rd December, 1870.

At the outbreak of the War the Government of His Majesty the King declared that it would respect the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg (No. 421), on the presumption that it would also be respected on the part of the French, and, as a matter of course, would be maintained with earnestness and good will by the Grand Duchy itself.

The Royal Government has faithfully observed that promise, and has gone so far in its consideration that it has subjected itself to all the inconveniences in regard to the Transport of its Wounded which the protest of the French Government against the Transport of Wounded Men through Luxemburg Territory, proposed in the interest of humanity, imposed on it.

To its deep regret, however, neither on the part of France nor on that of Luxemburg have the proceedings corresponded with the presumptions that were entertained.

A number of cases, wherein a hostile disposition of part of the population went so far as even to actual ill-treatment of German Officials there, may be left unmentioned, so as not to make the Grand Ducal Government responsible for the offences of Individuals, who certainly deserved a stricter repression than they appear to have met with.

A striking instance of violation of the Neutrality occurred in the Provisioning of Thionville by Railway Trains at night from Luxemburg, so long as the Fortress remained in the hands of the French.

The Grand Ducal Government expressed its regret thereupon, and could not but admit the fact; it is proved beyond doubt that the dispatch of those Railway Trains to Thionville could not have taken place without the connivance of the Grand Ducal Police and Railway Officials. The Royal Government addressed its complaint to the Grand Ducal Government on that occasion,

[Moutrality of Luxemburg.]

and drew its attention to the consequences which must necessarily ensue from such conduct.

That warning has, unfortunately, not been attended to.

On the contrary, the violation of the Neutrality has lately extended so far that it is impossible for the Royal Government to overlook it.

After the surrender of Metz there was a transit of French Soldiers and Officers in masses through the Grand Duchy, for the purpose of entering France again, by evading the German Posts.

The French Vice-Consul residing in Luxemburg has established a regular Office at the Railway Station there, where the Fugitives have been provided with Means and Vouchers to enable them to continue their march into France to enter the Army of the North.

The number of Combatants added to the French Forces in this manner amounts, according to the statements before us, to more than 2,000 men.

No measures have been taken against this on the part of the Grand Ducal Government; the French Soldiers have neither been sent into the Interior nor prevented from returning to France with the notorious intention of taking part in the War against Germany. No difficulties have been put in the way of the French Vice-Consul in his just as notorious conduct in contempt of the Neutrality of Luxemburg.

That there is a flagrant violation of the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy in the transit through it for the purpose of entering the Active French Forces, in the official furtherance thereof by the Functionary of the French Government, in the toleration of such conduct by the Grand Ducal Government, there can be no doubt. Therefore, the premises with which the Royal Government was obliged to connect the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy no longer exist.

In consequence of this, I have to request your Excellency, by command of His Majesty, to inform the Government where you are, as one of the Signataries of the Treaty of 11th May, 1867 (No. 405), that the Royal Government can no longer consider itself bound to any consideration of the Neutrality of the Grand Duchy, in the Military Operations of the German Army, and in the measures for the security of the German Troops against the injuries inflicted on them from Luxemburg.

[Moutrality of Luxemburg.]

At the same time, the Government of His Majesty the King reserves to itself the prosecution of its claims against the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg for the damages done to it through the Non-maintenance of the Neutrality.

I respectfully request your Excellency to read this despatch to the Minister for Foreign Affairs, and to leave a copy of it with him.

Receive, &c.,
Von BISMARCK.

[This Circular gave rise to explanations and much discussion, and the correspondence which passed upon the subject was laid before Parliament in February, 1871. On the 8th February, 1871, Count Bernstorff stated to Earl Granville that he had been instructed by Count_Bismarck to express to him the satisfaction with which he had learnt that Her Majesty's Government were convinced that it was not his intention, in his Circular of the 3rd of December, 1870, to denounce the Treaty of 1867 (No. 405), by which the position of Luxemburg was defined and secured, but that he had merely been actuated by the desire to take precautionary measures of defence, necessitated by the Military position, against Military injury to the Prussian cause from violation of the Neutrality of the Territory of Luxemburg; and in allusion to Lord Granville's admission that an emergency might possibly arise which might justify, in some degree, the adoption of such measures, Count Bernstorff expressed his concurrence in the view that any such emergency must be judged upon its merits, and added that further discussion would be superfluous.]

1

[Inviolability of Treaties.]

No. 433.—DECLARATION between Great Britain, Austria, France, Italy, North Germany, Russia, and Turkey, as to non-Alteration of Treaties without consent of Contracting Parties. London, 17th January, 1871.*

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

THE Plenipotentiaries of North Germany, of Austria-Hungary, of Great Britain, of Italy, of Russia, and of Turkey, assembled to-day in Conference, recognize that it is an essential principle of the Law of Nations that no Power can liberate itself from the engagements of a Treaty, nor modify the stipulations thereof, unless with the consent of the Contracting Powers by means of an amicable arrangement.

In faith of which the said Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Protocol.

Done at London, 17th January, 1871.

BERNSTORFF.
APPONYI.
GRANVILLE.
CADORNA.
BRUNNOW.
MUSURUS.
18th March, 1871. BROGLIE.

* See Protocols of Conferences January to March, 1871, page 1926.

[Armistice.]

No. 434.—CONVENTION OF ARMISTICE between France and the Germanic Confederation. Signed at Versailles, 28th January, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Armistice to last to the 19th February. Armies to preserve their positions. Armistice to apply to Naval Forces. Captures made after conclusion of Armistice to be restored, as well as Prisoners. Military operations in Departments of the *Doubs*, *Jura*, and *Cote d'Or*, as well as the siege of *Belfort*, to continue until arrangements are made.
- 2. Armistice concluded to enable Government of National Defence to convoke an Assembly to decide on Peace or War. Assembly to meet at Bordeaux.
- 3. Fortresses round Paris to be occupied by German Troops.
- 41. German Army not to enter Paris during Armistice.

The enclosure shall be disarmed of its cannon, and the carriages sent into the Forts.

Armed Garrisons to be Prisoners of War, except 12,000 Men for internal Service in *Paris*. Arms to be delivered up. Soldiers to be interned and delivered up as Prisoners of War if Peace is not concluded. Officers to preserve their Arms.

- 7. National Guard, &c., charged with Maintenance of Order to preserve Order. Rifle Corps to be disbanded.
- 8. Facilities to French Commissioners for the revictualling of Paris.
- 9. Revictualling of Paris after delivery of Forts, &c.
- 10. Permits for leaving Paris.
- 11. City of Paris to pay War Contribution of 200,000,000 francs.
- 12. Public Securities not to be removed during Armistice.
- 13. Import of Arms, &c., into Paris during Armistice interdicted.
- 14. Exchange of Prisoners of War.
- 15. Postal Service for unsealed Letters.

Annex. Demarcation of Armies before Paris. Surrender of Forts and delivery of Armament. 29th January, 1871.

- 1. Lines of Demarcation before Paris.
- 2. Roads by which Persons may pass the Line of Demarcation.
- 8. Surrender of Forts and Redoubts.
- 4. Delivery of the Armament and Material.

^{*} Extended first to 24th February; then to 26th February; and afterwards to 26th March, 1871.

[†] See Convention of 15th February, 1871.

^{###} Modified by Art. II of Additional Convention of Preliminaries of Peace of 26th February, 1871.

[Armistice.]

(Translation.*)

Between Count Bismarck, Chancellor of the Germanic Confederation, acting in the name of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia, and M. Jules Favre, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Government of National Defence, furnished with the necessary Powers, have decided upon the following Conventions:

ARTS. I to XV (see Table). Done at Versailles, 28th January, 1871.

(L.S.) JULES FAVRE. (L.S.) v. BISMARCK.

ANNEX.

ARTS. I to IV (see Table). Versailles, 29th January, 1871. (L.S.) JULES FAVRE.

(L.S.) v. BISMARCK.

[Conventions for fixing the line of Demarcation between the French and German Armies were signed on the 31st January and 5th February, 1871.]

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lxi.

No. 485]

[Entrance of French Army into Switzerland.]

No. 435.—MILITARY CONVENTION between France and Switzerland, for the Reception and Entrance of a French Army into Switzerland. Signed at Verrières, 1st February, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Conditions for Passage of French Army into Switzerland.
- 2. Conditions for restoration of Arms, &c.
- 3. Artillery Material and Munitions.
- 4. Officers to retain their Horses, Arms, &c.
- 5. Troopers' Horses.
- 6. Baggage and Provision Waggons.
- 7. Treasury and Postal Waggons.
- 8. Execution of Arrangements.
- 9. Residence of Officers and Men.
- 10. Federal Council to direct Details of the Convention.

(Translation.*)

Between General Herzog, General-in-Chief of the Army of the Swiss Confederation, and General of Division Clinchant, General-in-Chief of the First French Army, the following Conventions have been agreed upon:

Conditions for Passage of French Army into Switzerland.

ART. I. The French Army requesting permission to cross over into Swiss Territory, shall lay down their Arms, Equipments, and Munitions, on their Passage.

Conditions for Restoration of Arms, &c.

ART. II. Those Arms, Equipments, and Munitions shall be restored to France after the Peace, and after the Definitive Settlement of the Expenses incurred by Switzerland during the residence of French Troops.

Artillery Material and Munitions.

ART. III. The same shall be observed with reference to the Artillery Material and Munitions.

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lxi. 1907

1 Feb., 1871.] FRANCE AND SWITZERLAND.

[Entrance of French Army into Switzerland.]

Officers to retain their Horses, Arms, &c.

ART. IV. Horses, Arms, and Effects of Officers shall be left at their disposal.

Troopers' Horses.

ART. V. Subsequent Dispositions shall be taken with reference to Troopers' Horses.

Baggage and Provision Waggons.

ART. VI. Baggage and Provision Waggons, after having discharged their contents, shall immediately return to France.

Treasury and Postal Waggons.

ART. VII. The Treasury and Postal Waggons shall be, with the whole of their contents, delivered over to the Helvetic Confederation, to be accounted for on the Settlement of the Expenses.

Execution of Arrangements.

ART. VIII. The execution of these Arrangements shall take place in the presence of French and Swiss Officers appointed for that purpose.

Residence of Officers and Men.

ART. IX. The Confederation reserves to itself the appointment of Places of Residence in the Interior for the Officers and Men.

Federal Council to direct Details of the Convention.

ART. X. The Federal Council will direct the Details necessary for the completion of the present Convention.

Done in Triplicate, at Verrières, 1st February, 1871.

HANS HERZOG, General. CLINCHANT.

No. 436] AUSTRIA, PRUSSIA, AND ROUMANIA. [8 Feb., 1871. [Navigation of the Pruth.]

No. 436.—REGULATIONS agreed upon between the Commissioners of Austria, Russia, and Roumania, for the Navigation and Police of the River Pruth. Signed at Bucharest, Sth February, 1871.

Bucharest, 27th January, 1871. TABLE. ARTS. Reference to Convention of 15th December, 1866. TITLE I. to General Arrangements. TITLE II. Police for the Navigation of the Pruth. Chapter I. General Regulations. Chapter II. Regulations for Vessels crossing or Passing each other. Chapter III. Wrecks and Stranded Vessels. Chapter IV. Special Arrangements relative to the Works of Improvement to be undertaken in the *Pruth*. TITLE III. Application on the Pruth of the Customs Laws of the Riverain States. TITLE IV. Officers to superintend the Police of the Navigation, and levying of Taxes on the Pruth. TITLE V Contraventions. Chapter I. Fines for infringement of Regulations. Chapter II. Regulations for the imposition of Fines.

85. Final Arrangement.

8 Feb., 1871.] AUSTRIA, PRUSSIA, AND ROUMANIA. [No. 436 [Navigation of the Pruth.]

(Translation.)

Reference to Convention of 5th December, 1866.

THE Mixed Commission of the Pruth:

In execution of Article XXVI of the Convention signed at Bucharest on the $\frac{3rd}{15th}$ December, 1866 (No. 401), between the Commissioners of Austro-Hungary, Russia, and Roumania, declaring that the Navigation of the Pruth should be settled by a Regulation of Navigation and Police, prepared by the said Mixed Commission and approved by the 3 Signatory Governments;

Conclude the following Regulations: ARTS. I to LXXXIV (see Table).

Final Arrangement.

ART. LXXXV. The present Regulation may be modified, when necessary, by the permanent Mixed Commission.

Done at Bucharest, the 27th January, 1871.

POTTENBURG. D'OFFENBERG. P. DONICE.

[Armistice.]

No. 437.—ADDITIONAL CONVENTION between France and the Germanic Confederation for extending the Armistice to the Departments of the Doubs, the Jura, the Côte d'Or, and before the Fortress of Belfort. Signed at Versailles, 15th February, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Convention of 28th January, 1871.

- 1. Surrender of Fortress of *Belfort* with War Material. Garrison to leave with Honours of War. Commanders of *Belfort* and of besieging Army to Settle Details.
- 2. German Prisoners in Belfort to be set at Liberty.
- Line of Demarcation between the French and German Armies.
- 5. Departments of the Jura, Doubs, and Côts d'Or to be included in Armistice Convention of 28th January, 1871.

(Translation.)

Reference to Convention of 28th January, 1871.

The Undersigned, furnished with Powers in virtue of which they concluded the Convention of 28th January, 1871 (No. 434); considering that by the said Convention it was reserved to a subsequent understanding to terminate the Military Operations in the Departments of the Doubs, Jura, Côte d'Ór, and before Belfort, and to trace the Line of Demarcation between the German occupation and the positions of the French Army, commencing at Quarré-les-Tombes, in the Department of the Yonne, have concluded the following Additional Convention:

ARTS. I to V (see Table).

Done at Versailles, 15th February, 1871.

(L.S.) JULES FAVRE.

(L.S.) v. BISMARCK.

[Conventions for the suspension of Hostilities, and for the surrender of the Fortress of Belfort, were signed at Belfort on the 18th and 16th February, 1871.]

No. 438.—PRELIMINARY TREATY OF PEACE between France and Germany. Signed at Versailles, 26th February, 1871.*

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Renunciations by France in favour of Germany. Line of New Frontier between France and Germany. International Boundary Commission to be appointed. Duties of Commissioners. Map of Frontier. Alteration in Boundary Map. France to retain Town and Forts of Belfort.
- 2. Indemnity to be paid by France. Time of Payment of Indemnity.
- 3. Evacuation of French Territory by German Troops. Gradual Evacuation according to Payments made. Conditions for Payment of the last 3 Billions of Indemnity.
- 4. Maintenance of German Troops of Occupation.
- 5. Provisions to be made in favour of Inhabitants of ceded Territories.
- 6. Prisoners of War.
- 7. Negotiations for Definitive Treaty of Peace.
- 8. Administration of Occupied Departments to be made over to French Authorities. Taxes in Occupied Departments to be levied by and for the use of the French Government.
- 9. German Military Authority not to extend to unoccupied Territory.
- 10. Ratifications.

Accession of Bavaria and Wurtemberg.

(Translation.†)

Between the Chancellor of the Germanic Empire, Count Otto de Bismarck-Schönhausen, furnished with Full Powers from His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia; the Minister of State and of Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Bavaria, Count Otto de Bray-Steinburg; the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, Baron Auguste de Wächter; the Minister of State, President of the Council of Ministers of His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, Monsieur Jules Jolly, representing the Germanic Empire, on the one part; and on the other part, the Chief of the Executive Power of the French Republic, Monsieur Thiers, and the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Monsieur Jules Favre, representing France; the Full Powers of the two Contracting Parties having been found in good and due form, the following has been agreed upon, to serve as a Preliminary Bases to the Definitive Peace to be concluded hereafter.

- * Acceded to by Baden, Bavaria, and Wurtemberg on the same day.
- † For French Version, see "State Papers," vol. lxi.

Renunciations by France in favour of Germany.

ART. I. France renounces in favour of the German Empire all her Rights and Titles over the Territories situated on the East of the Frontier hereafter described.

Line of new Frontier between France and Germany.*

The Line of Demarcation begins at the North-west Frontier of the Canton of Cattenom, towards the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, follows on the South the Western Frontiers of the Cantons of Cattenom and Thionville, passes by the Canton of Briey, along the Western Frontiers of the Communes of Montjois-la-Montagne and Roncourt, as well as the Eastern Frontiers of the Communes of Marie-aux-Chênes, St. Ail, Habonville, reaches the Frontier of the Canton de Gooze, which it crosses along the Communal Frontiers of Vionville, Bouxières, and Onville, follows the South-west Frontier, south of the District of Metz, the Western Frontier of the District of Chateau-Salins, as far as the Commune of Pettoncourt, taking in the Western and Southern Frontiers thereof to follow the Crest of the Mountains between Seille and Moncel, as far as the Frontier of the District of Sarreburg, to the South of The demarcation afterwards coincides with the Frontier of that District as far as the Commune of Tanconville, reaching the Frontier to the North thereof, from thence it follows the Crest of the Mountains between the Sources of the White Sarre and Vezouze, as far as the Frontier of that Canton of Schirmeck, skirts the Western Frontier of that Canton, includes the Communes of Saales, Bourg-Bruche, Colroy-la-Roche, Plaine, Ranrupt, Saulxures, and St. Blaise-la-Roche of the Canton of Saales, and coincides with the Western Frontier of the Departments of the Lower Rhine and the Upper Rhine as far as the Cantons of Belfort, the Southern Frontier of which it leaves not far from Vourvenans, to cross the Canton of Delle at the Southern Limits of the Communes of Bourogne and Froide Fontaine, and to reach the Swiss Frontier skirting the Eastern Frontiers of the Communes of Jonchery and Delle.

International Boundary Commission to be appointed.

The German Empire shall possess these Territories in perpetuity in all Sovereignty and Property. An International Commission, composed of an equal number of Representatives of the two High Contracting Parties, shall be appointed immediately

■ See Definitive Treaty of Peace of 10th May, 1871, Art. I.

after the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, to trace on the spot the new Frontier, in conformity with the preceding stipulations.

Duties of Commissioners.

This Commission shall preside over the Division of the Lands and Funds, which have hitherto belonged to Districts or Communes divided by the new Frontiers; in case of disagreement in the tracing and the measures of execution, the Members of the Commission shall refer to their respective Governments.

Map of Frontier.

The Frontier, such as it has just been described, is marked in green on two identic copies of the Map of the Territory forming the Government of Alsace, published at Berlin in September, 1870, by the Geographical and Statistical Division of the Staff, and a copy of which shall be annexed to both copies of the present Treaty.

Alteration in Boundary Map. France to retain Town and Forts of Belfort.*

Nevertheless, the alteration of the above tracing has been agreed to by the two Contracting Parties. In the former Department of the Moselle, the Villages of Marie-aux-Chênes near St. Privat-la-Montagne, and Vionville to the west of Rezonville, shall be ceded to Germany. In exchange thereof, France shall retain the Town and Fortifications of Belfort, with a Radius which shall be hereafter determined upon.

Indemnity to be paid by France.

ART. II. France shall pay to His Majesty the Emperor of Germany the sum of 5,000,000,000 Francs (5 milliards).

Time of Payment of Indemnity.

The Payment of at least 1,000,000,000 (one milliard) Francs shall be effected within the year 1871, and the whole of the remainder of the Debt in the space of 3 years, dating from the Ratification of the present.

Evacuation of French Territory by German Troops.

ART. III. The Evacuation of the French Territory occupied by

- * See Definitive Treaty of Peace of 10th May, 1871, Art. I.
- † See Note, page 1918.

German Troops shall begin after the Ratification of the present Treaty by the National Assembly sitting at Bordeaux. Immediately after that Ratification, the German Troops shall quit the interior of Paris, as well as Forts on the Left Bank of the Seine, and within the shortest possible delay agreed upon between the military authorities of the two Countries, they shall entirely evacuate the Departments of Calvados, Orne, Sarthe, Eure et Loire, Loiret, Loire et Cher, Indre et Loire, Yonne, and also the Departments of the Seine Inférieure, Eure, Seine et Oise, Seine et Marne, Aube, and Côte d'Or, as far as the Left Bank of the Seine. French Troops shall fall back at the same time behind the Loire, which they shall not be allowed to pass before the signature of the Definitive Treaty of Peace. The Garrison of Paris is excepted from this disposition, the number of which shall not exceed 40,000 men, and the Garrisons indispensably necessary for the safety of the strongholds.

Gradual Evacuation according to Payments made.

The Evacuation of the Departments between the Right Bank of the Seine and the Eastern Frontier by German Troops shall take place gradually after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace and the payment of the first 500,000,000 (half milliard) of the contribution stipulated by Article II, beginning with the Departments nearest to Paris, and shall continue gradually, according to the proportion of the Payments made on account of the Contribution; after the first Payment of a 500,000,000 (half milliard) that Evacuation shall take place in the following Departments: Somme, Oise, and the parts of the Departments of the Seine Inférieure, Seine et Oise, Seine et Marne, situated on the Right Bank of the Seine, as well as the part of the Department of the Seine, and the Forts situated on the Right Bank.

Conditions for Payment of the last 3,000,000,000 (3 milliards) of Indemnity.

After the payment of 2,000,000,000 (two milliards), the German occupation shall only include the Departments of the Marne, Ardennes, Haute Marne, Meuse, Vosges, Meurthe, as well as the Fortress of Belfort, with its Territory, which shall serve as a pledge for the remaining 3,000,000,000 (3 milliards), and in which the number of the German Troops shall not exceed 50,000 men. His Majesty the Emperor will be willing to substitute for the

Territorial Guarantee, consisting in the partial occupation of the French Territory, a Financial Guarantee, should it be offered by the French Government under conditions considered sufficient by His Majesty the Emperor and King for the interests of Germany. The 3,000,000,000 (3 milliards), the payment of which shall have been deferred, shall bear Interest at the rate of 5 per cent., beginning from the Ratification of the present Convention.

Maintenance of German Troops of Occupation.

ART. IV. The German Troops shall abstain from levying contributions either in money or in kind in the occupied Departments. On the other hand, the maintenance of the German Troops remaining in France shall be at the expense of the French Government in the manner decided upon by an Agreement with the German Military Administration.

Provisions to be made in favour of Inhabitants of ceded Territories.

ART. V. The interests of the Inhabitants of the Territories ceded by France, in everything relating to their Commerce and their Civil Rights shall be regulated in as favourable a manner as possible when the conditions of the Definitive Peace are settled. A certain time will be fixed, during which they will enjoy particular advantages for the disposal of their produce. The German Government will put no obstacle in the way of Free Emigration by the Inhabitants from the ceded Territories, and shall take no steps against them affecting their Persons or their Property.

Prisoners of War.

ART. VI. The Prisoners of War who shall not have been already set at liberty by exchange shall be given up immediately after the Ratification of the present Preliminaries. In order to accelerate the transport of French Prisoners, the French Government shall place at the disposal of the German Authorities in the interior of the German Territory a part of the rolling-stock of its Railways in such proportion as shall be determined by special arrangements, and at prices paid in France by the French Government for military transport.

Negotiations for Definitive Treaty of Peace.

ART. VII. The opening of negotiations for the Definitive Treaty of Peace to be concluded on the Basis of the present Preliminaries shall take place at Brussels, immediately after the

Ratification of the latter by the National Assembly and by His Majesty the Emperor of Germany.

Administration of occupied Departments to be made over to French Authorities.

ART. VIII. After the conclusion and the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace (No. 446), the Administration of the Departments which are still to remain occupied by the German Troops shall be made over to the French authorities. But the latter shall be bound to conform to the orders which the Commanders of the German troops may think necessary to give in the interests of the safety, maintenance, and distribution of the Troops.

Taxes in occupied Departments to be levil by and for the use of the French Government.

After the Ratification of the present Treaty, the Taxes in the occupied Departments shall be levied on account of the French Government, and by its own Officers.

German Military Authority not to extend to unoccupied Territory.

ART. IX. It is well understood that these stipulations do not give to the German Military Authority any right over the parts of Territory which it does not actually occupy.

Ratifications.*

ART. X. The present Preliminary Treaty shall be immediately submitted to the Ratification of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany and to the French National Assembly sitting at Bordeaux.

In testimony whereof the Undersigned have signed the present Preliminary Treaty, and sealed it with the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Versailles, 26th February, 1871.

(L.S.) BISMARCK.

(L.S.) A. THIERS.

(L.S.) JULES FAVRE.

* Ratifications exchanged at Versailles 2nd March, 1871.

Accession of Baden, Bavaria, and Wurtemberg.

The Kingdoms of Bavaria and Wurtemberg, and the Grand Duchy of Baden, having taken part in the actual War as Allies of Prussia, and now forming part of the Germanic Empire, the Undersigned adhere to the present Convention in the name of their respective Sovereigns.

Versailles, 26th February, 1871.

CTE. DE BRAY-STEINBURG. BN. DE WACHTER. MITTNACHT.
JOLLY.

[Conventions were concluded between France and Germany on the 21st May, and 12th October, 1871, on the 29th June, 1872, and on the 15th May, 1873, with reference to the payment of the War Indemnity of 3 Milliards = 5,000,000,000 Francs or £200,000,000. The last Instalment was paid by France on the 5th September, 1878, and the last German Troops passed the French Frontier on the 16th of the same Month.]

No. 439] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [13 March, 1871. [Black See and Danube.]

No. 439.—TREATY between Great Britain, Austria, France, Germany (Prussia), Italy, Russia, and Turkey, for the Revision of certain Stipulations of the Treaties of 30th March, 1856, relative to the Black Sea and Danube. Signed at London, 13th March, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 30th March, 1856.

- 1. Abrogation of Articles of Treaty of 30th March, 1856, and of Convention of 30th March, 1856.
- 2. Closing of Straits of Dardanelles and Bosphorus, and power to open them to Vessels of War in time of Peace.
- 3. Black Sea open to Mercantile Marine of all Nations.
- 4. Extension of Term of Duration of Danube Commission to 24th April, 1883.
- 5. Conditions of re-assembling of Riverain Commission.
- 6. Provisional Tax on Vessels in the Danube, until Extinction of Debt.
- 7. Neutrality of Works and Establishments created by European Commission of the Danube.
- 8. Confirmation of Stipulations of Treaty of 30th March, 1856.
- 9. Ratifications.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.*)

In the Name of Almighty God.

Reference to Treaty of 30th March, 1856.

Here Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia, His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, King of Bohemia, &c., and Apostolic King of Hungary, the Chief of the Executive Power of the French Republic, His Majesty the King of Italy, His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, and His Majesty the Emperor of the Ottomans, have judged it necessary to assemble their Representatives in Conference at London, in order to come to an understanding, in a spirit of concord, with regard to the revision of the stipulations of the Treaty concluded at Paris on the 30th March, 1856 (No. 264), relative to the navigation of the Black Sea, as well as to that of the Danube; being desirous, at the same time, to ensure in those regions new facilities for the development of the commercial activity of all nations, the High Contracting Parties have resolved to conclude a Treaty, and have

13 March, 1871.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 439 Black See and Danube.]

for that purpose named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Granville George Earl Granville, Lord Leveson, a Peer of the United Kingdom, a Member of Her Majesty's Privy Council, Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports and Constable of Dover Castle, Chancellor of the University of London, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia, the Sieur Albert, Count of Bernstorff-Stintenburg, his Minister of State and Chamberlain, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of His Imperial and Royal Majesty to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, King of Bohemia, &c., and Apostolic King of Hungary, the Sieur Rudolph Count Apponyi, Chamberlain, Privy Councillor of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty, his Ambassador Extraordinary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

The Chief of the Executive Power of the French Republic, the Sieur James Victor Albert Duc de Broglie, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the King of Italy, the Chevalier Charles Cadorna, Minister of State, Senator of the Kingdom, his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, the Sieur Philip Baron de Brunnow, his Actual Privy Councillor, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

And His Majesty the Emperor of the Ottomans, Constantine Musurus Pasha, Muchir and Vizir of the Empire, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Abrogation of Articles of Treaty of 30th March, 1856, and of Convention of 30th March, 1856.

ART. I. Articles XI, XIII, and XIV of the Treaty of Paris of 1920

No. 439] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [13 March, 1871. [Black Sea and Danube.]

the 30th March, 1856 (No. 264), as well as the special Convention concluded between Russia and the Sublime Porte (No. 266), and annexed to the said Article XIV, are abrogated, and replaced by the following Article.

Closing of Straits of Dardanelles and Bosphorus, and power to open them to Vessels of War in time of Peace.

ART. II. The principle of the closing of the Straits of the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus, such as it has been established by the separate Convention of the 30th March, 1856 (No. 265), is maintained, with power to His Imperial Majesty the Sultan to open the said Straits in time of Peace to the Vessels of War of friendly and allied Powers, in case the Sublime Porte should judge it necessary in order to secure the execution of the stipulations of the Treaty of Paris of the 30th March, 1856 (No. 264).

Black Sea open to Mercantile Marine of all Nations.

ART. III. The Black Sea remains open, as heretofore, to the Mercantile Marine of all Nations.

Extension of Term of Duration of Danube Commission to 24th April, 1883.

ART. IV. The Commission established by Article XVI of the Treaty of Paris (No. 264), in which the Powers who joined in signing the Treaty are each represented by a delegate, and which was charged with the designation and execution of the works necessary below Isaktcha, to clear the Mouths of the Danube, as well as the neighbouring parts of the Black Sea, from the sands and other impediments which obstruct them, in order to put that part of the River and the said parts of the sea in the best state for navigation, is maintained in its present composition. The duration of that Commission is fixed for a further period of 12 years, counting from the 24th April, 1871, that is to say, till the 24th April, 1883, being the term of the Redemption of the Loan contracted by that Commission, under the Guarantee of Great Britain, Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Italy, and Turkey (No. 410).

Conditions of re-assembling of Riverain Commission.

ART. V. The conditions of the re-assembling of the Riverain Commission, established by Article XVII of the Treaty of Paris

18 March, 1871.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 439 [Black See and Danube.]

of the 30th March, 1856 (No. 264), shall be fixed by a previous understanding between the Riverain Powers, without prejudice to the clause relative to the 3 Danubian Principalities; and in so far as any modification of Article XVII of the said Treaty may be involved, this latter shall form the subject of a special Convention between the co-signatory Powers.

Provisional Tax on Vessels in the Danube, until extinction of Debt.

ART. VI. As the Powers which possess the shores of that part of the Danube where the Cataracts and the Iron Gates offer impediments to navigation reserve to themselves to come to an understanding with the view of removing those impediments, the High Contracting Parties recognise from the present moment their right to levy a Provisional Tax on Vessels of commerce of every flag which may henceforth benefit thereby, until the extinction of the Debt contracted for the execution of the Works; and they declare Article XV of the Treaty of Paris of 1856 (No. 264), to be inapplicable to that part of the River for a space of time necessary for the repayment of the debt in question.

Neutrality of Works and Establishments created by European Commission of the Danube.

ART. VII. All the Works and Establishments of every kind created by the European Commission in execution of the Treaty of Paris of 1856 (No. 264), or of the present Treaty, shall continue to enjoy the same Neutrality which has hitherto protected them, and which shall be equally respected for the future, under all circumstances, by the High Contracting Parties. The benefits of the immunities which result therefrom shall extend to the whole administrative and engineering staff of the Commission. It is, however, well understood that the provisions of this Article shall in no way affect the right of the Sublime Porte to send, as heretofore, its Vessels of War into the Danube in its character of Territorial Power.

Confirmation of Stipulations of Treaty of 30th March, 1856.

ART. VIII. The High Contracting Parties renew and confirm all the stipulations of the Treaty of the 80th March, 1856 (No. 264), as well as of its annexes, which are not annulled or modified by the present Treaty.

No. 439] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [13 March, 1871. [Black Sea and Danube.]

Ratifications.

ART. IX. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London in the term of 6 weeks,* or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at London, the 13th day of the month of March, in the year 1871.

- (L.S.) GRANVILLE.
- (L.S.) BERNSTORFF.
- (L.S.) APPONYI.
- (L.S.) BROGLIE.
- (L.S.) CADORNA.
- (L.S.) BRUNNOW.
- (L.S.) MUSURUS.

^{*} This period was afterwards extended to the 15th of May, on which day the Ratifications were exchanged.

No. 440.—CONVENTION between Russia and Turkey, relative to the Black Sea. Signed at London, 13th March, 1871.

[Communicated to the Conference on the 15th May, 1871, on the exchange of the Ratifications of the General Treaty of the 13th March.]

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Abrogation of Special Conventions of 30th March, 1856, relative to the Black Sea.
- 2. Retifications.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.*)

In the Name of Almighty God.

His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, being mutually animated with the desire to consolidate the relations of Peace and good understanding happily existing between their Empires, have resolved to conclude for this purpose a Convention, and have named to that effect as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, the Sieur Philip Baron de Brunnow, his Actual Privy Councillor and his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

And His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, Constantine Musurus Pasha, Muchir and Vizir of the Empire, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Her Britannic Majesty, &c.;

Who, after having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

Abrogation of Special Convention of 30th March, 1856, relative to the Black Sea.

ART. I. The Special Convention concluded at Paris between His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, on the 18th March, in the year 1856 (No. 266), relative to the number and force of the Vessels of War of the two High Contracting Parties in the Black Sea, is and remains abrogated.

^{*} For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lxi.

Ratifications.*

ART. II. The present Convention shall be ratified, and the Ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at London in the space of 6 weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at London, the $\frac{1st}{13th}$ day of the month of March, in the year 1871.

(L.S.) BRUNNOW. (L.S.) MUSURUS.

[A Convention between Turkey and Russia, mutatis mutandis, signed and ratified on the same days, was also communicated to the Conference at the same time.]

* Ratifications exchanged on the 15th May, 1871.

Jan.—Mar., 1871.] GREAT BRITAIN, &c., AND TURKEY. [No. 441 [Black See and Danube.]

No. 441.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria—Hungary, France, Italy, North Germany (Germany), Russia, and Turkey, for the Revision of the Treaty of 30th March (Black Sea and Danube), 1856. London, 17th January— 14th March, 1871.*

Protocol.

- No. 1. Choice of President. Full Powers. Absence of Plenipotentiaries.

 Declaration of Adhesion. Russian Reasons for Revising Stipulations of Treaty of 1856, relative to the Neutrality of the Black.

 Sea. Objections of Turkey. Prussian reasons for proposing Conference.

 London, 17th January, 1871.

 Annex. Declaration as to Non-alteration of Treaties without consent of Contracting Parties. (No. 432). London, 17th January, 1871.
- No. 2. Recognition of King of Prussia's Title of Emperor of Germany. Plenipotentiaries to be styled Plenipotentiaries of Germany. Russian Reasons for wishing Revision of Treaty of 1856, relative to the Neutrality of the Black Sea. Articles of Treaty to be Revised. Conditional Adhesion of Turkey. Austria, Great Britain, and Italy support Turkish view. Other Plenipotentiaries wait instructions.

 London, 24th January, 1871.
- No. 3. Discussion of proposed New Articles. Black Sea, Dardavelles, and Bosphorus. Turkish Objection to Art. II. Austria supports Original Reading with Verbal Alteration. Prussia supports Original. Great Britain advises Austria to accede to proposed Articles under reserve. Acceptance by Italy. Acceptance by Germany. Austrian Reservations. Adhesion of Russia. Observations on Turkish views. Additional Article proposed by Great Britain and accepted. Riverain Commission of the Danube. Duration of European Commission of the Danube. Extension of its competency to Ibraila.

 London, 3rd February, 1871. Annex. Project of Treaty.

No. 4. Qualified Adhesions to Project of Treaty.

London, 7th February, 1871.

- No. 5. Introduction of French Plenipotentiary. His Adhesion. Decision of Conference. Signs. Declaration annexed to Protocol No. 1 respecting Inviolability of Treatics (No. 433). Proposed extension of European Commission of the Danube to Ibraila abandoned. Articles of Treaty as amended, agreed to. New Convention between Russia and Turkey respecting number and force of Vessels of War in the Black Sea, to be signed and ratified at the same time, as General Treaty. Duration of European Commission of the Danube extended to 24th April, 1883.

 London, 18th March, 1871.
- No. 6. Signature of Treaty. Close of Conference. Thanks to President.

 London, 14th March, 1871.

[Peace.]

No. 442.—CONVENTION between France and Germany, for the Delivery to the French Authorities of the Administration of the Departments occupied by German Troops. Signed at Rouen, 16th March, 1871.

ABT.

TABLE.

- 1. Departmental and Communal Administration of Departments occupied by German Troops, restored to French Authority on Ratification of Convention.
- 2. Re-establishment of French Prefects, &c. German Civil Commissioners to superintend German Interests. French Authorities to conform to measures of German Civil Commissioners.
- 3. French Tribunals, &c., to resume their functions. Reorganisation of Gendarmerie. Maintenance of state of Siege in Departments occupied by Germans.
- 4.* French Administrative Authorities to conform to measures adopted by Commanders of German Troops.
- 5. Right of German Authorities to abrogate above Concessions in case their interests are compromised.
- 6. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

Between M. Pouyer-Quertier, Minister of Finances; Baron de Ring, Delegate of the Minister for Foreign Affairs; and M. Casimir Fournier, Delegate of the Minister of the Interior, furnished with the Full Powers of the Government of the French Republic, on the one part; and, on the other part, Lieutenant-General de Fabrice, furnished with the Full Powers of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia;

The Full Powers of the two Contracting Parties having been found in good and due form, it has been agreed as follows:

The Parties wishing to secure the easy and loyal execution of the Preliminary Treaty of Peace, signed at Versailles between the Empire of Germany and France, on the 26th February last (No. 438), and to remove any possibility of a conflict between

* See Preliminaries of Peace of 26th February, 1871, Art. VIII.

16 March, 1871.] FRANCE AND GERMANY.

[No. 442

[Peace.]

the German Army and the French Population, have agreed upon the following dispositions:

ARTS. I to VI (see Table).

Done at Rouen, 16th March, 1871.

(L.S.) FABRICE.

(LS.) POUYER-QUERTIER.

(L.S.) N. DE RING. (L.S.) FOURNIER.

[A Convention was signed on the same day relative to the payment of Taxes in arrear.]

[German Constitution.]

No. 443.—LAW of the Emperor of Germany, respecting the Constitution of the Empire. Berlin, 16th April, 1871.

(Translation.)

Reference to the Constitution of the North German Confederation and to the Treaties with Bavaria and Wurtemberg of 23rd and 25th November, 1870.

WE, William, by the Grace of God, German Emperor, King of Prussia, &c., do hereby order, in the name of the German Empire, by and with the consent of the Council of the Confederation and of the Imperial Diet, as follows:

§ 1. In the place of the Constitution of the German Confederation, agreed to between the North German Confederation, and the Grand Duchies of Baden and Hesse, as well as of the Treaties of 23rd and 25th November, 1870,* concluded with the Kingdoms of Bavaria and Wurtemberg respecting the adhesion to that Constitution, is substituted the annexed,

Constitution for the German Empire (No. 444).

§ 2. The stipulations in Article LXXX of the Constitution of the German Confederation (No. 407) mentioned in § 1; under III § 8 of the Treaty with Bavaria of 23rd November, 1870; in Article II, No. 6 of the Treaty with Wurtemberg of 25th November, 1870, respecting the introduction into those States of the Laws issued in the North German Confederation, remain in force.

The laws specified there are Laws of the Empire. Where the North German Confederation, its Constitution, Territories, Members, or States, Birthright, Constitutional Organs, Subjects, Officials, Flag, &c., are spoken of therein, the German Empire and its corresponding relations are to be understood.

The same is valid for those Laws enacted in the North German Confederation, which may hereafter be introduced into one of the said States.

§ 3. The arrangements in the Protocol adopted at Versailles on the 15th November, 1870; in the transaction at Berlin on the 25th November, 1870; in the final Protocol of 23rd November, 1870; as well as under Article IV of the Treaty with Bavaria of 23rd November, 1870, are not affected by this Law.

Given under our Imperial Signature, and sealed with our Imperial Seal.

Done at Berlin, the 16th of April, 1871.

(L.S.) WILLIAM. PRINCE V. BISMARCK.

[German Constitution.]

No. 444.—CONSTITUTION of the German Empire. Berlin, 16th April, 1871.*

```
TABLE.
ABT.
   Preamble.
1. Territory of the Confederation.
   Legislature of the Empire.
    Council of the Confederation. Committee for Foreign Affairs.
10.
     The Presidency. King of Prussia, German Emperor. Right to declare
11 1
       War; to make Peace; to conclude Treaties with Foreign Powers,
       and to send and receive Ambassadors.
19. ]
    Imperial Diet.
to
32. ]
83
    Customs and Commercial Affairs.
to
40.
41
     Railway Affairs.
47.
48
    Postal and Telegraph Affairs.
52.
53
    Shipping and Navigation.
55. ]
56. Consular Service.
    Military Affairs of the Empire. Final Stipulations to Section XI.
to
68.
69
     Finances of the Empire. Final Stipulation to Section XII.
to
     Settlement of Differences and Penal Stipulations.
78. General Stipulations.
```

(Translation.)

His Majesty the King of Prussia in the name of the North German Confederation, His Majesty the King of Bavaria, His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse and by Rhine, for those parts of the Grand Duchy of

Hesse which are south of the river Maine, conclude an everlasting Confederation for the protection of the Territory of the Confederation and the rights thereof, as well as to care for the welfare of the German people. This Confederation will bear the name "German Empire," and is to have the following

CONSTITUTION.

1. Territory of the Confederation.

ART. I. The Territory of the Confederation is comprised of the States of Prussia with Lauenburg, Bavaria, Saxony, Wurtemberg, Baden, Hesse, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Saxe-Weimar, Mecklenburg-Strelitz, Oldenburg, Brunswick, Saxe-Meiningen, Saxe-Altenburg, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Anhalt, Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt, Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, Waldeck, Reuss Elder Line, Reuss Younger Line, Schaumburg-Lippe, Lippe, Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburg.

II. Legislature of the Empire.

ART. II. Within this Confederate Territory the Empire exercises the right of legislation according to the tenor of this Constitution, and with the effect that the Imperial laws take precedence of the laws of the States. The Imperial laws receive their binding power by their publication in the name of the Empire, which takes place by means of an Imperial Law Gazette. If the date of its first coming into force is not otherwise fixed in the published law, it comes into force on the 14th day after the close of the day on which the part of the Imperial Law Gazette which contains it is published at Berlin.

ART. III. For entire Germany one common nationality exists with the effect, that every person (subject, State-citizen) belonging to any one of the Confederated States is to be treated in every other of the Confederated States as a born native, and accordingly must be permitted to have a fixed dwelling, to trade, to be appointed to public offices, to acquire real estate property, to obtain the rights of a State-citizen, and to enjoy all other civil rights under the same presuppositions as the natives, and likewise is to be treated equally with regard to legal prosecution or legal protection.

No German may be restricted from the exercise of this right

by the authorities of his own State or by the authorities of any of the other Confederated States.

Those regulations which have reference to the care of the poor, and their admission into local parishes are not affected by the principles set down in the first paragraph.

Until further notice the Treaties likewise remain in force which have been entered into by the particular States of the Confederation regarding the reception of persons expelled, the care of sick persons, and the burial of deceased persons belonging to the States.

What is needful for the fulfilment of military duty in regard to the native country will be ordered by the way of Imperial legislation.

Every German has the same claim to the protection of the Empire with regard to foreign nations.

ART. IV. The following affairs are subject to the superintendence and legislation of the Empire:

- 1. The regulations as to freedom of translocation, domicile, and settlement affairs, right of citizenship, passport and police regulations for strangers, and as to transacting business including insurance affairs, in so far as these objects are not already provided for by Article III of this Constitution. In Bavaria, however, the domicile and settlement affairs, and likewise the affairs of colonisation and emigration to foreign countries are herefrom excluded;
- 2. The customs and commercial legislation, and the taxes which are to be applied to the requirements of the Empire;
- 3. The regulation of the system of the coinage, weights, and measures, likewise the establishment of the principles for the issue of funded and unfunded paper money;
 - 4. The general regulations as to banking;
 - 5. The granting of patents for inventions;
 - 6. The protection of intellectual property;
- 7. The organisation of the common protection of German commerce in foreign countries, of German vessels and their flags at sea, and the arrangement of a common Consular representation, which is to be salaried by the Empire;
- 8. Railway affairs,—excepting in Bavaria the arrangements in Article XLVI,—and the construction of land and water communications for the defence of the country and for the general intercourse;

- 9. The rafting and navigation affairs on waterways belonging in common to several of the States, and the condition of the waterways, and likewise the river or other water dues;
- 10. Postal and telegraph affairs; in Bavaria and Wurtemberg, however, only with reference to the provisions of Article LII;
- 11. Regulations as to the reciprocal execution of judgments in civil affairs and the settlement of requisitions in general;
 - 12. Likewise as to the verification of public documents;
- 13. The general legislation as to obligatory rights, penal law, commercial and bill-of-exchange laws, and judicial procedure;
 - 14. The military and naval affairs of the Empire;
 - 15. The measures of medicinal and veterinary police;
 - 16. The regulations for the press and for union societies.

ART. V. The Legislation of the Empire is carried on by the council of the Confederation and the Imperial Diet. The accordance of the majority of votes in both Assemblies is necessary and sufficient for a law of the Empire.

In projects of law on military affairs, on naval affairs, and on the taxes mentioned in Article XXXV, the President has the casting vote in cases where there is a difference of opinion, if his vote is in favour of the maintenance of the existing arrangements.

III. Council of the Confederation. Committee for Foreign Affairs.

ART. VI. The Council of the Confederation consists of the Representatives of the Members of the Confederation, amongst which the votes are divided in such a manner that Prussia has, with the former votes of Hanover, Electoral Hesse, Holstein, Nassau, and Frankfort,

	-					17 votes.			
Bavaria	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	6			
Saxony	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	4.			
Wurtembe	rg	• •	• •	• •	• •	4			
Baden	• •		• •	• •		3			
Hesse	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	3			
Mecklenbu	irg-Scl	werin	• • -	• •	• •	2			
Saxe-Weir	nar	• •	• •	• •	• •	1			
Mecklenburg-Strelitz						1			
Oldenburg	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1			
Brunswick	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	2			
Saxe-Mein	ingen	• •	• •	• •	• •	1			
1933									

Saxe-Altenburg	• •	• •	• •	1 vote.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	• •	• •	• •	1
Anhalt	• •	• •	• •	1
Schwarzburg-Rudolsta	• •	• •	1	
Schwarzburg-Sondersh	• •	• •	1	
Waldeck	• •	• •	• •	1
Reuss Elder Line	• •	• •		1
Reuss Younger Line	• •	• •	• •	1
Schaumburg-Lippe	• •	• •	1	
Lippe	• •	• •	• •	1
Lubeck	• •	• •	• •	1
Bremen	• •	• •	• •	1
Hamburg	• •	• •	• •	1
_				_

Total 58 votes.

Each member of the Confederation can nominate as many Plenipotentiaries to the Council of the Confederation as it has votes; but the totality of such votes can only be given in one sense.

ART. VII. The Council of the Confederation determines:

- 1. What Bills are to be brought before the Imperial Diet, and on the resolutions passed by the same;
- 2. As to the administrative measures and arrangements necessary for the general execution of the Imperial Legislation, in so far as no other Imperial law has decreed to the contrary;
- 8. As to defects which have made themselves manifest in the execution of the Imperial laws or the above-mentioned measures and arrangements.

Every member of the Confederation has the right to propose Bills and to recommend them, and the Presidency is bound to bring them under debate.

The decisions take place by simple majority, with the reservation of the stipulations in the Articles V, XXXVII, and LXXVIII. Non-represented votes or votes without instructions, are not counted. In equal divisions the Presidential is the casting vote.

In decisions upon affairs, wherein according to the rules of this Constitution, the whole Empire has not a common interest, only the votes of those Confederated States are counted which are interested in common.

ART. VIII. The Council of the Confederation forms permanent Committees from its own members;

- 1. For the land army and fortresses.
- 2. For naval affairs.
- 3. For customs and taxes.
- 4. For commerce and intercourse.
- 5. For railways, post, and telegraphs.
- 6. For affairs of justice.
- 7. For finances.

In each of these Committees, besides the Presidency, at least 4 of the Confederated States will be represented, and in the same each State only has one vote. In the Committee for the land army and fortresses, Bavaria has a perpetual seat, the other members thereof as well as the members for the Naval Committee are nominated by the Emperor; the members of the other Committees are elected by the Council of the Confederation. The composition of these Committees is to be renewed for every session of the Council of the Confederation or respectively every year, when the outgoing members may be re-elected.

Besides these in the Council of the Confederation a Committee for Foreign Affairs will be formed, comprised of the Representatives of the Kingdoms of Bavaria, Saxony, and Wurtemberg, and of two other Representatives of other Confederated States, who will be yearly elected by the Council of the Confederation, in which Committee Bavaria will occupy the chair.

. The necessary officials will be placed at the disposal of these Committees.

ART. IX. Every member of the Council of the Confederation has the right to appear in the Imperial Diet, and must at his desire at all times be heard, in order to represent the views of his Government, even when these views have not been adopted by the majority of the Council of the Confederation. No one may at the same time be a member of the Council of the Confederation and of the Imperial Diet.

ART. X. The Emperor is bound to afford the usual diplomatic protection to the members of the Council of the Confederation.

IV. The Presidency. King of Prussia, German Emperor. Right to Declare War; to make Peace; to conclude Treaties with Foreign Powers, and to send and receive Ambassadors.

ART. XI. The Presidency of the Confederation belongs to the King of Prussia, who bears the name of German Emperor. The

Emperor has to represent the Empire internationally, to declare war, and to conclude peace in the name of the Empire, to enter into alliances and other Treaties with Foreign Powers, to accredit and to receive Ambassadors.

The consent of the Council of the Confederation is necessary for the declaration of war in the name of the Empire, unless an attack on the territory or the coast of the Confederation has taken place.

In so far as Treaties with Foreign States have reference to affairs which according to Article IV, belong to the jurisdiction of the Imperial Legislation, the consent of the Council of the Confederation is requisite for their conclusion, and the sanction of the Imperial Diet for their coming into force.

ART. XII. The Emperor has the right to summon, to open, to prorogue, and to close both the Council of the Confederation and the Imperial Diet.

ART. XIII. The summoning of the Council of the Confederation, and of the Imperial Diet, takes place once each year, and the Council of the Confederation can be called together for preparation of business without the Imperial Diet being likewise summoned, whereas the latter cannot be summoned without the Council of the Confederation.

ART. XIV. The Council of the Confederation must be summoned whenever one-third of the votes require it.

ART. XV. The presidency in the Council of the Confederation and the direction of the business belongs to the Chancellor of the Empire, who is to be appointed by the Emperor.

The Chancellor of the Empire can be represented, on his giving written information thereof, by any other member of the Council of the Confederation.

ART. XVI. The requisite motions, in accordance with the votes of the Council of the Confederation will be brought before the Imperial Diet in the name of the Emperor, where they will be supported by members of the Council of the Confederation, or by particular Commissioners nominated by the latter.

ART. XVII. The expedition and proclamation of the laws of the Empire, and the care of their execution, belongs to the Emperor. The Orders and Decrees of the Emperor are issued in the name of the Empire and require for their validity the countersignature of the Chancellor of the Empire, who thereby undertakes the responsibility.

ART. XVIII. The Emperor nominates the Imperial officials, causes them to be sworn for the Empire, and, when necessary, decrees their dismissal.

The officials of any State of the Confederation, when appointed to any Imperial office, are entitled to the same rights with respect to the Empire, as they would enjoy from their official position in their own country, excepting in such cases as have otherwise been provided for by the Imperial Legislation before their entrance into the Imperial service.

ART. XIX. Whenever members of the Confederation do not fulfil their Constitutional duties towards the Confederation, they may be constrained to do so by way of execution. Such execution must be decreed by the Council of the Confederation, and be carried out by the Emperor.

V. Imperial Diet.

ART. XX. The Imperial Diet is elected by universal and direct election with secret votes.

Until the legal arrangement reserved in § 5 of the Election Laws of 31st May, 1869 ("Federal Law Gazette," 1869, page 145), has been made, there are to be elected—in Bavaria, 48; in Wurtemberg, 17; in Baden, 14; Hesse, south of the Maine, 6 members, and the total number of the members consists, therefore, of 382.

ART. XXI. Officials do not require any leave of absence on entering into the Imperial Diet.

If any member of the Imperial Diet accepts of any salaried appointment of the Empire, or of any State of the Confederation, or enters into any Imperial or State office to which a higher rank, or higher salary is attached, he loses his seat and service in the Diet, and can only regain his position in the same by re-election.

ART. XXII. The proceedings of the Imperial Diet are public.

Accurate reports of the proceedings in the public sittings of the Imperial Diet are free from any responsibility.

ART. XXIII. The Imperial Diet has the right to propose laws within the competency of the Empire, and to forward Petitions which have been addressed to it to the Council of the Confederation, or to the Chancellor of the Empire.

ART. XXIV. The Legislative Period of the Imperial Diet is 3 years. For a Dissolution of the Imperial Diet within this time, a

Resolution of the Council of the Confederation, with the Assent of the Emperor, is requisite.

ART. XXV. In case of a Dissolution of the Imperial Diet, the Meeting of the Electors must be called within a period of 60 days after such dissolution, and within a period of 90 days the Imperial Diet must be summoned.

ART. XXVI. Without the assent of the Imperial Diet the Prorogation of the same may not be extended over 30 days, and it can never be repeated during the same session.

ART. XXVII. The Imperial Diet scrutinises the legality of the credentials of its Members, and decides thereon. It regulates its own method of business and discipline by a business-order, and elects its President, Vice-Presidents, and Secretaries.

ART. XXVIII. The Imperial Diet decides by absolute Majority of Votes. The presence of a majority of the legal number of the members is necessary for the validity of a resolution.

In Voting on a matter which, according to the stipulations of this Constitution, is not common to the whole Empire, only the votes of those members will be counted who have been elected in those Confederate States to which the matter is common.

ART. XXIX. The Members of the Imperial Diet are Representatives of the entire people, and are not bound by orders and instructions.

ART. XXX. No Member of the Imperial Diet can at any time be proceeded against, either judicially or by way of discipline, on account of his votes, or for expressions made use of in the exercise of his functions, nor can he be made responsible in any other way out of the Assembly.

ART. XXXI. Without the assent of the Imperial Diet, no Member of the same may be placed under examination or Arrested during the period of the Session for any deed subject to punishment, except when taken in the fact, or in the course of the following day.

The same assent is needful in arrest for debt.

At the requisition of the Imperial Diet, every correctional procedure against a Member of the same, and all investigations or civil arrests must be relinquished for the duration of the period of the Session.

ART. XXXII. The Members of the Imperial Diet must not receive any Salary or Indemnification in that capacity.

VI. Customs and Commercial Affairs.

ART. XXXIII. Germany forms one Customs and Commercial Territory, encircled by a common Customs frontier. Those separate parts of Territory are excluded which, from their position, are not adapted for inclusion in the Customs frontier.

All articles of free trade in any one of the States of the Confederation may be introduced into any other State of the Confederation, and can only be subjected to a duty in the latter in so far as similar articles produced in that State are subject to a home duty.

ART. XXXIV. The Hanseatic towns Bremen and Hamburgh, with so much of their own or of the adjacent Territory as may be needful for the purpose, remain as free ports outside the common Customs frontier until they apply to be admitted therein.

ART. XXXV. The Empire has the sole right of Legislation in all Custom-house affairs, in the taxation of Salt and Tobacco produced in the Territories of the Confederation, Beer, and Spirit, and Sugar, and Syrup, or other home productions made from beetroot, in the reciprocal protection of consumption duties raised in the separate States of the Confederation against defraudations, as well as in such measures as the Customs Committees may find requisite for the security of the common Customs frontier.

In Bavaria, Wurtemberg, and Baden, the Taxation of the native Spirit and Beer remains for the present subject to the laws of the land. But the States of the Confederation will direct their efforts to bring about an assimilation in the taxation of these articles likewise.

ART. XXXVI. The Collection and Administration of the Duties and Consumption Taxes (Article XXXV) remain in the hands of each State of the Confederation, within its own Territory, in so far as they have hitherto been so.

The Emperor watches over the observance of the legal procedure through Imperial officials, whom he attaches to the Customs or Excise offices, and to the directing authorities of the separate States, according to the advice of the Committee of the Council of the Confederation for Customs and Excise affairs.

Information given by these officials as to defects in the execution of the common legislation (Article XXXV) will be laid before the Council of the Confederation for decision.

ART. XXXVII. In decisions relative to the administrative in-1939

structions and arrangements (Article XXXV) for the execution of the common legislation, the Presidency has the casting vote, when it is given for the continuance of the existing instruction or arrangement.

ART. XXXVIII. The revenue from the Duties or other Taxes mentioned in Article XXXV, the latter in so far as they are subject to the Imperial legislation, flows into the Imperial Treasury.

This revenue consists of the whole income arising from the duties and other taxes after the deduction of:

- 1. The tax-compensations and abatements according to the laws or the general administrative regulations.
 - 2. The repayments for incorrect levies.
 - 8. The expenses of collection and administration as follows:
- a. For the Customs, the expenses which are requisite for the protection and the collection of the duties in that part of the frontiers situated towards foreign countries and in the border district.
- b. For the Salt Tax, the expenses which are incurred for the salaries of the officials who are employed in the salt works to collect and control that tax.
- c. For the Beet-sugar and Tobacco Tax, the compensation which, according to the decisions of the Council of the Confederation from time to time, has to be made to the several Federal Governments for the expenses incurred in the administration of these taxes.
 - d. For the other duties 15 per cent. of the total income.

The Territories situated outside the common Customs frontier pay an agreed sum towards defraying the expenses of the Empire.

Bavaria, Wurtemberg, and Baden, do not participate in the income flowing into the Imperial Treasury from the taxes on spirits and beer, nor in the corresponding part of the abovementioned agreed payment.

ART. XXXIX. The Quarterly extracts which are to be made at the end of each quarter of the year by the collecting authorities of the Federal States, and the final statements to be made at the end of the year and the close of the books, on the income from duties and from consumption dues flowing into the Imperial Treasury according to Article XXXVIII, falling due during the quarter, or during the financial year, are to be collected into chief summaries, after previous examination, by the directing authori-

ties of the Federal States, and therein each duty is to be separately shown; these summaries are to be sent in to the Committee of the Council of the Confederation for financial affairs.

On the basis of these summaries the said Committee makes out preliminarily every 3 months the amount due from the Treasury of each State of the Confederation, to the Imperial Treasury, and communicates these amounts to the Council of the Confederation, and to the States of the Confederation; it also presents the final statement of these amounts every year, with remarks, to the Council of the Confederation. The Council of the Confederation decides on this statement.

ART. XL. The stipulations in the Zollverein Treaty of 8th July, 1867, remain in force in so far as they have not been altered by the provisions of this Constitution, and so long as they are not altered in the way pointed out in Article VII, or Article LXXVII.

VII. Railway Affairs.

ART. XLI. Railways which are considered necessary for the defence of Germany, or for the sake of the common intercourse, may, by virtue of an Imperial law, even against the opposition of the members of the Confederation whose Territory is intersected by the Railways, but without prejudice to the prerogatives of the country, be constructed on account of the Empire, or concessions to execute the works may be granted to private contractors, with the right of expropriation.

Every existing Railway board of direction is bound to consent to the junction of newly-constructed Railways at the expense of the latter.

The legal enactments which have granted a right of denial to existing Railway undertakings against the construction of parallel or competing lines are hereby, without prejudice to rights already gained, repealed for the entire Empire. Nor can such a right of denial be ever granted again in concessions to be issued hereafter.

ART. XLII. The Governments of the Confederation bind themselves to manage the German Railways as a uniform network in the interest of the common intercourse, and likewise for this purpose to have all new Railways which are to be made, constructed, and fitted up according to uniform rules.

ART. XLIII. For this purpose corresponding working arrange-

ments are to be adopted with all possible despatch, particularly with regard to Railway Police Regulations. The Empire has likewise to take heed that the Railway Boards keep the lines at all times in such a state of repair as to insure safety, and that they provide them with the working material necessary for the traffic.

ART. XLIV. The Railway Boards are bound to introduce the necessary Passenger Trains of the proper speed for the through traffic, and for the arrangement of corresponding journeys, also the requisite trains to provide for the goods traffic; likewise, to arrange direct expeditions for passengers and goods traffic, with permission for conveying the means of transport from one line to the other for the usual payments.

ART. XLV. The Empire exercises the control over the Tariffs, and will especially operate to the end:

- 1. That working regulations, in conformity with each other, be introduced as soon as possible on all German railroads;
- 2. That the greatest possible equalisation and reduction of the tariffs shall take place, and particularly for greater distances an abatement of the tariffs for the transport of coals, coke, timber, ores, stones, salt, raw iron, manures, and similar articles, so as to be more in proportion to the necessities of agriculture and industry, and that the one pfennig tariff may be introduced as speedily as possible.

ART. XLVI. In times of distress, particularly when an unusual dearth of the necessaries of life occurs, the railway boards are bound to introduce a lower special tariff for the transport of grain, meal, pulse, and potatoes, temporarily, according to the necessity, as will be determined by the Emperor on the proposal of the respective committee of the Council of the Confederation, which tariff, however, must not be lower than the lowest rate already existing for raw produce on the respective line.

The above, as well as the stipulations made in the Articles XLII to XLV, are not applicable to Bavaria.

But the Empire has the right in regard to Bavaria likewise to lay down, by way of legislation, uniform rules for the construction and fitting up of the railways which are of importance for the defence of the country.

ART. XLVII. The requisitions of the authorities of the Empire relative to making use of the railways for the purpose of the defence of Germany, must be obeyed without question by all the

railway boards. In particular, the military and all materials of war are to be conveyed at equally reduced rates.

VIII. Postal and Telegraph Affairs.

ART. XLVIII. The postal and telegraph affairs will be arranged and administered for the entire German Empire as uniform institutions for State intercourse.

The legislation of the Empire in postal and telegraphic affairs, as provided in Article IV, does not extend to those objects, the regulation of which, according to the principles which govern the North German Postal and Telegraph Administration, has been left to definitive rules or administrative directions.

ART. XLIX. The revenues of the postal and telegraphic service are in common for the entire Empire. The expenses will be defrayed from the common revenues. The surpluses flow into the Imperial Treasury (Section XII).

ART. L. The chief direction of the postal and telegraphic administration belongs to the Emperor. The officials appointed by him have the duty and the right to take care that uniformity in the organisation of the administration and in carrying on the service, as well as in the qualification of the officials, be introduced and maintained.

The issue of definitive rules and general administrative directions, as well as the sole care of the relations with other postal and telegraphic offices, belongs to the Emperor.

All the officials of the postal and telegraph administration are bound to obey the Imperial directions. This duty is to be recorded in the oath of service.

The appointment of the requisite principal officials for the administrative authorities of the post and telegraphic service in the various districts (such as directors, counsellors, chief inspectors), likewise the appointment of the officials acting as the organs of the before-mentioned functionaries, in the service of supervision, &c., in the separate districts (such as inspectors, controllers), proceeds, for the whole territory of the German Empire, from the Emperor, to whom these officials render the oath of service. Timely notice of the appointments in question, for the governmental approbation and publication, will be given to the Governments of the several States, so far as their territory is thereby concerned

The other officials necessary for the post and telegraphic service, as well as all those required for the local or technical business, therefore the officials, &c., acting at the actual places of business, will be appointed by the respective State Governments.

Where there is no independent State post or telegraph administration, the provisions of the special Treaties form the rule.

ART. LI. In making over the balance of the postal administration for general Imperial purposes (Article XLIX), in consideration of the previous difference in the net incomes obtained by the State postal administrations of the separate territories, the following proceeding is to be observed for the purpose of a corresponding arrangement during the undermentioned period of transition.

From the postal balances which have accrued in the separate postal districts during the 5 years, 1861 to 1865, an average yearly balance will be calculated, and the share which each separate postal district has had in the postal balance thus shown for the whole territory of the Empire, will be fixed according to per centages.

According to the proportion ascertained in this manner, the separate States will be credited for the next 8 years after their entrance into the postal administration of the Empire, with such quotas as accrue to them from the postal balances produced in the Empire, in account with their other contributions for Imperial purposes.

At the expiration of the 8 years all distinctions cease, and the postal balances will flow in undivided account into the Imperial Treasury, according to the principle set forth in Article XLIX.

From the quotas of the postal surplus thus ascertained during the before-mentioned 8 years for the Hanseatic towns, one-half will be placed beforehand every year at the disposal of the Emperor, for the purpose, in the first place, of paying therefrom the expenses for the establishment of normal postal institutions in the Hanseatic towns.

ART. LII. The stipulations in the foregoing Articles XLVIII to LI have no application to Bavaria and Wurtemberg. In their place the following stipulations are in force for those two States of the Confederation:

To the Empire alone belongs the legislation as to the postal

and telegraph privileges, as to the legal relations between both institutions and the public, as to exemptions from postage and rates of postage, exclusively, however, of the rules and tariff regulations for the home circulation of Bavaria, and of Wurtemberg respectively, likewise under similar reservation the settlement of the fees for telegraphic correspondence.

In the same manner the regulation of the postal and telegraph intercourse with foreign countries belongs to the Empire, excepting the direct intercourse of Bavaria and of Wurtemberg themselves with the neighbouring States which do not belong to the Empire, the regulations as to which remain as stipulated in Article XLIX of the Postal Treaty of 23rd November, 1867.

Bavaria and Wurtemberg do not participate in the income flowing into the Imperial Treasury from the postal and telegraph service.

IX. Shipping and Navigation.

ART. LIII. The war navy of the Empire is one united navy under the chief command of the Emperor. The organisation and composition thereof is the business of the Emperor, who appoints the Naval officers and officials, and into whose service they and the men are to be sworn.

The Harbour of Kiel and that of Jahde are Imperial military harbours.

The necessary expenses for the establishment and maintenance of the war fleet, and the institutions in connection therewith, are paid from the Treasury of the Empire.

The whole of the maritime population of the Empire, including engineers and shipwrights, are free from service in the land army, but on the other hand, are bound to serve in the Imperial Navy.

The apportionment of the recruits is arranged according to the number of the maritime population, and the quota which each State thus contributes is deducted from the contingent to the land army.

ART. LIV. The merchant vessels of all the States of the Confederation form one undivided commercial navy.

The Empire has to determine the method of ascertaining the burden of 'sea-going vessels, to grant bills of admeasurement, as well as to regulate the ship-certificates, and to determine the conditions upon which the permission to command a sea-going vessel depends.

The commercial ships of all the States of the Confederation will be admitted and treated on equal terms in the sea harbours, and in all the natural and artificial waterways of the separate States of the Confederation. The dues to be levied in the sea ports from sea-going vessels or their cargoes for using the navigation appliances, must not exceed the expenses which are requisite for the maintenance and ordinary repairs of those appliances.

On all natural waterways dues may only be levied for the use of such appliances as are especially intended for the furtherance of traffic. These dues, as well as the dues payable for making use of such artificial waterways as are State property, must not exceed the expenses which are requisite for the maintenance and ordinary repairs of such erections and works. These regulations are also applicable to floatage so far as it takes place on navigable waterways.

The imposition of other or higher dues on foreign ships, or their cargoes, than those paid by the ships of the Federal States does not belong to any single State, but solely to the Empire.

ART. LV. The Flag of the navy and of the merchant-shipping is black, white, and red.

X. Consular Service.

ART. LVI. The whole of the Consular service of the German Empire is under the superintendence of the Emperor, who appoints the Consuls after consultation with the Committee of the Council of the Confederation for Commerce and Traffic.

Within the official district of the German Consuls no new Consulates for separate States may be erected. The German Consuls exercise the functions of a national Consul for any State of the Confederation, not represented in their district. The whole of the existing Consulates for separate States are to be abolished as soon as the organisation of the German Consulates is so completed, that the representation of the interests of all the States of the Confederation is recognised by the Council of the Confederation as secured by the German Consulates.

XI. Military Affairs of the Empire.

ART. LVII. Every German is liable to military service, and cannot have that service performed by substitute,

ART. LVIII. The expenses and burdens of the whole of the military affairs of the Empire are to be borne equally by all of the States of the Confederation and those belonging to them, so that no preferences, or overburdening of any single States or classes, are in principle admissible. Where an equal division of the burdens is not practicable in natura, without prejudice to the public welfare, the matter is to be arranged on the principles of equity by means of legislation.

ART. LIX. Every German capable of service belongs for 7 years to the standing army, as a rule from the completion of the 20th to the commencement of the 28th year of his age; that is, for the first 3 of these years with the standards, and for the last 4 years in the reserve; then for the following 5 years of his life to the Landwehr. In those States of the Confederation wherein hitherto a longer period than 12 years of service altogether has been legal, the gradual reduction of such service can only take place in so far as regard for the readiness for war of the Imperial army permits it.

With respect to the emigration of the reserve men only those regulations are to be applied which are in force for the emigration of the Landwehr men.

ART. LX. The effective strength of the German army in peace is fixed till the 31st December, 1871, at one per cent. of the population of the year 1867, and the separate States of the Confederation supply it pro rata thereof. Subsequently the effective strength of the army in peace will be determined by Imperial legislation.

ART. LXI. After the publication of this Constitution the whole Prussian Military Code of Laws is to be introduced throughout the Empire without delay, both the laws themselves and the regulations, instructions, and rescripts issued for the explanation and completion thereof, especially therefore the Military Penal Code of the 3rd April, 1845, the Military Court-martial Regulations of the 3rd April, 1845; the Ordinance upon Courts of Honour of the 20th July, 1843; the regulations upon recruiting, time of service, allowance and maintenance affairs, billeting, compensations for damages to agriculture, mobilisation, &c., for war and peace. The military Church ritual is, however, excluded.

After the uniform war organisation of the German army has been effected, a comprehensive Military Law for the Empire will be laid before the Imperial Diet and the Council of the Confederation for their constitutional decision.

ART. LXII. To cover the outlay necessary for the entire German army, and the arrangements appertaining thereunto until the 31st December, 1871, there are yearly to be placed at the disposal of the Emperor, as many times 225 thalers, in words two hundred and twenty-five thalers, as the poll-number of the peace strength of the army amounts to, according to Article LX. See Section XII.

After the 31st December, 1871, these contributions must continue to be paid to the Imperial Treasury by each State of the Confederation. For the calculation thereof the effective strength in peace, as provisionally settled in Article LX, will be taken as the basis until it is altered by an Imperial law.

The expenditure of this sum for the entire Imperial Army and its arrangements will be determined on by the Estimate Law.

In settling the estimates of the military expenses, the legal organisation of the Imperial army, as laid down in this Constitution, will be taken as the basis.

ART. LXIII. The entire land force of the Empire will form a single army, which in war and peace is under the command of the Emperor.

The regiments, &c., bear running numbers for the entire German Army. For their clothing, the ground colours and fashion of the Royal Prussian army are to be the model. It is left to the chiefs of the respective contingents to determine the external marks of distinction (cockades, &c.).

It is the duty and the right of the Emperor to take care that all the divisions of troops within the German army are numerically complete and effective for war, and that unity in the organisation and formation, in the armament and command, in the training of the men, as well as in the qualifications of the officers, be established and maintained. For this purpose the Emperor has the right to convince himself of the condition of the separate contingents at all times by inspection, and to order the reformation of any defects thereby discovered.

The Emperor determines the effective strength, the division and arrangement of the contingents of the Imperial army, as well as the organisation of the Landwehr, he also has the right of determining the garrisons within the territories of the Confederation, and to order the embodiment of any part of the Imperial army in a state of preparation for war.

For the purpose of keeping up the indispensable uniformity in 1948

the administration, maintenance, armament, and equipment of all the divisions of troops of the German army, the orders issued thereon in future for the Prussian army will be communicated in a suitable manner, through the Committee for the Land Army and Fortresses mentioned in Article VIII, No. 1, to the commanders of the other contingents for observance.

ART. LXIV. All German troops are bound to obey the commands of the Emperor unconditionally. This duty is to be specified in the Banner-oath.

The Commander-in-Chief of a contingent, likewise all officers who command Troops of more than one contingent, and all commanders of Fortresses are appointed by the Emperor. The officers appointed by the Emperor take the Banner-oath to him. The appointments of Generals and officers acting as Generals within the contingents are at all times subject to the approbation of the Emperor.

The Emperor has the right, for purposes of transposition, with or without promotion, to select for such appointments as are to be made by him in the Imperial service, whether in the Prussian Army or in other contingents, from the officers of all the contingents of the Imperial Army.

ART. LXV. The right of erecting Fortresses within the Territories of the Confederation belongs to the Emperor, who proposes, according to Section XII, the grant of the necessary means for the purpose, in so far as they are not provided for in the ordinary Estimates.

ART. LXVI. Where nothing to the contrary is stipulated by particular Conventions, the Sovereigns of the Confederation, or the Senates, appoint the Officers of their Contingents, subject to the restriction of Article LXIV. They are the chiefs of all the divisions of troops belonging to their Territories, and enjoy the honours connected therewith. They have especially the right of inspection at all times, and receive, besides the regular reports and announcements of alterations which take place, timely information, for the purpose of Governmental publication, of all promotions or nominations among the respective divisions of the Troops.

Likewise, they have the right to make use, for purposes of Police, not only of their own Troops, but also to make requisition for any other division of Troops of the Imperial Army which may be located in their Territories.

ART. LXVII. Savings from the Military Estimate do not belong under any circumstances to a single Government, but at all times to the Imperial Treasury.

ART. LXVIII. The Emperor may, when the public safety is threatened in the Territories of the Confederation, declare any part thereof to be in a State of War. Until the promulgation of an Imperial law, which will regulate the premisses, the form of publication, and the effects of such a Declaration, the rules of the Prussian law of 4th June, 1851, remain in force. (Collection of Laws for 1851, page 451, § seq.)

Final Stipulation to Section XI.

The provisions contained in this section come into force in Bavaria according to the special stipulations of the Treaty of Confederation of 23rd November, 1870 ("Federal Law Gazette," 1871, page 9), under III, \$ 5, and in Wurtemberg, according to the special stipulations of the Military Convention of 21st November, 1870. ("Federal Law Gazette," 1870, page 658.)

XII. Finances of the Empire.

ART. LXIX. All the Receipts and Disbursements of the Empire must be estimated for each year, and be brought into the Imperial Estimates. These are to be fixed by a law before the beginning of the financial year, according to the following principles.

ART. LXX. To provide for all common expenses, any balances of the preceding year are first of all employed, and likewise the common Revenues derived from the Duties, the common Consumption Taxes, and from the Postal and Telegraph Services. In so far as they cannot be provided for by these Revenues, they are, as long as Imperial Taxes are not introduced, to be met by contributions from the single States of the Confederation, in proportion to their population, which contributions to the amount estimated in the Budget will be estimated by the Chancellor of the Empire.

ART. LXXI. The common Disbursements are, as a rule, voted for one year; they may, however, in particular cases, be voted for a longer period.

During the time of transition mentioned in Article LX, the 1950

Estimates of Expenditure for the Army, arranged under heads, are to be laid before the Council of the Confederation and the Imperial Diet only for their information and remembrance.

ART. LXXII. The Chancellor of the Empire is to give account yearly to the Council of the Confederation and to the Imperial Diet of the application of all the incomes of the Empire, for discharge of responsibility.

ART. LXXIII. In cases of extraordinary requirements, the Contracting of a Loan, also the undertaking of a Guarantee on account of the Empire, may take place in the way of Imperial legislation.

Final Stipulation to Section XII.

To the Expenditure for the Bavarian Army, Articles LXIX and LXXI are only applicable in conformity with the stipulations of the Treaty of 23rd November, 1870, mentioned in the final stipulation to Section XI and Article LXXII, only so far that the assignment to Bavaria of the sums necessary for the Bavarian Army is to be notified to the Council of the Confederation and to the Imperial Diet.

XIII. Settlement of Differences and Penal Stipulations.

ART. LXXIV. Every undertaking against the existence, the integrity, the safety, or the Constitution of the German Empire; finally, insulting the Council of the Confederation or the Imperial Diet, or a member of the Council of the Confederation or of the Imperial Diet, or any authority, or a public functionary of the Empire, whilst in the exercise of their vocation, or in reference to their vocation, by word, in writing, printing, drawing, figurative, or other representation, will be sentenced and punished in the separate States of the Confederation, according to the existing law, or the laws which may in future be enacted there, in pursuance of which a similar offence committed against that separate State of the Confederation, its Constitution, its Chambers, or Diet, the members of its Chambers or Diet, its authorities or functionaries, would be punished.

ART. LXXV. For those undertakings against the German Empire, mentioned in Article LXXIV, which, if they had been undertaken against one of the separate States of the Confederation, would be qualified as High Treason, or Treason against the

Country, the Common Upper Court of Appeal of the three Free and Hanseatic Towns, at Lubeck, is the competent deciding authority in first and last instance.

The special regulations as to the competency and the procedure of the Upper Court of Appeal are to be settled by way of Imperial legislation. Until the promulgation of an Imperial law, the competency of the Courts in the separate States of the Confederation, and the provisions relative to the procedure of these Courts, remain as they have hitherto been.

ART. LXXVI. Differences between various States of the Confederation, in so far as they are not of a private legal nature, and therefore to be decided by the competent judicial authorities, will, at the suit of one of the parties, be settled by the Council of the Confederation.

Constitutional differences in those States of the Confederation in whose constitution no authority for settling such disputes is provided are to be amicably arranged by the Council of the Confederation at the suit of one of the parties, or if this should not succeed, they are to be settled by way of Imperial legislation.

ART. LXXVII. If, in a State of the Confederation, the case of a refusal of justice should occur, and sufficient aid cannot be obtained by way of law, it is the duty of the Council of the Confederation to take cognizance of the complaints as to the refused or hindered administration of the law when proved according to the Constitution and existing laws of the respective State of the Confederation, and thereupon to cause the Government of the Confederate State which has given occasion for the complaint, to afford judicial aid.

XIV. General Stipulations.

ART. LXXVIII. Alterations in the Constitution take place by They are considered as rejected if they have way of legislation. 14 votes in the Council of the Confederation against them.

Those provisions of the Constitution of the Empire, by which certain rights are established for Separate States of the Confederation in their relation to the community, can only be altered with the consent of the State of the Confederation entitled to those rights.

[Duties of Neutrals. Maritime Warfare.]

No. 445.—REGULATIONS relative to Duties of Neutrals in time of War. Washington, 8th May, 1871.

(Article VI of the Treaty of Washington of 8th May, 1871.*)

RULES.

A Neutral Government is bound—

First. To use due diligence to prevent the fitting out, arming, or equipping, within its jurisdiction, of any Vessel which it has reasonable ground to believe is intended to cruize or to carry on War against a Power with which it is at peace; and also to use like diligence to prevent the departure from its jurisdiction of any Vessel intended to cruize or carry on War as above, such Vessel having been specially adapted, in whole or in part, within such jurisdiction, to warlike use.

Secondly. Not to permit or suffer either Belligerent to make use of its Ports or Waters as the base of Naval Operations against the other, or for the purpose of the renewal or augmentation of military supplies or arms, or the recruitment of men.

Thirdly. To exercise due diligence in its own Ports and Waters, and, as to all persons within its jurisdiction, to prevent any violation of the foregoing obligations and duties.

And the High Contracting Parties agree to observe these Rules as between themselves in future, and to bring them to the knowledge of other Maritime Powers and to invite them to accede to them.†

- * Not given; having no reference to the "Map of Europe."
- † A difference of opinion having existed between the British and United States Governments as to the interpretation to be given to these Rules, a correspondence upon the subject passed between those Governments, from June, 1871, to February, 1874, which was laid before Parliament on the 17th July, 1874, and showed that, owing to such difference of opinion, Foreign Powers had not been invited to accede to it.

No. 446.—DEFINITIVE TREATY OF PEACE between France and Germany. Signed at Frankfort, 10th May, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Preliminaries of Peace of 26th February, 1871.

- 1. Line of Frontier round the Town and Fortifications of Belfort to belong to France. Cessions in favour of Germany. International Boundary Commission.
- 2. Choice of Nationality. Retention of Immovable Property. Amnesty.
- 3. Delivery of Archives and Documents.
- 4. Reimbursements to be made by Frenck Government.
- 5. Navigation of the Moselle and Canals.
- 6. Religion. Protestant and Jewish Dioceses.
- 7. Payment of War Indemnity. Value of Prussian Thaler. Conditions of Evacuation upon the payment of 2,000,000,000 France.
- 8. Contributions and Taxes. Maintenance of German Troops.
- 9. Exceptional Treatment granted to the Produce of Industry of the ceded Territories.
- 10. Prisoners of War. Number of French Troops in and around Paris.
- 11. Commerce and Navigation. Most Favoured Nation Treatment. Renewal of Navigation, Railway, and Copyright Treaties, &c. Reservations of French Government.
- 12. Rights of Germans expelled from France. Naturalisation.
- 13. Restoration of Maritime Prizes.
- 14. Canalisation of the Moselle.
- 15. National Treatment to respective Subjects on account of events arising out of the War.
- 16. Cemeteries.
- 17. Additional Stipulations reserved for further Negotiations.
- 18. Ratifications.

Additional Articles.

- 1. Purchase of Railways of the East and Guillaume-Luxemburg.
- 2. Purchase by Prussia of Rights and Property on Swiss Territory of Railways of the East.
- 8. Rectification of Frontier near Belfort.

(Translation.)

Reference to Preliminaries of Peace of 26th February, 1871.

M. Jules Favre, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the French Republic, M. Augustin Thomas Eugène de Pouyer-Quertier, Minister of Finances of the French Republic, and M. Marc Thomas Eugène Goulard, Member of the National Assembly,

stipulating in the name of the French Republic, of the one part;

On the other, Prince Otho de Bismarck-Schoenhausen, Chancellor of the German Empire, Count Harry d'Arnim, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany at the Papal Court, stipulating in the name of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany; having agreed to convert into a Definitive Treaty the Preliminaries of Peace of the 26th February of the present year (No. 438) modified as it is about to be by the following Dispositions, have agreed:

Line of Frontier round the Town and Fortifications of Belfort to belong to France.

ART. I. The distance between the Town of Belfort and the Line of Frontier, such as it had been proposed during the negotiations of Versailles, and such as it is marked on the Map annexed to the Ratifications of the Preliminaries of the 26th February (No. 438), is considered as describing the Radius which, by virtue of the Clause relating thereto in Article I of the Preliminaries, is to remain to France with the Town and Fortifications of Belfort.

Rectification of Frontier. Cession in favour of France.

The German Government is disposed to extend that Radius so as to include the Cantons of Belfort, Delle, and Giromagny, as well as the western part of the Canton of Fontaine, to the West of a line to be traced from the spot where the Canal from the Rhone to the Rhine leaves the Canton of Delle to the South of Montreux-Chateau, to the Northern Limits of the Canton between Bourg and Félon where that Line would join the Eastern Limit of the Canton of Giromagny.

Cessions in favour of Germany.

The German Government will, nevertheless, not cede the above Territories unless the French Republic agrees, on its part, to a rectification of Frontier along the Western Limits of the Cantons of Cattenom and Thionville which will give to Germany the Territory to the East of a Line starting from the Frontier of Luxemburg between Hussigny and Redingen, leaving to France the Villages of Thil and Villerupt, extending between Erronville and Aumetz between Beuvillers and Boulange, between Trieux

and Lomeringen, and joining the ancient Line of Frontier between Avril and Moyeuvre.

International Boundary Commission.

The International Commission, mentioned in Article I of the Preliminaries, shall proceed to the spot immediately after the Ratifications of the present Treaty to execute the Works entrusted to them and to trace the new Frontier, in accordance with the preceding dispositions.

Choice of Nationality.

ART. II. French Subjects, Natives of the ceded Territories, actually domiciled on that Territory, who shall preserve their Nationality, shall up to the 1st October, 1872, and on their making a previous Declaration to that effect to the Competent Authority, be allowed to change their domicile into France and to remain there, that right in nowise infringing on the Laws on Military Service, in which case the title of French Citizen shall be maintained.

Retention of Immovable Property.

They shall be at liberty to preserve their Immovables situated in the Territory united to Germany.

Amnesty.

No Inhabitant of the ceded Territory shall be prosecuted, annoyed, or sought for, either in his person or his property, on account of his Political or Military Acts previous to the War.

Delivery of Archives and Documents.

ART. III. The French Government shall deliver over to the German Government the Archives, Documents, and Registers relating to the Civil, Military, and Judicial Administration of the ceded Territories. Should any of the Documents be found missing, they shall be restored by the French Government on the demand of the German Government.

Reimbursements to be made by French Government.

ART. IV. The French Government shall make over to the Government of the Empire of Germany within the term of 6 Months dating from the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty: 1. The amount of the sum deposited by the Depart-

ments, Communes, and Public Establishments of the ceded Territories. 2. The amount of the premium of Enlistment and Discharge belonging to Soldiers and Sailors natives of the ceded Territory who shall have chosen the German Nationality. 3. The Amount of Security of responsible Agents of the State. 4. The Amount of Sums deposited for Judicial Consignments on account of measures taken by the Administrative or Judicial Authorities in the ceded Territories.

Navigation of the Moselle and Canals.

ART. V. The two Nations shall enjoy equal privileges as far as regards the Navigation on the Moselle, the Canal of the Marne to the Rhine, the Canal of the Rhone to the Rhine, the Canal of the Sarre and the Navigable Waters communicating with those channels of Navigation. The Right of Floatage shall be maintained.

Religion. Protestant and Jewish Dioceses.

ART. VI. The High Contracting Parties being of opinion that the Diocesan circumscriptions of the Territories ceded to the German Empire must agree with the new Frontier determined upon by Article I above, will consider, without delay, after the Ratification of the present Treaty, upon the measures to be taken in common on the subject.

The Communities belonging either to the Reformed Church or to the Augsburg Confession, established on the Territories ceded by France, shall cease to be under French Ecclesiastical Authority.

The Communities of the Church of the Augsburg Confession established in the French Territories shall cease to be under the Superior Consistories and of the Directors residing at Strasburg.

The Jewish Communities of the Territories situated to the East of the new Frontier shall cease to depend on the Central Jewish Consistory residing at Paris.

Payment of War Indemnity.*

ART. VII. The payment of 500,000,000 ($\frac{1}{2}$ milliard) shall be made within 30 days after the re-establishment of the Authority of the French Government in the City of Paris. 1,000,000,000 (1 milliard) shall be paid in the course of the year, and 500,000,000 ($\frac{1}{2}$ milliard) on the 1st May, 1872. The last 3,000,000,000 (3 milliards) shall remain payable on the 2nd March, 1874, as stipulated in the Preliminary Treaty (No. 438).

From the 2nd March of the present year the Interest on those 3,000,000,000 francs (3 milliards) shall be paid each year on the 3rd March, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

All sums paid in advance on the last 3,000,000,000 shall cease to bear Interest from the day on which the payment is made.

The payment can only be made in the principal German Commercial Towns, and shall be made in metal, Gold or Silver, in Prussian Bank Notes, in Netherlands Bank Notes, in Notes of the National Bank of Belgium, in first class Negotiable Bills to Order or Letters of Exchange, payable at sight.

Value of Prussian Thaler.

The German Government having fixed in France the value of a Prussian Thaler at 8 francs 75 centimes, the French Government accepts the conversion of the Moneys of both Countries at the rate above stated.

The French Government will inform the German Government, 8 months in advance, of all payments which it intends to make into the Treasury of the German Empire.

Conditions of Evacuation upon the payment of 2,000,000,000 (2 Milliards).

After the payment of the first 500,000,000 (1 milliard) and the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Departments of the Somme, Seine Inférieure, and Eure shall be evacuated in so far as they shall be found to be still occupied by German Troops. The Evacuation of the Departments of the Oise, Seine-et-Oise, Seine-et-Marne, and Seine, as well as the Forts of Paris, shall take place so soon as the German Government shall consider the re-establishment of Order, both in France and Germany, sufficient to ensure the execution of the Engagements contracted by France.

Under all circumstances, the Evacuation shall take place after the payment of the third 500,000,000 (1 milliard).

The German Troops, for their own security, shall have at their disposal the Neutral Zone between the German line of Demarcation and the Paris enclosure on the Right Bank of the Seine.

The stipulations of the Treaty of 26th February (No. 438) relative to the occupation of French Territories after the payment of the 2,000,000,000 (2 milliards), shall remain in force. None of

the deductions which the French Government might have a right to make shall be made on the payment of the first 500,000,000 (\frac{1}{2}\text{ milliard}).

Contributions and Taxes.

ART. VIII. German Troops shall continue to abstain from levying contributions either in kind or money in the occupied Territories; that obligation on their part being correlative to the obligations contracted for their maintenance by the French Government, in case the French Government, notwithstanding the reiterated demands of the German Government, was behind-hand in the execution of the said obligations, the German Troops will have the right to procure what is necessary to their wants by levying Taxes and Contributions in the occupied Departments, and even outside of them, should their resources not be sufficient.

Maintenance of German Troops.

With reference to the Maintenance of the German Troops, the system actually in force shall be continued until the Evacuation of the Paris Forts.

In virtue of the Convention of Ferrières, of 11th March, 1871.* the reductions pointed out by that Convention shall be put into force after the Evacuation of the Forts.

As soon as the effective of the German Army shall be reduced below the number of 500,000 men, account shall be taken of the reductions made below that number to establish a proportionate diminution in the price of the Maintenance of the Troops paid by the French Government.

Exceptional Treatment granted to the Produce of Industry of the ceded Territories.

ART. IX. The exceptional Treatment at present granted to the Produce of the Industry of the ceded Territories for Imports into France, shall be continued for 6 months, from the 1st March, under the conditions made with the Commissioners of Alsace.

Prisoners of War. Number of French Troops in and around Paris.

ART. X. The German Government shall continue to deliver up Prisoners of War, making arrangements with the French Government. The French Government shall send to their homes such

* Not given; relating only to Prisoners of War.

of the Prisoners as can be discharged. As for those who shall not have completed their term of service, they shall be sent beyond the Loire. It is understood that the Army of Paris and Versailles, after the re-establishment of the authority of the French Government at Paris, and until the Evacuation of the Forts by German Troops, shall not exceed 80,000 men. Until that Evacuation, the French Government shall not concentrate Troops on the Right Bank of the Loire, but it shall provide Garrisons in the Towns within that circuit, according to the necessities for the maintenance of Public Order and Peace.

As the Evacuation shall proceed, the Commanders of Regiments shall agree together as to a Neutral Circuit between the Armies of the two Nations.

20,000 Prisoners shall be sent without delay to Lyons on condition that they are immediately sent to Algiers, after their organisation, to be employed in that Colony.

Commerce and Navigation. Most Favoured Nation Treatment.

ART. XI. The Treaties of Commerce with the different States of Germany having been annulled by the War, the French Government and the German Government will adopt as the basis of their Commercial Relations the system of reciprocal Treatment on the footing of the Most favoured Nation.

Are included therein Import and Export Duties, Transit Dues, Customs Formalities, the admission and treatment of both Nations as well as their Agents.

Shall nevertheless be excepted from the above Rule the favours which one of the Contracting Parties has granted or may grant, by Treaties of Commerce, to other States than the following: Great Britain, Belgium, Netherlands, Switzerland, Austria, Russia.

Renewal of Navigation, Railway, and Copyright Treaties, &c.

The Treaties of Navigation as well as the Convention relative to the International Service of Railways in its relation with the Cantons, and the Convention for the reciprocal Guarantee of Literary Works, shall be renewed.

Reservations of French Government.

The French Government nevertheless reserves to itself the right of levying Tonnage and Shipping Duties (Droit de Pavillon)

1960

on German Vessels and their Cargoes, under the reservation that those Duties shall not be higher than those imposed on Vessels and Cargoes of the above-mentioned Nations.

Rights of Germans expelled from France.

ART. XII. All expelled Germans shall preserve the full and entire enjoyment of all Property which they may have acquired in France.

Such Germans who had obtained the authority required by French Laws to establish their Domicile in France shall be reinstated in all their Rights, and may consequently again establish their Domicile in French Territory.

Naturalisation.

The delay stipulated by French Laws to obtain Naturalisation shall be considered as not having been interrupted by the state of War for persons who shall take advantage of the above-mentioned facility of returning to France within 6 months after the exchange of the Ratifications of this Treaty, and the time which has elapsed between their expulsion and their return to the French Territory shall be taken into account, as if they had never ceased to reside in France.

The above conditions shall be applicable in perfect reciprocity to the French Subjects residing, or wishing to reside, in Germany.

Restoration of Maritime Prizes.

ART. XIII. German Vessels condemned by Prize Courts before the 2nd March, 1871, shall be considered as definitively condemned.

Those not condemned at the above-mentioned date shall be restored with the Cargoes in so far as it still exists. If the restoration of the Vessels and Cargo is no more possible, their value, fixed according to the price of the sale, shall be restored to their Owners.

Canalisation of the Moselle.

ART. XIV. Each of the two Parties shall continue on his Territory the Works undertaken for the Canalisation of the Moselle. The Common Interests of the separate parts of two Departments of the Meurthe and the Moselle shall be liquidated.

National Treatment to respective Subjects on account of events arising out of the War.

ART. XV. The High Contracting Parties mutually engage to extend to their respective Subjects the measures which they may consider necessary to adopt in favour of those of their Subjects who, in consequence of the events of the War, may have been prevented arriving in time for the safety or the preservation of their Rights.

Cemeteries.

ART. XVI. The two Governments, French and German, reciprocally engage to respect and preserve the Tombs of Soldiers buried in their respective Territories.

Additional Stipulations reserved for further Negotiations.

ART. XVII. The Regulation of additional Stipulations upon which an understanding is to be come to in consequence of this Treaty and the Preliminary Treaty, will be the object of further Negotiations which shall take place at Frankfort.*

Ratifications.

ART. XVIII. The Ratification of the present Treaty by the National Assembly and by the Chief of the Executive of the French Republic, on the one part, and on the other by the Emperor of Germany, shall be exchanged at Frankfort, in the delay of 10 days, or sooner if possible.

In faith whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it and affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Frankfort, 10th May, 1871.

(L.S.) JULES FAVRE. (L.S.) BISMARCK.

(L.S.) POUYER-QUERTIER. (L.S.) ARNIM.

(L.S.) DE GOULARD.

Additional Articles. Frankfort, 10th May, 1871.

- ART. I. Purchase of Railways of the East and Guillaume-Luxemburg.
- ART. II. Purchase by Prussia of Rights and Property on Swiss Territory of Railways of the East.
 - * See Additional Convention of 12th October, 1871.
 - † Ratifications exchanged at Frankfort, 20th May, 1871.

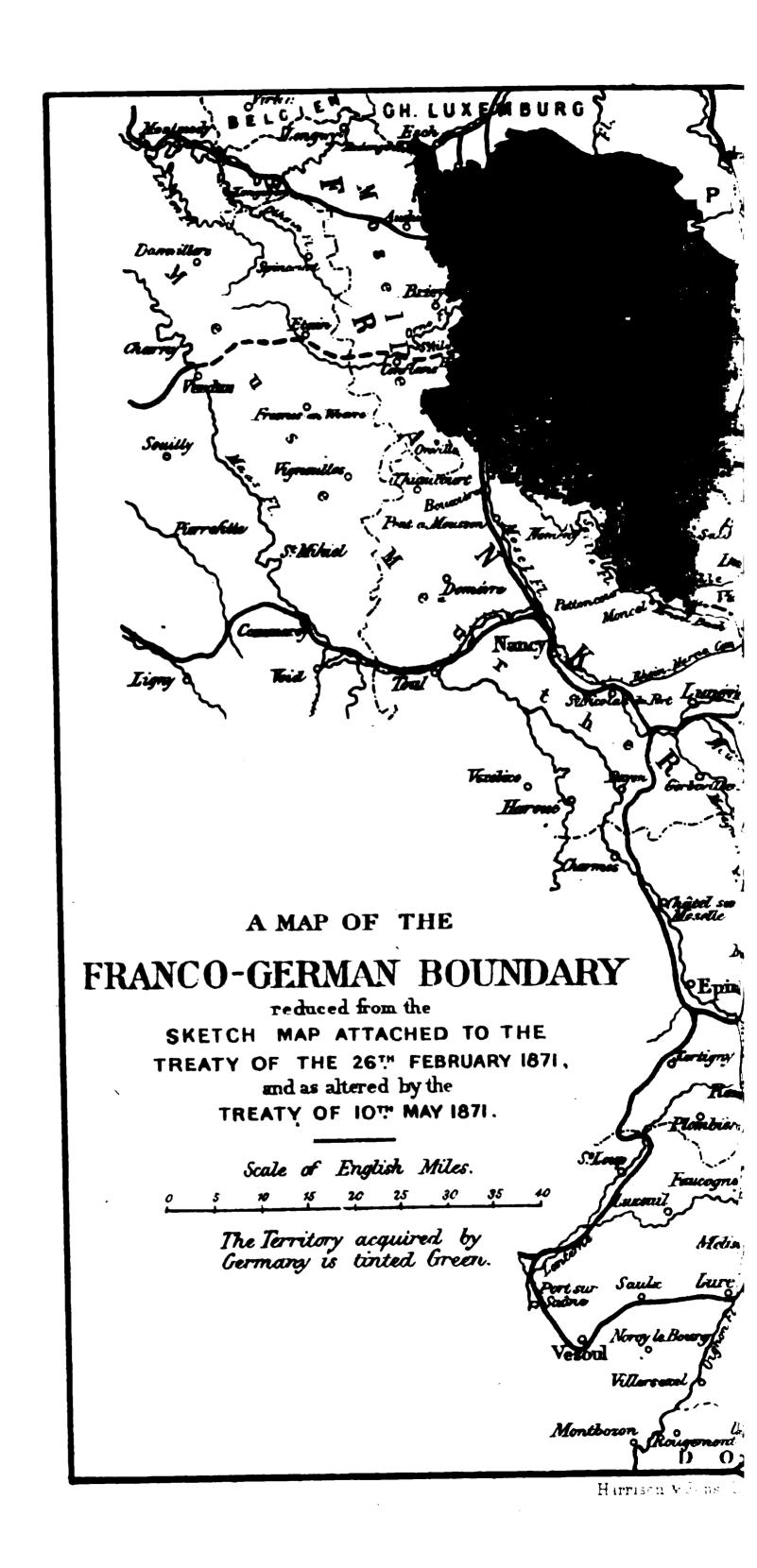
MAP

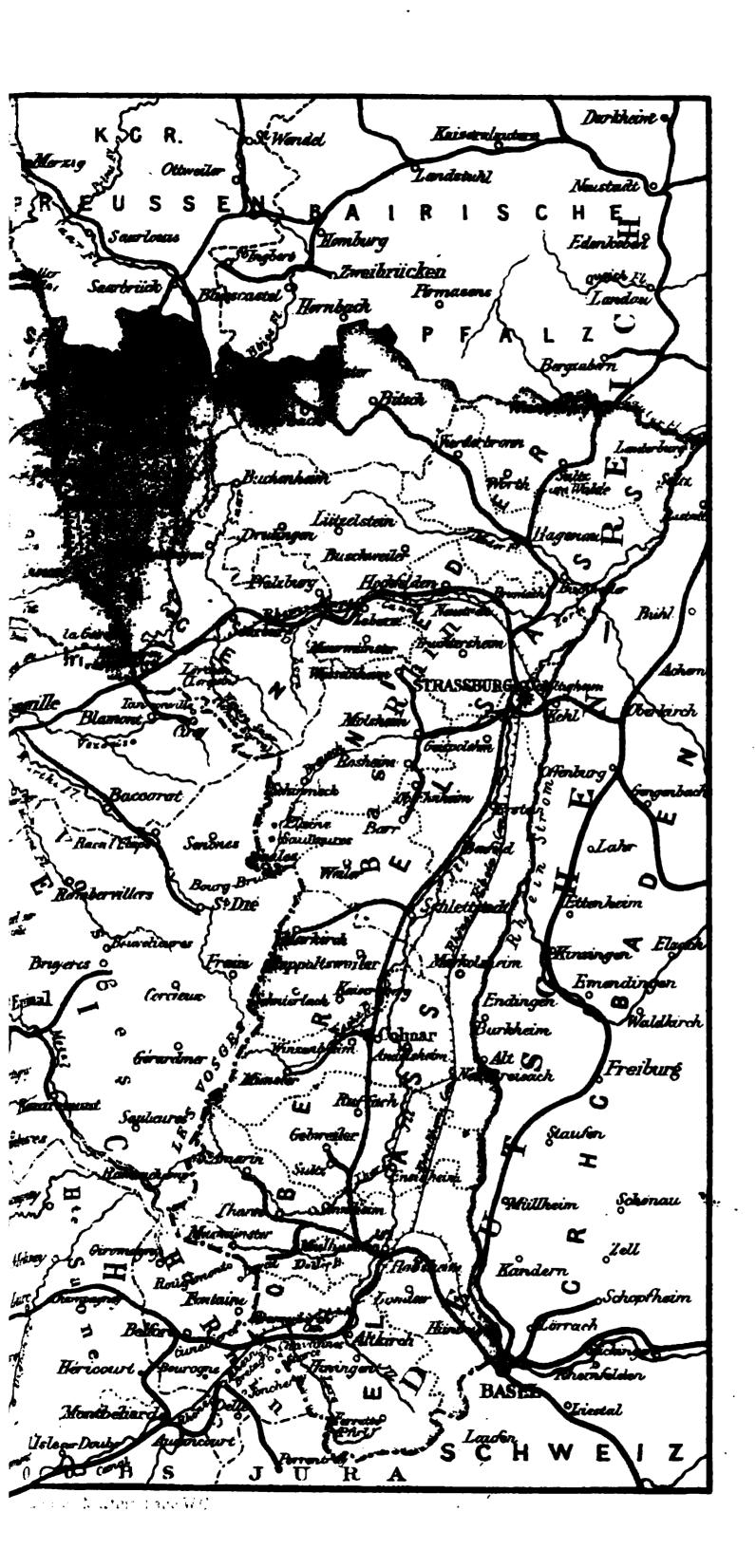
OF THE

FRANCO-GERMAN BOUNDARY,

1871.

(Alsace., Lorraine).





MAP

OF THE,

FRANCO-GERMAN BOUNDARY,

1871. (Alsace. Lorraine).

[Peace. Alsace and Lorraine.]

Rectification of Frontier near Belfort.

ART. III. The Cession of Territory near Belfort, offered by the German Government in Article I of the present Treaty in exchange for the rectification of the Frontier required to the West of Thionville, shall be increased by the Territories of the following Villages: Rougemont, Leval, Petite-Fontaine, Romagny, Félon, La-Chapelle-sous-Rougemont, Angeot, Vauthier-Mont, Rivière, Grasige, Reppe, Fontaine, Frais, Foussemagne, Cunelières, Montreux - Chateau, Brelagne, Chavannes-les-Grands, Chavanatte, and Suarce.

The Giromagny and Remirement Road, thoroughfare to the Balloon of Alsace, shall remain to France throughout its whole extent, and shall serve as a Limit in so far as it is situated outside the Canton of Giromagny.

Done at Frankfort, 10th May, 1871.

(L.S.)	JULES FAVRE.	(L.S.)	BISMARCK.
(L.S.)	POUYER-QUERTIER.	(L.S.)	ARNIM.
(T (C)	TOTAL CLOSE A TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	,	

(L.S.) DE GOULARD.

Accessions to the above Treaty.

 Baden
 15th May, 1871.

 Bavaria
 15th May, 1871.

 Wurtemberg
 15th May, 1871.

[Peace. Alsace-Lorraine.]

No. 447.—ADDITIONAL CONVENTION to the Treaty of Peace of 10th May, 1871, between France and Germany. Signed at Berlin, 12th October, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1 to 9. Customs Regulations for Alsace-Lorraine.
- 10. Retrocessions by Germany to France.
- 11. Trade Marks.
- 12. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

M. Augustin Thomas Joseph Pouyer-Quertier, Member of the National Assembly, Minister of Finances, and specially appointed by letter from the President of the French Republic, dated 6th October, 1871, Plenipotentiary of the French Republic, stipulating in the name of France, on the one side; on the other side, Prince Otho de Bismarck-Schænhausen, Chancellor of the German Empire; and Count Harry d'Arnim, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of Germany at the Papal Court, stipulating in the name of the German Empire, have agreed upon the following:

ARTS. I to IX. Customs Regulations for Alsace-Lorraine.

Retrocessions by Germany to France.

ART. X. The German Government shall retrocede to France;

- 1. The Communes of Raon-les-Leau and Raon-sur-Plaine, exclusive of all Domanial Property as well as the Communal and Private Properties enclosed in the reserved Domanial Territory;
- 2. The Commune of Igney and the part of the Commune of Avricourt situated between the Commune of Igney, as far as and including the Railway from Paris to Avricourt, and the Railway from Avricourt to Cirey.

The French Government shall undertake the expense of a Railway Station to be constructed on Land chosen by the German Government, and which shall be sufficient for Military and Commercial interests as well as to those of Avricourt.

[Peace. Alsace-Lorraine.]

The estimate for that building shall be made by common consent. The German Government will see that it is executed as soon as possible.

Until the termination of the new Station, the German Government reserves to itself the right of continuing the occupation of the Commune of Igney as well as the above-mentioned part of the Commune of Avricourt.

The Boundary Commission will be charged with the delimitation of the new Frontier.

ART. XI. Trade Marks.

ART. XII. Ratifications.

Done at Berlin, 12th October, 1871.

(L.S.) POUYER-QUERTIER.

(L.S.) BISMARCK.

(L.S.) ARNIM.

[Peace. Alsace-Lorraine.]

No. 448.—PROTOCOLS OF CONFERENCES between France and Germany. Frankfort, July—December, 1871.

Protocol.

No. 1. Choice of Nationality. Domiciled Aliens. Choice of Nationality by Minors. Competent Authority to receive the Declaration in ceded Territories. Power to Natives of Alsace-Lorraine to return to that Country after choice of French Nationality. Freedom of circulation for those who have not yet made their Choice. Question as to their being French or Germans. Pen-Doctors and Chemists. Ministerial Offices. Diocesan Circumscriptions and Religious Corporations. Amnesty. Exchange of Criminals and Lunatics. Execution of Contracts, Judgments, &c. Wood-cutting in Forests of the State. Judicial Archives and Judicial Documents. Mortgages. Documents. Patents of Invention. Frontier Relations. Maintenance and Cleansing of Waterways; Canals; Concessions of Roads and Rivers. Railways of local interest. Transit. Private Debts of the Treasury. Contributions and Requisitions.

Frankfort, 6th July, 1871.

No. 2. Execution of Judgments. Nationality. Choice by Minors. Freedom of circulation to Alsace-Lorraines who have not yet made their Choice. Renewal of Treaties. Trade Marks. Admission of Produce from Alsace. Registration and Deposit by Booksellers. Restitution of Funds belonging to Communes. Treasury Accounts of ceded Territories. Local Railways. Desaix Monument at Strasburg, &c. Railways sequestered during the War.

Frankfort, 13th July, 1871.

No. 3. Postal Arrangements.

Frankfort, 24th July, 1871.

No. 4. Archives and Documents of Railways of the East (de l'Est).

Nationality. Liberation of Alsatian Soldiers.

Frankfort, 26th July, 1871.

- No. 5. Stamps of the Mints of Strasbury, Italy, and Colmar. Military Pensions. Arrears of Pensions advanced by France. Amnesty Funds. Renewal of Treaties. Definition of the Word Originaires. Postal Negotiations. Frankfort, 21st September, 1871.
- No. 6. Canal of Salt Works of Dieuze. Local Railways. Private Debts of the Treasury. Amnesty Funds. Debts of Communes and Departments. Archives and Documents. Bank of France. Amnesty. Machinery for verifying Weights and Measures. Securities and Judicial or Administrative Deposits. Plans and Documents of the Railway of the East.

Frankfort, 26th September, 1871.

FRANCE AND GERMANY. [July-Dec., 1871.

[Peace. Alsace-Lorraine.]

Protocol.

No. 7. Railways sequestered during the War. Definition of the Word Originaires. Preamble adopted after Amendment of Official Title of President of the Republic. Delay for Choice of Nationality. Pensions. Amnesty Funds. Doctors and Chemists. Ministerial Offices. Religious Corporations. Amnesty.

Frankfort, 19th October, 1871.

No. 8. Pensions. Mutual and Provident Companies. Arrears of Pensions advanced by France. Doctors and Chemists. Ministerial Offices. Amnesty. Mortgages. Diocesan Circumscriptions. Patents of Invention. Debts and Credits of ceded Territories. Demands made since the 2nd March. Mixed Commission. Transit. Private Claims. Bank of France.

Frankfort, 2nd November, 1871.

- No. 9. Mixed Financial Commission. Railways from Audum to Longwy, and from Sierck to Mettrich, from Nancy to Chateau-Saline and Vic, from Avricourt to Cirey. Declarations to be inserted in Final Protocol. Ministerial Offices. Declarations to be inserted in explanatory Protocol. Joint Stock Companies in Alsace-Lorraine and in France. Life and Fire Insurance Companies.

 Frankfort, 4th November, 1871.
- No. 10. Definition of the Word Originaires. Judicial Expenses. Religious Corporations. Amnesty. Contributions and Demands made since the 2nd March. Bank of France.

Frankfort, 7th November, 1871.

- No. 11. Final Arrangements. Definition of the Word Originaires. Pensions. Ministerial Offices. Diocesan Circumscriptions. Amnesty. Dieuze Canal. Contributions and Requisitions. Local Railways. Transit. Postal. Alsatian Soldiers. Arrears of Pensions advanced by France. Pension Funds, &c. Patents of Invention. Bank of France. Sequestrations on Funds. Sequestered Railways. Explanatory Protocol. Frankfort, 24th November, 1871.
- No. 12. Definition of the Word Originaires. Railways. Pensions. Postal Arrangements. Bank of France. Patents of Invention. Judicial Expenses. Frankfort, 28th November, 1871.
- No. 13. Ministerial Offices. Requisitions and Contributions. Railways sequestered during the War. Bank of France. Transit. Postal Arrangements. Patents of Invention. Railway from Nancy to Chateau-Salins and Vic. Doctors and Chemists. Religious Corporations. Frankfort, 2nd December, 1871.

No. 449.—ADDITIONAL CONVENTION to the Treaty of Peace of 10th May, 1871, between France and Germany. Signed at Frankfort, 11th December, 1871.

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble. Reference to Treaty of 10th May, 1871.

- 1. Choice of Nationality by Natives (Originaires) residing out of the ceded Territories.
- 2. Civil and Religious Pensions. Military Pensions.
- 3. Execution of Judgments. Judicial Proceedings.
- 4. Exchange of Criminals. Exchange of Lunatics.
- 5. Expenses of Criminal Justice.
- 6. Judicial Documents. Reports of Sentences.
- 7. Guarantee of Mortgage Rights.
- 8. Reciprocal restitution of all Titles, Plans, Surveys, and Documents belonging to Communes of new Territories.
- 9. Diocesan Circumscriptions crossed by the New Frontier.
- 10. Patents of Invention.
- 11. Appointment of Financial Commission.
- 12. Articles free from Export and Import Duties to facilitate the farming of Lands and Forests on Neighbouring Frontiers.
- 13. Recognition by German Government of Concessions of Roads, Canals, and Mines granted by French Government and Authorities in ceded Territories. Financial Mixed Commission to take Charge of Accounts of Works on both sides of the Frontier.
- 11. Payment by Germany of Expenses of Canals of the Sarre, Dieuse, and Colmar. Payment of Annuities to Old Subscribers of the Canal of the Rhone to the Rhine. Financial Mixed Commission to undertake the Accounts. Mixed Commission relative to Canals from the Rhone to the Rhine, and from the Marne to the Rhine.
- 15. Appointment of Mixed Commissions for Maintenance of Frontier Waterways.
- 16. Railways.
- 17. Customs Offices on Railways.
- 18. Renewal of Treaties and Conventions between France and German States existing before the War. Exceptions. Treaties provisionally applicable to Alsace-Lorraine.
- 19. Ratifications.

Closing Protocol.

- 1. French Soldiers and Sailors to be liberated on making a Declaration of their Choice for German Nationality.
- 2. Reimbursement to France of Pensions paid by the French Treasury since the 2nd March, 1871.
- 3. Liquidation of Pension, Provident and other Funds in case one or more of their Members make Choice of French Nationality.

ART.

TABLE.

- 4. Judicial Offices.
- 5. Patents of Inventions.
- 6. Reimbursement of Funds belonging to Communes of ceded Territories deposited in the Coffers of Colmar, Strasburg, and Metz.
- 7. Reimbursement of Securities.
- 8. Recovery of Debts by French Government.
- 9. Liquidation by Branch Establishments of the Bank of France in the ceded Territories. Liquidator to complete his operations within 8 months after the Ratification of the Additional Convention. Withdrawal of Sequestration of Moneys belonging to Bank of France, and Restitution in Coin. Ratifications.

Protocol of Signature.

French Reservations relative to the Right of Felling Timber in the Forests of the States granted during the War on French Territory by German Civil and Military Authorities. Declaration of German Plenipotentiaries relative to the Railway from Nancy to Chateau-Salins and Vic.

Proces-Verbal of the Exchange of the Ratifications.

Delivery of Adhesions of German States to Article XVIII of the Additional Convention of 11th December, 1871, relative to the renewal of Treaties. Declaration of German Ambassador relative to Copyright Conventions and Treaties of Navigation.

(Translation.)

Reference to Treaty of 10th May, 1871.

THE President of the French Republic, on the one part, and His Majesty the Emperor of Germany on the other part, having determined, in conformity with Article XVII of the Treaty of Peace concluded at Frankfort on the 10th May, 1871 (No. 446), to negotiate an Additional Convention to that Treaty, have to that effect appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, namely:

The President of the French Republic, M. Marc Thomas Eugène de Goulard, Member of the National Assembly, and M. Alexandre Johann Henry de Clercq, Minister Plenipotentiary of the First Class; and

His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, M. Weber, Councillor of State of His Majesty the King of Bavaria, and Count Uxkull, Intimate Councillor of Legation of His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg;

Who, after having communicated to each other their Full 1969

Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTS. I to VIII. (See Table.)

Diocesan Circumscriptions crossed by the New Frontier.

ART. IX. Until the conclusion of the arrangements alluded to in the first paragraph of Article VI of the Treaty of Peace of 10th May, 1871 (No. 446), it is agreed that the Bishops established in the Dioceses crossed by the New Frontier shall preserve, in their entirety, the spiritual authority actually vested in them, and shall remain free to provide for the religious necessities of the populations committed to their charge.

ARTS. X to XIII. (See Table.)

Payment by Germany of Expenses of Canals of the Sarre, Dieuse, and Colmar.

ART. XIV. The Canal of the Sarre, the Canal of the Salt Works of Dieuse, and the junction of Colmar, which forms the communication between that town and the Rhine, being entirely included within the Territories ceded to Germany, the latter takes upon herself the payment of the expenses of those 3 canals remaining due.

The Annuities still due on the sum advanced to the French State by the Town of Colmar, and by the manufacturers of the East, shall, dating from 1871, be payable by the German Government.

Payment of Annuities to Old Subscribers of the Canal of the Rhone to the Rhine.

The Canal of the Rhone to the Rhine being crossed by the New Frontier, it has been agreed that the 12 Annuities remaining to be paid to the old Subscribers on the purchase of their shares shall be divided between the High Contracting Parties in the proportion of the extent reverting to each of the two Countries.

Financial Mixed Commission to undertake the Accounts.

The Commission mentioned in Article XI shall be entrusted with the Accounts of the above mentioned Canals, as well as the liquidation of the Accounts relative to the canalisation of the Moselle, and of the common interests of the separate parts of the Departments of the Meurthe and the Moselle.

The French Government undertakes to furnish the Commission with all Contracts, Documents, &c., necessary for the fulfilment of their labours.

Mixed Commission relative to Canals from the Rhone to the Rhine, and from the Marne to the Rhine.

The High Contracting Parties shall appoint Commissioners, who shall be entrusted with the Regulation, in so far as regards the Canal from the Rhone to the Rhine, and the Canal from the Marne to the Rhine, of the supply of the dividing mill-courses.

ARTS. XV to XVII. (See Table.)

Renewal of Treaties and Conventions between France and German States existing before the War.

ART. XVIII. Besides the International Arrangements mentioned in the Treaty of Peace* of 10th May, 1871 (No. 446), the High Contracting Parties have agreed to renew the different Treaties between France and the German States existing previous to the War, with the reservation of the Declarations of Adhesion, to be supplied by the respective Governments at the time of the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Convention.†

Exceptions.

The Special Conventions between France and Prussia, relative to the Canal of the Sarre being excepted.

· Neither are the Stipulations of the present Article applicable to Postal relations, which are reserved for a subsequent arrangement between the two Governments.

Treaties provisionally Applicable to Alsace-Lorraine.

It is also agreed that the dispositions of the Convention between Baden and France, of the 16th April, 1846, relative to the execution of sentences of the Treaty of Extradition, concluded between France and Prussia, on the 21st July, 1845, and of the Copyright Convention between Bavaria and France, of the 24th March, 1865, shall be provisionally extended to Alsace-Lorraine, and that in matters to which they relate, these three arrangements shall serve as a rule for the relations between France and the ceded Territories.

• Article XI.

† See Page 1973.

Ratifications.*

ART. XIX. The present Convention, drawn up in French and German, shall be ratified, on the one part by the President of the French Republic, after the approval of the National Assembly; and on the other part by His Majesty the Emperor of Germany, and the Ratifications thereof shall be exchanged in the delay of one month, or sooner, if possible.

In faith whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Frankfort, 11th December, 1871.

(L.S.) E. DE GOULARD.

(L.S.) WEBER.

(LS.) DE CLERCQ.

(L.S.) UXKULL.

CLOSING PROTOCOL.

On proceeding to the signature of the Additional Convention to the Treaty of Peace of 10th May, 1871 (No. 446), concluded between them this day, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries made the following Declarations:

ARTS. I to IX. (See Table.)

Frankfort, 11th December, 1871.

(L.S.) E. DE GOULARD.

(L.S.) WEBER.

(L.S.) DE CLERCQ.

(L.S.) UXKULL.

PROTOCOL OF SIGNATURE.

French Reservations relative to the Right of Felling Timber in the Forests of the States granted during the War on French Territory by the German Civil and Military Authorities. Declaration of German Plenipotentiaries, relative to the Railway from Nancy to Chateau-Salins and Vic.

Frankfort, 11th December, 1871.

(L.S.) E. DE GOUDARD.

(L.S.) WEBER.

(L.S.) DE CLERCQ.

(L.S.) UXKULL.

* Ratifications exchanged at Paris, 11th January, 1872.

PROCÈS-VERBAL ON THE EXCHANGE OF THE RATIFICATIONS.

Delivery of Adhesions of German States to Article XVIII of the Additional Convention of 11th December, 1871, relative to the Renewal of Treaties.

Declaration of German Ambassador, relative to Copyright Convention and Treaties of Navigation.

Paris, 11th January, 1872.

(L.S.) REMUSAT.

(L.S.) ARNIM.

Adhesions of German States to Article XVIII of the above Convention relative to the Renewal of Treaties.

Anhalt	(No date)
Baden	1st January, 1872
Bavaria	1st January, 1872
Bremen	2nd January, 1872
Hamburgh	8th January, 1872
Hesse-Darmstadt	8th January, 1872
Lubeck	8th January, 1872
Mecklenburg-Schwerin	6th January, 1872
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	8th January, 1872
Oldenburg	7th January, 1872
Prussia	6th January, 1872
Saxony	7th January, 1872
Saxe-Weimar	6th January, 1872
Wurtemberg	4th January, 1872

[Brussels Conference. Bules and Usages of War.]

No. 450.—FINAL PROTOCOL OF CONFERENCE between the Delegates on the Rules of Military Warfare. Brussels, 27th August, 1874.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.)

The Conference assembled at Brussels,* on the invitation of the Government of His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, for the purpose of discussing a Project of International Rules on the Laws and Usages of War, has examined the Project submitted to it in a spirit in accordance with the elevated sentiment which had led to its being convoked, and which all the Governments represented had welcomed with sympathy.

This sentiment had already found expression in the Declaration exchanged between the Governments at St. Petersburgh in 1868 (No. 414), with reference to the exclusion of Explosive Bullets.

It had been unanimously declared that the progress of civilization should have the effect of alleviating, as far as possible, the calamities of War; and that the only legitimate object which States should have in view during War is to weaken the enemy without inflicting upon him unnecessary suffering.

These principles met at that time with unanimous approval. At the present time the Conference, following the same path, participate in the conviction expressed by the Government of His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, that a further step may be taken by revising the laws and general usages of War, whether with the object of defining them with greater precision, or with the view of laying down, by a common agreement, certain limits which will restrain, as far as possible, the severities of War.

War being thus regulated would involve less suffering, would be less liable to those aggravations produced by uncertainty, unforeseen events, and the passions excited by the struggle; it would tend more surely to that which should be its final object, viz., the re-establishment of good relations, and a more solid and lasting Peace between the Belligerent States.

The Conference could respond to those ideas of humanity in no better way than by entering in the same spirit into the examination of the subject they were to discuss.

* Conferences were held at Brussels from the 27th July to the 27th August, 1874.

[Brussels Conference. Rules and Usages of War.]

The modifications which have been introduced into the Project, the comments, the reservations, and separate opinions which the Delegates have thought proper to insert in the Protocols, in accordance with instructions, and the particular views of their respective Governments, or their own private opinions, constitute the ensemble of their work. It is of opinion that it may be submitted to the respective Governments which it represents, as a conscientious inquiry of a nature to serve as a basis for an ulterior exchange of ideas, and for the development of the provisions of the Convention of Geneva of 1864 (No. 365), and of the Declaration of St. Petersburgh of 1868 (No. 414). It will be their task to ascertain what portion of this work may become the object of an agreement, and what portion requires still further examination.

The Conference, in concluding its work, is of opinion that its debates will have in every case thrown light on those important questions, the regulations of which, should it result in a general agreement, would be a real progress of humanity.

f Privy Counsellor BARON A. JOMINI.

For	Puggio	Privy Counsellor Barun A	. JUMINI.
For Russia		Major-General H. LEER.	
		Counsellor de Cour Dr. MAR	TENS.
		Major-General VON VOIGTS	S-RHETZ.
	Cormony	Major-General VON LEONE	OD.
"	Germany	Major BARON VON WELC	
		Counsellor of State BARON	VON SODEN.
		(Dr. BLUNTSCHLI.	
	Austria-Hungary	J. B. CHOTEK.	
"	Transfer in Transfer 3	l baron von schönfeli	D, Major-Gen.
		BARON LAMBERMONT.	
••	Belgium	CH. FAIDER.	
••	· ·	LMOCKEL.	
	D 1.	P. VEDEL.	
77	Denmark	Colonel H. BRUN.	
		DUKE OF TETUAN.	
••	Spain	General SERVERT.	•
77		Rear-Admiral DE LA PEZU	ELA.
	77	BARON BAUDE.	
"	France	General E. ARNAUDEAU.	
"	Great Britain	A. HORSFORD, Major-Gene	eral.*
		• See note next page.	
		1975	6 L 2

GREAT BRITAIN, RUSSIA, &c. [No. 451 20 Jan., 1375.] [Brussels Conference. Rules and Usages of War.]

For	Greece	N. MANOS.
	T4 - 1	SALBERT BLANC.
77	Italy	{ ALBERT BLANC. C. LANZA.
	37.1 1 3	VAN LANSBERGE.
77	Netherlands	VAN LANSBERGE.
		_
"	rortugai	M. D'ANTAS. General A. PALMEIRIM.
"	Sweden and Nor-	F. M. STAAFF.
	way	
27		HAMMER, Federal Colonel.
	Turkov	CARATHEODORY.
? ?	I un acy	CARATHEODORY. J. EDHEM.

[On the 28th September, 1874, a Circular was issued to the British Representatives to the Governments represented at the Conference, pointing out the reservation attached by Her Majesty's Government to their acquiescence in the British Delegate joining the other Delegates in signing the Final Protocol; and stating that Her Majesty's Government desired it to be distinctly understood that by this acquiescence they did not endorse any of the conflicting opinions expressed at the Conference, or accept the Rules annexed to the Protocol. These Rules were laid before Parliament in 1874.

No. 451.—REPLY of the British Government to the Russian Circular of 26th September, 1874, containing Proposals for further Steps to be taken with regard to the Project for altering the Laws and Usages of War. London, 20th January, 1875.

The Earl of Derby to Lord A. Loftus.

(Extract.)

London, 20th January, 1875.

A CAREFUL consideration of the whole matter has convinced Her Majesty's Government that it is their duty firmly to repudiate, on behalf of Great Britain and her Allies in any future War, any Project for altering the principles of International Law upon which this Country has hitherto acted, and above all to refuse to be a Party to any Agreement, the effect of which would be to facilitate aggressive Wars, and to paralyse the patriotic resistance of an invaded People.

DERBY.

MAP.
EUROPE
in
1875

EUROPI

 E, 1875.

MAP EUROPE in 1875

LIST OF PAPERS.

1659. 7th Nov. Treaty of Peace between France and Spain. (Isle des Faisans.) 198 1660. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Llivia.) 198 1661. 23rd June. Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (London) 198 1703. 16th May. Treaty between Great Britain, Holland, and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (Lisbon.) 198 1713. 11th April. Treaty of Peace between France and Portugal. (Utrecht.) 198 1735. 3rd Oot. Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Vienna.) 198 1740. 4th May. Convention between Poland and Saxony. House of Schoenburg. (Dresden.) 199 1748. 18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.) 199 1751. 2nd Oct. Treaty between Denmark and Norway and Sweden. Boundary between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.) 199 4th Oct. Treaty between Austria and Sardinis. Settlement of Differences. (Milan.) 199 1754. 3rd June. Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinis. (Turin.) 200 1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.) 200 1766. 10th Mar. Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinis. (Stradella.) 201 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russis. Cession of Holstein to	164	_		PAGE
1680. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Lilvia.) 198 1661. 23rd June. Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (London.)	14th	Sept.	·	1981
1660. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Llivia.) 198 1661. 23rd June. Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (London.)	165	9.		
12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Llivia.) 198 1661. 23rd June. Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (London.)	7th	Nov.	Treaty of Peace between France and Spain. (Isle des Faisans.)	1982
1661. 23rd June. Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (London.)	166	0.		
23rd June. Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (London.)	12th	Nov.	Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Llivia.)	1984
Portugal. (London.) 198 1703. 16th May. Treaty between Great Britain, Holland, and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (Lisbon.) 198 1713. 11th April. Treaty of Peace between France and Portugal. (Utrecht.) 198 1735. 3rd Oct. Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Vienna.) 198 1740. 4th May. Convention between Poland and Saxony. House of Schoenburg. (Dresden.) 199 1748. 18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.) 199 1751. 2nd Oct. Treaty between Denmark and Norway and Sweden. Boundary between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.) 199 4th Oct. Treaty between Austria and Sardinia. Settlement of Differences. (Milan.) 199 1754. 3rd June. Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinia. (Turin.) 200 1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.) 200 1764. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Perpignan.) 200 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	166	1.		
16th May. Treaty between Great Britain, Holland, and Portugal. Protection, &c., to Portugal. (Lisbon.)				1984
tion, &c., to Portugal. (Lisbon.)			Marka Sakaran Carak Datata Wallanda and Dankaral Data	
1735. 3rd Oct. Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Vienna.)		•		1984
1735. 3rd Oct. Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Vienna.)				
1740. 4th May. Convention between Poland and Saxony. House of Schoenburg. (Dresden.) 1748. 18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.) 1751. 2nd Oct. Treaty between Denmark and Norway and Sweden. Boundary between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.) 4th Oct. Treaty between Austria and Sardinia. Settlement of Differences. (Milan.) 1754. 3rd June. Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinia. (Turin.) 200. 1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.) 200. 1764. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Perpignan.) 200. 1766. 10th Mar. Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinia. (Stradella.) 200. 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	11th	April.	Treaty of Peace between France and Portugal. (Utrecht.)	1988
1740. 4th May. Convention between Poland and Saxony. House of Schoenburg. (Dresden.) 1748. 18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.) 1751. 2nd Oct. Treaty between Denmark and Norway and Sweden. Boundary between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.) 4th Oct. Treaty between Austria and Sardinia. Settlement of Differences. (Milan.) 1754. 3rd June. Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinia. (Turin.). 200. 1768. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.) 1766. 10th Mar. Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinia. (Stradella.). 200. 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	173	5.		
1748. 18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.)	3rd	Oct.	Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Vienna.)	1990
burg. (Dresden.) 1748. 18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.) 1751. 2nd Oct. Treaty between Denmark and Norway and Sweden. Boundary between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.) 4th Oct. Treaty between Austria and Sardinia. Settlement of Differences. (Milan.) 1754. 3rd June. Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinia. (Turin.) 1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.) 1764. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Perpignan.) 1766. 10th Mar. Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinia. (Stradella.). 200. 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	174	.0.		
18th Oct. Definitive Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and Netherlands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.)	4th	May.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1990
lands. (Aix-la-Chapelle.)	174	8.		
2nd Oct. Treaty between Denmark and Norway and Sweden. Boundary between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.)	18th	Oct.	lack lack	1993
between Norway and Sweden. (Strömstad.)	175	1.		
4th Oct. Treaty between Austria and Sardinia. Settlement of Differences. (Milan.)	2nd	Oct.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1997
1754. 3rd June. Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinia. (Turin.) 200 1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.)	4th	Oct.	Treaty between Austria and Sardinia. Settlement of Differ-	
1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.)			ences. (Milan.)	19 99
1763. 10th June. Convention between France, Sardinia, and Spain. Reversion of Placentia. (Paris.)	175	4.		
1764. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Perpignan.)	3rd	June.	Boundary Treaty between Geneva and Sardinia. (Turin.)	2000
1764. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Perpignan.)	178	13.	•	
1764. 12th Nov. Boundary Convention between France and Spain. (Perpignan.)				2002
1766. 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	176	34.		
1766. 10th Mar. Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinia. (Stradella.) 200 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	_•-		▼	2003
10th Mar. Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinia. (Stradella.) 200 1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	178	IR.		
1767. 22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to	_ •		Boundary Treaty between Parma and Sardinia. (Stradella.)	2004
22nd April. Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Cession of Holstein to				
1977			Denmark. (Copenhagen.)	2008

APPENDIX. LIST OF PAPERS.

177	73.		PAGE
lst	June.	Definitive Treaty between Denmark and Russia. Exchange of Holstein for Oldenburg and Delmenhorst. (Zarskoe-Selo.)	2010
17	74.		
21st	July.	Treaty of Peace between Russia and Turkey. (Kainardji.)	2 010
17	79.		
		Territorial Convention between Austria and Bavaria.	
-014	may.	(Teschen.)	2012
18th	Nov.		
4004		lands. (Brussels.)	2012
17	83 .		
	June.	Treaty of Succession of the House of Nassau	2013
22 nd	June.	Treaty of Commerce between Russia and Turkey. (Constanti-	
		nople.)	2015
17	85.		
8th	Nov.	Treaty of Peace between Austria and Netherlands. (Fontaine-	
	^^	bleau.)	2016
	92.	Definition (Breat of Breat between Breat and Fresher (Team)	9016
9th	Jan.	Definitive Treaty of Peace between Russia and Turkey. (Jassy.)	2016
17	95.		
22nd	July.	Treaty of Peace between France and Spain. (Baslc.)	2017
17	97.		
17th	Oct.	Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Campo For-	
		mio.)	2017
	00.		
21st]	March.	Convention between Russia and Turkey. Ionian Islands.	
10	01. ·	(Constantinople.)	2019
9th		Definitive Treaty of Peace between Austria and France. (Lunc-	
DAII	1.00.	ville.)	2019
18	03.	,	
25th		Recès of German Empire. Indemnities. (Ratisbonne.)	2021
	April.	Convention between France, Oldenburg, and Mediating Powers.	
		Elsfeth Toll. (Rastadt.)	2023
18	04.	·	
12th	May.	Convention between France and Bentheim-Steinfurt. (Paris.)	2023
15th	Aug.	Convention between France and Germany. Navigation Dues	
		on the Rhine. (Paris.)	2025
18	07.		
10th	Oct.	Additional Convention between Austria and France. Peace	
_		and Limits. (Fontainebleau.)	2025
_	10.		
10th	Sept.	Convention between Prussia and Saxony. Warsaw Depôts.	800=
	^ = 1	(Dresden.) Roden and Wustemberg (Paris)	2025
_		Territorial Treaty between Baden and Wurtemberg. (Paris.) Boundary Act between Russia and Sweden. (Tornea.)	
20th	74 04•	Dodding Tee Deracen Trassa and Daeden. (Tollier)	2020
	12.		
2 8th	May.	Treaty of Peace between Russia and Turkey. (Bucharest.)	2030

APPENDIX. LIST OF PAPERS.

		·	
	13.		PAGE
14th	June.	Convention of Alliance and Subsidy between Great Britain and	0000
Oth	0.4	Prussia. (Reichenbach.)	. 2033
8th	Oct.		0000
		(Ried.) Articles	2036
23 rd	Non	Separate and Secret Articles	2037
201u	1101.	(Frankfort.)	2038
2nd	Dec.	Treaty of Alliance between Austria and Hesse-Cassel. (Frank-	2030
	_	fort.)	2039
29th	Dec.	Convention of Alliance between Cantons forming the Helvetic Confederation. (Zurich.)	2010
18	14.		
14th	Jan.	Treaty of Peace between Denmark and Sweden. (Kiel.)	2041
lst	Mar.		2041
	<u></u> ,	and Subsidy. (Chaumont.)	2043
		Additional Article	2047
11th	April.	Treaty between Austria, Prussia, and Russia, and Napoleon	
•	•	Bonaparte. (Paris.)	2048
		British Act of Accession. 27th April	2050
23rd	April.	Convention between Great Britain and France. Suspension of Hostilities. (Paris.)	2051
14th	July.	Treaty between the Princes of Nassau and the Prince of Orange-	2001
	•	Nassau. (The Hague.)	2054
13th	Aug.	Convention between Great Britain and Sweden. Compensation	
		to Sweden for Restoration of Guadaloupe to France.	
	_	(London.)	2055
25th	Aug.	Treaty of Peace between Denmark and Prussia. (Berlin.)	2056
18	15.	•	
22 nd	Jan.	Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal. Renewal of	
		Treaties. (Vienna.)	2057
25th		Treaty of Alliance against Bonaparte. (Vienna.)	2058
30th	Mar.	Additional Articles between Prussia and Russia. Claims of	
		Duchy of Warsaw. (Vienna.)	2060
7th	April.	Austrian Proclamation. Union of Lombardo-Venetian King-	
	25	dom to Austria. (Vienna.)	2061
28th	May.		0000
01.4	Mo-	(Creuznach.)	2062
31st	May.	•	00/00
MAL	June.	Territorial Cessions. (Vienna.)	2063
12th		Territorial Convention between Austria and Prussia. (Vienna.)	2064 2068
12th	Oct.	Territorial Treaty between Prussia and Hesse-Rothenburg.	4005
TAATT		(Cassel.)	2068
100	20	\	2000
182	20. tDec.	Conferences between Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia,	
Ud	v1760.	and Russia. Affairs of Naples. (Troppau.)	9 0.00
		1979	2068

APPENDIX. LIST OF PAPERS.

182	1.		PAGE
		Conferences between Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Naples. (Laybach.)	2069
182			
Aug	gDec.	Protocols between Great Britain, France, and Russia. Pacification of Greece. (Constantinople.)	2069
1827	-1830.	Protocols between Great Britain, France, and Russis. Pacification of Greece. (London.)	2069
1830	-1883.	Protocols and Correspondence between Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Belgium	2069
18			
12th	Feb.		
		Egypt	2069
	May.	Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Tribute to be paid by Egypt	2070
1st	June.	Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Hereditary Succession, &c., in	
18	46.	Egypt	2070
23rd	Nov.	Views of British Government. Inviolability of Treaties.	
		(London.)	2070
184	48.		
10th		Views of British Government. Proposed European Congress. (London.)	2 070
18	57.		
		Protocols between Great Britain, &c., and Denmark. Sound	
		Dues. (Copenhagen.)	2072
		Dues. (Copenhagen.)	2072
1860	-1861.		2072
	,,	Protocols of Commissioners of Great Britain, Austria, France,	
10	62.	Prussia, and Turkey. Disturbances in Syria. (Beyrout.)	2072
	Dec.	Joint Note. No Members of Imperial or Royal Families of Great	
1001	D o c.	Britain, France, and Russia to accept or wear Crown of Greece	9049
19	66.	Drivain, France, and Lussia to accept or wear Crown of Greece	2073
27th	May. June.	Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Order of Succession in Egypt Russian and Turkish Declaration. Inviolability of Treatics.	2073
2444		(Paris.)	2073
15th	June.	Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Regency in Egypt	2073
18	67.	•	
8th	June.	Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Succession in Egypt, &c	2074
18	69.		
		Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Levy of Taxes. Contracts for Loans in Egypt	2 074
18	73 .		, -
	June.	Firman of Sultan of Turkey. Succession in Egypt. Regency. Finances. Commercial Treaties. Loans. Troops. Coin-	
		age. Building Vessels. Flags. Tribute	2074
		4000	

TREATY between France and Monaco, for the Recovery and Protection of Monaco and its Fortress. Signed at Peronne, 14th September, 1641.

[Referred to at page 533.]

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. French Garrison of 500 Soldiers to hold the place. The Prince of Monaco, as well as his Heirs and Successors, to be the Captain and Governor of the Place in the name of the King.
- 2. Lieutenant in command of the Place to be appointed by the King.
- 3. In case of War, and the necessity of increasing the number of Troops, they are still to be under the Orders of the Prince.
- 4. Oath to be taken by Lieutenant and Officers to keep the Place for the Prince, under the Protection of the King.
- 5. Garrison to be paid by the King; Officers and Soldiers paying for their lodgings, &c.
- 6. Prince to preserve his Sovereignty over Monaco, Mentone, and Roccabruna, without any interference from the Garrison, which shall only protect the Place.
- 7. French Subaltern Officers, &c., appointed by the King to be under the Orders of the Prince as Governor.
- 8. French Protection and perpetual safeguard of Monaco. Maintenance of Sovereignty of the Prince, and Rights and Privileges by Sea and Land. Right of Prince to hoist the French Flag.
- 9. Annual Allowance to the Prince of 25,000 Crowns in Lands, &c., for loss of his Possessions in the Kingdom of Naples, the State of Milan and elsewhere. On restitution of any part by Spain, deduction to be made in proportion.
- 10. Order of St. Michael and the Holy Ghost to be given to the Prince and to his Son for their loss of the Orders of the Golden Fleece and of Alcantara, as well as an equivalent for the loss by his Son of the Command of *Brufaiant* in *Castila*.
- 11. Pay of 12 Soldiers to be allowed to the Son of the Prince.
- 12. Privileges formerly granted by France to Princes of Monaco, confirmed.
- 13. French Galleys to be established in the Port of Monaco, to obey Orders of the Prince.
- 14. The King to take the Prince and his Son into his Service when required.
- 15. Observance of above Conditions by the King.

(Translation.*)

Upon the representation made to the King by the Prince of Monaco, that although he still holds in Sovereignty the said Place and Fortress of Monaco, the Spaniards nevertheless, under divers pretences, have in a certain measure taken possession of the said Place, having usurped therein such a power, that it is no longer in the free possession of the said Prince. And having for that reason entreated His Majesty to take it under his Protection, and to deliver it from the oppression under which it suffers, His said Majesty, actuated by the sole consideration of Justice, which obliges him to make use of the power which God has placed in his hands, to assist Princes, his neighbours, in preserving that which belongs to them, and to maintain public tranquility, after several appeals made to him by the said Prince, has considered that he could not refuse his Protection, under the conditions proposed by the Prince himself, which are as follows:

Articles 1 to 15 (see Table).

Done at Péronne, 14th September, 1641.

(L.S.) LOUIS.

BOUTHILLIER.

TREATY OF PEACE between France and Spain. Signed at l'Isle des Faisans, 7th November, 1659.

[Referred to at page 1648.]

ART.

TABLE.

42. Pyrenees to form Boundary between France and Spain. Counties of Roussillon and Conflans to belong to France. Spain to possess the County of Cerdaña, and the Principality of Catalonia.

(Translation.†)

Pyrenees to form Boundary between France and Spain. Counties of Roussillon and Conflans to belong to France. Spain to possess the County of Oerdaña and the Principality of Catalonia.

ART. XLII. And so far as regards the Countries and Places which the Arms of France occupied in that War, on the side of

^{*} For French version, see "State Papers," vol. iv, p. 909.

[†] For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lvi, p. 221.

Spain: as it would have been agreed in the negotiation begun at Madrid in the year 1656, upon which the present Treaty is founded, that the Pyrenean Mountains which had formerly divided the Gauls from the Spains shall also from henceforth form the division of the two same Countries; it has been agreed and allowed, that the said Most Christian King shall remain in possession, and shall effectually enjoy, the whole of the County and Territory of Roussillon, and of the County and Territory of Conflans, Countries, Towns, Places and Castles, Burghs, Villages, and Places comprising the said Counties and Viguerie of Roussillon and Conflans; and the Catholic King shall continue in possession of the Country and Territory of Cerdaña and the whole of the Principality of Catalonia, with the Territories, Places, Towns, Castles, Hamlets, and countries composing the said County of Cerdaña and Principality of Catalonia: It is well understood, that if any part of the said County and Territory of Conflans only and not of Roussillon is found to be in the said Pyrenean Mountains on the side of Spain, it shall also remain in the possession of His Catholic Majesty: so likewise if any part of the said County and Territory of Cerdaña only, and not of Catalonia, is found to be in the said Pyrenean Mountains on the side of France, it shall remain in the possession of His Most Christian Majesty. And in order to agree upon the division, Commissioners shall be appointed on either side, who together and in good faith shall declare which of the Pyrenean Mountains, according to the meaning of this Article, shall in future divide the two Kingdoms, and shall describe the Limits which they must possess: and the said Commissioners shall assemble on the premises at Cortes one Month after the signature of the present Treaty, and within the term of another Month shall have agreed and declared by common consent as above. It being well understood, that if at that time they shall not have been able to come to an Agreement, they shall immediately send the reasons of their opinions to the two Plenipotentiaries of the two Kings, who having taken into consideration the difficulties and differences which have arisen, shall agree together on the point, without on that account being able to renew hostilities.

BOUNDARY CONVENTION between France and Spain. Signed at Llivia, 12th November, 1660.

[Referred to at page 1648.]

TABLE.

Villages of the Country of Cerdaña which are to remain in the possession of France—Carol, Enveig, Ur, and Flori, Villeneuve and Escaldas, Dorras, Augustrina, Targasone, Palmarie, Egat, Odello, Via, Bolqueras, Vilar de Ovanza, Estavar, Bajanda, Sallagosa, Ro, Vedrinians, La Peixa, Ruet, Llo, Eyna, St. Pere del Forcats, St. Leocadia and Llus, Er, Planes, Caldegas and Onzes, Navia, Oseja, Palau, Iz. The Limit at Iz to be formed by the River of that name until it reaches Aye, which shall belong to Spain; half of the River and half of the Bridge of Livia, facing Paysorda, to belong to Spain, the other half facing Livia or the Col de Perxa to belong to France. Livia and its Bailiwick to belong entirely to Spain, on condition that no Fortifications are erected therein.

Done and concluded at Llivia, 12th November, 1660.

- (L.S.) HYACINTE SERRONI.
- (L.S.) MIGUEL DE CALBA ET VALLGORNERA.

TREATY between Great Britain and Portugal. Signed at Whitehall, 23rd June, 1661.

[Referred to at page 760.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 15. Protection to be afforded to Portugal by Great Britain.
- 16. Assistance to be granted by Great Britain to Portugal in case of Invasion or attack by Pirates.
- 17. Assistance to be given to Portugal by Great Britain in case of Lisbon, &c., being besieged or blockaded.

Secret Article.

Great Britain to defend Portuguese Colonies, to mediate between Portugal and her Enemies, and to recover from the Dutch whatever Towns, &c., they may capture.

Protection to be offered to Portugal by Great Britain.

ART. XV. In consideration of all which grants and Privileges, so much to the Benefit of the King of Great Britain and his Subjects in general, and of the delivery of those important Places to His said Majesty and His Heirs for ever, whereby the greatness of his Empire is so far extended; and even in consideration of the portion itself, which far exceeds the proportion that hath

ever yet been given to any Daughter of Portugal; the King of Great Britain doth profess and declare, with the consent and advice of his Council, that he will take the interest of Portugal and all its Dominions to heart, defending the same with his utmost power by sea and land, even as England itself; and that he will transport thither, at his proper costs and charges, two Regiments of Horse, each Regiment consisting of 500, and two Regiments of Foot, each consisting of 1,000, all which shall be armed at the charge of the King of Great Britain; but after they are landed in Portugal, shall be paid by the King of Portugal; and in case the said Regiments come to be diminished by fight, or otherwise, the King of Great Britain shall be obliged to fill up the number at his own charge; and that he shall cause the said Regiments to be transported as soon as the Lady Infanta shall arrive in England, if it be so desired by the King of Portugal.

Assistance to be granted by Great Britain to Portugal in case of Invasion or Attack by Pirates.

ART. XVI. The King of Great Britain doth also promise, with the advice and consent of his Council, that when and so often as Portugal shall be invaded, he will send thither (being thereunto desired by the King of Portugal) 10 good Ships of War; but when, and so often as it shall be infested by Pirates, 3 or 4 Ships; all sufficiently manned, and victualled for 8 months, from the time of their setting sail from England, to obey the orders of the King of Portugal. And if it shall be required that they stay above 6 months there, the King of Portugal shall be obliged to victual them for so long a time as they are to stay; and to put in one month's victuals at the time they are to set sail for England: but if the King of Portugal shall be pressed in any extraordinary manner by the power of the Enemies, all the King of Great Britain's Ships, which shall at any time be in the Mediterranean Sea, or at Tangier, shall have Instructions, in such cases, to obey any Orders they shall receive from the King of Portugal, and shall betake themselves to his succour and relief. And in regard of the above mentioned concessions, and grants of the King of Portugal, His Majesty of Great Britain, his Heirs and Successors, shall not at any time require any thing for these succours.

Assistance to be given to Portugal by Great Britain in case Lisbon, &c., being besieged or blockaded.

ART. XVII. Besides the Levies the King of Portugal hath liberty to make by virtue of past Treaties, the King of Great Britain, doth oblige himself by this present Treaty, that in case Lisbon, Porto, or any other Sea Town, shall be besieged or blocked up by the power of Castile, or any other Enemy, he will afford timely assistance of Men and Shipping, according to the exigence of the circumstances, and proportionable to the necessity of the King of Portugal.

SECRET ARTICLE.

Great Britain to Defend Portuguese Colonies, to Mediate between Portugal and her Enemies, and to recover from the Dutch whatever Towns, &c., they may Capture.

Over and above all and singular agreed and concluded in the Treaty of Marriage between the Most Serene and Most Powerful, Charles, the Second of that Name, King of Great Britain, and the most Virtuous and Serene Lady Catherine, Infanta of Portugal.

It is by this Secret Article concluded and accorded, that His Majesty of Great Britain, in regard of the great advantages and increase of Dominion he hath purchased by the above-mentioned Treaty of Marriage, shall promise and oblige himself, as by this present Article he doth, to defend and protect all Conquests or Colonies belonging to the Crown of Portugal, against all his Enemies, as well future as present: moreover, His Majesty of Great Britain doth oblige himself to mediate a good Peace between the King of Portugal and the States of the United Provinces, and all Companies or Societies of Merchants subject unto them, upon conditions convenient, and becoming the mutual interest of England and Portugal; and in case such a Peace ensue not, then His Majesty of Great Britain shall be obliged to defend, with Men and Ships, the said Dominions and Conquests of the King of Portugal. In case also that any Towns, Forts, Castles, or any other Places, shall be taken by the Dutch, after the 1st of May this present year 1661, then His Majesty of Great Britain doth promise and engage to oblige the Dutch to a full and perfect restitution thereof. His Majesty of Great Britain doth moreover oblige himself to send, the next Monsoon

ensuing after the Ratification of the Treaty of Marriage, and this Article, a convenient succour to the East Indies, proportionable to the necessity of Portugal, and strength of our Enemies. It being declared, that His Majesty nor his Successors shall not at any time require any pay or satisfaction for the same.

TREATY between Great Britain, Holland, and Portugal. Signed at Lisbon, 16th May, 1703.

[Referred to at page 760.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Confirmation of Treaties.
- 2. Great Britain and Holland to use friendly offices to prevent War being made by France or Spain against Portugal.
- 3. Great Britain and Holland to wage War against France and Spain should negotiations for Peace fail.

Renewal of Treaties.

ART. I. All former Treaties between the above said Powers are hereby approved, confirmed, and ratified, and are ordered to be exactly and faithfully observed, except in so far as by the present Treaty is otherwise provided and established, so that there shall be between the said Kingdoms and States, their People and Subjects, a sincere friendship and perfect amity: they shall all of them mutually assist one another; and each of the said Powers shall promote the interest and advantage of the rest, as if it were his own.

Great Britain and Holland to use friendly Offices to prevent War being made by France or Spain against Portugal.

ART. II. If ever it shall happen that the Kings of Spain and France, either the present or future, both of them together, or either of them separately, shall make War, or give occasion to suspect that they intend to make War upon the Kingdom of Portugal, either on the Continent of Europe or in its Dominions beyond Seas, Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain, and the Lords the States-General, shall use their friendly offices with the said Kings, or either of them, in order to persuade them to observe the terms of Peace towards Portugal, and not to make War upon it.

Great Britain and Holland to wage War against France and Spain should Negotiations for Peace fail.

ART. III. But these good offices not proving successful, but 1987

altogether ineffectual, so that War should be made by the aforesaid Kings, or by either of them upon Portugal, the abovementioned Powers of Great Britain and Holland, shall make War, with all their force, upon the aforesaid Kings or King, who shall carry hostile arms into Portugal, and, towards that War which shall be carried on in Europe, they shall supply 12,000 men, whom they shall arm and pay, as well when in quarters as in action; and the said High Allies shall be obliged to keep that number of men complete, by recruiting it from time to time at their own expense.

TREATY OF PEACE between France and Portugal.
Signed at Utrecht, 11th April, 1713.

[Referred to at pages 269 and 530.]

ART.

TABLE.

8. Renunciation of France to the Territories of Cape du Nord.

(Translation.*)

Renunciation of France to the Territories of Cape du Nord.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent all possibility of Discord which might arise between the Subjects of the Crown of France and those of the Crown of Portugal, His Most Christian Majesty will renounce for ever, as he renounces by the present Treaty, in the strongest and most authoritative terms, and with all the necessary Clauses, as if they were herein inserted, as well in his Name as in that of his Heirs and Successors, to all Rights and Pretensions which he may or might pretend to over the Territories of Cape du Nord, and situated between the River Amazons and that of Japoc, or of Vincent Pinson, without reserving to himself or retaining any portion of the said Territories, so that they may henceforth be possessed by His Portuguese Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with all the Rights of Sovereignty, of absolute Power and entire Dominion as forming part of his States; and that they shall belong to him in perpetuity, in such manner that his said Portuguese Majesty, his Heirs and Successors shall never be molested in the said Possession by His Most Christian Majesty or his Heirs and Successors.

* For French version see "State Papers" vol. iv, p. 818.

GUARANTEE of Great Britain of the Treaty of Peace made at Utrecht, 6th February, 17+4, between the Crowns of Spain and Portugal. London, 3rd May, 1715.

[Referred to at page 760.]

GEORGE, by the Grace of God, &c., to all and singular to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Whereas the Most Serene King of Portugal has notified to us, that Peace is established between him and the Most Serene King of Spain, by a Treaty concluded at Utrecht, on the 6th day of the month of February last past; and has also invited us, that, pursuant to what the late Queen Anne of pious memory, our most dear Sister and Cousin, undertook, we would engage our promise and guarantee for the performance of the said Treaty, and all and every the Articles thereof. And whereas Joseph da Cunha Brochado, Ambassador Extraordinary, and Councillor of the said Most Serene King of Portugal, has, on the part of his Master, delivered to us a Copy in due form of the said Treaty, the guarantee or engagement for the performance of which is desired of us, written in the Portuguese Language, and being word for word as hereunder follows:

In the Name of the Most Holy Trinity.

Know all present and to come, that the greatest part of Christendom having been afflicted with a long and bloody War, &c.

We, following the steps of our Royal Ancestors, and being unwilling to decline any offices by which the Peace between the said Kings may be promoted, do therefore most readily engage for the preservation of the Treaty now established; gladly taking this occasion to satisfy His Royal Majesty of Portugal of our friendship and sincere regard to his Person and Interests, agree able to the most strict concord which has always been between the British and Portuguese Crowns. We have therefore made ourselves Guarantees and Sureties of the said Treaty of Peace, as by these Presents, in the most due and ample form, we do make ourselves Guarantees and Sureties thereof; engaging and promising on our Royal word, to take care (as far as in us lies) that the said Treaty, with all and every the Articles and Clauses in it, shall be sacredly and inviolably observed according to their genuine sense, and that nothing shall be in anywise contrary thereunto; and that we will be always ready to enter into all

such reasonable measures as shall appear most necessary and effectual for preserving the same from all violation.

In witness whereof, we have caused Our Great Seal of Great Britain to be affixed to these Presents, signed with Our Royal Hand. Given at Our Palace at St. James's, on the 3rd of May, in the year of Our Lord 1715, and of Our Reign the First.

GEORGE R.

TREATY OF PEACE between Austria and France. Signed at Vienna, 3rd October, 1735.

[Confirmed by Vienna Congress Treaty of 9th June, 1815. No. 27, Art. 100, page 266.]

ART.

TABLE.

2. Succession to Grand Duchy of Tuscany. Guarantee by the Powers.

Succession to Grand Duchy of Tuscany.

ART. II. The Grand Duchy of Tuscany, after the death of the present holder, shall belong to the House of Lorraine to indemnify it for the Duchies which it now possesses.

Guarantee by the Powers.

All the Powers which take part in the Pacification will guarantee its eventual Succession to him. The Spanish Troops shall be withdrawn from the Strongholds of that Grand Duchy, and an equal number of Imperial Troops shall replace them, solely for the security of the above-mentioned eventual Succession, and in the same manner as it has been stipulated in the Quadruple Alliance, without reference to Neutral Garrisons.

CONVENTION between Poland and Saxony, and Schoenburg, relative to the Lordships of the House of Schoenburg. Signed at Dresden, 4th May, 1740.

[Referred to at pages 147, 148, and 963.]

SECT.

TABLE.

3. Right of Schoenburg to Lordships of Glaucha, Waldenburg, and Lichtenstein.

SECT.

TABLE.

- 7. Royal Mine in the Lordship of Schoenbury to remain in the possession of Saxony.
- 11. Feudal Service to be rendered by Schoenburg to Saxony.
- 12. Right of public River, together with the Royal Stream, to belong to Saxony. Right of Fishing and of Water-mills to belong to Schoenburg.
- 14. Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, to appear at all the Electoral Diets of Saxony, among the other Counts and Lords.
- 16. Recognition by Saxony of Title of Count of the Empire to Counts and Lords of Schoenburg.
- 17. Existing Feudal Laws of the Lordships of Schoenbury not to be interfered with.
- 18. Imperial Privileges of the Counts, Lords of Schoenburg.
- 19. Special Rights of Counts and Lords of Schoenburg.

ART.

- 1. Legislative Rights.
- 2. Ecclesiastical and Religious Rights.

Additional Convention.

- 1. Confirmation of the Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, in the Lower Countship of Hartenstein and Lordship of Stein, with certain reservations. Fisf and Investiture to be conferred without delay on said Counts. Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, to acknowledge Saxon Electoral Feudal Sovereignty and Dominion over the said Countships and Lordships.
- 2. Privileges granted by Saxony relative to the Lower Countship of Hartenstein and Lordship of Stein.
- 3. Mines in Upper and Lower Hartenstein.

(Translation.)

As His Most Serene Highness, the great and powerful Prince and Lord, Frederic Augustus, King of Poland, Grand Duke in Lithuania, in Russia, in Prussia, Mazovia, Samogitia, Knovia, Volhinia, Podolia, Podlachia, Liefland, Engern, and Westphalia, High Marshal and Electoral Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, Landgrave in Thuringia, Margrave in Middle, as well as in Upper and Lower Lausitz, Burgrave in Magdeburg, Princely Count in Henneberg, Count of the March, Ravensberg, Barby and Hanau, Lord of Ravenstein,—has been often urgently solicited, by the high and nobly born Lord, Otto Wilhelm, Lord August Siegfried, Lord Constantine, Lord Otto Ernst, Lord Franz Heinrich, Lord Gottfried Ernst, Lord Gustav Ernst, Lord Albrecht Carl Friederick, Lord Friederick Albert, and Lord Wilhelm Christian, all of them Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, Glaucha and Waldenburg, as well as of the Lower Countship of Hartenstein and Lordship of Lichtenstein,—for an amicable settlement of the differences existing between the High Electoral House of Saxony and the family. of Schoenburg, on account of their Bohemian fiefs, Glaucha,

Waldenburg, and Lichtenstein, which, being situated within Electoral Saxony, have always been considered by the latter as forming a part of its dominions;—and as, in consequence of negotiations entered into, it has been determined that all these differences should be completely removed, an understanding come to upon all and every point, and an agreement concluded, which, from this time forward, shall settle all the differences between His Most Serene Highness the King of Poland, Elector of Saxony, and the before-named Counts of Schoenburg themselves, their Heirs and Successors:

Therefore,

Right of Schoenburg to Lordships of Glaucha, Waldenburg, and Lichtenstein.

3. Next, as regards the Supreme High Jurisdiction and the jus territoriale (territorial right), the Electoral House of Saxony is in no way disposed to enter into any dispute with respect to the right of Schoenburg over the before-mentioned Lordships of Glaucha, Waldenburg, and Lichtenstein, especially as the House of Schoenburg enjoys its Imperial Privileges according to Section XVIII hereafter following. On the contrary, His Royal Majesty will permit that the House of Schoenburg shall be entitled to exercise the Privileges contained in the following paragraphs, in conformity with existing Treaties.

4 to 17. (See Table.)

Imperial Privileges of the Counts, Lords of Schoenburg.

18. Neither has His Majesty any intention of obstructing the said Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, in their Imperial and Circle-privileges, nor in their exercito (exercise) of them, according to observanz (observance), and in so far as the same is established; provided, however, that it be without prejudice to what has been already provided in this Recess (Convention) touching His Royal Majesty's Sovereign Privileges.

Special Rights of Counts and Lords of Schoenburg.

19. In the next place, so far as concerns those jura specialia (special rights) which the Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, have to exercise, and with which His Royal Majesty will not interfere, otherwise than in the subordination (subordination) thereunto appertaining, the Counts, Lords of Schoenburg.

ARTS. I and II. (See Table.)

In testimony whereof, the Most Honourable the Royal Commissioners thereunto appointed, and the Plenipotentiaries of the Counts of Schoenburg, with the approbation of His Royal Majesty the King of Poland and Most Serene Elector of Saxony, and respective (each and every) the Counts, Lords of Schoenburg, have signed and sealed the present Ratification.

Dresden, the 4th of May, of the year 1740.

- (L.S.) WILHELM AUGUST G. VON STUBENBERG.
- (L.S.) ADAM FRIEDRICH GLAFEY.

JOHANN PAUL EGIDIUS NITSCHE, Dr.

ADDITIONAL CONVENTION between Poland and Saxony, and Schoenburg, relative to the Lordships of the House of Schoenburg.

Arts. I to III. (See Table.)

DEFINITIVE TREATY of Peace and Friendship, between Great Britain and Netherlands. Signed at Aix-la-Chapelle, 18th October, 1748.*

[Referred to at pages 168, 613, 1046.]

ART.

TABLE.

7. Transfer of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla to Don Philip of Spain.

Restitution of Savoy and Nice to Sardinia.

Act of Cession of the Empress Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, 1748. Act of Cession of the King of Sardinia, 1748.

(Extract.)

(Translation.)

Transfer of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla to Don Philip of Spain.

ART. VII. In consideration of the Restitutions that His Most Christian Majesty, and His Catholic Majesty make, by the present Treaty, either to Her Majesty the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, or to His Majesty the King of Sardinia, the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla shall, for the future, belong to the Most Serene Infant Don Philip, to be possessed by him and

* Acceded to by the Empress Queen of Hungary, the Kings of Spain and Sardinia, the Duke of Modena, and the Republic.

his Male Descendants, born in lawful Marriage, in the same manner, and in the same extent, as they have been, or cught to be, possessed by the present Possessors; and the said Most Serene Infant, or his Male Descendants, shall enjoy the said 3 Duchies, conformably and under the Conditions, expressed in the Acts of Cession, of the Empress Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, and of the King of Sardinia.

Restitution of Savoy and Nice to Sardinia.

These Acts of Cession of the Empress Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, and of the King of Sardinia, shall be delivered, together with their Ratifications of the present Treaty, to the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Catholic King, in like manner as the Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries of the Most Christian King, and Catholic King, shall deliver, with the Ratifications of their Majesties, to the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the King of Sardinia, the Orders to the Generals of the French and Spanish Troops to restore Savoy and the County of Nice to the Persons appointed by that Prince to receive them; so that the Restitution of the said States, and the taking possession of the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, by or in the name of the Most Serene Infant Don Philip, may be effected within the same time, conformably to the Acts of Cession, the tenor whereof follows:

Act of Cession of the Empress Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, 1748.

WE, Maria Theresa, &c., make known by these Presents:

Whereas, in order to put an end to the fatal War, certain Preliminary Articles were agreed upon, on the 30th of April of this year, between the Ministers Plenipotentiaries of the Most Serene and Most Potent Prince, George II, King of Great Britain, and the Most Serene and Most Potent Prince Lewis XV, the Most Christian King, and their High Mightinesses the States General of the United Provinces, which have been since ratified by all the Powers concerned: the tenor of Article IV whereof is conceived in the following manner:

"ART. IV. The Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, shall be yielded to the Most Serene Infant Don Philip, to serve him as an Establishment, with the right of Reversion to the present Possessors, after that His Majesty the King of the Two Sicilies shall have succeeded to the Crown of Spain; as also in

case the said Most Serene Infant Don Philip should kappen to die without Children."

And whereas, a Definitive Treaty of Peace having since been concluded, the several points relating to this affair have been, by virtue of the Articles thereof, explained by the common consent of the Parties concerned, in the following manner:

"In consideration of the Restitutions that His Most Christian Majesty and His Catholic Majesty make, by the present Treaty, either to Her Majesty the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, or to His Majesty the King of Sardinia, the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla shall, for the future, belong to the Most Serene Infant Don Philip, to be possessed by him, and his Male Descendants born in lawful Marriage in the same manner, and in the same extent, as they have been or ought to be possessed by the present Possessors; and the said Most Serene Infant, or his Male Descendants, shall enjoy the said 3 Duchies conformably and under the conditions expressed in the Acts of Cession of the Empress Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, and of the King of Sardinia.

and Bohemia, and of the King of Sardinia, shall be delivered, together with their Ratifications of the present Treaty, to the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Catholic King, in like manner as the Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries of the Most Christian King and Catholic King shall deliver, with the Ratifications of their Majesties, to the Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries of the King of Sardinia, the Orders to the Generals of the French and Spanish Troops, to restore Savoy and the County of Nice to the Persons appointed by that Prince to receive them; so that the Restitution of the said States, and the taking possession of the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, by or in the name of the Most Serene Infant Don Philip, may be effected in the same time, and conformably to the said Acts of Cession."

Wherefore, in order to fulfil those things to which we have bound ourselves by the Articles before inserted, and in the firm hope that the Most Christian and Catholic Kings, and the future Possessor of the aforesaid 3 Duchies, and his Male Descendants, will, on their part, bond fide, and punctually, fulfil the tenor of the Articles above-mentioned, and will likewise restore to us, within the same time, the States and Places which are to be restored to Us in consequence of Articles II and XVIII of

the same Preliminaries; We do yield and renounce, for us and our Successors, under the Conditions expressed in the abovementioned Articles, all Rights, Claims, and Pretensions to Us under any Title or cause whatsoever belonging, upon the aforesaid 3 Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, formerly possessed by Us; and transfer the same Rights, Claims, and Pretensions, in the best and most solemn manner possible, to the Most Serene Don Philip Infant of Spain, and his Male Descendants to be born in lawful Marriage, absolving all the Inhabitants of the said Duchies from the Allegiance and Oath which they have taken to Us, who shall be obliged for the future to pay the same Allegiance to those to whom we have yielded our Rights; all which, however, is to be understood only for that space of time that either the said Most Serene Infant Don Philip, or one of his Descendants, shall not have ascended either the Throne of the Two Sicilies or of Spain; for at that time, and in case the aforesaid Infant should die without Male Descendants, we expressly reserve to Ourselves, our Heirs and Successors, all Rights, Claims, and Pretensions which have heretofore belonged to Us, and consequently the right of Reversion to the Duchies.

In witness whereof, &c.

MARIA THERESA.

Act of Cession of the King of Sardinia, 1748.

CHARLES EMANUEL, &c. The desire we have to contribute, on our part, to the most speedy re-establishment of the public tranquillity, which lately induced us to accede to the Preliminary Articles, signed the 30th of April last, between the Ministers of His Britannic Majesty, His Most Christian Majesty, and the Lords the States-General of the United Provinces, which we did, on the 31st of May last, by our Plenipotentiary accordingly accede to, inducing us now to accomplish as much as is to be performed on our part in pursuance of them; and particularly for the execution of what is contained in Article IV of the said Preliminaries, by virtue whereof the said Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla are to be yielded to the Most Serene Prince Don Philip, Infant of Spain, to hold, as an Establishment, with the right of Reversion to the present Possessors, as soon as His Majesty the King of the Two Sicilies shall have succeeded to the Crown of Spain, or that the said Infant should happen to die without Issue Male; We, in conformity thereto, do, by the present Act,

renounce, yield, and transfer, for Ourselves and our Successors, to the aforesaid Most Serene Infant Don Philip, and to his Male Issue and their Descendants, born in lawful Marriage, the Town of Placentia, and the Plaisantine (whereof we were possessed), to be held and possessed by him as Duke of Placentia; renouncing to this end all rights, claims, and pretensions which we have upon them; reserving, however, expressly to Us and our Successors the right of Reversion in the cases above mentioned.

In witness whereof, &c.

CHARLES EMANUEL.

TREATY between Denmark and Norway and Sweden, defining the Boundary between Norway and Sweden. Signed at Strömstad, 21st September, 1751.

[Referred to at page 745.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Description of Boundary Line between Norway and Sweden.
- Arrangements between Denmark and Norway and Sweden, consequent upon the Settlement of the Boundary Line.

(Translation.)

ART. I. Traces and fixes the Boundary Line between the Kingdoms of Norway and Sweden from Hisöe or Hengsöe in the Korn-Siöe, by and through the following points and places: Rompöe, Hisöe-Sund, Lyks-Wigen or Lykswands-Wigen, Sundsbroesund, Kjoerringesund, Björnesund, Abborsund, Kraakesund, Norder-Korn-Siöe, Halleröd, Bog-River, Hold-Damm or Halleröd-Damm, Bog-Lake, Kull- or Kaal-Holm, Graaemären or Hvite-Steen, Taagholm, Bue-Dahl, Lesjö, Grötesboe-Outlet, Grötesboe-Beck, Gröte-Kjern, Gröte-Bach, Ulve-Water, Ulve-Water-Oos, Ulve-Water-Damm, Röeholen, Skille-Funen, Klovstens-Aasen, Raa-Steen, Lang-Aaas-Axel, Allingsmur, Raasten, Krog-Kjernsholm, Hede-Steen, Siuls Boe or Bokkehytte Dahl. Giöpebergs or Biekule-Röss, West-Dyveln, East-Dyveln, South-Biur-Vand, North-Biur-Vand, Rödvand, Sloern, Röskiern, Salholm. Great-Lee-Vand, Moswigs-Island, Troldöen, Konannebbe, Lysekiern, Bre-Mose, Slahelle-Moc, Tverhelle-Moc, Moe-Fors, Moe-Kiern, Berge Kierns-Sund, Mulbecker Bridges, Slakleven, Högsäd, Klev, Roune-Kierns-Point, Klofstein, Joare-Knatte, Galtedalshoiden, Mörkersund, Raa-Merk, Grindefors, South Langevads-Bond, Langevads-Becken, Oxen and Oxkjern, Dyvlingsholm or Gaascholm, Romunger Lake, Grindefors, Steen, Mosehalsen,

Furum, Poskiern, Tverbeck, Bleker-Kiern, Tuven in Task-See, Langegobbe, Fierebecks-Kiern, Rödvand, Ströe-Kiern, Hornsiöe, Krogvand or Lange-Grop, Groensiöe, Fieldboe-See, Fieldboe-Dölperne, Holmsiöe, Begge, Lindbroe-Vand, Hyne-Kiern, Fisk-Vand, Grener-Fors, Krokfors, Röseholm, Ruds or Leerwig, Rödehald, Skiegaards-Hedge, Hoisetter-River, Kneggebergs-Islands in Helge-lake, South-Kiörpungs-Kiern, 'Aare-Kiern, Skoargaards-mark, Leer See, Orre or Orebacken, Abbor-Kierns-maal Lange-Gropens-End in the Urang-River, Quist Klovstein in Bil-River, Storoe in Udgaards-Lake, Rödmyr, Murtelek in the Holm-Lake, Soeter-Kiern, Skaalsiöe-Oos, Staken in the Waereler or Warald-Lake, Cronhald or Ronaald by Dus or Tys-Kiern, Maase-Klutte, Rotnesmoe, Arkogs-Berge, Nykle- or Mykle-Water, Holmen, Bodholm, Moldhoug-Klindt or Great-Mold-Dusen, Norder-Bag-Siöberg, Röjdeholm, Raaberg, Elge or Adler-Klinten, Midskogs-Quelle, East and West Hökling, Krogsiöe, East-Diupbergshette, Skarp-Diupbergshette, Skarp-Diupberg, Gaasekierns-Sund, Muldhougen, Bak-Klindt, Bag-Oos, Hölgefald, Gryte, Strupe-Forsen, Storberg. Sand-Kilde-Forsen, Lachsfang-Buildings, Sandkilde, Windkilden, Tandaaenäs-Point, Moebergs-Mark, Naewalds-Field, Tandaaenäs-Point, Flaewaldslöds-Point, Waatudalsyun, Faxe-field, Bradt Field, Quarnkielde, Morte-Tuva, Driv-Field, Midskougs-Knall, Lislefield, and Hvidhaagner, Herjehaagna, Wonsiöe-Gusten, Muren in Ruten, Haftorstaten, Skarvdören; Great-Sola, Great-Gluggen, Skiör or Skurddals-Port, Halsiöe-Ruven, Storsiöe - Sund, Findwolle, North - Skiaervands - End; Straadals-Fors, Straadals - Klumpens boundary mark, Skiekkens-Stream-mark, Biörke-Vatus-Fields-mark, Nyamojoka-mark, Högsädet, Holdershatt, Jävsiöehatten, Jutahatten, North-King-Lake, Penning-Keisene, the river from Mur-Lake, Quadlie-Lake, Portfield, Linnebotus-End, Nordsvelds-Klump, Jadnems-Klump in Börgefield, Tremsjock, Gaudejock, Moritz-Skyjtsky-plain, Are-Träsk, Worko-Träsk, Bruxt-Field, Raude-Jaure, Raokan-Jaure, Skaukievari, Uma-water, Gräs-water, Akels-Jauri, Jaus-Jaures outlet, Kier-Kejauri, Börichs Träsk, Rikasjaure, Nassafield, Svangskiern, Streitiskiak, Joxetiok, Skarjahegorri in Doriswag, Saulotick, Stendalen, Lomi-water, North-Suljetielma, Olmajallogeikna, Tulpageikna, Guatilis, Hurri, Sautas or Tiokolis, Tiorro, Letnawarde, Pernitjok, Pauda, Great-Rida, Tioki, Märfas, West-Jove, Tiorre, Jvarsten, Kalamjok, Kadderoisvi, Reuri-mountains, Wustiatza, Keudnojaure, Polno-lake, Hiert on the Duoderichs or Dörderichs-mountains, Koitewara or Koiwarak, Wuoskommodka

Kiepanwara, Tarfelwara, Kaagke or Tiaudewara, Haukawuosma or Haukejaure Modka, Raudekiolma, Rostosund, Moskonmodka, Tiorrokaitsa, Japajaure, Koskimmodka, Kalkogaab, Marselkwara, Tollihupuk, Goeting, Field-Ryg, Ortismorkisoifwi or Ortisoifwi, Kaudaskais, Halde or Haltianilto, Somasoifwe, Wardoifwe, Birte or Skierta-Wara, Tennismodkis, Korsewara, Akiswara, Nerrewara, Posseswara, Urewara, Marselkorre, Pitsiskiolme, Kieldewado, Salwaslopel, Salwaswado, Soiwersware, Termenswardo or Tirmesware, Bewersmodka, Raudoiswe, Maderoifwe, Saltoifwe, Aletwara, Matasoifwe, Kalkowado, Kalkolobel, Rauda-Autzi, Raude-Jaurene, Ausvupudakjaure, Seikisautzi, Keitemjaure, Raudoiswe, Maselantzi, Kaldjoure, Ladegeiwoifwe or Beldowadda, from thence the Boundary line is to go northwards to Skiekkemjok and to follow that jok or brook till it falls into the Enarastream, which is also called Upper-Tana-stream; that stream forms the Boundary until it unites with the Karasjocki-stream, where the great or proper Tana- or Teno-stream begins, which likewise forms the boundary up to the place where the Skolajockibrook falls into the said Tana-stream; from thence the Boundary line is drawn to the East to the Harrimatskaidi mountains, then over a ground between two brooks to the Polmatjaure-Lake, thence to Wuomowarast, Pitsusmarast, and, lastly, to the Kolmisoifwi Madakietza mountains.

Arts. II to VIII. (See Table.)

TREATY between the Empress Queen Maria Theresa and the King of Sardinia, to arrange the Disagreements relative to the Execution of the Treaties of 1703, 1738, 1743, and 1748, and to favour the Commerce of their States. Milan, 4th October, 1751.

[Referred to at page 260.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Preservation and Repair of the Grand "Naviglio," derived from the Tieino.
- 2. Supplies during the War from 1742 to 1748.
- 3. Treatment: of Subjects of the Dismembered Provinces in the State of Milan, and of Subjects of the State of Milan in the dismembered Provinces.
- 4. Supply of Goods.
- 5. Gommerce.
- 6. Royal Stewardships for Benefices which have their Title in one Dominion and their Property in the other.
- 7. Ghislieri College.

ART.

TABLE.

- 8. Delivery of Documents concerning the coded Countries.
- 9. Offices conferred by the Chamber of Milan on obligatory terms.
- 10. Ratification of the Convention for consignments of Salt.
- 11. Civic Pro Rata.
- 12. Chamber Pro Rata.

Separate and Additional Article.

Royal Monopolies.

BOUNDARY TREATY between Sardinia and the Republic of Geneva. Signed at Turin, 3rd June, 1754.

[Referred to at pages 73, 167, 433.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Boundaries of Bailiwicks of Terniez and Galliard to be traced.
- 2. Boundary of Geneva on the side of Galliard.
- 3. Village of Gy and Sionnet to be united to Jussy.
- 4. Cession to Geneva of Land on left Bank of River Arve.
- 5. Geneva to retain Villages of Cartigny, Petite Grave, Epaisse, and Passeiry.
- 6. Rights of Sovereignty in Places and Territories ceded by Sardinia to Geneva.
- 7. Rights of Sovereignty in Places and Territories ceded by Geneva to Sardinia.

Report.

Detailed Delimitation of Landmarks.

(Translation.*)

Boundaries of Bailiwicks of Terniez and Galliard to be traced.

ART. I. In order to settle all the Differences arising out of the position and the nature of the Lands and Fiefs possessed by the Lordship of Geneva in the Bailiwicks of Terniez and Galliard, the Delimitation of those Boundaries by division or exchange, shall take place in the manner and under the conditions following:

Boundary of Geneva on the side of Galliard.

- ART. II. The Suburb of Geneva on the side of Galliard, already limited by the Rivulet Seime, from its Mouth in the Arve as far as the Pont de Chesne, shall continue along that Rivulet in its ascent, from the said Pont de Chesne as far as the Pont Bochet from whence it shall proceed by the Road to Nicolaus and from thence to the Lake, according to the Plan and the Report signed in Duplicate, forming part of the present Treaty.
 - * For French version, see "State Papers," vol. iii, p. 763. 2000

Villages of Gy and Sionnet to be united to Jussy.

ART. III. The Villages of Gy and Sionnet, with the Territories marked on the same Plan, and more particularly described in the Report relating thereto, shall be united and incorporated with Jussy.

Cession to Geneva of Land on left Bank of River Arve.

ART. IV. On the side of Terniez, His Majesty cedes to the Town and Republic of Geneva the Land belonging to him on the left Bank of the River Arve, as traced on the above-mentioned Plan, leaving on the side of Savoy all the houses of Carouge, by a line drawn from the borders of the said River as far as the road leading from thence to the Crest des Morts, which road shall afterwards be the Limit: and from thence a straight line shall be drawn as far as the Rhone between Batie and St. George, which will be more particularly described in the said Report; on condition that, with the exception of the Guard House at the end of the Bridge of Arve, all the Buildings in that Territory, including the Vernets, shall be demolished at the expense of the Lordship of Geneva, within one year, no building being allowed to be erected thereon afterwards.

Geneva to retain Villages of Cartigny, Petite Grave, Epaisse, and Passeiry.

ART. V. The Republic still retaining the Villages of Cartigny, Petite Grave, Epaisse, and Passeiry, with their Territories, from the great Road from Geneva to Chancy as far as the Rhone, according to the Plan and Report referred to.

Rights of Sovereignty in Places and Territories ceded by Sardinia to Geneva.

ART. VI. In the Places and Territories above mentioned, His Majesty for himself and his Successors, cedes in perpetuity to Geneva all Rights of Sovereignty and others belonging to him, without any exception or reservation.

Rights of Sovereignty in Places and Territories ceded by Geneva to Sardinia.

ART. VII. Reciprocally the said Republic cedes to His Majesty and his Successors all their Rights of whatsoever nature beyond the above-mentioned Limits and Territories, as well in the said 2001

Bailiwicks as in the Duchy of Savoy; excepting nevertheless Chancy and Avrilly, and Jussy, from which shall be further made over to His Majesty the Territory of the Etoles, and Grange-Veigy as far as Nant de Tuernaut, which shall from henceferth form the Boundary of Jussy on the side of Chablais, and the respective Commissioners who shall be charged with the execution of the Boundaries agreed upon in this Treaty shall proceed to the delimitation of those reserved Territories.

REPORT.

Detailed Delimitation of Landmarks.

CONVENTION between France, Sardinia, and Spain, relative to the Reversion of Placentia. Signed at Paris, 10th June, 1763.

[Referred to at page 168.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Right of Reversion of Placentia to Sardinia.
- 2. Guarantee of Reversion of Placentia to Sardinia.

(Translation.*)

Right of Reversion of Placentia to Sardinia.

ART. I. Their Most Christian and Catholic Majesties again renew, in favour of His Majesty the King of Sardinia, the Right of Reversion of the Town of Placentia and of the part of Placentia as far the Nura, specified in the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle, in case the Male line of the Infant Don Philippe, the actual Possessor should become extinct, as well as in case that Prince or his Male Successors should succeed to one of the Crowns of his Family.

Guarantee of Reversion of Placentia to Sardinia.

ART. II. Their Most Christian and Catholic Majesties not only recognise the Right of Reversion in favour of Sardinia specified in Article I, but they also expressly Guarantee it by the present Convention, according to the terms above expressed, and promise to oppose whoever might undertake to prevent the execution of the said Right of Reversion.

* For French Version see "State Papers," vol. ii, p. 959.

BOUNDARY CONVENTION between France and Spain. Signed at Perpignan, 12th November, 1764.

[Referred to at page 1648.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Bridge from Junquera to Pertus to form Central point of Boundary.
- 2. Landmarks to be erected at outlet of the Bridge on the side of Pertus.
- 3. Landmarks to be erected on the Right side of the Bridge.
- 6. Plans to be drawn of the whole of the Line and its Landmarks.

(Translation.)

Bridge from Junquera to Pertus to form Central Point of Boundary.

ART. I. The first bridge of the precipice shall be the central point, unalterable and perpetual, of the Boundaries of the two Kingdoms, going from La Junquera to Pertus; the whole of that bridge being Spanish Territory, so that the extremity of the bridge on the side of Pertus shall afford immunity and shelter for every deserter, or other person, or any occurrence.

Landmarks to be erected at outlet of the Bridge on the side of Pertus.

ART. II. At the ontlet of the above-mentioned bridge on the side of Pertus two pillars shall be fixed with the Arms of France and Spain, and taking the left-hand a line of division shall be traced, which shall go in front of the tenaille of the Fort of Bellegarde, the Redoubt of Panissas, and the ruined Chapel of Our Lady of that name, afterwards continuing to the summit of the mountains according to the Treaty of Peace of the Pyrenees; and 4 pillars or landmarks shall be set up, one at each extremity of the flanked angles of the said tenaille of Bellegarde, from 25 to 30 toises distant from its covered way, another at 18 toises distant from the front of the Redoubt of Panissas, and the last for this side in the middle of the ruined chapel, as marked in the plan by the letters R, P, C, r, E.

Landmarks to be erected on the Right side of the Bridge.

ART. III. On the right of the said bridge the line of division shall proceed close to the high road by the angles of the precinct of the Garden of Pertus to the Hill of Puigmal, the division of flowing waters cited in the Treaty of the Pyrenees, and 4 pillars or landmarks shall be placed at the points Z, h, N, O.

Amr. VI. (See Table.)

BOUNDARY TREATY between Parma and Sardinia. Signed at Stradella, 10th March, 1766.

[Referred to at page 693.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Boundary from the Confluence of the Auto with the Trebbia to Casoni, and the dry Stream of the ancient Boundary.
- 2. Boundary from the Dry Stream to Bocketta della Prada, and from thence to the Stone of the Three Sisters.
- 3. Boundary from the Three Sisters to Spanna, ascending thence to the Cd de'Frè.
- 4. Boundary from the Cà de'Frè to the Monte de Pietra and Costiola.
- 5. Boundary from Costiola to the Boundary Mark of the Rossarola.
- 6. Boundary from Rossarola to the Croce della Rossella.
- 7. Boundary from Rossella to the Ca di Scajo.
- 8. Boundary from the Cà di Scajo to the Confluence of the Torrent of Bardonezza with the Stream of the Ora.
- 9. Boundary from the Stream of the Ora to Fornello and Oratorio of Luzzano.
- 10. Boundary from the Oratorio de Luzzano Road to the Road leading to the Bardonezza.
- 11. Boundary between the Torrent of Bardonezza and the Torrent of Marcinola.
- 12. Boundary from the Bardonezza to the Zapellone Road.
- 13. Boundary from the Zapellone Road to the Road from Parpanese to Castel S. Giovanni.
- 14. Boundary from the Road to Castel S. Giovanni to the Boriacco Stream, and from its mouth in the Po by a straight Line to the middle of the Po.
- 15. The Cusani and d'Este as well as the Bosconi on the Right Bank of the Po to belong to Parma.
- 16. Reciprocal relinquishment of Rights over the Territories ceded by this Treaty.
- 17. Taking possession of Ceded Territories.
- 18. Torrents, Streams, Fountains, Islands, Roads, Paths, &c., on the Frontier to be Divided in the Middle, unless otherwise described. Water-courses not to be altered,
- 19. Cessions to include all Rights whatever, without prejudice to Private Rights.
- 20. Subjects of both Parties to enjoy their Rights in regard to the Ceded Territories.
- 21. Fixing the Boundary Marks. Ratifications.

Boundary from the Confluence of the Auto with the Trebbia to Casoni and the Dry Stream of the ancient Boundary.

ART. I. The line which, according to the map, formerly divided the two States from the Confluence of the Auto with the Trebbia, proceeding by the middle of this last Torrent between Corte Brugnatella and Ozola to the Mouth of the Stream of the

Gainetta, will continue along the middle of the said Trebbia Torrent to where the Torrent Cordarrezza discharges itself; that line will then ascend by the middle of this Cordarrezza to another line which goes to Poggio del Dente; and thence traversing the Streams of Monte Rotondo and of Coriasca, it will go on by the Stream of Sterná, then turning to the place of the Casoni, and afterwards to the dry Stream, according to the line coloured green on the special Map, marked A; so that the places and Lands which this line leaves on the side of Piacenza shall belong to this Duchy; but it is agreed that the inhabitants of Corte Brugnatella shall have the joint use of and free access to the Fountain of Morosa.

Boundary from the Dry Stream to Bochetta della Prada, and from thence to the Stone of the Three Sisters.

ART. II. From the dry Stream the ancient Boundary shall continue as before to the Bochetta della Prada; from that point to the stone of the 3 Sisters a new Boundary is arranged by the present Treaty between the Territory of Bobbio on the one part, and those of Coli, Porcile, and Gavi on the other, according to the green line drawn on the special Map, marked B; so that in this part also the places which the said line leaves on the side of Piacenza, and respectively on that of Bobbio, shall belong to those respective Jurisdictions.

Boundary from the Three Sisters to Spanna, ascending thence to the Cd de' Frè.

ART. III. The ancient Boundary will also remain from the above-mentioned stone of the 3 Sisters to the Groppo di Barbarino, and from that to the middle of the Trebbia, which it follows descending to opposite the Stone of S. Colombano, called the Spanna; whence it ascends to the Cà de' Frè, according to the red and yellow line on the said agreed Map.

Boundary from the Câ de' Frè to the Monte di Pietra Corva and Costiola.

ART. IV. From the Cà de' Frè to the Monte di Pietra Corva and to the Costiola, the Boundary is established by the present Treaty between the Territories of Bobbio and the Romagnese on one side, and those of Mezzano Scotto, Aiguerra, and Cicogna on the other, according to the red line on the agreed Map, so that it leaves the Cà de' Frè, Pradonico, Boschini, Mallosso, Castellino,

2005

Colorazze, and other places to the said Territories of Bobbio and Romagnese.

Boundary from Costiola to the Boundary Mark of the Rossarola.

ART. V. After Costiols the ancient division of the two States will remain as far as the Tidone, and ascending by the middle of that Torrent up to the Rio Chiapedo, will continue as heretofore to the Croce, and Boundary mark of the Rossarola.

Boundary from Rossarola to the Croce della Rosella.

ART. VI. From the Croce, and Boundary mark of the Rossarola, it is agreed that the Boundary shall traverse the Territory of Moncasacco, up to the Croce della Rossella, according to the green line on the agreed Map; so that the road which returns from the Croce della Rossella, to the angle of that which comes from Stadera to the village of Moncasacco, shall be common and divisional in the middle; and as for the other parts of the same road, which from the same angle shall be limitary up to the Croce della Rossarola, they remain wholly under the Sovereignty of His Majesty; and by this new line of division, the northern part of Contado, and Territory of Moncasacco, with the disputed site between that same Territory and that of Canevino, will also belong to His Majesty.

Boundary from Rossella to the Cà di Scajo.

ART. VII. Resuming then the ancient Boundary after the Croce della Rossella up to the Cà di Scajo, it will go on by the road, which leaves on the Territory of Golferenzo the land which was disputed in this part between this Commune and that of Tassara.

Boundary from the Ca di Scajo to the Confluence of the Torrent of Bardonezza with the Stream of the Ora.

ART. VIII. From thence the demarcation will remain as here-tofore up to the angle of the roads which go from one side to the Case de' Bertini, and from the other to S. Giorgio; whence continuing by this last road up to the mark called della Costa, it will then descend by a straight line to the beginning of the Bardonezza, and will go on by this Torrent to the Confluence with it of the Stream of the Ora, thus leaving on the Territory of Soriasco all the rest of that land which was marked as disputed in the said agreed Map.

APPENDIK.

Boundary from the Stream of the Ora to Fornello and Oratorio of Luzzano.

ART. IX. From the Confluence of the Stream of the Ora, the Boundary will continue as before by the Bardonezza up to the confines between Rovescala and Vicobarone, as those Confines are fixed by the red line, and from the two Limits marked at this part on the said agreed Map, and so up to the road which goes from Vicobarone to Luzzano; by which road the ancient Boundary will continue, according to the joint line drawn on the said Map, up to the angle of the roads, of which one goes to the Fornello, and the other to the Oratorio of Luzzano.

Boundary from the Oratorio de Luzzano Road to the Road leading to the Bardonezza.

ART. X. From the angle of the two roads above-mentioned the new division will go by the last of them, in the manner explained below, to another road which turns to the Bardonezza, thus leaving to the Piacentine the land with the house between this new line and the ancient one; it is agreed that the aforesaid Oratorio of Luzzano is to remain entirely on the Pavese Oltrepò, that part of the road, which is to form the new confines, shall be removed at joint expense, when the Boundary marks are fixed, to behind the said Oratorio, at the distance and in the manner shown on the special Map, marked C.

Boundary between the Torrent of Bardonezza and the Torrent of Marcinola:

ART. XI. The ancient Boundary will then be followed, as shown by the line drawn on the aforesaid agreed Map, up to the Bardenezza; and the new division of the two States will continue by the bed of the same Torrent up to where the Marcinola unites with it; and in virtue of this Article the portion of the Territory of Mondonico, which is between these two Torrents, and the Territory of Rovescala, will be incorporated with the Pavese-Sardinian Province called Oltrepò.

Boundary from the Bardonezza to the Zapellone Road.

ART. XII. From the union of the Marcinola with the Bardonezza the Boundary will continue by the middle of the latter to the road of the Zapellone, which remains entirely on the Territory of Parpanese; and thus all the places and lands with part of the Romea and Cavallante roads, at the left of the said Torrent, will belong to His Majesty.

Boundary from the Zapellone Road to the Road from Parpanese to Castel S. Giovanni.

ART. XIII. From the road of the Zapellone the Boundary will go on by the continuation of that ditch, which formerly in this part divided the Territory of Parpanese from that of Castel S. Giovanni, to the Torrent of the Carogna; and ascending by this Torrent according to the joint line on the Map, to the yellow line proposed by His Royal Highness's Engineer, will continue by this, traversing the road which leads from Parpanese to Castel S. Giovanni.

Boundary from the Road to Castel S. Giovanni to the Boriacco Stream, and from its Mouth in the Po by a straight Line to the middle of the Po.

ART. XIV. From that point, the ancient Confines subsisting still, by the middle of another ditch shown on the Map, it will continue to the Stream called Boriacco, or Fossadone, and from the Mouth of that Stream in the Po the division of the two Dominions will be terminated by a straight line drawn to the Middle of that River.

The Cusani and D'Este, as well as the Bosconi on the Right Bank of the Po to belong to Parma.

ART. XV. According to the preceding Articles, the two Bottaroni, denominated Cusani and d'Este, situated on the Right of the River Po, will belong in future to His Royal Highness, as well as the Bosconi, also situate on the Right of the same River, from the mouth of the Boriacco, or Fossadone, to the Boscone of the Ospital Grande di Piacenza; but no means of passage from one Bank of the Po to the other must be established in front of the said Bosconi.

ARTS. XVI to XXI. (See Table.)

PROVISIONAL TREATY between Denmark and Russia, for the Cession of the Duchy of Holstein to Denmark. Signed at Copenhagen, ^{11th}/_{22nd} April, 1767.

[Referred to at page 1148.]

ABT.

TABLE.

- 1. Russian Renunciation of the Holstein Participation.
- 2. Acceptance of Debts.
- 8. Regulation of Debts.

ART.

TABLE.

- 4. Payment of Debts.
- 5. Reservation of Abatement.
- 6. Agreement respecting the Appanage and Trust Debt chargeable on Fehmarn.
- 7. Contingent Liquidation thereof.
- 8. 9. Lubeck Coadjutorship.
- 10. Exchange of the Holstein Participation for Oldenburg and Delmenhorst.
- 11. Form of Cession.
- 12. Holstein Debts Liquidated.
- 13. Holstein Debts not Liquidated.
- 14. Acknowledgment thereof.
- 15. Redemption.
- 16. Maintenance of the present Constitution of the Country.
- 17. Services and Pensions.
- 18. Expectancies in Holstein and Oldenburg.
- 19. Appanages for the younger Lines.
- 20. Trust Property, Stendorf, &c.
- 21. Payment of Debts out of the Revenues of the Country.
- 22. Oldenburg and Delmenhorst free from Debts.
- 23. Maintenance of the Constitution of the Country.
- 24. Services, Pensions, Expectancies.
- 25. The Military.
- 26. Redemption of Pledges.
- 27. Consent of Agnates.
- 28. Order of Succession.
- 29. Consent of Feudal Superiors.
- 30. Elevation of Oldenburg to a Duchy, and Vote at the Imperial Diet.
- 31. Indemnification of War Damages.
- 32. Episcopal Hans Foundation.
- 33. Ratifications.
- 34. Signing and Sealing.

Done at Copenhagen, 11th April, 1767.

- (L.S.) J. H. E. BAR. v. BERNSTORFF.
- (L.S.) 0. THOTT.
- (L.S.) D. REVENTLOW.
- (L.S.) M. FILOSOFFOW.
- (L.S.) C. v. SALDERN.

DEFINITIVE TREATY between Denmark and the Grand Duke of Russia, for the Exchange of Holstein for Oldenburg and Delmenhorst. Signed at Zarskoe-Selo, Ist June, 1773.

[Referred to at page 1148.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Ratification of the Act of Renunciation.
- 2. Daniel Confirmation of the Provisional Treaty.
- 8. Concerning the younger Holstein-Gottorp Line.
- 4. Article VIII confirmed and Resignation of Prince Frederick.
- 5. Exchange of the Grand Ducal Shore of Holstein for Oldenburg and Delmenborst, confirmed.
- 6. Holstein Debta.
- 7. Constitution of the Country.
- 8. Appanage.
- 9. Entail.
- 10. Proclamation concerning Oldenburg and Delmenkorst.
- 11. Consent of Prince Frederick.
- 12. Order of Succession, and further Cession of Oldenburg and Delmenherst.
- 18. Guarantee.
- 14. Consent of Feudal Authority.
- 15. Oldenburg and Delmenhorst to be raised to a Duchy, with a Vote at the Diet.
- 16. Negotiations in that behalf.
- 17. Eutin Foundation.
- 18. Extradition of Archives.
- 19. Execution of Treaty.
- 20. Exchange of Ratifications.

Done at Zarskoe-Selo, the 21st May, 1773.

- (L.S.) C. F. NUMSSEN.
- (L.S.) COUNT N. PANIN.
- (L.S.) C. v. SALDERN.

TREATY OF PEACE between Russia and Turkey. Signed at Kainardji, 10th July, 1774.

[Referred to at page 1173.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 7. Protection of Christian Religion and Churches.
- 8. Permission to Russian Subjects to visit Jerusalem and other Places.
- 14. Permission to erect a Greek Church at Galata.
- 16. Free exercise of Christian Religion. Building and Repair of Churches.

 Restoration of Lands to Convents, &c. Consideration towards

 Ecclesiastics.

(Translation.)

Protection of Christian Religion and Churches.

Arr. VII. The Sublime Porte promises constantly to protect the Christian Religion in all its Churches, and also agrees that the Ministers of the Imperial Court of Russia may make Representations in favour of the Church to be erected at Constantinople, as well as those officiating therein, and promises to receive these remonstrances as coming from a trustworthy person in the name of a sincerely friendly neighbouring Power.

ART. VIII. Permission to Russian Subjects to Visit Jerusalem and other Places.

Permission to Erect a Greek Church at Galata.

ART. XIV. Besides the Private Church, the Court of Russia shall have the right, in the same manner as other Powers, to erect a Church at Galata, in the street called Bey-Ugla, which Church shall bear the name of Russo-Greek Church, and shall always be under the Protection of the Russian Minister, exempt from all Taxes, and secure from attacks.

Free Exercise of Christian Religion. Building and Repair of Churches.

ART. XVI. (2.) Not to put, in any manner whatever, any obstacle to the exercise of Divine Worship, free in every respect, or to prevent the building of New Churches, or the repair of the old ones, as they were before.

Restoration of Lands to Convents, &c.

(3.) To restore to Convents and other Private Persons the Property and Lands around Braila, Choczim, Bender, &c., for merly belonging to them, but which have since been unjustly taken from them.

Consideration towards Ecclesiastics.

(4.) To recognise and to honour Ecclesiastics, according to their rank.

TERRITORIAL CONVENTION between Austria and Bavaria. Signed at Teschen, 13th May, 1779.

[Referred to at page 439.]

Navigation of Rivers Danube, Inn, and Salza.

ART. V. The Rivers (Danube, Inn, and Salza) mentioned in the preceding Article, shall be common to the House of Austria and the Elector Palatine, wherever they touch the Countries ceded; neither of the two Contracting Parties shall alter the natural course of the Rivers, or prevent the Free Navigation and Free Passage to Subjects, Merchandise, Provisions, and Effects of the other, and neither of them shall be allowed to establish new Tolls, or any other Duties, under any other name whatever; the above stipulations shall also prevail for that part of the Jura which flows between the Bailiwick of Scharding and the County of Neubourg, held by the House of Austria.

TREATY between Hungary and France, relative to the Limits of their respective States in the Netherlands. Signed at Brussels, 18th November, 1779.

[Referred to at page 624.]

(Translation.)

Removal of Impediments to the free use of the River Semoy.

ART. XXX. In order to facilitate the communication of the Semoy with the Meuse to the Subjects of the Empress-Queen, the Most Christian King agrees to remove the difficulties which the Farmers of the Domanial Fisheries, or others of his Subjects, may have put in the way of the free use of the said River Semoy. The Commissioners for the execution of the present Convention will be instructed to adopt the necessary measures to put a stop to those impediments. The *Procès-Verbaux* which they have held to that effect shall be considered as forming part of this Convention.

TREATY OF SUCCESSION of the House of Nassau, renewed in 1783.

[Referred to at pages 253 and 1001.]

Occasion and Object of this New Treaty of Succession.

The original possession in common of all the ancient landed estates of the House of Nassau retained at the partition among brothers in 1255, is the basis of some subsequent Treaties of Succession, as well as of the Negotiations carried on for the last 200 years, and of the Treaty finally concluded in 1736.

Confirmation of the Treaty of 1736, according to the provisions here following:

- 1. Perpetual family engagements respecting all princely lands, whereby (a) the original possession in common of the old family landed estates is confirmed.
- (b.) The Imperial property which has been acquired since the year 1255, or may hereafter be acquired, is included in this union.
- (c.) Like provision respecting private property lying within the frontiers, or closely adjacent.

Reservation respecting mediatised possessions.

- (d.) How property, at any future time acquired by right of the wives, is to be treated.
- (e.) Acquisitions of apanaged Princes shall, in default of legal disposition, be incorporated in the family union like those of reigning Princes; heirs of allodial estates, however, to receive fair compensation.

Exemption of the Netherlands Barony and County of Spiegel-berg from the family bond.

- (f.) Both princely houses confirm and deliver to one another the civil joint-tenancy of all their German property so far as they have not already done so.
 - (g.) Prohibition of all alienations.

What are negotiations for any real alienation, and what shall not be considered as such.

(h.) Prohibition of all unfair unnecessary debts.

Definition and obligation of just debts.

Neither a son or relation is bound to pay unjust debts.

(i.) Necessity of the agnatic consent in all cases.

The present debts of all Princely Lines will be recognised.

- (k.) Establishment of a perpetual fund for liquidating debts, acquiring, and improving property.
- II. Personal perpetual bond of friendship between all Princes of the House.

Confirmation of the same.

- (a.) By conventional arbitrations.
- (b.) By fair active assistance in case of need.
- (c.) By the general "Hausdirektorium" given to the House of Orange, and the recognition of the presidency conferred upon it.
- (d.) By the special "Hausdirektorium" extended to the House of Saarbrück.
 - III. Provision in the event of future services.
 - 1. Order of the Succession, by which
- (a) The law of primogeniture in each Line is to be observed without interruption; but
- (b.) Posthumous Princes are to be provided for according to the custom of each of those Lines.
 - (c.) General establishment of agnatic Succession.
- (d.) Particular provision as to the succession among themselves of the Using and Saarbrück Lines, as well as in case of the extinction of both.
- (e.) Succession in the event of the extinction of the Nassau-Weilburg Male Line.
- (f.) Succession in the event of the complete extinction of the Nassau-Saarbrück House.
- (g.) Succession in the event of the extinction of the Orange-Nassau Male Line.
- (h.) Upright behaviour of the last of a Line in the Government, and management of his property.

Precautions which may be taken by a successor to avoid bad management.

- 2. Regulations for guardians. (a.) With regard to the education of the children.
 - (b.) With regard to the management of property.
- 3. Last disposition of one of these Princes, its validity and particular object.
 - 4. Provision for widows.
 - 5. Provision for, and settlements upon, the daughters.
 - (a.) During the existence of both families.
 - (b.) After the extinction of one family, both as regards the

allowances to be made and the marriage portion, after due renunciation, as before mentioned.

- (c.) Course to be followed should there be no widows or daughters unprovided for.
 - (d.) Particular ordinance respecting allodial succession.

In default of daughters, more distant heirs shall succeed in their order.

(e.) Ordinance as to the portion to be paid in case by the Landesfolger.

Sanction of further beneficial arrangements.

What is not specifically set aside for the allodial heirs, belongs to the Landesfolger.

- 6. Provision in the event of the extinction of the whole House of Nassau.
- IV. Perpetual force of the present Treaty of Succession generally; especially—
 - (a.) Of its solemn ratification.
 - (b.) Covenanted allegiance of counsellors and servants.
 - (c.) Oath of fealty to be taken by subjects.
 - (d.) Introduction of the Common Prayer.
 - (e.) Permitted voluntary taking up of the joint tenancy.
 - (f.) Executive clause.

Signed at The Hague, 31 June

,, Krichheim
,, 23
,, Biebrich
,, 26
,, Saarbrucker
,, 30

TREATY between Russia and Turkey. Signed at Constantinople, ^{10th}/_{22nd} June, 1783.

[Referred to at page 752.]

Not given; relating to Commerce only.

TREATY OF PEACE between Austria and the Nether-lands. Signed at Fontainebleau, 8th November, 1785.

[Referred to at pages 863 and 985.]

ART.

TABLE.

6. Drainage of Waters in Flanders.

(Translation.)

Drainage of Waters in Flanders.

ART. VI. The High Powers will cause the Drainage of the Waters of Flanders and on the side of the Meuse, to be regulated in the most suitable manner and to the satisfaction of the Emperor, in order to prevent Inundations as far as possible. The High Powers even consent that to obtain that object, the necessary Land under their dominion shall be allotted on a reasonable footing. The Sluices which shall be constructed for that object on the Territory of the States-General, shall remain under their Sovereignty; and none shall be constructed in any part of their Territory, which might be detrimental to the defence of their Frontiers. Commissioners shall be respectively appointed, within one month after the exchange of the Ratifications, who shall determine the most convenient Localities for the said Sluices; they will agree upon those which shall be subject to a common Administration.

DEFINITIVE TREATY of Peace between Russia and Turkey. Signed at Jassy, 9th December, 1791 9th January, 1792

[Referred to at pages 751, 752, and 779.]

ART.

TABLE.

7. Depredations of Barbary Pirates.

(Translation.)

Depredations of Barbary Pirates.

ART. VII. Commerce being the real, and the most lasting bond of reciprocal harmony, the Sublime Ottoman Porte, in renewing Peace and Friendship with the Russian Empire, hereby stipulates, as a proof of the sincerity with which she desires to give the most effectual encouragement to a secure and profitable Commerce between the subjects of the two Realms, to observe and execute Article LX of the Treaty of Commerce, concluded with the Russian

Empire, respecting the privateers of Algiers, Tunis, and Tripoli, and engages particularly, if any subject of Russia should be met with and captured by the Privateers of Algiers, Tunis, and Tripoli, or if the Pirates should appropriate any Ship or Property whatsoever, belonging to Russian Merchants to employ her authority with the States just mentioned, in such case, with the view to obtain the release of the Russian subjects who shall thus have been reduced to slavery, to procure the restoration to them of the Ship, commodities and goods, of which they may have been plundered, and to cause reparation to be made to the injured Parties for all losses resulting therefrom: and should it appear by authentic information, that the Firmans are disobeyed by the said States of Algiers, Tunis, and Tripoli, then the Sublime Porte, on the demand of the Minister or Chargé d'Affaires of the Russian Empire, binds itself to pay for, and repair such losses, out of its Imperial Treasury, within two months, or sooner, if possible, to compute from the day of the signature of such demand.

TREATY OF PEACE between France and Spain. Signed at Basle, 22nd July, 1795.

[Referred to at page 9.]

ART.

TABLE.

9. Cession of Island of St. Domingo by Spain to France.

(Translation.)

Cession of Island of St. Domingo by Spain to France.

ART. IX. In exchange for the Restitutions mentioned in Article IV, the King of Spain, for himself and his Successors, cedes and abandons in full Property to the French Republic the whole of the Spanish part of the Island of St. Domingo in the Antilles.

(Annulled.)

TREATY OF PEACE between Austria and France. Signed at Campo Formio, 17th October, 1797.

[Referred to at pages 262 and 388.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 4. Liquidation of Debts of Countries ceded to France.
- 6. Territories ceded by France to Austria.
- 10. Liquidation of Debts in ceded Countries.

2017

APPENDIK.

(Translation.)

Liquidation of Debts of Countries ceded to France.

ART. IV. All the Debts mortgaged before the War on the soil of the Countries enumerated in the preceding Articles, and the Contracts for which shall be accompanied with the usual formalities, shall be chargeable to the French Republic. The Plenipotentiaries of His Majesty the Emperor, King of Hungary and Bohemia, will deliver the List as soon as possible to the Plenipotentiaries of the French Republic, and before the exchange of the Ratifications, in order that, before the exchange, the Plenipotentiaries of the two Powers may agree upon all the Explanatory or Additional Articles to the present Article and sign them.

Territories ceded by France to Austria.

ART. VI. The French Republic agrees that His Majesty the Emperor and King shall possess in full Sovereignty and Property the undermentioned Countries, namely: Istria, Dalmatia, the former Venetian Islands of the Adriatic, the Mouths of the Cattaro, the Town of Venice, the Lagoons and Countries included between the Hereditary States of His Majesty the Emperor and King, the Adriatic Sea, and a line, starting from the Tyrol, shall follow the Torrent before Gardola, crossing the Lake of Garda as far as Cise; from thence a Military line as far as Giacomo, which shall be described by Engineer Officers appointed on either side before the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty. The Boundary line shall then pass the Adige to San Giacomo, following the left bank of that River as far as the Mouth of the Canal Blanc. including that part of Porto-Legnago, situated on the right bank of the Adige, with the district of a radius of 3,000 toises. line shall proceed by the left Bank of the Canal Blanc, the left Bank of the Tartaro, the left Bank of the Canal called Polisella up to its Mouth in the Po, and the left Bank of the Great Po to the Sea.

Liquidation of Debts in ceded Countries.

ART. X. The Countries ceded, acquired, or exchanged by the present Treaty, shall carry with them to those to whom they shall belong the Debts mortgaged upon their Soil.

CONVENTION between Russia and Turkey, relative to the Ionian Islands. Signed at Constantinople, 21st Murch, 1800.

[Referred to at page 338.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Seven Islands to form a Republic under the Sovereignty of Turkey.

 Guarantee by Russia of the Integrity of the States of the Republic, and maintenance of the Constitution.
- 2. Islands forming the Republic of the Seven Islands.

(Translation.)

ART. I. Seven Islands to form a Republic under the Sovereignty of Turkey. Guarantee by Russia of the Integrity of the States of the Republic, and Maintenance of the Constitution.

Islands forming the Republic of the Seven Islands.

ART. II. In consequence of Article I preceding the Islands of Corfu, Zante, Cephalonia, Santa Maura, Ithaca, Paxo, Cerigo, and all the Islands, great and small, inhabited and not inhabited, situated in front of the Morea and Albania, which have been detached from Venice and have been conquered, being subject to the Sublime Porte under the name of the Republic of the United Seven Islands, the said Republic and its Subjects shall enjoy in their Political Affairs, their internal Constitution, and their Commerce, all the Privileges enjoyed by the Republic of Ragusa and its Subjects; and the two High Contracting Courts, in order the better to exercise their right of Conquest over the said Islands, will accept and ratify, by solemn Acts, the internal Constitution of the said Republic, after having approved of it.

I)EFINITIVE TREATY of Peace between Austria and France. Signed at Luneville, 9th February, 1801.

[Referred to at pages 6, 263, 388, 764, and 765.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 2. Cessions to France on the left Bank of the Rhine.
- 3. Cessions to Austria.
- 6. Countries and Domains on left Bank of the Rhine to belong to France.

 Renunciation by France of all Possessions on the Right Bank of the Rhine.
- 8. Liquidation by France of Debts of ceded Countries.

(Translation.)

Cessions to France on the Left Bank of the Rhine.

ART. II. Are ceded to the French Republic by His Imperial and Royal Majesty, and with the formal consent of the Empire.

2. The Frickthal, and everything that belongs to the House of Austria, on the left Bank of the Rhine, between Zurich and Basie; the French Republic reserving to itself the Cession of the latter Country to the Helvetic Republic.

Cessions to Austria.

ART. III. In the same manner as a renewal and confirmation of Article VI of the Treaty of Campo-Formio,* His Majesty the Emperor and King shall possess in full Sovereignty and Property the Countries hereinafter mentioned, namely:

Istria, Dalmatia, and the former Venetian Islands of the Adriatic depending thereon, the Mouths of the Cattaro, the Town of Venice, the Lagoons and Countries included between the Hereditary States of His Majesty the Emperor and King, the Adriatic Sea, and the Adige on leaving the Tyrol, as far as its mouth in the said Sea; the Thalweg of the Adige forming the Line of Delimitation; and as by that Line the Towns of Verona and Porto-Legnago will be divided, Drawbridges shall be established in the middle of the Bridges of the said Towns.

Countries and Domains on the Left Bank of the Rhine to belong to France.

ART. VI. His Majesty the Emperor and King, as well in his name as in that of the Germanic Empire, agrees that the French Republic should henceforth possess, in full Sovereignty and Property, the Countries and Domains situated on the left Bank of the Rhine, and which formed part of the Germanic Empire; so that in conformity with what had been expressly agreed to at the Congress of Rastadt by the Deputation of the Empire, the Thalweg of the Rhine should henceforth be the limit between the French Republic and the Germanic Empire, namely, from the point at which the Rhine leaves the Helvetic Territory to that at which it enters the Batavian Territory.

Renunciation by France of all Possessions on the Right Bank of the Rhine.

In consequence whereof, the French Republic formally renounces to all Possessions whatever on the Right Bank of the

* 17th October, 1797. Page 2017.

Rhine, and agrees to restore to whom they may belong the Places of Dusseldorf, Ehrenbreitstein, Philippsburg, the Fort of Cassel, and the other Fortifications opposite Mayence, on the Right Bank, the Fort of Kehl and the View Brisach, with the express condition that those Places and Forts shall remain in the state in which they are found at the time of the Evacuation.

Liquidation by France of Debts of ceded Countries.

ART. VIII. In all the Countries ceded, acquired, or exchanged by the present Treaty, it is agreed, as it had been agreed by Articles IV and X of the Treaty of Campo-Formio, that those to whom they should belong should take charge of the Debts mortgaged on the Soil of the said Countries; but considering the difficulties which have arisen on the subject, on the interpretation of the said Articles of the Treaty of Campo-Formio, it is expressly understood that the French Republic only undertakes the Debts arising out of Loans formally agreed to by the States of the ceded Countries, or the expenses incurred for the effective administration of the said Countries.

RECES of the German Empire, relative to the Indemnities agreed upon by the Treaty of Luneville.* Signed at Ratisbonne, 25th February, 1803.

[Referred to at pages 66, 87, 89, 204, 205, 239, 240, 247, 253, 280, 446, 467, 570, 1116, and 1117.]

ART.

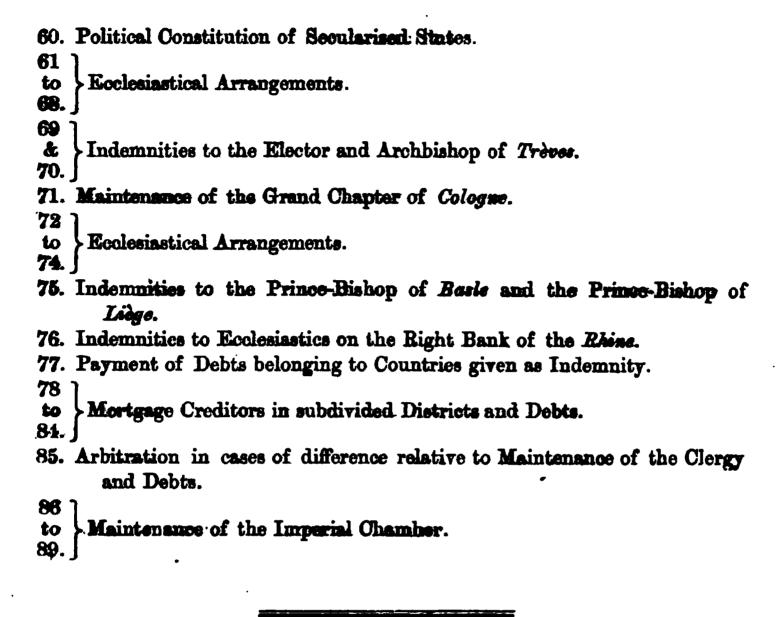
1. Indemnities to the Emperor of Austria, the Archduke Grand Duke of Austria, and the Duke of Modena.

TABLE.

- 2. Indemnities to the Elector Palatine of Bavaria.
- 3. Indemnities to the King of Prussia, the Duke of Aremberg, and the Princes of Salm.
- 4. Indemnities to the King of England, Elector of Brunswick-Luneburg, and to the Duke of Brunswick-Wolfenbuttel.
- 5. Indemnities to the Margrave of Baden.
- 6. Indemnities to the Duke of Wurtemberg.
- 7. Indemnities to the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel and Hesse-Darmstadt.
- 8. Indemnities to the Duke of Holstein-Oldenburg.
- 9. Indemnities to the Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.
- 10. Indemnities to the Dukes of Hohenzollern-Mechingen and Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen.
- 11. Indemnities to the Prince of Dietrichstein and the Prince of Ligne.
- 12. Indemnities to the Princes of Nassau-Usingen, Nassau-Weilburg, and Nassau-Dillenburg.
 - * 9th February, 1801, page 2019.

APT. TABLE.

- 13. Indemnities to the Prince of Tour and Taxis.
- 14. Indomnities to the Prince and Counts of Loewenstein-Wertheim.
- 15. Indomnities to the Prince of Oettingen-Wallerstein.
- 16. Indemnities to the Princes and Counts of Solms.
- 17. Indemnities to the Princes and Counts of Stollberg.
- 18. Indomnities to the Prince of Hohenlohe-Bartenstein, the Heads of the two Branches of Hohenlohe-Waldenburg, and the Princes of Hohenlohe-Ingelfingen, and Hohenlohe-Neuenstein.
- 19. Indemnities to the Prince and Princess of Isenburg.
- 20. Indemnities to the House of Linange.
- 21. Indomnities to the Prince of Wied-Runkel.
- 22. Indemnities to the Prince of Brezenheim.
- 23. Indemnities to the Prince of Wittgenstein-Berleburg.
- 24. Indemnities to the Counts of the Empire.
- 25. Indemnities to the Elector Arch-Chancellor of the Empire, and the Archbishop and Primate of the Empire.
- 26. Indemnities to the Teutonic and Maltese Orders.
- 27. Privileges of the College of the Imperial Towns, consisting of the Towns of Augsburg, Lubeck, Nuremburg, Frankfort, Bromen, and Hamburgh. Indomnities.
- 28. Indemnities to the Equestrian Order.
- 29. Indemnities to the Helvetic Republic.
- 30. Power to Redeem Perpetual Annuities.
- 31. Electoral Dignity conferred on the Archduke Grand Duke, the Margrave of Baden, the Duke of Wurtemberg, and the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel.
- 32. Votes conferred on Princes of Empire in the College of Princes.
- 33. Privileges of Non-appellando.
- 34. Property of the Grand Chapters.
- Property of Chapters not formally included in Arrangements, to be at the disposal of the respective Territorial Princes.
- 37. Property and Revenues of Hospitals, Manufactories, Universities, Colleges, &c.
- 38. Debts on Lands and Properties assigned as Indemnities.
- 39. Tolls on the Right and Left Banks of the Rhine.
- 40. Fiefs on the Right Bank of the Rhine to be held by the Emperer.
- 41. Votes of Counts and Ecclesiastics.
- 42. Male and Female Convents.
- 43. Period at which Indemnities are to take effect.
- 44. Transfers made by Abbeys and Convents declared null.
- 45. Family Succession.
- 46. Exchanges allowed for one year between Princes, &c., of the Empire.
- 47. Condition of former Sovereigns and Holders and of the Clergy, &c., depending on them.
- 48. Rank and Dignity of Deposed Sovereigns.
- 49. Jurisdiction of Prince-Bishops, Abbots, &c.
- 50. Residence of Deposed Sovereign Ecclesiastics.
- 51. Maintenar of Deposed Ecclesiastics.
- to Indemnities to Suffragan Bishops, &c. 59.



CONVENTION between France, Oldenburg, and the Mediating Powers, relative to the Regulation of Territorial Indemnities and the Suppression of the Elsfeth Toll. Signed at Rastadt, 6th April, 1803.

[Referred to at page 570.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Perpetual abolition of the Elefeth Tolls.
- 2. Territorial Indemnities to be given to the Duke of Oldenburg.

CONVENTION between France and the Reigning Count of Bentheim-Steinfurt. Signed at Paris, 12th May, 1804.*

[Referred to at page 396.]

ART.

TABLE.

Promble.

- 1. Restoration of Bentheim to the Count of Bentheim Steinfart.
- 2. Guarantee of Possession by France to the Duke of Rentheim-Steinfurt.
 - * Ratified at Paris, 22nd May, 1804.

2023

6 o 2

(Translation.)

His Excellency the Count of Bentheim-Steinfurt having represented to the French Government—1. That the County of Bentheim had been pledged for 30 years to the King of England as Elector of Hanover, by the deceased Count of Bentheim. 2. That that Engagement made in the year 1752 should have ceased in the year 1782. 3. That it has nevertheless continued to exist ever since in fact, but without a formal renewal, without the consent of the Feudal Successor, and without the Imperial Ratification. the death of the last Count of Bentheim-Bentheim consequently destroys that Engagement by right, and that the Count of Bentheim-Steinfurt is sufficiently authorised to claim the possession of the said County on the payment of the sum for which it has been pledged, without any reduction of the Arrears and other sums, of which the King of England in his quality of Elector of Hanover remains a Debtor to the Count of Bentheim-Bentheim. 5. That the Count of Beutheim-Steinfurt is obliged to apply to the French Government as the actual Possessor of the Kingdom of Hanover both to liquidate the sum for which the said County has been pledged, and to recover its possession: all these matters having been taken into consideration, and the First Consul taking, in this instance, into account both the claims of the Count of Bentheim-Steinfurt and the support given to them by the Courts of Prussia and Denmark, the Minister for Foreign Affairs has been authorised formally to conclude a Private Convention with the Reigning Duke of Bentheim-Steinfurt, the Articles of which are as follows:

Restoration of Bentheim to the Count of Bentheim-Steinfurt.

ART. I. His Excellency Count de Bentheim-Steinfurt will be put into possession of the County of Bentheim, with all the necessary formalities customary in Germany, on condition that he pays immediately into the Hanoverian Treasury the sum of 800,000 francs, which, without the defalcation, on which the French Government does not dwell, constitutes the primitive sum for which the Count was bound.

Guarantee of Possession by France to the Duke of Bentheim-Steinfurt.

ART. II. The French Government guarantees to the Count of Bentheim-Steinfurt the maintenance and full effect of this Convention, whatever may be the ultimate fate of the Kingdom of of Hanover.

Done in duplicate between the Undersigned at Paris, the 12th May, 1804.

CH. MAU. TALLEYRAND. LOUIS, Reigning Count of Bentheim.

CONVENTION between France and Germany, relative to the Navigation Dues on the Rhine. Signed at Paris, 15th August, 1804.

[Referred to at pages 79, 85, and 88.]

ART.

8. Forced Sales (Droit d'Etape) suppressed. Toll Dues preserved.

73
to
Pensions to Director-General, Receivers, Inspectors, &c.

77.

78. Annual Grants to Widows and Orphans.

94. Duties on Vessels of 50 Hundred Weight and upwards.

102
to
Abatement of Duties on certain Articles.

105.

ADDITIONAL CONVENTION of Peace and Limits between Austria and France. Signed at Fontainebleau, 10th October, 1807.

[Referred to at page 263. Annulled.]

CONVENTION between Prussia and Saxony, relative to the Depots belonging to the Duchy of Warsaw. Signed at Dresden, 10th September, 1810.

[Referred to at page 117.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Transfer by Prussia to the Duchy of Warsaw of sums belonging to the Depôts of that Duchy, amounting to 675,650 crowns (écus) 10 gros 5½ deniers. Amount still in dispute, 2,774 crowns 21 gros 4½ deniers.
- 2. Commissioners to be appointed to settle Disputed Amount.

3. Mode of carrying out the Transfer.

4. Prussian Claims to be proved by Prussian Commissioner.

- 5. Prussian Government to deliver up all Securities and Documents relating thereto.
- 6. Prussian Government to restore the Pupillary Depôt, amounting to 4,304 crowns 18 gros and two Documents belonging to the Pupillary Depôt of Posen.

2025

- 7. Reimbursement of Sums belonging to the Tribunals.
- 8. Delivery to Government of Warsaw of certified Copies of Beundery Treaties between Prussis and Bussis, with Maps, and Original Plans of Fortresses of Lenczyc and Czentochow.
- 9. Delivery to Government of Wareau of complete Statement of Depôts belonging to the Department of Biolystok, and Indomnity to be given by Prussia.
- 10. Delivery to Government of Wareaw of Documents of Serreye National Property, as well as Acts, Plans, and Estimates of the Lordship of Wielona, together with Acts and Plans relating to the Navigation of Rivers of New Eastern Prussia.
- 11. Delivery to Government of Wareau of Acts and Papers relating to Provisions supplied to Russians in 1805 and 1806. Commissioners to settle the Accounts.
- 12. Stipulations of Treaty and Labours of Commissioners to be concluded in 8 months.
- 13. Decrees on Capital and Property of respective Subjects in Duchy of Warsaw and in Prussia to be annulled.
- 14. Laws to be Adopted in Settling Conditions of Treaty.
- 15. Claims by former Prussian Officials in Duchy of Warraw.
- 16. Ratifications.

TREATY between Baden and Wurtemberg, relative to Territorial Cessions. Signed at Paris, 2nd October, 1810.

[Referred to at page 662.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 2. Cessions by Wurtemberg to Baden.
- 3. Cessions by Wurtemberg to Baden.
- 4. The Cession includes all Rights.
- 5. Debts.
- 6. Pensions.
- 7. Persons in Public Scrvice.
- 8. Private Rights.
- 9. Arreare, &c.
- 10. Landed Proprietors.
- 11. Emigration.
- 12. Conscripts.
- 18. Treatment of most favoured Nation. Duties not to be levied.
- 14. Insurance Fund.
- 15. Widows of Clergymen.
- 16. Commissioners for arranging Details.
- 17. Complement of 45,000 Souls.
- 18. Execution.
- 19. Modifications.
- 20. Ratifications.

(Translation.)

Cessions by Wurtemberg to Baden.

ART. II. Namely (1) The former Landgraviate of Nellenburg, or the present Superior Bailiwick of Stockach, comprising the town of Stockach, with the suburb Achen; Bodmann, with Bodenwald, Frauenberg, Kargegg, Mooshof, Müllersberg, and Remishof; Espasingen, village, with Spitelsberg; Heudorf, Dauenberg, Guggenhausen, with Betzmühle; Glashütte, Rorgenwies, with Geistermühle; Hindelwangen, Braunenberg, Buechthal, Bushof, Hechlen, Nellenburg, Unterschoren, Zozzeneck, Hoppedenzell, Wolfholz, Barenberg, Lipptingen, with Edelstetter Mill, Schäfshof, Waldhof, and Wehestetten; Mahlspüren, Mühlingen, Eschenreute, Haldenhof, Hotterloch, Reichlnigshag, Neunzingen, Oberschwandorf, Unterschwandorf, with Ilgenthal, Holzach, with Hattlenmühle and Mainwangerhof; Obermühle in Mainwangen, Schafhäutle, Volkertsweiler, Oefingen, Langenstein, Dänischer-Hof, Sardinischer-Hof, Portugiesischer-Hof, Reebhaus, Ziegelhütte, Raithaeslach, Schwackenreute, Sernadingen, with Weisenhof, Regentsweilerhof, Bühlhof, and Airach, also Bannwartshäuschen, Sipplingen, Stahringen, with Homburg, Schloss and Hof, with Rossberghof; Wahlwies, Winterspühren, Hengelau, Zizenhausen, Eisenbergwerk, Blaichen, Seggehof, Stampfwiesen, Windegg Hof, Aach, town and village with two mills; Beuren, Binningen, Hohenstoffeln, Schloss and Hof; Hofwiesen, Starzeln Hof, Duchtlingen, Hohenkrähen, Eigeltingen, Probsthof, Lochmühle Mühlhausen, Maierhöfe, Mädgtberg, Ziegelhütte, Reute, Schlatt under Krähen, Steisslingen with Hartmühle, Meiershof, Wiex, Volkertshausen, Hammerschmitte, Papiermühle, Weiterdingen, with the holy Grabkapelle, Weiler on the lake, Lochmühle, Homboll, Pfaffenwies, Radolphzell, Arlen, Diethfurth, Bietingen, Böhringen, Hofreuthe, Haltenstetten, Riekelshausen, Biesingen, Ebringen, Friedingen, Harthof, Gottmadingen, Heilsberg, Hausen, Hemmenhofen, Randegg, Murr and Kaltenbach, Karpenhöfe, Singen, Remishof, the Sinnerei in Niederhofen, Ueberlingen, Mönchhof, castle and hamlet, Homberg with Hirschlandenhof, Briefholz, Schweingrüben, Stohren, 3 Höfe, Mainwangen, Madachhöfe, Nozenberg, Reissmühle.

Cessions by Wurtemberg to Baden.

ART. III. (2.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Hornberg: Hornberg town with castle, Stab Brigach with Sommerau, Stab Buchen-2027

berg with Münchhof and Muhllehn, Stab Gutach with Hohenweg, Stab Kirnach, Stab Kürnbach, Königsfeld, Stab Langenschildach, Mönchweiler, Stab Peterzell, Stab Reichenbach, Schiltach town, Schiltach fief court, St. Georgen with Stockwald, Stab Stockburg with Schoren, Stab Weiler, Stab Thennenbronn with Oberschiltach.

(3.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Rottweil: Schabenhausen, Fishbach, Sickingen, Kappel, Niedereschach, Dauchingen, Weilerspach.

(4.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Tuttlingen: Biessingen with mill, Oberbaldingen with mill, Oeffingen, Sundhausen, Wurtemberg part, Buchheim, Gutenstein, Ablach, Altheim, Engelwies.

- (5.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Ebingen: Stetten at the cold market, Hausen in the valley, Neudingen, Nusplingen, Oberglashütte, Unterglashütte, Schweiningen, Werwag, Heinstetten, Hartheim, Langenbrunn, Kallenberg.
- (6.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Maulbronn: Kieselbronn, Oeschelbronn, Ruith with Rothenbergerhof.
- (7.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Brackenheim: Kürnbach, Wurtemberg part.
- (8.) Of the Superior Bailiwick of Mergentheim: Oberbalbach, Unterbalbach, Wurtemberg part.

ARTS. IV to XX. (See Table.)

Paris, 2nd October, 1810.

- (L.S.) HEINRICH LEVIN (Count of Wintzingerode).
- (L.S.) BARON VON ANDLAU.

BOUNDARY ACT between Russia and Sweden. Signed at Tornea, 20th November, 1810.

[Referred to at page 745.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Boundary between Russia and Sweden.
- 2. Choice to be made within 5 Years by Persons holding Property on either Side of the Rivers Tornea, Muonio, and Kongama.
- 3. Freedom for 3 Years to Inhabitants on both Banks of the Torses and Muonio to frequent their Churches. Indemnity at the end of 3 Years.
- 4. Means of Communication to be enjoyed by Inhabitants on both sides of the Banks.
- 5. Salmon Fishery guaranteed for 100 Years to actual Possessors.
- 6. Topographical Description of Boundary.
- 7. Extradition of Criminals.
- 8. Ratifications.

(Translation.*)

Boundary between Russia and Sweden.

ART. I. The Line of Demarcation between the Kingdom of Sweden and the Empire of Russia, starting from the Norwegian Frontier between the two Mountains Kolta-Pahta and Kecokima-Pahta or Paikas Waara, from the point at which the little River Radje-Johka takes its source in Lake Kolta-Jaur, descends that River through Lake Kuokima-Jaur, as far as its Mouth in Lake Ylinen-Kilpis-Jaur, then dividing the first Lake in two, as well as the second Alanen-Kilpis-Jaur, and passing from thence by Lake Tatsa-Jaur, in the Kongama, it follows the Channel of that River through Lakes Kjeli-Jaur, Mucka-Jaur, Pousu-Jaur, Latina-Lahti, Naimaka-Jaur, Kallotti-Jaur, as far as the confluence of Kongama and Latas-Eno; from that point where the Muonio takes its name, the Line continues along that River, and after its Mouth in the Tornea, it follows the Channel of the latter to the North of the Peninsula Svensaro; here it leaves the Channel, and passing to the West by the Rivulet called Naran and the Gulf of the Town, leaving the Island of Kalfholmen on the right, it rejoins the Channel of the River to the South of the Town of Tornea, following it afterwards as far as the Mouth of the River in the Sea. In this manner all the Possessions situated on the right of that Line belong to Sweden, and those on the left to The Frontier places on the Swedish side, from North to South, are: -- Mauro, Gunnari, Karatsuvando, Kuttanen, Muonion-Alusta, Parkajoensumi, Kuncki, Kiexiowarra, Vttumusdka, belonging to the Kengis forge, Kardis, Jarliois, Pello, Svansten forge, Juoxanki, Marjosaari, Kuivakangas, Haapakila, Matarengi with the Osver-Tarnea Church, Ruskola, Alkula, Niemis, Armassaari, Koivukyla with the Histanemi Church, Peckila, Vitzaniemi, Potila, Korpikyla, Carungi with the Karl Gustaf Church, Kuckola, Vajackala, Mattila, Haaparanda. The places on the Russian side are:— Naimaka, Kellotti, the Enontekis Church, Palojoensun, Songa-Muodka, Ketkesnvando, Ofver-Muonioniska, Neder-Muonioniska, Killangi, Kolare, Joekijalka, Pello, Mammila, Turtula, Juoxangi, Kauosaari, Marjosaari, Kauliranda, Kuivakangas, Narki, Alkula, Niemis-Armassanri, Helsingsby, Koopikyla, Karungi, Kuckola, Najackala, Kiviranda, the Town of Tornea on the Peninsula of Svensaroe, the Church of Neder-Tornea, Hallala, and Netsaari, on

^{*} For French version, see "State Papers," vol. viii, p. 750. 2029

the Island of Bjorkon. From the mouth of the Tornea in the Sea, the Frontier proceeds along the Gulf of Bothnia, through the middle of the Quarken and of the Alandshof as far as the Baltic Sea, so that the most advanced points of the Russian Possessions are, on the North of the Gulf, the Islands of Bockholm, Seelien, with the port of Rautchemm, as well as the Island of Ostra-Sarven-Maat, and on the South, the Aland Islands and the Island of Singelskar.

All the Islands situated to the East of the greatest depth of the Lakes and of the Channel or Thalweg of the 3 Rivers above mentioned, belong to Russia, and those to the West of the same Line to Sweden, with the only exception of the Peninsula of Svensaroe, upon which the Town of Tornea is found.

In the same manner, from the Mouth of the River Tornea, the Islands nearest to the Coasts of Finland and the mainland of Aland belong to Russia, and to Sweden those which are near its Coasts.

ARTS. II to V. (See Table.)

[Referred to at pages 747, 748, 750, 751, 777, 779, 785, 788, 832, and 836.]

Topographical Description of Boundary.

ART. VI. The Topographical Description which shall indicate, according to the Maps drawn up, in their minutest details the direction of the Limits, and the position of the Posts and other Landmarks, signed and sealed by the respective Commissioners, shall have the same force and value as if it were inserted word for word in the present Treaty.

ARTS. VII and VIII. (See Table.)

TREATY OF PEACE between Russia and the Ottoman Porte. Signed at Bucharest, 16th May, 1812.

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Amnesty.
- 8. Renewal of Treaties.
- 4. Boundaries between Russia and Turkey.
- 5. Restoration by Russia of Moldavia and Wallachia to Turkey, as well as the Islands of the Danube, except those specified in Article IV.

2030

- 6. Frontiers of Asia and other Parts re-established as they existed before the War.
- 7. Mahomedans and others in Countries ceded to Russia allowed to Emigrate to Turkey, and to Sell their Possessions, &c. Christians in Turkey allowed to emigrate into the ceded Countries, and to sell their Possessions, &c., in Turkey.
- 8. Privileges of Servia.
- 9. Surrender of all Prisoners of War on both sides, except Christians who have become Mahomedans in *Turkey*, and Mahomedans who have become Christians in *Russia*.
- 10. Settlement of Claims.
- 11. Evacuation of Ottoman Territory by Russian Troops, and of Ottoman Waters by Russian Naval Forces.
- 12. Indemnity for Depredations of Barbary Pirstes. Commercial Privileges.
- 13. Good Offices of Turkey in the War between Russia and Persia.
- 14. Orders for the Cessation of Hostilities to be sent to Naval and Military Commanders.
- 15. Zussian and Turkish Plenipotentiaries to ratify the Treaty.
- 16. Exchange of Ratifications.

(Translation.*)

ARTS. I and II. (See Table.)

Renewal of Treaties.

ART. III. All Treaties, Conventions, Acts, and Stipulations, concluded and agreed upon at different stated periods between the Imperial Court of Russia and the Sublime Ottoman Porte, are fully confirmed, with the exception of those Articles in which changes have successively been made, as well in the present as in former Treaties; and the two High Contracting Parties engage religiously and inviolably to maintain them.

Boundaries between Russia and Turkey.

ART. IV. By Article I of the Preliminaries previously signed, it is stipulated that the River Pruth, from its entrance in Moldavia to its Confluence with the Danube, and the left Bank of the Danube, from its Confluence to the Mouth of the Kili and to the Sea, shall form the Limits of the two Empires. That Mouth shall be common to both. The small Islands inhabited before the War, and which, starting opposite Ismail to the said Mouth of the Kili are nearest to the left Bank, which is to belong to Russia, shall not be held by either of those Powers. No Fortifications or Buildings shall henceforth be erected thereon; they shall remain deserted, and the respective Inhabitants shall only be allowed to resort thither to fish and to cut wood. The Coasts of the two

For French version, see "State Papers," vol. ziii, p. 909.

Great Islands[®] situated opposite Ismail and Kili, shall also remain desert and uninhabited, at a distance of one hour starting from the nearest point of the aforesaid left Bank of the Danube; that space shall be marked by signs, the habitations existing before the War as well as the old Kili, remaining outside of that line of Demarcation. In consequence of the above-mentioned Article, the Sublime Porte cedes and abandons to the Imperial Court of Russia, the Countries situated on the left Bank of the Pruth, with the Fortresses, Burghs, Villages, and Habitations therein, and the middle of the Pruth shall be the Limit between the two High Empires.

ARTS. V to VII. (See Table.)

Privileges of Servia.

ART. VIII. In conformity with the stipulations of Article IV of the Preliminaries, although it is certain that the Sublime Porte, in accordance with its principles, will act with clemency and generosity towards the Servian Nation, which is, ab antiquo, Subject and Tributary to that Power, considering the part which the Servians have taken in the operations of that War, it has been considered expedient to stipulate expressly for their safety. The Sublime Porte, therefore, grants to the Servians a general Pardon and Amnesty, and they shall in no way be molested for their past The Fortifications which may have been erected as a result of the War, in the Countries inhabited by them, and which did not formerly exist, becoming henceforth useless, shall be destroyed, and the Sublime Porte shall resume possession as formerly of all the Fortresses, Palankas, and other fortified Places which have always existed, with the Artillery, Munitions, and other War Materials, and shall establish Garrisons therein, as it may think fit. But in order that those Garrisons shall in no way annoy the Servians contrary to the Rights of the Subjects, the Sublime Porte, moved by a feeling of clemency, will settle with the Servian Nation the necessary securities. It will grant to the Servians, at their request, the same advantages which are enjoyed by its subjects of the Islands of the Archipelago and other Countries, and will make it feel the effects of its high clemency in making over to them the administration of their internal affairs, in fixing the whole of their Tributes, in receiving them from their own hands, and will, in short, settle all these matters with the Servian Nation.

ARTS. IX to XVI. (See Table.)

Altered by Convention of 7th October, 1826 (No. 131).
2032

CONVENTION of Alliance and Subsidy between Great Britain and Prussia. Signed at Reichenbach, 14th June, 1813.

[Referred to at page 173.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Alliance against France. Restoration of Hereditary States to the House of Brunswick-Lunenburgh, and to the Ducal House of Brunswick.
- 2. Army to be Maintained by Prussia.
- 8. Succours to be furnished by Great Britain in 1813.
- 4. Renewal of Engagements if the War be prolonged beyond 1813.
- 5. High Contracting Parties to Act in concert, and not to enter into Separate Conventions with the Enemy.
- 6. Officers to be accredited to Commanders-in-Chief in Armies in Active Service.
- 7. Co-operation of British Navy.
- 8. Communication of Treaty.
- 9. Ratifications.

1

(Translation.*)

Alliance against France. Restoration of Hereditary States to the House of Brunswick-Lunenburgh, and to the Ducal House of Brunswick.

ART. I. The object of the present War being to re-establish the Independence of the States oppressed by France, the two High Contracting Parties bind themselves, in consequence, to direct all their Operations towards that end; and as, in order to accomplish the same, it will be essential to replace Prussia in possession of her relative power, and to prevent France from ever occupying henceforward any of the Strong Places in the North of Germany, or exercising any sort of influence in that quarter; His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland engages to co-operate effectually to that end. On the other hand, His Majesty the King of Prussia, who, in his transactions with Russia, has already expressly reserved the Rights of the House of Brunswick-Lunenburgh upon Hanover, will cooperate with all his means towards the restoration of their Hereditary States, to that August House, and to the Ducal House of Brunswick.

Army to be maintained by Prussia.

ART. II. In consequence of the preceding Article, the two High Contracting Parties have agreed to assist each other, with

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 58.

every means which Providence has placed at their disposal; and His Majesty the King of Prussia engages to maintain in the field an Army of 80,000 men, exclusive of the Garrisons in the Fortresses.

Succours to be furnished by Great Britain in 1813.

ART. III. England, on her side, engages to place at the disposal of His Prussian Majesty the following Sums, for the year 1813:

- 1. £666,666 13s. 4d., payable in London, monthly; so that the whole amount shall be discharged by the 1st January, 1814.
- 2. In order to supply the deficiency of Coin, and to combine, in this great Struggle, every means which can insure its success, the two High Contracting Parties, in concert with His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias, have agreed to create a Paper Money, under the denomination of Federative Paper.
- a. The amount of this Paper shall not exceed the sum of £5,000,000, which the 3 Contracting Powers are conjointly to guarantee; two-thirds whereof are to be placed at the disposal of Russia, and one-third at the disposal of Prussia.
- b. The Reimbursement of the said sum of £5,000,000 is to be made in the following proportions: England engages for three-sixths, Russia two-sixths, and Prussia one-sixth.
- c. This Reimbursement is not to begin to take effect before the 1st July, 1815, or till 6 months after the conclusion of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.
- d. The sum of £5,000,000 of Federative Paper about to be issued shall be applied in no case to any other purpose than the expenses of the War, and the support of the Armies in the Field.
- e. A Commission, appointed by the 3 Contracting Powers, shall regulate everything relative to the distribution of this Sum, the Payments of which shall be made progressively from month to month.

Every thing which regards the Form, the Guarantee, the Issue, the Employment, the Circulation, and the Reimbursement of this Paper, shall be regulated in a more formal manner, by a Special Convention, the Stipulations of which shall have the same force and validity, as if they were inserted, word for word, in the present Treaty.

Renewal of Engagements if the War be prolonged beyond 1813.

ART. IV. Although the present Treaty only stipulates for the 2084

Succours to be furnished by Great Britain for the year 1813, nevertheless, as the reciprocal Engagements of the two High Contracting Parties are to be considered with reference to the whole duration of the present War, they formally promise to come to a fresh understanding, as to the assistance to be mutually afforded to each other, if, which God forbid, the War should be prolonged beyond that period, and chiefly in order to give a greater development to their exertions.

High Contracting Parties to Act in Concert, and not enter into Separate Conventions with the Enemy.

ART. V. The two High Contracting Parties will act in the most perfect concert, with regard to Military Operations, and will communicate frankly with each other on what relates to their policy; and further, they reciprocally engage to enter into no Separate Negotiation with the common enemy, and sign neither Peace, nor Truce, nor any Convention whatever, otherwise than by common consent.

Officers to be accredited to Commanders-in-Chief in Armies in Active Service.

ART. VI. Officers may be accredited to the Commanders-in-Chief of the several Armies in active service; they will be entitled to correspond with their Courts, and keep them constantly informed of the Military events which shall have occurred, as well as of everything relative to the Operations of those Armies.

Co-operation of British Navy.

ART. VII. The British Navy shall co-operate, wherever it is practicable, in the Defence of the Prussian States, in support of the Military Expeditions in aid of the common Cause, and in the Protection of the Commerce of Prussia.

ARTS. VIII and IX (see Table).

Done at Reichenbach, the 14th June, in the year of Our Lord, 1813.

- (L.S.) CHARLES STEWART (Lieutenant-General).
- (L.S.) CHARLES AUGUSTUS, BARON DE HARDENBERG.

PRELIMINARY TREATY of Alliance between Austria and Buraria. Signed at Ried, 8th October, 1813.

[Referred to at pages 29, 80, 437, and 594.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Co-operation for Re-establishment of Peace in Europe. Bavaria disengages herself from the Confederation of the Rhine.
- 3. Mutual assistance during the War.
- 4. Guarantee by Austria of Sovereignty of Bavaria over all her Possessions.
- 5. Bavarian Army to form part of the Austrian Army.
- 6. Date of Co-operation of both Armies.
- 7. Trophies, &c., to belong to the capturing Troops.
- 8. Treaty of Alliance to be concluded.
- 9. Power to conclude a Military Treaty.
- 10. Neither Party to enter into Peace Negotiations without consent of the other.
- 11. Retifications.

Separate and Secret Articles.

- 1. Dissolution of the Confederation of the Rhine, and Independence of Bavaria.
- 2. Cessions to be made by Bavaria.
- 3. Indemnities to be made for Cessions to Bavaria.
- 4. New Boundary between Austria and Bavaria to be arranged after the War.
- 5. Strength of Armies to be maintained by Austria and Bavaria during the War.
- 6. Military Arrangements.
- 7. Maintenance of Austrian Troops in the Tyrol. Austrian Troops to assist Bavarian Troops in the Tyrol in case of attack by the Enemy.
- 8. Cessation of Hostilities between the Allied and Bavarian Troops. Mutual Surrender of Prisoners.
- 9. Good Offices of Austria between Great Britain and Bavaria.
- 10. Adhesions of Prussia and Russia to the Treaty.
- 11. Secret Articles to have the same Force as the Treaty.

Additional Secret Articles.

- 1. Co-operation of Austrian with Bavarian Troops.
- 2. Division of Trophies whilst Armies act together.
- 3. Maintenance of Austrian Troops, &c.

(Translation.†)

Arts. I to III (see Table).

- * Bavaria acceded to the General Treaty of Alliance of 25th March, 1815.
 - † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 106.

Guarantee by Austria of Sovereignty of Bavaria over all her Possessions.

ART. IV. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria guarantees, both in his name as in that of his Allies, to His Majesty the King of Bavaria the free and peaceful enjoyment, as well as the full and entire Sovereignty over all his States, Towns, Domains, and Fortresses, of which she was in possession before the beginning of Hostilities.

ARTS. V to XI (see Table).

Done at Ried, 8th October, 1813.

- HENRI XV, PRINCE DE REUSS-PLAUEN.
- COMTE DE WREDE. (L.S.)

SEPARATE AND SECRET ARTICLES.

Dissolution of the Confederation of the Rhine and Independence of Bavaria.

ART. I. The two High Contracting Powers consider as one of the principal objects of their efforts in the actual War, the dissolution of the Confederation of the Rhine, and the entire and absolate Independence of Bavaria, in such manner that, disengaged and placed beyond all Foreign influence, she may enjoy her full Sovereignty.

Cessions to be made by Bavaria.

ART. II. His Majesty the King of Bavaria will comply with all Cessions which may be considered necessary to secure to the two States a proper Military Line.

Indemnities to be made for Cessions by Bavaria.

ART. III. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria engages on his side, for himself, and in concert with his Allies, to use his most efficacious Intervention, and if necessary, all his Forces, in order to obtain for His Majesty the King of Bavaria, the most complete Indemnity, calculated on the Geographical, Statistical, and Financial proportions of the ceded Provinces. The said Indemnity to be agreeable to the Kingdom of Bavaria, and such as to form a complete and uninterrupted annexation.

ARTS. IV to XI (see Table).

- HENRI XV, PRINCE DE REUSS-PLAUEN. (L.S.)
- COMTE DE WREDE. (L.S.)

ADDITIONAL SECRET ARTICLES.

ARTS. I to III (see Table).

TREATY OF ALLIANCE between Austria and her Allies, and Hesse-Darmstadt. Signed at Frankfort, 23rd November, 1813.*

(Referred to at pages 281, 452, 472, 595, and 602.)

ART.

TARLE.

- 1. Renunciation to the Confederation of the Rhine.
- 2. Maintenance of the Independence of Germany.
- 3. Assistance to be afforded to Hesse-Darmstadt.
- 4. Guarantee by Austria of Sovereignty and Possession of Hesse-Darmstadt.
- 5. Ratifications.

Separate and Secret Articles.

(Translation.†)

Renunciation to the Confederation of the Rhine.

ART. I. His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse renounces for himself and his successors to the Confederation of the Rhine, and to all the ties, duties, and obligations attached thereto.

Maintenance of the Independence of Germany.

ART. II. His Royal Highness engages, on the contrary, to maintain the cause of the Independence of Germany by every means in his power.

ART. III. Assistance to be afforded to Hesse-Darmstadt.

Guarantee by Austria of Sovereignty and Possession of Hesse-Darmstadt.

ART. IV. His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, guarantees to His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse his Sovereignty and Possessions. On the other hand, His Royal Highness promises to conform to the arrangements which circumstances may require, which will be finally established for the Maintenance and Independence of Germany.

ART. V. Ratifications.

Done at Frankfort, 23rd November, 1813.

- (L.S.) BARON DE WINTZINGERODE. (L.S.) BINDER. (L.S.) CHARLES FREDERIC IBELL.
- * A similar Treaty was signed on the same day between Austria, &c., and Nassau, and other German Princes.
 - † For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 1002.

2038

SEPARATE AND SECRET ARTICLES.

[Revoked by General Treaty (Recès Géneral) of 20th July, 1819, Arts. IX and XXIV (No. 95).]

TREATY OF ALLIANCE between Austria and Hesse-Cassel. Signed at Frankfort, 2nd. December, 1813.

(Referred to at page 238.)

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Retrocessions to the Dake of House-Coursel.
- 2. Guarantee by Austria of Sovereignty and Possessions of Hesse-Cassel.
- 3. Sales of *Hessian* Property by *Frankfort* Government declared null and void. Compensation to Purchasers.
- 4. Maintenance of the Independence of Germany.
- 5. Number of Troops to be supplied by Hesse-Cassel.
- 6. Restoration of Fortress of Hancu.
- 7. Hesse-Cassel to conform to Military Arrangements during the continuance of the War.
- 8. Ratifications.

Separate and Secret. Articles.

- 1. Retrocessions to be made to Hesse-Cassel by Hesse-Darmstadt.
- 2. Possession of Salt found in the Saltworks of Nauheim on delivery to Hesse-Cases.
- 3. Former Privileges to be restored to States of Hesse-Cassel.
- 4. Postal Service of Tour and Taxis.
- 5. Appointment of Commission to Collect Archives belonging to the Town of Cassel in possession of the Kingdom of Westphalia.
- 6. Same principle to apply to Hessian Possessions incorporated with Grand Duchy of Frankfort.

(Translation.*)

Retrocessions to the Duke of Hesse-Consel.

ART. I. His Electoral Serene Highness recovers from the present time the part of his Possessions which has been united to the King of Westphalia, and to the Grand Duke of Frankfort, as well as the Salt-works of Nauheim and of the County of Nieder-Katzenellenbogen.

ARTS. II and III (see Table).

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 1169.

2089 6 P 2

Maintenance of the Independence of Germany.

ART. IV. His Electoral Serene Highness, on entering into the Alliance, engages to maintain the cause of the Independence of Germany by every means in his power.

ART. V (see Table).

Restoration of Fortress of Hanau.

ART. VI. His Electoral Serene Highness engages to restore, at his own expense, the Fortress of Hanau.

ARTS. VII and VIII (see Table).

Done at Frankfort, 2nd December, 1813.

(L.S.) BINDER.

- (L.S.) MAURICE DE MULLER.
- (L.S.) GEORGES FERDINAND DE LEPEL.

SEPARATE AND SECRET ARTICLES.

ARTS. I to VI (see Table).

CONVENTION OF ALLIANCE between the Cantons forming the Helvetic Confederation. Signed at Zurich, 29th December, 1813.

[Referred to at page 254.]

ART.

TABLE.

Preamble.

- 1. Union among the Cantons.
- 2. Renewal of Federal Pact.
- 3. Cantons not to entertain Relations of Subjection.
- 4. Zurich requested to take charge of Affairs of the Confederation until an understanding is come to.
- 5. Cantons ready to negociate on Attitude to be taken by Switzerland until the Peace.

(Translation.*)

THE Deputies of the ancient Cantons of Switzerland, Ury, Schweitz, Lucerne, Zurich, Glarus, Zug, Friburg, Basle, Schaffhausen, and the two Rhodes of Appenzell, assembled at Zurich,

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 1169. 2040

after having maturely reflected on the critical position of the country, have come to the unanimous conviction, after the events which have occurred, as well without as within Switzerland, that the actual Federal Constitution, such as it is contained in the Act of Mediation, can no longer exist; that it is urgently necessary for the good of the country, not only for the maintenance of the ancient Federal Bond, but to impart to it greater firmness; and that they will consequently submit to their respective High Constituents the following Convention, in order that it may be ratified in the shortest possible delay.

Union among the Cantons.

ART. I. The Cantons which accede to this Project, faithful to the spirit of the old Constitution, and to the happy results produced by it for centuries past among the Confederates, again promise to each other advice, fraternal support, and faithful assistance.

Renewal of Federal Pact.

ART. II. Not only the other ancient Cantons, but those also which for a long series of years have been Members of the Confederation, are formally invited to this renewal of the Federal Pact.

Cantons not to entertain relations of Subjection.

ART. III. In order to maintain Union and Peace in the country, the Cantons unanimously recognise the principle that no relations of Subjection shall be established incompatible with the Rights of a Free People.

ARTS. IV and V (see Table).

Zurich, 29th December, 1813.

TREATY OF PEACE between Denmark and Sweden. Signed at Kiel, 14th January, 1814.

[Referred to at pages 195 and 196.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 4. Cession of Norway by Denmark to Sweden. (See p. 28.)
- 7. Cession by Sweden of Pomerania and Rugen to Denmark.
- 8. Preservation of Rights, &c., to Inhabitants of Swedish Pomerania, and the Island of Rugen.
- 9. Commercial Privileges of British Subjects in the Port of Stralsund.

ART.

TAME.

- 10. Public Debt of Pomeronia,
- 11. Privileges of Persons holding Public Property or Incomes in Swedish Pomerania and Island of Rugen.
- 12. Maintenance of Public Establishments in Norway and Swedick Pomerania.
- 20. Right of Subjects of caded Territories to choose their Nationality.
- 21. Archives, Public Documents, &c., to be restored on both sides.
- 22. Payment of Public and Private Debts in ceded Territories.
- 23. Commercial Treaty to be concluded.
- 24. Free Transport of Military Stores belonging to Sweden.
- 25. Abolition of Postal Arrangements.
- 26. Retirement of Public Servants in Norway and Pomerania.

(Translation.*)

Cession by Sweden of Pomerania and Rugen to Denmark.

ART. VII. His Majesty the King of Sweden, as well for himself as for his successors, renounces irrevocably and in perpetuity in favour of His Majesty the King of Denmark to all his Rights and Titles over the Duchy of Swedish Pomerania and to the Principality of the Island of Rugen. These Provinces, with their Inhabitants, Towns, Ports, Fortresses, Villages, and Islands, as well as their Dependencies, Prerogatives, Rights, and Emoluments, shall henceforth belong in full Property to the Crown of Denmark, and shall be incorporated in that Kingdom. For that purpose His Majesty the King of Sweden promises and engages in the most solemn manner, as well for himself as for his successors, and for the whole Kingdom of Sweden, never to prefer any claim, either direct or indirect, to the Provinces, Islands, and Territories above mentioned; and by these presents, and in virtue of this Renunciation, all the Inhabitants are disengaged from the Oath of Fidelity which they have sworn to the King and to the Crown of Sweden.

ARTS. VIII to XXVI (see Table).

Done at Kiel, 14th January, 1814.

- (L.S.) G. BARON DE WETTERSLEDT.
- (L.S.) EDMOND BOURKE
- * For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 194.

TREATY of Union, Concert, and Subsidy, between Great Britain and Austria. Signed at Chaumont, 1st. March, 1814.*

[Referred to at pages 149, 372, and 374.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Alliance against France.
- 2. Treaties, &c., not to be entered into with the Enemy, except by Common Consent.
- 3. Subsidy to be contributed by Great Britain.
- 4. Officers to be accredited to respective Armies.
- 5. Guarantees of Peace of Europe.
- 6. Adoption of Means to prevent Attacks from France.
- 7. Military Assistance to Parties attacked.
- 8. Auxiliary Corps to be provided by Contracting Parties.
- 9. Subsidy to be Contributed by Great Britain in lieu of Troops.
- 10. Command-in-Chief of Auxiliary Army.
- 11. Discipline and Administration of Auxiliary Troops. Trophies and Booty.
- 12. Additional Succours in case of need.
- 13. Peace to be made only by Common Consent.
- 14. Reservations.
- 15. Invitation to other Powers to accede to Defensive Alliance.
- 16. Duration of Treaty.
- 17. Ratifications.

Additional Article.

Maintenance by Great Britain of Russian Fleet and Crews in Ports of England.

(Translation.†)

Alliance against France.

ART. I. The High Contracting Parties above named solemnly engage by the present Treaty, and in the event of France refusing to accede to the Conditions of Peace now proposed, to apply all the means of their respective States to the vigorous prosecution of the War against that Power, and to employ them in perfect concert, in order to obtain for themselves and for Europe a General Peace, under the Protection of which the Rights and Liberties of all Nations may be established and secured.

This engagement shall in no respect affect the Stipulations which the several Powers have already contracted relative to the number of Troops to be kept against the Enemy; and it is under-

* Treaties containing the same Stipulations, verbutim, were concluded on the same day between Great Britain and Prossia, and Russia, respectively.

+ For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 181.

stood that the Courts of England, Austria, Russia, and Prussia engage by the present Treaty to keep in the field, each of them, 150,000 effective men, exclusive of garrisons, to be employed in active service against the common Enemy.

Treaties, &c., not to be entered into with the Enemy except by common consent.

ART. II. The High Contracting Parties reciprocally engage not to negotiate separately with the common Enemy, nor to sign Peace, Truce, nor Convention, but with common consent. They, moreover, engage not to lay down their Arms until the object of the War, mutually understood and agreed upon, shall have been attained.

Subsidy to be contributed by Great Britain.

ART. III. In order to contribute in the most prompt and decisive manner to fulfil this great object, His Britannic Majesty engages to furnish a Subsidy of £5,000,000 for the service of the year 1814, to be divided in equal proportions amongst the 3 Powers; and His said Majesty promises, moreover, to arrange, before the 1st of January in each year, with their Imperial and Royal Majesties, the further succours to be furnished during the subsequent year, if (which God forbid) the War should so long continue.

The Subsidy above stipulated of £5,000,000 shall be paid in London, by Monthly instalments, and in equal proportions, to the Ministers of the respective Powers duly authorised to receive the same.

In case Peace should be signed between the Allied Powers and France before the expiration of the year, the Subsidy, calculated upon the scale of £5,000,000, shall be paid up to the end of the month in which the Definitive Treaty shall have been signed; and His Britannic Majesty promises, in addition, to pay to Austria and to Prussia two months, and to Russia 4 months, over and above the stipulated Subsidy, to cover the expenses of the return of their Troops within their own Frontiers.

Officers to be accredited to respective Armies.

ART. IV. The High Contracting Parties will be entitled respectively to accredit to the Generals commanding their Armies, Officers, who will be allowed to correspond with their Govern-

ments, for the purpose of informing them of the Military events, and of everything which relates to the operations of the Armies.

Guarantees of Peace of Europe.

ART. V. The High Contracting Parties, reserving to themselves to concert together, on the conclusion of a Peace with France, as to the means best adapted to guarantee to Europe, and to themselves reciprocally, the continuance of the Peace, have also determined to enter, without delay, into defensive engagements for the Protection of their respective States in Europe against every attempt which France might make to infringe the order of things resulting from such Pacification.

Adoption of means to prevent Attacks from France.

ART. VI. To effect this, they agree that in the event of one of the High Contracting Parties being threatened with an Attack on the part of France, the others shall employ their most strenuous efforts to prevent it, by friendly interposition.

Military Assistance to Parties attacked.

ART. VII. In the case of these endeavours proving ineffectual, the High Contracting Parties promise to come to the immediate assistance of the Power attacked, each with a body of 60,000 men.

Auxiliary Corps to be provided by Contracting Parties.

ART. VIII. Such Auxiliary Corps shall respectively consist of 50,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry, with a train of artillery, and ammunition in proportion to the number of troops; the Auxiliary Corps shall be ready to take the field in the most effective manner, for the safety of the Power attacked or threatened within two months at latest after the requisition shall have been made.

Subsidy to be contributed by Great Britain in lieu of Troops.

ART. IX. As the situation of the Seat of War, or other circumstances, might render it difficult for Great Britain to furnish the stipulated succours in English Troops within the term prescribed, and to maintain the same on a War establishment, His Britannic Majesty reserves the right of furnishing his Contingent to the requiring Power in Foreign Troops in his pay, or to pay annually to that Power a sum of money, at the rate of £20 per

APPENDIK.

each man for infantry, and of £30 for cavalry, until the stipulated succour shall be complete.

The mode of furnishing this succour by Great Britain shall be settled amicably, in each particular case, between His Britannic Majesty and the Power threatened or attacked, as soon as the requisition shall be made: the same principle shall be adopted with regard to the Forces which His Britannic Majesty engages to furnish by the 1st Article of the present Treaty.

Command-in-Chief of Auxiliary Army.

ART. X. The Auxiliary Army shall be under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief of the Army of the requiring Power; it shall be commanded by its own General, and employed in all Military Operations according to the rules of War. The pay of the Auxiliary Army shall be defrayed by the requiring Power; the rations and portions of provisions and forage, &c., as well as quarters, shall be furnished by the requiring Power as soon as the Auxiliary Army shall have passed its own Frontier; and that upon the same footing as the said Power maintains, or shall maintain, its own Troops in the Field or in Quarters.

Discipline and Administration of Auxiliary Troops. Trophies and Booty.

ART. XI. The Discipline and Administration of the Treops shall solely depend upon their own Commander; they shall not be separated. The Trophies and Booty taken from the Enemy shall belong to the Troops who take them.

Additional Succours in case of need.

ART. XII. Whenever the amount of the stipulated Succours shall be found inadequate to the exigency of the case, the High Contracting Parties reserve to themselves to make, without loss of time, an ulterior arrangement as to the Additional Succours which it may be deemed necessary to furnish.

Peace to be made only by Common Consent.

ART. XIII. The High Contracting Parties mutually promise, that in case they shall be reciprocally engaged in hostilities, in consequence of furnishing the stipulated Succours, the party requiring and the parties called upon, and acting as Auxiliaries in the War, shall not make Peace but by common consent.

Reservations.

Azz. XIV. The engagements contracted by the present Treaty 2046

shall not prejudice those which the High Contracting Parties may have entered into with other Powers, nor prevent them from forming new engagements with other States, with a view of obtaining the same salutary result.

Invitation to other Powers to accede to Defensive Alliance.

ART. XV. In order to render more effectual the Defensive Engagements above stipulated, by uniting for their common defence the Powers the most exposed to a French invasion, the High Contracting Parties engage to invite those Powers to accede to the present Treaty of Defensive Alliance.

Duration of Treaty.

ART. XVI. The present Treaty of Defensive Alliance having for its object to maintain the equilibrium of Europe, to secure the repose and Independence of its States, and to prevent the Invasions which during so many years have desolated the World, the High Contracting Parties have agreed to extend the duration of it to 20 years, to take date from the day of its signature; and they reserve to themselves to concert upon its ulterior prolongation 3 years before its expiration, should circumstances require it.

Ratifications.

ART. XVII. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications exchanged within two months, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Chaumont, 1st March, 1814.

- (L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.
- (L.S.) CLEMENT WENCESLAUS LOTHAIRE, PRINCE DE METTERNICH.

ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

(Translation.*)

Maintenance by Great Britain of Russian Fleet and Crews in Ports of England.

His Britannic Majesty engages for the year 1814 to provide for the Maintenance of the Russian Fleet, and its Crews, now in the Ports of England. The expense is estimated at £500,000 sterling.

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i. p. 129. 2047

In the event of Peace with France, or of the departure of the said Fleet on its return to Russia in the course of the year, His Britannic Majesty shall provide for its Maintenance for 4 months, reckoning from the day of the Signature of the Peace, or of the departure of the Fleet from the Ports of England.

The present Additional Article shall have the same force and validity as if it were inserted word for word in the Treaty Patent of this day.

It shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and affixed to it the Seal of their Arms.

Done at Chaumont, the 1st March, in the year of Our Lord, 1814.

- (L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.
- (L.S.) CHARLES ROBERT, COMTE DE NESSELRODE.

TREATY between Austria, Prussia, and Russia, and Napoleon Bonaparte. Signed at Paris, 11th April, 1814.

[Referred to at page 373.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Renunciation by Emperor Napoleon to Empire of France and Kingdom of Italy.
- 2. Titles and Rank to be retained by Emperor and Empress.
- 3. Emperor to reside at Elba. Annual Revenue.
- 4. Flag and Territory of Island of Elba to be respected by Barbary Powers.
- 5. Sovereignty of Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla granted to Empress Maria Louisa and Descendants. Title of Son of Empress Maria Louisa.
- 6. Revenues amounting to 2,500,000 francs to Emperor and Family.
- 7. Pension of Empress Josephine.
- 8. Establishment to be Granted to Prince Eugene, Viceroy of Italy.
- 9. Property of Emperor in France to be attached to the Crown.
- 10. Crown Diamonds to remain in France.
- 11. Emperor to return to Treasury, &c., sums and effects taken out by his Orders.
- 12. Debts of Household of the Emperor Napoleon.
- 13. Obligation of the Mont-Napoleon, of Milan, towards all the Creditors, to be exactly fulfilled.
- 14. Passports to Emperor and Empress, Family and Suite.
- 15. Escort of Troops as far as St. Tropez.
- 16. Conveyance to Elba.
- 17. Guard of 400 Men to accompany the Emperor.
- 18. Time at which followers of Emperor lose their Rights as Frenchmen.

ART.

TABLE.

- 19. Polish Troops to return Home with their Arms, &c.
- 20. Guarantee of Treaty by Allied Powers.
- 21. Ratifications.

(Translation.*)

Renunciation by Emperor Napoleon to Empire of France and Kingdom of Italy.

ART. I. His Majesty the Emperor Napoleon renounces for himself, his successors and descendants, as well as for all the members of his family, all right of Sovereignty and Dominion, as well to the French Empire and the Kingdom of Italy as over every other country.

Titles and Rank to be retained by Emperor and Empress.

ART. II. Their Majesties the Emperor Napoleon and the Empress Maria Louisa shall retain their Titles and Rank, to be enjoyed during their lives. The mother, the brothers, sisters, nephews and nieces of the Emperor shall also retain, wherever they may reside, the titles of Princes of his family.

Emperor to reside at Elba.

ART. III. The Isle of Elba, adopted by His Majesty the Emperor Napoleon as the place of his residence, shall form, during his life, a separate Principality, which shall be possessed by him in full Sovereignty and Property.

Annual Revenue.

There shall be besides granted, in full Property, to the Emperor Napoleon, an Annual Revenue of 2,000,000 francs in rent charge, in the Great Book of France, of which 1,000,000 shall be in reversion to the Empress.

Flag and Territory of Island of Elba to be respected by Barbary

Powers.

ART. IV. All the Powers engage to employ their Good Offices to cause to be respected by the Barbary Powers the Flag and the Territory of the Isle of Elba; for which purpose the relations with the Barbary Powers shall be assimilated to those with France.

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 132. 2049

Sovereignty of Duchies of Parma. Placentia, and Guastalla, granted to Empress Maria Louisa and Descendants.

ART. V. The Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalia shall be granted in full Property and Sovereignty to Her Majesty the Empress Maria Louisa; they shall pass to her Son, and to his Descendants in the right line.

Title of Son of Empress Maria Louisa.

The Prince, her Son, shall from henceforth take the title of Prince of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla.

ARTS. VI to XXI (see Table).

Done at Paris, 11th April, 1814.

- (L.S.) THE PRINCE DE METTERNICH
- (L.S.) CHARLES ROBERT, COMTE DE NESSELRODE.
- (L.S.) CHARLES AUGUSTUS, BARON DE HARDENBERG.
- (L.S.) CAULAINCOURT.
- (LS.) MARSHAL NEY.
- (L.S.) MACDONALD.

BRITISH Act of Accession. Puris 27th April, 1814.

Whereas their Imperial and Royal Majesties the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, the Emperor of All the Russias, and the King of Prussia, have entered into a Treaty, concluded at Paris, on the 11th April of the present year, for the purpose of granting, for such respective periods as in the said Treaty are mentioned, to the person and family of Napoleou Bonaparte, the possession in Sovereignty of the Island of Elba, and the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla, and for other purposes; which Treaty has been communicated to the Prince Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, by the Ministers of their Imperial and Royal Majesties the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, the Emperor of All the Russias, and the King of Prussia, who, in the name of their respective Sovereigns, have jointly invited the Prince Regent to accede to the same, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty;

2050

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, having full knowledge of the contents of the said Treaty, accedes to the same, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, as far as respects the stipulations relative to the possession in Sovereignty of the Island of Elba, and also of the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla. But His Royal Highness is not to be considered, by this Act of Accession, to have become a party, in the name of His Majesty, to any of the other provisions and stipulations contained therein.

Given under my Hand and Seal, at Paris, this 27th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, 1814.

By command of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty.

CASTLEREAGH.

CONVENTION for a Suspension of Hostilities between Great Britain and France. Signed at Paris, 23rd April, 1814.*

[Referred to at pages 11, 20, 409, 462, and 601.]

Art.

TABLE.

- 1. Suspension of Hostilities.
- 2. Evacuation by Allies of French Territory as it existed on 1st January, 1792.
- 3. Evacuation of Places held by the French Armies, and not comprised in the Limits of French Territory as it existed in 1792. All property of whatever description in the Fortresses to be given over to the Allies. Appointment of Commissioners. Regulation of Garrisons. Raising of Blockades. French Troops in Italy or the Mediterranean to be recalled.
- 4. Maritime Fortresses.
- 5. Fleets and Ships of France to remain in their respective Situations.
- 6. Restoration of Captures at Sea within specified time after Ratification of Treaty.
- 7. Liberation of Prisoners.
- 8. Administration of Departments or Cities actually occupied by the Forces of the Co-belligerents to be given over to French Magistrates.
- 9. Routes to be taken by the Troops.

Additional Article.

Evacuations in United Provinces of the Netherlands.

^{*} Conventions containing the same Stipulations, verbatim, were concluded on the same day between France and Austria, Prassia, and Russia.

APPENDIX. .

(Translation.*)

ART. I. (See Table.)

Evacuation by Allies of French Territory as it existed on the 1st January, 1792.

ART. II. For the purpose of effecting the re-establishment of the relations of Friendship between the Allied Powers and France, and to afford to the latter beforehand, as much as possible, the enjoyment of the blessings of Peace, the Allied Powers will cause their Armies to evacuate the French Territory, as it existed on the 1st January, 1792, upon condition that the Places still in the possession of the French Armies beyond those Limits, shall be evacuated and delivered up to the Allies.

Evacuation of Places held by the French Armies, and not comprised in the Limits of French Territory as it existed in 1792.

ART. III. The Lieutenant-General of the Kingdom of France will accordingly instruct the Commandants of those Places to deliver them up in the following mauner, viz.: the Places situated upon the Rhine, not comprehended within the Limits of France on the 1st January, 1792, and those between the Rhine and the said Limits, in the space of 10 days, to be calculated from the day of the Signature of the present Act; the Places in Piedmont and in other parts of Italy which belonged to France, in 15 days; those in Spain in 20 days; and all other Places occupied by French Troops, without exception, in such manner as that they shall be entirely delivered up by the 1st June next. The Garrisons of such Places shall depart with their Arms and Baggage, and with the Private Property of the Military, and of the Civil Agents of every description. They shall be allowed to take with them Field Artillery in the proportion of 3 pieces to each 1,000 men, the Sick and Wounded therein comprised.

All Property of whatever description in the Fortresses to be given over to the Allies.

The Property of the Fortresses, and everything which is not Private Property, shall remain untouched, and shall be given over in full to the Allies without anything being removed. In the Property are comprised not only the Depôts of Artillery and Ammunition, but also all other Supplies of every description, as well as the Archives, Inventories, Plans, Maps, Models, &c.

> * For French version see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 148. 2052

Appointment of Commissioners.

Immediately after the Signature of the present Convention, Commissaries on the part of the Allied Powers and of France shall be named and dispatched to the Fortresses, in order to ascertain the state in which they are, and to regulate together the execution of this Article.

Regulation of Garrisons. Raising of Blockades.

The Garrisons shall be regulated, in their return to France, according to the magazines upon the different lines which shall be agreed upon. The Blockades of Fortified Places in France shall be raised immediately by the Allied Armies.

French Troops in Italy or the Mediterranean to be recalled.

The French Troops, making a part of the Army of Italy, or occupying the Fortified Places in that country or in the Mediterranean, shall be recalled immediately by His Royal Highness the Lieutenant-General of the Kingdom.

Maritime Fortresses.

ART. IV. The Stipulations of the preceding Article shall be equally applicable to Maritime Fortresses, the Contracting Powers reserving, however, to themselves to regulate in the Definitive Treaty of Peace, the fate of the Arsenals, Vessels of War, Armed and Unarmed, which are in those places.

Arrs. V and VI. (See Table.)

Liberation of Prisoners.

ART. VII. On both sides, the Prisoners, Officers and Soldiers, of Land or Sea, or of any other description whatever, and particularly Hostages, shall be immediately sent back to their respective Countries, without ransom and without exchange. Commissaries shall be named reciprocally in order to carry this general liberation into effect.

Arrs. VIII and IX. (See Table.)

Done at Paris, the 23rd day of April, in the year of Our Lord, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

Evacuation in United Provinces of the Netherlands.

The term of 10 days, agreed on in virtue of the Stipulations of Article III of the Convention of this day for the Evacuation of the fortified Places upon the Rhine, and between that River and the ancient Frontiers of France, is extended to the Fortified Places and Military Establishments of whatsoever description in the United Provinces of the Netherlands.

The present Additional Article shall have the same force and validity as if it were word for word inserted in the Convention of this day.

In testimony of which, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and affixed thereto the Seals of their Arms.

Done in Paris, the 23rd day of April, in the year of Our Lord, 1814.

- (L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.
- (L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

TREATY between the Princes of Nassau and the Prince of Orange-Nassau. Signed at the Hague, 14th July, 1814.

[Referred to at page 253.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Revision of the Pact of Union reserved.
- 2. Joint Interests of the House.
- 3. Division of the Joint Sovereignty: Burback, Neunkirchen, Mensfelden, Kirberg, Camberg, Erback, Eisenback, and Balduinstein, are returned to the Orange-Nassau House; Obernhof remains with Nassau.
- 4. The Castle of Nassau remains in Common.
- 5. Forests of the Bailiwick of Tunkel, where not Enclaves, ceded to Orange-Nassau.
- 6. Time of Transfer.
- 7. Division of current Taxes.
- 8 Charges in arrear.
- 9. Salaries and Pensions.
- 10. Exchange of Revenues.
- 11. Exchange of Forests.
- 12. Remainder of Domains.
- 13. Feudal Rights.
- 14. Revenues collected during the Rhise Confederation.
- 15. Domains alienated during the Rhine Confederation.
- 16. Restitution of Funds.
- 17. Interest.

ART.

TABLE.

- 18. Sellers. Claim of Orange-Nassau to the Niederselters Springs reserved for further Negociations. Oberselters remains with Nassau.
- 19. Ems; Specht Property. Orange-Nassau Claims reserved for further Negotiations.
- 20. Customs, Tolls.
- 21. Navigation of the Lahn.
- 22. Court of Appeal.
- 23. House of Correction.
- 24. Institutions of the Duchy of Nassau.
- 25. Joint Bishop. Ratification.

Annex A. Table of Population.
Annex B. Table of Land Tax.

(Translation.)

Arts. I to XXV. (See Table.)

CONVENTION between Great Britain and Sweden, relative to the Compensation to be paid to Sweden for the Restoration of Guadaloupe to France. Signed at London, 13th August, 1814.

[Referred to at pages 10 and 46.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Indemnity to Sweden for Restoration of Guadaloupe to France.
- 2. Indemnity Contingent upon Execution of Treaty of 30th May, 1814. Ratifications.

Indemnity to Sweden for Restoration of Guadaloupe to France.

ART. I. His Britannic Majesty agrees to pay, and His Swedish Majesty to accept, the sum of 24,000,000 of livres, in full discharge and satisfaction of his Claims under Article IX of the Treaty of Paris (No. 1). The said sum to be payable in London to His Swedish Majesty's Minister, according to the rate of exchange between London and Paris at each time of payment, in 12 equal monthly instalments: the first monthly instalment to become due and payable to His Britannic Majesty one month after the Ratification of the Treaty, by which the said Belgic Provinces shall be incorporated with Holland as aforesaid.

Indemnity contingent upon Execution of Treaty of 30th May, 1814.

ART. II. It is agreed and understood, that, the above arrange2055 6 Q 2

ment being contingent upon the due execution of the engage ments contained in the Treaty of Paris (No. 1), His Swedish Majesty's rights to compensation from His Britannic Majesty and his Allies, shall not be prejudiced by any failure or non-fulfilment of the engagements in question, but shall continue in full force and effect, unless otherwise satisfied, as if this Convention had not been made.

Ratifications.

The present Convention shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at London within one month from the date hereof, or sooner, if possible.

In witness whereof, we, the Undersigned Plenipotentiaries, in virtue of our respective Full Powers, have signed the present Convention, and have affixed thereto the Seal of our Arms.

Done at London, this 13th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.

(L.S.) G. M. DE REHAUSEN.

TREATY OF PEACE between Denmark and Prussia. Signed at Berlin, 25th August, 1814.

[Referred to at pages 47 and 198.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Peace and Friendship.
- 2. Re-establishment of Former Relations.
- 8. Commercial Relations.
- 4. Commission of Claims.
- 5. Indemnity for Cession of Norway to Sweden.
- 6. Ratifications.

(Translation.*)

ART. I. Peace and Friendship.

Re-establishment of Former Relations.

ART. II. All the relations which existed between Denmark and Prussia, and their respective Subjects, from the day of the date of the signature of the present Treaty, shall be re-established on the same footing as they existed previous to the late War.

• For French version, see "State Papers," vol. i, p. 255.
2056

ARTS. III and IV. (See Table.)

Indemnity for Cession of Norway to Sweden.

ART. V. His Majesty the King of Denmark, having ceded Norway to Sweden, His Majesty the King of Prussia shall use, conjointly with Sweden, Russia, and Great Britain, his Good Offices to obtain for His Majesty the King of Denmark a suitable indemnity, besides Pomerania, which has been ceded to him by Sweden.

ART. VI. Ratifications.

Done at Berlin, the 25th August, 1814.

- (L.S.) CHRETIEN HENRY AUGUSTE, COMTE DE HARDENBERG-REVENTLAU.
- (L.S.) CHARLES AUGUSTE, PRINCE DE HARDENBERG.

TREATY between Great Britain and Portugal, annulling the Treaty of Alliance of 1810, and renewing Ancient Treaties of Alliance and Guarantee. Signed at Vienna, 22nd January, 1815.*

[Referred to at page 760.]

Treaty of 19th February, 1810, Annulled. Ancient Treaties of Alliance and Guarantee renewed.

ART. III. The Treaty of Alliance concluded at Rio de Janeiro, on the 19th February, 1810, being founded on circumstances of a temporary nature, which have happily ceased to exist, the said Treaty is hereby declared to be void in all its parts, and of no effect; without prejudice, however, to the Ancient Treaties of Alliance, Friendship, and Guarantee, which have so long and so happily subsisted between the two Crowns; and which are hereby renewed by the High Contracting Parties, and acknowledged to be of full force and effect.

• See Note, page 760.

TREATY OF ALLIANCE between Great Britain and Austria, Prussia, and Russia, against Bonaparte. Signed at Vienna, 25th March, 1815.

[Referred to at page 271.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Alliance against the Designs of Napoleon Bonaparte.
- 2. 150,000 Men to be kept in the Field by each Contracting Party.
- 3. War not to cease until Bonaparte is absolutely put down.
- 4. Renewal of the Treaty of Chaumont of 1st March, 1814.†
- 5. Command of Combined Armies, &c.
- 6. Officers to be accredited to Generals of Armies.
- 7. Powers of Europe to be invited to accede to Treaty.
- 8. France to be invited to accede. Forces to be placed at her disposal.
- 9. Ratifications.

Separate and Additional Article.

Subsidy to be furnished by Great Britain in lieu of Troops.

(Translation.1)

ARTS. I to IV. (See Table.)

Command of Combined Armies, &c.

ART. V. Whatever relates to the Command of the Combined Armies, to Supplies, &c., shall be regulated by a Particular Convention.

ARTS. VI and VII. (See Table.)

France to be invited to Accede. Forces to be placed at her Disposal.

ART. VIII. The present Treaty having no other end in view but to support France, or any other Country which may be invaded, against the enterprises of Bonaparte and his Adherents, His Most Christian Majesty shall be specially invited to accede hereunto; and, in the event of His Majesty's requiring the Forces stipulated in Article II, to make known what assistance circumstances will allow him to bring forward in furtherance of the object of the present Treaty.

- * The Stipulations of the Treaty concluded on the same day between Great Britain and Prussia and Russia, respectively, were rerbation the same as those of this Treaty.
 - + See page 2045.
 - I For French version, see "State Papers," vol. ii, p. 413.

ART. IX. (See Table.)

Done at Vienna, 25th March, 1815.

- (L.S.) WELLINGTON.
- (L.S.) LE PRINCE DE METTERNICH.
- (L.S.) LE BARON DE WESSENBERG.

SEPARATE AND ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

Subsidy to be furnished by Great Britain in lieu of Troops.

As circumstances might prevent His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from keeping constantly in the Field the number of Troops specified in Article II, it is agreed that His Britannic Majesty shall have the option, either of furnishing his contingent in men, or of paying at the rate of £30 per annum for each Cavalry Soldier, and £20 per annum for each Infantry Soldier, that may be wanting to complete the number stipulated in Article II.

The present Additional and Separate Article shall have the same force and effect as if it were inserted word for word in the Treaty of this day.

It shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time.

In faith whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have affixed thereto the Impression of their Arms.

Done at Vienna, 25th March, 1815.

- (L.S.) WELLINGTON.
- (L.S.) LE PRINCE DE METTERNICH.
- (L.S.) LE BARON DE WESSENBERG.

[A complete List of the Treaties of Accession to the Treaty of Alliance against Bonaparte, of 25th March, 1815, and of Treaties of Subsidy consequent thereon, will be found in "State Papers," vol. xliii, pp. 856, 857.]

ADDITIONAL ARTICLES to the Convention between Prussia and Russia, relative to the Claims of the Duchy of Warsaw. Signed at Vienna, 30th March, 1815.

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Respite for 6 Years, granted to all Debtors, of Prussian Subjects in the Duchy of Warsaw.
- 2. Interest at 4 per cent. during the continuance of the Letter of Respite.
- 3. Regulation for Payment of Interests from and since 1806.
- 4. Facilities to Debtors to Pay their Obligations.
- 5. Debtors to comply with Stipulations within 5 Months.
- 6. Debtors not to be allowed further benefits.
- 7. Additional Articles to have same effect as if they had been inserted, word for word, in the principal Convention of this day.

(Translation.)

ADDITIONAL ARTICLES.

ARTS. I to VII. (See Table.)

Done at Vienna, 30th March, 1815.

(L.S.) JEAN D'ANSTETT.

(L.S.) C. PRINCE DE HARDENBERG.

(Annex.) Publication of the Prussian Government. Vienna, 17th April, 1815.

Br an Agreement concluded between His Majesty the King and His Imperial Russian Majesty, dated 30th March, of this year, the Convention entered into by the late Emperor of the French and the King of Saxony, at Bayonne, on the 10th May, 1808,* by which the Capitals or Funds of Prussian Money Establishments and Institutions in the Duchy of Warsaw, were ceded to the King of Saxony and to the Duchy of Warsaw, has been annulled; and accordingly:

- 1. The free disposition of their Property is restored to those Money Establishments and Institutions, as well as to those Private Individuals whose capital, placed out in the Duchy of Warsaw, had been sequestrated and confiscated by virtue of the Bayonne Convention.
- 2. The Contracting Parties have mutually secured to each other, that the Subjects of the one Power, who are interested, as far as their Property is concerned, in the other Power, shall *Annulled.

enjoy the special protection of the Laws, and shall, in no manner and under no pretence whatsoever, be hindered and obstructed in the enjoyment of their consequent rights.

- 3. These Capitals which have been placed out upon, or invested in Estates of the part remaining to Russia, and which belong to the Bank and the General Treasury of Invalids, are to be assigned over in proprietorship, with the interests in arrears as well as with the current interests (pursuant to a special agreement of His Majesty with the Emperor of Russia) for the account of the Russian part of the Duchy of Warsaw, Prussia being indemnified for the value of them, as agreed upon.
- 4. The Owners of such Capital, as from being the supposed property of the State or of a Money Establishment, was reckoned among the Bayonne items, and was, in consequence, sequestrated, must inevitably submit, as well as the above-named Institutions, to have deducted from the capital and interest, those sums which their Debtor can prove, by a proper Receipt, to have paid to the Duchy of Warsaw, whether such payment was made upon the capital or interest; but they will notify such deduction to the 2nd Section of the Office of the Minister for Foreign Affairs at Berlin, which Section will obtain the repayment of such deducted sums, from the Government of the Duchy of Warsaw, and will restore them to their Owners.
- 5. The Creditors of the Subjects of the Duchy of Warsaw must, as to what remains, submit to the measures which time and circumstances dictate, which the securing of their own Capitals, and the preservation of the landed Proprietors in the Duchy of Warsaw require, and which have been agreed upon between the High Contracting Powers, in order to prevent all future misunderstanding in the following Additional Articles.—[See page 2060.]

Vienna, 17th April, 1815.

The Chancellor of State,
C. PRINCE OF HARDENBERG.

PROCLAMATION of the Emperor of Austria, relative to the Union of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom to the Austrian Monarchy. Vienna, 7th April, 1815. [See "State Papers," vol. ii, p. 906.]

The Constitution for the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom was signed on the 24th April, 1815.

TERRITORIAL CONVENTION between Austria, Bavaria, and Prussia. Signed at Creuznach, 28th May, 1815.

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Tracing of Frontier.
- 2. Frontier of Suburbs to be considered as the Frontier of the Country.
- 3. Frontier to be submitted to Decision of Allied Powers.

(Translation.*)

Tracing of Frontier.

ART. I. That Frontier, such as it has been traced by the Prussian Patent on taking possession, under date of 5th April last, begins from the confluence of the Nahe with the Rhine, ascends along the Nahe and the Department of the Rhine-and-Moselle as far as Glan, and from thence as far as Medard.

On the right bank of the above two Rivers, the two Towns of Kreuznach and Meissenheim, along with their Suburbs, shall belong to Prussia. From Medard, the line passes by Merzweiler, Langweiler, Nieder-und Ober-Jeckenbach, Ellenbach, Breunchenborn, Answeiler, Kronweiler, Niederbrambach, Burbach, Ræschweiler, Heubweiler, Hambach, and proceeds as far as Rinzenberg: all the above places belong to Prussia.

From thence it turns the suburb of Abentheuer and Brucken, which remain in the possession of the old Administration, and meets at the point of the limit of Achtelbach, touches the Commune of Zuach, close to Neuhoff, which belongs to that of Achtelbach, follows the Frontier of the Canton of Hermerskeil, crosses that Canton and the Canton of Couz as far as Gomlingen, so that the Forges of Zunder, Neuhutte, Eisenhutte, and Zusch, then Hermerskeil, Reinfeld, Damfloss in the Canton of Hermerskeil, as well as Franzenheim, and Gomlingen, in the Canton of Conz, fall to Prussia; and that all the places situated to the south of that line, namely: Ober-und Nieder-Sætern, Boosen, Schwarzenbach, Braunhausen, Guserschmelze, Otzenhausen, Nonweiler, Bierfeld, Saint Huberts-Schmelze, Gusenbourg, Sanschied, Grunberger-Hof, Kell, Waldweiler, Schwarzwalder-Hof, Mandern, Shillingen and Hedert in the Canton of Hermerskeil, Holzrath, Schoendorf, Plumig, Olmuth, Lampaden, Hinzenbourg, Bonnerath, Oberemmel, Crettenach, Wildingen and Hamm, in the Canton of Conz, remain under the old Administration.

^{*} For French Translation, see "State Papers," vol. ii, p. 913.

Frontier of Suburbs to be considered as the Frontier of the Country.

ART. II. In all the places situated on the Frontier, the Frontier of the Suburb shall be taken as that of the Country.

Frontier to be submitted to Decision of Allied Powers.

ART. III. This provisional settlement of the Frontiers, for the Cantons of Hermerskeil and of Conz, shall be submitted to another decision of the Allied Powers, after which the two Administrations of the Country shall agree upon a more exact tracing of the line.

Creuznach, 28th May, 1815.

- (L.S.) LE BARON DE SCHMITZ-GROLLENBOURG, Commissary-General of the Prussian Government.
- (L.S.) GUILLAUME DE DROSSDICK, Councillor of the Austrian Court.
- (L.S.) CHARLES, BARON DE STENGEL, Bavarian Councillor.

SEPARATE AND SECRET ARTICLE to the Territorial Treaty of 31st May, 1815, between Prussia and Nassau. Signed at Vienna, 31st May, 1815.

TABLE,

Preamble.

Contingent Cessions in event of Territorial Arrangements between Prussia and Hesse-Cassel.

(Translation.*)

In concluding the Principal Treaty (No. 23), between His Majesty the King of Prussia, and their Highnesses the Duke and Prince of Nassau, the Undersigned Plenipotentiaries have further concluded the following contingent Convention:

Contingent Cessions in event of Territorial Arrangements between Prussia and Hesse-Cassel.

In case His Majesty the King of Prussia, on account of Territorial Arrangements with Electoral Hesse, should find means of

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. ii, p. 981. 2063

acquiring the Lower County of Katzenelnbogen with the part of Hesse-Rothenburg enclosed therein, His Majesty engages to cede to their Highnesses the Duke and Prince of Nassau, the said County, with the Properties of the Elector of Hesse situated therein, and with the local Rights and the Possessions of Hesse-Rothenburg. In exchange, their Highnesses engage to make over to His Majesty the part of the Principality of Siegen and of the Bailiwicks of Burbach and Neunkirchen, coming to them by virtue of the Principal Treaty (No. 23), as well as the Nassau Bailiwick of Atzback, with all the Rights and Properties of the Ducal House in that District. All the dispositions of the Principal Treaty (No. 23), are applicable to this contingent Cession.

This Separate Convention shall have the same force as the Principal Treaty, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged within 4 weeks.

In faith whereof the Undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Separate Article, and have affixed thereto their Seals. Done at Vienna, 31st May, 1815.

- (L.S.) LE PRINCE DE HARDENBERG.
- (L.S.) MARSCHALL DE BIEBERSTEIN.

TERRITORIAL TREATY between Prussia and Sweden. Signed at Vienna, 7th June, 1815.

[Referred to at page 198.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Cession of Pomerania and Rugen to Prussia by Sweden.
- 2. Artillery and Military Stores in ceded Fortified Places to be delivered to *Prussia*. Canon and War Vessels to be given for Maritime Defence.
- 3. Public Debt of Pomerania transferred to Prussia.
- 4. Crown Domains in Pomerania and Rugen to be made over to Prussia.
- 5. Prussia to Pay 8,500,000 Rixdalers to Sweden for Cession of Pomerania and Rugen.
- 6. Time in which Cession of Pomerania and Rugen is to be completed.
- 7. Commissioners to be appointed for the delivery of Pomerania and Rugen.
- 8. Privileges to be secured by Prussia to Inhabitants of Pomerania and Rugen.
- 9. Maintenance of Religious Establishments, &c.
- 10. Maintenance of Commerce with Great Britain.
- 11. Commercial Intercourse between Sweden and Norway, and Pomeranta and Rugen.
- 12. Settlement of Public and Private Debts.

ART.

TABLE.

- 13. Freedom of Swedes in Pomerania and Rugen, and of Inhabitants of Pomerania and Rugen in Sweden to return to their own Country, and to dispose of their Property.
- 14. Archives, &c., to be delivered to Prussian Commissioners.
- 15. Public Functionaries to be appointed by King of *Prussia*. Pensioners to continue to receive their Pensions.
- 16. Postal Service.
- 17. Great Britain and Russia to be invited to accede to the Treaty as well as to the Declarations Annexed.
- 18. Ratifications.

Russian Declaration.

Separate and Secret Article. — Vienna, 7th June, 1815.

(Translation.*)

Cession of Pomerania and Rugen to Prussia by Sweden.

ART. I. His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway cedes in all perpetuity for himself and his Successors to the Throne of Sweden, according to the order of succession of the 26th September, 1810, to His Majesty the King of Prussia and his Successors to the Throne, the Duchy of Pomerania, and the Principality of Rugen, with the whole of their Dependencies, Islands, Fortresses, Towns, and Countries.

ARTS. II to XVIII (see Table).

Done at Vienna, 7th June, 1815.

- (L.S.) LE PRINCE DE HARDENBERG.
- (L.S.) LE BARON DE HUMBOLDT.
- (L.S.) LE COMTE CHARLES AXEL DE LOWENHIELM.

Russian Declaration.

We, First Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias at the Congress of Vienna, having acted as Mediator in the Arrangements settled between the Courts of Sweden and Prussia, declare that the Treaty signed this day between His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway and His Majesty the King of Prussia, with the two Separate Danish and Swedish Declarations, and which form part thereof, as well as the clauses, conditions, and stipulations contained therein, has been concluded through the Mediation of His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias. In faith whereof we have, by virtue of our general

^{*} For French version, see "State Papers," vol. ii, p. 975.

Full Powers, and in our capacity of First Plenipotentiary of His said Majesty at the Congress of Vienna, signed the presen, and have affixed thereto the Seal of our Arms.

Done at Vienna, 7th June, 1815.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE RAZOUMOFFSKY.

SEPARATE AND SECRET ARTICLE. Vienna, 7th June, 1815.

His Majesty the King of Prussia wishing to contribute all in his power entirely to remove the differences which have arisen since the Treaty of Kiel of 14th January, 1814,* between His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway and His Majesty the King of Denmark, has obtained from the Court of Denmark and has caused to be delivered to the Plenipotentiary of His Swedish Majesty, a Declaration signed by the Plenipotentiaries of His Danish Majesty in the following terms:

DANISH DECLARATION.

"His Danish Majesty declares in the most formal manner, that in consequence of an Agreement made with His Majesty the King of Prussia, he renounces with reference to Sweden, to all pretensions or claims founded on the non-execution of Article VII of the Treaty of Peace of 14th January, 1814; that he releases His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway from the obligation to pay him 600,000 Rixdalers of the Bank of Sweden still remaining due on the 1,000,000 Rixdalers of the Bank of Sweden stipulated for in his favour, and that he will henceforth consider the Treaty of Kiel as being in full force, in its entire purport and in all its conditions and clauses, not changed or modified by the present Declaration.

"The present Declaration of the Danish Plenipotentiaries, made in the name of their August Sovereign, will be ratified by His Danish Majesty, and that Ratification will be delivered within 6 weeks to the Ministry of His Majesty the King of Prussia, to be exchanged for the Ratification of His Swedish Majesty, of a similar Declaration made this day by the Plenipotentiaries of that Sovereign.

"In faith whereof, the Plenipotentiaries of His Majesty the

King of Denmark have signed the present Declaration, and have affixed thereto the Seal of their Arms.

- "Done at Vienna, 7th June, 1815."
 - (L.S.) LE COMTE CHR. BERNSTORFF.
 - (L.S.) LE COMTE JOACH. BERNSTORFF.

SWEDISH COUNTER DECLARATION.

- "His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway declares in the most formal manner: that in consequence of an Agreement made with His Majesty the King of Prussia, he renounces, with reference to the Treaty of Peace signed between Sweden and Denmark, on the 14th January, 1814, to all pretensions or claims founded on occurrences or events subsequent to the conclusion of that Peace, and particularly on account of the non-execution of Article XV of the said Treaty; and that His said Majesty will henceforth consider the above-mentioned Treaty as being in full force in its entire purport and in all its conditions and clauses, not changed or modified by the present Declaration.
- "This Declaration of the Swedish Plenipotentiary, made in the name of his August Sovereign, will be ratified by His Swedish and Norwegian Majesty, and that Ratification will be delivered within 6 weeks to the Ministry of His Majesty the King of Prussia, to be exchanged for the Ratification of His Danish Majesty, of a similar Declaration made this day by the Plenipotentiaries of that Sovereign.
- "In faith whereof the Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway has signed the present Declaration, and has affixed thereto the Seal of his Arms.
 - " Done at Vienna, 7th June, 1815."
 - (L.S.) LE COMTE CHARLES AXEL DE LOWENHIELM.

The present Separate and Secret Article shall have the same force and value as if it were actually inserted in the Treaty. It shall be ratified and the Ratifications thereof shall be exchanged within the term of 6 weeks.

Done at Vienna, 7th June, 1815.

- (L.S.) LE PRINCE DE HARDENBERG.
- (L.S.) LE BARON DE HUMBOLDT.
- (L.S.) LE COMTE CHARLES AXEL DE LOWENHIELM.

TERRITORIAL CONVENTION between Austria and Prussia. Signed at Vienna, 12th June, 1815.

(Translation.)

TABLE.

Cossions made to the Emperor of Austria: on the left Bank of the Rhine, the Department of Mont Tonnère (with the exception of a District of 140,000 Inhabitants forming the Towns of Worms and Frankenthal, and the Borough of Oppenheim, destined for the Grand Duke of Darmstadt), and also a part of the Department of the Sarre to be agreed upon. On the Right Bank of the Rhine, a part of the Department of Fulda; in the Department of Frankfort, the Village of Ober-Erlenbach, half of Nieder-Ursel belonging to the Count of Solms-Roedelheim and the Lands of the Commandery of the Teutonic Order of Frankfort; in the Duchy of Nassau, the Land of Johannisberg, which had belonged to the Principality of Fulda; the Principality of Isenburg with the Lordships of Housenstamm, and the Village of Eppartshausen; and the Principality of Hohengeroldseck, belonging to the Prince of Leyen.

TREATY between Prussia and Hesse-Rothenburg. Signed at Cassel, 16th October, 1815.

[Referred to at pages 323, 628, 630, 634.]

ART.

TABLE.

- 1. Accession of the Landgrave of Hesse-Rheinfels-Rothenburg to the Treaty of this date (No. 37) between Prussia and Hesse-Cassel, and Cession to Prussia of all Rights, Possessions, and Profits belonging to him in the Lower Country of Katzenellenbogen, the Lordship of Plesse, with the Monastery of Höckelheim, and the Bailiwick of Neuengleichen. Reservation of all Rights accruing to him from Family Treaties, especially those in regard to the Rothenburg Quart.
- 2. Renunciation of Title of Rheinfels.
- 3. Guarantee by Prussia.
- 4. Guarantee of the Confederation to be obtained.
- 5. Ratifications.

CONFERENCES (Nos. 1 to 8) between the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, relative to the Affairs of Naples, were held at Troppau from 23rd October to 24th December, 1820.

- CONFERENCES (Nos. 1 to 14) between the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, relative to the Affairs of Naples, were held at Laybach from 11th January to 22nd February, 1821.
- PROTOCOLS of Conferences (Nos. 1 to 36) between Great Britain, France, and Russia, relative to the Mediation with Turkey and the Pacification of Greece. Constantinople, August to December, 1827. [See "State Papers," vol. xvii, p. 224.]
- PROTOCOLS of Conferences (Nos. 1 to 29) and Correspondence between Great Britain, France, and Russia, relative to the Mediation with Turkey and the Pacification of Greece. Confirmation of Turkish Sovereignty over Candia and Samos. 1827—1830. [See "State Papers," vol. xvii, p. 6.]
- PROTOCOLS of Conferences (Nos. 1 to 70) and Correspondence between Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, relative to the Affairs of Belgium. 1830—1833. [See "State Papers," vol. xviii, p. 728, vol. xix, p. 776.]
- FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to Mehemet Ali, Pasha of Egypt, relative to Hereditary Succession, the levying of Taxes in the name of the Porte, the Coinage of Money, and the number of Troops to be raised for Service in Egypt. 12th February, 1841. [See "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 571.]

[See page 1012.]

FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to Mehemet Ali, Pasha of Egypt, specifying the amount of Tribute to be paid to the Sultan, and the mode of Payment. May, 1841. [See "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 578.]

[See page 1012.]

FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to Mehemet Ali, Pasha of Egypt, relative to the Hereditary Succession, the levying of Taxes in the name of the Porte, the coinage of Money, and the number of Troops to be raised for Service in Egypt. 1st June, 1841. [See "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 578.]

[See page 1012.]

VIEWS of the British Government with regard to the Inviolability of Treaties. London, November, 1846.

Viscount Palmerston to the Marquis of Normanby.

(Extract.)

London, 23rd November, 1846.

"When a Treaty has been signed by several Powers, three out of a larger number cannot of their own authority, and without the concurrence of the others, alter the Stipulations of such Treaty."

[See "State Papers," vol. xxxv, p. 1086.]

VIEWS of the British Government with reference to the proposed Assembly of a Congress of the Great Powers of Europe, for the purpose of Settling the Affairs of Italy and other European Questions. London, 10th October, 1848.

Viscount Palmerston to the Marquis of Normanby.

My LORD, Foreign Office, 10th October, 1848.

With reference to the proposed Intervention of the Central Government of Germany in the Italian Mediation, I have to observe to your Excellency that however dazzling the notion may at first sight appear of a general Congress of the Great Powers of

Europe, assembled for the purpose of settling all the Affairs of Italy, and perhaps also of other parts of Europe, yet such a scheme would be attended in its execution with many practical difficulties, and be liable to many objections, and Her Majesty's Government have great doubts whether it would not be better that England and France should confine themselves to the humbler task of detailed and local Mediation, point by point, as occasion may arise.

The Congress of Vienna, which is the example to which those persons look who incline to a renewed Congress now, was assembled under circumstances very different from those which at present exist. The tide of War had swept over the whole surface of Europe from the Rhine to Moscow, and from Moscow back to the Seine; all the smaller States of Europe had been conquered and reconquered, and were considered almost at the arbitrary disposal of the Great Powers whose armies had decided the fate of the War. The Statesmen who sat in Congress therefore considered themselves at liberty to parcel out with great freedom the several territories of Europe.

The smaller Sovereigns, Princes, and States had no Representatives in the deciding Congress, and no voice in the decisions by which their future destiny was determined. They were all obliged to yield to overruling power, and to submit to decisions which were the result, as the case might be, of justice or of expediency, of generosity or of partiality, of regard to the welfare of nations, or of concession to personal solicitations.

But England, France, Austria, Prussia, and Russia have not at present any similar pretence to dispose of the affairs of any of the smaller States of Europe, either in Italy or elsewhere; and a Congress assembled for the purpose of dealing with those affairs ought, perhaps, to consist not only of the Representatives of the greater Powers, but also of Envoys from all the smaller States whose interests were therein to be treated.

The proceedings of such an Assembly would of course be attended with much delay, and might possibly be marked by differences of opinion which might prevent any very satisfactory results from being attained. But in a matter of such grave importance Her Majesty's Government would not wish to press unduly any doubts or difficulties of this kind; and if it should be the opinion of other Powers that a general Conference of this description would contribute to the satisfactory settlement of questions now pending, and would thereby tend to preserve the Peace of Europe, Her Majesty's Government would willingly

2071

concur in the arrangements which might be requisite for convening such a Conference.

I am, &c.,
PALMERSTON.

H. E. The Marquis of Normanby.

PROTOCOLS of Conferences between Great Britain, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Hanover, Hanse Towns, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Netherlands, Prussia, Russia, Spain, and Sweden and Norway, relative to the Redemption of the Sound Dues. (Nos. 1 to 5.) Copenhagen, February, March, 1857. [See "State Papers," vol. xlix, 902.]

PROTOCOL of Conference between Great Britain, Austria, Belgium, France, Hanover, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Oldenburg, Netherlands, Prussia, Russia, Sweden and Norway, Hanse Towns, and Denmark, relative to the Redemption of the Sound Dues. Copenhagen, 14th. March, 1857. [See "State Papers," vol. xlvii, p. 35.]

PROTOCOLS of Conferences between the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey, relative to the Armed Intervention of European Powers for the Restoration of Tranquillity in Syria. Nos. 1—4. Paris, 3rd August, 1860, to 15th March, 1861. [See "State Papers," vol. li, p. 278.]

PROTOCOLS of Meetings (Nos. 1—29) held between the Commissioners of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, and Turkey, relative to disturbances in Syria. Beyrout, 5th October, 1860, to 4th May, 1861. [See "State Papers," vol. p. li, 293.]

JOINT NOTE between Great Britain, France and Russia, engaging that no Member of either of the Imperial or Royal Families of the Three States shall accept or wear the Crown of Greece.

(Translation as laid before Parliament.*)

(Extract.)

Athens, 15th December, 1862.

France, Great Britain, and Russia, declare themselves bound by the Engagement that no Member of the Imperial and Royal Families reigning in the Three States, can either accept, or wear the Crown of Greece.

FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to the Viceroy of Egypt, modifying the Order of Succession, and granting certain Privileges. 27th May, 1866. [See "State Papers," vol. lvi, p. 1167.]

[See page 1012.]

DECLARATION made by the Russian and Turkish Plenipotentiaries at the Conferences held at Paris in 1866 relative to the affairs of the Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, as to the Inviolability of Treaties.

4th June, 1866.

(Extract, Protocol No. 10.)

"The Treaties [relating to the Principalities] formed a whole which could not be violated more in one point than in another."

[See "State Papers," vol. lvii, p. 594.]

FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to the Viceroy of Egypt, settling the Mode of Appointing a Regency in the event of His Highness dying before his Son should attain the age of 18 years. 15th June, 1866. [See "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 580.]

[See page 1012.]

* For French version, see "State Papers," vol. lviii, p. 1107.

FIRM.1N addressed by the Sultan to the Khedive of Egypt, confirming the privilege of Hereditary Succession, and the right to conclude Commercial and other Treaties, having no political signification. 8th June, 1867. [See "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 582.]

[See page 1012.]

FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to the Khedive of Egypt, relative to the lavying of Taxes in Egypt in the name of the Sultan, and to Contracts for Foreign Loans being submitted to the Sultan for Approval. 29th November, 1869. [See "State Papers," vol. lix, p. 583.]

[See page 1012.]

FIRMAN addressed by the Sultan to the Khedive of Egypt, relative to the Order of Succession; Regency; Internal and Financial Administration; the conclusion of Non-Political Treaties; the Contract of Loans; the Levy of Troops; Coinage; the right to build Vessels of War, except Ironclads; Naval and Military Flags; and the Payment of Tribute. 8th June, 1873. [See "State Papers," vol. lxiii.]

[See page 1012.]

LIST OF TREATIES, &c.

Between Great Britain and Foreign Powers, for the maintenance of the Peace of Europe.

1814 to 1875

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Tresty, &c.	Page.
1	France	Definitive Treaty. Paris, 30 May, 1814	Termination of the long Agi- tations of Europe by a per- manent Peace, founded upon a just Repartition of Force between its States	1
5	Netherlands	Convention. London, 13 August, 1814	Prosperity of the Kingdom of The Netherlands	42
18	Netherlands	Treaty. London, 19 May, 1815	Compensation by The Netherlands to the Allied Powers, for the heavy Ex- pense incurred by them in delivering Holland and Belgium from the Enemy	149
19	Sardinia	Treaty. Vicuna, 20 May, 1815	Confirmation and Establishment of the Territorial Possessions of Sardinia	155
22	Netherlands	Treaty. Vienna, 31 May, 1815	Balance of Power in Europe, and Maintenance of the Independence of The Netherlands	179
	Austria France Portugal	General Treaty. Vienna, 9 June, 1815	Completion of the Arrangements of the Treaty of Paris (No. 1); and conclusion of other Arrangements, rendered necessary by the state of Europe consequent upon the last War.	208
27	Prussia Russia Spain Spain Sweden	Annexes. Regulation. Declaration. Declaration. Vienna, 20 March, 1615	Navigation of Rivers Diplomatic Precedence, 1815, 1818 Abolition of Slave Trade Perpetual Neutrality and Independence of Switzer- land	75 62 575 60 64

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Maintenance of harmony and good understanding between the Contracting Parties, and between all the States of Europe Freedom of Navigation, and Regulation of Duties on the Rhine Increase of Territory to Holland under the House of Orange Independence and Union by a Federative Bond of the States of Germany Independence and Self-Government of Switzerland Establishment of Sovereign States in Italy beyond the limits which are to revert to Austria Maintenance of Antwerp solely as a Commercial Port	1	1
Payment of certain sums towards the Augmentation and Improvement of the Defences of the Low Countries; and Settlement of them in union with Holland, and under the Dominion of the House of Orange	42	5
Liquidation, equally with The Netherlands, of a Portion of the Russian Loan raised in Holland; in fulfilment of the Compensation to be made by The Netherlands to the Allied Powers; subject to the condition of the Non-severance, partially or wholly, of Belgium from Holland	149	18
Confirmation and Establishment of Sardinian Territories	155	19
Recognition of the Title and Prerogatives of the Royal Dignity in the House of Orange	179	22
Guarantee to Prussia of the Territories ceded to her by Saxony Recognition of the Retension by Prussia of the Territories ceded to her by the Treaty of Tilsit, &c. (1807) Declaration of the Freedom of the City of Frankfort and its Territory. Confirmation and Maintenance of the Principles established, and Arrangements agreed upon, in Declaration of the Five Powers to Swiss Diet, of 20 March, 1815 (Annex to No. 6) Reservation of Right to the King of Sardinia to erect Fortifications at any point of his Dominions Recognition of the Emperor as Legitimate Sovereign of the Territories ceded to Austria by Treaties of Campo Formio, 1797; Luneville, 1801; Presburg, 1806; Fontainebleau, 1807; and Vienna, 1809. Reversion to the Sovereignty of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla Recognition of Ferdinand IV as King of the Two Sicilies Concert for general Abolition of Slave Trade Recognition of Integrity of the 19 Cantons of Switzerland, as Basis of the Helvetic System	208	27

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
16	Saxony	Treaty. Paris, 18 September, 1815	Re-establishment of Order in Europe, by Territorial Arrangements	145
36	Austria Prussia Russia	Treaty. Paris, 26 September, 1815	Regulations of their Internal and External Relations by the respective Sovereigns, upon the Principles of the Christian Religion, Mutual Assistance, Aid, and Succour, as Brothers. "Holy Alliance"	317
39	Austria Prussia Russia	Paris, 5 November, 1815	British Protectorate over } Ionian Islands	337
40	France	Definitive Treaty. Paris, 20 November, 1815 Annex. Protocol	Consolidation of the order of things re-established in France; and restoration of confidence and goodwill between France and neighbouring States Appropriation of Territories ceded by France	342
- 43	Austria France Prussia Russia	Declaration. Paris, 20 November, 1815	Neutrality and inviolability of Switzerland	370
44	Austria Prussia Russia	Treaty. Paris, 20 November, 1815	Guarantee of Europe from the Dangers which might again disturb it, upon the principles established in the Treaties of Alliance of Chaumont, 1814, and Vienna, 1815	372
59	Hesse Darm- stadt	Treaty. $Treaty.$ Frankfort, 30 June, 1816	ال	472

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
{ Accession to Territorial Arrangements between Saxony and } Prussia	145	16
Concurrence of the Prince Regent of Great Britain in the Christian Principles declared by the Sovereigns of Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Co-operation in all Measures likely to contribute to the Peace and Happiness of Mankind	317	36
Annulled by Treaty of 14 November, 1863, No. 355	337	39
Frontiers of France, as existing in 1790, with certain modifications Confirmation of Treaty of Paris, 30 May, 1814, and Congress Treaty of Vienna, 9 June, 1815	342	40
Recognition of the perpetual Neutrality of Switzerland, and Guarantee of the integrity and inviolability of its Territory Neutrality and inviolability of Switzerland, and its independence of all foreign influence, necessary to the real interests of Europe	370	}43
1. Execution of Treaty. &c., with France, of 20 November, 1815 (No. 40) 2a. Confirmation of Arrangements concluded at Paris in 1814; particularly those which excluded Napoleon Bonaparte and his Family, for ever, from the Throne of France 2b. Concert with the Allies, and with the King of France, for the Security of their States, and for the general Tranquillity of Europe, in the event of France being again torn by Revolutionary Principles 3, 4. Contingent of 60,000 Men, or entire Military Force, if necessary, for fulfilment of Engagements 5. Subsistence of Engagements, after withdrawal of Army of Occupation from France 6. Renewal of Meetings with the Allies, at certain intervals for consideration of Common Interests, and of most Salutary Measures for the Repose and Prosperity of Nations, and Maintenance of Peace of Europe	372	44
Accession to Territorial Arrangements between Hesse-Darm stadt and Prussia, &c.	4	72

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
65	Notherlan la	Treaty. Frankfort, 16 November, 1816	Territorial Arrangements of The Netherlands and Luxemburg, under Treaty with France of 20 November, 1815	497
73	Austria France Prussia Russia Spain.	Treaty. Paris, 10 June, 1817	Reversion of the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla	524
82	France	Convention. Aix, 9 October, 1818	Evacuation of the French Territory	557
87	Austria France Prussia Russia	Protocol. Aix, 15 November, 1818	Relations between France and the Allies; and consolidation of the general Tranquillity	571
88	••	Annex	{ Declaration of the Five } Powers }	5 73
94	Austria Baden Prussia Russia	Treaty. Frankfort, 10 July, 1819	Territorial Arrangements at Baden	586
95	Austria Prussia Russia	Treaty. Frankfort, 20 July, 1819	Completion of Territorial Arrangements, under Congress Treaty of Vienna, 9 June, 1815, and Treaty with France, of Paris, 20 Nov., 1815	589
113	Austria France Prussia Russia	Resolutions. Verona, 28 November, 1822	Abolition of the Slave Trade	695
129	Russia	Prolocol. St. Petersburgh, 4 April, 1826	Mediation with Turkey in bchalf of the Greeks	741
136	{France	Treaty. London, 6 July, 1827	Reconciliation between Turkey and the Greeks	769

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Territorial Arrangements of The Netherlands and Luxemburg, under Treaty with France of 20 November, 1815 Confirmation of Treaty with The Netherlands of 31 May, 1815; and of Vienna Congress Treaty of 9 June, 1815, so far as concerns the interests of The Netherlands	497	} 65
Reversion of the Duchies of Parma, Placentia, and Guastalla and of the Principality of Lucca, according to Treaties of 1748 and 1815	524	73
Withdrawal of the Allied Army of Occupation from France	557	82
Principle of intimate union in Relations between the Contracting Parties and with Foreign Powers; founded upon a strict observance of the Law of Nations Union with France, for maintenance of the General Peace, founded upon a sacred respect for the Engagements contained in the Treaties of 1814 and 1815, and for the Rights derived therefrom.	571	87
Future Meetings of the Five Powers for that object	573	88
Recognition of state of Possession of the Grand Duke of Baden, and of Right of Succession of the Counts of Hochberg	586	94
Sardinia and Switzerland—Landau, Mayence, and Luxemburg, Fortresses of the Germanic Confederation	589	95
Concert for the general Abolition of Slave Trade	695	113
Non-acquisition of Territory, nor exclusive influence, &c., in Pacification of Greece Contingent Guarantee of eventual Arrangements between Turkey and Greece	741	}129
Relations with Greece, in event of refusal of Mediation by Turkey	769	136

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page
149	{ France Russia	Protecol. London, 3 Febrary, 1830	Pacification between Turkey and Greece	841
152	Austria Prussia Russia	Protocol and Note London, April, Jul 1831	Demolition of certain Fort- y, resses in Belgium	856
15 3	Austria Belgium France Prussia Russia	London, 15 November, 1831 (Annulled by No. 2)	Netherlands	858
154	Russia	Convention. London, 16 November, 1831	British Share of Russian Dutch Loan, under Treaty of 31 May, 1815	872
156	Austria Belgium Pruseia Russia	Convention. London, 14 Decer ber, 1831	m- Modification of System of Military Defence of Bel- gium	881
159	Bavaria France Russia	Convention. London, 7 Ma 1832	Sovereignty of Greece	898
161	France Russia Turkey	Arrangement. Constantinople, July, 1832	Final Settlement of Continental Boundaries of Greece	908
162	France	Convention. London, 22 October 1832	Execution of the Treaty with Belgium of 15 November, 1831	909
166	Bavaria France Russia	Explanatory Articles London, 30 Apr. 1833	il, Sovereiguty of Greece	919

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Formation of Greece into an Independent State, with the enjoyment of all the Political, Administrative, and Commercial Rights attached to complete Independence. Monarchical Government of Greece, with Hereditary Succession by order of Primogeniture Non-selection of Monarch from among Reigning Families of Contracting Sovereigns. Optional Guarantee of Arrangement between Turkey and Greece, in separate Acts. Non-expedition of Troops to Greece, without consent of the Two other Powers	841	149
Eventual Demolition of Fortresses in Belgium, on its Separation from Holland	856	152
{ Annulled by Treaties with The Netherlands and Belgium of } 19 April, 1839. (See Art. 2 of Treaty with Belgium)	858	153
Continuance of British Payments, in consideration of Events since 1830, and of Independence and Neutrality of Belgium	872	154
Demolition of certain Fortresses in Belgium, and delivery of residue of Belgian Fortress Money to Belgium, for Fortresses	881	}156
Guarantee of Independent Monarchical State of Greece, under Sovereignty of Prince Otho of Bavaria Recognition of Prince Otho as Sovereign of Greece, by Foreign Sovereigns and States Regulation of Succession to Sovereignty of Greece Guarantee of Loan to be raised for the service of Greece	893	159
Indemnity to Turkey for Loss of Territory	903	161
{ Compulsory Measures to effect Evacuation of Belgian Territory by The Netherlands	909	162
Regulation of Succession to the Throne of Greece	919	166
2083	1	l

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
167	France Netherlands	Convention. London, 21 May, 1833	Restoration of Friendly Re- lations with The Nether- lands	921
171	France Portugal Spain	Treaty. London, 22 April, 1831	Suppression of Hostilities against the Thrones of Portugal and Spain	941
173	France Portugal Spain	Additional Articles. London 18 August. 1834	New Measures for Suppression of Hostilities against the Thrones of Portugal and Spain, rendered necessary by Events	949
183	Austria France Prussia Russia, and Netherlands	Treaty. London, 19 April, 1839	Separation of Belgium from } The Netherlands	979
185	Austria France Pruesia Russia, and Belgium	Treaty. London, 19 April, 1839	Separation of Belgium from } The Netherlands	996
186	Germanic Confederation	Act of Accession. London, 19 April, 1839	Arrangement with Belgium and The Netherlands as to Luxemburg	939
190	Austria Prussia Russia Turkey	Convention. London, 15 July, 1840	Hostility of Mehemet Ali, Pacha of Egypt, towards the Ottoman Porte	1008
193	Austria France Prussia Russia Turkey	Convention. London, 13 July, 1841	J	1024

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Cessation of Hostilities. Navigation of the Scheldt, the Meuse, &c	921	167
Interest in security of Spanish Monarchy, and obligations of ancient Alliance with Portugal	941	}171
Supplies of Arms and Warlike Stores, and a Naval Force, if necessary, to Spain	949	178
Guarantee of all the Articles of Separation of Belgium from The Netherlands Composition of Territory of Belgium Independence and perpetual Neutrality of Belgium Drainage of Waters; Navigation of Rivers and Canals; Division of Public Debt, &c.	979	183
Same as the last preceding Treaty	996	} 185
Territorial Arrangements concerning the Duchy of Luxemburg \ Independence and perpetual Neutrality of Belgium	999	}186
Co-operation to induce Mehemet Ali to accept, or to enforce, Arrangement proposed by Turkey Eventual Co-operation in defence of Constantinople, &c., against Aggression Prevention of Expeditions by Sea between Egypt and Syria Non-interference with Turkish Right to exclude Foreign Ships of War from the Dardanelles, &c. Non-acquisition of Territory, nor exclusive influence, in Pacification	1008	} 190 } 192
Respect of Turkish Right to exclude Foreign Ships of War from the Dardanelles, &c	1024	193
2085	6	8

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
205	France Portugal Spain	Protocol London, 21 May, 1847	Pacification of Portugal	1077
222 223 224	Austria Denmark France Russia Sweden	Protocols. London, 4 July 2 August, 1850	Balance of Power in Europe. Maintenance of the Integrity of the Desich Monarchy	1133 1136 1137
28 0	Austria Denmark France Prussia Russia Sweden	Treaty. London, 8 May, 1852	Balance of Power in Europe. Succession to the Throne of Denmark	1151
231	Bavaria France Greece Russia	Treaty. I ondon, 20 November, 1852	Succession to the Throne of Greece	1156
237	France	Treaty. Constantinople, 12 March, 1854	Military Aid to Turkey against Russia	1181
241	Austria France Prussia	$\left\{egin{array}{ll} & Protocol. \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ $	Balance of Power in Europe. Maintenance of Integrity of Ottoman Empire	1191
24 2	France	Convention. London, 10 April, 1854	Balance of Power in Europe. Naval and Military Aid to Turkey against Russia	119 3
250	Austria	Notes. Vienna, 8 August, 1854	Balance of Power in Europe. Conditions of Peace with Russia	1216
252	{ Austria Franco	Convention. Vienna, 2 December, 1854	Alliance	1221

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Naval assistance to be afforded to the Queen of Portugal	1077	205
Consultation with other Powers with a view to the recognition of the regulation of the Order of Succession to the Danish Throne	1133 1136 1137	222 223 224
Integrity of the Danish Monarchy. Rights and obligations of Denmark of the Germanic Confederation concerning the Duchies of Holstein and Lauenburg	1151	230
Religion of Successors to the Throne of Greece	1156	231
Defence of Turkey against Russian aggression	1181	237
Alliance with France and Turkey against Russia, in consequence of non-evacuation of Moldo-Wallachian Provinces by Russian Troops. Alliance with Austria, France, and Prussia as to Conditions of Peace	1191	241
Measures to be taken for re-establishment of Peace with Russia	1198	242
Withdrawal of Russian Protectorate over Principalities. Navigation of the Danube. Straits of the Dardanelles and Bosphorus. Christians in Turkey	1216	250
Occupation of Moldavia and Wallachia by Austrian Troops during the War with Russia. Invitation to Prussia to join the Alliance (not accepted)	1221	25
2087	6 s 2	}

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
253	{ Austria France	Memorandum. 28 December, 1854	Conditions of Peace with Russia, Moldavia, Walla- chia, and Servia. Naviga- tion of the Danube. Bal- ance of Power in Europe, and cessation of prepon- derance of Russia in the Black Sea. Christian Subjects of the Porte	1225
255	{France Sardinia	Conventions. Turin, 26 January, 1855	Alliance of Sardinia with Great Britain and France against Russia	1228
256	Sardinia	Turin, 26 January, 1855	} Loan to Sardinia	1290
258	Austria France Russia Turkey	Protocols. Vienns, March— June, 1855	Conferences. Eastern Question	1233
259	{ France Turkey	Convention. London, 27 June, 1855	Loan to Turkey	1234
261	France	Declaration. London, 27 July, 1855	Loan to Turkey	1289
262	{ France Sweden	Stockholm, 21 November, 1855	Balance of Power in Europe and Maintenance of the Integrity of Sweden and Norway	1241
264	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	General Treaty. Paris, 30 March, 1856	The conclusion of Peace with Russia, and the prevention of the return of the complications which occasioned the War	1250
265	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Convention. Paris, 30 March, 1856	Dardanelles and Bosphorus	1266
266	{ Russis Turkey	Convention. Paris, 30 March, 1856	Bluck Sea	1270

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Abolition of Russian exclusive Protectorate over Moldavia, Wallachia, and Servia. Guarantee of Privilege to Principalities. Free Navigation of the Danube. Russian Preponderance in the Black Sea. Christian Subjects	1225	253
Guarantee of Integrity of Sardinia during the War	1228	25
Loan of £1,000,000 to Sardinia	1230	25
Danubian Principalities of Moldavia, Wallachia, and Servia. Free Navigation of Danube. Russian Naval Forces in Black Sea. Integrity of Ottoman Empire. Dardanelles and Bosphorus	1233	25
Loan to Turkey of £5,000,000. Guarantee of Interest and Sinking Fund	1234	25
Interest and Sinking Fund on Turkish Loan	1239	26
Resistance to Pretensions or Aggressions of Russia in Sweden and Norway	1241	26
Admission of Turkey into the European System	1250	26
{ Prohibition to Foreign Ships of War to enter Bosphorus and } Dardanelles	1266	26
Limitation of Naval Forces of Russia and Turkey in the Black Sea	1270	26

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	No.
267	{France	Convention. Paris, 30 March, 1856	Aland Islands	1272
268	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Protocols. Paris, Feb April, 1856	Peace with Russia. Protocol (14 April). Mediation	1274
270	{ Austria France	{	{ Integrity of Ottoman Em- pire}	1290
271	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Declaration. Paris, 16 April, 1856	Maritime Law	1282
273	France Sardinia Turkey	Convention. Constantinople, 13 May, 1856	Evacuation of Ottoman Territory by British, French, and Sardinian Troops	1286
274	Sardinia	Convention. Turin, 3 June, 1856	Loan to Sardinia	1288
276 277	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Protocol. Paris, 6 January, 1857	Bessarabian Frontier	1296 1298
278 279	Austria Belgium France Hanover Mecklenburg- Schwerin Oldenburg Netherlands Prussia Russia Sweden Hanse Towns and Denmark	Treaty and Convention. Copenhagen, 14 March, 1857	Sound Dues	1801 1810
•	i I	2090		

	Page.	N
{ Aland Islands not to be Fortified, or any Military or Naval } Establishments to be maintained	1272	26
Danubian Principalities. Navigation of Danube. Admission of Turkey into European System. Christian Privileges in Turkey. Aland Islands. Frontiers between Russia and Turkey. Russian Vessels of War in Black Sea. Sovereignty over Montenegro, Dardanelles, and Bosphorus. Maritime Law	1274	26
{Guarantee of Integrity and Independence of Turkey. Infraction of Treaty of 80th March, 1856, to be a casus belli}	128 0	27
{ Maritime Law in time of War. Privateering. Neutral Flag. } Neutral Goods. Blockades	1282	-27
Extension of time for Evacuation of Ottoman Territory	1286	27
Further British Loan of £1,000,000 to Sardinia	1288	27
Demarcation of Bessarabian Frontier. Austrian Evacuation of Moldavia and Wallachia. Departure of British Squadron from Black Sea and Bosphorus. Sovereignty over Islands in Delta of the Danube and Isle of Serpents	1296 1298	27 27
Redemption of Sound Dues. Compensation to be made to	1301 1310	27 27

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
280	Austria Franco Russia Turkey	Definite Act. Kichineff, 11 April. 1857	Bessarabian Frontier	1313
281	Austria France Prussia Ruseia and Sardinia	Treaty. Paris, 26 May, 1857	Nenfokatel and Valengin	1316
282	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Treaty. Paris, 19 June, 1857	Bessarabian Frontier, Isle of Serpents, Delta of the Danube	1320
283	{ France Russia Turkey	Final Act. Constantinople, 5 December, 1857	Turco-Russian Boundary in Asia	1823
284	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Protocol. Paris, 28 April, 1858	Turco-Russian Boundary in Asia	1825
285	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Protocols. Paris, May-August, 1858	Moldavia and Wallachia	1327
28 6	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Convention. Paris, 19 August, 1858	Moldavia and Wallackia	1829
288	Austria France Prussia Russia and Turkey	Procès-Verbal. Constantinople, 8 November, 1858	Montenegro	1353
299	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia and Turkey	Protocols. Paris, April-September, 1859	Moldavia and Wallachia	1376

Demarcation of Bessarabian Frontier. Map of Frontier [Renunciation of Prussia to Sovereignty over Neufchatel and Valengia. Neufchatel to form part of Swiss Confederation. Payment of Expenses by Swiss Confederation [Sovereignty of Turkey over Islands in Delta of the Danube and Island of Serpents	1313 1316 1320	280 281 282
Valengin. Neufchatel to form part of Swies Confederation. Payment of Expenses by Swies Confederation Sovereignty of Turkey over Islands in Delta of the Danube	1316	
Sovereignty of Turkey over Islands in Delta of the Danube and Island of Serpents	1320	282
	•	
Turco-Russian Boundary in Asia	1328	283
Turco-Russian Boundary in Asia	1325	284
Union of Principalities of <i>Moldavia</i> and <i>Wallackia</i> . Privileges and Immunities. Suzerainty of the Sultan. Hereditary Succession. Rights of Guaranteeing Powers. Treaties. Tribute	1327	285
Union of Principalities of Moldavia and Wallackia. Privileges and Immunities. Suzerainty of the Sultan. Hereditary Succession. Rights of Guaranteeing Powers. Treaties.	1329	286
Settlement of Frontiers of Albania, Herzegovine, and Monte- negro	1358	288
Elections in Moldavia. Double Election of Prince Couza in Moldavia and Wallackia	1376	299

TREATIES, &c. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acte.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
300	Austria France Prussia Russia Sardinia and Turkey	Protocol, Paris, 6 September, 1859	Moldavia and Wollackia	1877
316	Austria France Prussia and Russia	Protocol. Constantinople, 17 April, 1860	Montenegrin Boundary	1487
318	{ France Russia Greece	Arrangement. Athens, June, 1860	Greek Loan	1445
321	Austria France Prussia Russia Turkey	Protocols. Paris, 8 August, 1860	Pacification of Syria	1451
32 3	Austria France Prussia Russia Turkey	Convention. Paris, 5 September, 1860	}Ditto	1455
331	Austria France Prussia Russia Turkey	Convention. Paris, 19 March, 1861	Prolongation of Occupation of Syria	1469
332	Austria Belgium Brazil Denmark France Mecklenburg- Schwerin Netherlands Portugal Prussia Russia Russia Spain Sweden Hanse Towns and Hanover	Treaty. Hanover, 22 June, 1861	Redemption of the Stade Toll	1471

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Recognition of Prince Coura as Hospodar of Moldavia and Wallackia	1877	300
Closing of Montenegrin Boundary Commission	1437	316
Contribution of Greece towards Payment of Greek Loan	1445	318
{ Restoration of Peace in Syria. Territorial Advantages, &c., } disclaimed	1451	321
Military and Naval Measures for the Pacification of Syria	1455	323
Prolongation of Occupation of Syria to the 5th June, 1861	1469	831
Redemption of the Stade or Brunshausen Toll. Compensation to be made to Hanover	1471	332

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Tresty, &c.	Page.
338	Austria France Prusaia Russia Sardinia Turkey	Kanlidja, 4 Septem-	Servia	1515
34 ,3	{France Russia	Protocol. London, 16 May, 1868	Termination of Bavarian Order of Succession to the Throne of Greece	1535
344	{ France Russia	Protocol. London, 27 May, 1863	Greek Succession	1537
345	France Russia and Denmark	Protocol. London, 5 June, 1863	Greek Succession. Annexa- tion of Ionian Islands to Greece	1539
346	{ France Russia	Protocol. London, 26 June, 1868	Guarantee of Greek Inde- pendence. Ionian Is- lands. Greek Succession	1545
347	{ France Russia and Denmark	Treaty. London, 13 July, 1868	Danish Succession to the Throne of Greece	1545
348 349	Austria Brazil Chile Denmark France Hanover Italy Oldenburg Peru Portugal Prussia Russia Russia Spain Sweden Turkey Hanse Towns and Belgium	Treaty & Protocol. Brussels, 16 July, 1863	Redemption of the Scheldt Toll	1550 1557
350	Austria France Prussia Russia	Protocol. London, 1 August, 1863	Union of Ionian Islands to Greece	1559

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Pacification of Servia. Destruction of Military Works. Maintenance of Fortress of Belgrade by Turkey. Destruction of Fortresses. Duties of Governor of Citadel of Belgrade not to be interfered with	1515	338
Termination of Bavarian Order of Succession to Throne of Greece	1535	343
Succession to Throne of Greece	1587	344
\{ \begin{aligned} \begin{aligned} Danish Succession to Throne of Greece. Annexation of \\ Ionian Islands to Greece. Dotation of King. Religion \\ of King and his Successors \tau \tau \tau \q	1539	345
Guarantee by Protecting Powers of Political existence of Greece. Union of Ionian Islands to Greece. Greek Loan	1545	346
Guarantee by Protecting Powers of Political existence of Greece. Hereditary Sovereignty of Greece. Union of Ionian Islands to Greece. Religion of King of Greece. Greek Loan. Recognition of Prince William of Denmark as King of Greece.	1545	347
Redemption of Scheldt Toll. Compensation to be made to Belgium by Contracting Parties	1550 1557	348 349
Assent of Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia to Renunciation by Great Britain of Protectorate over Ionian Islands, and its Union to Greece	} 1559	3

TREATIES, &C. GREAT BRITAIN AND FOREIGN POWERS.

No.	Powers.	Acts.	Object of Treaty, &c.	Page.
351	Belgium	Convention. Brussels, 3 August, 1863	Scheldt Toll	1561
352 358	France Russia Denmark	Protocol. London, 8 August, 1863; 18 October, 1868	Change of Title of King of Greece to King of the Hellenes	1568 1564
355	Austria Franco Prussia Russia	Treaty. London, 14 November, 1863	Jonian Islands. Treaty of) 5 November, 1815 (No.) 39), annulled	1569
357	France Russia Greece	Treaty. London, 29 March, 1864	Union of Ionian Islands to Greece	1589
358	Greece	Convention. London, 29 March, 1864	British Claims. Ionian Islands	1596
859	Austria France Prussia Russia	Protocols. London, January— March, 1864	Union of Ionian Islands to } Greece	1601
361	Greece	Protocol. Corfu, 28 May, 1864	Cossation of British Pro- tectorate. Withdrawal of British Troops	1606
405	Austria	Treaty. London, 11 May, 1867	Luxemburg and Limburg	1801
439	Austria France Italy Prussia Germany Russia Turkey	Treaty. London, 13 March, 1871	Revision of Treaty of 30 March, 1856 (No. 264). Naval Forces of Russia and Turkey in the Black Sea	1919

British Engagements.	Page.	No.
Redemption of Scheldt Toll. Compensation to be made by Great Britain	1561	351
Sovereign of Greece to be called King of the Hellenes	{ 1563 1564	352 353
Renunciation of Great Britain over Ionian Islands. Annexation to Greece. Neutrality. Demolition of Fortresses in Island of Corfu	1569	355
Renunciation of Great Britain over Ionian Islands. Annexation to Greece. Neutrality. Demolition of Fortresses in Island of Corfu. Civil List of King of the Hellenes. Annual Dotation of King of Greece	1589	357
Pensions to be paid by Greece to British and Ionian Subjects.	1596	358
Union of Ionian Islands to Greece. Limitation of Naval and Military Forces. Neutrality. Renewal of Treaties. Succession to Throne of Greece	1601	359
Withdrawal of British Troops from Ionian Islands. Delivery of Fortifications, Archives, &c. Proclamation. Cessation of British Protectorate over Ionian Islands] 1606	361
Rights of House of Orange-Nassau. Neutrality of Luxemburg. Evacuation of Luxemburg by Prussian Troops. Demolition of Fortress of Luxemburg. Duchy of Limburg to form an integral part of the Netherlands	U 1801	405
Abrogation of Articles XI, XIII, and XIV of Treaty of 3d March, 1856 (No. 264), and of Convention of same date (No. 265). Limitation of Russian and Turkish Nava Forces in Black Sea. Extension of term of duration of Danube Commission to 24th April, 1883. Neutrality of Treaty of State of Stat	1919	43

		1

INDEX.

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Aaken	Elbe Toll House—Reserved				
A A A 40 ''A A A	by Prussia	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
Abt Löbnitz	Village. Ceded to Prussia	8 Oct., 1866	397	5	1769
Abterode	District—To be obtained by Prussia from				1
	by Prussia from Hesse Cassel, for		1		ļ
	Saxe Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	2, § e	30
,,	" Ceded by Hesse Cas-	Hoper,		-, 3 -	
,,	sel to Saxe Weimar	1 Oct., 1815	37	2	32
Accessions	To Treaties, &c.:—		1		l
,,	Of Great Britain. To				
	Treaty, Prussia, &c.,				
	and Saxony, 18th	100	1 ,, +		١.,
	1	18 Sept., 1815	16		14
**	Of Spain. To Vienna Congress — Treaty, 9th				1
	June, 1815	7 June, 1817	71	-	51
,,	,, ,, ,,	10 June, 1817	73		52
,,	" To Treaties of				1
	20th Nov., 1815	8 June, 1817	72	_	52
,,	, , , ,	10 June, 1817	73	-	52
,,	Of various States. To				1
	Holy Alliance of 26th	1015 1015	36	Maka	91
	Sept., 1815 Of Turkey. To Treaties	1815—1817	30	Note	31
"	of 6th July, 1827, and				1
	22nd March, 1829—				ł
	Greek Independence	9 Sept., 1829	144		81
,,	-	14 Sept., 1829	145	10	82
» · ·	Of Germanic Confedera-	_			
•	tion — Affairs of	10 4 1 1000	100		1 00
	Luxemburg	19 April, 1839	186		99
"	Of Modena. To Treaty— Austria and Sardi-				}
	nia, 6th Aug., 1849	12 Aug., 1849	215	Note	111
,,	Of Parma. To Treaty,				
•	-Austria and Sar-				1
	dinia, 6th Aug., 1849	14 Aug., 1849	215	Note	111
>>					
	3rd July, 1849 —	10 Tab 1050	910		110
	River Po Of Austria. To Protocol	12 Feb., 1850	218		112
>>	of 2nd August, 1850.				1
	Danish Monarchy	23 Aug., 1850	224	_	118
33 • •	I Of mariana States To				
	Treaty of 8th May,				1
	1852—Danish Suc-	*****			
	cession	1852—1853	230	-	115
	•	1	1	1	1

INDEX.

C try, Place,	≒ut,	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Accessions	To Treaties, &c.:— Of Germanic Confederation —Alliance. Austria				
	and Prussia, 20th April, 1851	24 July, 1854	244	Note	1201
,,	Of Sardinia. To Declara- tion of 10th July, 1855. Trophies,		,		
,,	&c., Russian War Of various States. Paris Protocol. Media-	15 Nov., 1855	_	Note	1238
,,	tion. 14th April, 1856 Of various States. To	1856—1858	271	_	1284
.,	Paris Declaration. Maritime Law. 16th April, 1856	18 56 —1858	271		1284
,,	Of Great Britain. To Geneva Convention.	18 Feb., 18 65	368		1634
,,	22nd August, 1864 Of Turkey. To Treaty of 29th March, 1864	·			1002
••	— Union of Ionian Islands to Greece Of Austria. To French	8 April, 1865	369		1636
	I)eclaration of 29th July, 1866—Cession of Venetia to Italy	23 Aug., 1866	388	2	1721
,, ••	Of various States. To pre- liminaries of Peace. Austria and Prussia,				
	26th July, 1866:— Wurtemberg	13 Aug., 1866	-	Note Note	1701 1701
	Baden Bavarin	13 Aug., 1866 17 Aug., 1866		Note	1701
	Hesse-Darmstadt	22 Aug., 1866	-	Note	1701
	Saxe-Meiningen	8 Oct., 1866 21 Oct., 1866	_	Note Note	1701 1701
,,	Of Saxe - Meiningen to Treaty of Alliance of	21 Oct., 1800		11000	
, , ••	18th Aug., 1866, Austria and Prussia Of Baden, &c. To Treaty.	8 Oct., 1866	397	1	1768
	Peace. France and Germany. 26th February, 1871	26 Feb., 1871		•••	1918
••	Of Baden, &c. To Treaty. France and Ger-				
•	many. 10th May, 1871 Of German States to re-	15 Ma y, 1871	-	Note	1963
	newal of Treaties with France	11 Dec., 1871	449	18	1971

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Accessions	To Treaties, &c.:—				
,, .	Of				
	Geneva Convention.		j		
	Wounded in War,			Ì	
	22nd Aug., 1864	1864—1874	365	_	1626
. ,,		18 Feb., 1865	368		1684
Ackermann .		50. 1000			
	Referred to	7 Oct., 1826	131		747
,, .		26 April, 1828	138	_	780
•		26 April, 1828	139	- 6 8	785
•		June, 1828	140	_	788 818
**	,, ,,	14 Sep., 1829	145	, a	820
,, .	,, ,,	1 Oct., 1829	146	_	834
,,	Confirmed	1 Oct., 1829	147		836
Ackermann	Bessarabian Frontier	30 Mar., 1856	264	20	1259
Road	_,, ,,	6 Jan., 1857	277		1298
Additional	To Treaties:—				
Articles	(F)				0.4
•	To have same force as Treaty		2 3	3	34
"	" " "	20 July, 1814	5	2 3	36 47
**		13 Aug., 1814	27	64 64	248
,,		9 June, 1815 19 April, 1839	183		981
27		19 April, 1889	185	2 1	997
•		10 Nov., 1859	301		1391
,, ·	Datidad "	13 Aug., 1814	5	3	47
Adige, River .	Districts upon, given to	,	,		
	Austria	9 June, 1815	27	93	268
Adriamople .	City—Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
			<u> </u>	Sep. Act	880
	Tracks David and Track			(2), Art. 4	990
•		14 Sept., 1829	145		818
	key	1 Oct., 1829	146		834
"	Comfirmed	8 July, 1833	168	2	926
Adriatic .	Ancient Venetian Islands	,			<u> </u>
	given to Austria	9 June, 1815	27	98	263
Adriatic, Sea.	Territories given to Aus-	1075	0.07	04	200
•	tria	9 June, 1815	27 367	94	268
Aeros Island .	· -	30 Oct., 1864	307	7	1632
Aerzen	Brunswick and Hanover.	24 June, 1824	120	117	714
Acceb	Boundary Commune. United to	250 000,			1 414
Aesch	Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	25
Agrapha .	Boundary-Greece and		1	1	1
regrespine .	Turkey	1	142	_	808
Agreement .	Austria and Prussia. Hol		995		
	stein and Hesse-Casse		227 145	-	114
	Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	140	2	81
Ahrenberg .	Commune. Ceded by Nas-	31 May, 181	5 23	1 8 30	}
	sau to Prussia	0 Tune 181	27	1, § 16 24	
	,,		_ •	118, §	22
·			l	Annex	~ l = '
	2103	2		6 T 2	8 2

		other Document.	Treaty.	, Art.	Page.
	Darkand to Musham	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
	Restored to Turkey French Town. Occupied	t socht., 1020	130	,	
Aire	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	359
Aim la Villa	Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	ī	42
MILE AN VALLEY	_	20 July, 1819		. 41	616
Air le Chapelle	Town. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815		25	**
_	Treaty of 1748			Appendix	
"	" referred to	28 Nov., 1844	200	·	104
Akerman	See Ackermann.		I	1	
Akhalkalaki	Fortress. Ceded to Russia	; 14 Sept., 1829	145	. 4	81
••	,, ,,	1 Oct., 1829	147	' 	83
Akhaltzik	Pashalic. Boundary. Rus-		<u> </u>	1	
		14 Sept., 1829	145	4	817
**		29 Jan., 1834		1	93
••	" Secured to Turkey		145	4	81
>>		29 Jan., 1834		1	93
,,		14 Sept., 1829	145	4	817
khiska	See Akhaltzik.			<u> </u>	
Lland Islands.	Paris Conferences, No. 3		268		1274
,,	Not to be fortified	30 Mar., 1856		33	126
90	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	; ·	267	1	127
Albania	Frontiers	8 Nov., 1858	288	_	1353
,,	Non-erection of Fortifica-	1000		1	
	tions	31 Aug., 1862	337	14	1514
Albiano	Italian Boundarics	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1051
	D: 4: 4			9	1056
,,	District. Sovereignty of	0 Dec 1947	909	,	1005
	Modena	9 Dec., 1847	208	. 2	1085
Aldrides	Valley. France and Spain.	2 Dec., 1856	275	7 5 9	1294
Alexinitm	Boundary Administration of Servia	Dec., 1833	169	7, § 2	930
	Ravine. Besearabian Fron-	_	109	1	330
Ali-Aga	4 i om	6 Jan., 1857	277		1299
Alkeraleben	Given up by Prussis to	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	277	<u>†</u> —	1200
TIMELETONET	Schwartzburg - Son-				
	dershausen	15 June, 1816	54	2, § 3	446
Alkhalkhaliki	Fort. Ceded to Russis	14 Sept., 1829	145	2, 30	817
and the second		1 Oct., 1829	147	_	836
Allaja-Hissar	See Kruchevatz.				
Allersberg	Jurisdiction. Ceded by			1	
	Schwartzburg - Son -				
	dershausen to Prus-				
	sia	15 June, 1816	54	1, § 2	445
Alliance	Holy. Austria, Prussia,	1			
	and Russia	26 Sept., 1815	36		317
"	4 Powers. Peace of Europe	20 Nov., 1815	44	_	373
)	5 Powers. Do.	15 Nov., 1818	87		571
	Do.	15 Nov., 1818	88		573
,,	Portugal, "the oldest Ally]	_
-	of Great Britain"	11 Dec., 1826	182	_	761
,,	Defensive. Russia and				
	Turkey	8 July, 1888	168		925

					,
Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Alliance	Great Britain, Austria, France, and Prussia. Integrity of				
>>	Turkey Great Britain, Austria,	9 April, 1854	241	_	1191
Alphabetical		2 Dec., 1854	252		1221
	Treaties	9 June, 1815	27	121	274
A 7	The state of	20 Nov., 1815	43	_	371
	Reunited to Germany France and Germany. Boundary; Treaties; Railways; choice of	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
	Nationality, &c.	10 May, 1871	446		1954
, ,	,, ,,	1 40 0 1 40 44	447		1964
•	", ···	July—Dec., 1871	448		1966
) ;	,, ,,	11 Dec., 1871	449	 	1968
Alsberg	. Forest. Secured to Bava-		j	ł	
A3 -A-3a	ria	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	124 126	2, § 2 3	728 737
Alstadt	75	F T1- 100F	704		****
	France	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 3	728
	Prussian Boundary	0 T 1017	126 27	4 15	737
_	Salt Works. Retained by Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	15	223 455
Altenhof	To Querenberg. Bavaria and Prussia. Boun-			•	
Altenkirchen	daryBailiwick. Ceded by Nas-	22 Aug., 1856 31 May, 1815	387 23		1717
"	sau to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	1, § 4 24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	184 228 272 275
	Ceded by Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
Altenwied	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-	01 36 3035		_	
>>	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	1 24, § 2 118, § 8	184 22 8 272
Alt-Ranstadt	. Ceded to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	Annex 8	275 222
Altschweiler	Commune. United to				
Alupeña	. France and Spain. Boun-		27	76	255
Alzenau	dary Bailiwick. Bavarian Indemnity	2 Dec., 1856	275	3, 4	1293
,,	,, To be obtained from Hesse-Darm-	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2 B	334
	stadt for Bayaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	3 B	335
94 99		14 Apr., 1816	53	3	437
••	stadt to Bavaria	30 June, 1816	58	3	459

2105

Name of Country, Place &c.	æ,	S abje ct.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Alsenau		Ceded by Hesse-Darm-				
	•	stadt to Bavaria	30 June, 1816	59		478
**	••		20 July, 1819	95	3	59
),		Debte and Pensions	00 T 1000	58	19	460
••		23	30 June, 1816	59	19	473
Llasy		Town-To be given to	000000			*/*
		Hesse-Darmstadt	8 Nov., 1815	3 8	Annex	33
		District - Bavarian In-			3 A	1
,,		demnity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex	. 33
		There ended has			2 A	ł
» ·•	••	" Part ceded by		7 0		
]	Austria to Bavaria.	14 April, 1816	53	2	436
**	••]	Circle - Part ceded to	20 July, 1819	95	2, § 2	593
79 • •	••		00 T 1010			İ
		Hesse-Darmstadt	30 June, 1816		8, § 1	464
39 ••	••	" "	1 1		8, § 1	473
lsing	••	Given to France	20 July, 1819	95	20, § 1	600
Usweiler	••	Commune. Given to Saxe-	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	889
TE Metrer.	••		00 Tul- 1010	05		
		Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
mbraciot		Chalf Tamaination of			28	604
THURSDOL	••	Gulf. Termination of	00.36	140		
	1	boundary of Greece	22 Mar., 1829	142		805
melia miens	• •	Queen. Regency, Greece	20 Nov., 1852	231	2	1157
TITLIGHTS.	••	Treaty of. Great Britain,				
	J	France, and Hol-	05.35 1000			
mnesty	1	land	25 Mar., 1802	_	Annulled	
THEFT	••	France and Allies	30 May, 1814	1	16	12
"	••}	In Poland. Austria and	0.35	- 0		
	ł	Russia.	3 May, 1815	12	7	96
)	••	" Prussia and Bussia	3 May, 1815	13	5	108
,,	••	»	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 2	272
		To Garage Description			Annex 2	275
>	•••	In Saxony. Prussia and	10.36	10		
		Saxony	18 May, 1815	16	21	143
> 1	• •	To Godfranka & Dames	9 June, 1815	27	22	225
23	••	In Switzerland. 8 Powers	_ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,	9	9	68
>>	•••	, ,	9 June, 1815	27	118	272
	1				Annex	
	ļ				11,	
	1	Markey and Character	00.35	3.40	A , B	275
))	••	Turkey and Greece	22 Mar., 1829	142	-	807
>>	•••	Russia and Turkey	, , , , , , , ,	145	13	821
>>	••	Portugal and Spain	22 Apr., 1884	171	5	944
)	••	Belgium and Holland	,	153	21	869
2)	•••	37 37	19 April, 1839	183	20	992
>>	••	"	19 April, 1839	18i	. 20	994
>>	••	Paris Conformaco Cri	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
**	••	Paris Conferences. Cri-	1035		İ	
		mean War. No. 7	10 Mar., 1856	268		1275
"	••	Crimean War	30 Mar., 1856	264	5	1254
**	ı	Neufchatel	26 May, 1857	281	5	1318

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
mnesty		Austria and France	11 July, 1859	29 8		137
,,		,, ,,	10 Nov., 1859	301	21	1389
"		,, ,, ••	10 Nov., 1859	303	22	1410
,, ,,		Bavaria and Prussia	22 Aug., 1866	387	<u> </u>	1719
"		Austria and Prussia	23 Aug., 1866	388	10	172
,,		Prussia and Hesse-Darm-		}		
•	ļ	stadt	3 Sep., 1866	389	§ 12	174
••	••	Austria and Italy	3 Oct., 1866	392	23	175
"	••	Saxony	21 Oct., 1866	398	19	177
,,	••	Alsace and Lorraine	10 May, 1871	446	2	195
••	••	Conferences of Frankfort	July—Dec.,		l	
			1871	448		196
morbach	••	Bailiwick. Bavarian In-	a 36 1017	00		0.0
		demnity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2 B	33
		" To be obtained from			2.0	
>>	••	Hesse Darmstadt	}	1		
		for Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	3 B	33
			14 Apr., 1816	53	3	43
"	• •	" Bavarian Sove-				
"	• •	reignty, Debts, &c	30 June, 1816	58	3	4.
	• •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	30 June, 1816	l	19	4
"	• • •	" Ceded by Hesse-				
"		Darmstadt to Ba-				Ĭ
		varia	30 June, 1816	58	3	5-
,,		,, ,,	30 June, 1816	59	3	4
,,	• •	gs 33 **	20 July, 1819	95	4	5
Amrom Isla	nd	Ceded by Denmark to				
		Austria and Prussia			4	163
Amsterdam	• •	Free Port on Rhine		•		183
imua	• •	Military Road	• -	. 34	9, § 3	30
Lnalarra	• •	France and Spain. Boun-	0 D 1950	075	 TD	1.0
		dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	Preamble	1
			•		1	12
_		Fortress. Secured to	1		1	12
anapa	• •	2 02 02 02 03 03	1 Oct., 1829	147		8
		Russia See also Black Sea, East	,	7.21		•
>>	• •	Coast.				
Anatarbé		France and Spain.				
Fuscalne	• •	Boundary	0 Than 1956	275	8	12
Ancona		(Marches). United to	1			
FIGORE	• •	Italy	15 Dec 1960	327		140
Andarlasa	• •	France and Spain.				
ETITAGE TORSO	••	Boundary	0 Th 1050	275	8	12
Andorre		Republic		ľ	Note	15
	• •	Trail Thomas and Chain				
? }	•	Boundary	144 1006	336	Preamble	
		· ·	_		1-26	15
33		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. 26 May , 1866	373	Preamble	
••					1-16	16
17	• •	,, ,,	. 11 July, 1868	411		18
Angeot		Village. France and Ger-	10 35 100	140	4 3 3	1
		many. Boundary.	. 10 May , 1871	416	A dd.	ៈ 1១

Name of Country, Place, drc.	ς _{ω'} , ·	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Angoustrine .	. Canal. France and Spain		,		
Anhalt .	—Boundary Toll Houses on the Elbe	11 July, 1868		23	1844 682
	All Territories united under		; 71	20	002
,,	one head		27	Note	245
,,	. Comprised within North				1
	German Confedera-		400	•	1000
		14 June, 1867	, 407	1	1809
n •	Representation and Voting at Council of North	1			1
	German Confedera-	!	1		
	tion	14 June, 1867	407	6 .	1811
**	. , at Council of	l			l
	German Empire	16 Apr., 1871	444	6	1934
**	. Comprised within German	. 10 A 1071	1 444	1	1001
Anhait-Bern-	Empire Representation and Voting	10 Apr., 18/1	, 202	1	1931
burg	at German Federal	t 1	:		•
	Diet and General	1			l I
	Assembly	8 June, 1815		4, 6	201
	"	9 June, 1815	27	56	244
	Timbin at	10 4 1909	. 97	58	245
••	. Extinct	19 Aug., 1863 25 Apr., 1818	27 79	Note 7	245 545
• •	Representation and Voting		1	•]
	at German Federul	!			
	Diet and General				
	Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201
,,	• " ••	9 June, 1815	27	56	244
	. And Anhalt-Dessau. Union	92 May 1853	232 •	58	245 1159
Anhalt-Dessa				, — <u>—</u>	1100
	at German Federal				}
	Diet and General	_			
	Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201
,,	• , , ,	9 June, 1815	27	56	244
	. Private claims on France	25 Apr. 1818	79	58 7	245 545
», »,	. And Anhalt-Cothen.	20 Apr., 2010		•	020
,,	Union	22 May, 1853	232		1159
Anholt	. Lordship. Relations with				
•	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	23 9
Annecy	. Part of Sub-Prefecture secured to France	20 35- 1914	1	0 1 0	7
	Lake. Swiss Neutrality	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	38	3, § 8	328
93 93	·	00 37 1035	40	3	346
• •	• ,,	20 Nov., 1815	43		370
	. Geneva. Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
,,	Pauls Dishar and Paisi	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
))	. Bank. Rights and Privi-	23 Aug., 1860	322	•	1453
Annemasse .	Canama Custom House	16 Mar., 1816		8	1953 425
Ansmeiler .	French Boundary	10035 1004	1	3, § 5	5
	. Town. Given to Prussia		27	25	229

Name of Country, Place, drc.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Anspach		Ceded by Baden to Aus-				
_		tria	10 July, 1819	93	1	585
3 7	• •	,,	27 Oct., 1819	97	1 1	621
>)		Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	62 2
Antivari		Port. Montenegrin claim	-			
		to	31 May, 1856	316	Note	1438
**		Montenegrin Trade with	31 Aug., 1862	337	3	1512
Antwerp	• •	A Commercial Port	80 May, 1814	1	15	12
) 1))	15 Nov., 1831	153	15	867
))	• •)))) · ·	19 Apr., 1839	183	14	990
,)))) · ·	19 Apr., 1839	184	14	994
>	• •	,, ,,	19 Apr., 1839	185	14	998
		Province. Belgian Terri-				
,,		tory	15 Nov., 1831	153	(1	860
,,)))) · ·	19 Apr., 1839	183	1 1	982
<i>"</i>)) .)) · ·	19 Apr., 1839	184	1	994
))	19 Apr., 1839	185	Annex	998
,,		" Belgium and	F ,			
,,		Netherlands. Boun-	i	i		
		dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	9	1029
,,		·	Q A 110 1949	196	14	1031
		Navigation of the Scheldt	15 Nov., 1831	153		864
"	••	,, ,, ,,	1000	183	9	986
**	• •	"	-0 -p:,, -000			987
		Belgian Garrison	10 Nov., 1832	164	3, 5	915
))	•••				Note	916
,, Anusbide	•••	173 10 10	20 200., 2002		2.000	0_0
	••	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	5	1293
Apach	• •	lov i in		148		838
Apennines	••		1 '	200	2-9	1049
	••		2021011, 2022			1057
Appenzell		Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815	9	1	65
]	9 June, 1815	27	74	254
73	• •	Compensation by, to other	o o uno, rozo			
> >	••	Swiss Cantons	20 Mar., 1815	9	6	67
			9 June, 1815	27	81	258
**	• •	See also Switzerland.	Joune, 1010			200
Aragon		France and Spain. Boun-				
221.00	• •	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	Preamble	1291
			2 2000., 1000		1	1292
Arande	• •	Geneva. Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	î	424
TT OTTAG			20 July, 1819	95	41	610
Aravo	• •	River. France and Spain.	20 0 my, 1010		7.	010
AINVU	• •	T)	26 May, 1866	373	20	1647
Arbitration		Austria, Prussia, Sardinia,	20 may, 1000	0.0	20	LUZI
Arbitration	• •	&c. Duchy of Bouil-				
		1 1	9 June, 1815	27	69	252
		Switzerland. Basle and	3 0 ane, 1010	2,	00	202
**	• •	D	9 June, 1815	27	77	256
		Austria and Sardinia.	0 9 ano, 1010	~1	"	400
	• •		0 T 1015	07	100 00	966
37		l Piombino and Whe	\	77.1	1 1 4 7 7	
97		Piombino and Elba Private Claims. France.	9 June, 1815 20 Nov., 1815	27 45	100, § 3 5, § 3	266 383

Name of Country, Pla	or,		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	An.	Page.
Archamp	• •	Villag	e. Geneva Boun-				
		ì	dary	16 Mar., 1976	52	1	424
Archives	• •	Danim		20 July, 1819	95	41	610
	• •	meeth	rocal transfer. West- phalia, Wittgenstein-	_			<u> </u>
			Berleburg	30 June, 1816	58	17	i I Are
			,,	30 June, 1816	59	17	465 473
>>	• •	Of Co	ded Countries to be	•			
			given up. Great	'			i
			Britain, &c., and France	. 90 Mar. 1014	,		!
			France	30 May, 1814	1	31 Add. Art.	16
))	• •	,,,	Austria and Russia	3 May, 1815	J2	36, 37	23 103
**	• •	**	Prussia and Russia	3 May, 1815	13	38, 39	117
>>	• •	,,,	Prussia, &c., and	•			}
			Saxony	' 18 May, 1815	16	6, 7	136
						20	137
3 >	• •	**	Prussia and Han-			23	1 43
			OF67	29 May, 1815	21	8	176
**	• •	91	Prussia and Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	13	189
			Process and Day	1		17	190
"	• •	**	Prussia and Den- mark		OF	_	i
>>	• •	,,	Prussia and Saxe-	4 June, 1815	25	5	197
				22 Sept., 1815	34	10	310
		l:	_	1		11	311
29	••	>7	Great Britain, &c.,				!
			Geneva, Savoy, &c.	20 Nov., 1815	45	15	391
,,	• •	™ n	concres carry, ac.	29 Mar., 1815 20 May, 1815	10 19	4	78
••	••		,,	20 May, 1010	19	Annex B B	166
"	• •		••	16 Mar., 1816	5 2	2	425
			Austria and Daniel			20	432
3 3	• •	"	Austria and Bavaria Hesse - Darmstadt	14 Apr., 1816	5 3	12	140
**	• •	"	and Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	•	1
,,	• •	7)	Austria and Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	11 11	454 477
"	• •	>>	Hanover and Olden-			X.L	746
			burg	4 Feb., 1817	66	37	502
"	• •	72	Austria and Baden Lombardy and	10 July, 1819	93	4	56 5
"	••	21	Venice	10 Nov., 1859	201		
"	• •	,,	"	10 Nov., 1859	301 30 2	15 2	1387
**	• •	"	" "	10 Nov., 1859	303	15	1398 1408
**	• •	>>	TD 1	3 Oct., 1866	392	18	1756
"	• •	"	Belgium and Holland	17 37 _ 4000			3 - 2
) 1	• •	,,,	Savoy and Nice	15 Nov., 1881 23 Aug., 1860	153	13	867
))	•••	"	Ionian Islands	28 May 1864	32 2 361	10 3	1453
,,	• •	79	Danish Duchies	30 Oct., 1864	367	20	1608 1630
**	• •)1	Nuremburg, &c	22 A ag., 1866	387	12	1714
"	••	**	Cologne Alsace and Lor-	3 Sept., 1866	389	17	1735
**	• •	"	Alsace and Lor-	İ		1	

2110

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page,
Archives	Alsace and Lorraine. Conferences of Frankfort	July—Dec., 1871	448		1966
Ardres	French town. Occupied	10,1	230		1500
A	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	359
Aremberg	Relations with Prussia Ducal Possessions. See	9 June, 1815	27	43	23 9
,,	Recklingshausen.				İ
Arensberg	Meppen. Annexed to		,	•	
	Pruseia	3 Oct., 1866	393	_	1760
",, Argovia	", See also Meppen.	00 Man 1915		•	0=
		20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	1 74	65
)) · ·	Compensation by, to other	00 440, 1010	~ *	12	254
••	Swiss Cantons	20 Mar., 1815	9	6	67
,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9 June, 1815	27	81	258
Arlan Dash	See also Switzerland.				ł
Arlas Peak	3	2 Dec., 1856	275	1	1200
Arlepoa	TR	2 Dec., 1000	273	1	1293
	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	6	1294
Arlesheim	Commune. United to Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	255
Arlon	To Longwy. Road, Town,		į		
	and District given to Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	9	ec.
,,	to Belgium	30 4 3000	183	2 2	86 0 983
,,	,, ,,	19 Apr., 1839	ľ	2	994
,,	"	10 1 1000		Annex	998
» ···	To Bastogne. Road given	17 37 1001	1-0	1	
	to Belgium	15 Nov., 1831 19 Apr., 1839	153 183	2 2	860
,, ·· ··)))) · · ·	19 Apr., 1839		2	983 994
,,	,, ,,	19 Apr., 1839	185	Annex	998
,,	Belgium and Netherlands.	- '		} i	
A	Boundary	5 Nov., 1842	195	1	1029
Armaments	Excessive. Congress proposed	Nov., 1863	356		1700
Armanoy	French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	1582 6
Armed Inter-		00 111, 1011	_	0, 3 .	•
vention					
Armentières	Territory. See Lys. Navigation.			! !	
Army, Arms,	Disposal of War Material				[
&c.	in Territory ceded				
	or exchanged :				
,,	Tyrol Vorarlberg, &c	3 June, 1814	2	11, 12	33
**	Austria and Bavaria.	0 7 1014	_		
	Supplies	3 June, 1814	2	Add. Art.	
	Prussia and Saxony	18 May, 1815	16	2 8	34
,, ···	Prussia and Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	7	137 176
,, ,,	Prussia and Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	11	188
<i>))</i>	1 61				
"	German States	8 June, 1815 10 June, 1815	26 28	18 9	206

Name of Country, Place, &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty of other Decument.	No. of Treaty.	Art	Page.
Army, Arms	,	Austria and Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	14	41
"	••	Westphalia, Mayence, &c.	30 June, 1816	58	9 20	462
	أيا		30 June, 1816	59	9, 2 0	467 473
,,	• ; ;	• •	8 Nov., 1816	64	17	1195
**		Private Claims on France		79	11	548
91			27 Oct., 1419	97	4	621
,, ,,			27 Oct., 1819	98	4	625
••		_	15 May, 1820	101	33	64
••	•••		14 Dec , 1831	156	2	882
**		• •	10 Nov., 1859	3 01	13	1387
**		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10 Nov., 1859	302	21	1399
10	!	,,	10 Nov., 1859	303	13	1408
••	!	Savoy and Nice	23 Aug., 1860	322	4 ,	1453
•	!	Bavaria and Prussia	22 Aug., 1866	387	i	1718
••	•••	Austria and Italy	3 Oct., 1866	392	6	1751
			1 1		15	1755
		_			17	1756
**	••	Saxony	21 Oct., 1866	398	3 ·	1772
**	••	•	' 28 Jan., 1871	434		1905
, •	• •	See also Arsenals; For- tresses; Military War.	!			
Arneguy		Village. France and Spain.		,		
		Boundary	9 Than 1050	275	7	1294
Arneval	• •	Canton. Given to France		1	3, § 4	5
,,	• •	" French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 4	5
> >	• •	,, Bavaria and		1		,
			20 July, 1819	95	13	597
Arpa-Tchai		See Hadji-Bairam.		i		
Arrangemen	t	Territorial Boundary of	· -		,	
			¹ 21 July, 1832		—	903
) 1		Greek Loan	•	318	-	1445
Arras	• •	French Town. Occupied	l .			
		by Allied Troops		42	4	35 9
Arsenals	• •	And War Moterials. Divi-	I			
		sion. Allies and	100 35	•		
		France	30 May, 1811	1	15	11
,,	• •	Military—Maritime. Not			1	ļ
		to be maintained on		004	1 10	1 1050
		Coasts of Black Sea			13	1256
71	• •	Great Britain and France.	13 Mar., 1871	439	1	1920
"	• •	Crimean War		246		1907
			10 July, 1855			1207 1237
**	• •	See also Army; Fortifica-		200	_	1201
"	• •	tions.		1	1	
Arta		Plain of. Boundary of		<u> </u>		
	• •		22 Mar., 1829	149		805
•		Gulf of. Passage of Greek				. 500
"	• •		21 July, 1832	161	6	906
		Continental Boundary of	. 1	1		500
77	• •		12 Dec., 1828	141	§§ 2, 4,6	799
			1	1	22 -, -,0	801

Name of Country, Place	e,	Subject.				Date of Treaty or other Document.		No. of Treaty.		Page.
Arta	• •	Contine	ntal Bo	oundar	y of			i		
		G	reece	••	• •		y, 1832		. 1	90
))	• •	99 9-14 9		" "	 	21 Feb	., 1833	165	<u> </u>	91
Artern	• •	Salt Spri						•) }	
			hwartz Istadt t			19.Jun	e, 1816	55	§ 1	41
		Renound				100 0	.c, 1010	1 00	3 -	1 41
"			hwartz					•	<u> </u>	1
			rshause		our					}
			Prussia		• •	15 Jun	e, 1816 _.	54	1, § 1	14
Artillery	•• }	See Arm	•			90 1/	_ 1015	1 10		_
rve River	••	Geneva .		ry	• •		r., 1815		Anno-	7
"	••) >	,	••	• •	EU MIN	y, 1815	13	Annex B. B. 1	16
••))	"			9 Jun	e, 1815	27	80	25
)?	• •	77	**	. ·	•		,		118, § 12	27
									Annex	_,
								;	12	27
>>	• •	"	"	• •	• •		r., 1816		1	42
))		0-4-4 1		,,,	• •	20 Jul	y, 1819	95	41	61
krzheim M i	TTB	Ceded b		u to P		21 Ma	y, 1815	23	1, § 16	18
		818		• •	• •	9 Jun	e, 1815	23 27	24, § 2	22
"	• •	33	"	"	••	o o un	, 1010		118, § 8	27
					,			1	Annex 8	27
Lsbach	••	Secured	to Prus	ssia	• •	20 Jul	y, 1819	95	13	59
Aschaffen-		Principa	litv.	Ceded	to				27	60
burg		•	varia	••	• •	3 Jա	e, 1814	2	2	3
"	••		22		• •	9 Jun	e, 1815	27	44	23
Laia	• •	Russia		Turkey		00.35	***	†		
		A	siatic F	rontier			y, 1812	-	Appendix	
>>	••	>>	"	"	• •		., 1826 ., 1829	4 145		75
))	•	"	"	"	• •		., 1834	170	4 1	81 93
"		??))))	"	•		r., 1856	264	30	126
,, ,,	• •	"	,,	"	• •		., 1857	283	_	132
29	• •	"	"	>>	• •		il, 1858	284	-	132
,,,	• •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,, ,,	رز د	• •		t., 1858	287	<u>-</u> -	185
L spropotam	OS	Valley.	Bounda	ry of G	reece		r., 1829	142		80
,, Assenede	• •	Commu	,, "P _u	rt codo	d hw	ZI Jui	y, 1832	161	1	90
TBBCHONG	• •		elgium					1		1
			nds			8 Aus	z., 1843	196	25	103
Assenheim	• •	Commu	ne.	Ceded	by		,			100
			esse <u>-</u> (to					
,		\mathbf{H}	esse-Da	rmst a d	t		e, 1816	57	1	45
,,	• •	>>		79	• •		e, 1816	58	4	46
19	• •	"		"	• •		e, 1816	59	4	47
., Asweiler	• •	Given to	Olden	huro huro	• •	20 Jul	y, 1819	95 95	25	60
Ath	• •	Belgian				v ui,	, 1019	,50	27, 28	6 0
	••		ion of			14 Dec	., 1831	156	1, 2, 8	88
		TH.	TOH OT	• •			-,		1 1 2 2 2	

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page.
Athus	Given to Belgium	15 Nov., 1881	158	2	860
•,	, 22 27	19 Apr., 1889	183	2	983
		19 Apr., 1839	184	: 2	994
"		19 Apr., 1689	185	Annex	.996
Attica	Maritime defences of	1 .		!	
	Greece	12 Dec., 1628	141	្តែន	799
,,	Emigration, Estates, &c	21 July, 1882	161	7	907
•	Incorporation with Greece	21 Feb., 18 3 8	165	<u> </u>	917
Atskour .	Fortress. Secured to Rus-	1		1	
.	Bellimish Caladha Dans	1 Oct., 1829	147	! 	836
Atsmannsdorf		000-4 1017	1		
Aubaine .	sia to Saxe-Weimar	zz sept., 1815	84	1, § 8, c	367
Aubel	Canton. Part given to	1	, 		·
navi	D	9 June, 1815	27	or	ൈ
	Netherlands Boundary	1 0 7 1000	27	25 66	229
Luburg .	Bailiwick. To be ceded by	J 4 4110, 1010	21	66	249
	Hesse-Cassel to Prus				-
	sia, and by Prussia			1	
	to Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	8	174
••	,, ,,	A T 1016	27	118, § 6	272
		, , , , , ,	_•	Annex	
			•	6	275
,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23 Sept., 1815	35	5	315
,	,, Ceded by Hesse-			1	
	Oassel to Prussia for			1	}
	Hanover		37	2	322
Luersmachern	Given to Prussia	11 June, 1827		Preamble	
lafenau .	District. Arrangement	23 Oct., 1829	148		68 9
Emberneu .		9 War 1015	-0	-	
Lugustenburg	Indemnities to	8 Nov., 1815 1 Apr., 1865	36	No.	33 0
_	Decolomation to Gablessia	1 mm, 1000		Note	1633
,,	Holstein	12 Jan., 1867		Note	1799
Anlla .	Talian Danial	100 37	200	5	1052
Anmets .	France and Germany—			•	1002
	Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	1955
kura	District of Orb, without			_	2000
	Aura. United to				
	Prussis	22 Aug., 1866	887	- '	1716
27		24 Dec., 1866	403	-	1798
,,	Vale. Bavaria and Prussia.			1	
\	Boundary	D -,	387	_	1717
America .	Elbe Toll House		110	16	678
Lustria .			93		584
**	Doronia Down	27 Oct., 1819	97	_	_ 621
*	dary. Tyrol, &c	18 May, 1779			l
<u>-</u>		0.04 1010		Appendix	
99		A T 4044	2	Appendix	434
		14 Apr., 1816	58		
)) • ·		30 Sept., 1818	81		29 5 56
, ,	1	20 July, 1819	95		589
•					600
	1	1		l l	

			1		1	
Name of Country, Plac &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Austria	•	And Bavaria. Boundary.				
		" Wertheim	27 Oct., 1819	98	\	622
**		" Tyrol, &c	aa +	197		1034
>		,,, ,,	16 Dec., 1850	228		1146
??		Bavaria and Prussia	28 May, 1815		Appendix	1110
))		And France. Treaties of	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		PP	
,,		1805 and 1809 an-				
		nulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	22
,,		" France. Treaty 14th	•]	
••		Oct., 1809, referred				
		to	9 June, 1815	27	5 7	218
**	• •	" France. Private Claims	25 Apr., 1818	79	7	545
37	• •	" France. Peace of	_			
• •	1	Villafranca	11 July, 1859	298	-	1374
,,	• •	France and Great Britain.	_		1	
• •	Ì	Alliance	2 Dec., 1854	252	8	1221
					-	1223
**	••	France and Sardinia	10 Nov., 1859	303		1401
,,	• •	Modena. Boundary (as in		_ •_		_
		1792)	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 5	264
))	••	Modena. Limits on River	0.4	22.0]]	
		Po	8 Aug., 1849	216	-	1112
*1	••	Parma, Placentia, &c.	0 T 1015	0.89	07 00	0.00
		Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 2	263
> 7	••	» » » » » » » » » » » » » » » » » » »	25 May, 1821	109	-	670
? ?	••	And Prussia. Boundaries.	3 July, 1849	212		1095
23	••	Department of the			1	
, ,	••	Q _o o _w	1 July, 1816	60		474
	ļ	Alliance	20 Apr., 1854	244		1201
,,		Elbe Duchies	14 Ang., 1865	370	1 _ 1	1638
,,		Princeia and Russia	22 225, 2000	0,0		
"		Boundaries of Cra-		N .		
		00W	3 May, 1815	14	2	121
, ,		33 23 27 27 · ·	9 June, 1815	27	7	218
,,					118, § 3	272
					Annex 3	275
,,	• •	2) 27 27	6 Nov., 1846	201		1061
,,		,, Prussia. Peace (Ni-				1.000
		kolsburg)	26 July, 1866	383		1698
,,	••	,, , Peace				1726
		(Prague)	23 Aug., 1866	388		1720
"	••	" Russia. Boundaries	25 1015	10	1, 3	96
		of Galicia	3 May, 1815	12 27	1, 4	217
> >	• •	>>	9 June, 1815	2"	118 § 1	
				1	Annex 1	
			26 Dec., 1826	133	_	762
"	• •	Navigation of the Danube	25 July, 1840	191	-	1016
) 1	• •		18 Nov., 1850	226	_	1142
		And Sardinia. Frontiers,	10 1101., 2000		ł	
"	• •	Genoa, Geneva,		1		.
		&c	30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Ar	6.
			1		2	18 164
4.4	••	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	20 May, 1815	19	1 1	104
,,		2115	-			

Name of Country, Pla &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
ustria	• •	And Sardinia as in 1792	9 June, 1815	27	80 85	25 26
	,	" " Treaty	4 Oct., 1751		95, § 1 Appendix	26
		mafarmad to		27	85	26
**		Hostilities	•		Note	110
**		", ", Peace. (Milan)		215		110
"		Italian Roun-		-	ļ	`
**	١٠٠١	daries	28 Nov., 1844	200		10
			11 July, 1859	298		137
**			16 June, 1860	317		143
"	• •))	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	136
"		39 33 · ·	10 Nov., 1859	302	i	139
,,	•))	10 Nov., 1859	303	3	140
??	• •		1 1000	330]	1.44
29	••	newed	10 Nov., 1859	303	19	144
		Italy Boundary		409	1	144
72	••	Garany Raundany		209	_	18
**	••	Sl-thronland Dans		200	1	100
3 7	••	dary as in 1792,				
		with Modifica-				
		tions	9 June, 1815	27	90	9
•		(10115	, o unic, 1010	2.	80 85	2
			1			20
		For other Treaties between			95, § 5	2
"	• •	Austria and Foreign			1	1
		Powers, see Separate		1		ŀ
		Headings and Table of				
		Contents.			,	
		Archducal House. Rights	!		H	
> 7	••	of Reversion and			į.	
		Succession to certain]
		States in Italy	9 June, 1815	27	98-104	ا ا
		Cessions by, to Baden	I TO T I TOTA	93	2	20 51
))	• •		LOS T. L. BOSO	95	8	•
,,	• •	to Barraria	0.37	38	•	5
))	• •		14 4 1010	53	_	3
		" " "	00 T-1- 1010	95	2	4
? ?	• •	91 93 33 · •	107 Oct 1010	98	2 2 1	5
"	•	" " to Hesse-Darm-		20	_	6
2)	• •	,, ,, to nesse-narm- stadt		38	0]
				·	8	3
))	• •	", ", to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38		3
			1 July, 1816	60	Annex 1 Preamble	3
"	• •	,, ,, to Russia	A T 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	27		
12	• •		00 Th 1000	133	Annex	2
))	• •	Cessions to, by Baden	40 7 1 4040	93	2	7
))	• •	·	100 T-1- 1010	95		51
99	• •)))))) ···	27 Oct., 1819	97	8 1	5
72	• •)	21 000, 1018		1	62
]	
						1
						•

INDEX. '

Name of Country, Pl &c.			Subject.			Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Austria	• •	Cessions	to, by R	Lussia		26 Dec., 1826	183	2	762
	• •	"	,, by S			18 May, 1815	16	2	135
,,			•	•		9 June, 1815	27	15	221
"		33	>>	"		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-•	Annex 4	275
"	•,•	French de	Pecuni mnity, p		n- of	3 Nov., 1815	38	1 5	327 328
,,	••	•	•			16 Nov., 1816	65	3	499
		"		"		12 Mar., 1817	67	3	506
,,		"))		17 Apr., 1817	69	3 3	518
"))))		9 Nov., 1818	82	47	559
))))	••	Germani	ic Confe	ederatio	-	0 2.07., 2020		_ •	
		V _C	epresenta oting at ssembly	Generand Di	al	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	1—8 53, 56,	201 243
**	••	"		,,		o o unio, rozo	-	58	244
"	••	German				0 T 103 F	00	ا بو	001
		Δı	ustrian P	residen	CA	8 June, 1815	26	5	201
"	••	_ ".	1	1	1	9 June, 1815	27	57	244
>>	••	Province	es secure	d to	•••	3 May, 1815	12	40	104
"	••	"	,,,		••	3 May, 1815	14	8	121
>>	••	23	"		• •	18 May, 1815	16	22	149
>>	• •	>>	;,		••	9 June, 1815	27	8	219
>>	• •	29	in Ital	y	••	30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	18
,,	••	"	"		••	9 June, 1815	27	98—101	262 266
91	• •	,,,	,,		• •	20 July, 1819	95	46	613
"	• •	See also	Indemn	ity.					
) ;	• •		ion of Se		by	i e	l	1	
		A	ustrian I	roops	••	6 Aug., 1849	215	Add. Art. 3	1109
"	• •*	Ultimat				19 Apr., 1859	291		1859
"	• •		n Reply			26 Apr., 1859	292		1361
"	• •	Declarat	rdinia	ar agan		28 Apr., 1859	293	l	1362
				animat d	3	4 May, 1859	297		1370
"	• •		Protest a	- _		Nov., 1863	356		1587
))))	• •	Congress	s propose	;u 		May—			100,
••						June, 1866	377		1655
,,	• •		to attend ongress, eservation	but wi		1 June, 1866	377	_	1616
- ,,	• •	Declarat	ion of W	ar agair		•			
		1	russia and by Ital	d Italy y agair		17 June, 1866	379	-	1688
"	• •	,,	ustria	 A nagarr		20 June, 1866	382	-	1697
,,	• •	N	ew Organ		_ [000		4.00-
		G	ermany	• •	••	26 July, 1866	383	2	1699
	i		,,,	-		23 Aug., 1866	388	4	1722
"	• •	Evacuat	ion of, by coops	Prussi	an	23 Aug., 1866	388		1726
		Peace.	Austria	and Tte	שו		392	1 !	1749
>>	• •		v. v. w		,			6 U	-170

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Avecnes	French Fortress. Occupied by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	40 42	5 9	347 362
Aveto River	and Parma. Limits. Treaty, 10th March,				
Avignon	1766, referred to Assured to France Protest of the Pope against	26 Nov., 1822 30 May, 1814	112	Preamble 3, § 8	693 7
Avricourt	cession to France Commune, Railways, &c. France and Ger-	12 June, 1815	_	Note	7
Avril	many. Boundary	12 Oct., 1871	447	10	1964
Anof See	Boundary Russian Shipbuilding	10 May, 1871	446	1	1956
	Yards—Paris Con- ferences, No. 5 See also Black Sea.		_		1275
	Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary Commune. Belgium and	5 Nov., 1842	195	14	1029
Baba-dagh Babenhausen	Bailiwick. Hesse - Cassel and Hesse - Darm-	5 Nov., 1842 14 Sept., 1829	195 145	13, 14 2	10 2 9 815
, ,	stadt. Mutual cessions	16 Oct., 1815 29 June, 1816	87 57	18 1	325 455
"	,,	30 June, 1816	58	4	459
)	,,	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
Badajos	Treaty. France and Portugal 6th June, 1801,	20 July, 18.9	95	25	603
	annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art 3	24
Beden	,, Referred to And Austria. Boundary, Cessions. &c. See Austria and Baden. Palatinate, Bavarian rever-	9 June, 1815	27	105	268
,,	sion to	3 Nov., 1815	38	78	330
	Duchy by 4 Powers. Succession, &c	10 July, 1819	94	1 0	587
,,	·	20 July, 1819	95	1, 2 9	595
); · · ·	Military Road in	100 7 1 1 1000	95	6	594
,,	Austria, &c. Additional Article to Treaty of 20th November,				
,,	1813, annulled	10 July, 1819 20 July, 1819	94 95	1 9	5 87 5 95

Country, F	of Tace,	Subject,	Date of Treaty or other Document,	MG. of Treaty	Art.	Paga.
Baden		And F		- —	,	-
		And France. Boundary.				1
"	• •	Islands of the Rhine	30 May, 1914	1	3, 5 5	B
79	• •	"	20 Nov , 1915	4()	1, 1 2	345
>>	• •		30 4 m., 1827	134	-	784
"	• •	And Program P	20 Nov., 1915 30 Jun., 1827 5 April 1845 25 April, 1819 17 Aug., 1868	L79 70		11.118
"	• •	And Prussia. Peace	17 \100 [468]	1. ૧ 24 &	7	54 % [<i>7:1</i> 7
>> >>	• • •	Leinis	26 Bab 1471	438	-	1918
••	••	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	•		1	*****
"		lenburg	24 Dec. 1820	IOB		662
"		n Boundary	31 Oct., 1554	25,1		1219
	-	77 C. Wounded				
27	••	Free Port. Navigation of	22 Aug., 1984	385	1	1821
	!				- - '	
**	1	Comprised within German	1 4.1.7, 17.12	194	1, 7	1027
	i	Empire	10 1 1 10/71	a.s.	4	1601
	•			'YYB	1 35	1931 1930
"	••	Representation and Voting			<i>₹</i>	rant.
	1	at German Federal			ı	
	I	Diet and General			1	
**	1	Assembly	8 Jane, 1815		4, 6	25)
•-	;	77 · ·	Finne, IAIS	27	ss. 37	214
> 7	1	44 6 3	•		343	246
	!	39 At Council of	IA I am I topic	444	_	
79	• •	See also Accessions.	in apply 12/1	135	6	1923
acrenbach	1	Commune. Excepted from				-
		cessions to Saxe Copura	20 July 1919	35	44	
"	• • i	Commune. Given to	-		25	Pd - R
saches	_	Hesse-Homburg	20 8 37 1915	35	2%	
A WOLLD	• •	Estulet. Frace and	•		444	es view
lgnone		Sprin. Boundary	2 Dec., 1858	27%	6	
-6		Italian Boundaries	23 Nov., 1844	211)	4	List of
	1				Ē	WES.
	1				ý	1
"	· · ,	Sovervienty of Turany	9 The 1949	،	Sep Am	1.00
27	••	Property of Pages			1	
igorry		Valley. Fance and Spain.	9 Dec., 1847	21 13	_	4
	• •	Provinces	A True dama	•	4	
laklava	• •	Boundary	2 1966., 1856,	275	_	
_		to Russia	30 War 16-0	_	8	٠. ٠.
lance of		In Eartpe; referred to in	ander, in the	25.4	_	
Power		Treaties, he. Ist Prace of Paris	30 May 1814		4	• •
		Reach of Paris	It with	1	2.	
				1		
77		Union of Ball	20 7 1514			
??		g am and Hamand.	# · A B	ŝ	- i - i - i - i - i - i - i - i - i - i	
29		Pr. 3 = 4	16.7			•
99			3 1/45	i's	1	4
	_	TD . 7	A+ +_	L's		
		••	31 May, 1815	_	1	4
		2:19	-	22	1.	•
					-	. 1

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Avecnes	French Fortrees. Occupied by Allied			_	
	Troops	20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	40 42	5 9	347 362
Aveto River	To River Po. Sardinia and Parms. Limits. Treaty, 10th March,	•			
	1766, referred to Assured to France Protest of the Pope against	00 16 1014	112	Preamble 8, § 8	693 7
•	cession to France Commune, Railways, &c.	12 June, 1815	_	Note	7
	France and Ger- many. Boundary	12 Oct., 1871	447	10	1964
Avril	France and Germany—Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	1956
Anof Sea	Russian Shipbuilding Yards—Paris Con-				
,, ••	ferences, No. 5 See also Black Sea.	6 Mar., 1856	-	_	1275
!	Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary Commune. Belgium and	5 Nov., 1842	195	14	1029
5001_10-14 #22# A	Netherlands. Boun-	**			
Baba-dagh Babenhausen	Restored to Turkey Bailiwick. Hesse - Cassel	5 Nov., 1842 14 Sept., 1829	195 145	13, 14 2	1029 815
	and Hesse - Darm- stadt. Mutual ces-				
	sions	16 Oct., 1815	37	18 1	325
,	,,	00 * 10.0	57 58	4	459 459
»	,, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30 June, 1816	59	4	478
3)	,,	20 July, 18.9	95 -	25	603
Badajos	Treaty. France and Por-				
	tugal 6th June, 1801, annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art	24
,,	" Referred to	9 June, 1815	27	105	268
Baden	And Austria. Boundary, Cessions. &c. See Austria and Baden.				
29	Palatinate, Bavarian reversion to	8 Nov., 1815	38	76	330
,,	Recognition of Grand Duchy by 4 Powers.	,		•	
	Succession, &c	10 July, 1819	94	1, 2	587
,,	Military Road in	20 July, 1819	95 95	9 6	595 594
» · ·	Military Road in	20 July, 1819	95	U	034
	Article to Treaty of 20th November,				
	1813, annulled	10 July, 1819	94	1 9	587
,,	,,	20 July, 1819	95	9	595

Name of Country, Place &c.	×e,	Subject,	Date of Treaty or other Document,	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Baden	• •	And France. Boundary.				
•		Islands of the Rhine		1	3, § 5	6
>>	••	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40 134	1, § 2	345 764
>>	••	"	30 Jan., 1827 5 April.1840	189	_	1006
**		, Private Claims.	25 April,1818	79	7	545
))))		And Prussia. Peace	17 Aug., 1866	386	7 -	1707
,,	• •	And France. Peace	26 Feb., 1871	438		1918
"	••	" Switzerland. Nel-				
		lenburg	24 Dec., 1820	106	_	662
>>	••	" Boundary	31 Oct., 1854	251		1219
**	••	" &c. Wounded	99 4 1964	965		1621
	į	in War	22 Aug., 1864	365		1021
> >	••	Free Port. Navigation of the Neckar	1 July, 1842	194	1, 7	1027
		Comprised within German	1 0 diy, 10 12	101	- , ,	
**		Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	1981
			L		85	1939
)	• •	Representation and Voting				
		at German Federal				
		Diet and General	0 T . 1015	96	4.0	001
		Assembly	8 June, 1815	26 27	4,6	201 244
**	•••	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	9 June, 1815	21	56, § 7 58	245
		" At Council of			2 0	230
"	••	German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	6	1933
**		See also Accessions.				
Baerenbach		Commune. Excepted from	•			
		cessions to Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
"	• •			~		
		Hesse-Homburg	20 July, 1819	95	29	605
Bagachea	• •	_	9 Dec 1956	275	6	1294
Do om om o		Spain. Boundary Italian Boundaries	2 Dec., 1856 28 Nov., 1844	200	4	1051
Bagnone	••	Italian Doundaries	20 1101., 1023		5	1062
					9	1057
•					Sep. Art.	1060
**		Sovereignty of Tuscany	9 Dec., 1847	208	• 1	1085
>>	••	Sovereignty of Lucca, on				
		reversion of Parma	0 Dec 1047	208	4	1086
D		and Placentia	9 Dec., 1847	208	48	7000
Baigorry	••	Valley. Fance and Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1294
Balaklava		Town and Port. Restored	2 2000, 2000	_,,		
	•	to Russia	30 Mar., 1856	264	4	1254
Balance of		In Europe; referred to in				
Power		Treaties, &c. 1st	30 May, 1814		Preamble	
		Peace of Paris		1	Sep.Arts.	18
			20 Tul- 1014	9	1, 3 Preamble	19 3 5
"	••	"Union of Bel-	20 July, 1814	3	r Lewindie	3 0
"	•••	gium and Holland	14 June, 1814	4	Annex	40
		Poland	3 May, 1815	13	Preamble	106
)) ^^		Holland and				
39		Belgium, &c	31 May, 1815	22	Preamble	180
		2119	•		6 U 2	

Name of Country, Place	, 		Sabject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Salance of Power	1	In Eu	rope. Russian-Dutch Loan	16 Nov., 1831	154	Preamble	87:
>>	!	***	Integrity of				! !
	١		Danish Monarchy	4 July, 1850	222		113
**	••	"	70	2 Aug., 1850	224	Preamble	113
>	•• '	12	Danish Succession	8 May, 1852	230	Preamble	115
			Military Aid to	6 May, 1652	200	I Lewining	110.
**	••	**	Turkey by Great				i
			Britain and France	12 Mar., 1854	237	Preamble	118
,,		**	Integrity of Tur-				1
•			key	9 April,1854	241		119
29	••'	17	Military Aid to				
	İ		Turkey by Great	10 4 1 1054	949	 D	110
			Britain and France	10 April,1854	242	Preamble	119 119
	••!		Danubian Prin			, 	110
39	••	**	cipalities	14 T 10F4	249	Preamble	121
,,	•• {	>	Conditions of				
			Peace with Russia:	ł			1
**	••))	(1) Withdrawal of	\			
			Russian Protectorate	0 4 1074	950		101
			over Principalities	8 Aug., 1854	250	_	121
			(2) Navigation of		İ		121
**		**	the Danube	8 Aug., 1854	250	<u> </u>	121
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0 1208., 1002			121
37		31	(3) Dardanelles and				
			Bosphorus	8 Aug., 1854	250	_	121
			(4) Obaidiana in		!		121
> >	••	>>	(4) Christians in Turkey	8 Ana 1954	250		121
			Turkey	8 Aug., 1854	250	\	121
,,	• •	>>	Black Sea			ĺ	
,,		"	Treaty	13 July, 1841	193	Preamble	102
>>	• •	,,	"	28 Dec., 1854	253	_	122
"	• •	**	- "	30 Mar., 1856	264	Preamble	125
27	••	"	Integrity of		000	D	704
		 	Sweden and Norway Proposed Con-		262	Preamble	124
,,	• •	,,	gress	10 N- 1000	356	l _	157
> >	••	ļ) 9	Description Com				1
**		1	gress	Man Tunna	377		166
		i		1866	1		
99	• •	,,					1
		1	ration. War with		000		
		1	Prussia and Italy	, ,	379		169
73	• •	,,,	French Declaration. War with		1		
			Prussia	10 T-1- 1070	423		188
) ;	• •	,,	Russian Note.				
••		"	Black Sea Treaty	.	429		189
,,	••		,,	1 Nov., 1870	430		189
))	• •	See a	lso Pesce of Europe.			1	
		ı		1	1	i	ı

Name of Country, Place	Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of	Art.	Page.
&c.		other Document.	Treaty.		•
Balduinstein	. Restored to Orange-Nassau	14 July, 1814		Appendix	
Balkan	. From Emineh-Bournou to Kazan. Restored to		.		
19	Turkey Mountains to the Sea.	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
••	Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	818 830
	Passage of hy Pussia			Sep. Act	
,,	Passage of, by Russia. Eventual advance of	00 4 77054	044		100
Balta-Liman	Austria and Prussia Treaty of Russia and		244		1204
	Turkey	1 May, 1849	211	_	1090
Baltic Sea	. Peace	00 35 10-0	267	Preamble	-
Bamberg	Archives		387	12	1714
Banca	. Cession to the Netherlands	13 Aug., 1814	5	2	43
Banova-Gom	La Montenegrin Boundary	26 Oct., 1866	400		178
Barby	by Prussia	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
Barcetagoitis	France and Spain. Boun-			ļ	
Bardolino	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	2, 3	129
	Boundary	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	138
	•	10 Nov., 1859	302	1	139
***	"	10 Nov., 1859	303	8	140
)	"	16 June, 1860	317	8	143
;; Bardonex	Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	î	42
	_ ,	20 July, 1819	95	41	61
Barga	Contingent Cession by Tuscany to Modena	9 June, 1815	27	102, § 1	26
	TA 1' TO 1		200	102, 9 1	104
,,	Italian Boundaries	18 Nov., 1844	200	1	
			ļ	2	104
	•			3	105
			ļ	9	105
		1 0 4 1045	000	Sep. Art.	
Barracea-la- Alta	See Barcelagoitia.	4 Oct., 1847	206	98	108
Barvia	Under Administration of	D. 1000	100		00
Basle	Servia	Dec., 1833	169	§ 1	98
	guen.				
29	Treaty of 5th April, 1795, annulled	30 May, 1814	1	8	
	amiuneu	00 may, 1014	_	Add. Art.	2
	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815	9	1	6
)		9 June, 1815	27	74	25
))))	Bishopric. Union with	20 Mar., 1815	9	3, 4	6
))	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9 June, 1815	27	76, 77	25
				Annex 11 A, B	27
	Rhinometer	30 Jan., 1827	134	Preamble	
>>	kninometer	TO VILLE, YOU'S			1

Name of Country, Pla	.ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Basie	• •	Navigation of the Rhine See also Switzerland.	17 Oct., 1868	413	1	1849
		Guipuscoa, Alava, Biscay. See Eliot Convention.				
-		Neufchatel Boundary Abbey. Ceded by Nas-	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
	• •	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	110 5 0	186 272
" Basses-Pyr		See Pyrenecs.	8 4 tipe, 1010	2,	118, § 8 Annex 8	275
nees Bastan Val		France and Spain. Boun-				<u> </u>
Bastogne		dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1294
		Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
**	• •	,,	19 April,1839	183	2	983
"	• •	,,	19 April,1839	184	2	994
**	••	Belgium and Netherlands.	19 April,1839	185	Annex	998
Batten	••	Boundary Village. Without Prussian	5 Nov., 1842	195	1	1029
>1	• •	Limits " Ceded by Austria	9 June, 1815	27	40	238
		to Bavaria	14 April,1816	53	2 2	473
Baumholde	r	Canton. Part to be reded by Austria to Prus-	20 July, 1819	95		592
>>	• •	Ceded by Austria to Prus-	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 1	333
		SIB Oldanham	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	ı
))	• •	Part ceded to Oldenburg Part ceded to Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	604
»	• •	Road to St. Wendel. Certain places excepted from Austrian in-	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Bautsen	• •	aemnity to Bavaria Circle. Prussia and Saxony.	14 April,1816	53	2	436
39	••	Boundary Road to Gurlitz. Part	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Bavaria	••	given to Prussia And Austria. Treatics. Boundary, &c. See Austria and Bavaria.	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
••	• •	And France. Boundary	30 May, 1814	1		
))	••	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	3 1, § 1	844 844
3)	• •	"	20 July, 1819	95	5	593
3)	• •	25	5 July, 1825	124	_	727
,,	• •	,,	9 Dec., 1825	126		736
**	• •	And Process Poundame		438		1918
? ;	• •	And Prussia. Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	12, 13	596 597
"	• •	,, Peace	22 Aug., 1866	3°7		1711
**	• •	,, Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387	14	1715 1716
,,	••	27 ,,,	21 Dec., 1866	403	_	1798

2122

Name of Country, Pl		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bavaria	• •	And Greece. Family Pact	1 Nov., 1832	163	<u> </u>	918
91	• •	Arrangements respecting	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 7	330 333
"	• •	Cessions by, to France	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	124 126	2, § 1 2	728 736
> 7	••	,, to Prussia	22 Aug., 1866	887	14	1715
		See also Germanic Confederation.				1719
"	• •	Cessions to, by Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3 B	835
••			20 July, 1819	95	4	598
2) >)	•	,, Vienna Congress	9 June, 1815	27	44	239
"	••	French Pecuniary Indem-			_	
		nity, portion of	14 April,1816	53	6	488
"	• •		20 July, 1819	95	38	608
"	••	Private claims on France	25 April,1818	79	7	545 546
"	••	at German Federal				
		Diet and General	0 T 1017	90	4.0	0.01
		Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4,6	201
,,	••	,,	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 3 58	243 245
"	• •	" At Council of	10 4 1 1071	444	•	7000
		German Empire And Greece. Crowns not	16 April, 1871	444	6 .	1938
>>	••	to be united	5 June, 1863	845	§ 4	1541
			13 July, 1863	847	6	154
>>	••	Maria Danie Danie	,	_		
,,		vinces of Rhine-				•
		Through Baden	20 July, 1819	95	6	5 94
	-	,, Hesse - Darm- stadt	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
"	• •	Sovereignty of Greece. Greek Succession	7 May, 1832	159	_	898
> 2	• •	Invitation to attend Conferences. Greek	,,			
		Succession	16 May, 1863	343	_	153
)	• •	younger branches				
	i	of Royal Family. Greek Succession	27 May, 1863	344		153
		See also Greece. Telegraph Stations	22 Aug., 1866	387	11	1714
**	••	Railways	22 Aug., 1866	387	15	171
)))}		Comprised within German	[
**		Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1 4 35	193 193 193
					46	194
			1		52	194
; >	••	See also Accessions. Indemnities.				

Name of Country, Piace &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
lavaria	• •	Rhine Navigation. See Rhine.				
99	••	Rhenish. See Rhine Circle of.		; 		
leverien	••	Palatinate. Arrangements respecting	9 June, 1815	27	101	26
	••	,	3 Nov., 1815	38	7 b.	33
eyasid	• •	City and Pashalic. Re-	14Sept., 1829	145	4	81
ayonne	• •	Convention of 10 May,				
		1808, snnulled	18 May, 1815	16	24	14
**	••	,,	20 Nov., 1815	45	Sep.Art.	39
ayrouth		Principality. See Redevitz.				
asardjik			14Sept., 1829	145	2	81
assano	••'	Domain. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	2	104
		0 1 1 4 T	00.37 3044	000	9	105
**	••]	" Ceded to Lucca	28 Nov., 1844	200	2	104 105
eaumont		Canton. Given to France	80 May 1814	1	9, § 34	100
cauraing		Canton. Given to France	30 May, 1814	i	8, § 1 3, § 2	
echerbach		Commune. Excepted from	00 1111, 1011	•	0, 3 -	
		Cessions to Saxe-				}
		Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
>>		" Ceded to Hesse-				
	١	Homburg	20 July, 1819	95	29	60
echtheim	••		9 W 1015	90	A 9	
edersdorf		Hesse-Darmstadt Given to Prussia	8 Nov., 1815 23 Oct., 1829	38 148	Annex 3	3: 8:
cersel, The		Secured to Belgium	5 Nov., 1842	195	2	10
ehren		District. Secured to	0 2101., 2022	100	-	100
		Prussia	22 Sept., 1815	84	1, § 6	30
eienheim	••		•	ł		ļ
		Hesse-Darmstadt	29 June, 1816	57	4	4
eilstein	••	Lordships of Ceded by		1		1
		Netherlands to	14 7.1- 1014		A 3:-	
			14 July, 1814 31 May, 1815	22	Appendix 5	1
))		,,	9 June, 1815	27	70	2
> >	••	,,	0 0 ano, 1010		118, § 10	
				ļ	Annex 10	
,,	• •	" Ceded by Prussia				
		to Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	2	18
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 8	2
	İ	Della Tomas and Goria			Annex 8	2
elay	• •	Defile. France and Spain.	9 Dec 1956	OFE		100
Selfort		Boundary French Town. Occupied	2 Dec., 1856	275	2	129
TALVA V	• •	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	30
**		Fortress	28 Jan., 1871	434	1	190
**			15 Feb., 1871	437		19
			,		Note	19
			i .	1	1	

						
Name of	,		Date of Treaty			
Country, Pl		Subject.	or	No. of Treaty.	Art,	Page.
&c.		·	other Document.	ricaty.		
					<u> </u>	
Belfort	• •	Canton. France and Ger-				
		many. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
>>	• •	,, ,, ,,	10 May, 1871	446	1	1955
•					Add. Art.	1963
•					3	
"	• •	Town and Fortifications				
••		secured to France	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1914
**	• •	,,	10 May, 1871	446	1 1	1955
Belgium	• •	Boundary. Ancient Pro-				
		vinces. See Nether-	·			:
		lands.			ŀ	
91	• •	And France. Boundary	80 May, 1814	1	3	4
>>	• •	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
))	• •	Composition of Territory	15 Nov., 1831	153	3 1 1 1	860
) >	• •	,,	19 April, 1839	183	1	982
**	• •	,,	19 April, 1839	184	1	994
,	4 •	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
**	• •	Conferences	1830—1833		Appendix	
) ;		" Affairs of Lux-	•		_	
		emburg. Admission			1	
		of Italian Plenipo-			<u> </u>	
		tentiaries	7 May, 1867	406	<u> </u>	1806
>>	• •	Debt. Division with Hol-				
		land	15 Nov., 1831	153	13	865
>>	• •	"	19 April, 1839	188	13	989
"	• •	**	19 April, 1839	184	18	994
33	• •	77	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
"	• •	Fortresses to be demolished		152		856
,,,	• •	D	14 Dec., 1831	156	<u> </u>	881
>>	• •	Provinces. Sovereignty.				
		Acceptance by Prince				
		Sovereign of the Netherlands	91 Tul- 1914	4		37
		TO . TO . 1. T	21 July, 1814 19 May, 1815	18	Add. Art.	153
"	••	And France. Entrance of	19 May, 1010	10	Auu. Art.	100
"	• •	Troops into, to com-			Į	· ·
		pel evacuation of				1
		Territory by Dutch	1		ļ	Ì
		Troops	22 Oct., 1832	162	3, 4	911
			10 Nov., 1832	164	-, -	915
"	• •	And Holland. Union	1 4 T 1014		2	40
>>	• •		01 1/2- 1015	22	8	181
?)	• •	"	0 T 1015	27	65—73	248
>>	• •	,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	"		253
		•			118, § 10	272
					Annex 10	
•-		" Separation	15 Nov., 1831	153	'	858
33	••	" Treaty of 1831	•]
**	J J	annulled	1 3 4 0 7 7 7 7 7 7	185	2	997
••	• •	" Separation	110 45 11 1000	183	8	981
"	••	,,	19 April, 1839	184	3	994
"	••	,,	10 41 1000		Annex	998
39	• •	" Boundary	Z 37 1040	195		1020
"	••	" "	0 4 1040	196	_	1031
"		"	1	}	1	1

Kame of Country, Plac &c.	.e, 	* Subject,	Date of Treaty or other Document,	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bolgium	••	Independence and Neu-		i 	! !	
•		trality. Guaranteed	•		7	86
12	• •	,,,	19 April, 1839		7	98
10	• •	10	19 April, 1839		7	994
79	• •	Yandan and Man	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	1 996
31	• •	Independence and Neu- trality. Guaranteed during Franco-Ger-	•] 	 	
		~ ¥*+	9 Aug., 1870	427		1886
			11 Aug., 1870	428		1889
**	• •	Press. Protocols. Paris,	11 II II II II II II II II II II II II			1000
27	• •	No. 22	8 April, 1856	268		1276
		Rivers and Canals. Navi-	0 mp.m, 1000			1
**	••	gation	15 Nov., 1831	158	9	863
	• •	See also Scheldt and Meuse	202:00., 2002		10	864
Belgrade		Custom House. Turkey				"
me:8: m	••	and Servia	Oct., 1830	150		844
	••	Turks and Servians. Resi-	2000			
"		dence. Liberty of		<u>}</u>		1
		Commerce, &c	Dec., 1838	169	§§ 7, 13	932 933
		Bombardment	June, 1862	_	Note	1516
))		Fortrees	16 June, 1862		Note	1517
**			4 Sept., 1862	338	2-7	1517
))	•••	Instructions from Porte to	- Logo, 2002			
77	•	Governor	4 Sept., 1862	338		1523
31		Withdrawal of Turkish			ı	
,,		Garrison. Ottoman			•	
		and Servian Flags	10 April, 1867	404		1800
Belheim	••	Village. Secured to France		1	3, § 5	6
Belmacher	• •	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	838
Belts	••	See Sound Dues.				
Bendeleben		Ceded by Prussia to				
		Schwartzburg - Son-	•			
		dershausen	15 June, 1816	54	2	446
Bendorf	••	Commune. Ceded by Nas-				
		sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 15	184
,,	••	,,	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
-					118, § 8	272
	ľ				Annex 6	275
Benevento	••	Duchy restored to the				
		Holy See	9 June, 1815	27	103	267
**	••	United to Italy	17 Dec., 1860	324		1458
Bentarté	••	France and Spain. Boun-	0.70		_	
	İ	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	7	1294
Bentheim	••	To Osnabruck. Military	00.35			
•		Road	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
>>	••	,,	9 June, 1815	27	31	234
					118, § 6	272
	1	Company Delations As		1	Annex 6	275
"	••	County. Relations to-	20 3/ 101"	97	10	-
•	1	wards Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	10	117
	• •	,, <u> </u>	9 June, 1815	27	32	235
11	1	" Annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393		1760

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	. Claims on France Hanover and Netherlands.	20 Nov., 1815	45	Add. Art.	396
99	Boundary	0 T 1 1004	121	24, 25	716
Bentheim- Bentheim	. See Steinfurt.				
Bentheim-	. See Seeman.				
Tecklenbur	- ■	•	27	43	239
Bentinck Beorzubustan	Count. See Kniphausen. France and Spain. Boun-				}
47601 2 U V U B V B L	dary	O TO TOPO	275	7, § 2	1294
Berbice	. Ceded to Great Britain .		5	1	43
	Dutch Proprietors	19 Aug 1014	5	Add. Art. 1, § 3	46
"	. Dutch Proprietors .	. 13 Aug., 1814		Add. Art. 1, § 3	46
"	,,,	12 Aug., 1815	32		296
"	Association		32	11	301
Berchtesgade	Boundary	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	53	19	441
>> •	. Bavarian Department .		81	1, 2	556
• •	. Grand Duchy. Part	;	į	,	
	Ceded by Prussia to Nassau		99		105
>>	. Prussian Sovereignty .	. 31 May, 1815 . 9 June, 1815	23 27	2 24	185 228
	Don't commed to Bounds	F T 1996	104	43	239
Bergerot	. Part secured to Bavaria . Ceded to Holland	1	124 153	2, § 6 4, § 2	729 862
_	,,	140 4 11 1000		4, § 2	984
	,,	. 19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	994
"	•			Annex	998
44 1 -	Commune." Belgian and		195	2	1029
201807	Netherlands. Boun dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	1029
79	,, Part ceded by Netherlands to Bel	-	100	1.0	
Bergues	. French Town occupied by			16	1031
	Allied Troops Canton. French Boundar	20 Nov., 1815 y 30 May, 1814	42 1	3, § 5	359
••	, Ceded by Austria	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	2, 3 0	
••	to Bavaria	. 14April, 1816		2	436
", Barka	Military Road		95 94	2, § 2	598
	Military Road	22 Sept., 1815	34	9, § 1	310
1.	burg.				
Berlin	Treaty. France and Ger		1		
Berlstadt	many Village. Ceded by Prussia		447	_	1964
Poliprant	to Saxe-Weimar.		24	8	193
,,	,,	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
				39	237
		· ·		118, § 7 Annex 7	272 275
>>	,,	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 5	306
	212		→	, , ,	

Name of Country, Place	æ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bernagore	••	District near Calcutta coded to Great		_		
		Britain	18 Aug., 1814	5	2nd Add. Art.	47
Berne	••	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815	9	1	65
"	••	Canton. Territory united	9 June, 1815	27	74	254
"	••	to	20 Mar., 1815	g	3, 4	63
91			9 June, 1815	27	76,77	255
"		Funds. Disposal of, in				
••		England	20 Mar., 1815	9	7	67
**	••	,,	9 June, 1815	27	82	258
		i			118, § 11	272
	••	See also Switzerland.			Annex 11	27
Bernex.	••	Commune. Geneva	16 36 1010			4.04
		Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	423
Bertschoff		Secured to Saxony	20 July, 1819 9 June, 1815	95 27	41 15	610 221
Berus		Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	10	839
Berveme		Servian Administration	Dec., 1833	169	§ 1	930
Berweiler		Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	3 -	83
Bessarabia	• •	Frontier. Austria and			•	
		Russia	10 July, 1829	143	1, 2	810
,,	• •	,, Russia and Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	3	81
**	• •	,, General Treaty	30 Mar., 1856	264	20, 21	1259
		.				Not
**	• •	" Russian cessions				ľ
		to be annexed to Moldavia	90 35 1050	004	1 01	100
		10	30 Mar., 1856	264	21	126
**	• •	Paris. No. 6	8 Mar., 1856	268		127
17	••	,, ,, 7	10 Mar., 1856		_	127
"		,, ,, 9	14 Mar., 1856		- - - - - -	127
,,		,, ,, 21	4 April, 1856	1		127
"	• •	" Definitive Act	11 April,1857	P		131
"	• •	,, Protocol	6 Jan., 1857		—	129
••	• •	" Explanatory note				129
,,,, ,,,	• •	" Treaty	19 June, 1857	282	1	132
Bethune	• •	French Town. Occupied	90 Nam 1915	40		
Bétod		by Allied Troops Given to Neufchatel	20 Nov., 1815 4 Nov., 1824		Dween blo	35
Bettmar	• •	Brunswick and Hanover.	# NOV., 1024	122	Preamble	72
20002	••	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	2430	71
Beuvillers					22 00	
		Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	195
Biaufond	• •	Hamlet. France and				
		Neufchatel. Boun-		1		1
		dary	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	72
Biberstein	• •	Bailiwick.				1
27	• •	, Part of, without	0.7			
		Prussian Limits	9 June, 1815	27	40	23
"	• •	,, Bavarian In-	0 N 101"	0.0	A	
		demnity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2 B	33 4
		1	1	ł	Note	

Name of Country, Place	æ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Biberstein	• •	Bailiwick. Part ceded by				
			14 April, 1816	53	2 B	437
	••		20 July, 1819	95	2, § A	592
Bibling	••	Village. Given to France	11 June, 1827	135	2	767
)) Dido-see	• •	Dim. 73 10	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	838
Bid ass oa	• •	River. France and Spain.	9.D. 1050		_	
		Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	1	1291
		i			9 28	1294 1295
**	• •	" Freedom of Com-			20	1250
••		merce and Naviga-				
		tion	2 Dec., 1856	275	2025	1295
		"	11 July, 1868	411	_	1846
Bieber	• •	Ceded by Hesse-Darmstadt				
		to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
		United to Prussia	94 Dec 1966	409		1787
,, Bieberich		Free Port. Navigation of	24 Dec., 1866	403		1798
	• •	the Rhine	31 Mar., 1831	151	10	851
		"	17 Oct., 1868	412		185
Bieberstein	• •	See Biberstein.	_, _,,			100.
Biedenkopf	• •	Circle. Ceded by Hesse-				
		Darmstadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1738
		III. A. J. A. Donnell	24.7			1786
;; Bienne	• •	United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403		1798
preume · ·	• •	Union of Town and Terri- tory with Canton of	•			
		Berne	20 Mar., 1815	9	8, 4	01
		,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	76, 77	25 2 5
		<i>"</i>	0 0 11110, 10110		118, § 11	272
					Annex 11	
Bienwald	••	Mill. Dependencies to be				
		ceded by France to	F T-1- 100F			
Bieringen	• •	Bavaria Given to Prussia	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 4	729
Biesling	• •		23 Oct., 1829	148	_	832
		to Bavaria	30 Jan., 1844	197	13	1034
Bilderlake	• •	Brunswick and Hanover.	, 2022	10,	10	1002
		Boundary		120	82, 84	718
Binch	• •	Canton. French Boundary	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	3, § 1	4
Bingen	• •	Town. Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
>>	••	" To be given to Hesse-Darmstadt	9 Non 1015		ا ِ ا	_
		Hesse-Darmstadt Given to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	335
"	••	Military Road to Mayence		40 58	1, § 2	345
**	- •	,,	30 June, 1816	59	24 24	469 478
>>	• •	Military Road to Coblentz	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
Birkenfeld	••	Canton. Part to be ceded				002
		by Austria to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 1	833
,,	• •	" Ceded by Austria	1 7.1			,
		to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	748
"	• •	burg	20 July, 1819	05		
			July, 1019	95	13 27	598
		1	1	1	ı <i>Z:1</i>	60-

Name of Country, Place, esc.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Birkenfeld	Prussian Military Road				
	through	20 July, 1819	95	32	605
71 • •	Commune Ceded by Baden to Austria	10 July, 1819	93	1	585
,,	,, ,,	27 Oct., 1819	97	1	621
,,		AT O 4 1010	00	1	400
Biscay		27 Oct., 1819	98	•	62 2
Bischoffsrods	Vention. Village. Property ceded				
	by Prussia to Saxe-				
	Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	8	193
)	9 June, 1815	27	39	237
		; }		118, § 7 Annex 7	272 275
,, ••	, Redemption of				
	Revenues	22 Sept., 1815	34	6	309
Bischofrod-	Ceded by Saxe-Meiningen	0.04 1000	907	6	1770
Eichenbach Bitsch	B A O	8 Oct., 1866	397	•	1770
21000	pied by Allied	1			
	Troops	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
,,	Road to Wissenburg.				
	Ceded by Bavaria to	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 1	728
Black Sea	British Squadron. Depar-) o duly, 1020		_, 3 _	
	ture	6 Jan., 1857	277		1299
,,	_	7 Oct., 1826	131	7, § 4	753
,,	'	14 Sept., 1829 30 Mar., 1856	145 264	12	819 1256
	,, ,, ,,	13 Mar., 1871	439	3	1921
, ,	Conferences. Vienna. 3rd				
	French Note.	23 May, 1854	248		1212
,,	"Great Britain and Austria	8 Aug., 1854	250		1216
,,	Mam Annat Bris	0 mug., 1001			
,,	tain, Austria, and			ļ	
	France to Russia.	99 Dec 2074	050		1005
	Bases Vienna. Point. No. 6	28 Dec., 1854 27 Mar., 1855	253 258		1225 1233
,, · · ·	10	17 April, 1855	258		1233
,,	, , , 11	19 April, 1855	258	_	1233
,,	,, ,, 12	21 April, 1855	258		1233
,, ••	, Paris. 3rd Point.	26 April, 1855	258	_	1233
,,	Neutralization.				
	Vessels of War.				
	No. 1	· ·	268	_	1274
) 1	,, ,, 4 5	4 Mur., 1856 6 Mar., 1856	268 268		1274 1275
,, • •	,, ,, 8	12 Mar., 1856	268	-	1275
"	, , , 10	18 Mar., 1856	268		1275
20 • (, ,, 12	22 Mar., 1856	268		1275
,,	,, ,, 16	27 Mar., 1856	268	_	1276

Name of Country, Pis &c.	ice,	Subject,	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No of Treaty.	Art.	Paga.
Lack Sea	• •	Conferences. London.	18 T - 1081	449		100
		" No. 1		441		1926
**	• •	,, <u>2</u>	24 Jan., 1871	441 441	_	1920
,,		,, ·3 ,, ·4	3 Feb., 1871 7 Feb., 1871	441		1920 1920
))))		*	18 Mar., 1871	441		192
"		· ,, 6	14 Mar., 1871	441		192
»	• •	Treaty	13 Mar., 1871	439		191
"	~ .	Consuls. Establishment of				
		Foreign	30 Mar., 1856	264	12	125
"	• •	" Protocol. Paris, No. 4		268		127
"	••	East Coast. From Mouth of the Kouban to	•		4	
		Fort St. Nicholas to				
		belong to Russia	14 Sept., 1829	145	4	81
,,	• •	,, Russian Fortifica-	12 x op a, 2020		-	
,,		tions. Protocol.				
		Paris, No. 3	1 Mar., 1856	268		127
,,	• •	Military Maritime Arse-	,			
		nals. Engagement				
		of Russia not to]		1
		establish	30 Mar., 1856	264	13	125
			6 Mar., 1856	268		127
**	• •	" Prohibition with-				
		drawn	13 Mar., 1871	439	1	192
>>	• •	Neutralization	28 Dec., 1854	253	§ 3	122
**	• •	" Treaty	30 Mar., 1856	264	11	125
"	• •	" Abrogated	13 Mar., 1871	439	1	192
29	••	Russian and Turkish Naval	90 36 1950	004	10 14	ŀ
		Force. Limitation Non-annulment or modifi-	30 Mar., 1856	264	13, 14	125
"	• •	cation of Treaty				
		without assent of				
		Treaty Powers	30 Mar., 1856	264	14	125
	• •		30 Mar., 1856	266		172
))		Russian notification. De-				1/2
"		nunciation of Arts. 11,		1		1
		13, 14, of Treaty of				
		30 March, 1856, and				
		of Separate Conven-				
		tion with Turkey of		1 400		ĺ
•		same date	81 Oct., 1870	429	_	188
		Deitich meele to	1 Nov., 1870	430		189
39	• •	" British reply to	10 Nov., 1870	431		
		ditto	10 100., 1070	4931		189
27	• •	tions. Non-annul-				}
		ment or modification		j l	•	1
		of Treaties, except				
		with consent of Con-				
		tracting Parties	17 Jan., 1871	433		19
			i -			TA
				<u> </u>		

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Black Sea	. Clauses of General Treaty and Convention be-		l		
	tween Russia and	1 1	1		
	Turkey of 1856 an-	ļ			
	nulled with consent			_	
	of Treaty Powers		439	1	192
••	Transies Durate and	13 Mar., 1871	440	1	192
**	Turkey. Trade	7 Oct., 1826	131	7	75
) ;	. " Ditto	1 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	145	7	81
	. Vessels of War. Closed				
	to	30 Mar., 1856	264	11	125
,, Bladel	. , Exceptions . Belgium and Netherlands.	30 Mar., 1856	264	14—19	125°
	Boundary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	102
Blankenberg		02.00.,2022			
	to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	22:
**	. Principality. Brunswick				
	and Hanover. Bound-	24 June, 1824	120	51	71:
Blankenhayn	I =	23 9 tute, 1023	120	OI.	(1.
	Prussia to Saxe-				
	Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	8	19
"	• ,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	39	23
				118, § 7 Annex 7	27 27
••	,, ,,	22 Sept., 1815	34	1	30
	. Elbe Toll House	00 T 1001	110	16	67
Bliese	. River. Bavaria and France.			_	
	Boundary	5 July, 1825	124	1	72
"	Boundary	11 June, 1827	135	5	76
"	Boundary	11 6 416, 1027	100	J	70
,,	Prussia and France	23 Oct., 1829	148	12	83
Bliesen	. Commune. Given to				
	Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	18	59
Blies-castel	. Canton. French Boundary.	30 May 1814	1	28 3, § 4	60
	. ,, Bavarian and	00 1113, 1014	•	0, 3 =	•
,,	Prussian Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	13	59
,,	. , Bavarian Indem-				
	nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2a	33
"	. , Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2	430
91	, , , ,	00 T 1 1000	95	2	593
Blies-Gerswe	1	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	84
ler		00 7 1 1010			
Blies - Rans-	Given to Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	18	59
bach		23 Oct., 1829	148	_	844
" Blies-Schwey	Given to France				84
en					
Blintendorf	. Inclosure in Reuss. Ceded				
	to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	22:

INDEX.

					
Name of	}	Date of Treaty	3 70 of		
Country, Place,	Subject.	or	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
&c.		other Document.	2.000		
Blockades .	Declaration of Paris.	16 April, 1856	271	§ 4	1283
Bocca-Nave .	See also Maritime Law. Locality. Italy and Swit-				
	zerland. Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	333	5	1493
Bodenburg Oestrum	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	95—98	713
Bodenwerder.	. Brunswick and Hanover.				ļ
Bodungen .	Boundary Bailiwick. Ceded by	24 June, 1824	120	113—116	714
	Schwartzburg - Son-	15 T 1010			
Bœotia	dershausen to Prussia. Maritime defences of	15 June, 1816	54	1	445
	Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 8	799
Boetzenburg.	and the second s	23 June, 1821	110	16	678
Bohemia .	Saxony and Prussia. Boundary.	9 June, 1815	27	15	221
,,	. Cession of Districts by	1		10	
· ·	Austria to Prussia		27	18	224
"	. And Saxony. Limits	5 Mar., 1848	209	2 1	1087
Bohmte	. To Lomförde. Prussian			Sep. Act a	1087
	cession to Hanover	25 Nov., 1837	181	2	966
Böhnstadt .	. Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-	0.00-1.1000	990	35 65	1794
Bohobie Bride	Darmstadt Joint Possession. France	3 Sept., 1866	389	15, § 5	1734
	and Spain	2 Dec., 1856	275	26	1295
**	. See also Lusace.				ļ
Bois d'Amont.					
Bokenem .	Dappes. Brunswick and Hanover.				
	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	79-81	713
Boldec	. Brunswick and Hanover.	24 7 2004	1.00	10 10	
Delectories	Boundary		120 27	40-42	712 217
Boleslowiec , Bolgrad	. Town. Prussian Boundary. New and Old. Given to	9 9 0110, 1010			21.
	Moldavia	30 Mar., 1856	264	20	1259
•	,,	6 Jan., 1857	276		1297
•				100	1320
Bologna .	. Restored to Holy See		27	103	268
,,	. United to Sardinia	18 Mar., 1860	308	_	1416
,, •	. Protest of Pope		311		1422
	. Annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	396	_	17c6
Bondenbach	. Communs. Given to Ol-	90 Tul- 1910	95	10	598
	denburg	20 July, 1819	90	13 27	604
Bonds	. And Deeds. Restoration				
	by France	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		29	16
> >	Poland			35—37	103
	. Sardinia and Switzerland	16 Mar., 1816	52	20	432
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	See also Archives.		1		Į
Boosen	. Commune. Given to Ol-	00 T-1- 1010	05	70	-
	denburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 27	598 604
	•				
	2133	.	1	6 x	ı
	2100	,		U A	

Name of Country, Piace, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bordeauz	. Claims. Payment of, by				
	France	20 Nov., 1815	46	Add. Art.	
>1	. ,		80	Add.Arta	z .
_ **	· a		80	Add.Arts.	1
	Given to Prussia		148		83
Bormio	Valley. Austrian Sove-	9 Tana 1815	27	94, § 2	26
	Boundary. Austria	•		053	
31	and Switzerland		27	95, § \$	26
Bornheim	. Annexed to Prussia	1	896		176
Borogani	. Road. Bessarabian Fron-				
_	tier		277		129
Boschweiler	. Town. Given to Prussis		27	25	22
	* 35 mm - 1	7 Oct., 1826	181	7, § 3	75
Bosnia	. Non-erection of Fortifica-		337	14	1514
Bosphorus	tions on Frontiers Straits. Open to Mer-		337	14	1014
эоэриогцэ	chant Vessels of Rus-		ļ	Ì	
	sia, and to Vessels of	•	Ĺ		
	Powers at Peace with	ľ			
	Turkey	7 0-4 1996	131	7, §§ 2,3	75
))		14 Sept., 1829	145	7	819
>	. Closed to Vessels of War.				
	Protocols. Vienna.	T .			
	8rd Point, No. 11	T	258	_	1231
**		21 April, 1855	258		1231
•		1 4 7	258 264	_	1231 1265
••	Treaty. (Paris)	00 Mar 1000	265		1266
••	(London)	18 Mar., 1871	439	2	1921
••	Departure of British	•			
••	Squadron	I	277	_	1290
	See also Dardanelles.				
Воевеу	. Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
			95	41	611
othenheilige	n District. Rights and Re-				
	venues ceded by	,			
	Schwartzburg - Son- dershausen to Prus-				
	sia	15 June, 1816	54	1	445
> >	. , Retained by Prus		V 2		
,,	sia	12 T 1010	54	2	446
Bouchain .	. French Fortress. Occu-				
	pied by Allied				
•	Troops		40	5	347
soug gros	. River. Austria and Russia.				
	Boundary	10 July, 1829	143	Preamble	810
) am 111 am	Descher Book of the As]		8	811
Bouillon .	Duchy. Part given to	90 Man 1914	1		_
			97	2, 3	959
,,	. ,, ,,	9 June, 1815	21		252
		_			

INDEX.

Country, Place	"	Subject.	other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bouillon	• •	Duchy. Part given to				
		Netherlands(Luxem-	91 Man 1015	99	4	181
	i	burg)	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	22 27	4 69	252
»; >>		" To be ceded by	0 0 uno, 1010	~ }	00	
"		France to Allies for Netherlands(Luxem-	0.37	20	•	000
		burg)	3 Nov., 1815	38	1	327
29	• •	" Ceded by France to Allies	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	844
>>	• •	" Given by Allies to	20 21011, 2020		-) 3 -	
,,		Netherlands (Luxem-				
		burg)	8 Nov., 1816	64	1	488
> 5	• •	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
39	• •	,,	12 Mar., 1817	67	1 1 1	505
>>	• •	,,	17 April, 1817	69		512
	• •		20 July, 1819	95	84	606
Soulange	• •	France and Germany.			_	i
.		Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1 .	1958
Soulogne	• •	French Town. Occupied	00 37 1015	4.5		1
		by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	41	4	859
lourg	• •	France and Germany.	10 May 1971	446	1	1950
ourg-Bruch		Boundary	10 May, 1871	220	1	1996
ANTE-DI NOT		Germany. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	191
ourgas		70 - 4 3 4 - 70 - 1	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	816
o cry 2 and	• •	Bestored to Turkey	14 bept., 1020	130	4 Sep.	01
					Act (2)	830
Sourget	• •	Lake. Swiss Neutrality	8 Nov., 1815	38	4	328
.,	• •	" "	20 Nov., 1815	40	3	34
Journa Sola		Lake. Bessarabian Fron-	,	ŀ		ŀ
•		tier	30 May, 1856	264	20	1259
))	• •	,, ,,	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1298
Bourogne	• •	Commune. France and			_	
_		Germany. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1918
Boussu	• •	Canton. French Bound-	00.35		0.01	
		ary	80 May, 1814	1	3, § 1	200
Soutrinto	• •	Possession of Turkey	24 April, 1819	91		580
Bouxières	• •	Commune. France and Germany. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1918
Brabant			20 Feb., 10/1	200		1014
ra out	• •	land	15 Nov., 1831	158	4, § 2	862
			19 April, 1839	183	4, § 2	984
"	••), · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	994
))	••	,,	10 4 ' 1 1000	185	Annex	998
,, ,,	• •	South. Belgian Territory.		153 '	1	860
"	••	,,	10 4 1 1000	183	ī	982
"	• •	,,	19 April, 1839	184	1	994
,,	• •	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Fraitenbach	• •	Village. Secured to Ba-	•			
		varia. Pruseian			_	
		Limits	20 July, 1819	95	13	597

2135

6 x 2

Brand			other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	1	Village. Without Prussian				_
		Limits Coded by Austria	9 June, 1815	27	40	238
.		to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2 B	437
Brandenburg		Archives	22 Aug., 1866	387	12	1714
Frand Kreek	••	Belgium and Netherlands.				
		Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	2 A	59
ranore	••	Denmark and Schleswig.	5 Nov., 1842	195	8	102
PLUTOLA	••	* 1	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	163
răunfels		Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-	50 Oct., 1005	307		103
	i	sau to Prussis	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 17	18
**		,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	22
					118, § 8 Annex 8	27. 27
regens	••	Road to the Tyrol. Open				
	ľ	to the passage of	144 1 1010		_	
		Salt	14 April, 1816	53 27	8	43
Breitenfeld	••	Secured to Saxony	9 June, 1815	21	15	22
Breitungen	••	Property of Schwartzburg- Rudolstadt under				
	ł	Prussian Sovereignty	19 June, 1816	55	1	44
Brelagne	!	Village. France and Ger-	10 0 anc, 2020		_	
		many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add. Art.	196
remen		Private Claims on France.	25 April, 1818	79	3 7	54
	••	Toll of Elsfleth	14 Nov., 1818	86	34	56
33 71		And Hanover, Prussia, &c.	1211011, 2010		"	~
,,		Navigation of the]	ł	
	ľ	Weser, &c	9 Sept., 1823	117		70
,,	••	,,	10 Sept., 1823	118		70
"	••]	,,	10 Sept., 1823	119		71
	••	Ducker Assessed 4s	21 Dec., 1825	127	_	73
	••	Duchy. Annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393		100
		Free Town. Representa-	3 Oct., 1600	050		176
	••	tion and Voting at				
		German Federal Diet			Ì	
		and General As-				1
		sembly	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	20
		**	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 17	24
		TD 4 G 11 6		ł	58	24
**	••	" Do. at Council of North German Con-				
		fadametam	14 June, 1867	407	6	101
		Do at Council of	17 0 une, 1007	207	•	181
"	• •	German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	6	193
> >	• •	,, Comprised within				
		North German Con-		1		
			14 June, 1367	407	1	180
••	• •	" Comprised within			_	
		German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	198

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject,	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty	Ark	Page.
Bremen	Free Port. North German				
	Constitution	14 June, 1867	407	34	1818
,, -	tution	16 April, 1871	411	34	1939
"	Postal and Telegraph Service. North Ger-				
	man Constitution	14 June, 1867	407	51	182
••	1	16 April, 1871	414	51	194
Brenkhausen	_	10Aprii, 1071		O1	10-
D	burg. Cessions	• •	103	8	63
Brescello	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1841	200	4 9	105 105
,,	And Gualtieri. Renuncia-		1	J	
	tion by Modena of			_	
Bresgau	Jurisdiction between Retained by Austria.	8 Aug., 1849	216	1	111
arosear	Paris Couferences	1815	49		41
Breversroth	Ceded to the Netherlands		195	2	102
Brévine	Village. France and Neuf- chatel. Boundary	4 Nov., 1824	122		72
Briey	Canton. France and Ger-	4 NOV., 1024	122	_	12
•	many, Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	191
Brisgau		10 June, 1815 3 Nov., 1815	38	Note 9	33 33
,, Brixen	T	5 NOV., 1015		3	00
	Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	26
Brody	A	3 May, 1815	12	28	10
20	m D-:-:1	9 June, 1815	27	8	21
Bröger	Austria and Bavaria.	_			
Destile	Boundary Lordship. Prussian Sove-	16 Dec., 1850	228	3	114
Broik	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	24	22
Bruchstädt	Ceded by Schwartzburg -			•	1
	Sondershausen to Prussia	15 June, 1816	54	1	44
Bruck	A Estimate	100 dne, 1010		•	1
	Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	25
Bruckenau	Bailiwick. Excluded from cessions to Prussia.	9 June, 1815	27	40	23
,,	Reversen Indom-	J & and, 1010		35 0	20
,,	nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex	
				2 B. Note	88
,,	,, Ceded by Austria			11010	
,,	to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	1. 1	2	48
)) Dunalemailan	A Google de	20 July, 1819	95	2	58
Bruckweiler	Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	13	59
_				27	6
Brüninghor-	Village. Ceded by Prussia to Hanover	 25 June, 1857	181	1	0
stedt Brunshausen.	Toll. See Stade Toll.	20 0 ane, 1007	101	•	9
no fredherm denam;		I	l	1.	Ţ

-						
Name of Country, Place	30,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Brunstein	• •	Brunswick and Hanover.				
Brunswick	• •	Boundary Representation and Voting at German Federal	24 July, 1834	120	86	713
		Diet and General				
		Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 13 58	201 244 245
••	• •	" At Council of		,		
	ļ	North German Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
••	••	" At Council of German Empire	16 April,1871	444	6	1933
• •	• •	And Prussia. Exchange	00 W 1015		••	2 7000
		of Territory	29 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	21 27	11 118, § 6 Annex 6	177 273 275
,,		Private Claims on France Navigation of the Weser,	25 April, 1818	79	7	546
**	• •	&c	10 Feb., 1823	118	-	707
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	21 Dec., 1825	127	_	738
"	• •	And Hanover. Boundaries Electorate Loan	-		5	711
99 79	••	Comprised within North	28 Aug., 1819	96		616
			14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
)	••	Empire	16 April,1871	444	1	1931
**	• •	Luneburg. Late Electorate. See Hanover.				
Brussels	• •	Conference. Laws and				
**	• •	Usages of War		450	-	1974
», Brzesan	• •	", Proposed renewal Circle. Ceded by Russia	20 Jan., 1875	451		1976
21302411	• •	to Austria	9 June, 1815	27	5	218
Bubach	••	Commune. Retained by Austria	1 Tul- 1910	60	Preamble	
,,	• •	" Ceded by Austria			·	
,,	••	to Bavaria " Excluded from	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
_		cessions to Saxe- Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Bucharest	• •	Treaty. Russia and Tur-	00 16 1010	{	A 3!-	
**	• •	key Confirmed		131	Appendiz 1	748
77	•	,, Connrmed	1 Oct., 1829	147	, <u> </u>	836
"	• •	" Referred to	26 April, 1828	138		777
		>>	26 April, 1828	139		785
Buchenau		Given to Prussia	June, 1828 9 June, 1815	140 27	40	788 237
•,	• •	Jurisdiction. Ceded by	7 5 - 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20,			
		Prussia to Hesse			_	
		Cassel Secured to	16 Oct., 1815	87	1	822
"		Hesse Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	87	6	824

2138

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bucht-Schefin		0 T-1- 1004	101	74 75	- 10
Buckeburger- Waldthor	Boundary Hanover and Prussia	2 July, 1824 25 Nov., 1837	121 181	14—17 Preamble	716 9 6 7
	. Austria and Russia. Boundary	10 July, 1829	143	12	811
. .	. Given to Prussia		148	_	888
	Boundary		27 145	2	218 815
	To be restored to Turkey	1140-4 1000	145	4 Sep. Act (2)	830
?)	. Colonies. Komrat the Capital	6 Jan., 1857	276		1297
Bunits	Saxony to Prussia	21 Oct., 1866	398	21, § 6	1778
**	Supreme Power in	11 Amin' 1914		Annendiz	
•	France British Accession Arrangements confirmed	27 April, 1814		Appendix Appendix 2	
" Buonaparte	Napoleon. Escaped from Elba	05 Wab 1015	1	Note	342
••	. Landed in France. Treaties of Alliance against		_	Note	842
79	him		1 .	Appendix	
	sequent thereon Prince Louis Napoleon.	1815		Appendix	
99	President of French Republic	_	_		878
,,	Napoleon III. Dynasty re- established	2 Dec., 1852	_	Note	878
Buoncom- pagnie	Prince Ludovisi. Rights and Possessions in		97	100 5 0	000
Burbach	Piombino and Elba. Retroceded to Orange- Nassau	14 Tul- 1914	}	100, § 3 Appendix	266
• "	Bailiwick. Part given to Prussia and part to			pponum	
	Nassau	01 36- 1015	28 27	2, 8 24 25	185 228 229
Burge	. Township. Ceded by Austria to Bavaria.		60	118, § 8 Annex 8 Preamble	275
Burggräfen-	Commune. Ceded by Hesse	28 Oct., 1829	1		839
rode	Cassel to Hesse Darmstadt	29 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	57 58	1 4	455 460
	"	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 95	25	473 608

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Burgioss	Commune. Bavaria and				
	Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	887		1717
Burglichten- berg	Commune. Excepted from cessions to Bavaria	20 July, 1819	96	2	593
• • •	Given to Saxe-	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Büschdorf Busingen	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		838
Busey	Confines without French	31 Oct., 1854	54	1,4	1220
•	Limits Province. Turkish Poe-	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 7	6
	session	24 April, 1819	91		580
Buttstadt .	Military Road	22 Sept., 1815	34	9, § 2	3 10
Cabuletian .	Boundary Claims. Pro-				
	tocols, Paris, No. 8	1 Mar., 1856 30 May, 1814	268 1	3	1274
44 6 4	d'Amortissement," "de				1.5
Calais	French Town. Occupied		1	24, 25	15
Calenberg	by Allied Troops Principality. Annexed to		42	4	259
Calice	Prussia Italian Boundaries	3 Oct., 1866 28 Nov., 1844	393 200	<u> </u>	1760 1052
				5 9 2	1056
	Sovereignty of Modena Prussia and Brunswick. Exchange of Terri-	9 Dec., 1847	208	2	1085
Camberg	Retroceded to Orange-	29 May, 1815	21	11	177
Cambray	Nassau French Fortress. Occupied by Allied	14 July, 1814		Appendix	
	Troops	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
	Restored to Holy See Commune. Italy and	9 June, 1815	27	103	267
Campo Formio	Switzerland. Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	883	5	1494
_	France	17 Oct., 1797		Appendix	
,	,,		27	93 98	262 265
" Campolensi .	Italian Boundaries	20 Nov., 1815 28 Nov., 1844	45 200	9	388 1055
Candia .	. See Crete.				j
Canosilla . Canstatt .	Free Port. Navigation	28 Nov., 1844		9	1057
Cape of Goo	of the Neckar	1 July, 1842	194	17	1027
Hope . Cappenburg .	Ceded to Great Britain Secularised Provostship	13 Aug., 1814	_	5, § 3	46
Auhaunme .	restored to Prussia.	9 June, 1815	27	23	227

Name of Country, Place &c.	D ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Capraja		Island. Ceded to Sar-				
		dinia	20 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	19 27	1 85 118, § 13	157 2 60 2 73
				.	Annex 13	
Captures	••	See Prizes.				•
Carinthia		Upper. Austrian Sove-				
		reignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	26 3
Carlos	••	Don. See Charles Louis.	149 . 1000			015
Carnabat	••	Restored to Turkey	14Sept., 1829	145	2	815
Carniola	•••	Austrian Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	263
Carouge	•••	Protestant Church	29 Mar., 1815	10	3, § 3	72
72	•••	Road to Annecy. Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1 1	424
			20 July, 1819	95	41	610
,,		Road to Etrembieres.	2000, 1010			020
**	•	Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
29		,, ,, ,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
Carra		Route. Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
	,	,, ,, ,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
Carrara	••	Principality. Sovereignty				I
		of Archduchess		j	<u> </u>	1
		Maria Beatrice		1		
	1	d'Este	9 June, 1815	27	98	26
,,	••	Austrian rights of Succes-	0.7 1015	0=	00	000
		sion and Reversion	9 June, 1815		98	26
**	•••	United to Sardinia	•			1410
)) (1)		Protest of Pope	00 37 1044	3	9	105
Casetta Casoni	• •	Italian Boundaries Italian Boundaries	00 37 1044		9	105
Cassel		Town. Ceded to Hesse	20 1101., 1011			100
Constitution	••	Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	8	46
			20 July, 1819		20, § 2	60
Castel Vecc	hio	Italian Boundaries	00 37 1044	1	9	105
Castevoli		l 	00 TT 1044		5	105
				,	8	105
		_		1	9	105
Castiglione	• •	Contingent cession of				1
		District by Tuscany	0 T 1915	27	100 6 0	1
		to Modena	00 37 1044		102, § 2	
~ ."	• •	Italian Boundaries District. Austrian Sove-		200	9, § 2	108
Castua	• •	1 ·	0 T 1916	27	98	1
Cathalia		Mainte Vine of Oneig				20
Catholic	• •		8 June, 1817		_	5
Cattaro	• •	1 15 All a of the Amelian		'-		5
Carraro	• •	Sovereignty	1 A T 1015	27	93	2
Cattenom		Canton. France and Ger	•			"
		many. Boundary.	. 26 Feb., 1871		1	19
••	• •		. 10 May, 1871	446	1 1	19
Catzenelnbe) -	Lower Country. Ceded by	'			1 -
gen		Hesse - Cassel to	•			
- '		Prussia	. 16 Oct., 1818	87	2	8
		1	i .	1	•	1 `

Name of Country, Piace	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Caucasus	••	Russia and Turkey. Asiatic				
		Frontier	14 Sept., 1829	145	4	816
Cauledorf		See Kaulsdorf.	10.04.1000	054		1500
Cemeteries	••			354 263	•	1566
))	••	Turkey	18 Feb., 1856 10 Mar., 1856	268	-	1245 1275
**		France and Germany	10 May, 1871	446	16	1962
Cephalonia	••	See Ionian Islands.		1		
Cerobio .	• •	River. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1055
Cerigo	• •			1		
Cerneux	••	abatal	4 Nov., 1824	122	D	720
		custei	5 MUV., 1029	122	Preamble	7.50
Cerneux-		France and Neufchatel				
Pequignot		Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 6	6
	••	,, ,,	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	
Chabats	• •	Servian Fortress	4 Sept., 1862	338	6, 7	1520
Ohablais	••	Evacuation by Turkey Part of, to be included	10 April, 1867	404		1800
OTTOLINE	••	in Swiss Neutrality	20 May, 1815	19	8	158
**	• •)) 11 0 W 120 1 1 0 de l'adito j	9 June, 1815	27	92	262
••		13	•••	_,	118, § 13	
					Annex 13	
>>	••	33	3 Nov., 1815	38	4	828
**	••)	20 Nov., 1815	40	3	347
**	• •) ,	20 Nov., 1815 16 Mar., 1816	43 52	7	870
21	• •	"	20 July, 1819	95	48, § 1	427 613
))))		Beligion	00 36 303#	10	8, § 1	71
,,		, .]	§ 7	72
29	• •	,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 12	
					Annex 12	
**	• •	The series of th		52	12	429
**	••	Transit and Road Duties	16 Mar., 1816	52	6	426 427
		Swiss Protest against an-				
,,		nexation to France,				
		&c. See Savoy,		ļ		ı
,,,	• •	Switzerland.	1070			
Chable	••	Geneva Custom House		52	8	245
Chambery	••	Part of Sub-Prefecture. Secured to France		1	0 2 0	
Chancy		Geneva Boundary	00 36 - 1014	li	3, § 8 3, § 7	6
_		France and Spain. Boun-	, co, zozz	_	-, ; .	
•		dury	2 Dec., 1856	275	8, 9	1294
Charlemont	••	French Fortress. Occupied				
01. 1		by Allied Troops		40	5	347
Charles	••	7				
		Spain. Reversion. Parma, Placentia,				
			10 June, 1817	78	87	52 6
						527
	4		20 July, 1819	95	1 44	612
		,,	1 20 0 my, 1019	90	41 47	613

Name of Country, Place	е,	• Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Charles	••	Provision for Infant Don Carlos	22 April, 1834	171	6	944
, ,	••	Expulsion of Don Carlos from Portugal	22 April, 1834	171	1, 2	942 943
,, Chateau-Sal	 Ine	District. France and Ger-	18 Aug., 1834	178		949
Chaumont	•••	many. Boundary Treaty. Great Britain and	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
"	••	Austria	1 Mar., 1814		Appendix	
"		Prussia Great Britain and	1 Mar., 1814	<u></u>	Note	2045
,,	• •	Russia Alliance Renewed	1 Mar., 1814 20 Nov., 1815	44	Note Preamble	
Chavanatte	••	Village. France and Ger- many. Boundary	10 May , 1871	446	Annex 3 Add. Art.	374 1963
Chavannes-l Grands	65 -	" France and Ger- many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	3 Add. Art.	1963
Chelmoe	• •	" Prussian Boun-	0 Tune 1915	97	8 2	016
Chêne	• •	dary	9 June, 1815 3 Nov., 1815	27 88	5	217 329
,,	• •		16 Mar., 1816	52	Preamble	
Cheney		Geneva Custom House		52	8	425
Cherson	• •	See Kherson.	•			
Cheane	• •	See Chêne.				<u> </u>
Chiavenna	••	Valley. Austrian Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	94, § 2	263
"	••	tria and Switzerland	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 5	264
Chimay	• •	Canton. Given to France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 1	4
Chlewiska Christes	••		9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Christian	• •	Majesty, Most. King of France	8 Oct., 1866 30 May, 1814	397 1	6 8	1770
,, Chrosein		Privileges. See Religion. Village. Prussia and	20 Nov., 1815	40	-	842 842
,, .		Russia. Boundary Churches. Turkey	13 Dec., 1836 18 Feb., 1856	180 263	-	964 1245
Ciano	••	District. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1058
Cinquale Cisa	••	River. Italian Bound-	•	200	5	1056
- Cithæron	• •	aries Continental Boundary of			5	1052
Civiglia	••	Greece Italian Boundaries	12 Dec., 1828 28 Nov., 1844	141 200	§ 4 9	800 1057

Name of Country, Pla	ice,	Sulfect.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Cladova Claims	• •	See Feth-Islam. Government Claims. See Contracts.				
91	• •	On France. ,, Private Individuals and others	30 May, 1814	1	19—26, 30, 31	1 3 15 16
			· I		Sep. Art. 5	19
11	• •	"British Subjects	30 May, 1814	_	Add. Art.	21
70	• •	,,	20 Nov., 1815	46	4	39 8
**	••	,,	20 Nov., 1815	46		410
••	••	99	25 April, 1818	80	Add. Art.	l control
"	• •	" Bordeaux	1	80		553
18	••	5	4 July, 1818	80	Add. Art.	553
**	• •	" Private Claims. Great		ļ	Add. Art.	
		Britain, Austria,	00 N - 1015	40		
	i	Prussia, Russia	20 Nov., 1815	40	_	347
**	• •	,	20 Nov., 1815	45	_	376
**	• •	French and Portuguese	25 April, 1818	79	_	541
"	• •	French and Portuguese Subjects	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art. 2	24
**	••	Austria and Russia. Poland	3 May, 1815	12	34	103
) 1		Denmark and Prussia	4 June, 1815	25	9	108
,,	• •	Russia and Turkey	7 Oct., 1826	131	6	751
"	• •	Holland and Belgium	15 April, 1831	153	22, 23	869
•		••	19 April, 1839	183	21, 22	992
		99	19 April, 1839	184	21, 22	994
		>>	19 April, 1839		Annex	998
,,	••	Ionian Islands	19 Oct., 1863	354	8, 5	1566 1567
Clausthal	••	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	48, 50 93, 94	713 713
Clemancy	••	Town. Secured to Lux-				
		emburg	15 Nov., 1881	158	2 2	860
3)	• •	,,	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
**	• •	,,,	19 April, 1839	184	. 2	994
""	• •		19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Cleves	••	Duchy. Part restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23 25	227 230
		And United Provinces.				200
**	••	Boundary as in 1795	31 May, 1815	22 27	2 66	181
mo"	• •	Village. Included in Dis-	9 June, 1815		00	250
Olo	• •	'A . A . C C	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
Coblents		Military Road to Erfurt	31 May, 1815	23	15	189
	• •		30 June, 1816	58	24	469
"	• •	,,	30 June, 1816	59	24	473
))	• •	,,	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
**	• •	,,			-	

## To Liege and Maestricht	Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
## To Liege and Maestricht	Coblents			5 0		4.00
## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht ## To Liege and Masetricht				1		469
## To Liege and Maestricht 8 Nov., 1816 64 19 44 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	••	" "				478
Maestricht 8 Nov., 1816 64 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 18		//		85	23	602
Tochlar Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to France Given to Great Britain Goldetta Given to Great Britain Goldetta Given to Geneva Geneva	>>		•	GA.	10	405
Cocheren Given to France 23 Oct. 1829 148 180	••			_		
Cocletta						839
Collex-Bussy. Commune. Given to Switzerland for Canton of Geneva 20 Nov., 1814 200 9 106				_	2	48
Collex-Bussy Commune. Given to Switzerland for Canton of Geneva Reunited to Geneva Collonge Recunited to Geneva Boundary Collonge Road. Geneva Boundary Collong Commune. Ceded by Saxony to Prussia Collong di Grecolo Cologne Locality . Italy and Switzerland . Boundary Districts of ancient Archbishopric. Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Rectorate. Debts South Sayony to Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Rectorate. Debts South Sayony to Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty South Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty South Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty South Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty South					_	20
Collex-Bussy. Commune. Given to Switzerland for Canton of Geneva 20 Nov., 1815 40 1, § 3 34 34 34 34 34 34 34				200	9	1057
Reunited to Genera	Collex-Bussy	. Commune. Given to Switzerland for Can				200,
Collonge Commune Coded by Saxony to Prussia Commune Coded by Saxony to Prussia Canal, &c Locality Italy and Switzerland Boundary Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Commune Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Archbishopric Prussian Sovereignty Coded by Districts of ancient Districts Distr	"	. , Reunited to			1, § 3	845
Collou	-	1				610
Colmar	Collonge	. Koad. Geneva Boundary	1	•		424
Saxony to Prussia Canal, &c. Canal, &c	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	95	41	610
Colmar	сопол		1	000	07.00	- -
Colory-la- Col	Colmon					1778
Cologne			. 11 Dec., 1871	449	1.0	1970
Districts of ancient Archbishopric. Prussian Sovereignty				200	.	1400
bishopric. Prussian Sovereignty Town. Prussian Sovereignty Ricctorate. Debts Ricctorate. Debts Silectorate. Debts Solume, 1815 27 25 25 Solume, 1816 58 19 44 Solume, 1816 59 19 47 Solume, 1816 58 19 44 Solume, 1816 58 19 44 Solume, 1816 58 19 Solume, 1816 58 19 Solume, 1816 58 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Mar., 1816 52 3 42 Solume, 1816 59 19 Solume, 1816 59 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 59 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 59 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 59 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 59 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 58 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 58 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 Solume, 1816 58 If Oct., 1868 412 — 186 If Oct., 18	A			335	8	1468
Sovereignty	COTOR NO		N .			
Town. Prussian Sovereignty				27	94	228
Teignty Teig					2.3	220
Colory-la- Booke	***			27	25	231
Cologny	••	1731 - A A T - 1 A				466
Cologny		. , , ,				479
Gologny Geneva Custom House Geneva Custom House Geneva Custom House Geneva Custom House Geneva Custom House Geneva Custom House See France and Netherlands, Colonies, &c. Number of Troops to be Limited in Colonies restored to Great Britain and Netherlands Commune. France and Germany. Boundary Commune. France and Germany. Boundary 26 Feb., 1871 438 1 191 Commachio Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison Relations: Great Britain and France 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.				1		1735
Cologny Cologny Colongette Colonies Col						
Colonies Geneva Custom House See France and Netherlands, Colonies, &c. "" See France and Netherlands, Colonies, &c. Number of Troops to be Limited in Colonies restored to Great Britain and Netherlands Commune. France and Germany. Boundary Venaissin. See Venaissin. Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison Relations: Great Britain and France Geneva Custom House 16 Mar., 1816 52 3 42 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	••			412	_	1852
Colonies See France and Nether-lands, Colonies, &c. Number of Troops to be Limited in Colonies restored to Great Britain and Nether-lands Commune. France and Germany. Bound- ary Venaissin. See Venaissin. Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison Relations: Great Britain and France. Gommay 13 Aug., 1814 5 4 4 5 4 6 6 Feb., 1871 438 1 191 10 Nov., 1859 304 — 141	Cologny				3	425
lands, Colonies, &c. Number of Troops to be Limited in Colonies restored to Great Britain and Nether- lands Commune. France and Germany. Bound- ary Venaissin. See Venaissin. Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison Relations: Great Britain and France . 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	Colongette			52	3	425
Number of Troops to be Limited in Colonies restored to Great Britain and Nether- lands Commune. France and Germany. Bound- ary	Colonies	_	•			
Limited in Colonies restored to Great Britain and Nether-lands				i		
restored to Great Britain and Nether- lands	99			ł		
Britain and Nether-lands		N Company of the Comp				
Colroy-la- Roche Commune. France and Germany. Boundary						
Commune. France and Germany. Boundary						
Comitat Venaissin. See Venaissin. Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison 9 June, 1815 27 103 26 Commerce Relations : Great Britain and France 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	Claiman Ia			•	4	44
Comitat Venaissin. See Venaissin. Commachio Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison 9 June, 1815 27 103 24 Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison 10 Nov., 1859 304 — 141 Commerce Relations: Great Britain and France . 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	•		1			
Commachio Venaissin. See Venaissin. Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison	Prootte	•		498		1010
Commachio Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison 9 June, 1815 27 103 26 Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison 10 Nov., 1859 304 Relations : Great Britain and France . 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	Comitat		,	300		1912
of Garrison 9 June, 1815 27 103 Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison Relations : Great Britain and France . 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	_		1			
Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison 10 Nov., 1859 304 — Relations: Great Britain and France . 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	Comments			27	201	900
right of Garrison 10 Nov., 1859 304 — 143 Relations: Great Britain and France. 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.					700	268
Commerce Relations: Great Britain and France . 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.))	right of Garrison .		304		1410
,, Great Britain and France. 30 May, 1814 1 Add. Art.	Commerce	. Relations:				1912
,		. Great Britain and France	. 30 May, 1814	1	Add. Ant.	
i i i Ki (,,			ł	5	22

Name of Country, Place	10 ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Commerce		Relations:				
		France and British India	30 May, 1814	1	12	10
))))	•••	Parasa and Garin	20 July, 1814	8	Add. Art.	36
> 1	••	Russia and Turkey	7 Oct., 1826	181	7, §§ 2, 3, Annex I	752 756
71		Turks and Servians in	D . 1000	160		931
••		Belgrade Austria and Sardinia	Dec., 1888 6 Aug., 1849	169 2:5	§ 8 Add. Art. 5	
**	••	Abrogation of Convention of 11 March, 1751,				
		between Sardinia and Lombardy	6 Aug., 1849	215	Add. Art.	1109
,, Dame = 2004 cm		Russia and Turkey	30 Mar., 1856	264	22	1264
Jompessier		Commune. Genera Bound-	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
		ary	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
Jonde	• •	French Fortress. Occu-	, ,			
		pied by Allied	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	847
Conference, de la	Ile	Troops See Faisans, Ile des.	20 100., 1010			
Conferences	•••	And Congress. Periodical Meetings to be held				
		of Sovereigns, or	90 Nov 1918	44	6	395
		Ministers, of 4 Powers Ditto of 5 Powers	20 Nov., 1815 15 Nov., 1816	87	§ 4	572
))	•••		15 Nov., 1818	88	, <u>-</u>	573
) 1	• •	Territorial Arrangements	1			
1)	••	Vienns	Nov., 1814—	80	–	286
**	• •	Aix-la-Chapelle	June, 1815 Nov., 1818	8389	_	561 579
,, •		Troppau	8 Dec., 1820	106	-	658
,, -					Appendix	
**	• •	Laybach	19 Jan., 1821	107		664
"	• •	,, ,, ,,	12 May, 1821	108	Appendix	667
	• •	Verona	28 Nov., 1822	113		695
> 1	••	8 Powers. Affairs of Greece. (Poros.)		141	_	796
**	••	3 Powers. Affairs of Greece. (London.)	22 Mar., 1829	142		804
. 21		3 Powers. Affairs of	22 111., 1020	1		
• "		Greece. (London.)	18271830	149	Appendix	841
,,	• •	4 Powers. Dutch Fort-resses. (London.)	17 April, 1881	152	_	856
)	• •	Affairs of			Annendir	
,,	• •	Belgium. (London.) 4 Powers. Affairs of the Levant. (London.)		192	Appendix —	1021
		Levant. (London.) 2146	1840			

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Conferences .	4 Powers. Pacification of Portugal. (London.) , Proposed Con	21 May, 1847	205	_	1077
,,	gress. Affairs of Italy, &c	f . October, 1848	_	Appendix	
,,	Danish Monarchy (London.)	. 4 July, 1850	222 223	_	1133 1136
,,	. ,, ,, ,,	. 2 Aug., 1850	L		1137
,,	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2 Aug., 1850	223	•	1
>>	Greece. Greek Succession. (London.	-	_	Note	1158
,,	. 4 Powers. War. Russia an Turkey. (Vienna.	d) Dec., 1858— Mar., 1854		Note	1178 1224
**	10 Domen Integrity	•			
••	Ottoman Empire (Vienna.)	9 April, 1854 23 May, 1854	241 248	_	1191 121
>0	. 3 Powers. Eastern Quetion. Russian Wa	r 28 Dec., 1854	258	_	122
**	Eastern Question (Vienna.)	March—June	258	-	123
>>	" Proposed discussion of Affairs Poland in Con	of	_	Note	168
>+	ferences 7 Powers. Peace with Russia. (Paris.)	h .	268	_	127
"	. 13 States. Sound Due (Copenhagen.)	es. Feb.—Mar., 185'	_	Appendi	
**	7 Powers. Turco-Russia Boundary in Asia 7 Powers. Moldavia and	28 April, 1850	284	-	182
>	(Paris.)	May—Aug., 1858	285	. —	182
>>	. 7 Powers. Moldavia an Wallachia. (Paris	1859		-	137
**	Turkey. (Paris.) 5 Powers. Syria and Turkey. (Paris.) 5 Powers. Syria. (Beyrou	1860—1861 t.) 1860—1861	l —	Appendi	14
77	7 Powers. Servia	July—Sept. 1863	* 1	Appendi	K
		47			

2147

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Conferences	8 Powers and Denmark. Greek Succession	May—June, 1863	343		153
,,	4 Powers. Great Britain, France, Russia, and Denmark. Title,	A O.4	344	-	153
	King of Greece 5 Powers, and Denmark.	Aug.—Oct., 1863	352 353	_	156 156
», · · ·	Union of Ionian Islands to Greece	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	345		1539
		1864	350	_	1559
	7 Dames Was Demonk	_	354		1565
,,	7 Powers. War. Denmark and Germany	April—June, 1864	362	_	1611
,,	7 Powers. Principalities, &c. Danube	Mar.—June,			
		1866	375		1650
••	8 Powers. Luxemburg 7 Powers. Relations.	May, 1867	406		1806
,,	Grecce and Turkey.	Jan.—Feb., 1869	417	***	1868
,,	Powers. Black Sea and Danube. London	Jan.—Mar.,			
		1871	441	-	1926
,, ••	France and Germany	July—Dec., 1871	448		1966
,,	Rules and Usages of War	A 1974	450		1794
	Brussels Proposed renewal	Aug., 1874 20 Jan., 1875	451	_	1976
"	Conferences Proposed since 1856:	20 3 8 11., 1070			
,,	Congress. Affairs of Italy	Mar., 1859		Note	1411
,,	" Cession of Savoy to France Affairs of	June, 1860	319		1448
,, ••	Poland	_ 1863		Note	1581
,,	,, Affairs of Europe	Nov., 1863	356	_	1575
»	" Do	May,—June, 1866	377	_	1655
Confiscations	_	1000			1000
Congress	Sequestrations. To meet at Vienns	30 May, 1814	1	32	17
,, ··	Treaty. 8 Powers. Settle-	, 2022	_	- -	
••	ment of Territorial Arrangements of Europe, disarranged	•			
	by French Revolu- tionary War. (Vienna.)	9 June, 1815	27		208

Name of Country, Place &c.	B, '	Sabject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Constance	••	Town. Sovereignty of				• !
		- •	28 Mar., 1831		Note	1219
33		Lake Austria and Bavaria.	30 Jan., 1844	197	1, 8, 12	103
23			16 Dec., 1850	22 8	4, 5, 6,	114
33 70		Boundary	31 Oct., 1854	251	1	129
Constantino	ple	Treaty of. Russia and Turkey	8 July, 1933	. 168 .		92
22	• •		27 Mar., 1836		_	96
,, ,,	••	Defence of by Allies against	·			!
		Mehemet Ali See also Bosyhorus.	15 July, 1840	190	3	· 101
onsuls	•	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30 Mar., 1856	264	12, § 2	125
,,			16 April, 1871	411	56	194
Onurcharo	••	Rivulet. France and Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	5	129
Contracts	• •	Government Claims can-	•	•		i
		celied	30 May, 1814		18 Add. Art.	! 1
•		O to O' to Don'	0 T 1015	ا جوء	5 25	1 1
ons	• •	Canton. Given to Prussia Part to be ceded	9 June, 1815	. Z /	Zə	22
27	••	by Austria to Prus-		·	' !	
		6ia	3 Nov., 1815	38 .	Annex 1	33
oprina	• •	Greek Limits. Salt		•		}
		Springs left to Tur- key	21 July, 1832	161	' 1	90
oracos		Greek Limits. Left to		•	•	į
_		Turkey		161	1	90
orax	••	Mount. Continental Boundary of Greece		141	§ 4	80
orbey	••	Principality. Prussian	12 200., 1520		, 3-	\ \ \ \
		Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	24	25
orfu		See Ionian Islands.			<u>!</u>	
orinth	••	Lethmus. Claims of Greece to Indepen-				1
		dence	12 Dec., 1828	141	. § 2	75
"	• •	Gulf. Maritime Desences	19 Dec 1099	141	' C 9	! ~
ormière		of Greece Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	§ 3 1	7.
Ormiere	••	Geneva Dountary	20 July, 1519	95	41	6
ornier	••	Confines. Without French		_		1
		Limits Principality. Celed by	30 May, 1814	. 1	3, § 7	•
orvey	• •	Prussia to Hesse-		•		•
		Rothenburg	10 May, 1820	103	1	6
ossen	• •	Commune. Celei by Sax-	•		1	1
_		ony to Prussia Elbe Toll House	21 Uct., 1966 93 June 1991	393 110	21, § 5	
oswig		Department. Franco-	<i>₩</i> = UHC, 1321	LIU	16	, 6
ote d'Or	••	German War	28 Jan., 1871	434	. 1	· 19
		. 79	15 Feb., 1571	437	5	19

2149

ووروب المساور والمساور	9,	Subject.	other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Cottbus		(Circle of) And Sazony.				
		Accounts	18 May, 1815	16	12	140
>	••	,, Restored to Pru-sis	9 June, 1815	27	00	020
••	••	Claima	28 Aug., 1819	96	23 16	226 618
ottendorf	• •	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	10	839
Could	••	Restored to Proprietors	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	756
Coussel	••	Canton. Bavarian Indem- nity				}
•		Dan and L	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2A	; 334
• ,,	••	Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	58	2	436
> 7		"	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
,,	••	, Part ceded by			_	
•		Austria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
**	••	" Part given to Saxe-Coburg	, 20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Dracow	••	Free City. Independence	20041, 1010		20	003
		and Neutrality	3 May, 1815	12	4	96
,,	• •))	3 May, 1815	13	2	107
> 1	••	22	3 May, 1815	14	1 1	121
))	••	" Suppressed by	9 June, 1815	27	6	218
		Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Treaties of 3 May, 1815, re- voked, and City and Territory Annexed to Austria	6 Nov., 1846	201		1061
) 1	••	Constitution	3 May, 1815	15	_	127
,, ,		" Approved and	9 June, 1815	27	10 118, § 3 Annex 3	
		Guaranteed by Austria, Prussia,				
		and Russia	3 May, 1815	14	7	122
"	•	Polish Language Protection of Austria,	3 May, 1815	15	20	133
"		Prussia, and Russia	3 May, 1815	14	1	121
>>	••	" "	9 June, 1815	27	6, 7	122 218
>>	••	Poland and Silesia. Boundary.	9 Mar. 1015	,,	9	219
> >	••	•	8 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	14 27	2	121
»	•	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	4 Mar., 1835	175	4, 7 1	218 954
"	• •	Surrender of Deserters,	-		•	J J2
>>		&c Poland and Gallicia. Frontier	9 June, 1815	27	9	220
**	••	Prussia and Russia. Boun-	26 Dec., 1826	133	1	762
>>		dary	13 Dec., 1836	180		964

INDEX.

~~~~~~~~						
Name of			Date of Treaty	No. of		
Country, Place	∍,	Subject.	or	Treaty.	≜ rt.	Page.
&c.			other Document.			
Cracow	••	British Protest	23 Nov., 1846	203	*****	1068
"	••	French ditto	3 Dec., 1846	204	! — !	1073
>>	••	See also Poland, Pod-		•		
Crajova		Banat of. Restored to				·
		Turkey '	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
Crete	••	Insular Boundary of	10.7	- 4-		
		Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 8	801
"	••	Confirmed to Turkey Paris Conferences. 7	20 Feb., 1830		Appendix	
"	••	Powers	Jan.—Feb.,			
		100015	1869	417	_	1868
,,		Declaration. 7 Powers.	2000	,	•	-500
"		Relations. Greece				1
		and Turkey	20 Jan., 1869	416		1864
Creunchenbe	orn		9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Creutznach	• •	See Kreutznach.				1
Crevin	••	Geneva Boundary	,	52	1	424
, 99	• •		20 July, 1819	95	41	611
Crimean Wa	r	War declared by Turkey	10		{	
		against Russia	4 Oct., 1853	234	_	1171
"	••	" by Russia against Turkey	1 Nov., 1853	235		1177
		against Turkey ,, by France	1 1404., 1000	200		
>>	• •	against Russia.	27 Mar., 1854	239	l	1186
	• •	Message to British Parlia-		200		-200
>>	••	ment	27 Mar., 1854	238		1185
>>	••	War declared by Great				
••		Britain against		· ·		ŀ
		Russia	28 Mar., 1854	240		1187
> 3	••	Vienna Conferences	Mar., June,			1
•			1855	258	<u> </u>	1233
"	• •		Feb., Apr., 1856			1274
,	• •	Treaty of Peace (Paris)	30 Mar., 1856	264	_	1250
"	• •	See also Russia, Black Sea,				ł
		Aland Islands, Dar-				
		danelles. Cemeteries, &c.				1
Croatia	••		9 June, 1815	27	93	268
Cronenberg	••	See Kronenberg.				
Cronweiler	• •	Town. Given to Prussis	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Crossen	• •	Town. Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Croy	• •	Duke of. Relations with	_			
.		Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
Culmla	• •	District. Secured to	000-4 101	40	1	900
Omm =113		Prussia	22 Sept., 1815	43	1, § 6	306
Cunelières	• •	Village. France and Ger-	10 Ma- 1971	446	Add. Art.	ļ
Cusel	•	many. Boundary See Coussel.	10 May, 1871	220	Add. Art.	1963
Custom-	• •	Houses:—	i			1000
	• •	Prussia and Netherlands	8 Nov., 1816	64	17	495
"	• •	Registers. Navigation of		-		
••		the Po	3 July, 1849	212	16	1101
		1	F	I	•	1

x 2

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Justom	Houses:—				
,,	France and Monaco. Union	2 Feb., 1861	828	6	1464
,,	See also Geneva.				
Justoms	Passage of Greek Vessels through Gulf of				
	Arta	21 July, 1882	161	6	906
Justom Dues	Turkey and Servia	Oct., 1830	150		844
Cyclades		00.36 - 1000	140		905
	Greece Village. Included in Dis-	22 Mar., 18 2 9	142		808
Smilice	trict of Cracow	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
Däbrits	District ceded by Prussia				
	to Saxe Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	84	1, § 6	800
Dageraad	Estate in Berbice	12 Aug., 1815	82	11	301
Dahn	Canton. French Bound-				
	ary	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 5	8
Dalherdakuppe	1 7 1	22 Aug., 18	387		1717
Dalmatia	Boundary Austrian Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	262
Dammersfeld-	Bavaria and Prussia.	50 and, 1010]
Kuppenrain	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Danish Duchies	Austrian and Prussian As-		•		
	surances	31 Jan., 1864		Note	1640
,,	Convention. Austria and Prussia. (Gastein)	14 4 1965	370		1.000
,,	" French Circular	14 Aug., 1865 29 Aug., 1865	370	Note	1638 1646
"	" British do.	14 Sept., 1865	872		164
, ,	See also Schleswig-Hol-				
	stein and Lauen- burg.				
Dankbaarheid	Estate in Berbice	12 Aug., 1815	32	11	30
Danndorf	Bailiwick. Coded by				
	Prussia to Saxe-				
A	Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 8 d	30
Dano-German	War Assurances given by Aus-	1848—1849	214	Notes	1100
,,	tria and Prussia to				
	Great Britain and		ļ		
	France	31 Jan., 1864	864		1644
,,	Conferences. London	April—			
D 4 49	Q	June, 1864	862		161
Dantweiler	T)	90 71_ 1910	95	13	EU.
	Prussia	20 July, 1819	30	28	590 60-
Dantzig	Restored to Prussia	4 June, 1815	27	23	22
Danute	Kilia, Sulina, and St.				
	George Mouths.				
	Navigation	14 Sept., 1829	145	3 5	81
	**	25 July, 1840	191	5	101

Name o Country, Pi			Subject.	·•	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Danube	••		ection of Fortification		14 Sept., 1829	145	3	810
"	• • ·	Neutral b	l Territory ank of St.	on right				
99	••	Non-er	Channel ection of Forts or Mi		14 Sept., 1829	145	3	810
		I le	Establishme eft Bank	ents on	14 Sept., 1829	145		82
"	••	r	tion of cowns on l	eft Bank	146 4 1000			
,,	••	"	o Wallachi Bounda davia	ry. Mol-	14 Sept., 1829	1 4 5		82
			Walls		14 Sept., 1829	145		82
			~ " .	_	1834	174	_	95
"	••	"	Sovereig Islan:	nty over ls	14 Sept., 1829	145	3	81 82
))		1834	174	_	95
"	• •		avigation.					
		8	nd Russia	••	25 July, 1840	191		101
			Moldavi	ia and	13 Nov., 1850	226		114
37	• • •	"		lachia	14 Sep., 1829	145		82
))	• •	,, 2	nd Point.			250	§ 2	121
					00 D 30K4	070	•	121
"	• •	"	Public	Law of	28 Dec., 1854	253	§ 2	122
,,	• •		Europe. G	•	30 Mar., 1856	264	15	125
"	• •	"	antine	Qua-	14 Sep , 1829	145	_	82
			"		30 Mar., 1856	264	15	125
**	• •	,, 1	nission, Dı		30 Mar., 1856	264	16, 18	125
22	• •	"	nission	n Com-	30 Mar., 1856	264	17	125
	•))	essels at	6 Sep., 1859	300		137
"		" 1	fouths of.		30 Mar, 1856	264	19	125
			())		30 Mar., 1856	265	3	126
"	• •	"	Confere	nces. Vienna,				}
		,,	2nd Point	•	21 Mar., 1855	258	****	123
1)	• •	"	"	No. 5	23 Mar., 1855	258		123
"	• •	29	Confere		07 77 1 1070	000		
				is, No. 1 No. 2	25 Feb., 1856	268		127
22	• •))))))))	No. 5	28 Feb., 1856 6 Mar., 1856	268 268	_	127 127
))))	• •	"	" "		12 Mar., 1856	268	_	127
2)	••	,,	"	No. 10	18 Mar., 1856	268		127
))	••	"	"	No. 18	29 Mar., 1856	268	'—	127
	ļ			2153	ı	1		Í

Name of Country, Pis		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Danube		Free Navigation. Danube				
		and Lower Pruth.				
		Removal of Russia	90 M 1050	004	90	1
		from	80 Mar., 1856	264	20	125
		**	6 Jan., 1857 6 Jan., 1857	276		129
		Cataracts and Iron Gates.	U #MI., 1007	277		129
"	••	Provisional Tax	13 Mar., 1871	439	6	192
))	••	Conferences. London	Jan.—			
**	**		Mar., 1871	441		199
**	••	Isle of Scrpents	6 Jan., 1857	276		129
		•,,	6 Jan., 1857	277		129
•	- 1		19 June, 1857	282	2	132
33	••	Delta annexed to Mol-	00 37 15-5			
		davia	30 Mar., 1856	264	21	126
**	••	" Replaced under Sove-				1
		reignty of Sublime Porte	7 Tam 1957	276		100
			7 Jan., 1857 6 Jan., 1857	277	_	129 129
		Riverain "Commission."	O Gan., 1007			1.5 3
))	•	Act	7 Nov., 1857		Note	125
			. 2.000, 2000		Note	137
))		" Protocols of Con-				
	ļ	ferences. Paris:-				
		No. 14	9 Aug., 1858	285		132
		No. 18	16 Aug., 1858	285		132
		No. 19	19 Aug., 1858	285		132
"	••]	" Regulations	21 Nov., 1864	375		165
					Note	125
		" Public Act	2 Nov., 1865	375	Note	137
**		Commedian and	28 Mar., 1866	375	Note	165 165
"		" ssanctioned	9 Nov., 1870			165
"		,, ,, Treaty	18 Mar., 1871	439	5	192
"	• •	Duration of European				
		Commission, No. 6	24 April,1866	375		165
,,	••	" " No. 7		375		165
"	••	" " No. 8	17 May, 1866	375		165
>>	•• [" " Extended	40.35			
		to 24 April, 1883	13 Mar., 1871	439	4	192
**	••	Danube Works. Loan	30 April, 1868	410	*****	183
))	• •	,, Act of Parlia- ment, 31 & 32 Vict.,				i
	1	a 198	31 July, 1868		Note	104
))		Treate	13 Mar., 1871	439	4	184 192
"		,, ,, Neutrality	13 Mar., 1871	439	7	192
anubian I		See Moldavia, Wallachia,	,,		•	•••
cipalities	, [Servia.				
		· 2154				1

Name of Country, Place	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
appes		See Vallée des Dappes.				
ardanelles	• •	Opened to Merchant Ships				
•		of Russia and of				
		Powers at Peace with	14 0 1000	4 4 50		01
		Turkey And Bosphorus. Straits	14 Sep., 1829	145	7	81
"	• •	And Bosphorus. Straits closed to Foreign				•
		Vessels of War	8 July, 1833	168	Sep. Art.	92
>>		**	15 July, 1840	190	3, 4	101
"		>>	15 July, 1840	192	_	102
"	• •	"	13 July, 1841	193	-	102
			0 Amril 1954	241		102
"	• •	**	9 April, 1854 8 Aug., 1854	250		121
"	• •	"	30 Mar., 1856	261	10	125
>>		"	30 Mar., 1856	265	_	126
"	• •	,, Confirmed	13 Mar., 1871	439	8	192
>>	• •	Protocols. 1841. Passes	00.35	204		101
		to Light Vessels	30 Mar., 1856	264	10, 16, 17	
•		Conferences. Vienna. 8rd				126
**	• •	Point. No. 11	19 April, 1855	258		123
		No. 12		258		12
			26 April, 1855	258		123
> 9	• •		28 Feb., 1856	268	1111	12
>>	• •	" No. 4	,	268	-	12'
"	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	18 Mar., 1856	268	_	12
>>	• •	,, No. 16 Treaty. 7 Powers	10 15 1001	268 439		12's
))	• • •	List of Ships of War which	10 1131., 10/1	100		
"		passed through	1856—1870		Note	189
ärmstadt		District. Ceded by Prussia				
		to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 76	30
aunne	• •	Parish. Hanover and	4 Th.L 1016	ce	0.0	21
\absolute		Oldenburg Government. Contracts,	4 Feb., 1817	66	2, 6	50
ebt s	• •	&c., cancelled	30 May, 1814	1	18]
> >		Sec also Claims. Prisoners	00 222, 2022	_		_
**		of War.				,
**	• •		30 May, 1814	1	16	
>>	• •	In Ceded Countries	30 May, 1814	1	21, 26, 3 0	
			3 June, 1814	2	7, 8	1
**	• •	,,	21 July, 1814	4	6	
**	••	"	0, _ 0	_		18
)	••	**	18 May, 1815	16	6, 9	18
					10	18
			00 35 1017	10	24	14
,,	• •	>> `	20 May, 1815	19 21	7 9	16 17
? 3	• •	"	29 May, 1815 31 May, 1815	21 23	8	18
"	• •	"	di may, 1010		16	18
					17	19

	Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page.
	Debts	In Ceded Countries	9 June, 1815	27		27: 27:
20 Nov., 1815 45 9 3: 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1815 28 7 29 10 June, 1816 35 3 3 3 3 3 3	,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	22 Sept., 1815	24	10	310
10 June, 1815 28 7 28 7 28 7 28 7 28 7 29 28 7 28 29 28 7 29 28 7 29 28 7 28 29 28 7 29 28 7 28 29 28 7 28 29 29 28 7 28 28 29 29 28 28 29 28 28	,,	99	20 Nov., 1815	45		34
1		1		28	; 7	280
12 Mar, 1817 68 3 56 69 7 1818 172 6 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	,,	,,		1		439
31 May, 1834 172 6	,,)	•			50:
28 Nov., 1844 200 6 10.	"	"		B .		50
7 Dec., 1849 217 5 11. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1863 354 3 15. 7 Dec., 1866 4 16. 8 Dec., 1866 318 2 17. 8 Dec., 1866 318 2 18. 8 Dec., 1866 318 2 18. 9 Dec., 1868 414 9 18. 9 Dec., 1868 414 9 18. 9 Dec., 1868 414 9 18. 9 Dec., 1868 414 9 18. 9 Dec., 1868 414 9 18. 9 Dec., 1868 414 9 18. 9 Dec., 18	**					949
19 Oct., 1863 354 3 156 157				I .	II .	
	**		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1560
	,,	<i>"</i>]			156
	,,	,,		366	1	162
Sec Arbitrations		1 29		 —	Note	162
Deckenhard Commune. Given to Oldonburg. Commune. Given to Oldonburg. Commune. Given to Oldonburg. Commune. Given to Oldonburg. Commune. Given to Oldonburg. Commune.		99	23 Aug., 1866	318	2	172
Comparison Com			[4	[
Saxony. House of Schönburg	Deckentierd		90 July 1810	02	97 90	CO
burg	Declaration			90	21,20	60-
## Austria, Prussia, Russia Breaking up of Conferences of Laybach. France and Prussia. District of Leyen ### Prussia. Neutrality of Neufchatel and Valengin ### Creat Britain and France. ### War Trophies ### Creat Britain and France. ### War Trophies ### Creat Britain and France. ### Prussia. Neutrality of Neufchatel and Valengin ### Prussia. Neutrality of Neufchatel and Valengin ### 19 Nov., 1847 207 — 108 ### 10 July, 1855 260 — 128 ### 10 July, 1855 261 — 128 ### 11 Dec., 1858 271 — 128 ### 11 Dec., 1868 414 — 186 ### 11 Dec., 1868 414 — 186 ### 12 Dec., 1868 414 — 186 ### 14 Dec., 1826 132 — 76 ### 14 Dec., 1826 132 — 76 ### 26 April, 1828 138 — 77 ### 26 April, 1828 139 — 78 ### 26 April, 1828 139 — 78 ### 27 June, 1824 234 — 115 ### 12 May, 1821 108 — 66 ### 13 June, 1827 135 — 76 ### 15 June, 1827 135 — 76 ### 15 June, 1827 135 — 76 ### 15 June, 1827 135 — 108 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15 June, 1827 135 ### 15		h		17	_	14
Breaking up of Conferences of Laybach. France and Prussia. District of Leyen 11 June, 1827 135 76	••		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
France and Prussia. District of Leyen Prussia. Neutrality of Neufchatel and Valengin Great Britain and France. War Trophies Maritime Law (Paris) Explosive Projectiles Spain against France Spain and Portugal. Hossistance to Portugal Russia against Turkey Turkey against Russia Turkey against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Great Britain against Russia against Russia Russia against Great	•					
trict of Leyen 11 June, 1827 135 76			12 May, 1821	108	—	662
Prussia. Neutrality of Neufchatel and Valengin 19 Nov., 1847 207 108	,,					
Neufchatel and Valengin 19 Nov., 1847 207				135	_	76
lengin	**		i			
Great Britain and France. War Trophies Turkish Loan Maritime Law (Paris) Explosive Projectiles Spain against France Spain against France Spain and Portugal. Hostilities. British Assistance to Portugal Russia against Turkey Turkey against Russia Turkey against Russia Russia against Turkey Great Britain against Russia Turkey against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Russia Russia against Great		1	19 Nov. 1947	907		100
War Trophies		1	13 1101., 1097	207		100
## Turkish Loan 27 July, 1855 261 — 128 128 129 128 129 128 129 128 129 128 129 128 129 128 129	,,		10 July, 1855	260	_	123
Maritime Law (Paris) 16 April,1856 271 — 128 128 138 — 16 April,1856 271 — 128 138 — 186 132 — 186 — 186 — 186 — 186 — 186 — 186 — 186 — 186 — 186 —	,,	Manhi Tana			_	123
## Explosive Projectiles		" Maritime Law		4		
tiles			16 April,1856	271	-	1283
Spain against France 23 April, 1823 114 — 68))		11.70			
### Spain and Portugal. Hostilities. British Assistance to Portugal Russia against Turkey	Deale mettems of					1860
## Spain and Portugal. Hostilities. British Assistance to Portugal ## Russia against Turkey 26 April, 1828 138		Spain against France	25 April, 1823	114	_	697
tilities. British Assistance to Portugal Russia against Turkey Turkey against Russia Turkey against Russia Turkey against Russia Russia against Turkey Great Britain against Russia Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Russia against Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Turkey against Russia Russia Turkey against Russia Turkey again		Spain and Portugal, Hos-		İ		
Russia against Turkey 26 April, 1828 138	,,			1		
Russia against Turkey 26 April, 1828 138			14 Dec., 1826	132		760
## Russia against Turkey 1 Nov., 1853 235 117 118 235 117 235 118 235 11	99	Russia against Turkey	26 April, 1828	138		777
## Russia against Turkey 1 Nov., 1853 235 117 118 235 117 235 118 235 11	99			1		788
Russia against Turkey 1 Nov., 1853 235 — 117	**	100		1	·-	787
Great Britain against Russia 27 Mar., 1854 238 — 118 France against Russia 27 Mar., 1854 240 — 118 Russia against Great Russia Great	••				_	1171
Russia 27 Mar., 1854 238 — 118 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	**	Great Britain	1 Nov., 1853	235		1177
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	> 7	Russia against	27 Man 1044	930		110
" France against Russia 27 Mar., 1854 239 — 118						1185
Russia against Great			1			
					'	±±0(
	**		23 April, 1854	245	_	1205

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Declarations of					
War	Great Britain and				
	France against Rus-			:	
-	gia .	26 April, 1854	255	-	1228
**	Austria against Sardinia	, .	293		136
**	Sardinia against Austria France against Austria	29 April,1859 3 May, 1859	294 295	_	136
,,		3 May, 1859	296		136' 136'
<i>"</i>	Austria and Prussia against	0 1111, 1000	200		1900
,,	Denmark. Hostili-				
	ties without Declara-				}
	tion of War	Jan., 1864	356	—	1582
,,	Prussia against Austria	14 June, 1866	Į.		1652
**	Prussia. Causes for Inva-	18 June, 1866	380	_	169
**	sion of Hanover,				
	Hesse Cassel, and	_	ļ		
	Saxony	14 June, 1866	378	_	1686
,,	Austria against Prussia	,			
	and Italy		379		1688
**		19 June, 1866	381		169
**	France against Passein	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	382	_	169
**	France against Prussia	19 July, 1870 20 July, 1870	4 23 4 25		188
**	,,	22 July, 1870	426		1883 1884
"	Prussia against France	19 July, 1870	424		188
Decree	Prussian. Incorporation	, 2000			100.
	of Hohenzollern-				
	Hechingen and		}	<u>'</u>	
	Hohenzollern Sig-	19 35 1050	0.0		
Deeds	maringen See Bonds.	12 Mar., 1850	219	_	1124
Deiffelt	37 (1 1 1 70 7	9 June, 1815	27	66	249
Delitsch		0 0 4110, 1010	~'		25
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Delle	Canton and Commune.	·			
	France and Ger-				
	many. Boundary		438	1 1	1913
Delta of the	See Danube.	10 May, 1871	446	1	195
Danube	See Danuse.		ļ		
Demerara	Ceded to Great Britain	13 Aug., 1814	5	1	4
	1	8,		1, § 3	44
,,		12 Aug., 1815	32	_	296
Denmark	1	**			
	Differences	Nov., 1863	356	Note	158
,,	1 1 70 ' 70	30 Oct., 1864	367	A ppondin	1632
,,	4 1 TO	25 Aug., 1814	-	Appendix	
,,	Rugen, and Lauen-				
	burg	4 June, 1815	25		19
	2157	I	I	1	ļ

Nume of Country Plac & .		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty	Art.	Pagr.
Denmark	••	Representation and Voting	,	¦		
			8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201
**	• •	Private Claims on France	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 10	244
**	• •	And Swelen	2 · April, 1818	79	7	545
•1	• •	Referred to	-		Appendi	
**	• •	An I Prussia. Hostinities	• -	130	Y	745
		Proliminaries of Peace.	1545		Note	1108
))	• •	Holstein, Sc leswig,		l	t	_
		and Linenburg	10 July 1849	214	!	1106
		And Prussia. Peace.	ro o dry, rote			1
*1		Duchy of Ho'stein	2 July, 1850	221		1129
1)	• •	Succession to Throne		214	4	1107
"	• •		2 July, 1850	221	Secret	, 1131
			1	i	Art.	'
**	•• 1	,, ,, ,,	2 Aug., 1850	224	<u> </u>	1187
**	• •	" Russia (Protocol		900		7740
	- ;	of Warraw)	-	ZZY	! —	1148
**	• • 1	Austria. France,	_	ł		1
	ı	Prussia, Russia, and		 -	1	ļ
	·	Sweden and Norway	i			
		and Denmark	8 May, 1852	230		1151
**	• •	Integrity of Monarchy		222	_	1133
"	••	,,	O A 1650	223		1136
))	• -	**	0 4 34170	224	–	1137
**	• •	, ,		229		1149
79	• •	,,	8 May, 1852	230	Preamble	
		Tomas to a first to a			2	1153
79	• •	Invasion of Holstein by	91 Tom 1004	956	Nata	1700
		Austria and Prussia. Austria and Prussia. War	21 Jan., 1864	356	Note	1582
"	• •	Treaty between Austria,	Jan., 1864		Note	245
)	• •	Prussia and Den-				
		mark	30 Oct. 1864	367		1630
,,	• •	State Bonds	23 Aug., 1866	388	10	1724
"	• •	See also Dano-German	,			
		War. Germanie				•
		Confederation. Hol-				
	t	stein. Sound dues.			ļ	
Derenburg	• • 1	Lordship. Restored to		 	00	204
Dermbach		Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
Delmoron	••	Circuit. Ceded by Prussia to Saxe Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 9	307
			16 Oct., 1815	87	1, 3 6	32 2
Dessau.	!	Elbe Toll House	23 June, 1821	110	16	678
Deule		River. See Lys Naviga-				
	1	gation.				
Deutelbach	• • '	Hamlet. Bavaria and	j		j	
_	i	Prussia. Boundary		387		1717
Deuvaine	•• `	Geneva Custom House	16 Mar., 1816	52	3	425
	1	District. Bavarian In-	1	1	i	_
Deux-Ponts	٠٠,	demnity	3 Nov., 1815	38 .	Anner 2a	334

Name of Country, Place &c.	·,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Deux-Ponts	••	Arrondissement. Ceded by Austria to		,		
		Bavaria	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	53 05	2, § 2	436
Diebach	••	Ceded by Hesse-Darmstadt to Hesse-Cassel		95 57		592
1)			29 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	57 58	2 4	455
,, ,,))))	30 June, 1816	59	4	460 473
"		"	20 July, 1819	9 5	25	603
Diekirch	••	Arrondissement. Belgian Limits of Luxem-	• ,			
		burg	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
"	••	? ?	19 April, 1839	183	2 2 2	983
"	••	22	19 April, 1839	184	. –	994
,, Diepholz		Country annexed to Prussia	19 April, 1839 3 Oct., 1866		Annex	998
Dierdorf		Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-		393	_	1760
	•	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 9	181
,,	••	» »	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2 118, § 8	228 272
Diesdorf		Given to Prussia	92 0-4 1990	140	Annex 8	275
Diessenhofe:		Town. Baden and Swit-	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
	•••	zerland. Boundary	31 Oct., 1854	251	1	1000
"		Bridge to belong to	01 000, 1009	201	-	1220
••		Thurgovia	31 Oct., 1854	251	2	1219
))	••	Privileges to Inhabitants		201	_	1210
		acquiring Property at				
		La Sätzo	31 Oct., 1854	251	3	1219
Dietges	••	Village. Without Prus-	·			
		sian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	40	238
"	••	" Ceded by Austria				
		to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2 B	437
,, Dietz	• •	Nagary Amaient manage	20 July, 1819	95	2 A	592
D1602	••	Nassau. Ancient posses- sions cedled by Netherlands to				
		Prussia	31 May, 1815	22	5	181
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
		•			67	251
					70	253
					118, § 10	
		Principality ceded to			Annex 10	275
27	• •	D	31 May, 1815	60	ا ر	100
			9 June, 1815	22 27	5 24	181
		> >	0 0 and, 1010	21	67	228 951
				•	70	251 253
					118, § 10	
•					Annay 10	
"	••	" ccded by				
		Prussia to Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	2	185
		· Prussia to Nassau	31 May, 1815		10	185 188
			'	l		
	'		1		i	

Name of Country, Place &c.	Subject.	Pate of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art	Page.
Dieta	Principality. Ceded by Prussia to Nassau		27	67 118, § 8 Annex 8	251 272 273
Dieuse	Canal, &c. Salt Works	26 Sept., 1871	448		1966
Dillenburg	Principality. Ceded by		449	14	1970
25	Prussia	9 June, 1815	22 27	5 24 67 70 118, § 10 Annex 10	
37	,, Ceded by Prussia	01 15 101	23	2	105
	to Nassau	31 Atay, 1013	20	10	185 188
**	•••	9 June, 1815	27	67 118, § 8 Annex 8	251 272 275
Dinsbourg Diplomatic	Agents. Rank and Pre-		412		1851
	cedence	9 June, 1815	8 27	— 118, § 17 Annex 17	62 272 276
Dippach	District. To be obtained by Prussia from Hesse-Cassel for		89		575
,,	Saxe-Weimar ,, Ceded by Hesse Cassel to Saxe	•	34	2, § <i>e</i>	308
Disarmam en	Weimar Of Great Powers, proposed		37	2	323
"	or Great Towers, proposed	March, 1866	_	Note	1411 877
Dispatches	Transmission	20 Nov., 1815	42		369
Ditschweiler Djerikli	Russia and Turkey		148		839
Djildir	Asiatic Boundary District. Emigration.		287		1350
Dniester	Prussia and Turkey River. Austria and Russia.		170	1	937
	Boundary	10 July, 1829	143	Preamble 3	810 811
Dobrid zia	Country. Restored to Turkey	1-40	145	2 4 Sep. Act (2)	815 830
Documents	See Archives.				•••
	Commune. Given to Saxe-	20 July, 1819	.95	13 28	597 604
Döhlen	Commune. Ccded by Saxony to Russia	21 Oct., 1866	398	21, § 3	1778

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Dollart	Hanover and Netherlands Boundary	2 July, 1824	121	36-41	716
Döllenbach	Bavaria and Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Dolzig	See Gross and Klein- Dolzig.	22 Aug., 1000	807		1111
Domicile St. Domingo	Part ceded by France to	20 M 1014	•	0	
Dömits Dom Miguel	Spain Elbe Toll House Infant. Expulsion from	30-May, 1814 23 June, 1821	110	8 16	678
Doncols	Portugal Town. Secured to Luxem-	• ′	171	2	943
	burg	15 Nov., 1831	153	2 2	861
"	,,	19 April, 1839	183	2 2	983
,,	,,	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	184 185	Annex	994
Donna Isabel- la II	Of Spain. Pacification of Peninsula	22 4 13 1004	ļ	Anner 1	941
	Of Portugal. Pacification	22 April, 1004	1.7	-	
	of Peninsula	22 April, 1834	171	1	941
Dordrecht	Navigation. Rhine	17 Oct., 1868		28	1848
" Dorenberg	Free Port on Rhine Forest. Secured to Bava-	17 Oct., 1868	412		1851
,,		5 July, 1825	124	2, § 2	728
Dorfel	France. Boundary Relations. Austria and	9 Dec., 1825	126	8	737
Dorheim	Saxony Bailiwick. To be restored	5 Mar., 1848	209	16	1087
	to Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	18	325
,,	,, ,,			2, 3	458
,,	,, ,,	30 June, 1816		4	459
**	,, ,,	30 June, 1816	59	4	478
"	" Restored by Hesse-Darmstadt to	1		ŀ	
•	Hesse-Cassel	20 July, 1819	95	25	608
,,	" Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-Darm-	20 suly, 1019			
	stadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
,,	and Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	4	455
Dorla	100 . 3. 5	9 June, 1815		23	226
Dornassenheim	Ceded by Prussia to	-			ł
Dortelweil		3 Sept., 1866		15	1734
Dortmund	Hesse-Darmstadt County. Prussian Sove-	3 Sept., 1866		15	1734
Dottenfeld	reignty Court. Hesse-Darmstadt's Claim ceded to	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
	Claim ceded to Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	455

Name of Country, Place &c.	0,	Subject.	Date of Treaty of other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Dougy	•	French Town (and Fort				
	'	de Scarpe) occupied by Allied Troops	20 Nov. 1815	42	4	859
Doubs	• •	Department. French	, 20 2.01., 2020			
		Frontier	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 6	6
71	••		20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 2	345
**	• •	River. Limits		122 122	Preamble Preamble	
11	• •	River. Limits	1 3 XUV., 1029	125	1	721
,,	• • !	" Navigation	4 Nov., 1824	122	26	721
,,		Franco-German War	28 Jan., 1871	434	-	1905
))	• •	,, ,, ,, ,,	15 Feb., 1871	437	-	1911
Dour	••	Canton. Given to France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 1	4
"	••	" French Boun-	00 35- 1014		0.1	
Thomas		dary Hanover and Netherlands	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 1	4
Drenthe	• • '	Boundary	2 July, 1821	121	24, 25	716
Dresden		Elbe Toll House. Re-	2 0 day, 1027	***	77, 20	• • • •
	,	served by Saxony	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
"	••	Conferences to be held		227	5 4	1145
"	• •	Joint Garrison by Prus-				
		sian and Saxon	01 0 4 1000			
		Troops	21 Oct., 1866	898	§ 6	1780
))	• • `	And Görlitz. Railway	21 Oct., 1866	898	14 15	1775 1776
		Town and Forts. Appoint-		,	10	1770
"	••	ment of Governor		! !		
	Ì	by King of Prussia,				
		and of Commandant				
_		by King of Saxony	21 Oct., 1866	898	§ 9	1781
Drewens	• •	River. Prussia and Russia	11 Nov., 1817	77	. 12	5 39
Drina	• •	District. (Jadra and Rad-	İ	i	i	
		gevena.) Servian Administration	Dec., 1833	169	§ 1	930
Droits d'Au	-	France	30 May, 1814	103	28	16
baine, &c.			00 223, 2013	_	•	
,,	••	Sardinia and Switzerland	16 Mar., 1816	52	16	431
>)	• •	Austria and Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	13	440
"	• •	Abolished. Netherlands	15 37 1001	150		000
	1	and Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	158	18	868
,,	• •	,, ,,	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	183 184	17 17	991 994
"	••	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
37 37	• •	See also Inheritances.	F, 2020		'	
Droitzen	• •	District. Secured to Prus-				
		sia	1 June, 1815	24	8	193
"	• •	yy	9 June, 1815	27	39	237
					118, § 7 Annex 7	272
			22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 4	275 806
Dubrauke	• •	Saxony and Prussia.			_, 5 =	300.
	- •	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Duda	••	Forest Establishments to				
		belong to Poland	4 Mar., 1835	175	48	955

		·				
Name of Country, Place	æ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Duderstadt	•	Territory. Ceded by Prus-				
Due Diliger		sia to Hanover (3 Rules.) Duties of Neu-	23 Sept., 1815	35	1	313
		trals during War	8 May, 1871	445	_	1953
Dunkirk "	••	Town. French Boundary. Town and Fortress. Occupied by Allied	30 May, 1814	1	3	4
		Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	359
Dusseldorf	• •	Gallery of Paintings	22 Aug., 1866		13	1715
	• •	Free Port on Rhine	17 Oct., 1868	412		1851
Dutch	••	Territory. Old Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	230 249
,,	• •	See also Netherlands. Boundary.				
"	• •	Guelderland	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 1	862
"	•*•	,, ,, ,,			4, § 1	984
>>	• •	, , ,, ,,	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 1	948
Dzickanovic	••	Village. Within Territory	19 April, 1839	.185	Annex	999
DEICERTIONIC		of Cracow	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
Eastern Qu tion	-29	See Russian War.				
East Fland	ers	See Flanders.				
East Frie	-98	Principality Ceded by				
land		Prussia to Hanover	9 June, 1815	27	27, § 3	232
"))	• •		8 Oct., 1866	393		1760
Ebeleben	••	Bailiwick, with excep- tions, renounced by Prussia in favour of Schwartzburg-		•		
	_	Sondershausen	15 June, 1816	54	2	445
Ecclesiastic Eckartsberg		Affairs. See Religion. Bailiwick. Part coded by Prussia to Saxe-				
		Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	3	193
"	•.•	"	9 June, 1815	27	39 118, § 7 Annex 7	237 272
"	• •	,	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 3 1, § 7 c.d.	275 306 307
Ecussons		Rock. France and Neuf-				
Effelt	• •	chatel. Boundary Commune. Netherlands and Prussia. Boun-	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
		dary	11 Dec., 1868	415	4, 7	1862
Efft Egurguy	• •	Given to Prussia Rivulet. France and Spain	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	838
Egypt	••	Boundary Tribute to Sultan. Succes-	2 Dec., 1856	275	5, 6	1293
"	• •	sion, &c ,, Firmans Mohamat Ali Pagha	15 July, 1840 1841—1873	190	Annex §3 Appendix	1014
"	• •	Mehemet Ali, Pacha Pacification of Levant	15 July, 1840	190	Annex §1	1012
"	•.•	Pacification of Levant	• •	190		1008

Name of Country, Plac &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
hrenbreit-		Bailiwick. Part ceded by				
stein		Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 16	18
>>	• •	Commune. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia	9 June, 1815	23	1, § 16	18
21	• •	" Prussian Pos-	01 May 101K	27	94.59	9.3
		session	31 May, 1815	21	24, § 2 118, § 8	22 27
					Annex 8	27
**	••	Fortress. Right of Prussia				
		to erect fresh Mili- tary Works	31 May, 1815	23	5	18
	•	Military Road to Giessen	l v '	23	15	18
))	• • •	Mint	31 May, 1815	23	4	. 18
,, ,,	• •	Provincial Functionaries	31 May, 1815	23	10	18
1)	••	Trade on the Rhine,	01 35	00	_	
1 a b - 4 a 1 4		through Indemnity to Hanover	_ • '	23 21	6 3	18
ichsfeld	• •	Indemnity to Hanover Restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	2:
**	• •	Acceptance of the same of the	0 0 une, 1010		28	2:
**	••	" Part coded by				Ì
		Prussia to Hanover	9 June, 1815	35	1	3
igen	••	Circle. Saxon Boundary	23 Sept., 1815	27	15	2:
ight Power ilenburg	3 .,	See Powers of Europe. Bailiwick. Ceded to				
Menburg	••	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	2:
**		Road, to Mühlberg, given	·]		
		to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	2:
imelrod	••	Enclave. Ceded by Hesse Darmstadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	17
		Dai mistaut to I i ussia	5 Sept., 1000	005	1.5	17
**	••	., United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403		17
inbeck	••	Brunswick and Hanover.				
• - • •		Boundary		120	129, 130	7
ischen	••	Town. Secured to Lux- emburg		153	. 2	8
			19 April, 1839	183	2	9
))))		• •	19 April, 1839	181	2	9
**	•••	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	9
isenach	••	Inclosures. Ceded by Prus-		27	00	
		sia to Saxe-Weimer Military Road	,	34	39 9, § 1	2
))))		•	30 June, 1816	58	24	4
"	• •	• •	30 June, 1816	59	24	4
"	••		¹ 20 July, 1819	95	23	G
isenbach	••	Retroceded to Orange-Nas-	14 Tul- 1014		A 3'	
izweiler		~	14 July, 1814		Appendix	
THE TY WAAVA	••	burg	20 July, 181)	ა ნ	27	6
))		Excepted from cession to	ļ. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			~
			20 July, 1819	· C2	81	6
lba	••	Island. Part united to	0 Tuna 1015	o#•	100 00	
		Tuscany	9 June, 1815	27	100, § 2	20

INDEX.

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Pag
	1		•		
lbe	River. Navigation	18 May, 1815	16	17	14
,,	,,	28 Aug., 1819	96	34	6 :
)) · ·	3,	23 June, 1821	110	l -	6
••	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	23 June, 1821	111		6
,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	22 June, 1861	332	Preamble	
••	Tolls abolished and Duties		332	1	
"	established	23 June, 1821	110	7	6
,,	Duties Abolished	22 June, 1870	419		18
,,	Districts on. To be ceded		220	1	
"	by Hanover to				
	D	29 May, 1815	21	4	1
	russia	9 June, 1815	27	29	2
"	Retained by Hanover	23 Sept., 1815	35	2, § b	,3
,,	Prussia and Saxony.	20 Sept., 1010	UU	. 2, 3 0	, 0
"	1 70 7	0 Tune 1915	27	1 12	2
	N J Th	9 June, 1815		15	
"	Sound Dues	14 Mar., 1857	279		13
"	See also Stadt Toll.	36			
lbe Duchies	Proposed Congress	May, June,	~	, ,	10
		1866	377		16
,,					l
	Lauenburg.				
lbingerode	Bailiwick. Ceded by Han-				١ _
	over to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	1
)	,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	29, § 3	2
•-				118, §6	2
			ł	Annex 6	2
,,	Renunciation by Prussia			1	İ
•	of right over; Re-				
	tention by Hanover	23 Sept., 1815	35	2	3
••	Brunswick and Hanover.				
>>	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	51	7
liot	C			0-	'
200 11 11	in Spain	27 April, 1835	176		9
llbogn	Circle. Austria and Saxony.	27 11pm, 1000	110	1	~
Thosa	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 Mar., 1848	209	Sep. Act	10
	Limits	0 mm., 1040	200	§§ 1 to 35	I
llenbach	Town. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	25	2
		Sound, 1010	21	20	
llersleben	_	99 9am4 1915	34	1 570	3
9	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	94	1, § 7 c	9
lmeren	Commune. Given to Saxe	90 T-1- 1010	05	19	5
	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	
_	~ 43			28	6
lsass		1437 1010	0.0		۔
lsfleth	<u>Toll</u>	14 Nov., 1818	86		5
lster	Rivers	18 May, 1815	16	17	1
,, ••	,,••	9 June, 1815	27	15	2
lten	Secularized Chapter. Re-				_
	stored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	2
mbargo		·	:	1	
-	Britain and France	22 Oct., 1832	162	2	9
		21 May, 1833		1	9
,,	" wemoved				
				l l	
				ζ I	

Cur, isc,	Sut, et.	Oute et Treaty ether Doument.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Embden	Port. Prussia and Hanover	29 Мау, 1815	21	1	174
••	>)	9 June, 1815	27	5, § 2 27, § 3 30, § 2 118, § 6	173 233 233 273
Emelia Pro- vinces	(Bologna, Ferrara, Forli, Massa and Carrara, Mo- dena, Parma, Placentia,			Annex 6	275
,,	Ravenna, Reggio.) United to Sardinia Protest of Duke of Modena	22 Mar., 1860	310	_	1416 1418
,,	Protest of Pope Protest of Duchess Regent	•			1429
Emigration	of Parma Choice of Nationality and Domicile:— Right of, from ceded Terri-	' 28 Mar., 1860	314	-	1432
	· ·	30 May, 1814	1	17	12
••	¹ Austria and Bavaria	3 June, 1814	2 5	9	32
••		' 13 Aug., 1814	5	7	45
••	Austria and Russia. Po-	3 May, 1815	12	6, 9	96 97
,,	Prusia and Russia. Poland	3 May, 1815	13	4, 9	107 108
,, ••	Prussia and Saxony	18 May, 1815	16	8, 13	137 140
,,	1, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	20	224
,,	German States	8 June, 1815	26	18	205
1) • •	Great Britain, &c., and France	20 Nov., 1815	40	7	348
••	•	29 Mar., 1815	10	3	73
•	3>	16 Mar., 1816	52	9	429
	C have stable on Case June	14 April, 1816	53	15	440
••	Schwartzburg - Sonders - hausen	15 June, 1816	54	8	446
	Schwartzburg-Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816	55	8	450
,, ••	Ionian Islands	044 11 1010	91		579
,,		22 Mar., 1829	142		807
,,	Russia and Turkey	14 Sep., 1829	145	13	822
3 1	France and PrussiaBelgium and HollandBelgium and Holland	23 Oct., 1829 15 Nov., 1831	148 153	15 18	837 868
,, · · ·	France and Prussia	21 July, 1832	161	7	907
,,	Russia and Turkey	29 Jan., 1834		1	937
,,	Belgium and Holland	1 2 7	183	17	991
,, ••	,,	19April, 1839	184	17	994
,,	A	19April, 1839 5 Mar., 1848	185	Annex	998
)) ••		20 July, 1853	209 233	13 8	1087 1164
,,		30 Mar., 1856		21	1260
,,	Austria and Lombardy	10 Nov., 1859	301	12	1386
•					

))))))))))))))))))))))))))	Austria and Lombardy Savoy and Nice Mentone and Roccabruna France and Switzerland. Vallée des Dappes Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to Turkey	10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859 3 Oct., 1866 24 Mar., 1860 2 Feb., 1861 8 Dec., 1862 30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871 11 Dec., 1871	302 303 392 313 328 389 367 389 387 446	1 12 14 6 7,8 3 18 \$3 - 2 12	1431 1465 1526 1630 1738 1718 1956
))))))))))))))))))))))))))	Savoy and Nice Mentone and Roccabruna France and Switzerland. Vallée des Dappes. Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	10 Nov., 1859 3 Oct., 1866 24 Mar., 1860 2 Feb., 1861 8 Dec., 1862 30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	303 392 313 328 389 367 389 387 446	12 14 6 7,8 3 18 § 3	1407 1754 1431 1465 1526 1630 1738 1718 1956
);););););););););););););)	Savoy and Nice Mentone and Roccabruna France and Switzerland. Vallée des Dappes Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	3 Oct., 1866 24 Mar., 1860 2 Feb., 1861 8 Dec., 1862 30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	392 313 328 389 367 389 387 446	14 6 7,8 3 18 § 3	1754 1431 1465 1526 1630 1738 1718 1956
;; · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Savoy and Nice Mentone and Roccabruna France and Switzerland. Vallée des Dappes. Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	24 Mar., 1860 2 Feb., 1861 8 Dec., 1862 30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	313 328 389 367 389 387 446	6 7,8 3 18 § 3	1431 1465 1526 1630 1738 1718 1956
,, ,, ,,	Mentone and Roccabruna France and Switzerland. Vallée des Dappes. Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	2 Feb., 1861 8 Dec., 1862 30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	328 389 367 389 387 446	7,8 3 18 § 3	1465 1526 1630 1738 1718 1956
,	Vallée des Dappes Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	8 Dec., 1862 30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	389 367 389 387 446	3 18 § 3	1526 1630 1738 1718 1956
» » » » »	Vallée des Dappes Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. "Restored to	30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	367 389 387 446	18 § 3	1630 1738 1718 1956
» » »	Danish Duchies Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan." Restored to	30 Oct., 1864 3 Sep., 1866 22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	367 389 387 446	18 § 3	1630 1738 1718 1956
» » »	Prussia and Hesse-Darmstadt Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	389 387 446	§ 3	1718 1956
)) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	387 446	l 	1718 1956
,,	Bavaria and Prussia Alsace and Lorraine Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. Restored to	22 Aug., 1866 10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871	387 446	l 	1956
,,	Conferences of Frankfort To Kazan. "Restored to	10 May, 1871 July—Dec., 1871		2 12	
,,	To Kazan." Restored to	July—Dec., 1871		12	1961
	To Kazan." Restored to	1871	448		
	To Kazan." Restored to	1871	448	•	
Emineh-Bour-		11 Dec., 1871	1		1966
Emineh-Bour-			449	1	1968
	Turkov	1			İ
nou	Turkey	14 Sep., 1829	145	2	815
Emmerich	Free Port on Rhine	17 Oct., 1868	412		1851
Emmersweiler	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
Ems	River. Navigation	29 May, 1815	21	1	174
		_	•	5	175
,,	,, •• ••	9 June, 1815	27	27, § 3	232
		1		30	238
1				118, § 6	272
		ļ		Annex 6	275
,,	Hanover and Netherlands.				
	Boundary	2 July, 1824	121	41	716
Enclaves	German. Secured to] _
	France .,	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	2000
,, ••	011 D . 1	15 Nov., 1831	153	4.	862
,,	Old Dutch	19 April,1839	183	4	984
,,	,,	19 April,1839	184	4	994
,, • •	See also Marries of Disco.	19 April,1839	185	Annex	998
,,	See also Names of Places.				
Engers	Ceded by Nassau to Prus-	01 35 1015		1 610	104
	818	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 12	184
		0 Trno 1915	27	94 6 9	186 228
	**	9 June, 1815	21	24, § 2 118, § 8	272
ļ				Annex 8	275
Enlistments	Foreign. British Act of			Annexo	2.0
WHITE CHAPTER I.	Parliament, 59 Geo.				}
	3, c. 69; 3 July,				1
	1819, repealed by 33			}	
	and 34 Vict., c. 90.	9 Aug., 1870	_	Note	698
		0			
Enza	River. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov. 1844	200	1—9	1048
					1057
Epirus	Not to be included in Con-				•
	tinental Boundary				
	of Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 5	800
Ì					
			1	1	1

z 2

Name of Country, Plac	æ,	Sabject.	Date of Treaty	No. of		Page.
& c.			other Document.	Treaty.		
E ppertaha u	Den.	Village. To be possessed			į	
		by Hesse Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	7	461
		21	30 June, 1816		, 7	47-
		39 _	20 July, 1819	95	19, § 1	600
E quilibrium		of Power.	·			•
Braiss	• •	Summit. France and Spain.				1
		Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	2	1294
Erbach	• •	Retroceded to Orange-	74 7 1 7074		 	ţ
		Nascau	14 July, 1814		Appendix	1
Brfart	• •	Part ceded by Prussia to	1 7 1015	0.4	!	
		Saxe Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	3	193
		***	9 June, 1815	27	28	226
					39	237
					118, § 7	272
			00 0 3017	- 4	Annex 7	275
		29	22 Sep., 1815	34	_, _,	306
					1, § 8	307
		Don't wiled to Don't	0 T	~	5,7	309
19	••	Part ceded to Pruseia		27	23	226
**	• •	Military Road	81 May, 1815	23	15	189
**	• •	79	22 Sep., 1815	34	9, §§ 1, 2	310
29	• •	"	30 June, 1816	58	24	469
••	• •	>>	30 June, 1816	59	24	473
))	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
richsburg-		Brunswick and Hanover.			l	
Hunnesrüe		Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	125—127	714
rivan	• •	Russia and Turkey. Asiatic			j j	
		Frontier	14 Sep., 1829	145	· 4	816
rlach	• •	Commune and Banlieu.			1	
		Ceded by Baden to			<u> </u>	
		Austria	10 July, 1819	93	1 1	585
))	• •		27 Oct., 1819	97	1	621
rlenbach	••	Lower. Ceded by Prussia				
		to Hesse Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	! 15, § 6	1734
rosate	••	Ceded by Austria to Ba-				
		varia.	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
rreca-Idor	••	Rivulet. France and Spain.				
	I	Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	4,5	1293
rronville	••	France and Germany.	20.35		_	
	1	Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	1955
rberoum	••	City and Pashalic. Se-			_	
		cured to Turkey	14 Sep., 1819	145	4	817
rzgebirge	••	Circle. Austria and Saxony.				
		Limite	5 Mar., 1848	209	A. Sep.	1087
	I				Act, §§	
- LL	ı	D:			29 to 62	
sbach	••	District. Secured to Prus-	00.0			
•	I	sia	22 Sep., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
schenau	••]	Township. Retained by			_ {	
	1	Austria	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
"	••}	Ceded by Austria to Ba-		Ĭ		
		varia.	20 July, 1819	95	2 B	593
>>	••	Excluded from cessions to	1		- 1	
		Saxe-('oburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	604

2168

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Es chershausen	Boundary. Brunswick				
	and Hanover	24 June, 1824	120	105	713
T	Postoned to Posseis	0 Tune 1015	9 <i>h</i> r	128	714
Essequibo	Restored to Prussia Ceded to Great Britain	9 June, 1815 13 Aug., 1814	27 5	23 1	227 43
	- Codod to Great Billiam	10 Aug., 1014		Add. Art. 1,	46
	<u>.</u>	12 Aug., 1815	32	§ 3	296
,,	Dutch Proprietors	13 Aug., 1814	5	1 Add. Art. 1,	48
"	Division of 11 Desire	12 Aug., 1815	32	§ 3 —	296
	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	1, § 7 d	807
Hate	Family Possession in Italy		27	98	265
Etrembières		16 Mar., 1816	52	•	424
	Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	1 41	611
33	Geneva Custom House	16 Mar., 1816	52	3	425
Ettingen	Commune. United to				
Etsleben	Rudolstadt. Under	9 June, 1815	27	76, § 1	255
	Prussian Sovereignty	19 June, 1816	55	1, § 1	449
Eubœa	See Negropont.			' •	
Eupatoria		30 Mar., 1856	264	4	1254
Eupen		9 June, 1815	27	25	229
,,	,, Netherlands Boun-	9 June, 1815	27	66	249
Europe	dary	7 6 tille, 1010			
	gress Treaty.				
Evian	Road. Proposed cessions				
	to Geneva	3 Nov., 1815 16 Mar., 1816	38 52	5 Preamble	829 422
	Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	2	425 424
,,,	Projection " Declaration	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
Explosive .	Projectiles. Declaration, non-use of in War under 400 grammes				
	weight	11 Dec., 1868	414	_	1860
Eyerhack .	Bavaria and Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Eygelshoven .					
	and Prussia. Boundary	11 Dec. 1868	415	1	1862

Country, Place,	Subject.	other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Eyeden	Commune. Belgium and		1		
	Netherlands. Boun	5 Nov., 1842	 195	12	! ! 1029
••		8 Aug., 1843		5	1081
E ytra	Carried As Surann	. 9 June, 1815		15	22
Eyweiler	Commune. Given to Old	•		!	ŧ
	enburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 27	596 604
Fagadi	. France and Spain. Boun	•			
		. 2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1294
Faisans	He des. France and Spain				
	Boundary	. 2 Dec., 1856	275	9	1295
Faithful	Majesty. King (and Queen	, 1			
	of Portugal .	. i 22 April, 1834		_	941
,, Fallersleben	Boundary. Brunswick and	18 Aug., 1834	. 1/8		949
		. 24 June, 1824	120	34	711
		1		39	712
faucigny	. Province. To form Part o	- 1	1		
	Swiss Neutrality .		10		70
	"	20 May, 1815		8	158
	**	9 June, 1815	27	92 118, § 13	262 273
				Annex 13	
	,,	3 Nov., 1815	38	4	328
	"	20 Nov., 1815	40	3	347
	,,	20 Nov., 1815		_	370
	,,,	16 Mar., 1816	•	7	427
	. , Religion .	20 July, 1819 29 Mar., 1815	95 10	48, § 1	613 71
"	,, Religion .	.) 20 Mar., 1016	10	3, § 1 3, § 7	72
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 12	
	"			Annex 12	
	_ ,,	16 Mar., 1816	52	12	429
27	. Swiss Protest agains				ĺ
	annexation to France Sec Savoy, Switzer land.	1			
Paucille	. Road. See Vallee de	3			
averges	Dappes. Canton. French Boun	.	l		
	dary	00 35 - 1014	1	3, § 8	7
**	. Swiss Neutrality	. 20 Nov., 1815	40	3	346
eckenbach	Given to Prussia.	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Feddersheim	See Pfeddersheim See Germanic Confeders	_			
Federal For	tion.	-]		,	
resses. Fellingshaus		t			
	to Prussia	. 3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
))	United to Prussia	04 10 1000	403	§ 7	1798
	i e	- 1	1	1	l .

	-			1	,	1
Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Felon	• •	Village. France and Ger- many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1 Add. Art.	1955
Ferdinand	•	IV. King. Restored to Throne of Naples. See also Naples.		27	104	1963 268
,,		Archduke of Austria. See Tuscany.				
Fernay	••	Commune. Secured to France	20 Nov., 1815 20 July, 1819	40 95	1, § 3 40	345 610
F erra ra	• •	Legation. Part restored to Holy See	9 June, 1815	27	103	268
,,	(", United to Sardinia Protest of Pope	18 Mar., 1860 24 Mar., 1860	308 311		1416 1422
"		Fortress. Austrian right of Garrison	9 June, 1815	27	103	268
"		" Renunciation by Austria of right of Garrison	10 Nov., 1859	304		1412
Ferrières	• •	Treaty. France and Germany. Prisoners of	20 21011, 2000			
Feth-Islam	••	War Servian Fort	11 Mar., 1871 4 Sep., 1862	338	Note 6, 7	1959 1520
Feuerthal	••	Woods. Ceded by Prussia	10 Apr., 1867	404		1800
774 - 44			19 June, 1816	55	2, § 2	450
Fightenberg Fiefs	••		28 Nov., 1844 9 June, 1815	200 27	9 1 5	105 5 22 2
Figuier		Roads. France and Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	Preamble 1 9	1292 1293 1295
Findles	••	Village. Without Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	40	238
"		" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2 B 2 A	437
First Point	••	Eastern Question. First of 4 Points discussed at Conferences of	20 July, 1819	95	2 A	592
		Vienna. Danubian Principalities	8 Aug., 1854	250	§ 1	1216 1218
		" " No. 1	28 Dec., 1854 15 Mar., 1855		§ 1 —	1216 122 5 123 3
Fisheries	••	French, Restored. See	19 Mar., 1855		_	1233
: 3	ĺ	also Newfoundland Pru sia and Netherlands.	30 May, 1814	1	8	9
		Rivers	26 June, 1816	56	27	151

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Ducument.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Fisheries	Sweden and Russia. Ceded				
	Territory	14 May, 1826	130	7	746
> 7	Baden and Switzerland. Rivers	31 Oct., 1854	250	2	1219
Fiume	A 4 4 4	9 June, 1815	27	93	263
Five Points	Eastern Question. Dis-				
	cussion at Paris:— 1. Danubian Principali-	FebApr.1856	268	_	1274
	ties: Moldavia, Wal-				
	lachia, and Servia.				
	2. Free Navigation of the				
	Danube. 3. Revision of Treaty of		:		
	13th July, 1841.				
	Limitation of Rus-				
	sian and Turkish		1		
	Naval Forces in Black Sea.				
	4. Christian Subjects of				
	the Porte.				
	5. Special Conditions.			1	
Five Powers	See also 4 Points. See Powers of Europe.				
Five Towns of	France and Spain. Boun-				1
Navarre	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	129
Fivissano	District. Contingent Ces-		1]	1
	sion by Tuscany to Modena	9 June, 1815	27	102, § 1	26
,,	" Italian Boun-	a sune, rore	"	102, 9 1	20
•	daries	28 Nov., 1841	200	9	105
>		4.0.4.7047	000		100
Flag	cany to Modena Covers the Cargo. Decla-	4 Oct., 1847	206	9	108
FIRE	ration (Paris)	16 April, 1856	271	§ 2	128
n	Genoa	100 3		Annex	15
	G	10 4	444	AA	704
**	German Ionian Islands	1		55 7	194 34
97 31	Kniphausen	1 0 7 1007		5	72
n	Moldavia and Wallachia	29 Jan., 1834	170	5 2	93
	Name of the second	19 Aug., 1858		-	134
))	North German Red Cr. 83 Convention			55 7	182 162
))))	States on the Rhine	35 3000		23	8
•	,,	9 June, 1815		118, § 16	
Was dans	Fact and Wast Dalaise			Annex 16	27
Flanders .	East and West. Belgian Territory	1 4 2 37 4004	153	1	86
	,,	19 April,1839		l î	98
•	,,	19 April,1839	184	_	99
	Fact and Wayt Drainege	19 April,1839	185	Annex	99
>7	East and West. Drainage of Waters	15 Nov., 1831	153	, 8	86
)	or waters	19 April,1839		8	98
))))	,,	19 April,1839		Annex	99

2172

			,		
Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Flatten	. Village. Ceded by Prussia				
	to France	11 June, 1827	135	2	767
	,,	23 Oct., 1829	148		838
	. Treaty of		200		1045
	. Canton. Given to France	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 2	4
Floss-Graben			16 27	17	141
Fœhr	. Island. Fart ceded by Den-	9 June, 1815	21	15	· 222
FORTE	mark to Austria and		Ì		
	Prussia	30 Oct., 1864	367	4	1632
Fælleds	Lapland. Russia and			_	100.
Districts	Sweden. Boundary.	14 May, 1826	130	Preamble 2, 3	744 746 746
Foncenex	Road to Gy. Within Ge-				
	neva Limits	16 Mar., 1816	52	\ · 1	424
3 7	, ,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
Fontaine	. Canton. France and Ger-	1075		1	
	many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	1955
"	. Village. France and Germany. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add. Art.	1963
F ontainebles	Treaty	10 Oct., 1807	ł	Annulled	
2 011 001110 0100	,, Referred to	9 June, 1815	27	93	262
Fontarabia	. Compensation to Munici-	,			
	pality. France and		İ		
	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	24	129
F ontenelles	, Village. French Boundary		1	3, § 6	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	
F orbach	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	83
Foreign	Enlistment Act. British,	1		Make	60
Forli	33 & 34 Vic., c. 90 United to Sardinia	9 Aug., 1870 18 Mar., 1860	308	Note	69
	Protest of Pope	0435 1000	311		142
,, Fornoli	Italian Boundaries	100 37 . 1044		9	105
Foron	River. Geneva Boundary	1	52	ì	424
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	61
"	,, Geneva Custom				
	Houses	,	52	8	42
. ,	" Free from Duty			1	42
37	" " " " A . C.	20 July, 1819	95	41	613
)	" Secured to Sar-	16 May 1916	50	,	40
	dinia	16 Mar., 1816 20 July, 1819	52 95	1 41	42
,, Fortification	Right of Powers to fortify		90	41	613
a vi viiivavivii	their States	100 35 1014	1	3, § 8	
		11 May, 1867		Note	180
"	Right of Sardinia, Do		19	6	15
" "	,,	9 June, 1815	27	90	26
"	Erection for general safety				
	of Europe, and not			}	1
	for private advan-			1	
	tage of any one		40	1	,_,
	State	21 Nov., 1815	48		413
	1	1	1	1	i

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Fort Louis Fort St. Antoine Fortresses ,,	by Allied Troops Belgium and Notherlands. Boundary Colonies restored to France Austria and Bavaria. Disposal of materials Netherlands. Maintenance Great Britain and Netherlands. Mutual surrender Defence of Netherlands, Switzerland, and Germany German Federal Disposal of Allied Powers Russian restored Right of Powers to im-	5 Nov., 1842 30 May, 1814 3 June, 1814 21 July, 1814 13 Aug., 1814 3 Nov., 1815 3 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815 30 Mar., 1856	2 4 5 38 38 40 264	5 5 11 11 7 3	347 1029 10 33 39 44 826 331 346 1254
" " Fouron-le-	prove See also Fortifications. France. Pecuniary Indemnity. Commune. Belgium and	11 May, 1367	406		1806
Comte Four Points	Netherlands. Boundary Eastern Question. Condi-	8 Aug., 1843	19	65	1031
	tions of Peace with Russia	8 Aug., 1854	250		1216
	Discussions at Vienna during Crimean War:— 1. Danubian Principalities; Moldavia, Wallachia, Servia. 2. Free Navigation of the Danube.	Mar.—June, 1855	258		1233
			,		

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Four Points	3. Revision of Treaty of				
	13th July, 1841.				
	Limitation of Rus- sian Naval Forces			,	ı
	in Black Sea. Inte-			'	
	grity of Ottoman				
	Empire.				
	4. Christian Subjects of the Portc.			_	
,,	Conferences at Paris. Peace				
	with Russia:—	Feb.—April,	268	—	1274
	1. Danubian Principali- ties.	1856			
	2. Danube.				
	3. Black Sea.				
	4. Christian Subjects of				
	the Porte. Italian Question. Points				
,,	proposed by British				
	Government to be				,
	discussed in a Con-				
•	gress to avert war between Sardinia	•			
	and Austria:	Mar., 1859		Note	1411
	1. Evacuation of Roman	•			
	States. 2. Reform of Italian				
	2. Reform of Italian States.		<u>'</u>		
	3. Security of Sardinia				
	ngainst Austrian			,	!
	attack. 4. Substitute which might				
	lead to the abroga-				
!	tion or modification				
	of the Austro-Italian Treatics.				
Four Powers		20 Nov., 1815	45		376
"	See also Alliance. Powers		10		0,0
	of Europe.				
Fourth Point	Eastern Question. Of 4 Points discussed				
	at Conferences at				
	Vienna. Christian			§ 4	1216
:	Subjects of the Porte	8 Aug., 1854	250		1218
,,	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	28 Dec., 1854	253	§ 4	1226 1233
))		29 Mar., 1855	258		1200
Fous-Aa	Boundary. Denmark and	_			
Fouggamence	Schleswig Village France and Ger-	30 Oct., 1861	367	5	1632
r oresemente '	Village. France and Ger- many. Boundary	10 May. 1871	 -446	Add. Art.	1963
				3	2500
Frais	Village. France and Ger-	10 35 - 305	440		
	many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add. Art.	1963
	2175		!	3	

Name o Country, Pl		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
France	• •	Union with 4 Allied Powers	4 Nov., 1818	84	_	564
*	• •) ;	12 Nov., 1818	85	_	567
,,	• •	"	15 Nov., 1818	87	<u> </u>	571
11	• •	***	15 Nov., 1818	88		573
3)	• •	And Allied Powers. Pri-	-		ļ	
••		vate Claims	20 Nov., 1815	45		376
**	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	25 April, 1818	79	—	541
"	• •	" See also Pecuniary				
	ı	Indemnity.				
**	••;	And Austria. Boundary,				
		&c. See Austria.			i	
**	••	And Baden. Boundary,				
		&c. See Baden.				
**	• •	And Bavaria. Boundary, &c. See Bavaria.	`			
		And Belgium. Boundary				
**	• •	as in 1792, with				
		modifications	30 May, 1814	1	23	4
••		" as in 1790, with	00 110, 1011	_		_
**		modifications	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
,,	• •	" Entrance of a French				
••		Army into	10 Nov., 1832	164	-	915
,,	• •	And Germany. Boundary	·		•	
		as in 1792, with		•		
		modifications	30 May , 1814	1	3	4
))	••	"Boundary				
		as in 1790 with			_	
		modifications	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
>>	• •	,, Boundary.	00 To 1 10m1	400		1010
		Alsace and Lorraine	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
		"	10 May, 1871	446	1 Add. Art.	1955
			•		Add. Art.	1963
		Armistice	28 Jan., 1871	434	<u> </u>	1905
,,	• •	Preliminaries of	20 0 au., 10,1	101		1300
**	• •	Peace	26 Feb., 1871	438	_	1912
	• •	,, ,,	16 Mar., 1871	442		1927
"	• •	Peace	10 May, 1871	446		1954
27	• •	,,	12 Oct., 1871	447	_	1964
) ,	• •	,, · · ·	11 Dec., 1871	449	111	1968
"	• •	" Conferences.				
-		(Frankfort)	July—Dec.,	448	_	1966
			1871		1	
2 >	• •	And Great Britain.			1	
		Claims of British	90 37 1015	40		000
		Subjects	20 Nov., 1815	46	-	398
"	• •	Sua also Pompiew In-	25 April, 1818	80		550
,	• •	See also Pecuniary Indemnity	25 April, 1818	80		550
•		And Great Britain, &c.	To whim, Toro	0 0		990
>>	• •	Peace and Terri-				
		torial Arrangements	30 May, 1814	1		1
-		Confirmed	20 Nov., 1815	40	11	349
**	• •	And Great Britain. Nother-				
>>				1	•	

Name of Country, Pla- &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
France	• •	And Italy. Boundary as			•	
		in 1792, with modi-				
		fications	30 May, 1814	1	3	000
"	• •	And Wonese as in 1700	9 June, 1815	27	85 ·	260
"	••	And Monaco, as in 1790, with modifications	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	34
,,	• •		2 Feb., 1861	1	_	146
,, .	• •	And Netherlands. Boun-		_		
		dary as in 1792		1	2, 3	4
,,	••	" as in 1790	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 6	340
"	••	Liege and	1037 1010	~~		40
-		Bouillon	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
79	••	,, · ·	17 Apr., 1817	69 95	1 34	512 600
" .	•••	,,	20 July, 1819 28 Mar., 1820	99	99	624
"		And Portugal. Treaties	20 Mai., 1020	00	1	
"		of 1801 and 1804				
		annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	24
,,		" Restoration. French	• •			
		Guiana	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	
"	• •	,,	9 June, 1815	27	106	269
		A 7 75	28 Aug., 1817	75		530
13	••	And Prussia. Treaties	90 35 1914	-		9
		since 1795 annulled	30 May, 1814	1 95	Add. Art.	24 59
"	••	" [Towan]	20 July, 1819 11 June, 1827	135	13	76
,,		" [Deyen]	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	83
"		And Sardinia. Boundary	1 20 000., 2020			
>>		as in 1792, with modi-				
	- 1	tions	30 May, 1814	1	3	
))	••	» · ·	20 May, 1815	19	1	15
"	••	,,	9 June, 1815	27	85	26
"	••]	••	19 Sept., 1815	33		30
					118, § 13	27
		" Savoy. Bour			Annex 13	27
"	•••	dary as in 1790	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 4	34
		•	20 July, 1819	95	39	60
))))		" Treaty of Zurich	10 Nov., 1859	302	_	139
"		And Savoy and Nice	24 Mar., 1860	313		142
,,	••	,,	23 Aug., 1860	322		145
22	••	,,	7 Mar., 1861	329	-	146
)	••	And Spain. Boundary	12 Nov., 1660	1	Appendix	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	
"	• •	Peace	20 July, 1814	3]	30
**	• •	" Boundary	2 Dec., 1856 28 Dec., 1858	275 289		129 135
"		"	14 April, 1862	336	_	1510
"		», · · ·	27 Feb., 1863	340		152
))		**	26 May, 1869	373		164
))))		And Spain. Boundary as	,			
		in 1792	26 May, 1866	374		164 184
	••]	,,	11 July, 1868	411	—	194
	1		•	1		l

Name o Country, Pi &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
France		And Switzerland. Boun-	1			
		dary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 6	Ì 6
**		" Neufchatel	00 37 3010	40	1	345
**		" Neufchatel	4 Nov., 1824			718
,,		" Vallée des Dappes	8 Dec., 1862	339		1525
))			30 May, 1814	1 '	2, 3	4
,,		" as in 1790, with		۱ ,]
••		" modifications	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
> >		Paris Conferences	1815	49		414
3 7	• •	Cessions to by Bavaria	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 1	728
	ļ))	9 Dec., 1825	126		736
**	• •	,, by Netherlands	28 Mar., 1820	99	8-40	624
••	i			1	42-61	624
"		" by Prussia …		135	2	767
))	••;	Cessions to Netherlands	28 Mar., 1820	99	8-40	624
				! • .	42-64	624
,,	••		26 Feb., 1817	438	1	1913
,	••	Colonies. Fisheries, &c.		1 1		}
		Restored. New-	I	ļ ,		1
		foundland, &c	30 May, 1814	1	8, 11, 14	1
			20 Nov., 1815	469	16	400
"	• •	Declaration of War		. ;		<u>,</u>
			23 April, 1823			697
		Against Russia	27 Mar., 1854	239		1186
		Against Austria	3 May , 1859	295		1367
		, , , , _	3 May, 1859	296		1368
		Against Prussia	19 July, 1870	423		1880
		>>	20 July, 1870.			1883
		5. 5. "	22 July, 1870	426		1884
		By Prussia	19 July, 1870	424		1881
**	••	Decrees against French			•	
		Subjects in Austrian				1
		and Prussian Ser-	00 35 . 1014		4	
		vices annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add.	22
		Turanaan Sustam Dlaga		!	Arts.	25
; ;	• •	European System. Place	15 Nov., 1818	97		
		m	15 Nov., 1818	87		571
		Military Occupation by	10 1101., 1010	88		557
"	••	in: a main	20 Nov., 1815	40	.	045
	1	Davis Conformance	1815		5	347
"	••	Fortresses, &c	20 Nov., 1815	42		414
"	• •	Torrobbob, ac.	20 Nov., 1815	44	3 6	356
> >		" Evacuation by Allies		40	G	374
,,			9 Oct., 1818	82		348
"		**	4 Nov., 1818	81		557 564
"		Peace with Russia	30 Mar., 1856	264		1250
)		,, Austria	11 July, 1859	298		1374
•)>		" Prussia, &c	26 Feb., 1871	438		1912
))		•	10 May, 1871	446		1954
)) - 1)		Pecuniary Indemnity to	,			~~~
3)		Allies	3 Nov., 1815	38		. 326
			,		1	, - -

				<u> </u>		
			5	i i		1
Name of		Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of	Art.	Do go
Country, Pla	ace,	Subject.	other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	Page.
			!			
France	• •	Pecuniary Indemnity to				
		Allies	20 Nov., 1815	40	4.	347
>>	• •	, ,	20 Nov., 1815	41	<u> </u>	351
,,	• •	"	1815	49		414
, ,	• •	" Claims	16 Nov., 1816	65	2	499
,,	• •	3)	12 Mar., 1817	67	2 2 2	505
"	• •	>>	17 April, 1817	69	2_	512
"	• • ;	***	9 Oct., 1818	82	4 —7	559
))	• •	37	3 Nov., 1818	83		561
"	• •	>>	2 Feb., 1819	90		576
"	• •	***	20 July, 1819	95	38	609
"	• •	,, to Germany	26 Feb., 1871	438	2, 3	1914
					_	1915
"	• •	,,	10 May, 1871	446	7	1957
		a 1 20 . T 1			Note	1918
,,	• •	See also Claims. Indem-				
•		nity.				
**	• •	Occupation and Evacua-				}
		tion by German	00 T 10h1	40.4		
		Troops	28 Jan., 1871	434		1905
>>	• •	"	15 Feb., 1871	437	-	1911
"	• •	> >	26 Feb., 1871	438		1912
,,	• •	"	16 Mar., 1871	442	_	1927
**	• •	, > >	10 May, 1871	4-16		1954
**	• •	33	12 Oct., 1871	447		1964
,,	• •	T. 1 C. Sl. 35	11 Dec., 1871	449		1968
Franconia	• •	Isle of. See Mauritius.				
"	• •	Lower. Bavaria and	00 4 1000	00=		
3		Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1716
Frangy	• •	T.	00 3/ 1014		0 6 7	
Maran ala	١	France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	6
French		Guiana. See Guiana.				
Frankenda	cn	Ceded by Hesse-Darmstadt	9 Same 1966	900	•	1505
		to Prussia	04 75 1 7000	389	14	1737
7) 7)		United to Prussia Town. Ceded to Hesse-	24 Dec., 1866	403		1798
Frankenth	B.I		10 Tuna 1915	90	9.4	970
		Darmstadt	1 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	28 38	2, 4 7 c	279 330
"	• •	T) ' O	1815	49	-	415
,, Frankfort	• •	Canton, late. Part ceded	1010	78 37		
e i chile iur i	• •	to Hesse-Darmstadt	20 July 1910	95	19	600
		Conferences. France and	20 0 my, 1019	170	13	000
"	• •	Germany	July—Dec.,			
		dermany	1871	448		1966
		General Treaty (Recès	10/1	T 10		1300
**	••	C (1)	20 July, 1819	95		589
		Department, Old. Aus-	20 buty, 1018	30		000
**	• •		9 June, 1815	27	51	242
		***		26	9	201
"			AT TOTE	26 27	61	
"	• •	Grand Duchy			4	247
**	• •	Gradu Duchy	1 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	24 27	40	194 23 8
			9 a mic, 1019	21	4 5	230 240
					118, § 7	2 72 0 272
					Annex 7	
	•		•		THUCY (. 210

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Frankfort	Grand Duchy	22 Sep., 1815	31	12	311
,,	See also Prince	16 Oct., 1815	37	5	324
	Primate.		1		
,,	Road to Leipsig	1814, 1815	3 0		290
,,	Military Road. Great	. 00 0 1017			! !
	Causeway to Eisenach	22 Sep., 1815	31	9, § 1	310
"	Private Claims on France Free City	25 April, 1818 9 June, 1815	79 27	7 46	545
,,	Representation and voting	!		20	240
,,	at German Federal Diet and General				
	Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4,6	201
,,	,,	9 June, 1815	27	56	244
				58	246
,,	" At Council of North	! }			1
	German Confede-	1 -		_	l
	ration	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
,,	" At Council of Ger-	101 11 1001			
	man Empire	16 April, 1871	414	6	1933
,,	Annexed to Prussia	16 Aug., 1866	385		1705
	"	20 Sep., 1866 3 Oct., 1866	390		1741
	Protest of Inhabitants	24 Sep., 1866	396	Note	1766
,,	/T		_	1400	1741
• •		9 June, 1815	27	41	238
,,	Treaty of, France and			7.1	200
,,		10 May, 1871	446		1954
,,		11 Dec., 1871	449		1968
Frauensee	Bailiwick. To be obtained	,			
	by Prussia from				i
	Hesse-Cassel for			_	
	Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	2, § a	308
"	Ceded by Hesse Cassel to	100	-		
		: 16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
Free Ships	Free Goods, &c. Declara-	16 April, 1856	957	• 0	1 2000
	tion. Paris See also Maritime Law.		271	§ 2	1283
Freiburg		28 Aug., 1819	96	24	618
-		23 Oct., 1829	148		839
Fremersdorff		30 May, 1814	1	3, § 3	5
			_	٠, ٥	
Frensberg	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-				ļ
	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 7	184
>>	>>	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
				118, § 8	272
	20. 12. 13. 14. 1			Annex 8	275
Freudenberg	Bailiwick. To be obtained				
	by Prussia from				
	Hesse - Cassel for Hanover	20 Mar 1015	91	0 2 1	197.4
		29 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	21 27	3, § 1	174
>>	"	A a mmo, 1010		118, § 6 Annex 6	272 275
	i i		ı	THE TANKE	415

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Freudenberg	To be ceded by Hesse-				
	Cassel to Prussia, for Hanover	23 Sept., 1815	35	5 `	315
,,	" Ceded by Hesse- Cassel to Prussia	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
Friburg	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	1 74	65 25 4
))))	See also Switzerland.	0 0 ane, 1010	~,	4.20	201
Friedewald	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-				- 45
,,	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	1, § 8 24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	184 228 272 275
,,	" Part to be ob- tained by Prussia from Hesse-Cassel				-
,,	for Saxe-Weimar ,, Districts ceded by	22 Sept., 1815	34	2, § e	308
Friesland		16 Oct., 1815	87	2	32
Frioul	Austrian and Ancient Venetian. Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	26
Frit sla r	Principality. Annexed to	3 Oct., 1866	394	70	176
Froide Fon-	Commune. France and				
taine Fronsberg	Germany. Boundary Castle, Forest, and Terri- tory. Ceded by Ba-		438	1	191
The b	varia to France	5 July, 1825	124	1, § 1	72
Fuhrweiler Fulda	Given to Prussia Renounced by Netherlands	23 Oct., 1829	,		83
	in favour of Prussia	31 May, 1815	22	5	18
"	Port to be ended by Dynasia	9 June, 1815	27	70 118, § 10 Annex 10	
,,	Part to be ceded by Prussia to Saxe-Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	1, 4	19 19
"	,,	9 June, 1815	27	37 118, § 7 Annex 7	23 27
,, ••	Part. Prussian Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	24 40	22 23
	Part. Austrian Sovereignty Part ceded by Prussia to	-	27	51	24
,, • •	Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 9	30 30
29 • •	Part ceded by Prussia to Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	87	1 5 7	32
"	Military Road	5 Feb., 1816 22 Sept., 1815		5, 7 § 1 9, § 1	32 4] 31

2181

Name of Country, Place, &c.	bubject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
		·			
Fulda	Purchasers of Domains	9 June, 1815	27	41 45	238 240
,,	Stipulations of Elector of Hesse-Cassel respect-	I		51	242
,,	ing certain Districts Grand Duchy. Annexed		37	5, 7	323
	to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	394	_	1762
Fuldois	wicks. Bailiwicks. Bavarian In-		i L		<u> </u>
	dem nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2 B	334
,,	" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2 B	437
	Fund. Prussia and Hesse- Darmstadt	12 Mar., 1817	6 8	6	509
E distantants	Ceded to Hesse	} !	00	4	500
Furstenhausen Furstenstein		21 May, 1818 23 Oct., 1829	92 148	4	582 8 3 9
	Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	255
Gaenseteich	Village. Ceded by Han- over to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	
7 , ••		9 June, 1815	27	29, § 4 118, § 6 Annex 6	272
Gailingen	Boundary. Baden and Switzerland	31 Oct., 1854	251	3	1219
Galatz	Free Navigation of the	2 Nov., 1865	375	No. 3	1650
Galicia	See also Danube. Austria and Russia. Fron-	,			
	tier	3 May, 1815	12	1, 3 38	96 104
,,	1	3 May, 1815	14	3	121
,,	,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	4, 5 8	218 219
,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	26 Dec., 1826 10 July, 1829	133	1	763
Gallicano	District. Contingent cession by Tuscany to	10 9 uly, 1029	143	1, 2	811
Gandersheim	Modena Brunswick and Hanover.	9 June, 1815	27	102, § 2	267
Gangelt	Boundary Netherlands and Prussia.	·		84, 87	713
Garda	Boundary Lake of Austria and Sar-			2, 3, 7	1862
,,		10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859	3 01 3 02	4	1383 1393
");	10 Nov., 1859	303	1 3	1403
,,	31 21	16 June, 1860	817	_	1439

Name of Country, Place &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Garda	Lake of. Austria and Sar-				
	dinia. Boundary	3 Oct., 1866	392	4 .	1443
	,,	22 Dec., 1867	409	_	1835
"	Free Navigation		303	18	1409
Garde	France and Germany.				
	Boundary		438	1	1913
Garfagnana	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	. 2	1049
Ca-14aa	Village Within Conserve	. 1		9	1055
Garlice	Village. Within Cracow Territory	0 Tuma 1015	27	7	219
Garrisons	Can Tartifications	90 une, 1010	4	7	413
Gastein	Convention of Peace.]		
	Austria and Prussia		370		1638
Gattatico	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1058
Gedinne	Canton. Given to France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 2	4
Gefäll	Inclosure in Rouss. Coded			-, 0	
	o Prussia	•	27	15	223
"	Military Road to Gera		34	9, § 3	310
Gehmen	Lordship. Relations with				000
	Prussia		27	43	239
Geisa	Circuit. Ceded by Prussia	90 Same 1015	0.4	- 00	200
Clafalantam	to Saxe-Weimar Given to Prussia	(34 148	1, § 9	307 839
Geislautern Gejlbjerg	Danmanh and Gablamia		1460		000
cadinion &	Boundary	100 A 1004	367	5	1632
Gelnhausen	Road. Arrangements re-		50.	0	1001
	specting	9 Nov 1915	38		330
Gelsomio	Russia and Sweden Limits		130	7	745
Gemmenich	Commune, Belgian and			2	ļ
	Netherlands. Boundar	y 8 Aug., 1843	196	0=	1031
Genep	Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	230
-	4 177	00.35		66	294
Geneva	And France. Boundary.		1	3, § 7	6
> >	Cessions to, by Sardinia		10 7		71 158
	"	20 May, 1815	19	Annex	190
				BB	164
	29	9 June, 1815	27	80	257
	"			85	260
			ĺ	91	261
				118, § 12	273
			•	118, § 13	273
				Annexes	م بعلو
		9 No- 1015	90	12, 13 5	275
	"	3 Nov., 1815 16 Mar., 1816	38 52	1	328 42 8
)	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
	Custom Houses	16 May 1916	52	3	425
))	Custom Houses		-	21	432
A P	And Jussy. Passage of	•			
>>	Troops	90 Mon 1915	10	2, § 2	71
	,,	20 May, 1815	19	Annex B B	
	,	_ ·			164

2183

7 A 2

Name of Country, Pl		Subject.	Other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
deneva.	•	And Jussy. Passage of				
		Troops	9 June, 1815	27	80 118, § 12	25
			•		13	27
					Annexes 12, 13	27
> 9		Lake. Geneva Boundary	29 Mar., 1815	10	1	7
		>	20 May, 1815	19	Annex B B	16
	f		9 June, 1815	27	80	25
	1	**			118, § 12	
					Annex 12	
		"	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 3	34
		Thanks with Sandinia of	20 July, 1819	95	41	61
79	••	Treaty with Sardinia of 1754 confirmed	20 May, 1815	19	Annex	16
_		Associan of Tarritary	20 Mar., 1815		BB] ,
» ·	• •	Accession of Territory Communications with	30 May, 1814	9	5 4	6
>>	• •		20 Mar., 1815	9	5	6
))))	9 June, 1815	27	79	25
)	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 8	34
		2)	16 Mar., 1816	52	Preamble 8	4:
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	20 July, 1819	95	40	60
"	••	Union with Switzerland	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	
>>	••	27	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	2 75	
79	• •	And the Valais. Free	5 6 tile, 1016	21	1	2
29		communication with	29 Mar., 1815	10	2	2
	ı	>>	20 May, 1815	19	Annex	
			0 June 1915	97	B B 80	16
		29	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 12,	25
				•	§ 13	27
					Annexes	
			16 Was 1916	£0	12, 13	27
		?)	16 Mar., 1816	52	5 6	45
33	••	Convention. Wounded in				-
		War	22 Aug., 1864	365	_	163
))	• •	" Accessions	1864—1874			162
>>	••	cession	18 Feb., 1865	368		163
>>	••	" Additional Articles	20 Oct., 1868	413		185
ienevese	••	Swiss Protest against Annexation to France, &c. See Savoy,	·			
lenoa	• •	Switzerland. Cessions to Sardinia	9 June, 1815	27 1	80 Sep. Art. 2	25
33	• •	Free Port	30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	1
						1

Name of Country, Place &c.	ж,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Genoa	•	Free Port	20 May, 1815	19	Annex	150
	ı		9 June, 1815	27	A A 80	159 25 8
))	16 Mar., 1816	52	5	426
,,		Parma and Placentia.		-		ı T
		Limits	10 Mar., 1766		Appendix	
	ļ		26 Nov., 1822	112	1—12	693
,,	••	Rights and privileges	20 May, 1815	19	4 Annex	157
					A A	159
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	88, 89	26]
					Annex 13	27
**	••	And Sardinia. Bases of	00 35 - 1015	10		7 -1
		Union	20 May, 1815	19	2 Annex	157
	1					159
			9 June, 1815	27	86	260
		>>	0 0 4330, 4000	_,	118, § 14	273
					Annex 14	27
>>	• •	,, Vienna	7074 7075	-		
		Congress And Sardinia. King.	1814—1815	30		28
>>	••	And Sardinia. King. Duke of Genoa	20 May, 1815	19	3	15
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	87	26
		"			118, § 13	•
					Annex 13	
21	• •	Treaty	3 June, 1754	-	Appendix	
>>	• •	" Confirmed, except Art. XIII	29 Mar., 1815	10	5	7
			16 Mar., 1816	52	23	43
		**	9 June, 1815	27	Annex 12	
,,	• •	" Limits as in 1792	9 June, 1815	27	85	26
>>	• •	" Portion of Ter-	İ	ŀ	ľ	1
		ritory to be given	20 Mar 1014	1	g. A.	
		to Sardinia	30 May, 1814	1 *	Sep. Art. 2	1
			9 June, 1815	27	85	26
**	• •	Trade with Geneva, &c	16 Mar., 1816	52	5	42
Gensbach	• •	France and Prussia.	23 Oct., 1829	148		83
Georgia		Boundary Province. Russia and	25 Oct., 1028	140	_	00
G001870	••	Turkey. Asiatic			į	
		Boundary	14 Sept., 1829	145	4	81
			29 Jan., 1834	170	1	98
Gera	• •	Military Roads	22 Sept., 1815	34	9, § 3	31
,, Germanic	• •	River. Navigation Confederation. Federative	22 Sept., 1815	34	8	30
A dringmin	• •	Bond	30 May, 1814	1	6	
					Sep. Art.	1
		l			4	1
				1	,	1
				_		

Hame of Country, Pla &c.	ice,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty_	Ark	Page.
Germanic	• •	Confederation. Constitu-				
	ł	tion	8 June, 1815	26	_	200
))	• •	" Defensive Works		88	10	331
29	• •	••	21 Nov., 1815	48	2	413
72	• •	Watabli barant	Nov., 1815	49 27	53—64	415
11	• •	" Establishment	9 June, 1815	21	00-02	243 248
			}		67	250
					118, § 9	
					Annex 9	
>>	• •	,, Austrian Presi-	1			į
		sidency at Diet	8 June, 1815	26	5	' 2 01
>>	• •		9 June, 1815	27	57	244
>>	• •	,, Rights of Ancient		!		j
		Nobility	8 June, 1815	26	14	203
31	• •	" Territory of An-		1		
		cient Nobility ceded to Prussia	0 Tune 1915	27	40	237
		to rrusers	9 June, 1815	21	42	239
	••	" Maintenance of			70	
**		Peace	8 June, 1815	26	11	201
))	• •		9 June, 1815	27	63	247
))))	••	" Final Act. Or-				
•-		ganisation	15 May, 1820	104		636
9 7	• •	" Right to declare		1		_
		War	15 May, 1820	104	35	649
		A 4 : 175		i	40	651
••	••	" Austria and Prus-				
		sia. Mutual guar- antee of German	1			
	- 1	and Non-German				
	1	States	20 Apr., 1854	244	1	1201
"		" Rights reserved.	20 Apr., 1854	214	1 2	1201
"		" Federal Fort-				
••		resses. Disposal of		1		
,,		Material	23 Aug., 1866	388	8	1723
))	••		6 July, 1869	420		1876
>>	••	" See also Landau,				
	1	Luxemburg, Restadt,				l
	i	Rendsburg, Ulm,				
	l	Mayence. ,, Proposed Fleet				
??	•••	-4 Trial	14 Aug., 1865	370	2	1639
		See also Kiel.	11 11ug., 1000		-	2000
?? ??		" Dissolved by				
,,		Pruseia	14 June, 1866	376		1652
39		"	16 June, 1866	378		1687
"	•••	" Protest of Ger-	_			
		man Diet	14 June, 1866		Note	1722
>>	••]	99	26 July, 1866	383	2	1699 1700
	Ì	•			5	1700
	Ì					
	į			.		
	1			l	•	

Name of Country, Place &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Trenty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Germanic	• •	Confederation. Dissolved with consent of Aus		·		
		tria, and to her own				
		exclusion from nev				1
•			of and a second	000		1.50
		German States . , Federal Reform	. 23 Aug., 1866	388	4	172
**	• •	Proposed Congress		356		157
,,	• •	" Invited to tak	-			1
,,	!	part in Europea				
		Conferences .	. 20 April, 1864	362		161
"	• •	19	June, 1866	377	-	166
	ı	(Taka) Die				167
**	• •	" (Late). Dis	1	384	6	170
	• •	i	17 Aug., 1866	386	6	170
" "	• 1	,,	22 Aug., 1866	387	6	171
"	• •	" Confirmation o				-
		Treatics	23 Aug., 1866	388	13	172
,,	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3 Sept., 1866	389	6	173
Je rman	• •	Confederation (North) Constitution). 	407		180
		· ,, Prussian Pre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	407		100
"	• •	sidency. Right t				
			0			
		make Peace; to cor	1-			
		clude Treaties;	ľ			
		send and receive An		105	11	101
			14 June, 1867	407	11 55	181
"	• •	Congrintes	14 June, 1867 14 June, 1867	407 407	56	182
,,	• •	Tantagasa	14 June, 1867	407	6 5	182
))))	• •	" Relations wit			U .,,	1
		" O 43 O4 4	26 July, 1866	383	2	169
,,	• •	79	23 Aug., 1866		4.	172
,,	• •	D. C	14 June, 1867	407	79	182
>>	• •	, Defensive System Baden and Hess		420	10	187
>>	• •	' " T	15 Nov., 1870	_	Note	182
,,		· •	23 Nov., 1870	_	Note	182
,, ,,		TTY 4 7	25 Nov., 1870		Note	182
"	٠	Union with South	26 July, 1866	383	2	168
"	• •	, , , , , ,	23 Aug., 1866		4	172
"	• •	Empire. Constitution	16 April, 1871	443		192
		Wing of Proces	16 April, 1871	444	_	. 193
17	• •	,, King of Prussi German Emperor		444	11	: 193
••	••	,, Prussian Pres		-DET	4.4	1
"	, ,	dency; right to d	1			:
		clare War; to mal				1
		Peace; to conclud	le		•	;
		Treaties; to ser				
		and receive Amba	8-		77	100
		sudors	16 April, 1871	444	11	193

Name of Country, Plac &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
3erman		Empire. Flag	16 April, 1871	444	55	1946
7 1	••	" Consulates			56	1946
31	•••	" Fortresses	16 April, 1871	444	65	1949
**	••	" Committee for		' <u> </u>		Ì
Jermany		And France. See France	16 April, 1871	444	8	1935
	1	and Germany.		1 1		!
dermersheir	n	Custom House abolished	• •	124	2, § 6	729
Jeroldseck	••	County. Given to Austria	9 June, 1815	27	51	242
) 1	••	" Ceded by Austria		1 00 1	•	1
	l	to Baden	• • •	93	2	585
			20 July, 1819	95	8	595
lersfeld	•••	District. Ceded by Bavaria				
		to Prussis	22 Aug., 1866	387	14	1715
		** A: *				1717
71	••	" United to Prus-				
	į	sia			_	1798
erstling		Given to France		148		839
ersweiler	••	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
lerterode	••	Princely Domain. Tax		i 1		1
	1	exemption		54	2	446
lertewits	••	District. Secured to Prus-				
	l	sia	22 Sep., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
esterode	••	District. To be obtained by Prussia from Hesse - Cassel for	-			
"		Saxe-Weimar ,, Ceded by Hesse- Cassel to Saxe-		34	2, § e	308
	į		16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
lex		Pays de. Part to be		•	-	
		added to Canton of				†
		Geneva	3 Nov., 1815	38	4	328
,, ••		•	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 3	345
), ••		??	20 July, 1819	95	40	610
leysa	ا	District. Ceded to Saxe-			~~	
	1		16 Oct., 1815	37	1	322
lhent		Treaty of Peace. Great	22 220, 2020	•	-	
	1	Britain and United		 		1
	1	States	24 Dec. 1814	6		45
hroubhan	••	-				
		Turkey. Asiatic				
•		Boundary	29 Jan., 1834	170	1, § 2	937
Heboldshau	SATI	Bailiwick. Ceded by Prus-	1001	1.0	-, 3 -	
		sia to Hanover	23 Sep., 1815	35	1	314
Hessen	• •	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 Scp., 1010		•	O13
	•	L' !A -A - !	31 May, 1815	23	15	189
			or mey, 1010	20	TÜ	108
))	• •		30 June, 1816	Zo	0.4	400
		Erfurt			24	469
))	• •	>>	30 June, 1816		24	473
**	• •	> >	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
				}		
				} !		
		•				

Name of Country, Place &c.	₽,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Misses .		Circle Port ended by				
Giessen	••	Circle. Part ceded by Hesse-Darmstadt to				
		Prussia	3 Sep., 1866	389	14	1783
			_			1737
>)	••	" United to Prussia.		403	_	1798
Hifhorn	••	Military Road to Minden	29 May, 1815	21 27	6 31	176 234
		Boundary. Brunswick and	9 June, 1815	21	OT.	204
"	••	Hanover	24 June, 1824	120	30—34	711
Gimborn		Lordship. Relations with	,			
		Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
Gimbweiler	••	Commune. Ceded to Ol-		~	~	00.4
		denburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	604
"	••	,, Excepted from Cessions to Saxe-				
		Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Ginkel		Ceded by Austria to Prus-	200 шу, 1010			
	•	sia	9 June, 1815	27	18	224
Giromagny		Canton and Road. France	·			
		and Germany.				-05
		Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1, 3	1955
Clinama		Province. France and]		1963
Girone	••	Spain. Boundary	11 July, 1868	411		1844
Gisperaleber		Bailiwick. Part ceded by	11 July, 1000		ĺ	
	•	Prussia to Saxe-				
		Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	1, § 8 b	307
Giurgevo	• •	Restored to Proprietors	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	756
,, ,,,	••	Fortress. Demolition of	10 Sep., 1829	145	1,Annex2	828
Givet	• •	French Fortress. Occu-	•			
		pied by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
		,, ,,	20 Nov., 1815	42	5 9	362
) ;	• •	Paris Conference	1815	49	*****	414
Gjels-Aa	• •	Denmark and Schleswig.				
		Boundary	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	1633
Gladbach	• •	Commune. Ceded by	91 Mar. 1015	99	1 8 15	184
		Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	1, § 15 24	228
		, ,	5 6 tille, 1016	~	118, § 8	279
			Ì		Annex 8	278
Glan	• •	River. Prussian Boun-	_ =			
		dary	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
~ 1	i	G : " C	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
Glaris	• •	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	74	254
	• •	Compensations to, from	e a mie, roro		""	20.
))	• •	other Swiss Cantons	20 Nov., 1815	9	6	6'
			9 June, 1815	27	81	258
)	• •	See also Switzerland.				
Glissen	• •	Village. Ceded by Prussia				
		to Hanover	25 Nov., 1837	181	1	960
Gola	• •	Village. Prussian Boun-	0 Tune 1915	977	0	21'
		dary. Warsaw	9 June, 1815 11 Nov., 1817	27 77	2	539

Count	me of 7, Place 1c.	×,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
treece	••	•••	And Turkey. Boundary. To be settled by Ne-				
			gotiation	6 July, 1827	136	3	77
*	• •	••	Insular	12 Dec., 1828	141	4-8	79
,,	• •),	22 Mar., 1829	142		80
91	• •	••), ,, ,,	7 May, 1832	159	5	89
,,	• •	••	" Continental (Map)	21 July, 1832	161	<u>5</u>	903
99	• •	••	Indomnity to Tun-	21 Feb., 1833	165		91
,,	••	••	" Indemnity to Tur- key	21 July, 1832	161	2, 4	90 90
			Independence. Guarantee	6 July, 1827	136		76
, ,	••		-	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 2	79
" "	••		; ;	9 Sept., 1829	144	-	81
"	• •		>7	3 Feb., 1830	149	_	84
**	• •	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7 May, 1832	159	4, 5	89
,,	••	• •	And Bavaria. Crowns not	7.35 1000	1	•	000
			to be united	7 May, 1832	159	8	89 91
91	• •	•• }	" Family Compact Crown not to be united	1 Nov., 1832	163		31
"	••	••	with that of any other country	30 April, 1833	166	-	92
**	••	••	Ionian Islands. Union with Greece. Sec Ionian Islands.	•			
,,		••	Sovereignty	7 May, 1832	159	_	89
,,,	• •	••]	Succession to Throne.				
			Prince Otho of Bavaria	7 May, 1832	159	1, 2	89 89
				30 April, 1833	166	•	91
,1 ,,	••		"	20 Nov., 1852	231		115
3 7	• •		Renunciation by King	,			İ
			Otho of Greece to succession to Bava-				
			rian Throne	18 Mar., 1836	-	Note	89
"	• •	•• ;	Termination of Bavarian	16 Mar. 1909	249		150
			Order of Succession	16 May, 1863 27 May, 1863	343 344		153 153
))	••		Title of King	7 May, 1832	159		89
)) 2)	••		"	13 July, 1863	347	2	154
37 77	• •	• •	** **	3 Aug., 1863	352		156
, ,	• •	• •	**	13 Oct., 1863	353	-	156
,,	••	••	Parts to be freed from presence of Turks	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 1	79
))	• •	••	Maritime Defences	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 1 § 3	79
,,	• •	••	Occupation by Allies.	0.4	000	•	1
			Paris Conference	8April, 1856	268	22	127
))	• •	••	Alfred, and refused	5 Feb., 1863	-	Note	158
**	• •	••	Accession of Prince George William of Donmark	90 Mar 1969	245		124
	_		William of Denmark	30 Mar., 1863 31 Mar., 1863	345 345		154 154
"	• •	••	"	or man, 1000			102

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Greece	. Accession of Prince George				
	William of Denmark	4 June, 1863	345		1543
,, ••	. , ,,	13 July, 1863	347		1545
,,	. ,,	29 Mar., 1864	359		1601
29 . • •	. Religion of Sovereign	22 Mar., 1829	142		806
,,	• ,	30 April, 1833	166		919
19 ••	• ,	20 Nov., 1852	231	_	1150
,,	• ""	5 June, 1863	315	§ 3 § 7	154
,, · · ·	· Charma of Charman and Day	13 July, 1863	347	97	154
	. Crowns of Greece and Den- mark never to be				
	maited	5 June, 1863	345	5.4	754
		13 July, 1863	347	§ 4 6	154
••	Guarantee of Frontiers	26 June, 1863	346	_	154 154
,,	. Guarantee of Frontiers	13 July, 1863	347	Preamble	
,, • •	. King. Civil List	5 June, 1863	345	§ 1	154
		13 July, 1863	347	9	154
•	• "	19 Oct., 1863	354	2	156
•	• **	29 Mar., 1864	357	2 5	1593
,,	. King. Personal Dotation	5 June, 1863	345	§ 2	154
,,	• }	13 July, 1863	347	10	154
,,		29 Mar., 1864	357	6	159
,,	Royal Families of Great Britain, France, and Russia				
łreek Loan .	from Throne of Greece	13 Dec., 1862		Appendiz	
,,	Russia Act of Parliament, 2 and 3	7 May, 1832	159	12	89
"	Wm. IV, c. 121 Act of Parliament, 6 and 7	16 Aug., 1832	_	Note	89
,,	Wm. IV, c. 94	19 Aug., 1836	1		
,,	. Arrangement	June, 1860	318	ļ <u> </u>	144
	.,,	26 June, 1865	346		154
"	. Treaty	13 July, 1863	347	11	154
,,	L4,000 annually by each of 3 Protecting Powers for dotation				
	to King George		357	6	159
reene	Act 27 and 28 Vic., c. 40 Brunswick and Hanover.				
.		24 June, 1824	120	99-104	71
reifenstein .	1	01 36 1015	00	129, 130	71
	sau to Prussia		23	1, § 18	18
	2)	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	22 27 27
•				Annex 8	2

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Grende	Town. Given to Bel-	¦ ▶		1	
		. 15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
	1 91	19 April, 1839		2	983
)	19 April, 1839	184	2	994
	, " " "	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Greusenheim	Commune. Ceded by			_	
	Baden to Austria	10 July, 1819	93	1 1	585
	Guillan Assault	27 Oct., 1819	.97	ı	621
**	,, Ceded by Austria	97 04 1910	00	1	COO
A	to Bavaria	27 Oct., 1819	98	.	622
Grevemachern	Military Road to Luxem-	8 Nov., 1816	64	19	495
Griffstät .	German Commandery.	1 0 1104., 1010	1 0%	19	300
Frieduce (The Village of Rin-	1	i	•)
	geleben Ceded by			l	l
	Prussia to Schwartz-		İ		ļ
	burg-Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816	55	2, § 3	450
Grisons	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815		ĺ	65
	, ,	9 June, 1815	27	74	254
			Į į	118, § 11	272
				Annex 11	275
,,	Austrian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 5	261
,,	See also Razuns, Switzer-	ķ	ľ		ı I
	land.		,	,	
Gröbeln	Prussia and Saxony.	0.7	-		
	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Grohnde	Brunswick and Hanover.	94 Tours 1994	100	100 110	777.4
~	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	108—112	714
Gronau	Danaia	0 Toma 1915	97	49	990
Geenia	Prussia Commune. Given to Saxe-	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
Gronig	O-1	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
	Coburg	20 day, 1018	30	28	604
Groppoli	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1052
oroppor	Training Downton	20 21011, 2022	200	9	1058
Grosblitters-	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148		840
dorf					
Groshemmers-	Given to Prussis	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
dorf					
	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	83 9
Gross-Auheim	District. Ceded by Hesse-				
	Darmstadt to Hesse-			_	
	Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	455
	; 99	30 June, 1816	58	4	460
	> >	80 June, 1816	59	4. 9r	473
Clares Delete	Sagurad to Manager	20 July, 1819	95 97	25	603
	Secured to Saxony Bailiwick. Prussia and	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Grossenhayn	Bailiwick. Prussia and Saxony. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
dross-Furra	The All A the 14	o a mic, 1019	41	19	404
MAUDETA WIITE II	surrendered by Prus-		I		
	sia to Schwartzburg-		 		
	Sondershausen	15 June, 1816	54	2	446
Gross-Graeb-	Prussia and Saxon Bound-			- !	·
chen	ary .	9 June, 1815	27	15	222

2194

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty of other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Gross-Krotzen- burg	District. Ceded by Hesse Darmstadt to Hesse				
_	Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	455
	"	30 June, 1816	58	4, § 1	460
•	> >	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
Gross-Neu-	District. Ceded by Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	25	306
haussen	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7 c	307
Gross-Opoczko	Prussian Boundary. War-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_, 3 , 0	
Grubenhagen	Principality. Annexed to	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Grumbach	Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393		1760
Grumbach	by Austria to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex I. i	333
	" Part Ceded by	1 July, 1816	6 0	Preamble	475
,,	Austria to Bavaria " Part Ceded to	20 July, 1819	95	2, § 2 B	5 93
57	Saxe-Coburg ,, Part Ceded to	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Gränedarf		20 July, 1819	95	29	605
Grünsdorf Guadaloupe		23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
_	France	80 May, 1814	1	9	9
, ,	Compensation to Sweden	13 Aug., 1814	<u>5</u>	§ 1 Appendix	46
**	Time of Restoration to	20.37			
Gualtieri	France And Brescello. See Brescello.	20 Nov., 1815	46	16	409
Guarantee	Inviolability, Independence, and Neutrality of European States:			•	
,,	Belgium. 5 Powers	15 Nov., 1831	153	25	870
	" During Franco-	19 Apr., 1839	185	1	997
**	German War	9 Aug., 1870	427		1886
	"	11 Aug., 1870	428		1889
,,			_		
,, ••	Cracow. Protection of			Ì	
	Austria, Prussia, and Russia	3 May, 1815	14	1, 6, 7	121
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	6	122 218
			-•	9	219
,,		30 Mar., 1856	264	15	1257
,,	Faucigny. See Savoy. Germany. Separate States	15 Mar. 1990	104	00	040
); · · ·	German and Non-German States. Mutual	10 мау, 1820	104	36	649
	Guarantee by Aus-				
	tris and Prussia	20 Apr., 1854	244		1201

Name of Country, Place	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Date.
Guarantee	·	Grecos. Independence	6 July, 1827	136	6	770
A Mar arran	١	•	3 Feb., 1830	149	L I	772
		>>	1 7 May, 1832	159	§ 8	841
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	30 Apr., 1833	166	*	895
	İ	"	13 July, 1863	347	Preamble	919
	ļ	Hesse-Darmstadt Posses-		32/	r regimble	1545
"	•••	sions. By Austria	•		i	
		and Prussia.	1	28	11	001
			30 June, 1816	58	26	281
		>>	30 June, 1816	59	26	470
		Ionian Islands. By	,	08	20	473
?)	••	Austria, Prussia,			1	
		and Russia, to Great				
		Daisain		90		
				39	2	338
>>	• •	" Ditto. To Greece		346	-	1544
		Frinkensen" German	13 July, 1863	347	35	1547
>>	••	Kniphausen. German Guarantee of Exe-		1		
		_		1.00		
		cution of Treaty of	9 Mar., 1826	128	_	739
9)	••	Luxemburg	19 Apr., 1839	185	1	997
		Moldavia. "Guarantee of	11 May, 1867	405	2	1803
)	••	Moldavia. Guarantee of			İ	
	ì	Sultan against In-				
		cursions		174	_	951
))	••	" Privileges and				
	i	Immunities	130 Mar., 1856	264	22	1260
	1	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	19 Aug., 1858	286	2	1330
))	• •	Neufchatel and Valengin.	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
			1		76	255
			26 May, 1857	281		1316
"	••	Portugal	1661—1815	-	Note	760
"	••	Prussia. Cessions to, from	_			
		Saxony	. 9 June, 1815	27	17	223
>>	••	Sardinia, during Crimean	1			
••		War		255	6	1228
>>	••	Savoy (Chablais and Fau-		\		
••		cigny)	9 June, 1815	27	92	262
		,,	16 Mar., 1816	52	7	427
))	••	See also Savoy. Switzerland		1		
,,	• •	Schleswig. Of Great				
**		Powers to be claimed		214	5	1168
	••		30 Mar., 1856	264	28	1262
22			20 Mar., 1815	g		64
>>			27 May, 1815	20		170
	ì	29	9 June, 1815	27	84	259
		> >		-•]	326
			3 Nov., 1815	38	4	328
		>>	2.01., 1010	50	118, § 11	272
				ļ	Annex	
				Ì		ane
			20 Nov., 1815	40	11 B	275
•	ł	,, Act of Guarantee		40	3	346
	•••	Treaties of 1814 and 1815.	· / · · · ·	43		370
>>	•••		L L	1	<u> </u>	
	ł		_	44	D11	020
	'	By 4 Powers	20 Nov., 1815	44	Preamble	372
		0304				

2196

Country, Pla	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Guarantee	• •	Turkey. Hatti-Humaïoun ,, Integrity and In-	18 Feb., 1856	263		1243
? ?	• •	dependence	30 Mar., 1856	264	7	1254
)	• •	" By Great Britain, Austria, and France	- '	270	1	1281
39	••	Tuscany. Possessions in 1785 confirmed	9 June, 1815	27	100	266
" "	• •	,, Guarantee Renewed Valengin. See Neufcha-	10 June, 1817	73	_	524
"		tel. Wallachia. Guarantee by Sultan against In-				
		cursions	1884	174	4	951
*		Immunities	80 Mar., 1856 19 Aug., 1858	264 286	22 2	12 6 0
»		Of Loan to Foreign States. See Danube Works	10 11 ug., 1000	200		100
		Loan, Greek Loan, Russian Dutch Loan, Sardinian Loan, Turkish Loan.				
,, Juastalla	••	See also Neutrality. Duchy. Austrian Fron-				
,, (1817-001-1-1-1		tier	9 June, 1815	27	95	263
,,	••	" Possession	9 June, 1815	27	99	26
		> >	10 June, 1817 20 July, 1819	73 95	1 43	526 613
		Reversion	9 June, 1815	27	99	26
"	••	,, 100 V OI DIOII	10 June, 1817	73	2 7	520
				~~		527
	i	**	20 July, 1819	95	44 47	613 613
**		" Succession	10 June, 1817	78	8	520
»	••	" Italian Boun-	20.27	900	1 0	304
		daries	28 Nov., 1844	200	1—9	1047
Füdingen Fuelders	••	Given to Prussia Old Austrian Principality. Prussia and Nether-	23 Oct., 1829	148	Sep. Art. —	1059 839
		lands. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	230 249
Juiana	••	British. See Demerara, Essequibo, Berbice.				
33	• ••	French. Restored by Portugal to France	30 May, 1814	1	10	10
			0 Tmm 1015	27	Add. Art. 106, 107	24 269
,		Portuguese. See Guiana,	9 June, 1815 28 Aug., 1817	75	1	530

7 в

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Guidesweiler	Commune. Given to Saxe-	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
	courg	20 0 123, 2020		28	604
Guimbeleta	Defile. France and Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	2	1293
Guipuscoa	Province. Eliot Conven-		<u> </u>		1
*	tion	27 Apr., 1835	1 76 153	1	956 860
Guirsch	Town. Given to Belgium	15 Nov., 1831 19 Apr., 1839	183	2 2	983
	**************************************	19 Apr., 1839	184	2	994
	!'	19 Apr., 1839	185	Annex	996
Gulhané	Hatti-Sheriff. Adminis- tration of Ottoman				
	Empire	3 Nov., 1839	188	_	1002
,, ••	See also Hatti-Humaïoun.	1	200		1001
düntersdorf	1 / 1 1 1 1 A . / A Th				
	sia	T	27	18	224
Günserode					
	to Schwartzburg-	10 T 1010			450
Manustral	Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816	55	2	450
Guriel	See Gouriel. Lordship. Relations with				
anner and	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
Gry	Willers Clauses Bound	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
	ary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
	,, _	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
.,				_	
	Given to Geneva		52	1 41	424
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
Haarheim	District. Ceded by Prus-				
	sia to Hesse-Darm-				
	stadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
Habonville	Commune. France and		1		
	Germany. Boun-				
	dary.	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Hackenburg	.	01 15- 1015	99	1 2 5	104
	Nassau to Prussia	0 1000 1015	23 27	1, § 5 24, § 2	184 228
,,	,, ,, ,,	o dune, 1010		118, § 8	272
			i İ	Annex 8	275
Hadamar	Principality. Ceded by		Ì		
•	Notherlands to			_	
	Prussia	31 May, 1815	22	5	181
		0 Tune 1018	o ⊳	67 70	25 1 253
,,	,, .,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 10	272
			1 	Annex 10	
,,	,, Ceded by				
,,	Prussia to Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	2	185
,,	,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	67	251
•	1	1		118, § 8	272
				Annex 8	275
]		
		•	•	•	•

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Hadeln	Territory. Annexed to	0.04.1000	200		1800
Hadji-Bairam	Prussia Village. Rights of Inhabi-	3 Oct., 1866	393		1760
	tants	11 Sept., 1858	287	§ 4 15	1352
Haenichen	Secured to Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Hagendorn	Jurisdiction. Restored to	0 T 1015	0-	00	0.07
Walna	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
Haina	Ceded by Hesse-Darm- stadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
	stadt to Prussia	o Sept., 1000	909		1737
••	United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403		1798
Hainault	Province. Belgian Terri-				
	tory	15 Nov , 1831	153	1	860
,,	,, ,, ,,	, ,	183	1	982
,,	"	19 April, 1839	184	1	994
. ,,		19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Hainichen	District. Ceded by Prussia	000 4 1015		1 001	907
To in	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 8 d	307
Heinröden	Jurisdiction. Ceded by Schwartzburg - Son- dershausen to Prus-		·		
	sia	15 June, 1816	54	1, § 2	445
Halberstadt	Principality. Restored to				
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
	36'1'4	00 35 1015		43	239
"	Military Road to Minden	I — ▼ '	21	6 31, § 1	176 234
,,	" "	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 6	272
				Annex 6	275
Hall	Village. Without French				
	Limits	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 4	5
Halle	Village. Ceded by Prussia	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		'*	
	to Hanover	25 Nov., 1837	181	1	966
Halleim	Commune. France and		ļ		
	Netherlands. Boun-			_	
	dary	28 Mar., 1820	99	7	624
Ham	Parish. Ceded by Nassau	01 36 - 1015	00	1 65	104
	to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23 27	1, § 5 24, § 2	184 228
,,	,, ,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 8	272
				Annex 8	275
Hambach	Town. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Hamburgh	Bank. Recovery of Funds	23 April, 1814		Appendix	
		30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	
				⁻ 6	20
	,,	20 Nov., 1815	45	3	381
	,,	27 Oct., 1816	63		483
,,		25 April, 1818	79	7	545
	Navigation of the Elbe.				1
27	1 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			_	075
· • • ·	Duty of Passage to	00 T 1001	110	(1	L 2.
· • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Melnick	23 June, 1821	110	១	0/3
		23 June, 1821 14 Aug., 1865	110 370	9 4	675 1640

7 в 2

## Do. at Council of North German Confederation	Name of Country, Place	•	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Ducument.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Do. at Council of North German Confederation	Hamburgh	••	tion and Voting at German Federal Diet and General Assembly	1		56	201 244
Do. at Council of German Enpire Constitution of North German Confederation, 14 June, 1867, proclaimed as Law. Free Port. North German Constitution C)					58	246
Constitution of North German Confederation, 14 June, 1867, proclaimed as Law Tree Port. North German Constitution 14 June, 1867, proclaimed as Law Tree Port. North German Constitution 14 June, 1867, duty 18 June, 1867, duty	11			14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
Proclaimed as Law. 1 July, 1867 — Note 246 Pres Port. North German 1 July, 1867 — Note 246 Pres Port. North German 1 July, 1867 — Note 246 Note 246 Note Note 246 Note N		••	Constitution of North German Confedera-	16 April, 1871	444	6	1934
Constitution	11		proclaimed as Law	1 July, 1867	-	Note	246
Service 14 June, 1867 407 51 1820 1944	19	••	" German Constitution				1815 1939
Comprised within North German Confederation	·			•	1 -		1820
Comprised within German Empire Comprised within German Empire Comprised within German Empire Comprised within German Empire Comprised within German Empire Comprised within German Compris	**		German Confedera-				
### Hammelburg Bailiwicks. Without Prussian Limits	,,	••	Comprised within German	Ì		_	
Disposal of Note Saturday	Hammelburg	5	Bailiwicks. Without Prus-			_	
Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	,,	••	This manual of		1		334
Hammerstein Bailiwicks. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia 31 May, 1815 23 1, § 12 184 24, § 2 228 118, § 8 272 24, § 2 228 118, § 8 272 24, § 2 228 218, § 8 272 24, § 2 228 218, § 8 272 24, § 2 228 228 218, § 8 272 24 23 24 218 218 23 24 24 24 24 24 25 27 24 27 24 218 25 27 24 210 28 27 24 210 28 21 23 27 24 210 28 21 21 23 27 24 21 22		••	" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53		i .
Hanau	Hammerstein	n.	Bailiwicks. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 12 24, § 2 118, § 8	184 228 272
"" To be restored to Hesse-Cassel 16 Oct., 1815 37 18 325 38 Annex 38 C "" Annexed to Prussia 8 Oct., 1866 894 — 1762 "" See also Fulda. Bavaria and Prussia. Boundary 22 Aug., 1866 887 — 1717 Hanau - Lichtenberg Hanover And Brunswick. Boundary 24 June, 1824 120 — 711 And Netherlands. Boun-	Hanau	1			•	41	238
Hesse-Cassel 16 Oct., 1815 87 Annex 385		- 1	To be restored to	10 3 une, 1515	28	11	281
Prussia		••	Hesse-Cassel			Annex	325 335
Boundary 22 Aug., 1866 387 — 1717 Hanau - Lich- tenberg Hanover And Brunswick. Boundary 24 June, 1824 120 — 711 " And Netherlands. Boundary 24 June, 1824 120 — 711	"	••	Prussia See also Fulda.	8 Oct., 1866	894	-	1762
Hanover And Brunswick. Boundary 24 June, 1824 120 — 711 " And Netherlands. Boundary	Hanau - Liol	 a-	Boundary		887 58, 59	19	1717 466
" And Netherlands. Boun-			_	04.7			.
daries 2 July, 1824 121 716))		And Netherlands. Boun-	·			

2200

INDEX.

Name of Country, Place.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Hanover	• •	And Oldenburg. Territo-				
	• •	rial And Prussia. Boundary,	4 Feb., 1817	66		502
))	••	&c	29 May, 1815	21	5	175
		79	9 June, 1815	27	30	283
		-	<u> </u>		118, § 6	272
					Annex 6	27
		>>	23 Sept., 1815	35	-	31
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	22 Dec., 1827	137	-	77
		37	25 Nov., 1837	181		96
"	••	" Military Routes	29 May, 1815	21	6	170
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	31	284
			<u> </u>		118, § 6	272
		Vine of Great Britain's	Ì		Annex 6	27
. ,,	• •	King of Great Britain's	9 June, 1815	27	26	23
		Cessions by, to Oldenburg	29 May, 1815	21	12	17
"	• •		9 June, 1815	27	33	238
		"	00000,1010	-	118, § 6	27
					Annex 6	27
••	••	" by, to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	17
"		"	9 June, 1815	. 27	24, § 1	22
					29	23
					118, § 6	27
					Annex 6	27
>>	• •	" to, by Hesse-				
		Caesel	29 May, 1815	21	3	17
		99	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 6	27
		to be Describe	00 35 1015	01	Annex 6	27
))	• •	" to, by Prussia	29 May, 1815	21 27	1, 2 23	17- 22-
		99	9 June, 1815	21	23 27	23
					28	23
					118, § 6	27
					Annex 6	27
		99	23 Sept., 1815	35	1, 5	31
		••			•	31
"	• •	Private Claims on France	25 April, 1818	79	7	544
••			ļ			540
>>	• •	Relations towards Bent-				_ •
		heim	29 May, 1815	21	10	176
,,		"	9 June, 1815	27	32	23
					118, § 6	277
		Danuscantation and Wating			Annex 6	278
29	• •	Representation and Voting at German Federal				
		Diet and General				
		A coomble	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201
		•	9 June, 1815	27	56	24
		,,		-•	58	24
••	• •	., At Council of				
37	- •	North German Con-		•		
	1	federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
>>	• •	" At Council of				<u> </u>
-		German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	В	193

2201

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Eanover .	. Prussian Invasion	16 June, 1866	378	_	1686
,,		16 Aug., 1866	385	_ !	1705
	>)	20 Sept., 1866	390	- ;	1741
	**	3 Oct., 1866	393	—	1760
	Protest of King against do. Private Property of King	23 Sept., 1866	391		1745
		29 Sept., 1867	-	Note	174
	,,	2 Mar., 1868		Note	174
	19	15 Feb., 1869	_	Note	174
	"	80 Mar., 1869	418		187
91	Securities removed from Treasury	10 Dec., 1866		Note	178
	. See Hamburg, Lubeck, and Bremen.				
Kanweiler	Hamlet. France and Prussia. District of				
	Leyen	11 June, 1827	135	Preamble	76
••		23 Oct., 1829	148	_	84
Hardenberg	. Lordship. Prussian Sove-	0.7 1915	0.5	0.4	00
7 1	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	24	22
	. Given to Luxemburg	15 Nov.,1831	153	l Z	86
Earling	Territory. Annexed to	3 Oct., 1866	393	_	176
Harlingerland	l Ceded by Prussia to	1			ļ
	Hanover	9 June, 1815	27	27, § 3	23
	,,	19 April, 1839	183	2	98
	,,	19 April, 1839	184	2	99
	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	98
Hartsburg	. Brunswick and Hanover.				
	Boundary	24 June, 1815	120	52—64 68—70 94	71 71 71
Hars	District. Brunswick and	·	}	j	
Hasborn	Hanover. Boundary Commune. Given to	24 June, 1815	120	Div. 3	71
	Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	59 6 0
Hasselfelde	Brunswick and Hanover.			20	۱ ۳
T###CITCING		24 June, 1824	120	43-46	71
		240 the, 1024	120	49, 50	71
Hassenrode	Lordship. Restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	25
Hattenrodt	Village. Retained by	1	1	ł	
	Austria	14 April, 1816	53	2 B § 1	45
	,,	20 July, 1819		2, § 1 A	59
Hatti-Hu- maïoun	Firman and Hatti-Sheriff. Christian Privileges,				
	&c., in Turkey	18 Feb., 1856	263		124
Hanbroackro	h Ceded to the Netherlands.			2	102
Hausen	Annexed to Prussia	0.0-4 1000			176
Hausruck	Circle. Retained by	•			`
	Bavaria	0 T 1014	2	1	3
		, , xoz =	—	•	1

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Iausruck-	Cession demanded from	0 N - 1015	00	4	000
viertel	Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	333
"	Part retroceded by Ba- varia to Austria	14 April, 1816	53	1	435
	Valla W Austria	20 July, 1819	95	1, § 1	591
**	Debts. Austria and Ba-			_, 3 _	
"	varia	14April, 1816	58	10, § 1	439
Lävern	Village. Ceded by Hano-	-		_	
	ver to Prussia	25 Nov., 1837	181	1	966
laynau	Road to Saalmünster	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	335
laynaburg	Bailiwick. Prussia and	0 T 1015	o ⊨	15	000
	Saxony. Boundary.		27	15	222
ecbus	Given to Belgium	,	153	2	860
	**	19 April, 1839	183	2 2 2	983
	"	19 April, 1839	184	. –	994
	77	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
leckmans-Boe	Hanover and Netherlands. Boundary	2 July, 1824	121	26-30	716
leddesdorf	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-	,		20 00	1 -0
reamement	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 13	184
		9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
		,		118, § 8	272
				Annex 8	275
leidelberg	Free Port. Navigation of				
	the Neckar	1 July, 1842	194	17	1027
eidelstein	Bavaria and Prussia.				
	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387	_	1717
Ceilbron	Free Port. Navigation of				
	the Neckar	1 July, 1842	194	1—7	1027
leimbach		64.35	22		
	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 15	184
	"	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
				118, § 8	272
		00 0 4 1000	140	Annex 8	275
	Given to France		148		839
leiningen	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
lejls	Parish. Denmark and				
	Schleswig. Boun-	90 0-4 1004	964	بے	1000
	daries	30 Oct., 1864	367	б	1632
[ejlsminde	Bay. Denmark and	20 Oct 1964	367	5	1632
	Schleswig	30 Oct., 1864	007	ช	1032
[eligoland		14 Jan., 1814	1	8	27
P-31	reignty	TE CONT. TOTA		U	41
Cellenes	·				
[ellertshausen		29 July, 1819	95	13	598
	Prussia	20 9 til, 1010		27	604
'alminaen	Rhinometer. Navigation				503
elmingen	of the Rhine	30 Jan., 1827	134	4, § 4	766
relwette	Confederacy. Government.	. •		- 7 3 -	. 50
Celvetio	See Switzerland.				
Celvoet	Navigation of the Meuse	19 April, 1839	` 188	9	986
		19 April, 1339	184	9	994
,,	>>	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
"					

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	∆ n.	Page.
Henneberg	Kings of Prussia and Saxony, Counts of	18 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	16 27	4 16	186 223
Herohenbach	Village. Without French Boundary	30 May, 1814		8, § 4	5
Herford	Secularised Chapter. Restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
Hergeshausen	Commune. Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to				
Heringen	Hesse-Darmstadt Bailiwick. Retained by	29 June, 1816	57	1	455
Heringhausen	Prussia Enclave. Ceded by Hesse-	19 June, 1816	55	2, § 1	449
	Darmstadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	3 89	14	1733
Hermanoe	,, United to Prussia River, Village, and Lake.	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 6	1736 1798
	Geneva Boundary	29 Mar., 1815 20 May, 1815	10 11	1 Annex	70
	**	9 June, 1815		B B 80	164 257
		16 Mar., 1816	52	118, § 12 Annex 12 1	
	"	20 July, 1819	95	2 41	425 611
Hermannstein	Ceded by Hesse-Darm- stadt to Prussia	8 Sept., 1866	889	14	1783
99	United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403		1737 1798
Hermeskeil	Canton. Part given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
))	,, Part to be ceded by Austria to Prus-	0 37 - 1017	00	A	-
31	" Part ceded by	8 Nov., 1815	38	AnnexIÀ	
,,	Austria to Pruseia " Part to belong to	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
	Prussia and part to Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	18 27	598 604
Hermsdorf Herrstein	Given to Prussia Canton. Part given to	9 June, 1815	27	15	223
	Prussia and part to Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 27	598 604
Hersbach	Bailiwick. Part ceded by Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	28	1, § 10	184
90 ••	Massau W I fussis	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	228 272 275
,,	Principality annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	394	— —	1762

					
Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty	No. of	Art.	Page.
æc.		other Document.	Treaty.		
	3.531.				
Hersfeld .	. Military Road	1	34	9, § 1	310
)	80 June, 1816	58	24	469
)	30 June, 1816	59	24	478
Warranamini	Frontiers. Great Britain,	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
Hersegovine	&c., and Turkey	8 Nov., 1858	58	288	1353
	Road to Scutari open to	0 1404., 1000	00	200	1999
"	Commerce	31 Aug., 1862	337	6	1513
,, .	Non-erection of Fortifica-	01 Aug., 1002	007	J	1010
"	tions on Frontier	31 Aug., 1862	337	14	1514
Hesdin	French Town. Occupied	0-1146., 1002	1	1	
	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	359
Hesse-Cassel.	1 V 1		,)	}
(Hesse Elec	Territorial	29 June, 1816	57		454
toral)					
	1		•		
)) •	And Hesse-Rothenburg		Ì		
	and Prussia. Terri-		i		
	torial	4 Mar., 1816	51		419
,,	And Hesse-Rothenburg,	1	1		
	Ratibor and Rau-				
	den	10 May, 1820	100	_	628
	"	10 May, 1820	101		630
	And Donals Bull	10 May, 1820	102	-	632
"		5 Feb., 1816	50	-	417
"	For other Treaties between Hesse-Cassel and				
	Hesse-Cassel and Foreign Powers, see				İ
	Separate Headings		i		
	and Table of Con-				
	tents.		ĺ		
,, .	Cessions by, to Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	8	174
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 6	272
				Annex 6	275
99 •	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
	stadt	29 June, 1816	57	1	455
	**	30 June, 1816	58	4	459
	,,	30 June, 1816	59	4	478
	hm 40 Domesia	20 July, 1819	95	25	602
•	" by, to Prussia	16 Oct., 1815	37	2 5 2 5	822
	,, by, to Saxe-Weimar	16 Oct., 1815	37	D .	323
"	,, by, to saxe- we elmar	10 066., 1010	01	5	82 2 833
99 •	Cessions to, by Hesse-	İ ,		•	000
99 •	Darmstadt	3 Nov., 1815	88	Annex 3 c	335
	,,	29 June, 1816	57	2	455
	,,	30 June, 1816	58	4	459
	,,	80 June, 1816	59	4	473
		20 July, 1819	95	25	602
,,, •	to he Devenie	16 Oct., 1815	87	-	322
	1			7	324
,, •	,		- •-	_	
	Revenues	16 Oct., 1815	37	4	323
			_	7	324
	1	ſ		ļ	

	Art.	No. of Treaty.	or other Document.	Subject.	ntry, Place, &c.	
5- 5-	7	79	25 April, 1818	Private Claims on France	esse Elec-	
1	,			Representation and Vo-	•	•
				ting at German	,,	ינ
				Federal Diet and		
2	4, 6	26	8 June, 1815	General Assembly		
2	56	27	9 June, 1815	**	,,	**
	58			At Council of North		
•				German Confedera-	**	**
18	6	407	14 June, 1867	tion.		
	•			4 . 4 . 11 . 4 . 41	39	
193	6	414	16 April, 1871	man Empire	,,	29
			• •	Affairs to be settled by	,,	
				German Govern-	•	••
114	1	227	29 Nov., 1850	ments		
114		378	29 Nov., 1850	Conferences respecting	٠, ••	٠,
114	_		29 Nov., 1850	Treaty. (Olmutz)	••	**
160	-	378	,	Prussian Invasion	,,	"
17	_	385 390	16 Aug., 1866	Annexed to Prussia	**	"
17	_	394	20 Sep., 1866 3 Oct., 1866	**	,,	,,
**'	_	002	5 Oct., 1000	Proclamation of Elector	**	"
ŀ				releasing his subjects	,, ••	"
ļ				from their Alle-		
174	Note		18 Sep., 1866	giance		
			• •	Grand Duchy.	e-Darm-	Lesse-Da
4		58	30 June, 1816	And Austria and Prussia		stadt
4		59	30 June, 1816	And Great Britain		,,
4		57	29 June, 1816	And Hesse-Cassel		"
ے ا		00	10 16 1018	And Prussia. Wittgen-		"
5		68 74	12 Mar., 1817	stein		
3	Annex	38	6 July, 1817 3 Nov., 1815	Caraiana by to Revenie		
	3 B	30	o 1101., 1010	Cessions by, to Bavaria	• •	"
4	3	58	30 June, 1816			
4	3	59	30 June, 1816	31		>>
5	4	95	20 July, 1819	7) 3)		**
i			• •	" by, to Hesse-	<u> </u>	11
3	Annex	38	3 Nov., 1815	Cassel		"
1.	3 C					
4	2	57	29 June, 1816	>3))
4	4	58	30 June, 1816	**		>>
4	4	59 95	30 June, 1816	> 3		"
6	25	95	20 July, 1819) 4a Haaa	• • †	"
3	Annex	38	3 Nov., 1815	" by, to Hesse-	• •	>>
"	3 D		U 2107., 2020	Homburg		
l		∤		hr. to Prussia		
2:	24	27	9 June, 1815	" by, to Prussia (Westphalia)	• •	7)
24	24 47			(ozsp <u></u>)		

Country, P	_	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Hesse-Da	rm-	Cessions by, to Prussia			· -	
stadt		(Westphalia)	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3 A	33
,,	• •	>>	30 June, 1816	58	1-4	45
, 27	• •	99	30 June, 1816	59	1-4	47
"	• •	99	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	173
29	• •	" to, by Austria	3 Nov., 1815	38	8	33
**	• •	4.	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	173
? ?	• •	,, to, by Hesse-	90 Toma 1916	بوبو	•	
		Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	1	45
>>	• •	3 7	30 June, 1816	58	4.	45
. 32	• •	>>	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 05	4	47
**	• •	" to, by Prussia	30 June, 1816	95 58	25 7	60:
"	• •	•	000 une, 1010	100	26	46
"	• •	>>	30 June, 1816	59	7, 26	47
"	• •	>>	3 Sept., 1866	389	7, 20 15	172
))	• •	" to," by Vienna	0 Scpt., 1000	000	10	173
"	• •	Congress Treaty	9 June, 1815	27	47	24
	• •	" to, by Terri-	0 0 120, 2020	~′	72 (24
"		torial Arrangements		1		
		of Frankfort	20 July, 1819	95	19	60
					20	60
"	••	Family Arrangements with				
•		Hesse-Homburg	30 June, 1816	58	5	46
**	••	,,	30 June, 1816	59	5	47
"	• •	Government, &c., of May-				
		ence	30 June, 1816	58 -	9	46
					13	46
) >	• •	>>	30 June, 1816	59	9	47
					13	47
"	• •	Guarantee of Sovereignty				
		of States	30 June, 1816	58	26	47
"	• •)) 70 7 1 1	30 June, 1816	59	26	47
**	• •	Military Roads through				
		States	30 June, 1816	58	24	46
"	• •	2)	30 June, 1816	59	24	47
>>	• •	D	20 July, 1819	95	23	60
23	• •	Pecuniary Indomnity to		92	2, 3	58
"	• •	Private Claims on France	25 April, 1818	79	7	54
		Representation and Voting		.		54
5 >	•••	at German Federal				
•		Diet and General				
		Assomble	8 June. 1815	26	A C	
		•	9 June, 1815	27	4, 6	20
**	• •	"	, v v uno, 1010		56 58	24 24
•-	• •	" At Council of	1	!	UG	24
>>	••	North German Con-				
		federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
4.4	• •	" At Council of			•	161
>3			16 April, 1871	444	6	193
		,		~~~	v	I TOO

Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Iceco-Darm- stadt	Salt from works to be considered Foreign Salt in Prussia	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	58 59	22 22	46 47
,, ••	Sovereignty over Provinces and Districts de- tached from France	50 6 tile, 1010			36
	by Treaty of 30 May, 1814	30 June, 1816	58	16	46
	1014	30 June, 1816	59	16	47
	Peace with Prussia	8 Sept., 1866	389	_	172
1 V	Prussian Postal Arrange-				
,	ments	3 Sept., 1866	889	10	173
,,	Portions comprised within North German Con-	0.00 4 1000	-000		
	federation	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	178
,	Arrangements respecting other Provinces Portions of Territory	Sept., 1866	389	§ 6	173
,,	united to Prussia Portions comprised within	24 Dec., 1866	403		179
	North German Con-				
,, ••]	federation Portions comprised with-	14 June, 1867	407	1	180
19	in German Empire See also Accessions. Indemnity.	16 April, 1871	444	1	199
Lease-Hom-	Cessions to	9 June, 1815	27	49	24
burg	"	8 Nov., 1815	88	Annex 3 D	83
	>	20 July, 1819	95	5 0	60
,,	Family Arrangements with			_	١
	Hesse-Darmstadt	80 June, 1816	58	5	46
	A 3 Thursday Timita	30 June, 1816	5 9	5	47
"	And Prussia. Limits Reinstatement of Land-	20 July, 1819	95	18	59
,,	grave	9 June, 1815	27	43 48	23 24
•	>>	10 June, 1815	28	Sep. and Secret	28
1		30 June, 1816	58	Article 5	44
	91	30 June, 1816	59	5	4
	91 9 9	20 July, 1819	95	26	60
	•	•		80	60
,,	Vote to, at German Diet	30 June, 1816	58	6	4
	, ,,	30 June, 1816	59	6	47
"	Annexed to Hesse- Darmstadt	24 Mar., 1866	_	Note	24
••	stadt to Prussia	8 Sept. 1866	889	14	177
	United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403		17

				1	
Name of		Date of Treaty			
Country, Place,	Subject.	or	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
&c.		other Document.	Ireaty.		
Wassa /Tand	Annexed to Prussia	9 04 1966	394		1762
Hesse (Land- graviate)	Annexed to Pruseus	8 Oct., 1866	004	_	1/02
Hesse-Rothen-	And Hesse-Cassel. Rati-				
burg	bor and Rauden	10 May, 1820	100		628
		10 May, 1820	101		630
	"	10 May, 1820	102		632
,,	A 1 TO	10 May, 1820	103	_	634
, ,	And Prussis and Hesse-	,			
,,,	Cassel. Territorial	29 May, 1815	21	8	175
	"	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 6	272
	"	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Annex 6	275
	,,	23 Sept., 1815	85	5	315
	1	4 Mar., 1816	51		419
,,,	Compensation to be made				
	to Hesse - Rothen-				-
	burg of Landed Pos-				İ
	sessions under Prus-				Ì
	sian Sovereignty	10 May, 1820	100	1	628
,,	Indemnity to, by Prussia	16 Oct., 1815	87	3, 4	3.3
				7	3 '4
Hettrichshau-	Domain. Ceded by Prussia				
sen	to Hesse-Cassel	5 Feb., 1816	50	§ 1	417
Heubach				_	
	demnities	3 Nov., 1815	38 .	Annex	804
				2 B	
,, • •	,, _ To be ceded by				
	Hesse-Darmstadt to			A	
	Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	3 8	Annex	335
	1			8 B	
	0,311,77	14April, 1816	53	3	47.7
,,	" Ceded by Hesse-				
	Darmstadt to Ba-	90 T 1010	E O	0	450
	varia	30 June, 1816	58 59	3 8	459
	"	80 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	95	25	478
	,, Debts and Pensions	30 June, 1816	58	25 19	229 446
,,), Love and Louisons	30 June, 1816	59	19	473
Heubweiler	Given to Prussis	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Heuchelheim.					
	Cassel to Hesse-				
	Darmstadt	29 June, 1815	57	1	455
	,,	30 June, 1816	58	4	460
	"	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
	**	20 July, 1819	95	25	603
Heusenstamm	Village. Sovereignty of				
•	Hesse-Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	7	461
,	,,	30 June, 1816	59	7	473
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	19	600
Heyroth	Ceded to The Netherlands	5 Nov., 1842	195	2	1029
Hildesheim	Principality. Ceded by			_	
	Prussia to Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	1	174
		9 June, 1815	27	27, § 1	232
27	Military Road	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
	2.	9 June, 1815		31, § 1	284
,,	Annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393	_	1760
	2209				

22()9

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page.
Hillartshausen	District to be retained by Hesse-Cassel	22 Sept., 1815 16 Oct., 1815	84 37	2, § d	308 323
Hillensberg	Prussia and Netherlands.	10 000., 1010	"		020
	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	230 249
	Given to Prussia		27	25 66	230 249
	Village. Without French Boundary Commune. Netherlands	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 4	5
Himburg	and Prussia. Bound-		415	1	1862
Himmeldank-	Bavaria and Prussia.	1 11 Dec., 1500	710	•	1002
berg	Boundary		387	-	1717
	Restored to Turkey Commune. Given to Old-	14 Sept., 1529	145	2	815
	enburg	20 July, 1819	95	27 28	604 604
Hitzacker	Elbe Toll House. Reserved	99 7 1991	110	10	670
Hjortlund	by Hanover Parish. Denmark and Schleswig. Bound-	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
Hochberg	ary	30 Oct., 1864	867	5	1683
1	Duchy of Baden	10 July, 1819	94	2	587
Höchelheim	Monastory	20 July, 1819 28 Sept., 1815	95 35	10 5	596 315
	Monastery	16 Oct., 1815	87	2	322
Hochst	District. Arrangements	4 Mar., 1816		Preamble	_
Hof	respecting Township. Retained by	3 Nov., 1815	38	7	330
,,	Austria ,, Ceded by Austria		Ì	Preamble	475
,,	to Bavaria " Excepted from cessions to Saxe-	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
Hohen - Lim-	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
burg	tection	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
	Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 19	184
	>1	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	228 272 276
Hohenstein	County. Indemnity to	90 16 1015			
,,	Hanover Part restored to Prussia	29 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	21 27	3 23	175 226
"	,,	15 June, 1815	54	1, § 2	445
,,	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	48-47	712
,,	County. Annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393	ļ	1760

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject. ,	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Iohenzollern- Heckingen	Principality. Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and General				
	Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56 58	20: 24: 24:
" Iohenzollern- Sigmaringen	Prussia Principality. Representation and Voting at German Federal	7 Dec., 1849 12 Mar., 1850	,217 219	2 —	1111 112
	Diet and General Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56 58	20: 24: 24:
,,	" Ceded to Prussia " Prince Leopold. Candi- dature for Spanish	7 Dec., 1849 12 Mar., 1850	217 219	2	111 112
,, ••	Throne	18 July, 1870 19 July, 1870	422 423		187 188
Hollaender Holland Holstein	cipalities, United. Given to Prussia See Netherlands. Duchy. Representation and Voting at German	9 June, 1815	27	2	21
	Federal Diet and General Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	1 4, 6	2 0
	,,	9 June, 1815	53	53 56, § 10 58	24 24 24
,, ••	" Do. at Council of North German Con- federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
,,	" Do. at Council of Ger- man Empire Part of German Confedera-	16 April, 1871	444	6	193
"	tion Constitution	10 July, 1849 10 July, 1849	214 214	3 8	110 110
,,	Non-Political connection with Schleswig	10 July, 1849	214	8	110
,, ••	rity for Pacification	2 July, 1850	221	4	118
	man Governments Rights and obligations of	29 Nov., 1850	227	§ 1	114
	Denmark and Ger- manic Confederation	2 Aug., 1850 8 May, 1852	224 230	§ 2 3	118 115

Name of Country, Pi		Subject.	Date of Treaty of other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Holstein	••	Austrian and Prussian Invasion	21 Jan., 1864	_	Note	1582
"	• •	Renunciation by Denmark		867	8	1631
97	• •	Co-sovereignty — Austria and Prussia	30 Oct., 1864	367	8	1631
2)	• •	Austrian Administration	14 Aug., 1865	870	1	1639
		Entrance into Zollverein	14 Aug., 1865	870	10 6	1642 1641
?)	••	Prussian Military roads	14 Aug., 1865	370	4	1640
**	• •	Prussian Canal	14 Aug., 1865	870	7	1641
>>	• •	Prussian evacuation	14 Aug., 1865	870	10	1642
**	• •	Convention. Austria and				
		Prussia (Gastein)	, ,, ,	37 0	7	1638
29	• •	" French Circular. Do.		372	Note	1646
79	••	,, British ,, Do. Proposed Congress	14 Sept., 1865 May, June,	37Z 377		1645 1655
,,	••	Proposed Congress	1866	377		1000
**	••	Forcible occupation by Prussian troops	12 June, 1866		Note	1654
**	••]	Transferred by Austria to	90 Tul- 1000	000		1600
		Prussia	26 July, 1866 23 Aug., 1866	383 388	8 5	1699 1722
		United to Prussian Mo-	20 Aug., 1000	900		~~~~
,,	•	narchy	24 Dec., 1866	402		1797
) ;		Proposed Congress	May, June,	377		1655
			1866		Note	245
Holstein-	••	Oldenburg. Representa- tion and Voting at German Federal Diet and General Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 15 58	201 244
		Title of Grand Duke of			90	245
))	•	Oldenburg	9 June, 1815	27	34	236
Holte	••	Denmark and Schleswig.				
Holy Allian		Boundary	30 Oct., 1864	867	5	1632
HOLY MILLE	100	Russia	26 Sept., 1815	36		317
99		Acressions to ditto			Note	319
))	• •	Referred to	8 Dec., 1820	105	_ !	658
Holy Places	•	See Latin and Greek		1		
Holy Roma	an	Churches. Empire. Late Elector. See Hanover.				
Holy See		~ ~				
Holskircher		Domain. Without Prus-				_
	-	sian Limits	9 June, 1815	27	40	288
Holsminder	• ••	Brunswick and Hanover.	04 T 3004	700	110 104)77 4
Wassa basas sa		Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	113-124	714
Homburg	••	Lords' ip. Relations with Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
		Bailiwick. Ceded by				
>>		Hesse-Darmstadt to				
	Į	Prussia	8 Sept., 1866	889	I	1736

2212

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Homburg	Property reserved to Grand				
	Duke	3 Sept., 1866	389	§ 4	1738
Honville	Given to Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	-	861
	,,	19 Apr., 1839	183	2	98:
•	3)	19 Apr., 1839	184	2 2 2	994
	22	19 Apr., 1839	185	Annex	998
Hoogloom	Commune. Belgium and Netherlands. Boun-				
	dary,	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	1029
Hoppstädten	Commune. Given to Hesse-	•			
	Homburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	60.
	_			29	60:
Horcheim	Ceded by Nassau to Prus-]		
	sia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 16	18
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
			_,	118, § 8	27:
]	Annex 8	27
Horhausen	Parish. Ceded by Nassau				~'`
	to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 10	18
	,,,	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
		,		118, § 8	27:
				Annex 8	27
Höringhausen	Enclave. See Hering- hausen.		•		
Hospitals	Turkey	18 Feb., 1856	263	-	124
Hospodars	Elections, &c	7 Oct., 1828	131	Annex 1	75
_	,,	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep.Act 1	
	,,	 1834	174	1	95
	,,	1 May, 1849	211	ī	109
Hostienberg	Woods. Ceded by Prussia	,		_	103
	to Schwartzburg-		İ		1
	Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816	55	2, § 2	450
Hostilities	Without Declaration of	,		-, 3 -	100
	War	23 Sept., 1866	391		1748
,,	See also Greece.				-• -`
Hötensleben	Retained by Hesse-Hom-				ļ
	burg	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	173:
	,,	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 4	1798
Hottenbach	Commune. Secured to			3 -	
	Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	13 ·	598
				27	60
Houssein-Kent	·				
	Asiatic Boundary	11 Sept., 1858	287		1350
Houvre	1 177 1 175 1	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	34
•	"	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
Ноуа	County. Annexed to Prus-				00.
	_ sia	3 Oct., 1866	393		176
Huissen	Prussia to The				
	Netherlands	31 May, 1815	22	2	181
	"	9 June, 1815	27	25	23
				66	250
				118, § 10	
			•	Annex 10	
		1			``
	2213				•

Name of Country, Place, &c.	≤ub ject .	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	≜rt.	Page.
Humaloun	Firman and Hatti Sheriff. Privileges of Christian Subjects of the	 			
		18 Feb., 1856	263	-	1243
Hungarian	Littorale. Austrian Sove-	9 June, 1815	27	93	261
Hungary	Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary	9 June, 1815	27	Preamble	219
	And France. Boundary.	11 May, 1867	405	_	180
••	Treaty	18 Nov., 1779		Appendix	
,,	", Confirmed		99	41	62
Huninguen	Fortress to be demolished		40	3	340
**	" Paris Conferences		49	` ,	414
,,	Navigation of the Rhine	31 Mar., 1831	151	Annex §§ 3, 7, 8	854 85
Russigny	France and Germany.	10 May 1977	4.40	•	195
Euttensche- Grund	Boundary Possession of Hesse-Cassel	10 May, 1871 20 July, 1819	446 95	2	592
Suttischland	District. To be exchanged by Prussia for a district in Hesse-				
	Cassel	5 Feb., 1816	50	§ 1	417
lanboli		14 Sep., 1829	145	2	818
Ibraila	Restored to Proprietors France and Spain. Boun-	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	.756
Igney	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	6	129
_	Germany. Boundary	12 Oct., 1871	447	10	196
Igoa '	See Bagachea.			,	
Chn	See Lognon.			<u> </u>	
Imeritia Immendorf	and Turkey	14 Sep., 1829	145	4	816
reophemmi	Commune. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	13	1 6 10	18
	s,	9 June, 1815	27	1, § 16 24	22
	,,	,	_,	118, § 8 Annex 8	27: 27:
Immweiler	Commune. Given to			!	_
	Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	596 60
Imperial Fiefs.	Union with Sardinia	20 May, 1815	19	5	15
	***	9 June, 1815	27	85 89 98 100 118, § 13	
•	See also Inniniana W			Annex 13	27
••	See also Lunigiana, Ver- nio, Montanto, and Monte Santa Maria.			!	

INDEX.

Name of Country, Place	œ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Imsbach	••	Commune. Given to Ol-	00 7 1 1010	~	0	20
, ,	••	denburg ,, Excluded from	20 July, 1819	95	27	6 04
		cessions to Saxe-	00 7 1 1010	0 ==	-	•
Indemnity		Coburg To Allied Powers by France	20 July, 1819	95 4 0	28	60- 34
"		,, Paris Conferences	20 Nov., 1815 1815	49	4	41
,, ,,	• •	" Mode and Pe-				
		riods of Payment,				
		&c	20 Nov., 1815	41	4507	35
		3 *	9 Oct., 1818	82 83	4, 5, 6, 7	55 56
		**	3 Nov., 1818 2 Feb., 1819	90		57 ₀
,,		" Part to be em-	2 1 00., 1010			
••		ployed in defence of				
		frontiers of States			_	
		bordering on France	3 Nov., 1815	38	1	32
		>>	21 Nov., 1815	48		41
		,,	1815 14 April,1816	49 53	5	41 43
		,, ,,	8 Nov., 1816	64	5 2	48
),),	16 Nov., 1816	65	2	49
		"	12 Mar., 1817	67	2	50
		,,	17 April, 1817	69	2	51
		7,,	20 July, 1819	95	38	60
"	• •	,, Relinquishment				
		of Claim by Nether- lands	8 Nov., 1816	64	9	48
		,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	3	49
		"	12 Mar., 1817	67	3	50
		,,	17 April, 1817	69	8	51
3 7	• •	French. Netherlands'				}
		share to be divided between Austria and		Ì	1	l
		Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	1	32
		,,	8 Nov., 1816	64	3	48
		"	16 Nov., 1816	65	3	49
		,,	12 Mar., 1817	67	3 3	50
•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	17 April, 1817	69		51
"	• •	To Austria by Sardinia	6 Aug., 1849	215	Sep. Art.	110
		To Austria, from Holstein			1,2	
"	• •	and Schleewig	30 Oct., 1864	367	12	163
**		Ma Dameia	3 Nov., 1815	38	_	38
			20 July, 1819	95	7	59
,,	• •	To Denmark by Prussia		25	6, 7	18
"	• •	To Germany by France	26 Feb., 1871	438	, 2, 8	191
	•				Note	191 191
			10 May, 1871	446	Note 7	195
"		To Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	3	17
		i	1	ŀ	1	1

Name of Country, Pla-	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Indemnity	••	To Hesse-Cassel by Prussia (Territorial)	16 Oct., 1815	37	4	323
>>	••	To Hesse-Darmstadt (Pe-	91 Van 1910	92	7,8	321
,,		cuniary) To Hesse-Rothenburg by	21 May, 1819		2, 3	582
•		Prussia (Territorial)	16 Oct., 1815	37	3, 4 7, 8 19, 20 21, 22	323 324 325 325
**		To Nassau by Netherlands	OP T 1000	205	1	
		(Pecuniary) To Netherlands (Territo-	27 June, 1839	187	2, 3	1001
"	•••	rial)	15 Nov., 1831	158	3	861
		,,	19 April, 1839	183	3	983
		**	19 April, 1839	184	. 3	994
			19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
"	• •	To Inhabitants of Parga	17 May, 1817	70	2	516
20	••	To Prussia by Holstein and	21 May, 1819	92	4, 5	582
"	•••	Schleswig	30 Oct., 1864	367	12	1630
		"	26 July, 1866	383	4	1699
			23 Aug., 1866	388	11	1724
"	•••	" by Austria	26 July, 1866	383	4	1699
		99 31	23 Aug., 1866	388	11	1724
**	••	" by Baden		386	2, 3, 4	1707
**	••	" by Bavaria	22 Aug., 1866	387	23	1712
**	••	" by Hesse-Darm-	9 Came 1000	900	004	1500
		stadt ,, by Saxony	3 Sept.,1866 26 July, 1866	389 383	2, 3, 4 5	1730
"	•••		21 Oct., 1866	398	6,8	1700 1773
		", by Wurtemberg	13 Aug., 1566	384	2, 3	1703
"	• • •	To Russia by Turkey. For			-, -	1.00
,,		Losses by Pirates	7 Oct., 1826	131	7, § 1	752
		,,	14 Sep., 1829	145	8, 9	820
					Sep.Act 2	
29	••	To Saxe-Coburg-Gotha for Cession of Lichten-	28 Jan., 1834	170	3	939
		berg	31 May, 1834	172	3	947
,,		To Saxony by Prussia	28 Aug., 1819	96	6	616
,,		To Turkey by Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 11	802
		**	22 Mar., 1829	142	_	805
		>>	21 July, 1832	161	2	905
India		British. French Com-			4	906
	•••	merce	30 May, 1814	1	12	10
	••	No Fortifications to be crected by the French. Limitation	22 220, 2022	•		
"		of number of Troops No Fortifications to be	30 May, 1814	1	12	10
		erected by the Dutch	13 Aug., 1814	5	4	44

	ı				
Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of	Art.	Page.
&c.	Bublecs.	other Document.	Treaty.	AIV.	rage.
T	D 11 C	10 4 1014			
India Ingelheim	Possessions of Count. Re-	13 Aug., 1814	5	4	44
	lations with Hesse- Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	7	461
	,,	30 June, 1816	59	7	473
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	19	600
Inheritances	Duties on. Abolition. Sardinia and Switz-				
	erland	16 Mar., 1816	52	16	481
Iniada Inn	Restored to Turkey River. Austria and Ba-	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep.Act 4	830
	varia. Limits	30 Jan., 1844	197	1-7	1034
Tu med aut al	B	16 Dec., 1850	228	1,2	1146
Innviertel	Bavarian Possession Cession of, demanded	3 June, 1814	2	1	30
"	from Bavaria Part retroceded by Ba-	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	33
,,	varia to Austria	14 April, 1816	53	1	435
	"	20 July, 1819	95	1	591
,,	Debts. Austria and Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	10	439
Interference	In Internal Affairs of States. See Inter-				
Intervention	vention. Internal Affairs of other				
	States:— Austrian Intervention in]
,, ••	Naples	1821	_	_	1278
,,	Don't be Characters Touchersh	19 Jan., 1821	107	-	664 1279
,,	Armed. Austria, France,		1		
	&c., Verona	1823	-	-	1278 1579
,,	British Circular. Spain and Portugal	14 Dec., 1826	132	-	760
,,	Prussia and Russia.	6 July, 1827	136	Add. Art	773
,,	1 a	0 0 413, 1021		§ 3	1
	gium	22 Oct., 1832	162		909
	,,	21 May, 1833	167	-	921
,, •	Spain and Portugal			 -	941
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18 Aug., 1834		-	949
,, •	. ت ده در ما	21 May, 1817			1077
,, •	TR 1 0	. 1	150		1000
,,	Rome	8 April, 1856	268	-	1276
,,	Roman States, Le-		268	_	1276
	gations, Parma . Sardinian Occupation	. 8 April, 1856	200		
,, .	1	-	1	1	1
,, •	Mentone and Rocca	0 4 3 3050	263	_	1276

Name of Country. Place, Sc.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Intervention	Five Powers and Turkey. Syria See also Non-Intervention. Of Treatics. See Treatics.	5 Oct., 1960	828	_	145
Invitations	To secode to Treaties, &c.:— To other Powers to accede				
,,	to Vienna Congress Treaty To Great Britain, &c., to	9 June, 1815	27	119	273
	accede to Holy Alli- ance	26 Sept., 1815	36	3	318 319
,,	To other Powers, to Treaty respecting Ionian Islands	5 Nov., 1815	39	8	340
30 ···	To other Powers, to Treaty respecting Swiss Neutrality	20 Nov., 1815	43		371
,,	To other Powers, to Treaty respecting Private				
"	Claims on France To other Powers, to Treaty respecting Dards-	25 Apr., 1818	79	15	549
,,	To other Powers, to Treaty between Great Britain, France, Portugal,	13 July, 1841	193	3	1026
,,	and Spain, for the Pacification of Por- tugal To Modena and Parma, to	21 May, 1847	205		1077
	Treaty of Peace with Austria and Sardinia To other Powers, to Treaty	6 Aug., 1849	215	5	1111
"	respecting Danish Succession	8 May , 1852	230	4	1158
,	To Prussia, to Treaty of Alliance against Russia (not ac-				1154
,,	To other Powers, to Pro- tocol respecting	2 Dec., 1854	252	-	1224
,,	Mediation	14 Apr., 1856	269		1284
,,	Maritime Law To other Powers, to Con-	16 Apr., 1856	271	_	1284
,,	Wounded in War ToGreatBritain. Wounded	22 Aug., 1864	365	9	1626
" "	in War	18 Feb., 1865	368	-	1634

Invitations To other Maritime Powers				1		,	,
Invitations To other Maritime Powers (Proposed) Duties of Neutrals To take part in European Conferences To France To				Date of Treaty	-		
Invitations To other Maritime Powers (Proposed) Duties of Neutrals	Country, Place	ce,	Subject.			Art.	Page
(Proposed) Duties of Neutrals	€C.			other Document.	Treaty.		
(Proposed) Duties of Neutrals							
Neutrals	invitations	••		i			
To take part in European Conferences:					445		10-
Conferences:— To France				O MIN, 10/1	4-10	_	195
To France To Great Britain, France, and Sicily. Conferences of Troppan To Prussia. Paris Conferences. Peace with Russia " To Switzerland. Neufchatel and Valengin To Bavaria. Greek Succession, &c " To Denmark. Greek Succession, &c " To Great Britain. Peace of Europe. Dano-German War To Prussia. Peace of Europe " To Powers of Europe. Dano-German War To Prussia. Peace of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Powers of Europe " To Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium " To assist in conclusion of Treaties:— " To Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium " To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark " Reace with Russia " Treaties. Russia and Turkoy " British Protectorate " Enitish Protectorate " British Protectorate " British Protectorate " Recognised by Sicily " Ratified by Tur " Recognised by Sicily " Ratified by Tur Ratified by Tur " Ratified by Tur Ratified by Tur Ratified by Tur Ratified by Tur Ratified by Tur Ratified b	"	••					
To Great Britain, France, and Sicily. Conferences of Troppau. To Prussia. Paris Conferences. Peace with Russia. To Switzerland. Neufchatel and Valengin. To Bavaria. Greek Succession, &c. To Denmark. Greek Throne, &c. To Great Britain. Peace of Europe. Dano-German War To Powers of Europe. Dano-German War To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To Powers of Europe. To To Powers of Europe. To To Powers of Europe. To Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium. To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark. To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark. To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark. Treaties:— To Peace with Russia. Treaties. Russia and Turkoy. Treaties. Russia and Turkoy. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. British Protectorate. Becognised by Sicily. Becognised by Sicily. 28 Feb., 1856 268 — 12 28 May, 1863 343 — 15 5 Nov., 1863 343 — 15 25 Nov., 1863 343 — 15 4 July, 1860 377 — 16 Aug. 1866 377 — 16 Aug. 1866 377 — 16 Aug. 1866 377 — 16 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 1876 405 — 18 Aug. 18				4 Nov. 1818	84		56
and Sicily. Conferences of Troppau. To Prussia. Paris Conferences. Peace with Russia. """ 14 Mar., 1856 268 — 12 18 Mar., 1856 268 — 12				2 1101., 1010	0.	_	00
	"						
To Prussia. Paris Conferences. Peace with Russia				8 Dec., 1820	105	_	60
with Russia	,,		To Prussia. Paris Con-				
" 10 Mar., 1856 268 12 13 14 18 18 18 18 18 18 18			ferences. Peace				
## 14 Mar., 1856 268 — 12			with Russia		268		127
To Switzerland. Neufchatel and Valengin 26 May, 1857 211 — 18		- 1	,, ·			-	127
To Switzerland. Neuf- chatel and Valengin To Bavaria. Greek Succession, &c			,,				127
chatel and Valengin To Bavaria. Greek Succession, &c To Denmark. Greek Throne, &c To Great Britain. Peace of Europe. Dano-German War ToPrussia. Peace of Europe. May, 1863 343 — 15 5 June, 1863 345 — 16 5 June, 1863 345 — 16 6 May, 1863 345 — 16 7 June, 1863 345 — 16 7 June, 1863 346 — 16 7 June, 1863 347 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 15 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1863 343 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1864 362 — 16 7 June, 1863 36 — 18 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June, 1866 377 — 16 7 June		- 1	m	18 Mar., 1856	268	_	127
To Bavaria. Greek Succession, &c To Denmark. Greek Throne, &c To Great Britain. Peace of Europe. To Powers of Europe. Dano-German War ToPrussia. Peace of Europe. Non-Invitation to Pope ToPowersof Europe. Peace of Europe. ToPowersof Europe ToPowersof Europe ToPowersof Europe ToPowersof Europe. Peace of Europe ToPowersof Europe T	"	••		00 35 3055		,	
Sion, &c				26 May, 1857	211	_	131
To Denmark. Greek Throne, &c. To Great Britain. Peace of Rurope. Dano-German War To Powers of Europe. Dano-German War To Prussia. Peace of Europe. Non-Invitation to Pope. To Powersof Europe. Peace of Europe. To Powersof Europe. Peace of Europe. To Burenburg and Limburg. To Luxemburg and Limburg. To assist in conclusion of Treaties: To Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium. To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark. Treaties. Russia and Turkey. Treaties. Russia and Turkey. Treaties. Russia and Turkey. To British Protectorate Throne, &c. To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark. Treaties. Russia and Turkey. Treaties. Russia and Turkey. Treaties. Russia and Turkey. To British Protectorate To Independence Under British Protection. Recognised by Sicily. Ratified by Tur-	"	•••		16 Man 1969	919		150
Throne, &c				10 mrs, 1909	3.79	_	100
To Great Britain. Peace of Europe	**	•••		5 June 1863	915		15:
Of Europe				0 0 une, 1005	0 10	_	IU.
To Powers of Europe. Dano-German War 20 April, 1864 362 — 16 16 377 — 16 377	,,	••		25 Nov. 1863	356		158
Dano-German War 20 April, 1864 362 — 16 16 377 — 16 37				20 2:01., 2000	000		100
ToPrussia. Peace of Europe 28 May, 1866 377	"	•••		20 April. 1864	362		161
Non-Invitation to Pope 1 June, 1866 377 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	,,						167
of Europe							167
	"		ToPowers of Europe. Peace	·			
		- 1	of Europe	May, June,	377	-	163
Limburg Lawsand Usages of War 27 Aug., 1871 450 18		- 1		186 6			
	"	•••					
of War		- 1		11 May, 1867	405	_	180
" To assist in conclusion of Treaties:— To Austria, Prusia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark	"	•••		GF 4 3054		l	•
To assist in conclusion of Treaties:— To Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium			or war				193
Treaties:— To Austria, Pruseia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium To Prussia. Integrity of Denmark Peace with Russia Treaties. Russia and Turkey British Protectorate			To seciet in conclusion of	20 Jan., 10/3	.19T	_	19
" To Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium	"	•••					
Russia. Affairs of Holland and Belgium							
Holland and Belgium	"	٠٠.					
" British Protection British Protection British Protection							
" British Protection British Protection British Protection			gium	21 May, 1833	167	5	92
Denmark	,,			•			
Russia 30 Mar., 1856 264 — 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			Denmark	4 July, 1850	222		118
Onian Islands Treaties. Russia and Turkey	21	• • •	,,				
Turkey 21 Mar., 1800 — \text{rpendix} \] "" British Protectorate 5 Nov., 1815 39 7 39 7 39 7 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		_		30 Mar., 1856	264		12
""" British Protectorate 5 Nov., 1815 39 7 3 """ Independence under 5 Nov., 1815 9 7 3 """ Recognised by 5 Nov., 1815 89 — 3 """ Recognised by 26 Sept., 1816 — Note """ Ratified by Tur-	onian Islar	ids		03.35 3000			
Flag						/ppendix	
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "							38
British Protection. 5 Nov., 1815 39 — 3 Recognised by Sicily 26 Sept., 1816 — Note 3	**			9 MOV., 1815	~ 9	7	34
", Recognised by Sicily 26 Sept., 1816 — Note	"	•••		5 Nov 1815	80		38
Sicily 26 Sept., 1816 — Note			T	0 1101., 1010	UJ	_	34
" " Ratified by Tur-	"	•••		26 Sept. 1816	_	Note	34
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,					21000	
key 24 April, 1819 91 -	•		key	24 April. 1819	91		5

2219

Name of Country, Pla &c.	ce,	Subject	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Ionian Isla	aha	Fortifications	5 Not., 1815	39	6	340
»			14 Nov., 1863	355	3	157
•		,, ,,	28 May, 1864	351	3	1606
**	••	Constitutional Charter.	-		Note	
			26 Aug., 1817	79	7 7	339 545
,,	••	Drivete de	' 25 April, 1818 ' 19 Oct., 1863	345	3, 5	1566
,,	••	" Frivate do.	10 000., 1000	"~	٠,٠	1567
,,		Cossation of British Pro-	f			
•		tectorate, with con-				
		sent of 4 Powers	20 Mar., 1863	341	_	; 1530
		>>	1 Aug., 1863	350	-	1559
		**	14 Nov., 1863	355	1	1570
	1	• 9	29 Mar., 1864	357	1	1591 1609
		Union with Greece	28 May, 1864	361	=	1539
**	•••		5 June, 1863	345 346	_	1544
		19	26 June, 1863 13 July, 1863	347	· —	1545
••		Guarantee. Consent of 4	10001, 1000	02.		
••		Powers	1 Aug., 1863	350	_	1559
,,	•••	" of Protecting		:	_	İ
	1	Powers	13 July, 1863	347	5	1547
"	••	Debts	19 Oct., 1863	354	_	1567
,,	•••	,,	14 Nov., 1863	355	1	1569 1591
**	••	" Contracts with	29 Mar., 1864	357	1	1991
,,	•••	<i>"</i>	19 Oct., 1863	354	3, 5	1566
		10101911011011	10 Oct., 1000	003	٠, ٠	1567
,,		" Public Debt.				
	i	Ionian Bank, Aus-				
	1	trian Lloyds, &c	29 Mar., 1864	357	7	1594
**	•••	Neutrality. Treaty. 5			•	l
		Powers	14 Nov., 1863	355	2	1571
**	••	" Corfu and Paxo only	02 T 1004	359		1601
	İ	only	25 Jan., 1864 29 Mar., 1864	357	2	1592
»,	• • •	Religious Toleration	14 Nov., 1863	355	5	1572
,,	•	"	29 Mar., 1864	357	4	1593
,,		Withdrawal of British	20 2221, 2002			
		Troops	14 Nov., 1863	355	6	1573
		,,	29 Mar., 1864	357	9	1595
		2)	28 May, 1861	361		1606
		n	2 June, 1864	_	Note	1610
"	• •		90 Mr 1004	357	8	1595
		Iouian	29 Mar., 1864 29 Mar., 1864	358	_	1596
,,	• •	" Decisionof Ionian		000		1000
**	••	States	19 Oct., 1863	354		1565
,,		" Trenty, 5 Powers,	1			
		annulled	14 Nov., 1863	355		1569
**		" Protocols		359	_	1601
,,	• •	" Treaty, 3 Powers			•	1,500
		and Greece	· 29 Mar., 1864	357	1	1591

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
&c.		other Document.	Treaty.		
Ionian Islands	Pensions. Accession of				
	Turkey	8 April, 1865	369	-	1636
,,	Treaties with Foreign Powers, renewed	14 Nov 1969	355	4	1571
33	Powers, renewed	14 Nov., 1863 25 Jan., 1864	359	_	1601
"	,,	29 Mar., 1864	357	8	1592
Iparbacocha	Mount. France and Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	3	1293
Iparraguerre.	l	,			
	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	6	129
Ippenbüren	Military Road	29 May, 1815	21	6	170 23
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	31 118, § 6	25°
·				Annex 6	27
Iriburieta .	Defile. France and Spain.				
	Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	67	129
Irlich		01.75 1017			10
	Prussia	31 May, 1815	23 27	1, § 12 24	18 22
	"	9 June, 1815	21	118, § 8	27
			ł	Annex 8	27
Irusquiéta .	Height. France and Spain.				
	Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	129
Isaktcha .	_	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	81
,, .	See also Danube and DanubeWorks Loan.	l	1	1	
Isenburg .	D to to like Olivan As		1	1	l
isenburg .	Austria	9 June, 1815	27	52	24
,, .	Dala.	30 June, 1816	58	19	46
	,,	30 June, 1816	59	19	47
,, •			ł	1	
	Darmstadt to Hesse- Cassel	90 Time 1916	58	4	46
		30 June, 1816 3 June, 1816	59	4	47
	"	20 July, 1819	95	25	60
" •		1			ì
	Hesse-Darmstadt	30 June, 1816		7	46
	,,	30 June, 1816	59 95	19	47 60
	. Relations. "Counts and	20 July, 1819	95	15	
,, ,	Prince	00 T 1 1010	95	19	60
,, .	. Annexed to Prussia	1 0 0 1000	394	-	176
Islands .	. In Rivers. See Rhine, Po.	1	}	1	1
Isle of France	0 TO 1 T.13-		1		1
Ismael	1 T) (1) T3 '				
Ispeguy .	Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	7,8	129
Isserode .	District. Ceded by Prussia			,,,	
•	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815		1, § 8 d	30
	. Austrian Sovereignty			93	26
Itserbeguy .	A Auton December	2 Dec., 1856		Sep.Art.2	129
Italy	·	30 May, 1814 9 June, 1815	_	93-101	
	"	J & tille, 1010	~	101	26

Name of Country, Pla &c.	ace,	Stubject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art	Page.
Italy		Austrian Possessions	20 July, 1819	95	46	- GLI
,,	••	And Austria. Boundary of the Po	90 Tul- 1910	96	40	
**		See also Austria, Po.	20 July, 1819	30	46	613
"	••	And France. See France		ļ	1	l
		and Italy.				j
>>	• •	Admitted to Paris Con-	0 41 1070	000		
		ferences King of Sardinia, King of	8 April, 1866	268	22	1276
**	••	Italy	17 Mar., 1861	330		1468
,,		" British Recogni-		333	i	
		tion	30 Mar., 1861	-	Note	1468
**	••	,, Protests against	Mar.,Apr.,1861	-	Note	1468
**	• •	And Switzerland. Bound-	5 Oct., 1861	333		1401
,, ·		And Sen Marino	22 Mar., 1862	335		1461 1508
"	••	Proposed admission to		300		1000
		European Congress	Nov., 1863	356	—	1587
**	• •	Capital to be removed	15 Sept., 1864	366	_	¦ 1627
"	••	" removed from Turin to Florence	May, 1865	ł	Note	1629
3)		,, ,, from		_	11018	1023
•		Florence to Rome	1 July, 1871		Note	1629
,,	••	Declaration of War against			1	
		Austria	19 June, 1866	381	_	1695
		Proposed Congress on	20 June, 1866	382	_	1697
"	••	Affairs of Italy, &c.	May, June,	377	l _	1667
			1 6 66	"		1007
"	•••	Peace with Austria	26 July, 1866	383	6	1700
**	• •	Represented at Con-	I			
		ference in London			1	ļ
		burg	7 May, 1867	406		1806
		,,	11 35 1000	405		1801
"	••	Sardinian Possessions	30 May, 1814	1	Sep.Art.2	
23	• •	Sovereign States	30 May, 1814	1	6	j 9
		Nac also Sandinia	9 June, 1815	27	95	263
**	••	See also Sardinia. Territory acquired since		l		
		1815 :				
"	• •	Lombardy coded to		1]	1
		France for Sardinia		298	-	1374
			10 Nov., 1859	801	4	138 0
19	••	" ceded by France to Sardinia	10 Nov., 1859	302	1	1 3 93
		Emelian Provinces:	10 1101., 1000	1		1900
33	• •	Modena	18 Mar., 1860	308	! –	1416
13	• •		18 Mar., 1860			1416
"	• •		18 Mar., 1860		_	1416
"	• •	Forli Massa and	18 Mar., 1860	308		1416
"	••	Carrara	18 Mar., 1860	308	_	1416
,,		Parma	18 Mar., 1860			1416
••	- 1		1	,		

			1			
Name of			Date of Treaty	37		
Country, Place &c.	ኑ	Subject.	or	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
erc.			other Document.			
74-3-		M				
italy		Territory acquired since 1815:				
	- }	Emelian Provinces:	}			
"		Placentia	18 Mar., 1860	308		141
"		Ravenna	18 Mar., 1860	308	_	1410
"		Reggio	18 Mar., 1860	308	-	141
"	•••	Tuscany	22 Mar.,1860	309	-	141
"		Naples	17 Dec., 1-60	324	=	145
,,		Sicily Umbris	17 Dec., 1860	325	_	145
"		M	17 Dec., 1860	326 327	<u>-</u>	146
29 29		W!	17 Dec., 1860 29 July, 1866	388	2	146 172
"		venice	23 Aug., 1866	388	2	172
"		,,	3 Oct., 1866	392	3	175
talian Co	n-	,,			-	
federation		Proposed formation under				
	1	Presidency of the				
		Pope	11 July, 1859	298	_	137
"	••	Venetia and part of Lom-		1		
	- 1	bardy to be included,	11 7 1 1070	200		
	- 1	subject to Austria	11 July, 1859	298	-	137
	- 1	Austrian and French en-	10 Nov., 1859	301	18	138
"		couragement of do	10 Nov., 1859	301	18	138
thaca		See Ionian Islands.	10 1101., 1508	301	10	100
ttersdorf		Given to Prussis	23 Oct., 1529	148		83
ttervoordt		Ceded to Holland.	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 2	86
		50	19 April, 1839	183	4, § 2	98
	- 1	"	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	99
	- 1	**	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	99
		<i>"</i>	5 Nov., 1842	195	2	102
"	••	Commune. Part ceded	•			
		by Netherlands to	0.4 1040	100		
		Belgium	8 Aug., 1843	196	16	103
acobs-Elf		(Woriema.) River.				
,,		" Russis and	Į			
	- 1	Sweden. Limits	14 May, 1826	130	2	74
"		" Freedom of				
•	- 1	Navigation. Float-				1
	- 1	age of Timber.	74.35 3000		_	
acobs-Wik	- 1	Russia and Sweden.	14 May, 1826	130	9	74
FOODS- ALTE		Russia and Sweden. Limits	14 May, 1826	130		
adra		Servian Administration	Dec., 1833	169	2	93
ahde		Bay of. Ceded by Olden-	200., 1000	100	_	330
		burg to Prussia	20 July, 1853	233		116
,,		Money compensation to	,, 2500			
	ı	Oldenburg	1 Dec., 1853	236	1, 2	117
,,		Non-formation of Prussian	_ '		,	1
		Commercial Port	20 July, 1853	233	13	116
"	••	Non-erection of Oldenburg	1			
		Fortifications, near	20 July, 1853	233	15	116
"	•••	Union with Prussia	5 Nov., 1854	-	Note	116

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Jahde	A German Military Port	14 June. 1867	 407	53	1821
		16 April, 1871	411	53	1945
Jasey	Treaty. Russia and Turkey	9 Jan., 1792	—	Appendix	
"	Referred to	7 Oct., 1826	131	7. § 1	752
_		26 A pril, 1828	138	. –	779
Java	See Netherlands Colonies.	'		:	
Jemappes	Department. French	00.35			
T1/	Boundary	30 May, 1814	1 77	3, § 1	E20
Jemelin Jenikale		11 Nov., 1817	77	Sep.Art.1	539
Agnirate	Town and Port. Restored to Russia	30 Mar., 1856	264	4	1254
Jerusalem	TT 1 TM O T 41	, 00 Mai., 1000	-05	•	1202
	and Greek Churches.	Į.			
Jever	Lordship. Ceded by Rus-			! !	
	sia to Hol-tein-			ı i	
	Oldenburg	18 April, 1818	78	· — :	540
,,	,, Taken Posses-	• •	1		
·	sion of by Oldenburg	6 Aug., 1823	116	! — :	705
,,	" Union with		1	;	
	Kniphausen referred			·	
_	to	8 June, 1825	123	Preamble	722
	Civil Rights in Germany	8 June, 1815	26	16	2015
Johanna		12 Aug., 1815	32	11	3 01
Jonchery	Commune. France and	90 E-L 1071	438	1	1913
Josephadorf	Germany. Boundary Austrian claims over Dis-	20 Feb., 18/1	- T-10	: * !	1910
O OSO PROGOTT	trict renounced	5 Mar., 1849	209	8, 17	1087
Joss	Forest. Bayaria and	i diami, lor,		0,1,	2001
	Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387	_	1717
Juira	Russia and Turkey. Boun-			1	
	dary	29 Jan., 1834	170	1	937
Jungbunzlau	Circle. Austria and		ł	į i	
	Saxony. Limits	5 Mar., 1848	209	8896 ,	1087
Junghols	District. Part. Austrian				
		30 Jan., 1844	197	15, 16	1034
Jura		16 Dec., 1850	228	3	1146
Jura	Crest of Mountains. French boundary		1	3, § 6	6
	French countary	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 2	345
	, ,, 	4 Nov., 1821	122	Preamble	719
,,	Department. Franco-Ger-				•
•		28 Jan., 1871	434	1 1	1905
	,,	15 Feb., 1871	437	_	1911
Jussy	Jurisdiction. Connection			1 1	
	with Geneva. Pas-			[
	sage of Troops	29 Mar., 1815	10	2	71
	,,	2 May, 1815	190	Annex	164
		0 Tune 1917	27	BB, 2	0:7
	,,	9 June, 1815 3 Nov., 1815	38	80 5	257 329
	"	16 Mar.,1816	52	Preamble.	422
	" Geneva Boun-	10 1111111010	02	- reminie	Tab
,, ••	dary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	421
	,,	20 July, 1819		41	611
	· _ "	,			

Prussis	Name of Country, Place &c.	е,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Cassions by Denmark to Austria and Prussia 30 Oct., 1864 367 4	Jutland						
Ccssions by Denmark to Austria and Prussia 30 Oct., 1864 367 4						22	1611 1633
Treaty. Russia and Turkey Referred to Russia Referred to Russia Russia Russia Russia Russia Russia Russia R	,,	••	Cessions by Denmark to Austria and Prussia				1632
Referred to 26 April, 1828 138 1	T-1				•••	_	,
District Bavarian Indemnity	-		TD (138	Appendix	779
nity	"	•	,,			_	1178
To Bavaria 14 April, 1816 53 2, § 1 20 July, 1819 95 20 July, 1819 97 10 Ju	Kaiserlautei	m	nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2a	334
Cocupied by Turkey Cocupied by Turkey Cocupied by Turkey Treaty. Prussia and Russia Town. Prussian Boundary. Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune. Ceded by Austria to Bavaria Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1819 Solution Cote, 1815 Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Solution Cote, 1815 Cote,	,,	••		14 4			
Kalisch Cocupied by Turkey Treaty. Prussia and Russia 28 Fcb., 1813 Appendix Warniesch Town and Port. Restored to Russia			to Davaria				436 592
Treaty Prussia and Russia 28 Feb., 1813 — Appendix Town. Prussian Boundary 30 Mar., 1856 264 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Kalafat		Occupied by Turkey	1 Nov., 1853			1177
Carry Section Commune Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune Ceded by Baden to Austria Commune Ceded by Baten to Bayaria Commune Ceded by Baten to Bayaria Commune Ceded by Cot., 1819 Section Cot., 1815 Section Cot.,	Kalisch		Treaty. Prussia and Russia	28 Feb., 1813			
to Russia				9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Kanlidja Protocol respecting Servia River. Bessarabian Frontier 4 Sept., 1862 338 — 1 Karbach Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria 6 Jan., 1857 277 — 1 Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria 10 July, 1819 93 1 Given to Prussia 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 Given to Prussia 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 Farritory Paschalic. Russia and Turkey 9 June, 1815 27 7 Pashalic and City. Restored by Russia to Turkey 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 14 April, 1856 268	Kamiesch	••		20 Mar 1856	964	4	1254
Karakourt River. Bessarabian Frontier	Kanlidja					-	1515
Commune. Ceded by Baden to Austria 10 July, 1819 93 1 27 Oct., 1819 97 1 27 Oct., 1819 97 1 27 Oct., 1819 97 1 27 Oct., 1819 97 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 28 Oct., 1829 148 28 Oct., 1829 148 28 Oct., 1829 148 28 Oct., 1829 148 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1829 148 28 Oct., 1829 148 28 Oct., 1829 148 29 June, 1815 27 7 29 June, 1815 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 2					!		2020
" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria Karlsbrunn Karniowice Karniowice Kars Paschalic. Russia and Turkey. Asiatic Boundary " Pashalic and City. Restored by Russia to Turkcy " Ditto. Paris Conferences. No. 3 Russian Evacuation. Paris Conferences. No. 21 " No. 22 Bessarabian Frontier Katsenberg Katsenelln-bogen " Indemnification to Hesse-Cassel to Prussia " Indemnification to Hesse-Homburg in lieu thereof " 16 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 27 Oct., 1819 98 1 28 Oct., 1829 148 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 29 Jan., 1834 170 1 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 30 Mar., 1856 264 3 1 14 April, 1856 268 1 April, 1856 268 3 Sept., 1866 15 1 Indemnification to Hesse-Homburg in lieu thereof	Karbach		Commune. Ceded by		1	-	1299
" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria Given to Prussia Village. Within Cracow Territory Paschalic. Russia and Turkey. Asiatic Boundary			Baden to Austria				585
Tria to Bavaria Civen to Prussia Civen to Hesse-Cassel to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Hesse-Cassel to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Prussia Civen to Hesse-Cassel to Prussia Civen			" Ceded by Aus-	27 Oct., 1819	97	1	621
Civen to Prussia	,,	•••		27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
Territory Paschalic Russia and Turkey Asiatic Boundary 14 Sept., 1829 145 4 170 1	Karlsbrunn						839
Paschalic Russia and Turkey. Asiatic Boundary	Karniowice	••	8	0 T 1015		_	014
	Kars	••	Paschalic. Russia and Tur-	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
Pashalic and City. Restored by Russia to Turkcy				14 Sept., 1829	145	4	817
Stored by Russia to Turkcy 14 Sept., 1829 30 Mar., 1856 264 3 1 30 Mar., 1856 264 3 1 30 Mar., 1856 264 3 1 30 Mar., 1856 264 3 1 30 Mar., 1856 268 — 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,,		5 " 1 " 0 5		170	1	937
Turkcy	"	•••					
", Ditto. Paris Conferences. No. 3 ", Ditto. Paris Conferences. No. 3 ", No. 22				14 Sept., 1829	145	4	817
", Ditto. Paris Conferences. No. 3 Russian Evacuation. Paris Conferences. No. 21 ", No. 22 Ratsmori Bessarabian Frontier District. Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-Darmstadt Lower Country. Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to Prussia ", Indemnification to Hesse-Homburg in lieu thereof ", Property of the property of	,,		•				1254
Russian Evacuation Paris		• •					
Conferences. No. 21 4 April, 1856 268 — 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1 Mar., 1856	268	_	1274
No. 22 8 April, 1856 268 — 1	"	••		4 April 1856	268		1276
Katamori Bessarabian Frontier 30 Mar., 1856 264 20 1 Katzenberg District. Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-Darmstadt Lower Country. Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to Prussia 3 Sept., 1866 15 — 1 16 Oct., 1815 37 2 16 Oct., 1815 37 7	•					_	1276
to Hesse-Darmstadt 3 Sept., 1866 15 1	Katamori				264	20	1259
Katzenelln- bogen Lower Country. Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to Prussia	Katzenberg	••		0.0 1000	1.		
by Hesse-Cassel to Prussia 16 Oct., 1815 37 2 "" Indemnification to Hesse-Homburg in lieu thereof 16 Oct., 1815 37 7	Katzanalin-		1	5 Sept., 1866	19	_	1734
Prussia 16 Oct., 1815 37 2 "" Indemnification to Hesse-Homburg in lieu thereof 16 Oct., 1815 37 7		i					
"to Hesse-Homburg in lieu thereof 16 Oct., 1815 37 7			Prussia	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	322
in lieu thereof 16 Oct., 1815 37 7	,,						
4 May 1916 El Ducomble				16 Oct 1917	95	,,	00 4
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							324 419
			"		71	- 10mm	-XI-O

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Rabject,	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Katzenelln- bogen	Redemption of Revenue for Cession of Lands, payable to Hesse-	 			1
Kaulsdorf		10 May, 1820	103	11	634
	Prussia	22 Aug.,1866	387	14	1715 -1717
Kaunits	Property of Prince. See Rittberg.	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 3	1798
Kasan	To Eimineh-Bournou. Restored to Turkey	1 14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
Kehl	Bridge. Joint Property of France and Baden		40	1, § 2	345
Kekerdom	Free Port on Rhine Limit of Territory. Prussis	17 Oct., 1868	412	_	1861
	and Netherlands Bailiwick. Retained by	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	231 250
	Prussia	19 July, 1816	55	2	449
Kempfeld	Commune. Secured to	20 July , 1819	95	13 27	598 604
Kerkrade	Working of Coal Mines Commune. Netherlands and Prussia. Boun-		56	19-21	462
Kertch	dary	11 Dec., 1868	415	1	1862
Ketten	to Russia Ceded by Saxony to Prus-	30 Mar., 1856	264	4	1254
Keule	sia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Keulrod Alh-	sia to Saxe-Weimar Ceded by Saxe-Meiningen	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
stadt Kherson	to Prussia Ship-building Yards. Paris	8 Oct., 1866	897	6	1770
	Conferences. No. 5 Treaties of. Great Britain	6 Mar., 1856	268	_	1275
Kiel	and Denmark	14 Jan., 1814		Appendix	
,,	mark	14 Jan., 1814	-	Appendix	0.5
,,	**	30 May, 1814 4 June, 1815	1 25	Add.Art1 1, 2	196
,,	To be a Federal Port A German Military Port		370 407	53	1639 1821
,,	See also Lubeck. Rends-	16 April, 1871	444	58	1946
Kilia	burg. See Danube. Islands.	1	•		
Kinburn	'm	30 Mar., 1856	264	4	1054
Kinsing .	Q: 1 TP	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	1254 838
		-	1		

Name of Country, Place, Gc.	Subject	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Kirberg	Retroceded to Orange				
	Nassau	14 July, 1814	 	Appendix	
Kirchberg Seat		10 Tons 1016			444
Kirchdorf	burg-Rudolstadt Prussia and Russia	19 June, 1816 11 Nov., 1817	55 77	1 Sep.Art.2	58
Kircheim-	Canton. Bayarian Indem-	11 1.01., 101,	''	- P	
Poland	nities	3 Nov., 1815	88	_	33
"	" Ceded by Austria	14 47 1010	٠.		40
	to Bavaria	14 April,1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2, § 1 2 A, § 2	43 59
,,	" Excepted from	20 0 tay, 1010	30	2 A, y 2	00,
	Cessions to Hesse-		1		
	Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	8	46
	**	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 95	8 20	47 60
Kirk-Klissa	Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	20	81
		:		4 Sep.Act	
Kirsaou	Bessarabian Frontier	6 Jan., 1857	277	<u> </u>	129
Kirschès-Sierck		23 Oct., 1829	148	_	83
Kissingen	Bonds. Restored to Bavaria by Prussia	22 Aug., 1866	387	17	171
Klarenthal	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		83
Kleck	Turkish District. See Dal-	,			
	matia. Map facing		1		
Klein-Blitters-	page 262 France and Prussia	11 June, 1827	135	Preamble	76
dorff	France and Trussia	11 0 0110, 1027	100	I lognible	10
,,	Given to Prussis	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	83
Klein-Brem-	Village. Ceded by Prus-		1		
bach	sia to Saxe-Weimar	1 June, 1815	24 27	3 23	19 22
	,,	9 June, 1815	21	39	23
•		İ	1	118, § 7	27
			ļ	Annex 7	27
mr	g	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 5	30
Klein-Dolzig Klein-Liebenau	Secured to Saxony Ceded to Prussia	9 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	27	15 15	22
Klein-Neu-	District Ceded by Prussia	5 0 une, 1010	. 21	10	
haussen	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	1, § 7 c.	30
Klingenzell	Domain. Sold by Baden	_	1	-	
	to Canton of Thur-	94 Dog 1890	106		66
Klioute	gau Servian Administration	24 Dec., 1820 Dec., 1833	169	§ 1	93
Klomo	Pass. Within Greek Limits	21 July, 1832	161	3 ī	90
Kloster Vessra	Ceded by Saxe-Meiningen	_		1 _	
T124	Reiliwick Coded by	8 Oct., 1866	397	6	177
Klötze	Bailiwick. Ceded by Hanover to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	17
	• ",	9 June, 1815	27	29, § 2	23
	1	1		118, § 6	
	:	0.T 1077		Annex 6	
Knaut-Nauen- dorf	Secured to Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	22
Kniphausen	Seignory. Oldenburg, &c.	8 June, 1825	123	_	72
,,	" Flag	8 June, 1825		5	72

2227

Name of Count of Place,	Nub _e c.t.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	≜ rt.	Page.
Eniphansen	Seignory. Engagement of				
	Germanic Confede-				
	ration to guarantee			•	
,	execution of Treaty	0 Mar 1606	100		
Enittelsheim	of 5th June, 1825 Village. Secured to	9 Mar., 1926	128	_	739
	France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5	6
Kobylinka	Village Prussian Boun-	-		-, ,	•
T 14	dary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Koelgrient	Part ceded by Belgium to Netherlands	8 ing 1949	196	15	1001
Korperich	-Hemmer-dorf. Given to	8 Aug., 1843	130	19	1031
	Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
Kolaschines	Montenegro, &c. Boun-				-
— - 1 4 1	dary	8 Nov., 1858	288	–	1353
Kolding Kolmisoive	- See Jutland. ₁ -Madakjet sa. Ru ssia and		٠		:
Zomisoive	Sweden. Limits	14 May, 1826	130	1. 2	745
Kommersdorf	Abbey. Ceded by Nassau		, 200	1, 2	/ 100
	to Prussia	31 May, 1814	23	4	186
	"	9 June, 1815	, 27 _!	24	228
		!	' ;	118, § 8	272
Kompania	Village. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	Annex 8	275
Komrat	Bessarabian Frontier	6 Jan., 1857	276		217 1297
	,,	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1299
Kongas	Bessarabian Frontier		277	_	1299
Königs-Au	Denmark and Schleswig.		1	_	
Königsberg	Boundary Depôts placed in Security	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	1632
	in 1806	3 May, 1815	13	40	117
,,	Trade with Port	3 May, 1815	13	22	112
,,	(District of Giessen):-		i '		
,,	Bavaria and Prussia.	00 4 1000	•••		
	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
,,	stadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
			!		1737
	United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403	_	1798
Königsbruck	Lordship. Secured to Saxony	9 June, 1815			Í
Königslutter	Brunswick and Hanover.		27	15	222
•	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	34-37	711
Königstein	Fortress. Garrison of	21 Oct., 1866	398	64	1773
**	" Surrender to Prus-				
Könnderits	sia Commune. Ceded by	21 Oct., 1866	898		1779
	Saxony to Prussia	21 Oct., 1866	398	21, § 4	1778
Koppenbrügge	Brunswick and Hanover.			, 3 -	1110
	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	106	714
Koscielnawies	Village. Prussian Boun-	0 Tune 101"		_	
Koscielniki	Village. Included in Dis-	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
	trict of Cracow	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
	งองอ	,	-	•	-44

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Kostau	Prussia and Russia. Boun-		100		
Kostheim	dary	13 Dec., 1836	180	_	964
	stadt	30 June, 1815	58	8	462
	,,	30 June, 1815	59	8	47
Kouban	River. Mouth of, to Port of St. Nicholas to	30 July, 1819	95	20	6 01
	belong to Russis	14 Sep., 1829	145	4	813
,,	Russian Boundary. See Black Sea, East Coast.	-			
Koubey	Bessarabian Frontier	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1299
Kraina Krakeel	Servian Administration Low Lands. Belgium and Netherlands.	Dec., 1833	169	§ 1	930
Kranichfeld	Boundary Lower Lordship. Ceded by Prussia to Saxe-	5 Nov., 1842	195	7, 8	1029
	Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	- 3	19
	22	9 June, 1815	27	39 118, § 7 Annex 7	23° 27° 27°
Krannichborn .	District. Ceded by Prussia	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 2	30
Kreutsnach	to Saxe-Weimar Town. Given to Prussia	22 Sept., 1815 9 June, 1815	34 27	1, § 7 <i>f</i> 25	30 22
» · · ·	Salt Mines. On the left bank of the Nahe. Ceded to Hesse- Darmstadt. Under Prussian Sove-	,			
	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	47	24
	".	10 June, 1815	28	3	27
))))	3 Nov., 1815 30 June, 1816	38 58	7-21	33 46 46
				25	47
	,,	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 95	7-21-25 19	473 600
,,	" Contracts. Bathing Houses and Salt	20 July, 1019	ยง	19	00
,,	Works Contracts. Passage and Floatage of Wood	3 Sept., 1866	389	18	173
•	and Charcoal for Works	30 June, 1816	58 59	23 23	46 47
"	" Salt from Works	30 June, 1816		3	279
•	free from Duty	10 June, 1815 30 June, 1815	28 58	22	46
	"	30 June, 1815	59	22	47
Kreut zw ald	See Wendelhof.	,			1

Name of Country, Place, drc.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Decument.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Kreusberg	Part to be obtained by Prussia from Hesse- Cassel for Saxe-				
,	Weimar Part ceded by Hesse-Cas-	22 Sept., 1815	34	2, § 2	308
Krimpen	sel to Saxe-Weimar Navigation of the Rhine	16 Oct., 1815 31 Mar., 1831 17 Oct., 1868	87 151 412	2 28	823 853 1848
Kronenberg	Canton. Given to Prussia. "Part ceded by	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
	Prussia to Mecklen- berg-Strelitz	18 Sept., 1816	61	1 Annex	479 480
,,	Mecklenburg-Strelitz of Territory in				
Eruchevats	favour of Prussia Servian Administration	21 May, 1819 Dec., 1833 23 Oct., 1829	92 169 148	§1 —	582 930 839
Krumbach	Ceded by Hesse-Darmstadt to Prussia	8 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733 1737
"	United to Prussia District. Cracow Bound-	24 Dec., 1866	408	_	1798
Fizzankowitz.	In Silesia. Purchase by Prussia of Contract	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
Kufstein	of Estate Temporary occupation of Fortress by Bavarian	4 Mar., 1835	175	51	955
	Troops	8 June, 1814	1	Add.Art1	34
Kupri-Palanka Kusel	Fortress. To be demolished See Cousel.	Dec., 1838	169	_	934
Kyfwaerd	Prussia and Netherlands	9 Jan., 1815	27	25 66	231 250
Laske	District. Ceded by Prussia to Saxe-Weimar Village. France and Neuf-	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
,,	chatel. Boundary	30 May, 1814 4 Nov., 1824	1 122	8, § 6 Preamble	6 719
La Chapelle- sous-Rouge- mont	Village. France and Ger- many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add.Art3	1963
La Clinge	Commune. Part ceded by Netherlands to Belgium	8 Aug., 1843	196	24	1031
,, .,	" Part ceded by Belgium to Nether- lands	8 Aug., 1843	196	. 25	1031
La Combe	Hamlet. Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816 20 July, 1819	52 95	1 41	424 610

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
La Combe	Rivulet. Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816 20 July, 1819	52 95	1 41	424 610
Leconex	Without French Bound-	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 7	6
La Croix Lacuna	Given to France France and Spain. Bound-	23 Oct., 1829	148	-,3:	889
Lago-Maggiore	ary Boundary. Austrian Pos-	2 Dec., 1856	275	2	1293
La Houvre	sessions in Italy And Wendelhof Farm.	30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	18
Laiblach	Given to France River. Austria and Bava-	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
"	ris. Boundary Fishing to belong to Bava-	30 Jan., 1844	197	14	1084
Lakenhoff	To the Meuse. Belgium and Netherlands.	30 Jan., 1844	197	28, 29	1034
La Laire	Boundary Biver. Geneva Boundary.	5 Nov., 1842 30 May, 1814	195	2 3, § 7	1029 6 423
Landau	", Fortress. Given to France.	16 Mar., 1816 20 July, 1819 30 May, 1814	52 95 1	1 41 3, § 5	423 610
Landau	,, To be Ceded by France to Austria for	00 May, 1014	1	. 0, 30	
	Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	. 3	328 834
"· ·	" Delivered up by France to the Allies	20 Nov., 1815	42	9	362
"	" Ceded by Austria	1815	49	.2	414
"	to Bavaria , Right of Garri-	14 Apr., 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2	593
» ` · ·	soning	3 Nov., 1815	38	7 d 10	880 832
,,	" A Fortress of Germanic Confede-				
	ration	3 Nov., 1815	38	7 d 10	830 831
	"	20 Nov., 1815 ———————————————————————————————————	40 49	_ 1	844 415
	"	14 Apr., 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2 3	436 593
"	" Disposal of War Material	6 July, 1869	420	_	1876
Landrecies	French Fortress. Occu- pied by Allied	90 M - 1015	40	ی ا	0.45
	Troops	20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	40 42	5 9	347 362
Langendorf Langenkandel	Orphan Asylum Cauton. Coded by Austria	28 Aug., 1819	96	21	618
**************************************	to Bavaria	14 Apr., 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2 2	436 593

2231

Name of Country, Place	×,	Subject.	Date of Treaty of other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Langenselbe		Bailiwick. Ceded by				
_	•	Hesse-Darmstadt to	,			
		Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	45
		.,	30 June, 1816	58	4	460
		.,	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
		,,	20 July, 1819	95	25	604
Language	• •	of Treaties. French not	1			1
		to be quoted as a				
		Precedent	9 June, 1815	27	120	27:
		_ "	20 July, 1819	95	49	61
••	••	" Treaty. Pacification of				i
		Portugal, in 4 Lan-				٠.,
		guages	22 Apr., 1834	171		94
»	••	" Signed in Italian	3 May, 1864	360	2	160
Langweiler	• •	Town. Given to Prussis.	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Lapland	••	Boundary. Russia and	14 35 1000	180		744
Lär		Sweden Parish, Prussia and	14 May, 1826	130	_	7-20
LAT	• •	Parish. Prussia and Hanover. Boundary	25 Nov., 1837	181	5	960
Larmont		Mountain. France and	20 100., 1007	101		800
LATMONC	••	Neufchatel. Bound-	1			l
		Sry	4 Nov., 1824	122		720
La Rocette		Canton. French Bound-	# 1107., 100E	100		'-
	•••	sry	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 8	2
Le Booke		Canton. Part secured to	00 22,, 2022	-	٥, , ٥	
	•••	France	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 7	€
,,		" Geneva Bound-	,	_	-, .	
"		ary	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 7	6
Le Sarre		Department. See Saare.	1			
La Satze		See Zaunstelle.				
Latin		and Greek Churches.				
		Commencement of			i	
		Differences. Russia				
		and Turkey	20 May, 1850	_	Note	1171
,,	••		1			
		and War.				
Lauds	• •	(Swiss). Indemnity to Pro-	00.35			~
		prietors of	20 Mar., 1815	9	8	67
		Durker On Blak Book	9 June, 1815	27	83	259
Lauenburg	••	Duchy. On Right Bank of the Elbe. Part				
		ceded by Hanover				
		to Prussia, and part				
		retained by Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	. 3,4	17
		•	9 June, 1815	27	29	23
		**	0 0 uno, 1010		30, § 4	234
					118, 56	271
		İ	•	ĺ	Annex 6	278
		,,	23 Sept., 1815	35	2	814
		••	• ,		6	816
,,		" Part ceded by				
,,		Prussia to Denmark	4 June, 1815	25	3, 4	196
					5	197
					8	196

Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Lauenburg		Elbe Toll House Duchy. Part of Ger-	23 June, 1821	110	16	678
"		manic Confederation	10 July, 1849	214	3	1107
		of Sovereignty	8 Jan., 1851	-	Note	1158
"	•	" Rights and Obligations of Den- mark and of Ger- manic Confedera- tion	9 May 1959	230	3	115
,,	••	Renounced by Denmark in favour of Austria and	8 May, 1852	367	3	115
"		Rrussia, Right over, ceded by Austria to Prussia	80 Oct., 1864			1631
,,		" Indemnity to	14 Aug., 1865	370	9	164
33	••	Austria for ditto , Convention. Austria and Prussia.	14 Aug., 1865	370	2	164
19		(Gastein) "British Circular res-	14 Aug., 1865	370		163
"		pecting ditto " French Circular, do.	14 Sept., 1865 29 Aug., 1865	372	Note	164 164
. "	••	"Entrance into Zollverein	14 Aug., 1865	870	6	164
"	•••	" Released from War Expenses	14 Aug., 1865	370	. 8	164
,,	••	" Taken Posses- sion of by Prussia	13 Sept., 1865	371		164
· •,	••	" Hanoverian Portion annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393		176
"	••	Proposed Congress	May, June, 1866	377		165
**	••	Comprised within North German Confeder-		,		
••		ation	14 June, 1867	407	1	180
auenförde		Empire	16 April, 1871	114	1	193
Lauensdorff		Boundary Given to France	24 June, 1824 20 Nov., 1815	120 40	122	71 84
		"	20 July, 1819	95	1, § 1 13	59
Lauenstein	••	Brunswick and Hanover.	23 Oct., 1829	148	100.105	83
Laufen		Boundary Bailiwick. Bavarian Possession	24 June, 1824 3 June, 1814	120 2	102–105 1	71
		session	0 0 mie, 1014	2	1	8
	ļ	2283	l			

commune. Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary	3 Nov., 1815 14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819 8 Aug., 1843	38 53 95	Annex 2 1 1	333 436
commune. Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	1	436
Netherlands. Boundary	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	95		
Netherlands. Boundary			1	
Netherlands. Boundary	8 Aug., 1843	10g		592
dary	8 Aug., 1843	106	1	
liver. Bavaria and France.	8 Aug., 1843		4	1001
		100	•	1031
,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
,,	20 1107., 11.20		•	345
	20 July, 1819	95	5	599
" Boundary altered	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 4	729
" Territory on Left	•	ł		
Bank to form part				
of Germany	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
" Territory ceded] _	
by Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2	436
T	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
" Territory on Right Bank. Bavaria				ł
and France.	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 3	728
Post	0 0 413, 1020		2, 30	
" ceded by Bavaria to		1		
France	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 5	729
**	9 Dec., 1825	126	4	737
lee also Altstadt and		l		l
Weissenburg.				
Fiven to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops	90 War 1015	42	4	000
Dessions by Bavaria to	20 Nov., 1815	42	•	360
	5 July 1825	124	2 8 5	729
	0 0 11.3, 10.20		_, 3 0	
sian Limits	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
River. Russia and Sweden		130	2	745
Conferences. British Cir-		l	1	ļ
	19 Jan., 1821	. 107		664
			1	
	12 May, 1821	108	-	667
				l
				!
	30 May 1814	1	864	5
Part to be anded	00 225, 2022	1	0,5 -	`
by Austria to Prus-			1	ĺ
sis	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annexle	333
" Part ceded by	·			
Austria to Ba aria	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
	9 June, 1861*		[
	0.D- 1070	0=-	1 _	100
dary	Z Dec., 1856	2/5	6	1294
	France Cown, &c. Without Prussian Limits River. Russia and Sweden Conferences. British Circular " Declaration of Allies Ge also Tr ppau. Canton. Part given to France. French Boundary " Part to be ceded by Austria to Prussia " Part ceded by Austria to Ba aria administration. 6 Powers France and Spain. Boun-	France	France	France

N given in this Work; having no reference to the "Map of Europe." 2234

Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Γ ag e.
Lech		Biver. Austria and Bava-				
		ria. Limits	30 Jan., 1844	197	1,5-12	1034
		~	16 Dec., 1850	228	-	1146
Lecheraine	••	Swiss Neutrality	20 Nov., 1815	40	3	346
Leck	••	River. Navigation	31 Mar., 1831	151	Preamble	
., Legations		" Part of Rhine The. (Ravenna, Bologna,	17 Oct., 1868	412	1	1849
2020110110	•••	and Ferrara). Re-		ĺ		
		stored to Holy See	9 June, 1815	27	103	268
,,		Austrian Occupation.				
	•	Paris Conferences	8 April, 1856	268		1276
,,	• •	United to Sardinia	18 Mar., 1860	308	- '	1416
	• •	Protest of Pope	24 Mar., 1860	311	 ,	1422
Le Grazie	•••	Austria and Sardinia.		200		
		Limits	11 July, 1859	298	7	1374
		. "	10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859	301 302	4 1	1383 1394
		,, ,,	10 Nov., 1859	303	8	1403
		"	21 Nov., 1859	806		1414
		"	16 June, 1860	317		1439
			•		i	1443
Lehesten	••	Commandery of Teutonic			ŀ	1
		Order. Ceded by			· .	1
		Prussia to Saxe- Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	8	100
			9 June, 1815	27 .	89	198 237
			0 6 0110, 1010	~	118, 8	272
•			'	i	Annex 7	275
		,,	22 Sept., 1815	84	1, § 3	306
L'Hopital	• •			1 .		i .
- 15-14 5		Limits	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	1 3
Leibitsch	••	Village. To belong to			j	1
		Duchy of Warsaw. Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
		Prussian Boundary	11 Nov., 1817	77	ĺ	539
Leidin		Part given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
Leidingen	••	Given to Prussia. France	,			""
		and Prussia. Boun-		1		
		daries	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
Leipsig	••	Bailiwick. Secured to	0.7			
		Saxony Military Road to Eise-	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
**	••	Military Road to Eise-	22 Sept., 1815	34	9, § 1	810
		Rights of University	22 Sept., 1010	92	D, 9 I	910
"	•	abolished	21 Oct., 1866	388	20	1778
Leitmeritz		Circle. Austria and Sax-	•		_	}
		on y. Limits	5 Mar., 1848	209	A. Sep.	1087
			İ	l	Act,	
		Demontment Burnet			§§ 57–87	
*	1	Department. French	00.35	١.		6
Leman		Roundee				
		Boundary	30 May, 1814.		3, § 7	
Leman	••	Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	3, § 7 20	432

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	W _O . of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Lemförde	To Bohmte. Causeway Coded by Prussia t Hanover		181	2	966
Lengfurth	. Road to Wurzburg. Par of Bailiwick of Wertheim ceded by	t f			
	Baden to Austria	. 10 July, 1819 27 Oct., 1819	98 97	1	584 62 1
**	. Road to Wurzburg. Par of Bailiwick o Wertheim ceded by	f			
Lengsfeld	Austria to Bavaria.	. 20 July, 1819 27 Oct., 1819	95 98	2 C 1	592 622
_	Ceded to Prussia .	. 9 June, 1815	27	40	237
	sia to Hesse-Casse Secured to Hesse	! 16 Oct., 1815	37	1	322
<i>"</i>	Cassel	. 16 Oct., 1815	37	6	324
19	by Prussia from Hesse-Cassel for	ı r			
,,	Saxe-Weimar . , Ceded by Hesse Cassel to Saxe-Wei		34	2, § c	308
Lenzner	mar	. 16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
Leontitos	Reserved by Prussi Secured to Turkey. Greek	k .	110	16	679
Leopoldshafe Lepanto	0 4 41 70 1	. 22 Mar., 1829 . 17 Oct., 1868	142 412	_	805 1851
Le Quesnoy	Greece	. 12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 4	800
Lesseillon Fo	by Allied Troops .	. 20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
	to Sardinia	. 23 Aug., 1860	322	4	1453
Deich Leval	Boundary Village. France and Ger		121	38-40	716
Levant	many. Boundary. Convention. 4 Powers and Turkey, fo		446	Add.Art8	1963
72	Pacification Protocols of Conferences	. 15 July, 1840	190	_	1008
	Pacification .	July—Sept., 1840	192	-	1021
Valley Leyen	Moiety of Tolls to be paid by Canton of Tessin to Canton of Uri. District. Declaration be	9 June, 1815	27	81	258
	tween France and Prussia	i . 11 June, 1827	135	_	767
**	" Secured to Prus	11 June, 1827	185	1,	767

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Licciana	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1057
Lichtenberg	Principality. Ceded to Saxe-Coburg	9 June, 1815	27	49	241
	Franch Trans.		1	50	242
,,	French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	360
,,	" Ceded by	20 21011, 2020		1	<i>D</i> 000
	Saxe-Coburg to				
	Prussia	31 May, 1834	172	1	946
,,	Military Force. Debts, &c.	31 May, 1834	172	2, 4	947
,,	mining Poloc. Deols, &c.	or may, 1004	112	5 6	947 948
Liebenburg	Brunswick and Hanover.				010
	Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	10-14	711
				65-70	712
Liebhardt	Village. Territorial Ar-	0 T 101F	25		
	rangements	9 June, 1815 14 April, 1816	27 53	40	288
	"	20 July, 1819	95	2 2	437 592
Lieblos	Bailiwick. "Ceded by	20 duly, 1010	00	_	002
	Hesse-Darmstadt to				
	Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	45
	"	30 June, 1816	58	4, § 2	460
	,,	30 June, 1816	59	4	47
Liebstädt	Commandery of Teutonic	20 July, 1819	95	25	608
	Order. Ceded by		•		
	Prussia to Saxe-				
	Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	3	198
	. "	9 June, 1815	27	39	237
		 		118, § 7	272
		22 Sept., 1815	34	Annex 7	278
Liechtenstein	Representation and Voting	22 Sept., 1015	9.48	1, § 3	306
	at German Federal		ŀ		
	Diet and General		ĺ		
	Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4,6	201
	"	9 June, 1815	27	56	244
Liège	Ancient Bishopric. Nether-			58	244
	lands Boundary	31 May, 1815	22	2	18
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	66	244
		İ		118, § 10	279
	Districts which formed		Ĭ	Annex 10	27
,,	Districts which formed part of Ancient		İ		
	Bishopric. Nether-		l		
	lands Sovereignty	3 Nov., 1815	38	1	827
	,,	20 Nov., 1815	· 40	1	344
	,,	8 Nov., 1816	64	1	48
	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
	,,	12 Mar., 1817 17 April, 1817	67 69	1	50
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20 July, 1819	95	1 84	512 606
	"	-0 0 mg, 1010	00	03	1 500

Name of Country, Place, &c	; Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document,	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Liègo	Province. Belgian Terri-				
		15 Nov., 1831	133	1	860
	1 "	19 April, 1839	183	1	982
	,,	19 April, 1839	184	1	994
	l	19 April, 1839		Annex	998
,,	Limits of Dutch Territory				
	in Limburg	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 1	862
	,,	19 April. 1839			984
	i "	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 1	924
	Milianus Bardas Cublanta	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
,,	Military Road to Coblentz.	8 Nov., 1816	64	19	495
Lighthouses		14 Mar., 1857	278	2	1304
	Sweden and Norway	14 Mar., 1857	278	2, § 7	1306
*	Isle of Serpents	6 Jan., 1857	277	-, 3 '	1300
Lignières	Enclave. Given to Neuf-				1000
	cliatel	9 June, 1815	27	76, § 2	255
Ligurian	Republic. Imperial Fiefs	,		,	
	of. United to Sar-	i ·	İ		
	dinis	20 May, 1815	19	5	158
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	19	261
Lille	French Town. Occupied	1	Ì		l
	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42,	4	359
Limburg	Duchy. Netherlands	·		_	l
	Boundary	31 May, 1815	22	2	181
	n . "n	9 June, 1815	27	66	249
,,	Province. Part Belgian		150	1	
	Territory	15 Nov., 1831	153 183	1	860
	"	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	184	l i	982 994
	;	, 19 April, 1839	135	Annex	998
	" Part ceded to	, 10 mpin, 1000	100	Amies	1 000
,, ••	Netherlands	15 Nov., 1831	153	3, 4	861
	,,	19 April, 1839	183	8, 4	984
	, ,,	19 April, 1839	184	8, 4	994
	,,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
	,,	5 Nov., 1842	195	2	1029
,,	Holland and Belgium.		Ì		l
	Peace	21 May, 1833	167	Expl.Art.	923
,,	Accession of German Con-	! •	1	1	1
	federation to Treatics			ł	
	of 19 April, 1839	19 April, 1839	186	_	999
,, ••	Relations with Germanic	10 4 1 1000	100	307.4.	
	Confederation Maintenance of Judg-	19 April, 1839	183	Note	993
,,	Maintenance of Judg- ments, &c	19 April, 1839	183	23	993
	1	19 April, 1839	184	23	994
	"	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
,,	'To form Integral part of		-50		500
,,	Kingdom of Nether-			1	1
	lands	11 May, 1867	405	6	1804
Limers	Le. See Lymers.	1		-	
	· •		1	l .	L

Part ceded by Netherlands to Belgium Saliwick Ceded by Prussia to Hanover Indus-Balsacoa County Part ceded by Prussia to Hanover Salimin Salim	Name of Country, Place, &c.	• Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Aday.	Lincksgestel					
Lindau		dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	102
Prussia to Hanover 23 Sept., 1815 35 1 35 1 35 35 1 35 35		to Belgium	8 Aug., 1843	196	16	103
Cook Continue and Spain Boundary County Part Restored to Prussia County Part Restored to Prussia County Part Coded by Prussia to Hanover County Part Coded by Prussia Coded by Nassau to Prussia Coded by Nassau to Prussia Coded by Nassau to Prussia Coded by Nassau to Prussia Coded by Nassau to Prussia Comprised within North German Comprised within North German Confederation Comprised within North German Confederation Coded by Lippe to Prussia Coded b	•	Prussia to Hanover	23 Sept., 1815	35	1	31
County Part Restored to Prussia County Part ceded by Prussia to Hanover Pussia County Part ceded by Prussia to Hanover Pussia County Part ceded by Prussia to Hanover Pussia County Pussia			2 Dec., 1856	275	7	129
County Part Restored to Prussia Summer S	Lindusmunna		2 Dec., 1856	275	7	129
" Part ceded by Prussia to Hanover " 29 May, 1815 21 1 27, § 4 32 118, § 6 Annex 6 32 118, § 6 Annex 6 32 118, § 6 Annex 6 32 118, § 6 Annex 6 32 118, § 6 Annex 6 32 118, § 6 Annex 6 32 32 32 33 33 33 34 34	Lingen	County. Part Restored			23	22
## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Hanover and Prussia ## Jone, 1815	,,	" Part ceded by		_,		
## Hanover and Prussia					27, § 4	17- 23 23
## Prussia		·			118, § 6	27 27
Sia		Prussia	25 Nov., 1837	181	Preamble	96
Nassau to Prussia		sia	3 Oct., 1866	393	_	176
Lippe: Jurisdictions in, restored to Prussia	DIME		31 May, 1815		1, § 1	18
Lippe Jurisdictions in, restored to Prussia		. "	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 8	22 27
## Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and General Assembly	Lippe:		0 T 1915	97		27 22
Assembly 8 June, 1815 26 4, 6 56 58	,,	Representation and Voting at German Federal	9 June, 1015	21	. 20	20
", At Council of North German Confederation			8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	20
", At Council of North German Confederation		"	9 June, 1815	27		24 24
federation	,,	,,			00	21
German Empire	•	federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
Prussia		German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	6	198
German Confederation	•	Prussia	17 May, 1850	220		112
,, Comprised within German Empire 16April, 1871 444 1 12 Lippstadt Part Restored to Prussia. 9 June, 1815 27 23 23 ,, Ceded by Lippe to Prussia 17 May, 1850 220 1 1	,,	German Confedera-			_	
Empire 16 April, 1871 444 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,,			1	_	180
" Ceded by Lippe to Prussia 17 May, 1850 220 1 1						193 22
						112
	,	Educational Fund	17 May, 1850	220		112

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Tresty.	Art.	Page.
Lippstadt	Confirmation of Statutes	j 1			! !
	of Ladies' Founda-	17 36 1050	220	6	1127
Liscoarta	River. Prussis and Russia	17 May, 1850 4 Mar., 1835	175	51	955
Liska	Given to Prussia		27	15	222
Litorale	Communes. Sardinia and	·			
	Switzerland	16 Mar., 1816	52	Preamble	
Livarchamp	Given to Belgium	15 Nov., 1831		2	861
	"	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
	' "	19 April, 1839		2	994
	Convention of. France and	. 19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Llivia	Spain	12 Nov., 1660	i	Appendix	
	Referred to		373		1648
79	Rights of Road. France	20 22, 2000	0.0	l ,	
,,	and Spain. Boun-	i]		
	dary	26 May, 1866	373	21, 23-26	1647
,,	Non-erection of Fortifica-			i i	i
	tions by Spain	26 May, 1866	378	22	1647
.,	France and Spain. Boun-	11 7 1 1000		i I	3044
	dary	11 July, 1868	411		1844
	Canal. France and Spain. Boundary	11 July, 1868	411	l _	1844
	See Danube Works Loan,	11 July, 1000	-344	-	1023
Loans	Greek Loan, Russian				
	Dutch Loan, Sar-	1	i	1	
	dinian Loan, Turkish		i •		
	Loan.	I	ļ		
Löbauer-Was-	Rivulet, &c. Secured to		_ ·		
ser	Saxony	9 June, 1815	27 27	15 25	222 231
Lobith	Limit of District	9 June, 1815	21	66	250
	Ex-Duchy. Italy and Swit-		ļ	00	200
Locarno	zerland. Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	333	Preamble	1482
Lochstädt	District. Celled by Prussia	1			
	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7a	307
Locris	Province. Maritime De-	•		•	
	fences of Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 3	799
Lofer	'Austria and Bavaria.				
	Boundary	30 Sept., 1818	81	1.2	556
Lognon	Part given to France and	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
r abbaab	part to Prussia See Lebach.	1	1.20	-	000
Lohbach Lohrhaupten	Bailiwick. Arrangements			i :	
Domine a prom	respecting	3 Nov., 1815	88	7	330
Lombardo-	Kingdom. Formation	7 April, 1815	—	Appendix	
Venetian	" To be ceded by	_]	''	
	Austria to France			1 _	
	for Italy	26 July, 1866	383	6	1700
	Coded to Italy	29 July, 1866	388 388	2 2	1721
,,	" Ceded to Italy	23 Aug., 1866 3 Oct., 1866	392	3	1721 1750
	"	22 Dec., 1867	409		1833
	See also Lom-				
,,	" bardy and Venice.		l	1	
	2240				

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Tresty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Lombardy		(Bergamo, Brescia, Como,				
		Cremona, Milan,				
		Sondrio). And Switzerland. Bound-				
**		ary	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 5	26
***		Ceded by Austria to France for Sardinia (with	,		, .	
		exception of 2 For-				
		tresses)	11 July, 1859	298	4 15	137
		"	10 Nov., 1859	801	4, 17	138
			10 Nov., 1859	302	1, 2	139
,,		Proposed Italian Confede-	10 2:0:1, 2000		_,_	
••		ration	10 Nov., 1859	305	_	14
,,		Railways	10 Nov., 1859	303	10	140
			3 Oct., 1866	892	10	17
**	••	Religious Societies	10 Nov., 1859	301 302	16 2	188
		"	10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859	802	16	139
22		Italy and Switzerland.	10 1101., 1000	300	10	1
"	•	Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	333	_	14
comeringen		France and Germany.		ł		
_		Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	19
ommel	••	Commune. Part ceded by	1	1		1
		Belgium to Nether- lands	0 4 1049	100	7.5	1.0
condon		Treaty of :	8 Aug., 1843	196	15	10
302401	••	Great Britain, Austria,				į
		France, Prussia, and				ļ
		Russia (5 Powers).		1		1
		Separation of Bel-	1			١.
		gium from Holland Great Britain, France,	15 Nov., 1831	158	_	8
"	••	Great Britain, France, Russia and Bavaria.	1			1
		Sovereignty of		ŀ		l
		Greece	7 May, 1832	159	_	8
,,	••	Great Britain Austria,				1
		France, Prussis,]		1
		Russia (5 Powers), and TheNetherlands	10 4 1 1990	183		١
		,, and Belgium	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	185	_	9
,, .		Protocol. Great Britain,	10 11 pin, 1000	100		"
		&c., and Denmark.				l
		Sovereignty of Den-		1		
		mark	4 July, 1850	222	-	11
		"	2 Aug., 1850	223		111
		Treaty. Ditto	2 Aug., 1850 8 May, 1852	224	_	11
))))	•••	Great Britain, Bavaria,	J May, 1002	200	_	1 **
,,		France, Greere, and			L	1
		Russia. Greek Suc-	1			
		cession:	20 Nov., 1852	231	_	111

of Name Country, Place, &c.	, Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page
London	Treaty of :-				
	Great Britain, Austria,	•	1	!	,
	France, Prussia, and			1	ļ .
	Russia. Union of	:		ŀ	
	Ionian Islands with Greece	14 Nov., 1863	855	l	1569
,,	Great Britain, Austria, &c.	1 14 1101., 1000	550	-	1000
,,	(8 Powers), Luxem-		 		ļ
	burg	11 May, 1867	405		1801
,,	Great Britain, Austria,	i			
•	France, Prussia,	1	!	i	!
	Russia, and Turkey.		400		3010
Longwy	Black Sea French Fortress. Occu-	13 Mar., 1871	439	_	1919
Longwy	pied by Allied Troops		40	5	347
	pie oyamou zi copi	20 Nov., 1815	42	9	362
,,	Road to Arlon. Given to				
•	Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
	"	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
	19 .	19 April, 1839	184	2	994
•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Lons	Canton. Part ceded by Austria to Prussia	1 7 1010	60	Preamble	475
Loos-Cors-	Settlement of Frontier	1 July, 1819 29 May, 1815	21	10	177
Waren	Settlement of Flontier	20 May, 1010			411
	Relations with Hanover	9 June, 1815	27	32	235
••		, , , , , ,		118, § 6	272
				Annex 6	275
,,	Relations with Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
				118, § 6	272
Loppel	Commune. Belgium and Ne-			Annex 6	275
oopper	therlands. Boundary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	1029
Lorraine, or		30 May, 1814	1	Add.Art1	23
Lothringen	Reunited to Germany		438	_	1913
,,	Boundary. Choice of				
	Nationality, &c.				
	France and Germany		446	_	1954
	**	12 Oct., 1871	447	_	1964
	"	July-Dec.,1871	448 449	_	1966 1968
outremence	To belong to Belgium	11 Dec., 1871 15 Nov., 1831		2	861
		19 April, 1839	183	2	983
		19 April, 1839	184	2	994
i	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Low Countries	See Netherlands.	1			
Lower Fran-	Bavaria and Prussia.				
conia	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	887	-	1717
Lower Gardots	Houses ceded to Neuf-	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Lower Lake	Baden and Switzerland.	- HUV., 1024	166	± rommote	120
	Boundary	31 Oct., 1854	251	1	1220
Lower Lusatia	See Lusatia.	1		_	
Lower Meuse	Old Department. Prussian		}		
	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	230

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
					
Lower Meuse.	Old Department. Nether- lands Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	66	249
Lower Rhine.	Department. Part secured		١.		٠,
•	to France	30 May, 1814 20 Nov., 1815	40	3, § 5 1	5 345
,, .	nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex2A	834
,,	, Part ceded by Austria to Bavaria.	14 April, 1816	53	2	436
	, , , ,	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
" .	France and Germany. Boundary	20 Nov., 1815	40 438	1	344 1913
	Grand Duchy. Name	26 Feb., 1871	300	•	1010
,,	given to Prussian Provinces upon				
	banks of the Rhine.	9 June, 1815	27	25	231
,, .	T !!.	20 July, 1819	95	14	599
,, .		20 July, 1819	95	38	609
» ·	. , Importation of Salt from Kreutznach	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	58 59	22 22	468 473
Lubeck .	Free Town." Representa- tion and Voting at German Federal Diet and General	·			
	Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56	201 244
	"	00000	-	58	246
,, .		1		ŀ	ŀ
	North German Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
,, .	1 " ~	16 April, 1871	444	6	1934
	. Private Claims on France.	25 April, 1818	79	7	545
"	D C C 1 D . L C	20 July, 1819	95	83	605
,, .	. Military Road and Rail-	14 Aug., 1865	870	5	1640
" .	way to Kiel Free Port. North German Constitution	14 June, 1867	407	84	1815
" .	Dantal and Talannanh Con	140 une, 1007			1010
	man Constitution	14 June, 1867	407	51	1820
,, .	. ,, German Constitution		444	51	1944
7	. Comprised within North		1		
	German Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
,,	Comprised within German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1.	1931
Lucca	And Tuscany. Boundaries,	4 Oct., 1847	206	_	1080
	"	9 Dec., 1817	208	-	1084
,,	And Tuscany, &c. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	l _	1045

Name of Country Place &c.	•	Subject,	Date of Trenty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page.
Lucca		Principality erected into a		1		
		Duchy	9 June, 1815	27	101	266
		Possession. Maria Louisa	9 June, 1815	27	101	266
	••	i	10 June, 1817	73	1	526
		I .	20 July, 1819	95	43	612
••		Reversion. Tuscany	9 June, 1815	27	101	267
			10 June, 1817	78	4	526
		i •••	²⁰ July, 1819	96	45	612
••	٠.	Succession	9 June, 1815	27	101	267
		· "	10 June, 1817	73	4	526
••		Abdication of Duke in		!		
		favour of Grand		1	ŀ	ŀ
		Duke of Tuscany	4 Oct., 1847	206	1	1080
,,		Retention of Titles of Duke		Į.	İ	
	ĺ	and Prince	4 Oct., 1847	206	2	1090
••	••	Sovereignty. See Posses-			i	
		sions.			l	
••	••	Reservation of Sweden	9 June, 1815	27	Note to signature of Pleni-	274
					poten-	
		-	•		tiarics	ì
		**	18 June, 1815	29	2	283
39		United to Sardinia	22 Mar., 1860	309	_	1417
,,		Protest of Tuscany	04 34 4000	312	l —	1424
Lucerne]	Swiss Canton	20 Mar., 1815	9	1	65
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	74	254
	1				118, § 11	273
					Annex 11	275
Luckau	••	Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	223
Ludovisi	٠. إ	Buoucompagni, Posses-				Ì
		sions of Prince	9 June, 1815	27	100	266
	••	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	149		839
Ludwigshafe	n	Free Port on Rhine	17 Oct., 1868	412		1851
Lugano	••	Austrian Frontiers	11 July, 1859	298	_	1374
"	••	Ex-Duchy. Italy and Switzerland. Bound-				
	ı	ary	5 Oct., 1861	333	Preamble	
	·• j	Geneva Custom-house	16 Mar., 1816	52	3	425
Lulé-Bourgas	• .	Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
	-	5	ĺ		4Sep.Act.	830
Luneburg	••	Districts. Ceded by Han-	20.35			
	!	over to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	175
•	ļ	••	9 June, 1815	27	29	233
					118, § 6	272
		[99 Stank 101"	97	Annex 6	275
		Part meaning by Wansan	23 Sept., 1815	35	6	316
>)	••	Part retained by Hanover	23 Sept., 1815	35	2, § b	31 4 316
"		Principality. Annexed to	_	i	-	
		Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	393		1760
Luneville		Treaty	9 Feb., 1801	- 1	Appendix	
,,	••	Referred to in Treaties of	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5	6
	- 1					

Name of `Country, Place	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Luneville		Referred to in Treaties of	0 Tuna 1915	27	93	262
Transame	••	Referred to in Tresties of	9 June, 1815	21	100	266
			20 Nov., 1815	45	9	388
		"	30 Jan., 1827	134	Preamble	764
Lunigiana	••	Imperial Fiefs. Sove- reignty of Arcli-	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	101	100000	70.
•		duchess Maria	0.T. 1015		00	005
		Beatrice D'Este	9 June, 1815	27	98	265
**	••	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	-	1045
**	••	Part to be ceded by Tus-	4 0-1 1047	206	10	1082
		cany to Parma Modenese. Tuscan Sove-	4 Oct., 1847	200	10	1002
**	••	reignty	9 Dec., 1847	208	2	1085
Lusatia			0 Dec., 104/	200	"	1000
(Lusace)		Upper and Lower. King of Prussia. Mar-	ļ .	ĺ		
(20 man (2)		grave of	9 June, 1815	27	16	223
		Damamaiatian ba	0 0 uno, 1010	2,	-	
"	••	Austria of Rights				
		over, in favour of			1	
		House of Branden-				
		burg	9 June, 1815	27	18	224
		Upper. King of Sardinia.	0 0 1110, 1010			
"	•	Margrave of	9 June, 1815	27	16	228
,,		" Charitable Insti-	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
"	•	tutions. Prussis.	1	1]	
		and Saxony	28 Aug., 1819	96	22	618
,,		Lower. Claims. Prussia				
"	•	and Saxony	28 Aug., 1819	96	21	618
Lusuolo		Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1052
			1	1	9	1057
Luxemburg	••	City. In Military Point of View. A Fortress of Germanic Con-				
		federation	01 3/ 1016	22		181
			81 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	27	67	251
		"	9 Julie, 1015	21	118, § 10	272
			· .	l	Annex 10	275
		" To cease to be a	ł	1		
" .	•••	fortified city	11 May, 1867	405	8–5	1803
		0	11 1111, 100,	200		1804
,,	•••	Civil Government				
		vested in King of		l		
		the Netherlands	8 Nov., 1816	64	6	490
		,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	6	500
		,	12 Mar., 1817	67	6	507
		" "	17 April, 1817	69	6	514
		,,,	20 July, 1819	95	87	608
37		"Burgher Guard	8 Nov., 1816	64	7	490
,,	-	<i>"</i> –				491
99		Fortress of Germanic Con-		1		
"	-	federation	31 May, 1815	22	8	181
]	••	A A muer 1819	27	67	201
		"	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 10	251 272

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Pag
Luxemburg		Fortress of Germanic Con-				
	••	federation	3 Nov., 1815	38	10	33
,,	••	n redefinition	— 1815	49		4
••	•	,,	8 Nov., 1816	64	4	44
		, ,	16 Nov., 1816	65	4	50
		,,	12 Mar., 1817	67	4	50
		,,	17 April, 1817	69	4	5
		."	20 July, 1819	95	35	60
"	••	" Appointment of		1		ŀ
		Governor, Nether-	01 3/ 1015	- 00		١,,
		lands Right	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	22 27	8 67	18
		"	0 0 tile, 1010		118, § 10	27
					Annex 10	2
99	••	,, Ditto. Nether-	İ			-
••		lands and Prussia.	1			
		Joint Right	3 Nov., 1815	38	10	33
99	••	" Prussian Right	8 Nov., 1816	64	5	48
		"	16 Nov., 1816	65	8	50
		"	12 Mar., 1817	67	5	50
		33	17 April, 1817	69	5	51
		" Appointment of	20 July, 1819	95	36	60
99	••	Military Command-			1	
		ant. Netherlands	1		ŀ	
		Right	31 May, 1815	22	8	18
		,,	19 June, 1815	27	67	25
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	-	118, § 10	27
•					Annex 10	27
"	••	" Prussian Right	8 Nov., 1816	64	5	48
		,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	5	50
		>>	12 Mar., 1817	67	5	50
		,,	17 April, 1817	69	5	51
		" Garrison, &c	20 July, 1819	95	36	60 33
**	•	**	8 Nov., 1815 8 Nov., 1816	38 64	10 4–19	33 48
		"	0 2004., 1010	U-3	7-10	49
		29	16 Nov., 1816	65	5	50
		"	12 Mar., 1817	67	5	50
		,,	17 April, 1817	69	5	51
		~" .~	20 July, 1819	95	35, 36	60
>>	••	" Pay of Troops	20 July, 1819	95	36	60
,,	••	" Sovereignty and				
		Civil Government.			. 1	
	-	Vested in King of the Netherlands	9 Nov. 1916		اما	40
			8 Nov., 1816 16 Nov., 1816	64 65	6	49 50
		"	12 Mar., 1817	67	6	50
		,,,	17 April, 1817	69	6	51
		,,	20 July, 1819	95	87	60
			,,			
		l				
		1				
		1	1			

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject,	Dute of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	•				
Luxemburg	Fortress. Military Govern-				
	ment	8 Nov., 1816	64	6	490
			~-	8	491
	7, "	20 July, 1819	95	87	608
,,	" Repair of Forti-	0 No. 1016	64	13	498
	fications Endowment Fund	8 Nov., 1816 8 Nov., 1816	64	15	494
,,	" Maintanana of	5 NOV., 1010	0.3	10	10.
,,	Fortresses	8 Nov., 1816	64	16	494
	,	12 Mar., 1817	67	7	507
,,	" Military roads to,	,			
••	from Grevemachern	8 Nov., 1816	64	19	49
,,	,, Dissolution of				
	Germanic Confede-	00 T 1 1000	200		1000
	ration	26 July, 1866	383	2	1699
	" Fortifications to	23 Aug., 1866	388	4	1722
"		11 May, 1867	405	3–5	1808
	be demolished	11 may, 1001	200	0-0	1804
	. Evacuation by				
"	Prussian Troops	11 May, 1867	405	4	1804
,,	Grand Duchy. Nether-	,			
•	lands Sovereignty	31 May, 1815	22	3	183
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	67	250
				118, § 10	272
		0 M 101F	00	Annex 10 10	278 331
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3 Nov., 1815 8 Nov., 1816	38 64	4	489
	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	6	500
	,,	12 Mar., 1817	67	6	517
	,,,	17 April, 1817	69	6	514
•	,,	20 July, 1819	95	35	607
,,	" Succession	31 May, 1815	22	8	18
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	67	250
				118, § 10	
		11 36- 1007	405	Annex 10 1	278 1808
	,, Part given to	11 May, 1867	405	•	1000
,,	" Part given to Holland and part to				
	Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
	,,	19 April, 1839	183	2	982
	,,	19 April, 1839	184	2	994
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
,,	,, Accession of	_			
	Germanic Confede-				
	tion to Treaties of	10 4: 1 1000	100		999
	19th April, 1839 Boundaries	19 April, 1839 31 May, 1815	186 22	4	181
"		9 June, 1815	27	25	230
	"	J 0 and, 2010	_ - '	66	248
	1			68	251
	1			118, § 10	272
	1	_		Annex 10	
	,,	26 June, 1816	56	Pream ble	452

2247

7 E 2

Create Part	_	etu, est	Dute of Treaty of other Decement.	No. of Tracky	Are.	he
Lexemburg		RJames	8 Nov., 1916	64	1	46
Designation 6	••	<i>p</i>	16 Nov. 1516	65	î	46
		_	12 Mar. 1517	67	ī	505
		-	17 April 1517	69	ī	512
		=	28 Mar., 1520	99	1, § 5	63
		, Berran and				
		Services to	15 Nov . 1931	153	2	56 1
		n	19 April 1939	193	2	943
		**	19 April 1439	154 165	2	994 998
		•	19 April 1539 5 Nov., 1842	195	Annex	1092
		_ Netherlands and	J 101., 1012	130	•	1092
•	••	Prises	11 Dec., 1868	415		1862
_		Cession by Nassau to	,			
		Nettierlands of part				
		coded by Treaty of		_		
		19 April, 1539	27 June, 1839	187	2	1001
••	••	Representation in Ger-			•	
		manicConfederation	8 June, 1915		1	200
		T	9 June, 1815	. 27	53	243
**	• •	Representation and Voting				
		at German Federal Diet and General		•		
		Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4.6	201
		2-2110.9	9 June, 1815		56	344
		"	00, 10		58	245
••		A State of Germanic Con-		1		
,,		federation	31 May, 1815	22	3	181
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	67	251
				1	118, § 10	
		m : 11 1 1		:	Annex 10	275
**	••	Territories belonging to,	I	1	(
		on Right Bank of Moselle ceded to	1	į.	1 1	
		T)	20 July, 1819	95	12	596
		Title of Grand Duke	31 May, 1815		3	181
**	•	† "	9 June, 1815		67	250
		1	,		118, § 10	
		•		_	Annex 10	
21	•	Peace. Holland and Bel-	ł	1	1	
		gium	21 May, 1833	167	Exp. Art.	923
,,	•	Maintenance of Judg-			i i	
		ments, &c. Nether-				
		lands replaced in	10 4 1 1000	100		000
		possession	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	183	23 23	993 994
		, ,	19 April, 1839		Annex	998
		Neutrality. " European	10 April, 2000	/ 1 - 3 - 3	Amie	200
99	•	Guarantee	11 May, 1867	7 405	2	1803
••		. " Conferences (Lon-	,		1 -	
"	•	" don)	May, 1867	7 406		1806
"		. , France and Prusais			-	1877
**			-			
		1	1		1	
		1	ı	ı		1

	_					
Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
		N				
Luxemburg	••	Neutrality. Alleged Violation by France and		I		
		Luxemburg during	1			1
		Franco-German War	8 Dec., 1870	432	_	1901
"		" Non-intention of			1	1
		Prussia to denounce				l
		Treaty of 11 May,	0.75 1. 1001		35.4.	1000
		See also Bouillon, Duchy	8 Feb., 1871	-	Note	1903
,,	••	of. Germanic Con-				
		federation.				
Lussara		Austria and Sardinia.				
		Boundary	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	1383
		"	10 Nov., 1859	302	1	1394
		**	10 Nov., 1859	303	3	1403
		"	21 Nov., 1859	306	_	1414
Lymers		Enclave. Ceded by Prus-	16 June, 1860	317	_	1440
my mere		sia to the Nether-				
		lands	31 May, 1815	22	2	181
		"	9 June, 1815	27	25	231
		,	,		66	250
	- 1				118, § 10	272
_		T. 37	20.35	00	Annex 10	275
Lys	••	River. Navigation	28 Mar., 1820	. 99	5, 6	624
>>		" France and Netherlands. Boun-				
		dary	28 Mar., 1820	99	1	625
	1		20 2223, 1020		-	-
Machille	-	Genera Custom house	16 Way 1916	52	8	425
Machilly Maciejevo	••	Geneva Custom-house Given to Prussia	16 Mar., 1816 9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Macrinoros		Pass. Continental Boun-	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 10 10		-	
		dary of Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 6	801
	- 1	,,	22 Mar., 1829	142	_	805
**		Defile. Secured to Greece	22 Mar., 1829	142	-	805
"	••	Defile and tower. Within	01 T 1 1000		.	001
W- 4_14	- 1	Greek Limits	21 July, 1832	161	1	904
Madrid		Treaty. France and Por- tugal. Annulled	29 Sept., 1801		Note	25
		" Referred to	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	24
**	``	,,		_	8	
Maestricht		Military Road. Coblentz	8 Nov., 1816	64	19	495
2)		Arrondissement. Limits				
	ı	Dutch Territory in	17.37	,,,		000
		Limburg	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 2	862
		• ,,	19 April, 1839	183 184	4, § 2 4, § 2	984 994
•		· "	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
		Town, with Radius. Sove-	10 April, 1000	100		000
,,		reignty of Nether-			.	
		lands	15 Nov., 1881	158	4, § 2	862
	I	,,	19 April, 1839	183	4, § 2	984
	- 1	,,	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	994
	1	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998

Kazze of Coratty Pass Ar	e. 	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Masstricht	•••	Arrondissement. Belgium				
		and Netherlands. Boundary	8 Aug., 1843	196	4	1031
**	••	Fortress. Free Commu-		1	!	
		nication with And Sittard. Commer-	21 May, 1833	167	4	923
••	• •	cial Communication	15 Nov., 1931	153	11	564
		: ! **	19 April, 1839	183	. 11	955
		n	19 April, 1839	184	11	964
Magdeburg		Circle. Part restored to	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	938
		Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
r	• •	Elbe Tolt House	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
Magta	••	River. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1052
Maine		River. Navigation	Mar., 1815	11	9	1057 91
	• •	"	9 June, 1815	27	117	273
		"	1	-	118, § 11	273
		-	!	; 	Annex 11	276
**	••	" Bridge over	29 June, 1816	57	13	456
**	••	" Territory on Left Bank ceded by	ł	-		l
		Prussia to Hesse-	!	ļ		
		Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
**	• •	" Dues abolished	22 Aug., 1866	387	10	1714
,,		Riverain States. Military	3 Sept., 1866	389	12	1732
,,	• •	Road from	14 April, 1816	53	5	438
	••	" Privileges	31 Mar., 1831	151	11	852
Mainsweiler	٠.,	Commune. Ceded to	00 T 1 1010			
		Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	597 694
Malabar Co	ast	British Possession	18 Aug., 1814	5	20	43
			, 2022		-	
W-11		B 1 (111 B	1	Ì		
Malburg	•:	Enclave. Ceded by Prussia to Netherlands	91 May 1915	22	2	181
		to Netherlands	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	27	25	231
		"	***		66	250
			1	ł	118, § 10	272
Mallendar		Commune. Ceded by	ļ	ľ	Annex 10	275
	••	Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 15	184
		"	9 June, 1815	27	34	228
				ļ	118, § 8	272
Malmedy		Canton Giron to Prosis	0.7 1915	97	Annex 8	275 229
	••	Canton. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815 31 May, 1815	27 22	25 2	181
,,		Netherlands. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	66	250
•		. •			118, § 10	272
Wala-Peda		Montonogrin Danielan	96 Oct 1900	400	Annex 10	275 1799
Malo-Brdo Malpasso	• • •	Montenegrin Boundary Mountain. Italian Boun-	20 Oct., 1866	400	_	1788
	••		28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1058
		Į.	1	1		
		6020				

Name of Country, Place &c.	е,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	_	Distil Committee	90 W 1914	1		g
Malta Mandern	••	British Sovereignty	30 May, 1814 23 Oct., 1829	148	7	838
Manerba	••	Austria and Sardinia.	20 000., 1020	110		000
	••	Boundary	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	1383
		,,	10 Nov., 1859	302	1	1398
		"	10 Nov., 1859	303	8	1408
			16 June, 1860	317	_	1439
Mannestraat	ŧ.,	Locality near. Ceded to	F 37 3040	105		1000
		Netherlands	5 Nov., 1842	195	2	1029
Mannheim	••	Free Port. Navigation of the Rhine	01 Man 1001	151	10	851
		tue Knine	31 Mar., 1831 17 Oct., 1868	412	10	1851
		Free Port. "Navigation of	17 000., 1000	***		1001
"	• •	the Neckar	1 July, 1842	194	1-7	1027
Mannsbach		Knightly Jurisdiction.			•	
	• •	Ceded to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	40	237
**		" Ceded by Prus-				
		sia to Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	1	322
,,	••	"_ Secured to			•	
		Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	87	6	324
Mance	• •	Island. Denmark and	90 Oct 1964	367	5	1638
Managald.		Schleswig. Boundary County. Part restored to	30 Oct., 1864	307	J	1000
Mansfield	••	County. Part restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
		Debts	28 Aug., 1819	96	12	617
Mantua	•••	Duchy. Austrian Sove-		'		•
		reignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	263
,,		Fortress retained by Aus-				
		tria	11 July, 1859	298		1374
		"	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	1382
		D.19	10 Nov., 1859	302	1	1393
**	••	" Delivered over to				ľ
		the Municipality by France	11 Oct., 1866		Note	1759
Maps		Bessarabian Frontier	6 Jan., 1857	277		1300
	••	,,	11 April, 1857	280	_	1314
		"	19 June, 1857	282		1320
						1322
"		Cracow	9 June, 1815	27		218
"	••	Delta of the Danube	6 Jan., 1857	277		1300
23	••	Europe in 1815		27	_	274 1976
"	••	Europe in 1875	90 May 1814	1 1	_	28
"	• •	France and Belgium	30 May, 1814 20 Nov., 1815	40		350
		France and Germany	30 May, 1814	ĩ		28
,,	••	•	20 Nov., 1815	40	= = = = } = }	350
		"	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	840
		"	26 Feb., 1871	438	= }	1962
))	10 May, 1871	446	<u> </u>	-00.
))		France and Italy	30 May, 1814	1 1		20
		"	20 Nov., 1815	40		850
		" Nice	24 Mar., 1860	313 329	}	1464
	- 1		7 Mar., 1861			

Name of Country, Pla &c.	nce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Maps	•••	France and Monaco	7 Nov., 1817	76)	1464
_			2 Feb., 1861	828	— }	1903
3 3	••	France and Spain	2 Dec., 1856	275	-]	1
		**	14 April, 1862	836	-	1295
		. **	26 May, 1866	378		
		France and Switzerland	11 July, 1868 30 May, 1814	411		28
?>	••	Trance and Switzerming	20 Nov., 1815	40	_	350
.,		Greece and Turkey	21 July, 1832	161	_	908
"	• • •	Holland and Belgium	19 April, 1839	183	_	998
,,		Holstein	30 Uct., 1864	367	— 1	1632
••		,,	14 Aug., 1865	370	- }	1052
**	• •	Limburg	19 April, 1839	183	— ì	998
				185		500
**	• •	Lombardo-Venetia	10 Nov., 1859	301—	(-)	
			00 4 3000	303	- (1412
		**	28 Aug., 1866	388	- (
		Luxemburg	3 Oct., 1866	392 183—	— <u>{</u>	1
**	••	Dulemburg	19 April, 1839	185	<u> </u>	998
,,		Modena, Lucca, Tuscany,		100	,	i
,,	•••	&c	28 Nov., 1844	200	— 1	ł
		••	4 Oct., 1847	206		1060
		,,	9 Dec., 1847	208	_ J	
,,	••	Monaco. See France and Monaco.				
**	••	Montenegro	8 Nov., 1858	288]		1354
		D 1 100"	26 Oct., 1866	400 }		i
,,	••	Poland (Warsaw)	9 June, 1815	27	_	218
"	• •	Russia and Turkey in Asia	5 Dec., 1857	283 313		1323 1430
,,	••	0.11	24 Mar., 1860 30 Oct., 1864	367	= = } = }	1
70	••	Schleswig	14 Aug., 1865	870	}	1632
,,		Tyrol and Vorarlberg	3 June, 1814	2	<u> </u>	1
,,	•		14 April, 1816	58	_ \	442
		,,	30 Jan., 1844	197	_ [
**	• •	Vallée des Dappes	8 Dec., 1862	339	´	1526
,,	• •	Venice. See Lombardy.		l		1
••	• •	Wallachian Flag	19 Aug., 1858	286	_	1345
"	••	See also List at back of Contents.				
Marches	••	The. (Ancona, Ascoli, Macerata, Pesaro, and Urbino.) Re-	 			
,,		stored to Holy Sec ,, Protest of Pope against Annexation	9 June, 1815	27	103	267
		to Sardinia	24 Mar., 1860	811		1422
,,	• •	" Annexed to Sar-		ľ		1
	_	dinia	17 Dec., 1860	327		1461
Maria-B uo	hen	Commune. Ceded by			_	
		Baden to Austria	10 July, 1819 27 Oct., 1819	93 97	- 1	585 621
		i	I			ı

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	P5ge
Caria-Buchen	Commune. Ceded by Aus-				
	tria to Bavaria	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	62
faria-Louisa	(Arch Duchess), Empress.				
	Sovereignty over	•			
	Parma, Placentia,	_		i	
	and Guastalla	9 June, 1815	27	99	26
	"	10 June, 1817	73	3	52
	T a" . a a .	20 July, 1819	95	48	61
,,	,, Infanta of Spain. Reversion to ditto.				
	See Parma, &c.				
	0				
,,	Lucca	9 June, 1815	27	101, 102	20
		10 June, 1817	73	6	5
	1 "	20 July, 1819	95	44, 45	6
[arie - aux -	Commune. France and Ger-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1
Chênes	many. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	.1	19
Carienburg	Fortress and Territory.				
	Given to the Ne-	,	1		İ
	therlands	3 Nov., 1815	38	1.	3
	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	3
	,,	1815	49	l —	4
	,,	8 Nov., 1816	64	1	4
	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	4
	,,	12 Mar., 1817	67	1	5
	,,	17 April, 1817	69	1	5
	Fortress Demolished	20 July, 1819 14 Dec., 1831	95 156	34 1, 2, 3	8
farino.	See San Marino.	13 Dec., 1.001	190	1, 2, 3	٥
Caritime Law	Privateering. Neutral		İ	1	ŀ
	Flag. Neutral		1		i
	Goods. Blockades.			i	ł
	Paris Conferences.		Ī	ļ	i
	No. 22	8 April, 1856	268		12
	" No. 28		268	l —	12
	" No. 24		268	_	12
,,	Declaration of Paris	16 April, 1856	271	l —	12
,,	Accessions	1856-1858	271		12
<u> Caritime</u> War-	, 	}		l	
fare	33 & 34 Vict., cap. 90			Note	6
	, and the second	8 May, 1871	445	_	18
Kark		0 T 1015	-	000	١,
Kark-Ranstäd	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	2
	77 1 70 1	9 June, 1815 30 May, 1814	27	15	2
	10 1, 11 701, 37	30 may, 1014	1	8, § 8	1
arne	gation	10 May, 1871	446	5	19
	Bariron	11 Dec., 1871	449	14	18
Marpingen	Commune. Ceded to Saxe				-
	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	E
			"	28	1
Marquards teir	Department. Austria and		}		1
=	Bavaria. Boundary		81	1	
	1	1	1	1	1

Name of Coun'ry, Pince,	•	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Martelange		Given to Luxemburg	15 Nov., 1831 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	153 183 184	2 2 2	860 988 994
Marth	•••	Township. Excepted from Austrian cessions to	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
) 1		Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
••	••	to Bavaria Excepted from cessions to		95	2	593
Marthod Martinique	•••	Saxe-Coburg French Boundary Restored to France	20 July, 1819 30 May, 1814 30 May, 1814	95 1 1	24 3, § 8 8—11, 14	604 7 9
_	•	Time for Restoration to	20 Nov., 1815	46	16	409
Massa	••	Duchy. Sovereignty of Archduchess Maria Beatrice D'Este	9 June, 1815	27	98	265
**	••	Austrian Rights of Suc- cession and Rever-	_	o te	00	oer
**	••	And Sardinis. Limits	9 June, 1815 20 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	27 19 27	98 1 85	265 157 260
,,	•••	United to Sardinia Protest of Pope	18 Mar., 1860 24 Mar., 1860	308 311	_	1416 1428
	••	District. Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
Matchin Maubeuge	••	Restored to Turkey French Fortress. Occu- pied by Allied	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
		Troops	20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	40 42	5 9	347 362
Mauritius	••	See Ionian Islands. Ceded to Great Britain Private Claims on France	30 May, 1814 25 April, 1818	1 79	8 7	9 545
Maxau Mayence (Ments)	••	Free Port on Rhine City and Territory (except Fortress). To be	17 Oct., 1868	412	-	1851
, ,		ceded to Bavaria , Ccded to Hesse-	3 June, 1814	2	6	32
"		" Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	8, § 2	462 462
		" he salal to	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 95	8, § 2 20, § 2	47 3 601
	••	" To be ceded to Hesse-Darmstadt City. Sovereignty of	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	33 5
"	•	Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Nov., 1815 30 June, 1816	38 58	10 13 13	331 463 473
"	••	" Civil and Military Government	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	59 58	10	462
		•			13	463

Name of Country, Place, &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Layence	City.	Civil and Military				
(Mentz)	1	Government	30 June, 1816	59	10-11	473
			90 Tul- 1010	0"	13	200
		Conscription	20 July, 1819 30 June, 1816	95 58	22 13	601 464
,,	,,	Conscription	30 June, 1816	59	13	478
,,	١,,	Burgher Guard		58	13	463
,,	"		30 June, 1816	59	13	478
	İ	"	20 July, 1819	95	22	601
,,	,,	To be charged	• *			
	1	with quartering the				
	1	Soldiers	30 June, 1816	58	12	46
	ŀ	_ "	30 June, 1816	59	12	473
,, ••	"	Powers of Mili-				
	ĺ	tary Governor	30 June, 1816	58	13	46
		"	30 June, 1816	59	13	473
	10	"C	20 July, 1819	95	22	603
» . ••	Fortr	ess. Garrison by Austria and Prussia		2		0.
	l	Austria and Frussi	3 June, 1814 3 Nov., 1815	38	3 10	3
	ļ	" By Austria,		"	10	33
,,	. "	Prussia, and Hesse-				
		Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	11	46
		"	30 June, 1816	59	11	47
		,,	20 July, 1819	95	15	599
,,	,,	Barracks	90 T 1010	58	12	46
		,,	30 June, 1816	59	12	473
,, ••	,,	French Pecuniar				
	ĺ	Indemnity	20 July, 1819	95	38	60
,,	,,	A Fortress of	i			
		Germanic Confede-	9 N 1015		10	
		ration		38 58	10	33
•		,,	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	59	8, § 2	46
		"	20 July, 1819	95	8, § 2 20, § 2	60
,,		War Material	100 T 1010	58	20, 32	46
,,	"	,,	30 June, 1816	59	9	47
		"	6 July, 1869	420		187
,,	,,	Powers of Governor		58	13	46
		,,	30 June, 1816	59	13	473
,,	,,	Appointment of				
		Governor. Aus-	į.			
		trian and Prussian	20.7.1. 2020	ایدا		
		Right	20 July, 1819	95	16	599
,, ••	,,	Dependencies		58	10	463
	1	Examplian from	30 June, 1816	59	10	478
,,	,,	Exemption from Duties, &c	30 June, 1816	58	14	464
			30 June, 1816	59	14	478
,,		Surrender of		"	7.3	j -''
,,	"	Fortress by Bavaria				1
		to Prussia	100 1 2000	387	§ 9	1719
	I		1			

Name of Country, Place &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Kayence	Fortress. Possession. Righ		-		
(Ments)	te Garrison	3 Sept., 1866	389	§ 8	1789
,,	Military Roads to. By		٠		
	Coblentz and Binger		95	23	602
"	Religion	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	58 59	14 14	464 478
	Revenues, &c	20 July, 1819	95	21	601
31	Free Port. Navigation of	20 0 41,7, 1010			"
"	the Rhine		151	10 Annex § 2	851 854
		17 Oct., 1868	412		1851
**	. Bavarian Telegraph Sta-				
•	tiou		387	11	1714
,,	Prussian ditto		389	11	1732
Mecklenburg	Title of Grand Duke	9 June, 1815	27	35	236
Schwerin "	Representation and Voting at German Federal			:	
	Diet and General		26	A R	201
	Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	27	4, 6 56, § 14 58	244 245
>	,, At Council of				
	North German Con-		40=		
	federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
33	, At Council of German Empire .	100 4 17 10001	444	6	1933
	Private Claims on France		79	7	545
99 99	Comprised within North		1		
,,	German Confedera		١, ١		ł
	tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
,,	. Comprised within German	101 1100			
	Empire		444 27	1 35	1931 236
E ecklenburg Strelitz	Title of Grand Duke .	9 June, 1815	21	30	200
	. And Prussia. Territorial	18 Sept., 1816	61		478
79	,,	21 May, 1819	92		582
"	Cessions to. Vienna Congress Treaty	9 June, 1815	27	49 50	241 242
	, to, by Prussia .	. 18 Sept., 1816	61	1	479
,,	ha de Danseis		92	1, 2	582
"	Private Claims on France		79	7	545
"	at German Federa				
	Diet and General	0 T 1012	26	4, 6	201
	Assembly	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 14 58	244 245
"	, At Council of North German Con-		407	6	1811
	federation		****		TOAL
"		16 April, 1871		6	1938

Name of Country, Place	×6,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Mecklenbur Strelits	g-	Comprised within North German Confedera-				
SHAIR		tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
**	••	Comprised within German			_	
		Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	1931
Medart.	••	Village. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
Mediation	••	Great Britain. Bounda-				
		ries, France and Portugal, in Guiana	90 May 1014	1	10	10
		Great Britain. Union.	30 May, 1814	•	10	10
"	••	Holland and Bel-				l
		gium	14 June, 1814	4	Annex 8	41
,,		Austria. Territorial Ar-				
		rangements. Prussia				İ
		and Saxony	18 May, 1815	16	15	141
"	•••	Great Britain and Russia.	44			l
		Greece	4April, 1826	129	_	741
,,	• •	Great Britain, France, and Russia. Offer of				1
		Mediation between				
		Turkey and Greece	6 July, 1827	136	1	769
			12 Dec., 1828		Preamble	
,,		Great Britain. Differences.				""
		Denmark and Prus-				
		sia	2 Aug., 1850	224	_	1137
"	• •	Protocol. Reference of				
		International Dis- putes to Mediation				
		of a 3rd Power be-				
		fore War (Paris)	30 Mar., 1856	264	8	1255
		•••••	14 April, 1856	269		1277
,,		Accessions to Paris Pro-				
		tocol	1856—1858	271	_	1284
,,	••	Appeal to Paris Protocol				
		of 1856	23 Nov., 1863	856	-	1583
		Proposed. Dano-German	2 May, 1866	877	_	1657
,,	•••	Proposed. Dano-German War	22 June, 1864	362		1612
Mediatised		Princes and Counts of	22 0 une, 1003	002		1012
	- 1	Germany	8 June, 1815	26	14	202
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
					43	238
		,,	30 June, 1816	58	7	461
		"	30 June, 1816	59 104	7 63	478
Meerhols		Bailiwick. "Ceded by	15 May, 1820	109	00	655
	•••	Hesse-Darmstadt to				
		Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	455
		,,	30 June, 1816	58	4	460
	-	"	30 June, 1816	59	4	478
	- 1	,,	20 July, 1819	95	25	603
	- 1				· •	
	į	. 1		1	l	

Name of Country, Place &c.	e, 	Bubject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Mehemet Al	١	Arrangements respecting,				
		&c	15 July, 1840 July-Sept., 1840	190 192	1	1010 1021
Meillerie Motoro	••	See also Egypt. Geneva Custom-house	16 Mar., 1816	52	8	425
Keinerssen Keisenheim	••	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundary Town and Territory.	21 June, 1824	120	29	711
,,	••	Given to Prussia Canton. Given to Hesse-	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
		Homburg	20 July, 1819 20 July, 1819	95 95	13 29	598 605
**	••	District. Ceded to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1739 1736
,, Keissen	••	" United to Pruseia Procuration Fund	24 Dec., 1866 28 Aug., 1819	403 96	§ 4 24	1798 618
Keissner		Circle. Austria and Saxony. Limits	5 Mar., 1848	209	Sep. Act	
Meiz-Baillot		Road to Rabelin. France	ŀ		§§ 6 3—7 3	1067
Meix Musy		Limits France and Neufchatel.	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Meix Seigno		Limits France and Neufchatel.	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Melenberg		Limits Hanover and Netherlands.	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Kelnick	••	Boundary To Hamburg. Duty on	2 July, 1824	121	20—23	716
7 .1		Passage. Navigation of the Elbe	23 June, 1821	110	9	675
Melpers	••	Village. Without Prussian Limits, Ceded by Austria	9 June, 1815	27	40	238
"	•••	to Bavaria	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2 2	437 592
Melters	••	Village. Retained by	14 April, 1816	53	2	437
Kendimocha		Summit. France and	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
M endri s io	•••	Spain. Boundary. Ex-Bailtwick. Italy and Switzerland. Boun-	2 Dec., 1856	275	7	1294
Menidi		dary Greek Limits	5 Oct., 1861 21 July, 1832	333 161	Preamble 1	1482 904
Menim	••	Fortress. Demolished	14 Dec., 1831	156	1, 2, 3	882 883
Kensfelden	••	Retroceded to Orange-Nas- sau	14 July, 1814	_	Appendix	
Mentone	••	Sovereignty of Prince of Monaco	7 Nov., 1817	76	6	534
,,		Sardinian Protection Annexed to Sardinia	7 Nov., 1817 18 Sept., 1848	76 210	10	536 1089

ommune. Belgium and Netherlands Restored to Turkey Payment for Post Horses French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops District. France and Germany. Boundary River. Navigation "" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	8 Aug., 1843 14 Sept., 1829 20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815 26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843 30 May, 1814	145 42 42 438 11 27 167 183 184 185	5 2 Annex 4 4 1 1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	
Netherlands Restored to Turkey Payment for Post Horses French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops District. France and Germany. Boundary. River. Navigation " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	14 Sept., 1829 20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815 26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	145 42 42 438 11 27 167 183 184 185 196	2 Annex 4 1 1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	81: 360 360 1913 91 922 273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030 1031
Restored to Turkey Payment for Post Horses French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops District. France and Ger- many. Boundary River. Navigation " " " " " " " " " " " " "	14 Sept., 1829 20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815 26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	145 42 42 438 11 27 167 183 184 185 196	2 Annex 4 1 1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	81: 360 360 1913 91 922 273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030 1031
Payment for Post Horses French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops District. France and Ger- many. Boundary River. Navigation " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815 26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	42 42 438 11 27 167 183 184 185 196	Annex 4 1 1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	360 1913 91 92 2772 2776 922 986 988 994 998 1030 1031
French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops District. France and Germany. Boundary River. Navigation "" "" "Fisheries "Territory on Right Bank	20 Nov., 1815 26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	42 438 11 27 167 183 184 185 195	1 1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	360 1913 91 92 272 273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030 1031
by Allied Troops District. Frame and Germany. Boundary River. Navigation " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	138 11 27 167 183 184 185 196	1 1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	1913 91 92 272 273 276 922 986 983 994 1030 1031
District. France and Germany. Boundary. River. Navigation "" "Fisheries "Territory on Right Bank	26 Feb., 1871 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	138 11 27 167 183 184 185 196	1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	1913 91 92 272 273 276 922 986 983 994 1030 1031
many. Boundary River. Navigation ,, ,, ,, Fisheries ,, Territory on Right Bank	Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	11 27 167 183 184 185 196	1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	91 92 272 273 276 922 966 988 994 998 1030
Navigation "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	27 167 183 184 185 195 196	1, 4 5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	91 92 272 273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	9 June, 1815 21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	27 167 183 184 185 195 196	5, 6 117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	92 272 273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030
"Fisheries "Territory on Right Bank	21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	167 183 184 185 196	117 118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	272 273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030
"Fisheries "Territory on Right Bank	21 May, 1833 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	167 183 184 185 196	118, § 16 Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	273 276 922 986 988 994 998 1030
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	183 184 185 195 196	Annex 16 4 9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	276 922 966 988 994 998 1030
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	183 184 185 195 196	9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	922 986 988 994 998 1030 1031
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	183 184 185 195 196	9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	986 988 994 998 1030 1031
" " Fisheries " Territory on Right Bank	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	184 185 195 196	9 Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	988 994 998 1030 1031
" Fisheries " Territory on Right Bank	19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	185 195 196	Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	994 998 1030 1031
" Fisheries " Territory on Right Bank	19 April, 1839 5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	185 195 196	Annex 50—55 12 Sep. Art.	998 10 30 10 31
" Territory on Right Bank	5 Nov., 1842 8 Aug., 1843	195 196	50—55 12 Sep. Art.	10 30 10 31
" Territory on Right Bank	8 Aug., 1843	196	12 Sep. Art.	1031
" Territory on Right Bank			Sep. Art.	
Bank	30 May, 1814	1		19
" " Cessions to		1	3	
			}	
Holland	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 1	861
**	19 April, 1839	183	4, § 1	984
**	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 1	994
**	19 April, 1839		Annex	998
" Territory on Left Bank:—				
" " Cessions to			1 1	
Holland	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 2 4, § 2	862
9;	19 April, 1839		4, § 2	984
**	19 April, 1839		4, § 2	994
,,	19 April, 1839		Annex	998
	3 Aug., 1843	196	15	1031
" Netherlands and	l .			
Prussia. Boun-		1 .	1 1	
dary	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	19
		l	3	
29	9 June, 1815	27	25	230
		I	66	249
,,	26 June, 1816	56	Preamble	452
_ "	11 Dec., 1868	415	-	1862
			١ ا	
lands. Boundary	28 Mar., 1820	96	1	625
	8 Aug., 1843	196	114	1031
lands. Boundary				
lands. Boundary ower Department. See Lower Meuse.		1	; 1	
lands. Boundary Lower Department. See Lower Meuse. Commune. Ceded to			t . I	
lands. Boundary ower Department. See Lower Meuse. commune. Ceded to Switzerland for Can-		1		345
	" France and Nether- lands. Boundary " Belgium and Nether- lands. Boundary ower Department. See Lower Meuse.	", France and Netherlands. Boundary, Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary ower Department. See Lower Meuse. ommune. Ceded to	", France and Nether- lands. Boundary ", Belgium and Nether- lands. Boundary ower Department. See Lower Meuse. ommune. Ceded to	", France and Netherlands. Boundary Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary Bound

Name of Country, Place &c.	е,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Meyrin		Commune. United to				
,,		Geneva Road. Passage of Troops,	20 July, 1819	95	40	610
		&c	20 Mar., 1815	9	5	6
			9 June, 1815	27	79	25
					118, § 11 Annex 11	272 273
"	•••	,, Transit Duties See also Versoy Road.	16 Mar., 1816	52	5	420
Mezières	••	French Fortress occupied				
		by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	31
Middleburg		Commune. Part given to	20 Nov., 1815	42	9	36
	••	Commune. Part given to Belgium and part				
		to the Netherlands.	8 Aug., 1843	196	24, 25	108
Midiah	••	Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	4	83
36 43					Sep. Act (2)	
Milan	••	Duchy. Austrian Sove-	0 Tune 1915	27	93	90
,,		reignty Peace of Austria and	9 June, 1815	27	93	26
•		Sardinia	6 Aug., 1849	215		110
,,	••	See also Mont Napoleon.	,,,			}
"	•••	Italy and Switzerland.	F O-4 1001	000	D	7.40
Military	••	Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	333	Preamble	148
	•	War with Russia	12 Mar., 1854	237	_	118
,,	••	Forces. See Army.				
**	••	Roads. In Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	5	43
**	••	" In Prussia and Hanover		21	6	17
		manover	29 Aug., 1815 9 June, 1815	27	31	23
		,,	0 0 1110, 1010		118, § 6	27
					Annex 6	27
"	••	" In Prussia and Saxe-Weimar	99 Cant 1915	34		914
,,		,, In Baden	22 Sept., 1815 20 July, 1819	95	9	310 59
ย		" In Hesse-Darm-		"	•	, "
		stadt	30 June, 1816	58	24	46
		"	30 June, 1816	59	24	473
		" Netherlands and	20 July, 1819	95	23	60:
"	••	Prussia	8 Nov., 1816	64	19	19
"	••	" In Oldenburg. To				
		Bay of Jahde	20 July, 1853	233	22	1168
"	••	" In Holstein. Prus-	14 Ang 1965	370	4	164
**		See also Cablanda	14 Aug., 1865	3/0	4	10-14
"	••	by Bingen. Erfurt				1
	Ì	to Coblentz. Geissen				l
		to Ehrenbreitstein.				1
		Versoy Road.			l	

Name o. Country, Place	e,	Sabject.	Date of Trusty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Are.	Page.
Military		; Stores, See Arms, &c.				I
**		System. German Con-				
Miltenberg		federation Bailiwick. Bavarian In-	15 May, 1830	104	51	653
		demnity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2, B	334
		ĺ		!	Annex 3, B	335
		, To be obtained by	!	į	э, Б	333
,,	••	Austria from Hesse-		!		
		Darmstadt for Bavaria	114111016	53	3	437
71	••	., Ceded by Hesse-	, 11 April, 1816	93		4-5/
		Darmstadt to Ba-	20 Time 1910	58	3	459
		Yatia	30 June, 1816	1 00	19	466
		,,	30 June, 1816	59	3, 19	473
		••	20 July, 1819	93	4	593
,,	••	" Debts and Pen-				
		sions	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	58 59	19 ' 19	466 473
Mincle	•••	River. Austria and Sar-	, 30 9 time, 1010		13	7/3
	•	dinia. Boundary	11 July, 1859	298	_	1374
••	••	"	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	1383
,,	•••	"	10 Nov., 1859	302	1	1394
17		"	10 Nov., 1859	-303	3 19, 20	1498 1410
••		,,	21 Nov., 1859	306		1414
**		"	16 June, 1860	317		1439
	ĺ					1443
Minden	••]	Principality. Restored to	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
**		Military Road to Halber-) Julie, 1010	~,		~~.
•		stadt	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
	- 1	,,	9 June, 1815	27	31	234
	1				118, § 6	272 275
**		" To the Old March	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
,,		,,	9 June, 1815	27	31	234
					118, § 6	272
	- 1	Variantian of the Wesen	10 Samt 1999	119	Annex 6	275
**	•••	Navigation of the Weser	10 Sept., 1823	110	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	710
Mingrelia.		Russia and Turkey. Asiatic				,
-		Frontier	14 Sept., 1829	145	4	816
Ministers	••	Resident. Precedence	21 Nov., 1818	89	- 1	5 75
Minucciano		District. Contingent Cession by Tuscany to			l	
	ļ	Modena	9 June, 1815	27	102, § 2	267
1 39		Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1056
n ,		" Sovereignty of				
	İ	Archduke Francis d'Este	9 June, 1815	27	98	265
	ļ	d'Este	9 amin' 1010		<i>6</i> 0	200
	1	,			ı	

Name of Country, Place &c.	æ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
L irandola	•	Duchy. Austrian Rights of Reversion and Succession	9 June, 1815	27	98	265
Eittelgründ	lau	District. Part ceded by Prussia to Hesse-				
		Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15, § 9	1734
L odelwitz		Ceded to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Lodena	• •	Duchy. Sovereignty of				
		Archduke Francis	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	•	d'Este	9 June, 1815	27	98	26
"	••	" Austrian Rights		·		
		of Reversion and	9 June, 1815	27	00	26
		Succession Contingent Cos-	9 June, 1019	21	98	2/0
"	••	sion of certain Tus-	İ		ŀ	
		can and Lucea Dis-				
		trict to	9 June, 1815	27	102	26
,,		And Tuscany, &c. Italian				
		Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	l –	104
"	• •	" Cessions to, of Fi-			ļ	
		vizzano, &c	4 Oct., 1847	206	9	108
,,	• •	States. Austrian Frontier	0.7 1017			-
		as in 1792	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 3	26
"	••	Restoration of Duke	11 July, 1859	298	_	137
"	••	Reservation of Rights of	10 Nov., 1859	301	19	188
,,		United to Sardinia	18 Mar., 1860	308	10	141
"	••	Protest of Duke	22 Mar., 1860	310		141
22	• •	Protest of Pope	1 0 4 3 5 1 5 0 0 0 0	311	_	142
22		Navigation of the Po. See	1	İ		i
		Po River.		l		
Loge ltond	ern	Ceded by Denmark to				
		Austria and Prussia		367	4	163
Koldavia	• •	Principality. Boundary	41 Sept., 1829	145	11	82
				1	Sep. Act	82
			- 1834	174	(1)	95
**		"Boyards	7 Oct., 1826	131	i	755-
"	••	,, 20,			1 -	75
		***	1 May, 1849	211	2	109
"	• •	" Beschlis and Agas.			l	ŀ
		Appointment of		131	Annex 1	78
22	• •	" Bessarabia. Russian				١
		Cessions	30 Mar., 1856	264	21	126
"	• •	" Commerce	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	75
		»	14 Sept., 1829	145	Son Act	81
		"		l	Sep. Act	82
			- 1834	174	6	95
		,,	30 Mar., 1856	264	23	126
		" Constitution recog-				(
		nised by Turkey	29 Jan., 1834	170	2	98
				1	1	1

Name of Country, Pla drc.	LCT, '	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Ducument.	No. of Treaty.	AFL.	Page.
Moldavia	••	Principality. Contiguous	!		!	
	i	Islands to form part	1	1		i
		of Territory		174	3	951
99	••	" Do. To belong to Turkey		277	i —	129
		" Conferences. Vienna,	İ		i	
"	••	1st Point No. 1	15 Mar. , 1855	258	i —	1233
	i	" No. 2	17 Mar., 1855	258	i —	123
		" No. 3	19 Ma r., 1855	258	<u>'</u> —	1233
	,	" <u>N</u> o. 6	27 Mar., 1855	258	l —	1233
		,, Conferences. Paris,		i	Į.	
37	• • •	No. 1	25 Feb., 1856	268	l —	1274
		" No. 2	28 Feb., 1856		! 	1274
		" No. 6	8 Mar., 1856	268	_	1275
		" No. 7	10 Mar., 1856	268		1275
	- 1		12 Mar., 1856		<u> </u>	1275
			14 Mar., 1856	268	_	1275
]	" No. 14	25 Mar., 1856		l —	1275
	- 1	" No. 21			—	1276
	- 1	" No. 22			l —	1276
	- 1	" Nos. 1—19	May—Aug.,	285	! —	1327
		Paris.		1	1	l
		" Nos. 1—10	March—June, 1866	1 375 	_	1650
"	••	" Danube. Free Navi-	1 4 (1 + 1000)			
		gation	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep. Act	
			1 1004	184	(1)	827
		Flor	— 1834		7	953
22	•••	"Flag	29 Jan., 1834		2	939
		" Guarantee. Privi-	19 Aug., 1858	286	_	1845
"	•••	leges, &c	90 16 1050	004	00 0-	
		<u> </u>	30 Mar., 1856	264	22, 25	1260
		"	19 Aug., 1858	286	2	1332
		"	6 Sept., 1859	300	-	1377
		"	6 Dec., 1861	334	-	1498
		"Guarantee against In-	20 June, 1864	363	-	1613
22	••	cursions	1004	184	•	051
		"Government	— 1834 14 S — 1999	174	3	951
"	••	", Government	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	817
			6 D. 1001	004	Sep. Act	826
		" Hospodars. Election,	6 Dec., 1861	334	4	1580
"	•••	&c	90 16 1010	1		
		w	28 May, 1812	101	Appendix	
		,	7 Oct., 1826	131	3	749
	- 1		110-4 1000	3.45	Annex 1	753
		"	11 Sept., 1829	145	Sep. Act	004
			100 Tan 1004	1 180	(1)	824
		**	29 Jan., 1834	170	2	938
		,,	- 1834	174	1	951
••		" Col. Couza	1 May, 1849	211	1	1091
**	••	" " Col. Couza	Apr., Sept.,	299		1376
	ŀ		1859 6 Dec 1961	004	i 1	1 /00
		" Prince Charles of	6 Dec., 1861	334	_	1498
"			1	!		
	1	Hohenzollern -	23 Oct., 1866	899	i I	1783

Name of Country, Pin &c.	ier,		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
		TD-'-		·			
Moldavia	••	Frin	cipality. Internal Ad- ministration	7 Oct., 1826	131	Anner 1	757
			b)	— 1834 ·	174	2	951
			»	14 June, 1854	249	8	1214
			_ 22	30 Mar., 1856	274	22, 23	1260
21	••	99	Laws.,	30 Mar., 1856	864	28	1260
71	••	**	Militia	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep. Act	82
			19	29 Jan., 1834	170	2	93
						5	95
				30 Mar., 1856	264	26	126
2.0	••	79	Mussulman Subjects				
			not to establish themselves in	- 1884	174	4	95
			Non-Interference in	100%	110	7	90
,,	••	33	Internal Afairs	30 Mar., 1856	264	22	126
93	••	23	Non-Intervention by	1		,	
				30 Mar., 1856	264	27	1200
33	••	27	Organisation	30 Mar., 1856	264	24	126
			21	May—Aug., 1856	283		132
			54 97	19 Aug., 1858	286		132
			dr.	Apr , Sept.,			
				1839	299	_	137
23	••	22	Organic Statute of				
			1831 modified	1 May, 1849 30 Mar, 1856	211 264	2, 3 23	109
	1		Occupation by Rus-	30 MAP, 1600	20/1	20	N MOV
2)		29	sian Troops	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep. Act	
					'	(1)	88
,,,	••	23	Occupation by Rus-		!		
	- 1		sian and Ottoman	1 36 1940			300
			Occupation by Aus-	1 May, 1849	211	4, 5	109
32	••	32	trian Troops	14 June, 1854	249	l	121
				,		1, 5	121
				2 Dec., 1854	252	2	122
2>	•••	13	Evacuation by Aus-	0 T 10FF	Office		
	J		trian Troops	6 Jan., 1857	277	Annondia	129
79	- *	32	Privileges	28 May, 1812 7 Oct., 1826	131	Appendix 8	74
29		59	**	. 00, 20		Annex 1	75
**		-	2)	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	81
*-	- 1			_		Sep. Act	
						1 1	824-
				1 May, 1849	211	_	828 1096
»	- ::	J9	37	30 Mar., 1856	264	21, 22	153
3) bi	- ::	12	,,	May-Aug,		,	
h		.,	39	1856	285		1827
23		19		19 Aug., 1858	286	_ _	1329
23	••	30	Religion	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	817
			Restored to Turkey	30 Mar., 1856 14 Sept., 1829	264 145	23	1260 816
22	•••	17	Trespored to Turkey	1400 hr., 1045	T.80,	Sep. Act	MY

Name of Country, Pla- &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Moldavia	••	Principality. Restored to	: 29 Jan., 1834	170	2	938
27	• •	" Russia. Cessation of		•	_	
		Protectorate	8 Aug., 1854	250	§ 1	1216
		g	28 Dec., 1854	253	§ 1	1225
*	••	"Suzerainty of the	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	817
			11 June, 1854	249	4	1214
		"	30 Mar., 1856		22	1260
		,,	May-Aug.,	i		1
		"	1858	285	-	1327
		,,	19 Aug., 1858	286	Annex	1329
				1	1, 2	
>>	••	,, Sanitary Regulations.	<u> </u>	174	5	952
**	••	" Taxes	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	755
		,,	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep. Act	827
		" Tribute to Sultan	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	756
99	••	, iriouse to suitan	14 Sept., 1829		_	826
		, ,	29 Jan., 1834	170	. 2	938
		;;	- 1834	174	6	952
39		" Union with Wallachia	6 Dec., 1861	334	_	1498
"	••	" Recognition of do. by	İ	!	i	
		Treaty Powers, with				
		Reservations	6 Dec., 1861	334	_	1501
,,	••		20 June, 1864	363	_	1613
M oll	• •	See also Principalities.	!	1		ł
2011	••	Commune. Belgium and Netherlands. Boun-	!			}
		dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	1029
,,	• •	,, Part ceded by	0 2000, 2022	100		1020
•	• •	Belgium to Nether-	{			Į.
		lands	8 Aug., 1843	196	15	1031
Möllschütz	••	Secured to Prussia	1 June, 1815	24	3	193
			9 June, 1815	27	39	237
Monaco	• •	Relations with France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	7
11	• •	Relations with Sardinia			1, § 4	845
**	• •	Conferences. Paris Sardinian Protection, &c.	1815	49 76	_	414 532
>)	• •	A	7 Nov., 1817	/ 10	_	002
"	•••	"Approval of King of Sardinia	8 Nov., 1817	76	Note	532
"	•.	Sovereignty of Prince	7 Nov., 1817	76	6	534
"		Garrison. Appointment	-			ŀ
		of Officers, &c	7 Nov., 1817	76	1—14	533—
		ا ا			_	587
"	••	Coinage, &c.	7 Nov., 1817	76	7	535
"	••	Freedom of intercourse	7 Nov. 1917	76	8	535
		with Sardinia And France. Boundary	7 Nov., 1817 2 Feb., 1861	328	1	1463
,,		Cession of Mentone and	2 Feb., 1001	520	•	1.100
"		Roccabruna to		}		
		France	2 Feb., 1861	328	_	1462
,,		Private Property of Prince	2 Feb., 1861	328	3	1468
Moncel		France and Germany.	·	·		
	1		26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
		2006				

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	·	: , 			
Mons .	Fortress. Demolition of	14 Dec., 1831	156	1, 2, 3	882
Montanto .	Imperial Fief. United to	14 Dec., 1831			
Montauban .	Tuscany	9 June, 1815	27	100, § 4	266
MOHOMONIA .	Fort. Fire Arms reserved to Sardinia	23 Aug., 1860	322	4	1453
Montbéliard .	Comté de. Possessions		i		_
Mont Blanc .	assured to France Department. Part given	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	7
	to France		1	3, § 8	6
Mont Cenis .	. Tunnel	24 Mar., 1860	313	4	1430
Mont des Tuffe	s See Vallée des Dappes.	23 Aug., 1860	322	11	1453
Monte Carchi		28 Nov., 1841	200	9	1055
Montefalcone					
Monte Giogo .	reignty	9 June, 1815 28 Nov., 1844	27 200	93	263 1057
Monte Gragno		20 100., 10 FF	200	"	1007
	&c	28 Nov., 1844	200	6	1052
Monte-Ignose	District. Contingent				ļ
	cession by Tuscany to Modena	9 June, 1815	27	102, § 2	267
Monte Lom-	Debt	10 Nov., 1859	301	7, 8	1383
bardo-Venet	0	1037 1070	200	_	1390
"	• "	10 Nov., 1859	302	2 3	1394 1399
,,	. ,,	10 Nov., 1859	303	5, 7	1404
,,	• "	3 Oct., 1866	392	6, 7	1751
Montenegro .	. Turkish Sovereignty. Pro-			_	1758
Montenegro .	tocols. Paris, No. 14	25 Mar., 1856	262	_	1275
,,	. No. 15	26 Mar., 1856	262	<u> </u>	1276
. "	. , Claim of Prince				
	Danilo to Independence, &c	31 May, 1856	i	Note	1438
,,	. , Boundary Map	8 Nov., 1858	288	_	1353
•		15 4	910		1354
**	. , Boundary Conditions of Peace	17 April, 1860	316	_	1437
,,	with Turkey	31 Aug., 1862	337	–	1512
,,	. , Acceptance of ditto,	100 . 100	<u>.</u>		1570
	by Prince	13 Sept., 1862 3 May, 1864	360	Note	1512 1602
**	,, Boundary, &c	26 Oct., 1866			1787
Monte Santa	Imperial Fief. United to		a.		
Maria Montignoso	Tuscany Italian Boundaries	9 June, 1815 28 Nov., 1844	27 200	100, § 4	266 1049
MORRISHOSO .	. Italian boundaries	20 1101., 1072	200	9	1055
Montjois-la-	Commune. France and			_	
Montagne	Germany. Boun-	96 Tal 1071	499	,	1918
Montmedy .	dary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1910
and the same of th	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
		20 Nov., 1815		9	362
Montmelian .	Canton. Without French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	7
	Boundary	1 00 May, 1019	-	. 0, 30	•

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Iont Napo-	i At Milan. Arrangements	1	į		
leon	respecting	9 June, 1815	27	97	26
Controuil	French Town. Occupied	28 Nov., 1844	200	6	103
	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	35
Controux- Chateau	France and Germany. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	195
		10 ,		Add. Art.	
	D	!		3	l I
Cont-Tonnerre	Department. Part secured to France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5	
.,	" Part ceded to		•	0, 30	
	Hesse-Darmstadt		27	47	24
	**	30 June, 1816	58	21	46
•• ••	, ,	30 June, 1816	59	21	47
	" Part coded to		27	51	24
	Bararian Indam	9 June, 1815	21	91	24
	nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex	
[•	,		2, A	33
	,, Part ceded by			_	
	Austria to Bavaria		53	2	43
Cook	Prussia and Netherlands.	20 July, 1819	95	2, § 2, A	59
Look	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	23
ł		0 0 1		66	24
_		26 June, 1816	56	1	45
Korea	To be freed from presence	10 D . 1000			
	of the Turks Maritime defences of	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 1	79
	Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 3	79
,,	Islands adjoining to belong				•••
	to Greece	22 Mar., 1829	142	_	80
Coresnet	Belgium and Netherlands.	0.4 1040	100		
Korsbach	Boundary Given to France	8 Aug., 1843 23 Oct., 1856	196 148	4	103 83
Lorsbach Losberg	Commune. Given to	25 Oct., 1000	130	_	- 60
	Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	60
,,	" Excepted from				
	- cessions to Saxe-Co-	100 T 1 1010	0.5		
Coselle	burg Department. French	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
LOSEMO		30 May, 1814	1	8, § 3	
	•		-	§ 5	
,,	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	34
,, .,	To:	20 July, 1819	95	5	5 9
,, ••	Districts ceded by France to Austria	90 Mars 1914	1		
,,	,, Ceded to Austria	30 May, 1814 9 June, 1815	27	3 51	24
	,, Ceded by France	, J, 2010		• •	
9,		90 No. 1918	40	1	34
"	to Allies	20 Nov., 1815			07
,,	,, Ceded to Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	11, 12	59

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		ī .	
Name of		•	Date of Treaty	No. of		
Country, Place	•	Subject.	or other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	Page.
ďc.		·	other bocument.			
Moselle	٠.,	Cessions on Right Bank by	0.37 1015			
	- 1	Austria to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	88 60	Preamble	333
,,	••;	"	1 July, 1816	95	12	
**	••	Diman Namination	20 July, 1819 March, 1815	11	12	596 91
**	••	River. Navigation	9 June, 1815	27	117	272
		,,	<i>b</i> and, 1010		118, § 16	273
					Annex 16	
			10 May, 1871	446	5	1957
,,		" Islands in	26 June, 1816	56	28	453
. ,,		" Canalization	10 May, 1871	446	14	1961
,,		,,	11 Dec., 1871	449	14	1970
,,		,, Prussian Bound-	t			
	į	ary	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
,,	••	,, Prussia and	İ	ŀ		
		Netherlands. Boun-	207 1010			450
		dary	26 June, 1816	56	1	452
"	••	,, Prussia and	90 Tul- 1010	95	10	507
		France. Boundary.	20 July, 1819	80	13	597
,,	••	" Netherlands	28 Mar., 1820	99	1	625
Motten		Boundary Without Prussian Limits	9 June, 1815	27	40	237
		Ceded by Austria to Bava-	5 0 tille, 1010	~	~~	201
,,	••	ria	14 Apr., 1816	58	2 B	437
			20 July, 1819	95	2	592
Mouland		Commune. Belgium and	,	1	_	
		Netherlands. Boun-				
		dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	12	1029
Mount Salèv	е	See Salève.		}	1	
Moza		District. Secured to				
		Prussia	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	806
Moyeuvre	••	France and Gormany.	10.35 1051	1440		1050
		Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	1	1956
Mühlberg	••	Bailiwick. Given to	0 Tune 1015	27	15	222
		Prussia Road to Eilenburg given	9 June, 1815	21	10	ZZZ
"	••	to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
			0 0 and, 1010	~.		~~~
"	••	to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
,,		Elbe Toll House	23 June, 1821	110	16	678
,,		,,	23 Juno, 1821	111	2	689
	•			1	3	690
Mühlhausen		Town. Restored to Prus-			9	692
		sia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
Mühlhofen	••	Commune. Ceded by				
		Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 15	184
,,	••	,,	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
			1		118, § 8	272
Walesse		Italian Baundanian	99 Nov 1944	900	Annex 8	275
Mulazzo	••	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5 8	1052 1054
			[9	1054
Mulidoya		Summit. France and	1	l	"	1007
	••	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	3	1293
		pani. Dominally	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			
		•				

Name of Country, Place 4c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Munster	••	Principality. Part re- atored to Prussia , Part Ceded by		27	23	227
		Prussia to Hanover	9 June, 1815	27	23 27, § 4	227 232
"	•••	Property. Prussian	30 June, 1816	58		461
		Sovereignty	30 June, 1816	59	7	473
		**	20 July, 1819	95		600
Müntjes-Berg	-	Hanover and Netherlands.	20 day, 1015	30	19, § 2	
	-	Boundary	2 July, 1824	121	17—19	716
Münzenberg	••		1	101	17—13	! ?10
		Hesse-Homburg	29 June, 1816	57	1	455
		,,	30 June, 1816	58	4	459
		"	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
			20 July, 1819	95	25	603
Mures		Confines. Without	, , , , , ,			
Murlon		French Limits France and Spain. Boun-	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	6
		dary	2 Dec., 1866	275	1	1293
Nāda	••	Village. (Prussia). Ex- changed for Ringle-			_	i
		ben (Saxe-Weimar)	22 Sept., 1815	34	4	30%
Nahe	••	River. Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
		la , ". ,	20 July, 1819	96	13	5 95
"	• •	See also Kreutznach.		ł		:
Maktchivan	• •	Russia and Turkey. Asiatic	1 40 4 3000			010
Namborn	••	Frontier Commune. Given to	14 Sept., 1829	145	4	816
		Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
					28	604
Mamur	••	Province. Belgian Territory		153	1	860
		",	19 April, 1839	183	1	983
		>>	19 April, 1839	184	1	994
		(Ab " Paullianta	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Maples	••	(Abruzzo, Basilicata, Benevento, Calabria,				l
		Capitanata, Molise,		1 .		ŀ
		Naples, Principato,				ļ
		Bari, Lavoro,				İ
	ı	Otranto). Ferdi-				
	ı	nand IV, King of the				
		Two Sicilies.	9 June, 1815	27	104	268
		Reservation respecting, of	0 0 4410, 2020			-00
ņ		Swedish Plenipoten-	l		'	
	I	tiary at Vienna Con-	i	Ì		
	ŀ	gress	9 June, 1815	27	Note	274
	- }	j	·	1	to Sig-	
	ŀ	i		ì	nature	
	-	,,	18 June, 1815	29	2	283
		397A				

	 i		!	i	·	
Name of	. 1		Date of Treaty	No. of		_
Country, Place	ж ,	Subject.	or other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	_		Outer Decament.			
Vaples		Circular. Troppau	9 Dec 1990	105		658
,, ,,		" Laybach	110 T 1001	107		664
",		,, 130,5001	12 May, 1821	108	_	667
,,		United to Italy	1 T T 1000	321	_	1458
apoleon	••	Buonaparte. See Buona- parte.				
lapoleon.		Mont. See Mont Napoleon			}	
iassau		Castle. Sovereignty, &c	14 July, 1814		Appendix	
,,	• •	Duchy. Representation				
		and Voting at Ger-				
		man Federal Diet	1	i		
		and General As-		00	4.0	-
		sembly , .	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4,6	201 244
		,,	3 5 une, 1010	21	56, § 13 58	245
22		At Council of			3 0	270
,,		North German Con-				
		federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
19		" At Council of	`			
		German Empire		411	6	1933
**	••	Succession			Appendix	
		· » 、	31 May, 1815	22	6	181
	Ì	And Prussis. Mutual	9 June, 1815	27	71	258
"		0	101 36 1015	22	9	182
		Cessions	31 May, 1815	23		183
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	01 May, 1010	20	Appendix	100
	1	,,	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
					118, § 8	272
					Annex 8	275
"	•••	Private Claims on France		79	7	546
"	•••	Navigation of the Rhine.		151	10	854
"	•••	Netherlands to come to an Agreement with			i	
		Agreement with Germanic Confede-				
		ration and Nassau			1	1
		relative to Territo-				
		rial cessions	15 Nov., 1831	153	5	86
		,,	19 April, 1839	183	Annex 5	98
		**	19 April, 1839	184	5	99
		A 1 37 (1 "1 1 0"	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	99
"	•••	And Netherlands (Lux-		107		100
		emburg) And Orange-Nassau		187	Appendix	
"	• •	In . Tr 1	10-7 1000	187	23	100
,,		Annexed to Prussia		385	-	170
n	••		20 Sept., 1866	390	1 -	174
		,,	3 Oct., 1866	395	-	170
**	••	Protest of Hanover against		891	1 -	17
"	••	Maintenance of Rights of		1	1 .	18
		Agnates	. 11 May, 1867	405	1	1 40
Rassau-Diet		See Dietz.		1	. 1	١
Wassau-Dill	em -	See Dillenburg.		1	1	١
burg				1	1	1

Name of			Date of Treaty	.		
Country, Place,	.	Subject.	or	No. of	Art.	Page.
&c.			other Document.	Treaty.	ĺ	
Nassau-Hada	_	See Hadamar.				
mar						
Massau-Oran	ge,	See Orange-Nassau.	į			
Massau-Siege	m j					
	••	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	833
Wational	•••	Domains. Guarantee to	90 May 1914	1	27	15
		Purchasers Austria, Prussia,	30 May, 1814	1	21	10
**	•••	and Hesse-Darm-	İ			
		stadt.	10 June, 1815	28	8	250
Mationality		See Emigration.				
Mauendorf	•••	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	—	83%
Mauheim	••	Portions ceded by Prussia			_	
		to Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15, § 2	1731
Maumburg	• •	Bailiwick. Part ceded by	1			
		Prussia to Saxe-Wei-	99 Same 1015	0.4	1	90-
***		mar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7 a	307
Maunheim	••	to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
		to riusem	0 20pt., 2000	000		1737
		United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 7	1798
Navarino		Battle of	20 Oct., 1827	-	Note	783
***		" Referred to	26 April, 1828	138	_	783
"		.,	June, 1828	140	_	796
Navarte	••	Kingdom. Eliot Conven-				070
		tion	27 April, 1835	176	1	936
**	••	France and Spain. Boun-	2 Dec., 1856	275	Preamble	1291
		dary	2 Dec., 1000	210	1	1292
		<u></u>	14 April, 1862	336	Preamble	1510
Neckar		River. Navigation	Mar., 1815	11	_	91
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	117	272
					118, § 16	273
				٠	Annex 16	276
			1 July, 1842	194	4 5 0	1027
Neer Itteren	••	Ceded to Netherlands	16 Nov., 1831	153 183	4, § 2	862 984
		"	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	994
		"	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
			5 Nov., 1842	195	2	1629
Neerpelt		Commune. Belgium and				
_		Netherlands. Boun-				
		dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	1029
Negropont	••	Island. Maritime defences	10 D - 1000	7.43		200
		of Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 3	799 801
29	••	Given to Greece	12 Dec., 1828 22 Mar., 1829	142	§ 8	805
		Emigration. Estates, &c	21 July, 1832	161	7	907
"	••	Taken possession of by		101	•	
"	••	Greece	21 Feb., 1833	165	_	917
Neisse		River. Prussia and		1		
		Saxony. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	221
Nellenberg		Principality. Baden and				
		Switzerland	24 Dec., 1820	106	-	662
		I	1	1		

	_							
Name o Country, P &c.			Subject.		Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Notherlan	de	And	Austria. Treat	T 0				
74 0 0 E 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		22.00	31 May, 1815,				}	
			firmed		12 Mar., 1817	67	8	507
14		And I	Belgium. Bounds	AFY.	15 Nov , 1831	100		860
**			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		19 April, 1839	1.000	-	982
			73		19 April, 1889	1761	! —	994
			57		19 April, 1839	185	_	998
		i	11		5 Nov., 1842	195	-	1029
			Division of P		8 Aug., 1843	LUO	_	1031
"	**	"	T) 2.4	ndnc	18 W 1991	153	10	mee.
		[• •	15 Nov., 1831 19 April, 1939	153 183	13	966
•		į	37		19 April, 1839	184	18	989 994
			29		19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
29	••	,,,	Navigation .	o£	10 11011111000	100	- ALUCION	500
~	•		Rivers, &c.		15 Nov., 1831	153	9	863
			#		19 April, 1839	1.00	9	120
			37		19 April, 1889	184	9	994
		Ĺ			19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
33	••	,,,	Renunciation	of				
		1	Territories	**	15 Nov., 1831	X.50	6	862
			19		19 April, 1839	183	6	985
		ĺ	23		19 April, 1839	161	6	994
			Union		19 April, 1839	185	Anner	998
**	••	21	•	**	21 July, 1814 3 May, 1815	22	8	37 181
			12		9 June, 1815	27	73	254
			13		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		118, § 10	272
		ĺ				ĺ	Annex 10	
27	••	33	Union Dissola	red	15 Nov., 1881	158	-	E002
			1)		19 April, 1889	162	8	981
		1	2)		19 April, 1839	184	3	994
			3)		19 April, 1839	185	2	997
	1		Mineral .	. 241			Annex	998
,,	••		Mutual 1 drawal	rith- of		1		
			Troops		22 Oct., 1832	162	ı	910
31	• •	And	Austria, Pruseia,	and	22 Oct., 1002	102		910
				kem-				
23	••		burg		12 Mar., 1817	67		504
**		And		xem-	,,			552
		İ	burg		31 May, 1815	22	'	179
			- 11		9 June, 1815	27	118, § 10	272
							Annex 10	275
**	* *	And		tem-				
			burg, &c		19 April, 1889	1752		979
39	••	диа.	France. Bounds	му	8 Nov., 1816	64	I	400
		l	79		16 Nov., 1816 12 Mar., 1817	65 67	1	498 506
	1	Į.	21		17 April, 1817	69	i	512
			52 86		20 July, 1819	95	34	606
	;		11		28 Mar., 1820	99		624
13	44	Great	Britain and Fre	ance.		+		
-			Intervention		22 Oct., 1832	162	-	909
		l			Ţ		1	

	Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Pate of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	 Art. 	Pag
France Friendly Relations		'	'	' !	!	_
Relations 21 May, 1833 167	Wetherlands				i	1
See also Embargo.			91 M 1000	100	i	
Mand Great Britain. Dutch Colonies Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demerata Dutch Proprietors, Demolition of Princesees. Demolition of Proprietors, Demolition of Princesees. Demolition of Prince, 1815 Dutch Proprietors, Demolition of Princesees. Demolition of Prince, 1815 Dutch Proprietors, Date Proprietors, Date Proprietors, Date Proprietors, Date Proprietors, Date Proprietors, Date Proprietors, Dutch Proprietors, Date Pro			21 May, 1665	107	_	92
Colonies	,,		• •	į	ļ	:
Dutch Proprietors, Demerars	*	1	. 13 Ang 1914	5		. 4
And Greet Britain. Luxenburg 2 July, 1824 121			10 Aug., 1014	"	! —	٦ '
memburg	,,	Dutte Troprisedra, Donk	12 Aug., 1815	32	i	25
Colonies Colonies			1 20 2108., 1.720	. 	1	_
And Hanover. Boundary And Nassau. Luxemburg. Pecuniary Indemnity 27 June, 1839 187 2, 3 And Prussia. Boundary 31 May, 1815 22 266 "	"	1	16 Nov., 1816	65	١	45
And Nassau. Luxemburg Pecuniary Indemnity 27 June, 1839 187 2, 3 And Prussia. Boundary 31 May, 1815 22 66 And Prussia. Boundary 31 May, 1815 22 66 29 June, 1816 56 26 June, 1816 56 26 June, 1816 62 27 Oct., 1816 62 28 Nov., 1816 64 20 Aug., 1860 415 20 Aug., 1860 415 21 June, 1839 187 2, 3 21 Nov., 1816 64 20 Aug., 1816 64 21 June, 1815 27 26 22	•					7
Pecuniary Indemnity 27 June, 1839 187 2, 3 2 2 3 4 2 2 2 66 66 66 66 6	••					100
And Prussis. Boundary 27 June, 1839 187 2, 3 18 181, 1815 22 2 2 2 66 66 7 June, 1816 62 66 62 66 7 Oct., 1816 62 64 64 64 64 64 64 6	••	Dominia Tra	1		1	
And Prussia. Boundary 31 May, 1815 22 66 67 66 62 67 66 62 67 66 62 68 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	,,	l "	27 June, 1839	187	2.3	100
## Page 18 Pag				22		18
Colonies Colonies	,,	1		27	66	21
		· · ·		56	l <u> </u>	42
		ï.		62	_	45
## And Russia. Luxemburg, &c		! ;;		64	_	48
And Russia. Luxemburg, &c		"		415	<u> </u>	186
## Acc	••	And Russia. Luxemburg,	_		ļ	
Loan	•	&c	17 April, 1817	69	_	51
Cessions by, to France Cessions to, by France The sessions to the sessions	,,	" Russian-Dutch			!	1
Cessions by, to France 28 Mar., 1820 99 42—64 28 Mar., 1820 99 42—64 29 June, 1815 27 25 66 118, § 10 42 42 43 44 45 45 45 45 45 45		Loan	30 Aug., 1850	225	-	113
To, by Prussia 31 May, 1814 22 25 66 118, § 10 18, §	,,	Cessions by, to France		99	42-64	6:
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	,,					62
Colonies		,, to, by Prussia	31 May, 1814			18
Colonies		,,	9 June, 1815	27		23
Colonies]				2
Colonies			İ	i		
Exclusion from Throne of a Prince wearing, or destined to wear, a Foreign Crown Some May, 1814 1 6				_	Annex 10	27
## Exclusion from Throne of a Prince wearing, or destined to wear, a Foreign Crown ## Expense of Defences of Low Countries ## Expense of Defences of Low Countries ## Fortifications ## Fortifications ## Boys, 1814	,, ••	Colonies			I —	4
of a Prince wearing, or destined to wear, a Foreign Crown Expense of Defences of Low Countries Fortifications			12 Aug., 1815	32	! -	20
or destined to wear, a Foreign Crown	,,			l	i	'
a Foreign Crown 30 May, 1814 1 6				ļ	1	i
Comparison of Defences of Low Countries 13 Aug., 1814 5 Add. Art. 1, § 2 2 July, 1814 4 3 Nov., 1815 38 1 21 Nov., 1815 48 1 8 Nov., 1816 64 2 16 Nov., 1816 65 2 12 Mar., 1817 67 2 17 April, 1817 69 2 17 April, 1817 69 2 17 April, 1831 152			90 W 1014	١,		
Low Countries 13 Aug., 1814 5 Add. Art. 1, § 2			30 may, 1014	1 *		
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	,,	1 ' * ~	19 Ana 1914	g	444 44	
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		Low Countries	10 Aug., 1014	"		4
		Fortifications	91 July 1814		1, 32	7
"	,, ••	FORMICALIONS		_	1	3
		"		1 -		4
16 Nov., 1816 65 2 2 2 2 2 3 41 1 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		"				4
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		"				4
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "						50
" " " " " " " " " " " " "		, ,				5
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		Fortreses. Demolition of				8
" French Pecuniary Indemnity 3 Nov., 1815 38 1 21 Nov., 1815 41 1	"		,	1		85
" French Pecuniary Indemnity 3 Nov., 1815 38 1 21 Nov., 1815 41 1		Belgic	14 Dec., 1831	156	l —	88
nity			,			
, 21 Nov., 1815 41 1	,,		8 Nov., 1815	38	1	32
9 10 1916 64 9		1	21 Nov., 1815	41	1	35
) ,, O 1101., 1010 O 2 2		"	8 Nov., 1816	64	2	48
		1	1	i	l	l

Name of		Date of Treaty]	1	
Country, Place,	Subject.	or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	•	1		<u> </u>	
Netherlands	Franch Popuniant Indom	•	!	, ,	
o center restres		16 Nov. 1916	ez.	9	400
	nity	16 Nov., 1816	65		499
	,,	12 Mar., 1817	67	2	506
	,,	17 April, 1817	69	2	518
1	,,	25 April, 1818	79	7	545
	, ,, ,, ,,	20 July, 1819	95	38	609
97	. Frontiers	30 May, 1814	1	Sep.Arts.	19
	!	1	i	3, 4	
	,,	31 May, 1815	' 22	2	18
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
	1		1	66	248
	·	,		67	250
	•	ł		118, § 10	
	1			Annex 10	
	,,	26 June, 1816	56		45:
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 Oct., 1816	62	1	482
	1	8 Nov., 1816		î	48
	,,	16 Nov., 1816		i	490
	"		67	i	50
	"	12 Mar., 1817	69	l i	
	"	17 April, 1817		-	513
	"	20 July, 1819		34	600
	"	28 Mar., 1820	99	1	62
	7: G ''D 1 CT	2 July, 1824	121	_	716
"	. King, Grand Duke of Lux-	' - -			
	omburg	9 June, 1815	27	67	250
99	. King as Grand Duke of		i		
	Luxemburg, ad-		1		
	mitted into Germanic	1	!		
	Confederation	8 June, 1815	26	1	200
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	53	243
**	. Navigation of the Rhine	31 Mar., 1831	151	9	850
,,	. Representation and Voting		1		
•	at German Federal		1		
	Diet and General			1	
	· Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	1	200
		1		4,6	201
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	53	243
	"	7 7 1110, 2020		56, § 11	24
	}		1	58	24
	. Sovereignty of House of	•		00	- T-
>		30 May, 1814	1	6	. 8
	. Sovereignty over Pro-	00 314, 1014		0	
"	vinces detached	1	l		
		·			
			i		
	Treaty of 80 May,	01 36- 3015	-	_	100
	1814	31 May, 1815	22	7	18
	"	9 June, 1815	27	72	25
	ĺ		1	118, § 10	272
		0.37		Annex 10	27
	," _	3 Nov., 1815	38	1	327
27	, by Treaty of				
	20 November, 1815	8 Nov., 1816	64	1	487
	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
	•	12 Mar., 1817	67	1	508
	,,		,		-

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Notherlands	To come to an agreement				
MOUTHURANT	with Germanic Con-				•
	federation and	i			
	Nassau relative to	i		۱ '	i
	Territorial Cessions	15 Nov., 1831	153	5	862
		19 April, 1839	183	5	985
	**	19 April, 1839	184	5	994
	••	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	993
	Territory	30 May, 1814	ĩ	Sep. Act	55,
,,	14	00 1111, 1011	_	3, 4	19
	To receive an	'		0, 2	13
,,	T	30 May, 1814	1	6	×
	Composition of	00 Biay, 1011	•	"	,
"	~ •	9 June, 1815	27	6567	244
	Nutes	June, 1010	2"	69	252
				72,73	253
	See also Luxemburg.			12, 10	200
Tetse	District. Prussian Boun-			l {	
	dary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Neuborg	Territory and Customs.	o une, ioio		• .	217
Meg Dorg	Secured to Bayaria	5 July, 1825	124	926	279
	T . T.	17 Oct., 1868	412	2, § 6	
Touchatel	See Neufchatel.	17 Oct., 1006	412	i — I	1851
Terror	thee Mediculater			! !	
Trobusi	Commune. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia	91 35 1015	23	1	304
	Nassau to Frussia	31 May, 1815	27	1, § 16	184
	"	9 June, 1815	21	24, § 2	228
			ł	118, § 8	272
	William C 3 A. C		l	Annex 8	275
.,	Village. Secured to Sax-	0.7		ا ۔۔ ا	
	ony	9 June, 1815	27	15	->->-2
	Daniela Dakasakasa	ļ		· 1	
Nenengielonen	Bailiwick. To be obtained		į.	! i	
	by Prussia from		1	. 1	
	Hesse-Cassel for	00 35 1015			
	Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	3	175
	"	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 6	272
				Annex 6	275
	0.3.11.17	23 Sept., 1815	35	5	315
••	" Ceded by Hesse-	i	i	i	
	Cassel to Prussia for	1.00		_	
	Hanover	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	322
••	" Indemnification		!		
	to Hesse-Rothen-			ı . İ	
	burg in lieu thereof		37	3	323
		4 Mar., 1816	51	Preamble	419
Neuenkirchen	Retroceded to Orange-				
	Nassau	14 July, 1814	_	Appendix	
,,	Bailiwick. Part given to		1		
	Prussia, and part to				
	Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	2, 3	185
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
			1	118, § 8	272
	_		l	Annex 8	275
		1	ı		
,,	Village. Hanover and		ļ	!!!	
"	Village. Hanover and Oldenburg	4 Feb., 1817	66	2,6	502

	-					
Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Neuenkiroher	n	Commune. Given to Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
,,	••	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	27 —	604 839
Neuerburg Neuf Brisacl	••	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia " And Fort Mortier. French	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	1, § 11 24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	184 228 272 275
Neufohatel		Town. Occupied by Allied Troops Principality. Union with	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	360
"	••	Świtzerland	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	2 75 118, § 11 Annex	65 254 272
1 9	••	,, Restored to Prussia ,, Boundary. France	9 June, 1815	27	11 A, B 23	275 227
,,	٠٠.	and Switzerland	4 Nov., 1824	122	_	718
79	••	" Neutrality. Civil War in Switzerland.	19 Nov., 1847	207		1083
**	••	,, Paris Conferences (No. 22)	8 April, 1856	2€8		1276
,,	••	,, European Gua- rantee	26 May, 1857	281	_	1317
,,	••	,, Renunciation by Prussia of Sove- reignty	26 May, 1857	281	1	1317
**	••	" To form part of Swiss Confederation	26 May, 1857	281	2	1317
,,	••	" To pay part of Expenses resulting from the events of	•,,			
,		September, 1856 , Amnesty. Church	26 May, 1857	281	3, 4	1318
Neuhauss		Property, &c Bailiwick. Secured to	26 May, 1857	281	6	1318
		Prussia	29 May, 1815 4 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	21 25 27	3, 4 29 118, § 6 Annex 6	175 196 232 272 275
" Neuhaussen	••	" Renounced by Prussia and retained by Hanover	23 Sept., 1815	35	2, § b	314
Neuhof	••	haussen. Ceded by Saxe-Meningen	9.0-4.1000	00=		1000
,,		to Prussia Village. Prussian Boun-	8 Oct., 1866	897	6	1770
		dary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	≜rt.	Page.
Meuhof		Village. Prussian Boun-			}	
		dary	11 Nov., 1817	77	1 1	539
		Ceded by Austria to Prussia		27	18	224
		Austrian claim renounced	5 Mar., 1848	209	8	1087
Neuminkwi	₩	Relations. Austria and Saxony	5 Mar., 1848	209	17	1087
Neuroda		Circle. Secured to Prussia		27	15	223
"		District. Retained by	1]	
**	•	Hosse-Cassel	22 Sept., 1815	84	2, § d	308
Neuss		Free Port on Rhine	17 Oct., 1868	412	-	1851
Neustadt	••	Lordship. Relations with	•		1	
		Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
**	••	Military Road through	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
		**	9 June, 1815	27	81	234
					118, § 6	272 275
			99 Came 1915	34	Annex 6	310
•	••	Part ceded by Prussia to	22 Sept., 1815	J-18	9, § 4	310
**	••	Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
					10	311
Neutrality		Of Great Britain in Euro-			i	
_		pean Wars:	6 June, 1823	115	_	698
**	••	" Turkey and Greece	30 Sept., 1825	125		731
**	••	" Austria, France, and				
		Sardinia	13 May, 1859	_	Note	1373
"	• •	" Austria and Prussia,	07 T 1000		35-4-	1.000
		and Italy " France and Prussia	27 June, 1866	424	Note Note	1692 1882
"	••	Of Bivers during War	19 July, 1870 Mar., 1815	11	26	86
,,	••		9 June, 1815	27	118, § 16	273
		"	00000,0000		Annex 16	
"	••	Of States, &c., guaran- teed:—				
,,		" Belgium by 5 Powers	15 Nov., 1831	153	7	863
		,,	19 Apr., 1889	183	7	985
		33	19 Apr., 1839	184	7	994
		m". a .	19 Apr., 1889	185	Annex	998
"	••	" Treaty. Great	0 4 1070	427		1000
		Britain and Prussia Treaty. Great	9 Aug., 1870	427	_	1886
"	••	Britain and France	11 Aug., 1870	428	l	1889
		" Chablais and Fau-	11 11ug., 1070			1000
••		cigny	20 May, 1815	19	8	158
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	92	262
,,		" Cracow (8 Powers)	3 May, 1815	12	4	96
		29	8 May, 1815	13	2	107
		"	3 May, 1815	14	1	121
		Danuba Washa	9 June, 1815	27 439	6, 8, 9	219
**	••	" Danube Works	13 Mar., 1871	281	2	19 22 1317
,,	••	" Neufchatel (5 Powers) " Greece. (Great	26 May, 1857	201		1011
"	••	Britain, France, and				
	- 1	Russia)	7 May, 1832	159	4	895
		"	29 Mar., 1864	357	2	1592
		.,	1	1		

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Teutrality	. Of States, &c., guaran- teed:—				
"	. Ionian Islands (5	1/37 1000	~~~		
	Powers)	14 Nov., 1863	355 359	2	157 160
	,,	25 Jan., 1864 29 Mar., 1864	357	2	159
"	. " Luxemburg. (5		007		100
"	Powers)	11 May, 1867	405	2	180
,,	• ,,	17 July, 1870	421		187
,,	. ,, Podgorze	9 June, 1815	27	8	21
,,	. , Savoy	9 June, 1815	27	92	26
	., Switzerland	20 Mar., 1815	9	-	6
,,	• "	27 May, 1815	20	§ 2	17
••	• , ,,	9 June, 1815	27 38	92	26 32
-	,,	3 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	43	_	37
**	" .	18 July, 1870	422	_	187
••	. Agreement between Euro-	10 0 11,5, 10,0		•	10.
	p an Powers. Fran x				
	German War	1870		Note	188
**	. Duties of Neutrals (3		i	1	
	Rules). (Proposed)	8 May, 1871	445	_	195
ieutral Terr					
tory	Danube	14 Sep., 1829	145	3	81
feutral Trad			ŀ		
	. See also Wounded in War. Navigation of the Lys	99 May 1990	99	5	62
	. Renunciation of Claim	28 Mar., 1820	99	ויי	02
TO LINGUIGO	over by Austria	5 Mar., 1848	209	8	108
,,	. Relations. Austria and		-55		-00
"	Saxony	5 Mar., 1848	209	17	108
Jeuwied	. Town. Ceded by Nassau				
	to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 14 24, § 2	18
,,	. ,,	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	22
		•		118, § 8	27
	77.1	00.35 7014	١.	Annex 8	27
Tewfoundlan		30 May, 1814	1 1	13 3	1
	. French Boundary	30 May, 1814	313	3	142
"		24 Mar., 1860 23 Aug., 1860	322	_	145
	. "	7 Mar., 1861	329	_	146
Ticolaieff	. Russian "Ship-building	,,			
	Yards	4 Mar., 1856	268	4	127
	,,	30 Mar., 1856	264	13	125
"	. Clauses of Treaty of 1856				
	Abrogated	13 Mar., 1871	439	1	192
Tidda	. County. Annexed to Prus-	0.04 3000	004		1=0
	gia	3 Oct., 1866	394		176
lied-Altdorf	1	23 Oct., 1829	148		83
lieder-Berg			23	1, § 16	18
	Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	22
	"	0 0 4110, 1010		118, § 8	27

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Nieder-Bram- bach	Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	25	226
Nieder-Fecken- bach	Given to Prussis	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
	Ceded to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	18	224
Niedergrund	Elbe Toll House	23 June, 1841	110	118, § 4 Annex 4 16	272 275 678
Wiederhofen	Commune. Given to Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	596 604
fiederkirchen	Commune. Retained by	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	
,,	" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
fiederleuters-	cessions to Saxe-Co- burg Renunciation of Claim	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
dorf	over by Austria, &c.	5 Mar., 1848	209	8 17	1087 1087
Weiler	Commune given to Saxe- Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	597 604
Wieder-Olm	Town to be given to Hesse- Darmstadt	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	385
Tiederrad Tieder-Sohland		3 Oct., 1866 9 June, 1815	396 27	15	1766 222
lieder-Stein- bach	Commune. Ceded by Bavaria to France	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	124 126	2, § 1	728 7 37
	Forests. Bavaria and France	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 1	728
fieder-Trebia	District. Ceded by Prussis to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept. 1815	84	1, § 7 c	307
fieder-Ursel	Village. To be Ceded to Hesse-Darmstadt District. Part ceded by	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	836
	Hesse-Darmstadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1783 1787
,,	" Part united to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 9	1796
,,	Locality annexed to Prussia	8 Oct., 1866	396	_	1766
Niederveiling . Nieder-Weiler Nieder-Werth	Given to France	20 Nov., 1815 20 July, 1819	40 95	1 13	344 597
14 TOTAL - 11 GT FEF	sau to Prussia	81 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	1, § 16 24, § 2 118, § 8	184 228 272
"	Abbey. Prussian Territory Given to France	31 May, 1815 23 Oct., 1829	23	Annex 8	275 168 839

Conntre Die	Subject.	Date of Treaty	No. of	l 	D
Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	other Document.	Treaty.		Page.
Mienover .	. Brunswick and Hanover				
	Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	122	714
	. French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3	4
Wikolsburg .	. Preliminary Treaty of			l	ļ
	Peace. Austria and	96 Tale 1966	383		1698
	1	26 July, 1866	909	_	1090
,,	Wurtemberg	13 Aug., 1866	384	9	1704
	Baden	17 Aug., 1866	386	10	1709
	Bavaria	22 Aug., 1866	387	5	1713
	Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	13	1733
Filot	. French and Neufchatel	1.00,000			
	Boundary	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Tippe	. District. To be retained by			l	
•	Hesse-Cassel	22 Sept., 1815	84	2, § d	308
	,,	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	828
firmsdorf .	. District. Ceded by Prus-			Į.	
	sia to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7c	307
Nohefelden .	Commune. Ceded to Ol-				
	denburg	20 July, 1819	95	27, 28	604
	. Ceded to Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	27, 28	604
Toire	.				1
	Netherlands. Boun-	TT 1 7040	105		
	dary	5 July, 1842	195	·6, 7	1029
Yon-Interven-		10 Tam 1001	107		664
tion	States	19 Ja n., 1821 1823	107	Note	1579
	"	30 Mar., 1856	264	9	1255
	"	5 May, 1859	297	-	1372
	"	Nov., 1863	356	Note	1579
	. See also Intervention.	1101., 1000	000	11000	10,0
- ".	Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	423
	. Gold to Doubled y	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
,, .	. Given to Savoy	16 Mar., 1816	52	ī	424
,,		20 July, 1819	95	41	610
Tordhausen .	. Town and Territory re-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	stored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
Torth Braban	See Brabant.	·			
Forth German	Confederation. See Ger-				
	many.				
,, .			_		
forway .	. Union with Sweden	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	27
	_ "	25 Aug., 1814	_	Appendix	
,, .	,, Treaties of Kiel	14 Jan., 1814	1	Extracts	27
	l	17 37 1001	150	Note	28
Nothomb .	Given to Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	2 2	860
	,,	19 April, 1839	183 184	2 2	988 994
	27	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	994
	a"	19 April, 1839	100	Annex	סטט
Famil Dames				ı	
Novi-Pavar .		Dec 1839	169		ይደለ
Sovi-Pavar . Suremburg .	nistration over Part	Dec., 1833	169 387	12	930 1714
·	-i-tti Dont	Dec., 1833 22 Aug., 1866	169 387	12	930 1714

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Bullyject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Obekjär	Village. Denmark and Schleswig. Bound-	30 Oct., 1864	867	5	1733
Ober-Bern- hardt	Village. Without Prussian Limits	9 June, 1815	27	40	238
,,	" Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53 95	2 2	437 592
Ober-Erlenbach	Village to be given to Hesse-Darmstadt	20 July, 1819 8 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	336
Oberesch	Given to Prussia	28 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
Ober-Fecken-	Given to Prussis	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
bach Ober-Ingelheim	To be given to Hesse- Darmstadt	9 June, 1815	27	Annex 3	335
Oberlahnstein	Free Port. Navigation of	5 6 tile, 1010		Annox o	•••
	the Rhine	81 Mar., 1881	151	10	851
_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	17 Oct., 1868	412	_	1851
Ober-Lausits	Circle. Austria and Saxony. Limits	5 Mar., 1848	209	A. Sep.	
Ober-Lingen	Hanover and Prussia.			Act, §§ 74–96	1087
	Boundary	22 Dec., 1827	137	Preamble	776
Ober-Mittel	Secured to Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Oberndorf	Commune. Bayaria and				
	Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Obernhof	Secured to Nassau	14 July, 1814	150	Appendix	960
Ober-Pallen	Given to Luxemburg	15 Nov., 1831 19 April, 1839	153 183	2 2	860 983
		19 April, 1839	184	2	994
		19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Ober-Perl	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		838
Oberrad	Annexed to Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	396		1766
Ober-Reisig	Bavaria and Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	887	-	1717
Ober-Reufsen .	District. Ceded by Prussia to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7	807
Oberrodenback	District. Ceded by Hesse- Darmstadt to Hesse-	22 copu, 1010	02	-, 3 '	•••
	Cassel	29 June, 1815	57	2	455
	29	80 June, 1815	58	4	460
•	»	30 June, 1815	59	4	473
Obanasikana	S	20 July, 1819	96	25	603
Oberseiters Ober-Sohland	Secured to Nassau Prussia and Saxony.	14 July, 1814		Appendix	
Ohan Girlanda - 1-	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	221
	Without French Boundary Bavaria and France. Boun-	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 5	5
,,	dary	5 July, 1825	124	1 2	7 2 7 728
,,	Part of Commune and				
•	Villago ceded by	F T 1 1007	104		toc
	Bavaria to France	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	124	2, § 1	728 737
,,	" 228 2	· U DQU., 1020	. 120	· 4	. 101

	·				
Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page,
Ober-Steinbach	Forests. Bavaria and				
	France	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 1	728
Oberthal	Commune. Ceded to	22 7 3 2010			700
	Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
Ober-Weiler	Commune. United to			28	640
Oper-Metter	Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	255
Ochogorria	Summit. France and	0 0 anc, 1010		,,,	
	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	3	1293
Odenhausen	Jurisdiction restored to	,			
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
Odenthal	Lordship. Prussian Sove-				
••	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
Odessa	And Brody. Transit be-	0 M 101F	10		101
	tween	3 May, 1815	12 27	28 14	101 221
Odis	Parish. Denmark and	9 June, 1815	21	14	221
ouis	Schleswig. Bound-				ŀ
	ary	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	1632
Oebisfelde	Retained by Hesse-Hom-				
	burg	3 Sep., 1866	389	14	1733
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 4	1798
Oolisshaussen	District. Ceded by Prus-				
i	sia to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7 c	307
Œta	Mount. Continental	10 D. 1000	1		900
Offenbach	Boundary of Greece Commune. Given to	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 4	800
Umen bach	Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
	buze cosung	20 0 413, 1010		28	604
Ohmes	Locality. Ceded by Prussia				1
	to Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Sep., 1866	389	15, § 1	1734
Oldenburg	Bailiwick. Restored to		1 .	' -	l
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
,,	Duchy. And Hanover	4 Feb., 1817	66	-	502
,,	And Prussis. Limits, &c.	20 July, 1819	95	13 27	598 603
		20 July, 1853	233	21	1161
	"	1 Dec., 1853	236		1179
,,	And Russia. Jever	18 April, 1818	78		540
,,	,,	6 Aug., 1823	116		705
,,	"Kniphausen	8 June, 1825	123	-	722
,,		4 Feb., 1817	66		502
,, ••	by, to Prussia	20 July, 1853	233	4	1163
,, ••	Cessions to, by Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	12	177 236
	, ,	9 June, 1815	27	33 49	236
	•	1	1	50	242
		1	l	118, § 6	272
		1		Annex 6	275
	,,	4 Feb., 1817	66	—	502
,,					
	Congress	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
		1	1	27	603
					ł

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	贾o. of Treaty.		Page.
Oldenburg	. Title of Grand Duke	9 June, 1815	27	84	236
., .	. Abolition of Bondage	4 Feb., 1817	66	22	502
	. Private Claims on France	25 April, 1818	79	7	545
,,	. Elsfloth Toll	14 Nov., 1818	86	-	569
"	Pruseian Protection of	90 T-1- 1979		! . !	
	Commerce Prussian Defence of Coasts	20 July, 1853	233 233	1 2	1162
	1000-11 1 6 6	20 July, 1853	200	•	1102
,,	manic Confederation	20 June, 1866	!	Note	1728
.,	. Renunciation of right over	2000	l		
	Schleswig and Hol-				1
	stein	27 Sep., 1866	l —	Note	1728
.,	. Comprised within North	•	l		ļ
	German Confedera-		1	i	1
	tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
,,	Comprised within German			1	
	Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	1981
,,	. Representation and Voting	i		1	İ
	at Council of North	ì	l	i	İ
	German Confedera-	14 Tone 2005	400	6	
	tion At Council of	14 June, 1867	407	В	1811
••	/ / n		444	6	1933
ldershausen.		16 April, 1871	222		1999
/ (L	Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	8991	713
old March	. Restored to Prussis	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
	. Military Road to Minden	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
"	"	9 June, 1815	27	31, § 2	234
•	"	, 1010		118, 56	272
			ĺ	Annex 6	275
old Wallachi					
	. Secured to Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Olivença .	. Town to be restored to			l	
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	105	268
11	(Not restored.)		_	Note	268
Olkuss		0.7 1015			
Olmuts	. Convention. Austria and	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
JIII U VIII	Convention. Austria and Prussia	29 Nov., 1850	227		1143
Olta	. Territory beyond. Re-	25 1104., 1000	221	-	1130
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	stored to Proprietors	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	756
nville .	. Commune. France and	7 000., 1020	101		, ~~
	Germany. Bound-		i		İ
	erv	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Oppenheim .	Town. Ceded to Hesse-				
	Darmstadt	10 June, 1815	28	2, 4	279
	,,	8 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	335
Orango-Massa	u (Dillenburg, Dietz, Siegen,		1		ļ
	and Hadamar). Ces-	ļ			ĺ
	sion to Prussis of			_	
	German Possessions	31 May, 1814	22	5	181
	. Sovereignty of House over	9 June, 1815	27	70	253
22	. Sovereignty of House over	00 35 10-1	١.		_
	Holland	30 May, 1814 13 Aug., 1814	1 5	Preamble	8 42

Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
4 0.		June: Document.			
Orange-Nassa	u To consent to Union of				
	Belgium and Holland	14 June, 1814	4	Annex 3	40
,,	Austrian Recognition of Royal Dignity in the	•			
	person of King of				
	the Netherlands.	31 May, 1814	22	1	180
•	,,	9 June, 1815	27	65	248
11	. Maintenance of Rights	11 May, 1867	405	1	1803
Orb	District. Ceded by Bava- ris to Prussia	99 4 1900	905		1-1-
	ria to frussia	22 Aug., 1866	387	14	1715 1718
	. United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	408	§ 2	1798
Orchowo	. Village. Prussian Boun-	1	-00	3-	1.00
	dary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Orellaco-Erre				_	
0	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	7	1294
Orgambidea	. France and Spain. Bound-	2 Dec., 1856	275	6	1294
Originaires .	Meaning of Term. Con-	2 200., 1000	210		1204
	ferences. France	1			
	and Germany	July—Dec.,	448		1966
		1671	l	i I	į .
Ortenberg	Bailiwick. To be obtained		Ì		l
	by Prussia for Hesse- Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	87	18	825
29	. ,, Ceded by Hesse-	10 000., 1010	"	10	020
"	Cassel to Hesse-	1			ĺ
	Darmstadt	29 Jan., 1816	57	1	455
	"	30 June, 1816	58	4	459
	"	30 Jan., 1816	59 95	4 25	478
Ortrand	. Given to Prussis	20 July, 1819 9 June, 1815	27	25 15	603 222
A1	See Villers near Orval.	00 410, 1010	~•	10	
•	. Summit. France and				ĺ
-	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1293
Oschatz	. Bailiwick. Secured to	0.7			
Osnabriick	Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Vallanfuck .	heim	29 May, 1815	21	6	176
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	81, § 3	234
	"		•	118, § 6	272
	in the second	1	•	Annex 6	275
"	Principality. Hanover and Prussia. Boundary	99 1)00 1997	187	Preamble	776
	Annoyadta Danasia	22 Dec., 1827 3 Oct., 1866	393	r ream ble	1760
A 1-3-1-1-	. Rivulet. France and	0 000, 2000			1,00
	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1294
	. See East Frieseland.				
Osterbrücken		1 7-1 1010	00	n	
	Austria	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
"	. , Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
,,	. " Excepted from		"	"	300
,,	cessions to Saxe-Co-	1	1		
	burg	¹ 20 July, 1819	95	28	604
	2285				

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Årt.	Page.
Osterode		Brunswick and Hanover.				
	-	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	92	713
Ostharingen	••	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	71—75	712
Othryz		Mount. Continental	-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, 12
		Boundary of Greece.	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 6	801
		**	22 Mar., 1829 21 July, 1882	142 161	1	905 904
		*1	21 July, 1002	101	1	905
Ottenstein	••	Brunswick and Hanover.	_	1	ļ	
•••		Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	112-120	714
Ottoman Ottweiler	••	Empire. See Turkey. Canton. French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	0	5
ortwerrer.	::	To be ceded by Austria to	оо шау, 1013		3, § 4	D
"	•	Pruseia	8 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 1	883
**	٠.	Ceded by Austria to Prus-	-			
		sia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
79	••	Prussia and Bavaria. Boundary	90 T_1_ 1010	95		***
**		Part given to Prussia,	20 July, 1819	90	18	597
,,	•	and part to Saxe-		1		
		Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
Otsweiler	• •	Commune. Excepted			1	
		from cessions to	00 T 1 - 1010			
		Saxe-Coburg Given to Hesse-Homburg	20 July, 1819 20 July, 1819	95 95	29 28	605 604
"	••	Given to France	28 Oct., 1829	148	20	839
,,	• -	"	11 Dec., 1871	449	1	1968
Oujitsa	• •	Servian Fortress to be De-				
.		stroyed	4 Sept., 1862	338	6	1520
Oure	••	River. Prussian Boun-	0 france 1915	27	or I	
,,	1	" Luxemburg Boun-	9 June, 1815	21	25	229
,,	•	dary	9 June, 1815	27	68	252
,,	• •	" Free to Prussia			1	
		and Netherlands	26 June, 1816	56	27	452
Ourechaise	••	,, Islands in	26 June, 1816	56	28	463
Ourthe	• •	French Boundary Department. Prussis and	80 May, 1815	1	3, § 8	7
	•••	Netherlands. Boun-		İ	1	
		dary	31 May, 1815	22	2	181
		29	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
]	66	249
				1	118, § 10	272
Outogal		Affairs. See Troppau and		1	Annex 10	275
		Laybach.		1		
Ovenstedt	••	Village. Ceded by Hano-		1		
O		ver to Prussia	25 Nov., 1887	181	1 1	966
Overpelt	••	Commune. Belgium and Netherlands. Boun-		}		
		dary	5 Nov., 1842	195	11	1029

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Overyssel	Hanover and Netherlands. Boundary River. French Guians "	2 July, 1824 9 June, 1815 28 Aug., 1817	121 27 75	24, 25 107 1	716 269 530
Paderborn	Principality. Restored to Prussin Educational Fund	9 June, 1815 17 May, 1850	27 220	23 4	226 1126
Pairolo	Italy and Switzerland. Boundary Of the Rhine. See Rhine.	5 Oct., 1861	333	5	1484
Papal States Pappenheim	See Roman States. Cession of Territory to Count of	9 June, 1815 20 July, 1819	27 95	49 27	241 603
Pará Paradise	Port. Guiana	28 Aug., 1817	75	33 5	605 531
Parana Parcelles	Italian Boundaries. Secured to Austria	31 Oct., 1854 28 Nov., 1844 3 Nov., 1815 15 Nov., 1831	251 200 38 153	1 9 Annex 1	1220 1057 333
	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	19 Apr., 1839 19 Apr., 1839 19 Apr., 1839	183 184 185	2 2 Annex	860 983 994 998
Parga	Indemnity to Inhabitants. Evacuation by British	17 May, 1817	70	_	516
,,	District. Restored to	17 May, 1817 24 Apr., 1819	91	2,4	517 579
Paris	France and Spain. Boundary Treaty of 20th Sept., 1808	2 Dec., 1856	275	6	1294
,,	Annulled , 1st Peace of	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	25
,,	Paris	80 May, 1814 20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	1 40 45	11 1	349 378
,, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	" 2nd Peace of Paris	20 Nov., 1815	40	_	342
,,	,, Peace. Close of Crimean War	30 Mar., 1856 Feb.—Apr.,	261		1250
<i></i>	Declaration. Maritime	1856 16 Apr., 1856	268 271	_ 	1274 1282
,,	See also Moldavia and Wallachia, &c.		,		

Name of Country, Place	×, '	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Parliament		Sanction to Treatics:	' I]	
**	• •	" Danube Works		430		٠
		Loan	30 Apr., 1868	410	Note	1843
**	••	,, Greek Loan	7 May, 1832	159 357	Note Note	899 1594
		, Russian Dutch	29 Mar., 1864	307	MOCO	1054
*1	•••	Losa	19 May, 1815	18	Note	150
		2300	10 111, 1010	0		152
		•	16 Nov., 1831	154	Note	874
••		" Sardinian Loan	26 Jan., 1855	256	Note	1289
••		. 99	3 June, 1856	274	Note	1590
y•		" Scheldt Toll	3 Aug., 1863	351	Note	1562
••		" Sound Dues	14 Mar., 1857	279	Note	1811
	• •	" Turkish Loan		259	Note	1236
Parma	••	And Austria. Limits	25 May, 1821	109		670
		A. 3 G. 32	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 2	263
**	••	And Sardinia. Frontiers	90 W 101F	10	1	157
		as in 1792	20 May, 1815	19	Add. Art.	168
			9 June, 1815	27	85	260
		"	. U une, 1010		118, § 3	273
		!			Annex 13	275
••		Limits	26 Nov., 1822	112		693
**		Possession of Duchy	9 Nov., 1815	27	99	265
••		,,	10 June, 1817	78	1	526
		,,	20 July, 1819	95	43	612
••		Reversion to Duchy	9 June, 1815	27	99	265
		**	10 June, 1817	73	2	526
				~-	7	527
	1	"	20 July, 1819	95	44	612
			90 N 1044	200	47	613
		"	28 Nov., 1844 4 Oct., 1847	206	9	1054 1081
		"	9 Dec., 1847	208	4	1086
		Succession to Duchy	10 June, 1817	78	3	526
"	•	Private Claims on France.	25 April, 1818	79	7	545
"		Austrian Occupation	8 April, 1856	268	22	1276
"		Reservation of Rights	10 Nov., 1859	301	19	1389
,,		United to Sardinia	18 Mar., 1860	808	_	1416
,,		Protest of Pope	24 Mar., 1860	311	-	1422
"		Protest of Duchess Regent	28 Mar., 1860	314	_	1432
Parnes	• • •	Ridge. Continental Boun-				
		dary of Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 4 § 1	800
Paroquina	••	Servian Administration	Dec., 1833	169	3 T	930
Pasrek	••	See Paswig.				ĺ
Passage	••	Of Froops. See Troops. District. Secured to		'		
Passka	••	District. Secured to	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
Paswig		River. Norway, Russia	an sope, toto		-, g u	
4 00 W 1 € · ·	••	and Sweden. Boun-				
	- 1	dary	14 May, 1826	180	2	745
,,		Freedom of Navigation.	,		_	
			1	i		
,,	- 1	Floatage of Timber.				

Name of Country, Place &c.	÷,	Fubject,	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
D						
Paswig	••	Lakes	14 May, 1826	180	2	745
Patradjik Patras	••	District. Greek Boundary Gulf. Maritime defences	21 July, 1832	161	1	905
T (2) (1) (1)	••	Gulf. Maritime defences of Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 8	799
Paturage		Canton. French Boun-	12 200., 1020	171	1 30	100
_		dary	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 1	4
Paulsdorf	••	Prussia and Saxony. Boun-	• •			
D		dary.	9 June, 1815	27	15	221
Pavia	••	Austria and Sardinia.	0.4 2040	015	a	,,,,
		Limits	6 Aug., 1849	215	Sep. Art.	1111
Pazo `		See Ionian Islands.			,	
Pays de Gex		See Gex, Pays de.				
Pays de Vau	d.	See Vaud.				
Pays Quint	••	France and Spain. Boun-	_			
Dance		dary	28 Dec., 1858	289	1, 2	1355
Peace	••	Of Europe. Conclusion of	90 Mar 1914		D	~
		Treaties for :	30 May, 1814	1 9	Preamble	2
		,,	20 Mar., 1815 3 May, 1815	18	Preamble	64 106
		"	18 May, 1815	16	Preamble	135
		"	9 June, 1815	27	Preamble	211
		,,	20 Nov., 1815	44	Preamble	872
		,,	20 Nov., 1815	47	-	411
		••	10 June, 1817	78	Preamble	525
		*7	15 Nov., 1818	87	-	571
		"	15 Nov., 1818 22 Oct., 1832	88 162	Preamble	578 909
			15 July, 1840	190	Preamble	1009
		"	13 July, 1847	193	Preamble	1024
			5 June, 1851	229	_	1148
		",	9 April, 1854	241		1192
		,,	20 April, 1854	244	Preamble	1201
		••	2 Dec., 1854	252 281	Preamble	1221
		,-	26 May, 1857 4 Sept., 1862	338	Preamble Preamble	1316 1516
		"	2 50pt., 2002	300	12	1523
		,,	13 July, 1863	347	Preamble	
			11 May, 1867	405	Preamble	1801
**	••	Proposed Congress. Ditto	Nov., 1863	356	-	1575
			May, Tuna		! I	1588
		"	May-June, 1866	877	_	1655
			1000	0		1685
31		See also Balance of Power.			1	
		Vienna Congress				
D		Treaty.				
Pegau	••	Bailiwick. Part given to	l	,		
		Prussia and part to	0 June 1915	27	15	222
Peine		Saxony Brunswick and Hanover	9 June, 1815	21	10	ZZZ
	••	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	22-28	597
Pellingen		Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		888
Pellweiler	٠.	Secured to France	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	344
		,,	20 July, 1819	95	13	597

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page.
Peney	Jurisdiction. Communication	10			
	tion with Geneva .		9	5	67
	"	9 June, 1815	27	79	256
Pensions	. Payment of, by France . , Prussia and Nas		1	22, 26	14
	mau .	. 31 May, 1815	23	9	187
. ,,	. See also Ionian Islands, &c		1	i l	
Pequinot	of Neufchatel	4 Nov., 1821	122	Preamble	790
B 1 -	Daniel Daniel	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 3	7.50
Perle	. French Boundary	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	344
	Prussia and France			-, 3 -	
"	Boundary	00 T 1 1010	96	13	597
,,	Given to Prussia		95	13	597
"	.,	23 Oct., 1829	148	1 —	838
Perlé	. Given to Luxemburg .	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
	,,	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
•	,,	19 April, 1839	184	2	994
_	a	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Permasens	. Canton. Secured to Ger			1 1	
	many. French		1	0 2 2	5
	Boundary		75	3, § 5	531
	Guiana		10	"	001
Perrière	Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1 1	423
	Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
Pers	. Confines of. Withou				010
. 4	French Limits .	30 May, 1814	1	8, § 7	6
Persia	. Treaties, &c., relating to		l		
	not given in this	1.		1	
	work, having no re	:	1	1	
	ference to "Map o		1		
	Europe."		l		
Persons	. And Property in Countrie		1		
	ceded or restored	· }		1	
	Security : Great Britain				•
**	and France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	7
	and France .	00 120,, 1012	_	16	12
	. , Austria and Ba		ļ		
,,	varia	3 June, 1814	2	9, 10	32
••	" Great Britain	ı∤ İ			
••	and Netherlands .	. 13 Aug., 1814	5	6	44
,,	., , Sardinian Ces			1 !	
	sions to Geneva.	. 29 Mar., 1815	10	3, § 9	78
	"	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 12	273
	D	, I	i	Annex 12	275
**	,, Prussia and		16	3	135
	Saxony. Frontiers	18 May, 1815	1 10	3	129
27	,, Great Britain				
	Austria, &c. 8	0.7	27	103	268
	. 100000	., www.ucc.icid		~~	~~

		<u> </u>			
Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
dzc.		other Document.	Ilouiy.		
Persons	And Property. Disposal of,	1036 1010	,,,		400
. ,,	in Canton of Geneva , Late Germanic	16 Mar., 1816	52	9	428
,,	Confederation	23 Aug., 1866	388	7	1723
,,	" Alsace and Lor-				
	See also Emigration.	10 May, 1871	446	2	1956
Pertole-co-Bur-					
ria	_ dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	7	1294
Peschiera	Fortress. Retained by	11 T-1- 1000	900		
	Austria	11 July, 1859 10 Nov., 1859	298 801	4	1347 1882
	"	10 Nov., 1859	802	i	1393
,,	" Delivered over to		1	1	ł
•	Municipality by France	9 Oct., 1866		Note	1759
,,	Austria and Sardinia.	3 Oct., 1000		. 1100	1/09
,	Frontiers	11 July, 1859	298	_	1374
	,,	10 Nov., 1859	801	4	1383
	"·	10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859	302 303	1 3	1393 1403
	"	16 June, 1860	317	-	1439
					1443
Petite-Fontaine		10 May 1971	440	Add. Art.	1000
	many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add. Art.	1963
Petite Pierre	French Town. Occupied	}	l	-	İ
	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	860
Petite Roselle . Pettoncourt	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	839
	Germany. Boun-	1	1		١ .
	dary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1'	1913
Pfaffendorf	Ceded by Nassau to	31 May, 1815	28	1 6 10	704
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	1, § 16 24, § 2	184 228
	"			118, § 8	272
50.0 .1	g		1	Annex 8	275
Pfaffenhausen	Commune. Bavaria and Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Pfeddersheim .	Town. To be given to	22 11ug., 1000	00.		1111
	Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	335
,,	" Excepted from cessions to Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex2A	994
	cessions to Davaria	14 April, 1816	53	Annexza 2	834 486
	,,	30 June, 1816	58	8	461
	,,	30 June, 1816	59	8	478
Pfeffelbach	Township. "Ceded by	20 July, 1819	95	20	600
Premeibach	Austria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
,,	Excepted from Austrian				
	Cessions to Bavaria	20 July, 1819	95 95	2 28	593
Pfeffingen	Given to Saxe-Coburg Commune. United to	20 July, 1819	80	, zo	604
	Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	255
	I		1	I	1

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Pflochsbach .	. Commune. Ceded by				
	Baden to Austria	10 July, 1819 27 Oct., 1819	93 97	1	585 621
**	. , Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
Pforta .	by Prussia to Saxe-	:			
,, .	Weimar Funds	22 Sept., 1815 28 Aug., 1819	34 96	1, § 7 8	307 618
Pfronten .	ceded to Austria	30 Jan., 1844	197	13	1034
Phalaburg .	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	360
Philippeville.	Netherlands	3 Nov., 1815	38	1	327
	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	344
	,,	- 1815	49	—	414
	,,	8 Nov., 1816	64	1	488
	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
	"	12 Mar., 1817	67 69	1	505 512
	"	17 April, 1816	95	34	606
	. Demolished	20 July, 1819 14 Dec., 1831	156	1, 2, 3	882
Philippsthal .		14 Dec., 1001	100	2, 2, 0	602
	by Hesse-Cassel	22 S p., 1815	84	2, § d	308
	by Liesse Gasser	16 Oct., 1815	37	2, 3	323
Piacenza .	. See Placentia.	10 000, 1010	•.		120
Pianasso .	T 314 4 Te 1			1	
	Switzerland. Boun-				
	dary	5 Oct., 1861	833	5	1490
Pian Biscagno					
_	Switzerland. Bound-				
	ary	5 Oct., 1861	333	5	1485
Piaski	. Village. Prussian Boun-	1			
	dary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Piastra .		28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1057
Piastrajo .				_	
	duries	28 Nov., 1844	200	2	1049
-		1	1	9	1055
Piedmont .		1			
	for City and Canton	10 35 1010			400
	of Geneva	16 Mar., 1816	52	4	426
,, .	1- 9	8 July, 1849	212	Add. Art.	1103
,, .	Boundary	7 Was 1961	829	1	1466
	0 1 0 11 7	7 Mar., 1861	028	-	1400
Pietra Santa .]			1
	District by Tuscany	1			l
	to Modens	9 June, 1815	27	102, § 1	267
,, .	T 1' TO 1 '	28 Nov., 1844	200	1-9	1047
,, ,					1055
	1	l	ł	Sep. Art.	1060
		4 Oct., 1847	206	8	1081
Pindus	. Boundary of Greece	22 Mar., 1829	142		805
		1		1	1

INDEX.

Country, Plac &c.	æ,	Subject.	Or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Piombino	••	Principality, &c., united	0 T 1015	27	100 69	266
Pirates		to Tuscany	9 June, 1815 7 Oct., 1826	131	100, § 3	751
Pirna	••	Elbe Toll House. Re-	7 000., 1020	101		
	•••	served by Saxony	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
Pitschin		Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	2	21
Placentia		Duchy. And Austria.	,	1		
		Limits	9 June, 1815	27	95	263
**		,, And Genos.		1		
		. Limits	26 Nov., 1822	112	1—12	69
,,	••	" And Sardinia.				
		Frontier as in 1792	20 May, 1815	19	1	15
		"	9 June, 1815	27	85	260 273
					118, § 13 Annex 13	273
	1	Personian of Duche	0 Tone 1015	27	99	26
"		" Possession of Duchy	9 June, 1815 10 June, 1817	73	ĭ	52
		"	20 July, 1819	95	43	612
		" Reversion to Duchy	10 June, 1763	"	Appendix	02.
29			20 May, 1815	19	Add. and	
		"	20 May, 1010		Sep. Art.	160
		22	9 June, 1815	27	199	265
		"	10 June, 1817	73	2	520
	1	"	,		7	52
		**	20 July, 1819	95	44	612
	į	ļ	•	į	47	618
		,,	28 Nov., 1841	200	9	1054
		,,	9 Dec., 1847	208	4	1086
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6 Aug., 1849	215	4	1110
99	••{	" Succession to Duchy	10 June, 1817	73	3	526
"	•••	" Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	8	1054
,,	••	" United to Sardinia	18 Mar., 1860	308	_	1416
,,		" Protest of Pope	24 Mar., 1860	311	_	1922
"	• •	Town. Royal and Civil				
		Rights over, re- served for future			1	
		served for future Sovereign of Parma	10 June, 1817	73	5	527
		novereign or raims	20 July, 1819	95	46	618
**		Fortress. Eventual trans-	20 0 41,7, 2020			
,,		fer by Sardinia to				
	- 1	Austria	20 May, 1815	19	Add. Art.	168
		2)	28 Nov., 1844	200	8	1054
,,	••	" Austrian Right of		1.		
		Garrison	10 June, 1817	73	5	527
		2)	20 July, 1819	95	46	618
		_ »	28 Nov., 1844	200	8	1054
29	••	" Renunciation by				
		Austria of right of	10 37 1070	904		1412
Dia <i>i</i> ma		Garrison	10 Nov., 1859	304	_	1712
Plaine	••	Commune. France and				i
		Germany. Boun- dary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1918
		dary	1 4/0 P CD 1 10/1	1 200		TATE
	1	42. 3.1			1	

••	Lordship. To be obtained by Prussis from Hesse-Cassel and Hesse - Rothenburg for Hanover				
••	Coded by Hesse-	29 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	21 27	3, § 1 118, § 6 Annex 6	174 272 275
	Casecl and Hesse- Rothenburg to Prussis, and by Prussis to Hanover.		! : 35	, , , ,	815
	"	16 Oct., 1815	37	. 2	322
••		1	!	3	3 23
	thereof	16 Oct., 1815	37	7	323 324
••	Commune. United to	4 Mar., 1816	51	Preamble	419
					255 264
	,,		212	-	1095
	"		216	_	1112
	,,	12 Feb., 1850	218	- 1	1123
	Warrington of	10 Nov., 1859	303	18	1409
	Streams joining	8 July, 1849	212	1	1096
•	Islands	0 June 1915	97	05	264
					670
	•			- ·	1104
				Add. Art.	1105
	-, <u>,</u> ,,,,	8 Aug., 1849	216	5	1112
	" Boundary. Aus-				1058
	trian Possessions	30 May, 1814	1		10
	>>	9 June, 1815	27	94, § 1 95, §§ 2, 4	18 263 264 268
	,,	10 June, 1817	73	5	526
	39	20 July, 1819	95	46	613
	"	11 July, 1859	298	_	1374
	"				1383
	"				1394 1403
	1				1414
	"	16 June, 1860	317		1440
••	" Parma and Sar-				1443
	dinia. Limits	10 Mar., 1766		Appendix	[
	"			Preamble	693
	33	6 Aug., 1849	215	8	1110
	•••	Indemnification to Hesce-Rothenburg in lieu thereof Commune. United to Basle River. Free Navigation Navigation of Streams joining Sovereignty over Islands "" "" "Italian Boundaries Boundary. Austrian Possessions "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	Indemnification to Hesac-Rothenburg in lieu thereof 16 Oct., 1815 Commune. United to Basle 9 June, 1815 River. Free Navigation. 3 July, 1849 Navigation of Streams joining 8 July, 1849 Navigation of Streams joining 3 July, 1849 Navigation of Streams joining 9 June, 1815 25 May, 1821 28 Aug., 1849 8 Aug., 1849 9 June, 1815 26 May, 1849 8 Aug., 1849 8 Aug., 1849 9 June, 1815 27 May, 1849 8 Aug., 1849 8 Aug., 1849 8 Aug., 1849 10 June, 1817 20 July, 1819 11 July, 1869 10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1766 10 Mar., 1822 10 Aug., 1849	Indemnification to Hesse- Rothenburg in lieu thereof	Indemnification to Hesse-Rothenburg in lieu thereof 16 Oct., 1815 37 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

Name o Country, P &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Poland		Rights of Property. Do-				
		micile, &c	8 May, 1815	12	10-23	100
		"	3 May, 1815	13	821	108
		"	9 June, 1815	27	118	l
					§§ 1, 2 Annexes	272
n	••	Rivers. Navigation, &c		12	1, 2 24—29	273 100
		79	3 May, 1815	13	22-29	111
		27	9 June, 1815	27	14	221
					118	979
		•			§§ 1, 2 Annexes	272
				İ	1, 2	275
"	••	Sequestrations removed;		ļ		
		Prosecutions annulled	8 May, 1815	12	8, 9	96
		27	8 May, 1815	18	6, 7	108
		"	9 June, 1815	27	12, 13 118	220
					§§ 1, 2,	272
					Annexes	
		m			1, 2	275
"	••	Treaties, &c.:— Austria and Russia	9 W 1015	10		۱
		· ·	3 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	12 27	110 6 1	94 272
		"	5 4 une , 1010		118, § 1 Annex 1	275
		,,	26 Dec., 1815	133		763
) 1	••	Prussia and Russia	3 May, 1815	13	-	105
		39	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 2	272
33		Austria, Prussia, and			Annex 2	275
"	•	Russia, respecting				[
		Cracow	3 May, 1815	14		120
		29	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 3	272
		Const Deltain An Air	•		Annex 3	275
27	••	Great Britain, Austria,	0 Tune 1015	27	•	916
		do., o rowers	9 June, 1815	LI	1 11—14	216 220
					23	226
"	••	Great Britain and				ł
		Russia	3 Jan., 1832	157	-	885
"	••	Protest of Great Britain against Russian Pro-				1
		ceedings	28 Nov., 1831	155	_	875
"	• •	Answer of Russia to Bri-	20 2.01., 2002	-50		1
		tish Protest	3 Jan., 1832	157		885
>>	••	United to Russia	26 Feb., 1832	158	_	891
"	••	Protest of Great Britain	9 Tul- 1000	160		~~
22		And Silesia. Frontier	8 July, 1832 4 Mar., 1835	160 175	1,2	900 954
••		,,	13 Dec., 1836	180	-, -	964
			,			1

Poland	1 4 1 7 36	26 Dec., 1826	183	1	763
••					100
	_ "	4 Mar., 1835 31 Dec., 1835	175 177	47 1	955 960
	sia. Limits	4 Mar., 1835	175	-	953
,,	Russia. Duchy of Warsaw	31 Dec., 1835	177	_	959
),	Proposed Conditions of Peace with Russia Non-discussion of Polish	Sept., 1855	-	Note	1685
,,	Question at Paris Conferences	April, 1856	_	Note	1685
,,	proposed See also Cracow, Warsaw.	1863	_	Note	1581
Polle	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	118—121	714
Pomerania	Ceded by Sweden to Denmark Ceded to Prussia	14 Jan., 1814 4 June, 1815		Appendix 1, 2	196
Ponskron	District. Russia and Tur-	7 June, 1815	_	6, 7 Appendix	197
Pont-Bovedo	key. Emigration France and Spain. Boun-	29 Jan., 1834	170	1	937
Ponte Corvo	Principality restored to	11 July, 1868 9 June, 1815	411 27	103	1844 267
Pontremoli	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	4-9	1051 1057
	"	4 Oct., 1847	206	Sep. Art.	1060 1082 1086
	Sovereignty of Tuscany	9 Dec., 1847 9 Dec., 1847	208 208	4	1085
Pope	Application of Revenue See Rome.	9 Dec., 1847	208	3	1085
Poros		12 Dec., 1828	141	_	798
Porta		28 Nov., 1844	200	2 9	1049 1055
Porticciola	Mountain. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	2 9	1049 1055
Portugal	And Great Britain, &c. Peace with France. Territorial arrangements	30 May, 1814	1	_	1

Name of Country, Place	ie,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Portugal	••	And France, Treaties of 1801 and 1804		!		
		Annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	24
2)	••	And France. Guiana	28 Aug., 1817	75	-	530
22	••	" Private Claims on France	9K A 1010	79	` "	
**		Circular. Troppeu	25 Apr., 1818 8 Dec., 1820	105	7	545 658
"	••	Declaration of Allies. Do.	12 May, 1821	108	_	667
,,	••	British Circular. Hostili-	•	l	1	
		ties; Portugal and				
		Spain	14 Dec., 1826	132	_	760
		" Laybach	19 Ja n., 1821	107		761
"	•	Great Britain, France, and	10 0 011., 1021	107	_	664
"		Spain. Pacification		İ		
		of the Peninsula	22 Apr., 1834	171		941
31	••	" Additional Articles.				
		Ditto Pacification. Protocol of	18 Aug., 1834	173	_	949
22	••	Pacification. Protocol of Conference	21 May, 1847	205		1077
,,		Treaties with Great Britain.	21 May, 10th	200	! - !	1077
•		Alliance	23 June, 1661	_	Appendix	
		**	16 May, 1703	l —	Appendix	
		>>	6 Feb., 17+1	! —	Appendix	ļ
		" Referred to	22 Jan., 1815	100	Appendix	
Portuguese	••	Guiana. See Guiana.	11 Dec., 1826	132	_	760
Posen		Grand Duchy. Given to				,
		Prussia. Limits	3 May, 1815	13	1,3	107
		"	9 June, 1815	27	2	216
				İ	23	226
					118, § 2	273
		**	31 Dec., 1885	177	Annex 2	275 960
		••	13 Dec., 1836	180		964
9 >	••	District. Given to	-			001
		Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
>>	••	Silesia and Poland. Fron- tier	4 Mr. 1007			
,,		And Poland. Maintenance	4 Mar., 1835	175	1, 2	954
,,	•	of Rights of Pro-				1
		prietors whose Pos-				ĺ
		sessions are divided		_		
Poti		by the Frontier	4 Mar., 1835	175	47	955
2 002	••	Fortress. Secured to Rus-	1 Oct., 1829	147		
		See also Black Sea.	A COU., ACES	12/	_	836
Potts	••	Bridge. To be maintained				
.		by Hanover	22 Dec., 1827	187	12	775
Poviglio	••	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1058
Powers of Europe		3 Powers. Austria, Prussia, and Russia:—				
					1	
"		" Poland and Cra-				

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Powers of Europe	3 Powers. Holy Alliance	26 Sep., 1815	36		312
,,	,, Conferences. Troppau	8 Dec., 1820	105		658
,, •••	Lorhagh	12 May, 1821	108	-	662
,,	,, Independence of	0 T 1 100F	100		769
	Greece	6 July, 1827	136 141	_	798
,,	1	12 Dec., 1828 22 Mar., 1829	142	_	80
,,	1 "	3 Feb., 1830	149		84
,,	And Reverie	0 2 00., 1000			
,,	Sovereignty of Greece	7 May, 1832	159	_	893
,,	Boundary of Greece	21 July, 1832	161	_	908
,,	Sovereignty of Greece	30 April, 1833	166	_	919
39	, And Bavaria and Greece. Greek Suc- cession	20 Nov., 1852	231		115
		•		Note	1158
<i>5</i>	And Greece	30 Mar., 1856	267		1272
> 7	Greek Loan	June, 1860	318		144
	Greek Suggestion	16 May, 1863	343		158
"	1 "	27 May, 1863	344	_	153
" "	Greek Succession.	5 June, 1863	345	_	1539
	Ionian Islands	13 July, 1863	347	_	154
,,	Title of Time of	10 o my, 1000	02,		
,, •	Hellenes 3 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, and France:—	3 Aug., 1863	352		156
	Conditions of				
"	Peace with Russia	8 Aug., 1854	250	. —	1210
,, .	,, Alliance 3 Powers. Great Britain,	2 Dec., 1854	252	_	122
	France, and Sar- dinia and Turkey. Evacuation of Tur-	13 May, 1856	273	_	128
,	4 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia. Peace	25 2225, 2500			
	with France	30 May, 1814	1	_	:

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Powers of Europe	4 Powers. And France. Paris Conferences.				
	Territorial Arrange- ments of Europe	July-Nov.,	49	_	41.
,,		31 May, 1815	22	_	17:
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, Defence of Ger- many, &c	3 Nov., 1815	38	_	320
,,	Tomica Talamia	5 Nov., 1815	39		33
,,		20 Nov., 1815	40	_	34:
,,		1	-		
••	niary Indemnity	20 Nov., 1815	41		35
,,	France	20 Nov., 1815	42	_	356
,,	.] ,, Alliance	20 Nov., 1815	44	-	373
» ·	. , Private Claims	90 Non 1916			9-6
,,	on France, Geneva, Savoy,	20 Nov., 1815	45		376
,,	&c	16 Mar., 1816	52	_	422
,,	,, Private Claims on France	25 April, 1818	79	_	541
» ·	1 to	20 mpru, 1010	10	_	011
	France. Pecuniary	0.04 1919	82		557
,,	Indemnity French Pecu-	9 Oct., 1818	02	_	307
	niary Indemnity	3 Nov., 1818	83		561
,,	" Ionian Islands. Parga	24 April, 1819	91		580
,,	0 3 5 1 6	Janpin, Loze	"		•••
	Baden	10 July, 1819	94		586
» ·	,, Territorial Ar- rangements of				
	Europe	20 July, 1819	95	_	589
,,	37.3 3 3 99				
	tresses	17 April, 1831	152	_	856
,,	And There	14 Dec., 1831	156		881
,,	Pacification of the				
	Levant	15 July, 1840	190	_	1008
» ·	, Protocols. Ditto	July-Sept.,			
,,	" Integrity of Otto-	1840	192		1021
,,	man Empire	23 May, 1854	248	§§ 2, 3	1212
	4 Powers. Great Britain,			,	ł
	Austria, France, and				
,,	Russia :— " Guarantee of				
,,	Saxon Provinces to				
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	17	223
	1				
	1	1			Ì
	1	İ			

Europe ,,	4 Powers. Great Britain, France, Portugal, and Spain:— "Quadruple Al- liance. Pacification of the Peninsula 4 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, France, and Prussia:—	22 April, 1834 18 Aug., 1834	171		
	"Quadruple Alliance. Pacification of the Peninsula 4 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, France, and Prussia:—				
	of the Peninsula 4 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, France, and Prussia:—				1
	Austria, France, and Prussia :—	10 Aug., 1004		. —	941
	TD		173	_	944
"	" Remonstrances with Russia	28 Mar., 1854	240		118
" ••	" Integrity of Otto- man Empire	9 April, 1854	241		119
,,	" And Turkey. Eastern Question	Mar.—June,		_	110
	4 Powers. Great Britain,	1855	258	_	123
,,	France, Russia, and Turkey:—				
,,	Boundary in Asia 5 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, France,	5 Dec., 1857	283	-	132
,,	Prussia, Russia :— ,, And Sardinia, Genoa, Geneva, &c.	20 May, 1815	19		15
,,	" 2nd Peace of Paris	20 Nov., 1815	40		34
"	" Swiss Neutrality, &c	20 Nov., 1815	43		370
"	" Union	4 Nov., 1818	84	=	56
1	77 31 . 6 773 . 6 . 41	12 Nov., 1818	86	_	56
" …	" Toll of Elsfleth " Union	14 Nov., 1818	87	_	57
,,	" Union " Precedence of	15 Nov., 1818	88		57
,,	Ministers Resident	21 Nov., 1818	89	-	57
,,	niary Indemnity, Resolutions.	2 Feb., 1819	90	-	57
	Slave Trade, Verona	28 Nov., 1822	113	_	69
,,	Separation of Belgium and Holland	15 Nov., 1831	153		85
25	" And Nether- lands. Ditto	19 April, 1839	133	_	
" ·	" And Belgium.				87
"	" Pacification of Levant	19 April, 1839	185		99
,,	" And Turkey. Dardanelles and	27 July, 1839	_	Note	100
	Bosphorus	13 July, 1841	198		102
1	2301				İ

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Powers of		5 Powers. And Switzerland, Neufchatel and Va-				
Europe	l	lengin	26 May, 1857	281	-	1310
**		Montenegro	17 April, 1960	316	_	1437
"		" And Turkey. Pacification of Syria	5 Sep., 1860	323	_	145
•		Ionian Islanda	19 Mar., 1861	331		190
**	"	and Greece	1 Aug., 1863 14 Nov., 1863	350 355	_	1559 1569
,,	••	"Conferences. Ditto	Jan.—Mar.,	359		160
			1864	1 [j
		5 Powers. Great Britain, Austria, France,	}			ŀ
	1	Russis, and Tur-		1 1		
		key : Bessarabian				1
**	•••	Frontier	11 April, 1857	280	_	131
		6 Powers. Great Britain,	• •	i I		İ
		Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, and] [1
		Spain :—	•	1 1		
**		" Reversion of	10 Tune 1917	73		52
		Parma, &c 6 Powers. Great Britain.	10 June, 1817	"	_	, u.,
		Austria, Denmark,	}	1		1
		France, Russia, and Sweden:—		}. †		1
27		" Integrity of		l 1		
		Danish Monarchy	4 July, 1850 2 Aug., 1850	222	_	113
		"	2 Aug., 1850	224		113
		6 Powers. Great Britain,				
		Austria, France, Prussia, Russia,		1 1		1
		and Sweden :				
"	••	" And Denmark 6 Powers. Great Britain,	8 May, 1852	230	_	115
		Austria, France,		1 1		
		Prussia, Russia, and		1		i
		Sardinia : Straits Conven-				1
"	•	ition	30 Mar., 1856	265	-	126
		6 Powers. Great Britain, Austria. France.		1		1
	ļ	Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, and				1
		Turkey :				
"	••	" Montenegzin Boundary	8 Nov., 1858	288		1353
>>		" Pacification of				
	- 1	S yria	3 Aug., 1860	331 381	_	145
	- 1	,;	19 Mar., 1861	301	_	1300

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Powers of	7 Powers. Great Britain.				
Europe	Austria, France,				
	Prussia, Russia,				
	Sardinia, and Tur- key:—			•	
,,	" Peace of Paris.				İ
	Close of Crimean	00.35 1070	004		1050
	War	30 Mar., 1856	264	_	1250
» · ·	Peace with Russia	Feb.—April,			1
	2 0000 1100 1200	1856	268		1274
,, ••	,, Mediation	14 April, 1856	269	_	1277
,,	,, Bessarabian	_			
	Frontier, &c	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1298
	Tuna Dania	19 June, 1857	282		1320
"	" Turco-Russian Boundary in Asia	28 April, 1858	284	_	1325
,,	" United Princi-	20 Mprii, 1000	201		1020
,,	palities	MayAug.,	1 1		İ
	_	1858	285		1327
	,,	19 Aug., 1858	286	_	1329
	,,	April—Sept.,	299		1376
		1859 6 Sep., 1859	300	_	1377
,,	" Servia	4 Sep., 1862	338		1515
,, · · ·	" Great Britain,	- map., 2002	555		
	Austria, France,	1	1 . 1		
	Italy, Prussia,	İ	'		1
	Russia, and Tur-		1 1		
,,	" United Princi-		1 1		1
,,	palities	28 June, 1864	364	·	1620
	, ,	Mar.—June,			
		1866	375		1650
"	,, Relations. Greece		410		1864
	and Turkey	20 Jan., 1869 Jan., Feb.,	416		1004
	,,	1869	417	_	1868
	" Great Britain,				
	Austria, France,	İ	1 1		
	Germany (North),	ł	1		
	Italy, Bussia, and				
99 • •	Turkey :— " Inviolability of				1
,, ••	Treaties	17 Jan., 1871	438		1904
,,	" Revision of		1		
	Treaty of 30th Mar.,		[]	•	1
	1856. Black Sea	10 Mar. 10**	400		1010
	and Danube 8 Powers. Great Britain,	13 Mar., 1871	439	_	1919
	Austria, France,	l			
	Portugal, Prussia,				1
	Russia, Spain, and	1			
	Sweden :		1		ì

Name of Country, Plac &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Powers of		8 Powers. 1st Peace of				
Europe		Paris Slave Trade	30 May, 1814 8 Feb., 1815	1 7	_	60
**	• •	Diplomatic Dec	o Feb., 1019	•		
**	••	codence	19 Mar., 1815	8		62
••		" Swiss Neutrality	20 Mar., 1815	9	- '	64
••	• •	Cessions by Sar-			4	
		dinia to Geneva	29 Mar., 1815	10	-	70
**	••	" Vienna Congress Treaty	9 June, 1815	27		208
	••	V O	3 9 tile, 1010		_	200
,,	•••	ences	1814—1815	30		286
		8 Powers. Great Britain,				
		Austria, Bolgium,	}			
		France, Italy, Ne-	!			
		therlands, Prussia, and Russia:—				
,,	••	" Luxemburg and				
**	•	"Limburg	11 May, 1867	405	_	1801
Powids	• •	Town. Prussian Bound-	•			
		ary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Pra del Gag	rio j	Locality. Italy and Swit-	F O-4 1001	900	_	1 400
		zerland. Boundary Treaty of Peace. Austria	5 Oct., 1861	833	5	1486
Prague	••	and Prussia	23 Aug., 1866	388	_	1720
Praunheim		Commune. Part ceded	20 Mag., 1000	•••		1,20
		by Hesse-Darmstadt	i			
		to Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816		2	455
		**	30 June, 1816		4	460
		27	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 95	4 25	473 603
Pravadi		Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	315
Preamble	•••	Of Treaties. Name of	1120101, 2000	2.0	_	0.0
		Power inserted but	;			
		signature not at-	ł			
		tached:—	0 Tues 1015	OP7		074
?recedence	• •	" Spain See Diplomatic Precedence.	9 June, 1815	27	_	274
Presburg	••	TOUR AND PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY AND T				
	•	Annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	23
,,		" Referred to	9 June, 1815	27	93	262
**	• •	~	24 Dec., 1820	106	_	662
Presidii	••	State of the. United to	0 T 1015	07	100 6 1	000
Prevesa		Tuscany	9 June, 1815	27	100, § 1	266
LIGAGON	••	sion	24 April, 1819	91	_	580
,,		Port. Passage of Greek	,			
•		Vessels through			_	
		Gulf of Arta	21 July, 1832	161	6	906
Prince Prim		Maintenance of	9 June, 1815 1393—1802	27	45 Note	239 1327
Princip aliti e	5. .	Capitulations, &c Moldavia and Wallachia.	1070-1002		74008	105/
23	••	Proposed Union	Feb.—April,			
			1856	268		1274

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Principalities .	Consular Jurisdiction.				
,,	Proposed Abolition. Conferences. Paris. United. Suzerainty of Sultan. Privileges.	16 Aug., 1858	285	_	1328
•	Treaty. Tribute. Hospodars. Euro-	10 4 1050	202		
,, ••	pean Guarantee, &c., Organization. Conferences. (7 Powers.)	19 Aug., 1858	286	1	1332
,, ••	Paris. Double Election of Prince	May—Aug., 1858	285	-	1327
,,	Couza as Hospodar	Jan.—Feb., 1859	_	Note	1385
,, ••	" Conferences. (7 Powers.) Paris	April—Sept., 1859	299	_	1376
. ,,	" Recognition of ditto by Porte and				1976
	Treaty Powers Conventual Property	6 Sept., 1859	300	_	1877
y,	See also Moldavia, Wal-	6 Sept., 1859	300	_	1378
	lachia, and Servia. Firman of Sultan. Ad-	-			
	ministrative and Legislative Organi-				
,, ••	Title of "Roumania" assumed by Principalities under Prince	6 Dec., 1861	334	-	1498
,,	Couza as Prince Alexander John I Elections, &c. Additional	23 Dec., 1861	_	Note	1498
	Act. Porte and Prince Couza	90 Tune 1004	363		
» ••	, Adherence of 7 Powers to ditto	20 June, 1864 28 June, 1864	364		1613 1620
n ··	Question of Union and Election of a Foreign Prince, &c. Con-	20 0 4110, 100 2	002		1020
	ferences. (7 Powers.) Paris	Mar.—June, 1866	875	_	1650
33 ••	Investiture of Prince Charles of Hohen- zollern. Treaties with Foreign Powers. Army. Coinage.				
	Decorations. Tri- bute, &c. Firman	28 Oct., 1866	399	 Note	1783 1786
,,	" Assent of Treaty	1		2,000	1/00
•	Powers	29 Jan., 1867	-	Note	1786

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1	!	:
Name of			Date of Treaty	No. of	1	. B
Country, Place &c.	в,	Subject.	other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	Page
				: 	<u> </u>	
Prisoners of		Debts, &c	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Arts. 2, 3	21
War		•	90 No. 1915	40	10	349
**	••	_ , "	20 Nov., 1815	40	7.5	995
27	••	Exchange	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Arts. 2, 3	21
	i		-0 N 1015	40	10	349
**	••	"	20 Nov., 1815	46	17	409
**	••	33	20 Nov., 1815	145	13	822
**	•••	"	14 Sept., 1829 27 April, 1835	176	16	956
,,	•••	· "		247	10	210
99	•••	>1	10 May, 1854 30 May, 1854	264	6	1254
33	• • •	"	22 Aug., 1866	387	16	1715
**	•••	"	23 Aug., 1866	888	3	1721
**	•••	n	3 Sept., 1866	389	§ 7	1739
**	••	"	3 Oct., 1866	392	3 2	1750
22	••	3)	21 Oct., 1866	398	19	1778
39	••	,,	28 Jan., 1871	434	14	1905
**	•••	"	26 Feb., 1871	438	6	1916
34	••	**	10 May, 1871	446	10	1959
29	••	Expenses	30 May, 1814	1	∆dd.	
27	•••	mapensos	00 may, 2022	_	Arts. 2, 3	21
			14 Sept., 1829	145	14	823
**	••	,,	10 May, 1854	247	3	1211
**	••	Trial of Political	27 April, 1835	176	6	957
,, Privateering	• • • •	Abolished. Declaration.		1		
T 114 0 4441 1770		(Paris)	16 April, 1856	271		1282
		See also Maritime Law.		ĺ		
Prince	•••	And Captures, &c. Great	1	ļ	:	
	•••	Britain and France.	•	1	1 :	
		War with Russia	10 May, 1854	246		1207
,,		Trophies and Booty	10 July, 1855	26 0		1237
"		Paris Conferences	2 April, 1856	268	1 —	1276
"		And Prize Courts	10 Nov., 1859	301	3	1382
»		Austria, Prussia, and Den-				
•		mark	30 Oct., 1864	367	13	1630
**		France and Germany	1 0 May , 1871	446	13	1961
Probsteiselle	١	Property of Village.				
		Ceded by Prussia to		ا مما		100
		Saxe-Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	3	193
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	39	237 272
		•	1	i	118, § 7	
			00 0 101E	34	Annex 7	275 309
	• •	Manorial Revenues	22 Sept., 1815	0-9		303
Property	••	Sequestered. Restoration.	90 Tub- 1914	3	Add. Art.	36
		France and Spain	20 July, 1814	263	1	1244
**	••	Christians in Turkey	18 Feb., 1856 18 Jan., 1867		Note	1247
33 ·	••	Foreigners in Turkey	28 July, 1868		Note	1247
99	••	See also Emigration Per	, 1000			
27	••	See also Emigration. Persons and Property.				
Proma	••	River. Prussian Boun-	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
		Decesie and Due	J 5 and, 2010		-	
29	••	sia. Boundary	13 Dec., 1836	180		964
		man roundary				
		l '	l i		ı	

Name o Country, Pl &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Protests	••	France. Against Treaty of Unkiar-Skelessi be-	,			
		tween Russia and				
		Turkey, 1833	1 0 /	-	Note	928
17	• •	" Against Union of Cracow with Austria		204	_	1073
31	* *	Frankfort. Against An-			37.4	
		nexation to Prussia German Diet. Against		-	Note	1741
11	• •	Dissolution of Ger-				
•		manic Confederation	14 T 1000	_	Note	1722
. 29		by Prussia Great Britain. Principles o		-	MOLE	1122
. "		Congress of Laybach	. 1	705		
		Affairs of Naples		107		664
	••	Proceedings in Po-		1		
		land	23 Nov., 1831 3 July, 1832	155 160	_	875 900
,21 12	••	" Against Treaty of		100		000
		Unkiar-Skelessi be-				
•		tween Russia and Turkey, 1838			_	928
11	٠.	" Against Union				
		of Cracow with Aus-	1 99 37 1040	203	_	Dion
21	••	" Against Austrian	ı			
		Invasion of Sardinia		297		1870
32	•••	" Against Armed Intervention of Aus-				
		tria, France, Prussia,				
		and Russia. Affairs of Spain. Verona		! _	Note	1579
**	••	, Against Annexa-	. 1			
	į	tion of Danish Du- shies to Prussia	1-40 4	872	_	1645
17	**	Hanover. Against An-				
		nexation to Prussia , Against seques-		891	_	1742
77	••	tration of Private	.}			
		Property of King		418		1870
4-	••	George Modena. Against Annexa-		310	_	1010
13		tion to Sardinia	22 Mar., 186 0	810	_	INTH
**	**	" Against Title of King of Italy	I tarran Anna			
			1861	—	Note	1468
29	••	Montenegro. Against			Note	1438
,,		Turkish Sovereignty Parms. Against Annexa-			21000	
••	1	tion to Sardinia	28 Mar., 1860	314	_	1432
##	**	" Against Title of King of Italy ".	I hara Alam			
			1861		Note	1 000
			1861		Tiote	1.1

Kame Country, P		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Prussia	••	Cessions by, to Bayaria	. 8ce '	1		•
		Bavaria.	4 Tune 1915	97	,	195
**	••	" to Denmark " to France.	4 June, 1815 Sec-	25	_	135
**	••	France.	bee			
,,		" to Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	1	174
•		1)	9 June, 1815	27	27 118, § 6 Annex 6	231 272 275
**	••	" to Herre-Cae	sel 16 Oct., 1815	37	7 18	324 325
,,		to Hesse-Da	ırm-			
		stadt	' 3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1731
#	••	,, to Hesse-Rot		07		202
		burg	16 Oct., 1815 17 May, 1850	37 220	3 3	323 1126
**	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	., to Lippe ., to Mecklenb		220		1150
••	••	Strelitz	18 Sept., 1816	61	1	479
,,	••	" to Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	2	184
,,	••	" to Saxe-Cobu	rg 20 July, 1819	95	13	597
				1	28	604
"	••	" to Saxe-Wei			1, 2, 3	193 272
	. 1	27	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 7 Annex 7	275
	•		22 Sept., 1815	34	1	306
**	••	" to Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15-23	
	,	•	\	!	118, § 4	272
	'			i	Annex 4	275
27	••	,, to Schwartzb Rudolstadt	urg- 19 June, 1816	55	2	449
		to Mahamantah		55	-	730
,,	• • •	Sondershausen	15 June, 1816	54	2	445
**	•••	Cessions to, by Austria.		1	1	
	- 1	Austria.	_			
"	••1	by Bavaria.	See	ļ		
	i	Bavaria. ,, by Denmark	4 June, 1815	25		195
"		h- F	See See	20		100
39		France.			,	
99	••	" by Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	4	175
		**	9 June, 1815	27	24	224
				i	29	232
			į		118, § 6	272 275
		" by Hessel-Or	seel 16 Oct., 1815	37	2	322
"		,, oj 110001 o	10 June, 1815	28	1,4	279
")	" by Hesse-De		}		
•	i	stadt	30 June, 1816	58	1,2	459
), 1 - TT-1 1	3 Sept., 1866		14	1733
27	•••	" by Hohenzo		217	1,2	1116
**	•••	,, by Lippe. L	17 May, 1850	220	. 1	1125
**	!	" by Mecklenb	urg-	•	-	
		Strelitz	21 May, 1819	92	1	582
27	!	" by Nassau	31 May, 1815	23	1 1	184
			010			

Name o Country, P &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Prussia.		Consists to be Norman	0 T 1915	27	04 5 0	. 228
E. I. Walter	••	Cessions to, by Nassau	9 June, 1815	21	24, § 2 118, § 8	272
					Annex 8	275
"	••	" by Orange-Nas-	9 June, 1815	27	70, 71	253
,,	••	" by Saxe-Weimar.	0 0 tale, 1010		70,71	200
		Fulda	1 June, 1815	24	4	194
		••	9 June, 1815	27	37—40 118, § 7	236 272
					Annex 7	275
			22 Sept., 1815	34	3	308
**	••	" by Saxe-Meinin-	8 Oct., 1866	397	6	1770
,,		gen ,, by Saxony	18 May, 1815	16	2	135
		"	9 June, 1815	27	15-23	221
					118, § 4 Annex 4	272 275
		••	21 Oct., 1866	398	21	1779
,,	••	" by Schwartzburg-			_	
		Rudolstadt , by Vienna Con-	19 June, 1816	55	2	449
"	••	gress Treaty, of				
		Wetzlar to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	42	238
		Treatics since 1795 an-	3 Nov., 1815	38	2	327
90	••	nulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	25
))	••	Accession of Territory.	• .		•	
		Territorial Compen-	30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	19
			00 may, 1014	•	4	10
,,	••	Possessions on the Rhine	9 June, 1815	27	24 , 25	227
39	••	Representation and Voting at German Federal				
		Diet and General				
		Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	1	200
	l		9 June, 1815	.27	4, 6 53	201 243
		"	5 5 4.110, 2020		56	243
		A4 (C		٠, ا	58	243
"		" At Council of North German Con-				
		federation	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
**	• •	" At Council of	10 4 1 1971	444	6	1000
_		German Empire Titles to be borne by King	16 April, 1871 18 May, 1815	444 16	4	1933 136
"		",	9 June, 1815	27	16	223
>>		,, Assumed	3 Oct., 1866	393 .	-	1760
		,	3 Oct., 1866 3 Oct., 1866	394 395	_	1762 1764
		22 12	3 Oct., 1866	396	_	1766
29	•••	Guarantee by Great Bri-				
		tain, Austria, France, and Russia, of Terri-				
	1	tory ceded by Saxony				
	1	to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	17	223
		2311			7 I 2	

Name (Country, 1	of Place,	Subject.	! Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.		Page.
Pruesia		Indemnity. French Pecu				
		niary	. 3 Nov., 1815	38	1,5	327
		,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	3	445
		"	12 Mar., 1817	67	3	506
		"	17 April, 1817	69	3	513
			3 Nov., 1818	83	_	561
**	• •	Indemnities to, for Ces				
		sions to Hanover .	. 29 May, 1815	~-	21	3
		**	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 6	272
		Danking of Parish Dank		1	Annex 6	275
"	••	Portion of French Pecu	1			
		niary Indemnit				ı
		' · ·		95	38	609
		Invitation to accede to	. , , ,	٠.٠٠	90	000
11	••	Protocol of 6 Powers			l	
		Integrity of Danial				
		Monarchy	1	222		1133
,,		Treaty of Alliance with				
,,		Austria. Cases in				
		which Offensive Ad			i i	
		vances should be	9	1		
		made		244	_	1201
**		Invitation to accede to				
	- 1	Treaty between	ıj			
		Great Britain, Aus	-			
		tria, and France	1		;	
	- 1	Integrity of Otto			.	
		man Empire .	2 Dec., 1854	252		1219
		Not accepted			Note	1224
33	••	Absence from Conference				
		at Vienna during Crimean War. Re				
		gret expressed by	1			
		Allies				
			1855		Note	1224
**		Admitted to Paris Con			2102	1-04
"	**	ferences. Peace				
		1.1 95	. 28 Feb., 1856	268		1274
		**	10 Mar., 1856	268		1275
			1			
"	••	Admitted to Paris Con	-			
		ferences. Peace				
		with Russia .		268	_	1275
		27	18 Mar., 1856	268		1275
		Th. 1 41	30 Mar., 1856	261	Preamble	1253
"	••	Declaration of Was		080		
	-	against Austria .	. 14 June, 1866	376	_	1652
		Declaration." Invasion of	18 June, 18 6 6	380	_	1693
"	• • •	Hanover, Hesso				
		Cassel, and Samony		378	!	1686
		Cimeci, unia initatily	12 a mic. 1000	910		1020

Name of Country, Pla- &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Prussia		Comprised within North				
		German Confedera-	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
;,	••	Comprised within German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	1930
"	••	Presidency of North Ger- man Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	11	1812
**	••	., of German Confederation	16 April, 1871	444	11	1935
,,		King. German Emperor	16 April, 1871	444	11	1235
,,	••	T	25 April, 1818	79	7	545 54 6
ruth		Boundary	10 July, 1829	143	P rea mble	810
"	••	Russia and Turkey. Boundary	28 May, 1812	_ }	A ppendi x	
	i	,,	14 Sep., 1829	145	3	815
		"	30 Mar., 1856	264	20	1259
	1	"	6 Jan., 1857	276	_	1297
	i	"	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1299
	- 1	,,	11 April, 1857	280	1	1314
,,	!	River. Navigation	15 Dec., 1866	401	_	1789
"	!	" Regulations		436	-	1909
Przybranow	а	Given to Prussia		27	2	217
Praybyslaw		Village. Prussian Boun-				\
	•	dary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Public Law		Of Europe :—		-:	1	1
,,		Admission of Sardinia to		l	1	
"	•••	Paris Conferences	Feb.—April,	268	_	1274
			1856		i .	-050
			30 Mar., 1856	264	l —	1250
		Turkey admitted into			1	1
**		European System	28 Feb., 1856	268	2	1274
		mu oposii oj stem	30 Mar., 1856		7	1254
		Danube Navigation	30 Mar., 1856		15	1256
Public Work		France	30 May, 1814		30	17
Publinge		Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816		1	424
	1		20 July, 1819		41	611
Punta	!	Fort. Secured to Tur-		1	1	904
	į	Port. Passage of Greek	21 July, 1832	F 101	-	1
"			1	1		1
	- 1	Vessels through Gulf of Arta	21 July 100	2 161	6	906
Duracede	ı		21 July, 183	2 101	.	1
Puycerda	••	Territory. France and	96 Man 100	6 378	20	164
	- 1	Spain. Boundary	26 May, 186	00 575	' ~	1
"	••	Canal. France and Spain.	11 Tul- 100	30 411		184
D	- 1	Boundary	11 July, 186	38 411	·	I
Pyrenees	•• [France and Spain.	90 35 10	٠ ا ٠	ı 3, §	8
	- 1	Boundary	30 May, 18			1 129
			2 Dec., 18			nble 129
	1	Basses. Department. Ditto	2 Dec., 18	56 27		
"		Duosco. Dopus	1	i		12

Name of Country, Place, &c.	hubject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Pyrenees .	Orientales. Department. France and Spain. Boundary	26 Mar., 1866 11 July, 1868		1 '	1647 1844
Pyrmont .	Principality." Administra- tion transferred to Prussia. Ecclesiasti- cal Affairs reserved	1			
	to the Prince	18 July, 1867	408	_	1829
Quadruple .	Alliance. Austria, Great Britain, Prussia, and Russia against Bona- parto , Great Britain,	1	_	Appendix	
	France, Portugal, and Spain. Pacification of the Peninsula	22 April, 1834 18 Aug., 1834		_	941 949
Quedlinburg .	Town and Territory restored to Prussia			23	226
	River. French Boundary Secured to France. French	30 May, 1814	27	3, § 5	5
0	Boundary Bavaria and France.	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5	5
Querselle .	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866 30 May, 1814	387	3, § 4	1717 5
Quiévrain .	France and Netherlands.		1	-, 3 -	
	Boundary	100 35 1014	. 1	3	4
	,,	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
	"	8 Nov., 1816	61	1	487
	,,	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
	•,	12 Mar., 1817	67	1	505
	,,	17 April, 1817	69	1	512
	••	20 July, 1819	95	34	606
Quintuple .	1 •		;		
	Austria, France,		•	1	
	Prussia, and Russia,				
	and Belgium	15 Nov., 1881		_	858
	"	19 April, 1839		—	996
*			183		979
	" Referred to) U'	427		1886
	"	11 Aug., 1870	428		1889
Rabelin .	. Road to Meix-Baillot. France and Neuf-				
	chatel. Boundary	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Rabensteinber			ļ	_	1717
Radewitz .	Bailiwick. Secured to				
	Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	222

Name of	Cnhiast	Date of Treaty	No. of	Art.	Page.
Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	or other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	rage.
			-	<u> </u>	
Radgevena	Servian Administration	Dec., 1833	. 169		930
Radly	And Wendzin. Canal.	·		53	
Ragusa	Closing of	4 Mar., 1835	175	51	955
Railways	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	91, § 3	268
_	" France and Germany.				
"	" Prussia and Hesse-		ı		l 1
,,	Darmstadt.		! ! !		
,,	" Prussia and Saxony.				
,,	,, Treaties of Peace.				
Rammel-bach	Hanover and Netherlands.	0 T.l. 1001	101	10—13	716
200000001200	Boundary Rivulet. France and	2 July, 1824	121	10—13	110
Rançonnière	Neufchatel. Boun-		İ		
	dary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 6	(
	• "	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	719
					720
Ranrupt	Commune. France and				
	Germany. Boun-	00 F-L 1071	490	7	1019
3a 1aa T aa-	dary Commune. France and	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Raon-les-Leau	Germany. Boun-				
	dary	12 Oct., 1871	447	10	1964
Raon-sur-Plain	Commune. France and	22 000, 20, 2	•		
	Germany. Boun-				
	dary · · ·	12 Oct., 1871	447	10	1964
Raour	River. France and Spain.		433		704
	Boundary	11 Јшу, 1868	411		1844
Rastadt	Fortress. Disposal of War	6 July, 1869	420		1876
Ratibor	Material Offered to Hesse-Rothen-	о ишу, 1009	120		1010
	burg as Indemnifica-				
	tion	4 Mar., 1816	51	6	419
,, ••	Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to	ĺ			
"	Hesse-Rothenburg		100	2, 3	628
	,, .	10 May, 1820	101	2, 3	630
	,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10 May, 1820	102	2, 3 10	632 634
	Title of Duchy			121	278
Estincations	Of Vienna Congress Treaty	o vane, 1010		121	276
	Of Elbe Navigation Con-				_,
,,	vention	23 June, 1821	110	 .	686
,,	Of Danube Works Loan				
	Convention at Galatz	30 April, 1868	410	Note	1843
,,	_				
	rangement to have		i l		
	same force as a Rati-	91 Tl. 1999	161	8	908
	cation Offered to Hesse-Rothen-	zi July, 1882	TOT	0	<i>5</i> 00
	Oneled to tiesse-worden-	1	!	ŀ	l
Rauden	home se Indomnia-		ļ	}	
Rauden	burg as Indemnifi-	4 Mar., 1816	51	6	419

Name of Country Pl. co	·	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Rauden		Codel by Hosse-Cassel to	,			,
		Hesse-Rothenburg		100	2	628
	ļ	11	10 May, 1820	101	2	63 0
		71	10 May, 1820	102	2, 3	632
***		Title of Duchy	10 May, 1820	103	10	634
Ravenna	••	Legation. Restored to Holy See	9 June, 1815	27	103	900
			-	308	105	268 1416
••		,, Protest of Pope	24 Mar., 1860	311		1422
Ravensburg		County. Restored to	21 2221, 1000			
_			9 June, 1815	27	23	227
Razüns		Lordship. Restored to				
		Canton of Grisons	9 June, 1815	27	7 8	256
Reckeberg	••	Bailiwick. Ceded by				
		Hanover to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	175
		19	9 June, 1815	27	29 , § 5	233
	J		i		118, § 6	272
Recken	j	Commune. France and	! !		Annex 6	275
proparent		Netherlands. Boun-			,	•
			28 Mar., 1820	99	7	624
Recklings-		County. Relations with			•	024
hausen	- 1	Prussia		27	43	239
Red Cross			22 Aug., 1864	865		1621
••		Accessions	1864—1874	1		1626
91			18 Feb., 1865	_	=	1634
		Additional Acticles	20 Oct., 1868	413		1853
Bedersdorf	••	District. Ceded by Prus-	1000 . 1017			
Redingen	1	sia to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7 c	307
menting en	••	France and Germany.	10 War 1971	146	1	1055
Redout		Boundary Kalè. See Black Sea,	10 May, 1071	446		1955
		East Coast.				
Redwitz	1	Bailiwick. To be ceded		Į.		
	1	by Austria to Ba-				
	- 1	varia	3 June, 1814	2	4	31
> *	••	,, Bavarian Indem-	1			
	ĺ	nity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex	334
					2 B	
••	••	" Ceded by Aus-				
	ŀ	tria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2 2	437
Regency	.	Of Queen Amelia during	¹ 20 July, 1819	95	Z	592
	.	minority of Succes-			ļ	
		sor to Crown of	1	İ		
	ļ	Grecce	20 Nov., 1852	231	2	1157
Reggio		Duchy. Sovereignty of	1		-	
	1	Archduke Francis	,	1		
		D'Este	9 June, 1815	27	98	265
••	••	Austrian Rights of		-		
		Reversion and Suc-	0.7		22	
		Cossion	9 June, 1815	27	98	265
,,		" United to Sardinia " Protest of Pope	18 Mar., 1860	308		1416
,,	••;	" Frotest of Pope	24 Mar., 1860	311	. –	1422
	•		•	•	j.	l

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Reichelsheim.	Bailiwick and Locality.				
	Ceded by Prussia to				
	Hesse-Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15, § 3	173
Reichenbach .		,,,,,,,		10, 30	170
	and Prussia	14 June, 1813		Appendix	
,, •	noformed to	29 May, 1815	21	Preamble	17
,,	Dailimiah Cadadha II.			_ 100000	
	Darmstadt to Hesse-				
	Cassel	29 June, 1815	57	2	45
	,,	30 June, 1815	58	4	46
	,,	30 June, 1815	5 9	4	47
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	25	6 0
eichenhall .					
	Bavaria. Boundary.	14 April, 1816	53	19	44
	,,	30 Sept., 1818	81	ī	55
Leichweiler .	(In Canton of Cousel.)			_	
	Commune. Ceded			ĺ	
	by Austria to Prus-				
	sia	1 July, 1816	6 0	Preamble	47
,,	Excepted from Austrian				
	cessions to Bavaria	20 July, 1819	95	2	59
**	Ceded to Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
leichweiler .	(In Canton of St. Wendel.)				
	Commune. Ceded	}			
	to Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	60
,,	Translat form	,			
	cessions to Saxe-	1			
	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
leifferschied.	Ceded by Prussia to Meck-	1			
	lenburg-Strelitz	18 Sept., 1816	61	1	47
	1			Annex	48
,,	Renunciation by Mecklen-				
	burg - Strelitz in				
	favour of Prussia of	·			
	Territory in	21 May, 1819	92	1	58
teignier .	Canton. Part secured to				
_	France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	
Reinach .					
	Basle	9 June, 1815	27	76	25
teiningen .					
lejsa-Gora .					
	Sweden. Limits	14 May, 1826	130	2	74
lejsa-Oive .	Mountain. Russia and				, ,
	Sweden. Limits	14 May, 1826	130	2	74
teligion .		10 May, 1871	446	2 6	195
,,	Austria and Bavaria. Re-				
	ligious Foundations	14 April, 1816	53	15	44
,, •	Belgic Provinces	21 July, 1814	4	2	3
,,	I Ob - blair Thank or	29 Mar., 1815	10	3, § 1	7
		1		3, § 7	7
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 12	27
	l			Annex 12	1 .
	,,	16 Mar., 1816	52	12	42
,,	Cracow	3 May, 1815	15	1	12
	. Geneva	29 Mar., 1815			7

Name of Country, Place &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
			·		<u> </u>
Religion	In States ceded by Sar-	- T - 1	1		1
	dinia	20 May, 1815	19	Annex BB, 3	164
	••	9 June, 1815	1	118, § 12 Annex 12	273 275
) }-	16 Mar., 1816	52	12	429
37	. Germanic Confederation.		1		205
	Christian Rights in		26	16	205
	**	9 June, 1815	27	59	247
	Greece"	15 May, 1820 4 April, 1826	104 129	13 2	643 742
**		21 Feb., 1833	165		918
	"	20 Nov., 1852	1	1	1157
	Hanover and Oldenburg		66	34	502
27 23	Holy Alliance between	1			
,,	Austria, Prussia,		!	1	
	and Russia		36	1 1	318
>>	Ionian Islands			5	1572
	·	29 Mar., 1864	; 357	4	1593
"	Luxemburg. Prussian	0 N 1010			400
	Garrison	8 Nov., 1816		111	493
**	Mayence	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	58 59	14	464 473
	Prussia and Saxony. Pro-	•	00	7.3	260
))	perty of Religious		1	1	
	Establishments	35 35 300	1 16	16	141
	"	9 June, 1815	. 27	21	225
	<i>"</i>		1	118, § 4	272
			1	Annex 4	
>>		14 May, 1826	130	6	746
**	Savoy. See Chablais.				•
>>	. Servia		131	Annex 2	758
	,,	1 Oct., 1829	146		833
	Turkey. Christian subjects	Oct., 1830 8 Aug., 1854		-	843
>>		28 Dec., 1854		§ 4 § 4	1218 1 226
	"	29 Mar., 1865	258	3 -	1233
)	18 Feb., 1856	263	_	1244
	,,	30 Mar., 1856	264	9	1255
,,	Turkish Troops in British		Ì.	1 1	
	Service		257	5	1231
"	United Principalities	19 Aug., 1858	286	46	1344
	, Conventual Propert	7 I A 7			1378
Remeldorf	Given to France Commune. Given to	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
Remesweiler	Same Cahana	90 Tal- 1990	95	19	507
	Saxe-Coourg	av vuj, ross	90	13 28	597 604
Remssia	Village. Ceded by Prus-		İ		001
	sia to Saxe-Weimar		24	3	193
7)	•• ,,	9 June, 1815	27	39	237
••				118, § 7	272
				Annex 7	275
	2 2	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 1	306
Rendsburg	Fortress. Proposed Ger-		000	_	9.000
	man Federal	14 Aug., 1865	370	1 3 (1639

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Rendsburg .	Fortress. Austrian and Prussian right of	 		_	
,,	Garrison Military Road to Ham-	14 Aug., 1865	, 370	3	1639
"	burg	14 Aug., 1865	370 370	5	1640 1640
Réně	Quay. Navigation of the Danube	07 7 1 1040	· 	3	1018
Reppe	Village. France and Germany. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add.Art.	1963
Reuss	Saxon Inclosures in, ceded	0.7 1015	 - 07	15	ဂဂ္ဂ
	to Prussia Part given to Oldenburg [Greitz and Schleitz.] Representation and Voting in German	9 June, 1815 20 July, 1819	27 95	15 27	223 603
•	Federal Diet and General Assembly ,	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 16 58	201 244 246
,,	North German Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
,,	Ditto. At Council of German Empire Comprised within North	16 April, 1871	444	6	1934
•	German Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
		16 April, 1871	444	7	1931
	Private Claims on France Part given to Prussia and part to Oldenburg	_	1	13	548 598
Rheda	Lordship. Relations with			27	6 04
Rheina	Prussia		27 21	43 6	239 176
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	31, § 3 118, § 6 Annex 6	234 272 275
Rheina-Wol- beck	Bailiwick. Relations with Hanover	29 May, 1815	21	10	177
	**	9 June, 1815	27	27, § 4 32 118, § 6 Annex 6	232 235 272 275
Rhein	Und Wildgrafen. Relations of Counts with				
Rhine	Prussia River. Navigation, &c	9 June, 1815 30 May, 1814	1	43 5	239
	31	Mar., 1815 8 June, 1815	11 26	<u>-</u>	78 204

Name of Country, Pi &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Rhine	••	River. Navigation, &c	9 June, 1815	27	111 117 118, § 16 Annex 16	
		<u>.</u>	31 Mar., 1831	151	- I	848
)	1832—1840	_	Note	855
		, ,	17 Oct., 1868	412		1847
» ;	• •	, Neutrality du-	•))	
		ring War	Mar. , 1815	11	26	86
		72	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 16	273
		71) 0			Annex 16	276
**	••	" Islands. Pro-	90 Mars 1014	,	0.00	
	,	perty of	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5	6
		"	20 Nov., 1815 30 Jan., 1827	40 134	1, § 2	345
		•	5 April, 1840	189		764 1006
	Ì	,, Dues abolished	17 Aug., 1866	386	9	1709
,,	••	•	22 Aug., 1866	387	10	1714
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3 Sept., 1866	389	12	1732
,,	••	And Scheldt. Navigation of Intermediate	,			-,
	•	Channels	15 Nov., 1831	153	9,	864
	1	77	19 April, 1839	183	9, § 5	987
		**	19 April, 1839	184	9	994
•	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	", Fishing to	19 April, 1839	185	Annex '	998
**	••	,, Fishing, &c. Baden and Switzer- land	31 Oct., 1854	251	2	1916
	į	Bavaria and France.	or Oct., 1604	201	. .	1219
••	••		20 July, 1819	95	5 ,	593
	!	19	5 July, 1825	124	2	728
,,		Baden and Switzerland.	i — j, 1919		_	• •
,,		Boundary	31 Oct., 1854	251	1	1220
,,	• •	Netherlands. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	66	250
1>	••,	France and Germany.			'	
	;	Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5 Sep. A rt.	6
	í		90 Xam 1015	40	4	19
*)	••	Left Bank. Occupation of	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 2	345
	1	Territories by Austrian and Bavarian		;		
,,		Troops	3 June, 1814	2	3	31
,,	1	tories	30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	19
"	••;	, Prussian Posses-	_	!	4	
		sions	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
**	••!		9 June, 1815	27	51	040
	į		3 Nov., 1815	38	3	242 200
		" Bavarian Indem-	J 1101., 1010	90	o	328
**	••!	nities	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex	334
))	• • •	Cessions by Aus-	İ		2 A	
,,		tria to Bavaria	14April, 1816	53	2	436
	!	"	20 July, 1819	96	2	592

Name of Country, Pla- &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Rhine		Left Bank. Cessions to		i •		
		Hesse-Darmstadt	10 June, 1815	28	2	279
		,,	3 Nov., 1815	38	8	331
**	• •	,, Cessions to Prus-				
		810	3 Nov., 1815	38		333
"	• •	" Military Road to	14 4 1 1014	53	5	400
		Bavarian Possessions Right Bank. Prussian	; 14 Aprii, 1014	00	٥	438
"	• •	Possessions	9 June, 1815	27 .	24	227
"	• •	" Bavarian Indem-	,			
		nities	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex	334
					2 B	
))	• •	" Cessions by	14 4 - 1 1010	53		400
_		Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	95	2 2	436 592
	•	Ancient Palatinate of, pro-	20 0 thy, 1010	30		032
))	• • •	posed cession to Ba				
		varia	3 June, 1814	2	6, § 2	32
**	• •	Circle of. Bavaria and	-			
		France. Boundary		124	Preamble	
		See also Lower Rhine and	9 Dec., 1825	126	1	736
"	• •	Upper Rhine, De-				
	,	partments.				
Rhön	• •	Mountains. Bavaria and] 		
,	,	Prussia. Boundary.	22 Aug., 1866	367	_	1716
Rhone	• •	Canal to the Rhine. France	_			
		and Germany. Boun-	10 May 1971	AAR	•	1055
		dary	10 May, 1871 10 May, 1871	446 446	1 5	1955 1957
>>	• •	,,	11 Dec., 1871	449	14	1970
,,	• •	River. Geneva Boundary		10	1	70
		"	20 May, 1815	19	Annex	164
		i	0 T 1015	07	BB, I	~
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	80 118, § 12	257 273
					Annex 12	275 275
		>>	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	429
_		,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	61 0
"	• •	Swiss Neutrality	3 Nov., 1815	38	4	328
Diba		District S. Tastland	20 Nov., 1815	40	3	347
Ribe	• •	District. See Jutland. Parish. Denmark and				
"	• •	Schleswig. Boundary	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	11633
Rico	• •	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1052
			•		9	1056
		Sovereignty of Modena	9 Dec., 1847	208	2	1085
Liddagsha u	sen	Brunswick and Hanover.	94 Tuma 1994	190	Q1 94	711
Ried		Boundary Treaty. Austria and	24 June, 1824	120	31—34	711
	• •	Prussia	8 Oct., 1813		Appendix	
))	• •	" Referred to	3 June, 1814	2	Preamble	29
	_	,,	-		1	30
"	• •	29	14 April, 1816	53	4	437
		,	20 July, 1819	95	7	594

Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bilchingen	• •	Hamlet. France and Prussia. District of		I	ļ į	· ·
			11 June, 1827	135		767
	1		28 Oct., 1829		i —	840
Rimburg	•••	Commune. Netherlands	•	į.	: 	
		and Prussia. Boun-		1	•)
		dary.	11 Dec. 1868	415	1	1862
Ringleben	••	Village (of Saxe-Weimer).			}	•
	!	Exchanged for Näda		34	4	308
	i	Will I and solled be	22 Sep., 1815	. 34	, 	303
**	••	Prussia to Schwartz-		· 1	'	
	i	burg-Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816	55	2, § 3	450
Rintsenberg	i	Prussian Boundary			25	229
Rittberg		County. Relations with				
		Prussia		27	43	239
Ritzing		_ · ·	23 Oct., 1829		_ :	838
Rivers, &c.			30 May, 1814	. 1	5	8
"	•• •	Regulations. Vienna Con-	36 4046		!	
	i	gress.	i -	11		75
**	••	" Confirmation of	9 June, 1815	27	117	272
	,	ditto	деше, 1010	. 41	118, § 16	273
			i !		Annex 16	
		Neutrality during War	Mar., 1815	11	26	86
**	••		9 June, 1815		118, § 16	_
	1	,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Annex 16	_
,,	• •	Rivers crossing different	•	İ	,	
•		States	9 June, 1815	27	108	269
77	• •	Freedom of Navigation	9 June, 1815		109	270
**	••	Collection of Dues	9 June, 1815	27	110	270
99	• •	Regulation of Tariff	9 June, 1815	· 27	111	270
"	••	Offices for Collection of	0 Tuna 1015	27	110	270
	ļ	Dues Towing Paths	9 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	27	112 113	271
**		Store House, Port, and	•	2.,		2/ L
"		Forced Harbour Dues	9 June, 1815	27	114	271
	i	Custom Houses	9 June, 1815	27	115	271
91 91		General Arrangements	9 June, 1815	27	116	271
"	• •	Austria and Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	9	439
,,		Belginm and Netherlands	15 Nov., 1831	153	9	836
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	19 Apr., 1889		8, 9	985
		~*	19 Apr., 1839	184	8, 9	994
			19 Apr., 18 3 9	185	Annex	998
		Black Sea. See Black Sea.	20 Mar 1056	964	1	1057
>>	• •	Danube. Free Navigation	30 Mar., 1856	264 489	15	1257
		Dardanelles & Bosphorus	13 Mar., 1871	193	- ;	1919 1 024
>>	••		30 Mar., 1856	264	10	1255
	,	99	30 Mar., 1856			1266
		**	13 Mar., 1871	439	2	1921
		Elbe. Navigation	18 May, 1815	16	1 17	141
**	••		23 June, 1821	110		671
		**	22 June, 1861	332	-	1471
		71	22 June, 1870	419	·	1874

Name of Country, Place &c.	ð,	•	Subject.		Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Rivers, &c.		Elster V	Vators		18 May, 1815	16	17	14]
"		_	Navigation		22 Sept., 1815	34	8	308
,, ,,		Maine.	Navigation		Mar., 1815	11	 ,	91
,,			11		9 June, 1815	27	117	272
•					,		118, § 16	273
				İ			Annex 16	276
77	• • .) . 99	Dues abolished	1	22 Aug., 1866	387	10	1714
•			••		3 Sept., 1866	389	12 i	1732
"	• •	Meuse.	Navigation		Mar., 1815	11	- !	91
	ĺ		,,		9 June, 1815	27	117	272
						1	118, § 16	278
	- 1					į	Annex 16	276
		l	"	I	19 April, 1839	183	9	986
			**	ļ	19 April, 1839	184	9 '	994
•			,,]	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
"	••	Moselle.	Navigation	• •	Mar. , 1815	11	_	91
			, ,	1	9 June, 1815	27	117	272
				ł			118, § 16	278
				l			Annex 16	276
	1		,, ·	İ	10 May, 1871	4-16	5	1957
,,	••	Neckar.	Navigation	••	Mar., 1815	11		91
	- 1		79	1	9 June, 1815	27	117	272
		1		l			118, § 16	273
						120	Annex 16	276
	1	_	''	1	1 July, 1842	194		1027
23	••	Po.	Navigation	••	3 July, 1849	212) - {	1098
			"]	8 Aug., 1849	216	04 00	1112
"	··j	Polish	••	••	3 May, 1815	12	24—29	100
	ļ	ı	,,	ŀ	3 May, 1815	13	22 -25	111
	I		**	1	9 June, 1815	27	14	22]
	- }						108-116	269 272
	ţ			- 1			118, § 1, 2 118, § 16	278
	1						Annexes	210
	İ					1	1, 2	272
				- 1			Annex 16	
		Pruth.	Navigation	1	15 Dec., 1866	401	Annex 10	1789
29		I IUIII.	•	••	8 Feb., 1871	436		1909
	S	Rhine.	Navigation	_	Mar., 1815	11		7
"	••	YAITTIQ.	•	••	9 June, 1815	27	117	27
			"		0 0 anc, 1010		118, § 16	273
						1	Annex 16	
				}	31 Mar., 1831	151		848
			Dues abolished	.	17 Aug., 1866	386	9	170
"	••	,,			22 Aug., 1866	387	10	171
			,,		3 Sept., 1866	389	12	1732
A -		1			17 Oct., 1868	1	_	184
**			Navigation		14Aprii, 1816	53	9	439
79			Navigation		14 April, 1816	53	9	439
**		Scheldt.	Navigation		Mar., 1815	11		9:
<i>3</i> 3		~~~~~	O	•	9 June, 1815	27	117	27
			"				118, § 16	
	l			ł		1	Annex 16	
	•	•		1		1	,	•

Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Rivers, &c.		Scheldt. Navigation	15 Nov., 1931	153	9	863
**	••	39	19 April, 1839	183	9	986
**	••	11	19 April, 1839	184	9	994
**	• •		19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
70	••	Sound Dues	' 14 Mar., 1857			1301
**	• • i	Stade Toll	14 Mar., 1857	279 198	_	1310
**	• • !	State Poli	13 April, 1844 22 June, 1861		_	1036 1471
17	• •	Unstrut. Navigation	22 Sept., 1815	34	8	309
"	• •	Weser	9 Sept., 1823	117	_	706
**	•	**	10 Sept., 1823			717
71		**	10 Sept., 1823			710
))	• •	**	21 Dec., 1825	127	<u> </u>	734
30	• •	Zwin	8 Aug., 1843	196	31	1031
"	••	Sovereignty over Island See Danube. P Rhine.				ł
Rivière	• •	France and German	y. 10 May, 1871	446	Add. Art.	1963
Bocca bruna		Sovereignty of Prince			3	,
		Monaco	7 Nov., 1817	76	6	534
"	• •	Sardinian Protection	7 Nov., 1817		10	535
**	• •	A-ma-sia- As Namilini		İ		•
"	• •	Sardinian Decree Sardinian Occupatio	n.	1	_	1089
		Paris Conferences				1276
,,,	• •	Ceded to France		328	1	1463
Rochetta	• •		d- 28 Nov., 1844	200	5 9	1052
Rocroy	••	French Fortress. Occ pied by Allie			9	1056
		Troops	20 Nov., 1815		5	347
		a	20 Nov., 1815		9 2 2	362
Rodange	• •	Given to Luxemburg	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
		"	19 April, 1839	(2	982
		"	19 April, 1839		2	994
Röde lheim	• •	District. Ceded by Hess		}	Annex	998
		Darmstadt to Pruse ,, United to Pruse	. (389	14	1733 1737
" Roden	••	1	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 8	1798
		tria		93	1	585
> 1	• •	,,	27 Oct., 1819		i	621
,, ,,	• •	" by Austria to B				
Rödgen			; 27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
Rodheim	• •	Darmstadt Bailiwick. To be restor	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
		to Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	18	325

				-		
Name of Country, Place &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
•						
Rodheim	• •	Renounced by Hesse-Cassel				
		in favour of Hesse-	20 - 20 - 2			
	•	Darmstadt	29 June, 1816	· 57	1	455
		"	30 June, 1816	58	4	459
		"	80 June, 1816	59	4	478
	ł	7. J. J. "TT D	20 July, 1819	95	25	603
"	••	Ceded by Hesse-Darm-	0.0 4 1000	000	- 4	7 200
		stadt to Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
		TT-14-7 A Th	04 D 1000	400		1737
"	• •	United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403.	§ 7	1798
Rodrigues	••	Ceded to Great Britain	30 May, 1814	1	8	9
Rosmos	••	Island. Part ceded by				
		Denmark to Austria	20 0 . 2004	0.0=		7.000
		and Prussia	30 Oct., 1864	367	4	1632
"	••	" Denmark and	00 0 4 7004	0.01	_	7.000
_		Schleswig.Boundary	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	1638
Boer	•••	Old Department. Prussia				
		and Netherlands.	0.7	~	~	
		Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	230
		7			6 6	249
Röhmen	•••	District. Given to	22.2			
		Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
Röhrich	•••	District. To be retained	00 % 101 #			
	1	by Hesse-Cassel	22 Sep., 1815	34	2, § d	308
		,,,	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
Rohrmoos	• • •	Austria and Bavaria	16 Dec., 1850	228	8	1146
Rolduc	• • •	Coal Mines	26 June, 1816	56	19–21	451
R olo	••	Commune. Ceded by				
_		Austria to Modena	8 Aug., 1849	216	2	1113
Romagny	•••	Village. France and				
_		Prussia. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add.Art3	1963
Rome	• •	Roman States and Austria.	0.7			004
		Limits	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 4	264
17	••	" Places restored				200
		to the Holy See	9 June, 1815	27	103	268
"	••	" Protests of the				
		Pope against Trea-				
		ties of 30th May,				
		1814, and 9th June,	10.7	00		000
	_	1815	12 June, 1815	29		283
? ?	••	" Protocol (8				
		Powers) recording	10 T 101F	00		000
		ditto	18 June, 1815	29	_	283
\$ >	• •	" Pope not in-				
		vited to accede to				
		Holy Alliance of			707	010
		26 Sept., 1815	_		Note	319
"	• •	" Private Claims	OK A1 1010	**		
		on France	25 April, 1818	79	7.	545
33	••	" French Occupa-				
		tion. Paris Con-	0 4 1 4000	0.00		7 444
		ferences	8 A pril, 1856	268		1276
"	••	"· Proposed Re-	11 T_1_ 10F0	000		
		forms	11 July, 1859	298		1875
	i	, ,	10 Nov., 1859	301	20	1389
		2325			7 H	•

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	AR.	Page.
Rome		Nev., 1863	35 6	-	1575
	Evacuation of, by French Troops ,, Liability of Italy		366		1627
	for portion of Debts		366	4	1628
	antee of Temporal Power of the Pope	: 18 May, 1866	377		1667
*	" Proposed Congress	May, June,	877		1655
•	mission of the Pope				
,, .		i			1678
,, .		l		Note	1628
,,	finally withdrawn	1	Į.	Note Note	1628 1629
Boncourt .	France and Germany. Boundary	1		1	1913
Rosenhagen .		İ	181	5	966
	Elbe Toll House	23 June, 1821	110 169	16 § 1	678 930
	Cross of. Geneva Bound-	16 Mar., 1816	1	1	434
Rossbruck .	, ,,	20 July, 1819 23 Oct., 1829	95	41	610 8 39
Bosskopf .			ľ		1717
Rossia	Bailiwick. Ceded by Schwartzburg-Rudol-				
Bothenkirchen			ł	1	449
Botterdam .	Boundaries Navigation of Rivers	24 June, 1824 19 Apr., 1889		128-130 9, § 2	714 986
)1)1	19 Apr., 1889 19 Apr., 18 9 9		9, § 2 Annex	994 996
,, •	Free Port on Rhine	28 Dec., 1861 17 Oct., 1868	412	Note 28	1498 1848
Bouen	Convention." France and	17 Oct., 1968		_	1851
Rougemont .	Village. France and Germany. Boundary.	,	442	— Add.Art3	1927
Roumania.	Prince Couza assumed Government under	10 may, 10/1	-2420	AuuAN	1909
•	title of Prince Alex- ander John I. Fir-	•			
	man	6 Dec., 1861	334		1498

Name of Country, Place &c.	3,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Årt.	Page.
						
Roumania	••	Name assumed by United Principalities of				
		Moldavia and Walla-				
·	ļ	chia	23 Dec., 1861		Note	1498
		Treaty. Navigation of the	30 June, 1866	_	Note	1651
,,		Pruth	8 Feb., 1871	436	_	1909
))	••	See also Moldavia and Wallachia.				
Roumelia		Portions of, to be freed				
		from presence of the	_			
		Turks	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 1	79 9
>>	••	Places occupied by Russian Troops restored to				
		Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
Bousses	••	Road. See Vallée des	•			
Roussottes		Dappes. France and Neufchatel.				
2004550105	••	Limits. Valley		`		•
		given to Neufchatel	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
Royal Apos- tolic Majer		See Austria.]		
Rudigershag	_	Village. Ceded by				
		Hanover to Prussia	29 May, 1815	21	4	175
		93	9 June, 1815	27	29, § 4	23 3
					118, § 6 Annex 6	272 275
Rugen	••	Island. Ceded by Sweden			1	
		to Denmark	14 Jan., 1814	_	Appendix	100
"	• •	" Ceded to Prussia	4 June, 1815	25	1, 2 6, 7	196 197
		39	7 June, 1815		Appendix	_
Buhlkirchen	••					
Ruhrort		Darmstadt Free Port of Rhine	3 Sept., 1866 17 Oct., 1868	389 412	15	1784 1851
Rumburg	••	Free Port of Khine Districts. See Niederleu-	17 Oct., 1000	912		1001
_		tersdorf, Neuleuters-				}
		dorf, Josephsdorf, Neuwalde.			ļ	
Rumpenheir	n					
_	_ , ,	Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
Runkel	• •	Bailiwick. Part ceded by	01 Mar 1915		2 3	18
		Prussia to Nassau	81 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	118, § 8	1
))	7 0 1110, 1010	\	Annex 8	
Ruremonde	• •		0.7 1015	05	95	23
		Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	24
	• •	Arrondissement. Limits of				
99	-	Dutch Territory in			4, § 2	86
n				IEV	4 0 2	, O
"		Limburg	15 Nov., 1831			
37		Limburg	19 Apr., 1839 19 Apr., 1839	183	4, § 2	98

2327

7 K 2

Name of Country, Pla		Subject.	Date of Treat or other Documen	NO. O	Art.	Page.
tussia	••	And Austria. Poland	3 May, 181	5 ' 12	_	9
**	••	20 29	26 Dec., 182		Preamble	
**	• •	" Boundaries	3 May, 181		3	9
		**	9 June, 181		4	21
			Ì		118, § 1	27
]		Annex 1	27
		**	26 Dec., 182	26 133	! —	76
		v	10 July, 182	9 143	_	81
	••	" Danube	' 18 Nov., 185			114
79	• •	And Belgium. Peace	15 Nov., 183	153	26	87
,,	••]	And Denmark. See D			l	
		mark and Russia			1	
)	••	And France. Peace. Te	rri-		1	ļ
		torial Arrangeme	nts 30 May, 181	4 1		1 :
)	• •	And Great Britain. R	lus-		1	!
•		sian Dutch Loan	16 Nov., 189	1 154		87
))	••	" Protest of Gi			1	
		Britain against R	นร-		1	ſ
		sian Proceedings			j	}
		Poland	23 Nov., 18	31 155	_	87
))			An-			
~		swer to ditto	3 Jan., 18	32 157		88
**		,, Protest	of			~
,	- ` \	Great Britain agai		ł	Í	
		Russian Manife		ĺ		
		of 26th Februs	APT	<u> </u>	!	1
		1832	3 July, 18;	160	1	90
		And Greece. See Gree	one of the state o	100	_	, 30
))			See		ì	
) >	•	Netherlands.]
••	••	And Oldenburg. Jeve	r 18 Apr., 181	8 78	l	54
"	•		6 Aug., 182			70
•	••	And Prussia. Pola	and	~ 110		1
? >	•	Boundary	3 May, 181	15 13	Ì	10
	1	•	3 May, 181			12
		>>	9 June, 181		118, § 2	27
		37	o vane, 10		Annex 2	27
	•		11 Nov., 181	7 77		53
		99	4 Mar., 183	-		95
		***	31 Dec., 183			95
		99				96
		And Sweden. Lapland	13 Dec., 183			_
37	• •	And Turkey. Treaty		26 130		74
79	• •	Ackermann.		2 191		174
		Declaration	7 Oct., 182	26 131		74
27	• •	War against Tur	_ I .	100	,	
		Wanifasta		28 138	-	77
>>	••		· ·	100	1	PO
		Emperor	26 Apr., 182	28 139	_	78
. ,,	• •	,, Declaration		1	1 .	
		Porte in answer ditto		740	Ì	-
		u	26 June, 182	28 140	_	78
		i		1	1	1

Name of Country, Pla &c.	ice,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Russia	• •	And Turkey. Peace. A nople	dria- 14 Sept., 1829	145	_	813
**	••	" Inder due hy Turkcy	- L	145	8 Annex 2	820 829
33	••	" Evacuatio Turkish Territo		145	11	821
39	••	" Cessation Hostilities	of 14 Sept., 1829	145	Annex 2	830 814
))	••	" Peace. I	_	147	12	821 835
37	••	festo of Emper ,, Treaties newed	re- 8 July, 1833	168		920
?>	••	,, Alliance ,, Indemnit	8 July, 1833	168 178		928 961
)	••	" Integrity Possessions in	Asia 30 Mar., 1856	264	30 Appendix	1262
>>	• :	" Asiatic Bou	7 Oct., 1826 14 Sept., 1829	131 145	4 4	750 810
		» »	29 Jan., 1834 30 Mar., 1856	170 264	30	936 1262
		" "	5 Dec., 1857 28 Apr., 1858 11 Sept., 1858	283 284 287	_	1323 1323 1350
97	••		rences No. 3 1 Mar., 1856	268		1274
]	No. 4 4 Mar., 1856 No. 6 8 Mar., 1856 No. 9 14 Mar., 1856	268 268 268		1274 1274 1274
)	••	,, Declaration War against To	on of urkey 1 Nov., 1853	235		117
>>	••	" Manifesto tive to War Great Br	with itain,			
>>	••	France, and Tu ,, Condition	ns of	245 250		120 121
_	••	Peace ,, Treaty	8 Aug., 1854 28 Dec., 1854 y of	253	_	122
27		Alliance bet Austria,	ween Freat	252	_	1221
37	••	Britain, and Fr "Conference Vienna Nos. 1	ces of Mar., June,	258	-	1233
"	••	" Dardanell and Bosphorus		265	_	1266
		and replacement				

2329

1=

Country, Pla	œ, —	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Russia	••,	And Turkey. Black Sea.				
	ı		30 Mar., 1856	26 6	 	1270
?		Cessions by, to Saxony	_ •	16		134
		79	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 4	273
		, by, to Austria	96 Dec 1896	136	Annex 4	275 769
"	• •	by, to Turkey			9	100
7)		,, to, by Austria		133	9 2	763
**		" to, by Turkey		145	9	820
**	••	Alliance between Austria,	. •) 1		
		Great Britain, and France in case of			ł	
		Hostilities between				
		Austria and Russia	2 Dec., 1854	252	3	1221
"	••	Limitation of Naval Forces	-			
	1	in Black Sea	27 Mar., 1855	258	-	1233
>>	••	., Conferences of Vicnna,				_
	- 1		17 April, 1855	258		1233
		No. 10	30 Mar., 1856	264	14	1257
**	••	British and French De- fence of Sweden and	-			
		Norway against				İ
		Russia	21 Nov., 1855	262	2	1242
))	• •	Cemeteries and Monu-				1420
••		ments of Officers				
		and Soldiers of				
		Allies in Russia.				
		Paris Conferences	10 Mar., 1856	268	7	1275
))	••	Raising of Blockades of	0 4	900	•	
		Ports	2 April, 1856 8 April, 1856	268 268	20	1276
		Commerce	2 April, 1856	268	22 20	1276 1276
"			4 April, 1856		21	1276
	•	35 39	8 April, 1856	268	22	1276
>	• •	Evacuation of Territory				
• •		by Allies	4 April, 1856	268	21	1276
			8 April, 1866	268	22	1276
"	• •	Close of Crimean War	30 Mar., 1856	264	_	1250
>>	• •	British Proclamation of	00 4 3 3050	-		
		Peace See also Black Sea, Dar-	28 April,1856	272		1285
"	• •	danelles and Bos-				
		phorus. Moldavia,				!
		Wallachia, Servia.				1
		•				
Russian	• •	-Dutch Loan	13 Aug., 1814	5	_	46
		>> A	19 May, 1815	18	_	149
?)	••	" Act 55 Geo.	00 T		-	
		III, c. 115	28 June, 1815	-	Note	150
	ı			1)	

Russian	-Dutch Loan. Union dissolved between Great Britain and Hanover , Act 2 and 3 Will. IV, c. 81	16 Nov., 1831 3 Aug., 1832	154		
	solved between Great Britain and Hanover ,, Act 2 and 3 Will. IV, c. 81		154	j	
	Britain and Hanover ,, Act 2 and 3 Will. IV, c. 81		154	, -	
	Will. IV, c. 81	3 Aug., 1832			872
	Will. IV, c. 81	•		Note	874
,,	•			i	
,,		3 Aug., 1832		Note	152
	" Russia and				
	Netherlands	_ O /	225	I	1139
Russo-Polish	Provinces. Frontier	10 July, 1829	1.43	Preamble	
D4343	M1:- G-1-3 1		,	. 1	811
Ruthweiler	•	1 1-1- 1010		D	4775
	Austria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	. 6 0	Preamble	475
,"	,, Excepted from Austrian cessions to			1	
	Bavaria	20 July, 1819	.95	2	598
	Climan to Roma	20 July, 1015		_	
"	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Saal	Township. Excepted from	20 0 423, 2320			, ,,
	Austrian cessions to			ļ	İ
	Prussia	1 July, 1816	GO	Preamble	47
,,	" Ceded by Aus-				
	tria to Bavaria	20 July, 1819	95	2	59
"	" Excepted from				į
	cessions to Saxe-				
	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
Saale	Circle. Restored to Prus-				
	Sis	9 June, 1815	27	23	220
"	River. Navigation	4 April, 1816	53	9	43
**	" Prussian Boun-	0 Tune 1915	27	15	22
	dary on	9 June, 1815	21	10	
,•	Left Bank. Retained		1	1	
•	by Bavaria	1 A T 1014	2	1	3
	,,	3 Nov., 1815	1	Annex 2	
	,,	14 April, 1816	,	1	43
	,,	20 July, 1819		1	59
,,	Valley. Forests	1444-21 1010		21, 22	4-1
Saales	Commune. France and				}
	Germany. Boundary		1 438	1	191
Saarbruck	Canton. French Boun-	1	1		į
	dary Given to				
	France		1	3, § 4	
,,	District. French Boun-		40	1 2 2	1 24
•	dary	20 Nov. , 1815	40	1, § 1	34
"	1		95	13	59
	Boundary	100 7 3 7 7000	(32	60
,,	Claren An Demonstr	100 0 1 1000		1	83
,, Saar-Bübingen	1	100 0 1 1000	N .	_	83
Saarburg	Combon William Dans		~		~
	sian Limits.	. 9 June, 1815	27	25	22
	1	1			1

Name of Louis, Pla	œ,	Sulgert.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Bearburg	••	Canton. To be ceded by	0 V 1015	90		999
••		Austria to Pruseia	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 1a	
		tria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
) 7	••	District. France and Ger- many. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Baare	••	Department. FrenchBoundary. Part secured				l.
		to France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 4	5
70	• •	" Part ceded by France to Allies	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 4	5
•		rrance to Ames	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	341
**	••	" Disposal of Ter-	_	O.	40	943
		ritory ,, Austriau Posses-	,	27	49	241
**		sions	A 7 303 F	27	51	242
**	••	" Austrian cessions to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	6	329
		11	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	
**	••	" Prussian Posses-	0 37 1017	00	2	32×
		sions	3 Nov., 1815 1 July, 1816	38 60	Preamble	
		** **	20 July, 1819		11, 12, 13	596
) 7	••	,, Bavarian In-	0.37	•	A O A	00.
		demnities	3 Nov., 1815	3 8	Annx.2A	33-1
))	••	eions to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2	436
		>>	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
		>9	30 Sep., 1818		Note Note	43 6 43 6
		»,	30 Jan., 1844 16 Dec., 1850		Note	436
77	••	" Prussia and				
		Mecklenburg-Strelitz	18 Sep., 1816	61	-	478
22	• •	River. Territory on Left Bank excepted from		ļ		
		cessions to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
,,	••	" Prussian Boun- dary	0 Tune 1915	27	25	229
))		" French Boun-	9 June, 1815	28		
		dary	20 Nov., 1815	40	1	344
67	•••	" France and Prussia. Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
		"	11 June, 1827	135	5	768
**	••	" Fishery Rights,	00 0 4 1000	140	10	0017
		France and Prussia Canal. Navigation	23 Oct., 1829 10 May, 1871	148 446	12 5	837 1957
37	• •	2)	11 Dec., 1871	449	14	1970
Bearlouis	••	Fortress. To be given to		ł		800
••		Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	2	328
,,		to Allies	20 Nov., 1819	40	1,§1	344
	Į	Paris Clareform	20 Nov., 1815	42	9	362
,,	• •	" Paris Conferences " Given to Prussia	1815 20 July, 1819	49 95	13	414 597
,,	• • •	" Given to Prussia	40 July, 1018	30	1 1	557

Name of Country, Place, &c.	: Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	1				
Saarlouis Saaz	Fortress. Military Road to Circle. Austria and	20 July, 1819	95	32	605
	Saxony. Boundary Servian Fortress. See	5 Mar., 1848	209	36–56	1087
Sachsenburg	Chabatz. Bailiwick. Mutual Ces-	,			
Daumentyuig	sions. Schwartzburg- Rudolstadt and	ı			
	Prussia	19 June, 1816	55	1 2	449 450
Saifferts	Village. Without Prussian Limits	0 Tuna 1915	20		
,,	" Ceded by Aus-	9 June, 1815	29	40	238
	tria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2	437
Saint Ail	Commune. "France and	20 July, 1819	95	2 .	592
Saint Arneval	Germany. Boundary Given to Prussia	26 Feb., 1871 23 Oct., 1829	438 148	1	1918
Saint Blaise-la-	Commune. France and				839
Roche Saint Cergues	Road. See Vallée des	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Sainte Croix	Dappes. Commune. Part ceded by Netherlands to	,			
	Belgium	8 Aug., 1843	196	24	1031
Sainte Fon- taine	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
Saint Gall	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815	9	1	65
		9 June, 1815	27	74 118, § 11	254 278
				Annex 11	• -
,,	Compensation by to other Swiss Cantons	20 Mar., 1815	9	Q	Ch
	»,	9 June, 1815	27	6 81	67 258
		•		118, § 11	273
,,	Pension to Prince Abbot	20 Mar., 1815	9	Annex 11 9	275 67
•	"	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 11	273
Saint George	Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	Annex 11 1	275 423
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
,,	Embouchure. Russia and Turkey. Boundary	14 Sept., 1829	145	3	815
Saint Gilles	by Belgium to Ne-	0.4 1010			1
Saint Gin-	therlands Geneva Custom House	8 Aug., 1843 16 Mar., 1816	196 52	25 3	1031 425
goulph Saint Giorgio	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	900		
Sain Jean-de-	France and Spain. Boun-		200	9	1058
Luz Saint Jean	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1294
Steen	by Netherlands to	9 4 1040	100		
	Deigium	8 Aug., 1843	196	24	1031

to a ray, Place,	bubje 1.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	· A IL	Pace.
Saint Julien .	. Canton. Part secured to		 -		
	France	30 May , 1814	1	3, § 7	ที
••	to Canton of Genera	3 Nov., 1815	1 38	5	324
	••	16 Mar., 1816	52	Preamble	
	. " Geneva Boundary		52	' 1	42 \$
,,	. ,, Part ceded by Swit- zerland and Canton	1		1	•
	of Geneva to Sar-				•
	_	16 Mar., 1816	52	2 41	425
••	., Geneva Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	41	610
**	. , Part united to Canton			i	
	of Geneva and Part given to Sardinia	90 July 1810	96	39	609
	given so bardings	. 20 outy, 1618	33	40	610
••	. Road. Transit Dues	16 Mar., 1816	52	5	426
Saint Julien .	(In Grumbach). Town-		Ì	į	
	ship. Retained by	. .			
	Austria	1 2	60	Presmble	475
***	sions to Saxe-Coburg		95	28	604
,, .	Corled by Austria to Re-	,,	1		
	varia	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
Saint Laurent		i	İ		
	by Netherlands to Belgium	8 Ang 1849	196	24	1081
Saint Lawrence	Gulf of. French Right of	0 mag., 1030	100	24	LUGI
	Fishery	30 May, 1814	1	13	11
Saint Lucia .			1	8	9
Saint Martin.			ob g		7.000
Saint Michola	Boundary Port on Black Sea to	2 Dec., 1856	275	1, 2	1293
	mouth of the Kou-	İ			
	ban to belong to				
	Russia	14 Sep., 1829	145	4	817
,, .	. , Russis and Turkey		150		005
	Boundary		170	1	937
•	Coast.	t]		
Saint-Nicolas.	. Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	83 9
Saint Omer .	French Town. Occupied				
Saint-Oraine	by Allied Troops Given to Prussis	20 Nov., 1815	42 148	4	359 839
Saint Peter .	Chapter of. Renunciation	20 000., 1028	140		000
	by Prussia in favour		İ	l i	
	of Hanover	29 May, 1815		2	174
	>>	9 June, 1815	27	28	232
	·			118, § 6 Annex 6	272 275
Saint Peters-	Declaration. Non use, in			AMILEA O	# { U
burg	time of War, of Ex-				
	plosive Projectiles	11 D- 1000	49.4]	9000
	under 400 grammes		414	. – 1	1860
Saint Pierre	Canton. French Boun-		1		

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Saint Remi	Dependencies of Mills. To be ceded by Bavaria				
Saint Venant	to France	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 4	729
Saint Vith		20 Nov., 1815 9 June, 1815	42 27	25	359 229
Saint Wendel	Canton. To be ceded by Austria to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	$\mathbf{Annex1} g$	333
,,	,, Certain places on Road excluded from Austrian Cessions to				
	Bavaria, Part ceded by Austria	14April, 1816	53	2	436
,	to Prussia	1 July, 1819	60	Preamble	475
,,	Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
»	tria to Bavaria , Part given to Prussia, part to Saxe-Co-	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
•	burg, and part to Oldenburg	2 0 July, 1819	95	13 27 28	596 604
Salder	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	10-23	711
Saleck	Without Prussian Limits Ceded by Austria to Ba-	9 June, 1815	27	40	287
,,	varia	14 April, 1816	53	2	43
Salève	Mount. Geneva Boundary	20 July, 1819 29 Mar., 1815	95 10	2	59 2
saleve	»	20 May, 1815	19	Annex BB 1	76 16
	>>	9 June, 1815	27	80 118,§§12, 14 Annexes	25' 27'
			}	12, 14	27
,	Sale of Lands	16 Mar., 1816	52	15	430
Salm-Kyrburg	Relations with Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	48	238
Salm-Salm Salmünster ,,	Relations with Prussia Without Prussian Limits Germany. Territorial Ex-	9 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	27 27	48 40	23: 23:
	changes	5 Feb., 1816	50	1	41
	Pond Amengaments vo	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
Salt	Road. Arrangements respecting Contracts. See Saltzburg, Poland.	3 Nov., 1815	38	7	330
,,	Works. Austria and Ba-	3 June, 1814	2	10	38
,,	Supply by Austria to Ba-	14 April, 1816	58	7, 8	34

-	ame of try, Pla &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Pagr
Salt	• •	• •	Austria and Russia	3 May, 1815	12	2	96
			39	9 June, 1815	27	39 3	104 217
						118, § 1 Annex I	273 275
**	• •	• •	Monopoly in Saxony abolished	91 0~ 1000	398	10	خدخاخو لا
		i	Bolished Prussian supply to Saxony	21 Oct., 1866 18 May, 1815	16	18 19	1777 141
**	• •	• •	Springs. Prussia and	10 May, 1010	10	1.0	141
**	• •	••	Schwartzburg - Son-		ľ		
			dershausen	15 June, 1816	54	1	415
,,	• •	i	" Prussia and Schwartz-			_	
•		ľ	burg-Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816	55	1	449
••	• •	••	Austria, Prussia, and				
			Hesso-Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	22	468
**	• •	• •	Great Britain and Hesse-			00	
			Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	59	22	473
11 3 - 1	• •	• •	Works at Dicuze	26 Sept., 1871	448 58	9	1966
Salsa	• •	• •	River. Navigation Territory on Left	14April, 1816	99	9	43 9
**	• •	• •	Bank. Retained by			l.	
			Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	1	436
Salsb	ich	••	River. Territories on Left Bank. Retained by	1 2 mp 1 m			
			Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	333
			19	20 July, 1819	95	1	592
Balzbı	rg	• •	To be ceded by Bavaria to	_			
			Austria	3 June, 1814	2	1, 2	30
99		• •	Part to be ceded by Ba-	0.37	-00		222
			varia to Austria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	333
••		••	Part ceded by Bavaria to	14 Amm 1916	59	1	195
			Austria	14 Apr., 1816 20 July, 1819	53 9 5	1 1	435 591
			Austria and Bavaria.	20 July, 1015	30	•	931
"		• •	Boundary	14 Apr., 1829	53	19	441
	_	1		30 Sept., 1818	81	1, 2	556
,,	•		Debts	144 1010	53	10	439
"			Withdrawal by Bavaria of	•			
			Artillery and Mili-				
			tary Stores	14 Apr., 1816	53	17	411
.,,,		• •	Salt Contract	3 June, 1814	2	5	31
Salzde	rheld	en	Brunswick and Hanover.	04 T 1004	100	0,5	#1 n
		,	Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	85	713
Sambi	•		River. France and Nether-			129, 130	714
Sem A	•	••	lands. Boundary	28 Mar., 1820	99	1	625
			And Meuse Department.		70	•	Jaco
21 27			French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 2	4
77			•	,	_	-, , -	_
Samos			Insular Boundary of	1			
			Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 8	801
Sandv		••	Estate in Berbice	12 Aug., 1815	82	11	301
Bange	rberg	•	Bavaria and France. Limits	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 3	729
has							

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Sangerhausen	Bailiwick. Rights over, ce-				
	ded by Schwartzburg- Rudolstadt to Prussia	19 June, 1816	55	1	449
San Marino .	Republic. Roman Inde- pendence	22 Mar., 1862	335	_	1508
39 •	Not to accept Protection from any Power but				
	Italy	22 Mar., 1862	335	29	1509
Sanners .		9 June, 1815	27	40	238
,,					
	posal of Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2 B, Note	334
,,	. Territorial Exchanges	•	50	§ 1	41
	\a_\tau_\tau_\tau_\tau_\tau_\tau_\tau_\t	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
Santa Maura .		1035 1010			400
	Geneva Custom House	16 Mar., 1816	52	8	42
Saratsika .	Height. Bessarabian	00 35 1050	004	0	1056
	Frontier	30 Mar., 1856	264	20	1259
M 91 1 -	River. Ditto		277		1299
Sardinia .			į	1	
	niary Indemnity given to, for Works		}	1	
	of Defence	0 37 1018	38	5	32
	of Belefied	20 July, 1819	95	38	60
	. Possessions in Italy	00 35- 1014	1	Sep.Art2	
))		20 May, 1815	19	1	15
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	85	26
	"			118, § 13	1
				Annex 13	
	,,	6 Aug., 1849	215	3	111
>>	· Public Debt	24 Mar., 1860	813	4	143
>>	. , Contributions of				
	Savoy and Nice	0 '		1	145
>>	· Right of Fortifying			6	15
	**	9 June, 1815	27	90	26
			1	118, § 13	
	Title of Vina Duke of	,		Annex 13	27
))	Title of King. Duke of Genoa		19		15
		. 20 May , 1815 9 June, 1815		87	15 26
	"	0 9 tile, 1010	-	118, § 13	1 -
	1		1	Annex 18	1
••	. Parma and Placentia				
>>	Limits as in 1792 .	1	19	1	15
	,,	9 June, 1815		85	26
	"			118, § 13	
	•	\		Annex 18	
>>	Reversion of Duchies of	£			
	Parma, Placentia				
	and Guastalla .	. 9 June, 1815	27	99	26
	,,	10 June, 1817	73	2	52
				A 17	61
		20 July, 1819 6 Aug., 1849	215	47	1 01

Name of Country, Pla &c.	ice,	Subject.	Onte of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
ardinia	• •	And Switzerland. Limits		 	 	
	į	as in 1792, with		 		
	1	modifications	20 May, 1815	19	. 1	15
		> >	9 June, 1815	27	80	25
	•				85	26
	1				118, § 13	
					Annex 13	
**	••	" Geneva	29 Mar., 1815	10		7
		**	20 May, 1815		AnnexBB	
	- 1	37	9 June, 1815	27	80	25
	l				85	26
				,	91	26
		•			118,§§12,	
			•	,	13	27
					Annexes	
					12, 13	27
		> >	3 Nov., 1815	38	5	32
) 1	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	42
		7 1	20 July, 1819	95	41	61
97	• •	,, Treaty	3 June, 1754		Appendix	•
77		,, Treatics				
••		renewed	16 Mar., 1816	52	23	43
**	• •	Neutrality of Chableis and				
17	••	Faucigny	20 May, 1815	19	8	15
••		••	9 June, 1815	27	92	26
> *	• • .	See also Savoy.	<u>-</u>			
37			25 Apr., 1818	79	7	54
97			26 Nov., 1822	112		69
"		And Tuscany. Territorial	•			
•		Exchanges	28 Nov., 1844	200		104
••		Annexation of Mentone		,		
? ?	•	and Roccabruna	18 Sept., 1848	210		108
•	ا م	Great Britain and France.				
99	, ,	Alliance against				
			26 Jan., 1855	255	_	122
		And Great Britain. Al-				
**	•	liance against Russia	26 Jan., 1855	256		123
	i	Guarantee by Great Bri-				
9 7	• • !	tain and France of				
		Integrity during				
		War with Russia	26 Jan., 1855	255	6	122
		Assent to Protocol of 1st	20 0021, 2000			
27		Feb., 1856. Peace				
•			25 Feb., 1856	268	1	127
		Conference of Domin	20 2051, 1000			~
??	• •	Peace with Russia	FebAn. 1856	268	_	127
		General Treaty of Peace.	1 CO. 22p.,1000			
21	• •	Close of Crimean				
		War	30 Mer 1888	284		125
		And Moneon See Moneon	JU MANE, AUGU	203		140
99	• • '	Dardenelles and Rombons	90 Man 1958	9 8 5		126
37	• •	War And Monaco. See Monaco. Dardanelles and Bosphorus	OO MERL'' TOOO	~00		لائد
			1			
				I	ŗ l	

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
&c.		other Document.			¦ -
Sardinia .				2	192
91		19 Apr., 1859			135
•		26 Apr., 1859	† 292	_	136
,, .	1	00 4 1050			
	Austria	29 Apr., 1859	294		136
•	British Protest against	4 35 1050		}	10-
	Austrian Invasion	4 May, 1859	297		137
•	King proclaimed King of Italy	17 May 1969	990		140
	For Treaties of Peace with	17 Mar., 1861	330	_	146
•	Austria and France,	I	1		
	seo Villafranca,		 		
	Zurich.	•	i		
Sardinian T.ca	Treaty. Great Britain and	1			
		26 Jan., 1855	256	·	123
		3 June, 1856	274		128
,, .	Act of Parliament, 18Vict.,			_	120
,,	c. 17, and 19 & 20	, 	İ		
	Vict., c. 39	26 June, 1856	-	Note	129
Sarre	. See Saarc.	;			
Sarrebruck .	. See Saarbruck.	1			
Sarreburg .	. See Saarburg.				
Sarreguemine	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148		84
Sarrelouis .	. See Saarlouis.	1 1			
S as de Gand .		,			
	by Netherlands to	1 _			
	Belgium	8 Aug., 1843	196	24	103
Sasso Rosso .				[• 40
Na-1	zerland. Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	333	5	148
Saulxures .		00 F-L 1077	400	_	101
Savoy	Germany. Boundary Part secured to France	20 Feb., 1871	48 8	1	191
savoy	and part to Sardinia	30 May 1814	1	3, § 8	
	and part to barding	00 may, 1014	-	Sep.Art.2	:
1	Part to be ceded by Sar-			Sep.Art.2	i -
*	dinia to Geneva	20 Mar., 1815	9	5	6
,, •	Part ceded by Sardinia to	1			
,,	Geneva	29 Mar., 1815	10	1	7
	,,	20 May, 1815	•	. 7	15
		•	:	AnnexBB	16
	,,	27 May, 1815	20	-	17
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	80	25
	i			91	26
			ŀ	92	26
		ł 1		118,§§11,	
				12, 13	27
				Annexes	6
	French noution naturaled			11, 12, 13	27
**	French portion retroceded to Sardinia	19 Sep., 1815	23	1	80
	to sarding	10 och., 1010	20	Sec. Art.	3 0
	Fortifications	21 Nov., 1815	48	§ 3	41
•	Part of French portion to	1	- 	2 .	- 77 L
•	be given to Sardinia	;			
	and part to Geneva	3 Nov., 1815	38	5	32
	2339		- -	•	, –

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty of other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Savoy	. Part of French portion to				
	be given to Sardinia			1	
	and part to Geneva.			•	
	Limits	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 4	345
	.,	16 Mar., 1816		1	423
	••	20 July, 1819	95	, 00	609
			•	41	610
,	. Part to be included in		-	•	
•	Swiss Neutrality	3 Nov., 1815	38	4	324
	"	20 Nov., 1815	40	3	344
	>>	20 Nov., 1815	43	<u> </u>	370
	37	. 16 Mar., 1816	52	Preamble	423
		1		7	427
		20 July, 1819	95	48, § 1	613
10	Roman Catholic Religion	29 Mar., 1815		3_	71
	>>	20 May, 1815		AnnexBB	164
	,,	16 Mar., 1816	52	12	429
79	. Neutrality in War between	i	I	1	
	Austria and Italy	14 Mar., 1859	290	1 -	1356
73	Neutral Portions. Passage		İ		
	of French Troops.	1	1		
	War with Italy	' April, 1859	290	Note	1358
>>	· Ceded by Sardinia to		!	[}
	France	' 24 Mar., 1860	313	—	1429
	,,	123 Aug., 1860	322	-	1453
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 Mar., 1861	329		1466
34	. Proposed recognition by		· !		
	European Powers of				
	cession to France	20 June, 1860	319	_	1448
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	25 June, 1860	320	-	1450
>>	. Swiss Protest against ces-		1		}
	sion to France	1			1415
	,, ,,	28 Mar., 1860	315	_	1435
"	. Neutrality to be respected,				
	notwithstanding ces-		•	1	
		24 Mar., 1860	313	2	1430
>>	. Neutrality in War between				
	France and Prussia	17 July, 1870	421	_	1877
>>	. See also Geneva, Switzer-				
	land.		1	,	
Saxo-Alten-	Comprised within North		1		
burg	German Confedera-			_	
	tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
3 3	. Comprised within German				
	Empire	16 April,1871	444	1	1931
>>	. Representation and Voting				
	at Council of North				
	German Confedera-				
	tion	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
**	. , At Council of		1		
	German Empire	16 April,1871	444	6	1934
		1			
	1)	1		

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Saxe-Coburg ,	Consisme to	9 June, 1815	27	49 50	2·1 2·4
"	Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and General Assembly Comprised within North	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 12 58	20 24 24
Gotha	German Confedera-	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
,,	Empire Representation and Voting at Council of North	16 April,1871	444	1	193
,,	German Confedera- tion	14June, 1867	407	6	181
laxe-Gotha	German Empire Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and	16 April, 1871	444	6	193-
	General Assembly ,	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 12	20: 24-
"	Private claims on France [United to Saxe-Coburg in 1826.]	25 April, 1818	79	58 7	24: 5-1:
axe-Hildburg- hausen ,, axe-Meinin-	Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and General Assembly " [United to Saxe-Meiningen in 1826.] Representation and	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 12 58	201 244 245
gen	Voting at German Federal Diet and General Assembly ,, At Council of	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 12 58	201 244 245
3 ,	North German Confederation	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
"	German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	6	1933
	2341	•		7.7	

Nine of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
exe-Meinin-	Private claims on France	25 April, 1818	79	7	545
,,	Comprised within North	1	! !		
,,	German Confedera-) >	<u> </u>		
.,	tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	1869
	Empire	· ·	444	1	1931
laxe-Saalfeld	And Prussia. Peace		397	-	1768
••	Pruseian Post Office	8 Oct., 1866	397	6	1769
laxe-Weimar-	Cessions to Prussia And Hesse-Cassel. Ces-	8 Oct., 1866	897		1770
Eisenach		16 Oct., 1815	37	2, 5	322
,,	And Devening Consists	_ •	24		193
,,	,,	9 June, 1815	27	37-39	236
	·	· ·		118, § 7	272
				Annex 7	275
	m: 4 9 " 3 5 3	22 Sep., 1815	34	1	306
**	Title of Grand Duke	9 June, 1815	27	36	236
••	Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and				
	General Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 12	244
	"	İ		58	245
) ,	" At Council of			•	
	North German Con-				
	federation		407	6	1811
, ,	" At Council of German Empire	!	444		1000
	Private Claims on France.		79	6 7	1933 54 5
**		20 11 pr 11, 1010	"	1	546
,,	Comprised within North German Confedera-				
	tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809
**	Comprised within German				
*		16 April, 1871	444	1	1931
	And Austria. Boundary		209	_	1087
,,	And Poland. Vienna Conferences And Prussia, &c. Terri-	1014 1015	30	_	287
,, ••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18 May, 1815	16		134
	,,,	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 4	272
	,			Annex 4	275
,,	, Accession of	1.		}	
	Great Britain to				
	ditto	18 Sep., 1815	16	_	145
,,	,		96		616
	"Territorial	26 July, 1866 23 Aug., 1866	383 388	5	1700 1722
,,	Corrieme has to Dansein		16	6 2	1722
, ,)				100

Name of Country, Pl		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
axony	• •	Cessions by, to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	2 2
-					17 118, § 4	22 27
					Annex 4	27
		"	21 Oct., 1866	398	21	177
))	• •	,, by, to Saxe-Wei-	0 T 1015	. 97	04 00	90
		mar	9 June, 1815 18 May, 1815	27 16	24—89 21	22 14
))	• •	"	9 June, 1815	27	22	22
		•	·	ļ	118, § 4	27
		Function Guarantee of			Annex 4	27
**	• •	European Guarantee of Countries ceded to	•			
•		Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	17	- 22
"	• •	Evacuation by Prussian	10.35			
		Troops King of Prussia, Duke of	18 May, 1815	16	5	13
))	• •	Saxony	18 May, 1815	16	4.	13
		27	9 June, 1815	27	16	22
					118, § 4	27
		Declaration of King.			Annex 4	27
>>	• •	House of Schönburg	18 May, 1815	17		14
		"	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 5	27
		Representation and Voting			Annex 5	27
**	• •	at German Federal				Ì
		Diet and General				}
		Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	20
		"	9 Ju ne, 1815	27	56, § 4 58	24 24
,,	• •	" At Council of				
		North German Con-	7.4 T 1005	405		
•		federation At Council of	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
))	• •	German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	6	193
"		Private Claims on France		79	6 7	-54
		Indomnita by Dancoic	90 Ann 1910	06	c	54
>>	• •	Indemnity by Prussia Prussian Invasion	28 Aug., 1819 16 June, 1866	96 878	6	61 168
))))	• •	And Prussia. Peace	01 0 1 1000	398		177
>>	• •	" War Indemnity	26 July, 1866	883	5	170
		39	23 Aug., 1866	388	6	172
		99	21 Oct., 1866	398	10 .	177 177
27	• •	" Command of Army	21 Oct., 1866	398	8	177
> >	• •	Diplomatic Relations with	01 0-4 1000	000	_	
		Foreign Countries	21 Oct., 1866	39 8	5	177
••	••	Abolition of Salt Monopoly	21 Oct., 1866	398	18	178 177
))	••	Comprised within North	, ===			-,,
		German Confedera-	14 Toma 100F	405		
		tion	14 June, 1867	407	1	180

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Sazony	Comprised with German Empire	16 April, 1871	414	1	1931
	See also Dresden.	102pm,1071	723		14-01
sayn	***	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	118, § 8 Annex 8	186 272 275
,,	Commune. Coded by Nassau to Prussia		23 27	1, § 15 24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	194 228 272 273
stein	Berleburg. See Homburg.				
Schaaken		18 July, 1867	408	1	1830
Schadek	Chabatz. Lordship. Ceded by Prussia to Nassau	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	2 118, § 8	
Schaffhausen	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	Annex 8 1 74 118, § 11	
Schandau		24 Dec., 1820 23 June, 1821	1	Annex 11 3 16	275 662 678 679
Schardorff	>>	20 Nov., 1815 20 July, 1819	I .	1, § 1 ·13	344 597
" Scharrenwisen	Boundary	20 July, 1819	95	13	597
,,	Unterschlatt	31 Oct., 1854	251	4	1219
Schauen .	land. Boundary	31 Oct., 1854	251	1	1220
Schauffhausen	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
Schaumburg .	County. Part Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to Ha- nover			3 118, § 6	175 272
,	. Renunciation by Hanover of Rights for a Territorial			Annex 6	275
Schaumburg- Lippe	Compensation Annexed to Prussia Representation and Vo- ting at German Fe-		35 394	3,4	315 1765
	deral Diet and General Assembly.	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201

				1		
Name of		Subject	Date of Treaty	No. of	Art.	Page.
Country, Pla	ioe,	Subject.	other Document.	Treaty.	, a.r.	
Schaumbur	18 -	Representation and Vo-				
Lippe	•	ting at German Fe- deral Diet and				
		General Assembly	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 16	24
		General Masemony	0 0 4110, 2010	-,	58	24
		,, At Council of North				
**		German Confeders				
		tion	14 June, 1867	407	6	181
27	• • •	" At Council of Ger-	104		6	100
		man Empire	16 April, 1871	444	0	193
72	• •	Comprised within North German Confedera-				
		47	14 June, 1867	407	1	180
		Comprised within German	1	-+•	_	
13	••	Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	193
ohauren		Secured to Prussia	20 July, 1819	95	178	BV
					27	80
Scheibelber	T ••	Austria and Bavaria.	00 7 1044	108		103
	ì	Limite	30 Jan., 1844	197	14	114
labat <i>a</i> t		Dina Wajatian	16 Dec., 1850 30 May, 1814	1	Sep. Art.	117
icheldt		River. Navigation	00 may, 2019	_	3	1
	ļ		Mar., 1815	11		9
		93 30	9 June, 1815	27	117	27
					118, § 16	127
		-			Annex 16	
		2) 22	15 Nov., 1831	167	9	86 92
		31 12	21 May, 1833	101	Exp. Art.	92
			10 June, 1833	_	Note	92
		23 37	19 April, 1839	188		98
		29 33	19 April, 1889	184	9	99
		22 13	10 April, 1839	185	Annex	99
		n n	5 Nov., 1842	195	1619	102
37	•••	And Rhine. Navigation	1			
		of Intermediate	15 Nov., 1881	168	9	56
		Channels	19 April, 1839	183	2, § 5	98
		"	19 April, 1839	184	9	99
		21	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	W
		,,	5 Nov., 1842	195	38—49	Imp
**	• •	Belgium and Netherlands.		****		r ma
		Boundary	8 Aug., 1843	KDO	14, 22, 28	YOS
,,	••	Belgium and France.	10 Nov., 1882	164	2	91
		Forte on Banks France and Netherlands.	10 107., 1002	102	•	
**	••	Boundary	28 Mar., 1820	99	1	62
	_	Toll	9 June, 1815	27	108-116	26
"	•••	1) ,	15 Nov., 1831	153	9	86
		"	19 April, 1839	183	0,§§3,4,6	99
		11	19 April, 1839	184	9	99
		27	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	159
		" Dadamad	12 May, 1863	342		163 165
		,, Kedeemed				155
		Declaration	16 July, 1863 16 July, 1863	348		1

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Sabject.	Or other Document.	MO. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Scheldt	Toll redeemed	3 Aug., 1863 29 Sept., 1863		Note Note	1561 1531 1556
lohenerwald	Northern part given to	28 Sept., 1864	-	Note	1556
	•	23 Oct., 1829	148		838
	France	23 Oct., 1829	148		838
ichirgiswalde.	Boundary	11 Dec., 1868 5 Mar., 1848		2, 3, 7 8	1862 1087
ichkoehlen	Canton. France and Germany. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871		1 15	1913 222
	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundary Canton. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815		4—9 25	711 229
,	" Part Ceded by Prussia to Mocklen- burg-Strelitz	ı	61	1 Annex	479 480
,, ••	" Renunciations by Mecklenburg - Stre- litz in favour of	!		Amex	
	Prussia	, 22 Sept., 1815	92 34	9, § 3	582 310
ichleswig	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42 214	4 1, 2	360 1106
,,	" Non-political con- nection with Hol-	1			
,,	stein	10 July, 1849	. •	3 5	1107
,,	" Evacuation by Denmark		j	-	1611
,,	ded by Denmark to Austria and Prussia		367	3	1631 1632
»	" And Denmark. Boundary	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	1635
,,	" Prussian Administration		370	1	1639
35	"Entrance into Zollvercin	, 14 Aug., 1865	370	10 6	1640
,,	,, Financial Obliga-		370	8	164
))	tions " Convention. Austria and Prussia (Gastein)	14 Aug., 1865	370		1638

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Schleswig	Duchy. French Circular	20.4		78.Y	1040
	respecting ditto British Circular	29 Aug., 1865	_	Note	1640
,,	ditto	14 Sept., 1865	372		1645
,,	" Proposed Congress	May—June, 1866	377		1669
,,	" To be transferred	26 July, 1866	383	3	 1699
,,	by Austria to Prussia ,, Transferred to Prussia; but with	20 July, 1800	000		1000
	certain conditions as to North Districts	23 Aug., 1866	388	5	1722
,,	of Schleswig United to Prus-				
Schloss-Vip-	sian Monarchy District. Coded by Prus-	24 Dec., 1866	402		1797
pach	sia to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 5 1, § 8a	306 307
Schluppberg	Bavaria and Prussia. Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Schmalkalden	Circle, Forests in	14 Sept., 1866	_	Note	1740
,,	Lordship. Annexed to Prussis	3 Oct., 1866	394	_	1762
Schmorda	District. Secured to Prussia	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
Schnackenburg	Elbe Toll House	23 June, 1821	110	16	678
Schæneck Schöller	Given to France Lordship. Prussian Sove-	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	24	228
	"	18 Sept., 1816	61	1 Annex	479
Schönberg	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-	01.75	20	7 6 0	104
	sau to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c} 184 \\ 228 \end{array}$
	"	9 0 tme, 1013	21	118, § 8 Annex 8	272 275
,, ,	Bavaria and Prussia.	99 A 1900	907		1717
	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866 9 June, 1815	387 27	76	255
Schönbuch	Commune. United to Basle Rights of House	4 May, 1740		Appendix	
Schonburg	y, ·	18 May, 1815	17		147
•	"	29 May, 1815	17	-	148
	3 >	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 5 Annex 5	272 275
	>> 22	9 Oct., 1835 3 Sept., 1836	179		96 3 96 3
Schöndorf	District. Given to Wei-	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 6	306
Schönebeck	Elbe Toll House. Reserved by Prussia	23 June, 1821	110	16	679
Schöningen	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	Div. I	711
	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas-	·			

	Subject	other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Schönstein	Bailiwick. Ceded by Nas- sau to Prussia		27	24, § 2 118, § 8	228
Schrockling Schultmanns-	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	Annex 8	275 839
kamp Schwalb	Boundary		121	18—21	716
	France. Limits		124 126	1	727 786
Schwalheim			'	15	1734
Schwallenberg	Bailiwick. Restored to Prussia	0 Tune 1915	27	23	227
Schwartsburg- Budolstadt	And Prussia. Territorial	19 June, 1816	55	-	448
)) · ·	,, Cessions			1, 2	449
,,	Downsontation and Water	X			
	Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 15 58	201 244 246
,,	German Confedera-		407	6	- 1811
,,	" At Council of Ger-	1			
,,	man Empire Private Claims on France		441 79	6 7	1984 545
), · · ·	Comprised within North German Confedera-	• ·		- 	
,, .,	Comprised within German		407	1	1809
Schwartsburg-	And Prussia. Territorial	16 April, 1871	444	1	1931
Sondershau- sen		15 June, 1816	54	_	444
)) · · ·	Representation and Voting at German Federal Diet and General		5 4	§ 1	445
	Assembly	8 June, 1816 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 15 58	201 455 245
••	,, At Council of North German Confedera- tion	;	407	6	1811
,, · · ·	At Commell of Com	•		6	1934
, , ••	Private Claims on France		79	7	545
,, •••	Comprised within North German Confedera-	1			
	tion Comprised within German-	14 June, 1867	407	1	1809

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Chwarz-Elster	Prussia and Saxony.				
		18 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	16 27	17 15	141 222
Schwartsen-	Commune. Given to Ol-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_		
bach	denburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 27	598 60 4
schwartzhoff	Commune. Given to Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	604
,,	" Excepted from				
•	Cessions to Saxe- Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	6 0-
Schwarzerden.		1 7 1 1010	60	TD 13	APO
,,	Austria to Prussia " Excepted from	• •	60	Preamble	
,,	cessions to Bavaria " Ceded to Saxe-	•	95	2	59
Schwarz-	Coburg River. Prussia and Saxony.	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
Wasser	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	22
Schweitz	Swiss Canton. Integrity		9	. 1	6
	••	9 June, 1815	27	74	25
_				118, § 11 Annex 11	27 27
,,	Compensation to, by other	90 Mar. 1915		C	4
	Swiss Cantons	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	6 81	25
	,	<i>5</i> 6 a no, 1010		118, § 11 Annex 11	27
Schwerborn	Village. Ceded by Prussia			Annex 11	21
		22 Sept., 1815	84	1, § 88	30
Schwerdorf	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	88
Scorzarolo	Austria and Sardinia.				
	Boundary	11 July, 1859	298	_	187
	,,	10 Nov., 1859 10 Nov., 1859	301 302	4	188 189
	,, · · ·	1 4 4 7 4 4 4 4 4	303	3	140
	,,	A 37 - A 4 A 4 A	306		141
	,,	16 June, 1860	817	_	144 144
Scurano	Domain. Italian Boun-				
	daries	28 Nov., 1844	200	2 9	104
Scutari	To Herzegovine. Road	1 1			
	open to Commerce	U '	1 _	6	151
Seamen, &c		30 May, 1814	1	15	1
Sebastopol	Town and Port restored to Russia	30 Mar., 1856	264	4	125
	Paris Conferences. No. 22			-	127
,, Sechelles	Calalta Carat Data:	30 May, 1814	1	8	
Second Point	1	·			
	Danube	8 Aug., 1854	250	§ 2 § 2	12
			1	§ 2	121

Name of Country, Place &c.	Subject.	Other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Second Point	Discussed at Vienna. Free Navigation of the Danube		253	§ 2	1225
		21 Mar., 1855 23 Mar., 1855			1283 1283
Securities	. See Bonde.	1			1
Sedan	. French Fortress. Occu-	•	1		İ
	pied by Allied Troops	•		5	347
	T	20 Nor., 1815	42	9	362
Seebach	District. Secured to Prus-				
_		22 Sept., 1815	31	1, § 6	306
Seem	Parish. Denmark and		1	_	
4	Schle-wig. Boundary	•	367	5	1633
Seesen	Brunswick and Han.ver. Boundaries		120	68-78	712
	:	!	120	79—83 88—93	713 713
Seibels dorf	. Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-				
	Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
Seid enber g	. Prussia and Saxony.	•	!	• •	
# - 124 -	Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	221
Seille	France and Germany.	96 Esk 1091	420	1	1019
Self-denying Clause	Boundary In Treaties :—	20 Feb., 18/1	433	.	1913
	. Great Britain and Russia.	ļ			
,,	Pacification of	4 4 1 1000	1.20		740
	Greece	4 April, 1826	129	§ 5	743
**	. Great Britain, France, and Russia. Pacification		į	ì	
	of Greece		136	5	771
	. Great Britain, &c., and		100	J	***
,,	Turkey. Levant		192		1023
	Great Britain and France.	, 2sopt., 2020			1020
••	War with Russia	10 April, 1854	242	4	1194
••	. Great Britain, &c., and		ĺ	_	- -
•	Turkey. Syria		321		1452
19	. Austrian Views. Proposed			i	
	Congress	May-June,	377	-	1677
	1	1866			~
		14 Sept., 1829	145	2	815
Sellbach .	. Commune. Given to Old-	20 TI- 1910	05	10	EAA
	enburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 27	598 604
Sembach .	. Windmill. Given to]	j		00-2
CONTROLL .	· Landa in the contract of the	23 Oct., 1829	148		840
Semendria .	. Servian Fortress	4 Sept., 1862	338	6, 7	1520
	, Evacuation by			-, •	
,,	Turkey	10 April, 1867	404	_	1800
Bemoy	River. France and Nether-			j	
•	lands. Free Navi-	[1	
	gation	28 Mar., 1820	99	41	626
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I	l.	

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of	Art.	Page.
&c.	~==,	other Document.	Treaty.	41,1 0.	rage.
			<u> </u>		
Sendelbach	Ceded by Baden to Austria	10 July, 1819	93	1	585
	y	27 Oct., 1819	97	1 1	621
,,	Ceded by Austria to Ba-				
lantam han	Varia	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
September	Convention. France and Italy. Evacuation of Rome by French				
	Troops	15 Sept., 1864	366	_	1627
sequestrations	Removed. Great Britain				102
	and France	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	21
	_ "	20 Nov., 1815	46	1	398
,,	" France and Spain	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	36
,,	", Poland	3 May, 1815	12	8, 9	96
	"	9 June, 1815	27	12, 13	220
	•			118, § 1	272
	70.1.1		j	Annex 1	275
	"Belgium	15 Nov., 1831	153	17	868
	5 7	19 April, 1839	183	16	990
	"	19 April, 1839	184	16	994
	San also Olaima	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
), 	See also Claims.			•	
eravezza	Canal. Italian Bounda-	00 May 1044	200		
Serpents	ries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1056
	Given to Turkey	6 Jan., 1857	277		1900
	•	7 Jan., 1857	276		1299
	,,	19 June, 1857	282	3	1297
,,	Lighthouse to be main-	10 0 allo, 1007	202	3	1321
,,	tained by Turkey	6 Jan., 1857	277		1300
		19 June, 1857	282	4,	1323
Servia	Principality. Privileges,			~	102
•	&c.	28 May, 1812		Appendix	I
	>>	7 Oct., 1826	131	5	750
	•	,		Annex 2	758
	,,	14 Sep., 1829	145	6-20	817
		•		11	821
	,,	1 Oct., 1829	146		832
	. ,,	Oct., 1830	150		842
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Dec., 1833	169		929
	· ·	24 Dec., 1838	182	-	968
,,	" Non-residence of				
	Mussulmans and				
	Turks	1 Oct., 1829	146		838
	**	Oct., 1830	150		844
	3 7	Dec., 1833	169		931
	This of C. J.	4 Sep., 1862	338	8	1521
"	" Union of 6 de-	104 1000			•-
	tached Districts	1 Oct., 1829	146	_	834
	Special Ohm	Oct., 1830	150		843
	" Succession. Obre-	•	!]	
, ••					
,	novitz Family	Oct., 1830	150		843
,,		Oct., 1830 17 April, 1854	150 243		843 1196

Name of Country, Pla- &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Servia	••	Principality. Cessation of		. 250	1	
		Russian Protectorate	8 Aug., 1854		§ 1 § 1 § 1	1218
		, "e	28 Aug., 1854	253	§ 1	1225
,,	• •	" Conferences of Vienna. 1st	j		i 	1
		Point. Nos. 1, 2, 3	Mar., 1855	258	_	1233
••	••	" Protection of	30 Mar., 1856	264	2829	1262
		Great Powers Conferences of	1 30 mar., 1650	203	2020	1200
••		Paris. Nos. 13, 14	Mar. , 1856	268	i —	1275
••	• •	" Convention. For-	15 June, 1862		Note	1517
•		tress of Belgrade Bombardment of	15 6 tipe, 1002		2.00	101,
19		Belgrade	June, 1862		Note	1516
••	• •	" Conferences at Constantinople	July-Sep., 1862	<u> </u>	Note	1515
••		" Protocol. For-	o dry "sop., 1002			1010
••		tresses, &c. 6	4.6	990	1	1515
		Powers and Turkey	4 Sep., 1862	33 8	Note	1515 1 52 0
••		" Fortresses. De-	_			
		molition	Oct., 1830	150 169		846 934
		,,	Dec., 1833 4 Sep., 1862	338	6	1520
>>	• •	" Evacuation by	2			_
,,		Turkey. Ottoman			<u>'</u>	
		and Servian Flags on Fortresses	10 April, 1867	404		1800
Seceneuve	• •	Without French Limits	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	6
Bese quin	• •	Without French Limits	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 7	6
Bevenaer	• •	Town. Ceded by Prussia to the Notherlands.	31 May, 1815	22	- 2	181
		"	9 June, 1815	27	25	231
					66 118, § 10	250 272
					Annex 10	_
Seven Islan		See Ionian Islands.				
Seven Powe		See Powers of Europe. Division. Allies and				
Ships of Wa	br	France	30 May, 1814	1	15	11
Sicilies	• •	(Two). Ferdinand IV,	0 Toma 1916	27	104	268
Sicily		King United to Italy	9 June, 1815 17 Dec., 1860	325		1459
Sickenhofer	· · ·	Commune. Ceded by				
		Hesse-Cassel to	29 June, 1816	57	1	455
Siebenhart	• •	Hesse-Darmstadt Dependencies of Mills.	20 0 uno, 1010		_	200
Man M Assesser A	••	Ceded by Bavaria to		104	0.64	
61 - L A L - 1		France Forest. Bavaria and	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 4	72 9
Siebenthei	• •	France. Bounda-	-			
		ries. Secured to		104		Maa
		Bavaria	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	124 126	2, § 2	728 737
		,,	, a Dec., 1020	LAU	. •	101

Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Siegen	• •	Principality. Ceded by Netherlands to Prussia	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	22 27	5 24 67 70 118, § 10	
"	••	" Part ceded by Prussia to Nassau	31 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	23 27	Annex 10 2, 3 24 118, § 8 Annex 8	275 185 228 272 275
Siemianice	• •	Village. Prussia and Russia. Boundary	13 Dec., 1836	180		964
Sierne		Mill. Geneva Boundary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	424
Silesia		Prussia and Russia. Boun-	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
DITERIT	• •	dary	9 June, 1815	27	2 1	217
-		"	11 Nov., 1817	77	1	539
		"	4 Mar., 1835 13 Dec., 1836	175 180	1	954 964
Silistria		Town. To be restored to	15 Dec., 1030	160	_	304
	• •	Turkey	14 Sep., 1829	145 145	2 San A = 4	815
		"	14 Sep., 1829	TAO	Sep. Art.	831
		,,	27 Mar., 1836	178	3	962
Silvingen	• •	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	838
Simplon	• •	Road. Geneva Boundary	29 Mar., 1815	10	1,2	70
		"	20 May, 1815	19	Annex B B	164
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	80	257
		"			118, § 12	273
			10.76	70	Annex 12	
		>>	16 Mar., 1816 20 July, 1819	52 95	1 41	424 611
		., Sardinian Pos-	20 0 my, 1010	30	71	OII
"		session	29 Mar., 1815	10	1	71
			20 May, 1815	19	Annex	164
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	B B 80	257
					118, § 12	
			16 Mar., 1816	52	Annex 12	275 425
		>>	20 July, 1819	95	41	611
"	••	Communication between Geneva and the	J		4	
		Valais	29 Mar., 1815	10	2	71
			20 May, 1815	19	Annex B B	164
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	80 118, § 12	257 273
					Annex 12	275 275
		"	16 Mar., 1816	52	5	426
) >	••	See also Savoy.			l	

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	. Page.
Sippenseken	Commune. Belgium and				
	Netherlands	8 Aug., 1843	196	5	103
Sittard	Canton. Part given to		ŀ		1
	Prussia and part to	0 T 1915	1 00	-	-
	Netherlands	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	230 249
	Town. Secured to Nether-			•	
) •	lands	9 June, 1815	27	25	230
	1	i		60	249
,,	Commercial communica-				
	tions through	15 Nov., 1831	153	11	864
	, ,,,	19 April, 1839	183	11	988
))	19 April, 1839	184	11	944
Six Powers	See Powers of Europe.	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Sizeboli		14 Sep., 1829	145	2	815
	Ceded to Prussis	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
	French. Abolition	00 36- 1014	1	Add.Art.	20
	I			1	
,,	Netherlands. Abolition	13 Aug., 1814	5	8	45
**	Declaration of 8 Powers.	277	_	į	-
	Abolition. Vienna	8 Feb., 1815	7	110 615	60
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9 June, 1115	27	118, § 15 Annex 15	
	Vienna Congress	1814—1815	30	Annex 15	286
	Protocol. 4 Powers	26 July, 1815	31		294
• •	Additional Article	20 Nov., 1815	40	<u>-</u>	350
• •	Resolutions. Verona	26 Nov., 1822	113	-	69 5
	Town. Prussian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Slusewo	Given to Duchy of War-				
*	56W	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
Smeermaas	Belgium and Netherlands.	K War 1949	105	70	1000
Soeturn	Boundary Commune. Given to	5 Nov., 1842	195	10	1029
sostarn	Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	95	13	59 8
	Olumburg	20 0 22, 1020		27	604
Sokol	Fortress. To be demo-				
	lished	4 Sep., 1862	338	6	152 0
Solchdorf	Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Soldiers	See Army.	00.35			
Soleure	Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815	9 27	1	65
	"	9 June, 1815	27	74 118, § 11	254 273
				Annex 11	275
Solms-Rödel-	Possessions of Count.				0
heim	Sovereignty of			1	
	Hesse-Darmstadt	3 0 June, 1816	58	7	461
	,,,	80 June, 1816	59	7	473
Olama Sa Air		20 July, 1819	95	19	600
Sophie	Glass Foundry. Given to	_	140		000
Soral	France Geneva Boundary. Town	23 Oct., 1829	148		83 9
SOPEI	and Road given to				
	Geneva	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	423
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	41	610

Name of Country, Place &c.) ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Soukum-Kal	é.	See Black Sea. East Coast.				
Soulez		C 14 T 1	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	861
		"	19 April, 1839	183	2 2	988
		,	19 April, 1839	184 185		994
Soulina	••	Channel of the Danube. See Danube.	19 April, 1839	100	Annex	998
Sound Dues	••		14 Mar., 1857 14 Mar., 1857	278 279	_	1301 1 3 10
South Braba	nt					
Sovereign	••	Titles. See Germany,		İ		
		Greece, Hanover, Italy, Luxemburg,	,			
		Netherlands, Prus-				
		sia, Sardinia, Saxony,				
,	i	and Sicilies (Two).	17.37			
Spain		Future Meetings of Rights of Reversion in	15 Nov., 1818	87	_	571
opam (•	Parma, Placentia,	•			
		and Guastalla	9 June, 1815	27	99	26
		"	10 June, 1817	73	Preamble	-
		Accession to Vienna Con-	20 July, 1819	95	44	612
•,	•••	gress Treaty of				
		9 June, 1815	7 June, 1817	71		518
		A	10 June, 1817	73		525
"	••	Accession to Treaties of 20 November, 1815	8 June, 1817	72		521
))	10 June, 1817	73	Preamble	525 525
, ,	• •	Claims on France	25 April, 1818	79	7	545
"	••	Circular. Austria, Prus-	_			
		sia, and Russia. Troppau	8 Dec., 1820	105		050
••		British Circular. Laybach		103		658 664
,, ,,	• •	Declaration of Allies, ditto	12 May, 1821	108		667
3)	••	Declaration of War against				
		France	23 April, 1823	114		697
**	••	ties. Spain and			· ·	
		Portugal	14 Dec., 1826	132	· - -	760
37	• •	Quadruple Alliance. Great				•
		Britain, France, Spain, and Portugal.				1
		Pacification of the				,
		Peninsula	22 April, 1834	171		941
		O' -'1 TH " TH' -4 O	18 Aug., 1834	173	-	949
,,	••	Civil War. Eliot Convention	9/7 Ammil 1995	170		OE 6
**		And France. Boundary,	27 April, 1835	176	_	956
,,	•	&c. See France.			-	
Sparenburg	••	Ceded to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	228
Sperchius	••	River. Greek Limits	21 July, 1832	161	1, 2	905
Spichern	• •	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148		839

Name of Country, Piace, &c.	hub ect.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Spielburg .	Bailiwick. Ceded by			 	
ppostoria .	Hesse-Darmstadt to				[
	Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2	457
	1	30 June, 1816	58	4	46
	•,	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
	•,	20 July. 1819	95	25	603
ipielmannsa u	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•	1	İ
	over, ceded to Ba-	_			
	varia	30 Jan., 1844	197	13	1034
lpire	District. Part Bavarian			· .	
	Indemnity	3 Nov., 1515	3 8	Annex 2a	334
,,				·	
	Austria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	, 2	436
	"	20 July. 1819	96	2	592
,,	,,		•	i	
	Hesse-Darmstadt	8 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2a	334
	**	14 April, 1816	53	2	436
	••	30 June, 1816	58	8	461
	••	30 June, 1816	59	8	473
	29	20 July, 1819	95	2	593
	37	A1 35 30 A 1		20	600
••	. Navigation of the Rhine		151	10	851
*		17 Oct., 1868		_	1851
ponge	. Montenegrin Boundary		400		1788
pree	. River. Prussia and Saxony.				
	Boundary	9 June. 1815	27	15	222
pringe .	. Brunswick and Hanover.	N4 T 1004	1 200	10-	
	Boundary			107	714
quincio .	. Lake. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	, 200	4	1051
		1	1	9	1037
rebrena - Gla		90 Om 1900	400	1	1 -0-
	. Montenegrin Boundary	20 Oct., 1806	: 400	_	1787
Kackenberg .	Bavaria and Prussia. Boun-	99 1 1966	907		- Ar- P
Mada Mall		22 Aug., 1866	387	_	1717
itade Toll .	. Convention. Elbe border-	an T 1001	110	.	-
	ing States			15	678
**	Charles Britain and Han	13 April, 1844	i 198		1036
> >	. Great Britain and Han-	00 T.J. 1044	100	1	1047
	1	22 July, 1844	I	<u> </u>	1041
**	•	22 June, 1861	332	_	1471
tadt Orten-	Commune. Ceded by Hesse - Cassel to	_			
berg	Hesse-Darmstadt	90 June 1916	57	1	ARE
teminen here	Bavaria and Prussia. Boun-	, 25 J tile. 1010	1	•	455
Sertitifier. nex!		99 1 1966	387		3777
itamproy .	1 <u></u>	22 Aug., 1866	1	4 6 9	1717
. American Prof.	1	15 Nov., 1831 19 April, 1839	:	4, § 2	862 984
	,,	19 April, 1839		4, § 2	994
	,,	19 April, 1839		Annex	998
	••	E Nov. 1949		2	1029
ltari-Vla •.	. Servian Administration	Dec., 1833			980
tarkenberg .		1 2000	100		390
	marma at in a	3 Sept., 1866	389	§ 6	1738
itates	. Of the Church. See		008	1 20	1190
		1	•		

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Stecknitz	Canal Navigation	29 May , 1815	21	5, § 4	175
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	30, § 4	234
	i i			118, § 6	272
				Annex 6	275
Steffler	Commune. Retained by	10.7 . 1010			4
	Prussia	18 Sept., 1816	61	1	479
Steinbach	Hamlet. Ceded by Aus-			Annex	480
steinbach	tria to Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	2	437
	Ulla to Davalla	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
,,	Commune. In Ottweiler.	200129, 1020			4
,,	Ceded to Saxe-Co-]	1	
	burg	20 July, 1819	95	18	597
		•		28	6 04
Steinberg	Commune. Given to Old-				•
	enbu r g	20 July, 1819	95	27	601
	" Excepted from		1		
	cessions to Saxe-Co-	90 Tul- 1910	95	28	604
Steinbrück	Brunswick and Hanover.	20 July, 1819	99	26	
Steinbrück	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	21	711
Steinfeld	Ceded by Baden to Aus-	== 0 and, 10==			•
	tria	10 July, 1819	93	1	585
	,,	27 Oct., 1819	97	1	621
,,	Ceded by Austria to Ba-	·	,		
	varia	27 Oct., 1829	98	1	622
Steinfort	Secured to Luxemburg	1	153	2 2 2	860
	"	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
	,,,	19 April, 1839	184 185	1	994 998
Steinfurt	County. Relations with	19 April, 1839	109	Annex	ฮยก
steinfurt	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
	Claim of Count on France	0 0 410, 1010			
,,	settled	20 Nov., 1815	45	Add. Art.	396
Steiniger	Bavaria and Prussia.				
•	Boundary	22 Aug., 1866	387		1717
Steuer Verein .					
	Commission"	18 May, 1815	16	10	139
Steuerwald	Brunswick and Hanover.	04 7 1004	100	01	P1.
G4.a	Boundary Limits of Dutch Territory	21 June, 1824	120	21	711
Stevenswaardt	in Limburg	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 2	862
	1	19 April, 1839	188	4, § 2	984
	,, ,,	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	994
	",	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
,,	Part ceded by Belgium to				
•	Netherlands	8 Aug., 1843	196	15	1081
Stockei	Wood. Retained by Prus-				
	sia	15 June, 1816	54	2 1	440
Stollberg	Rights of House, retained	15 June, 1816	54		445
		10 T 1010		2	416
	**	19 June, 1816	55	2	449 450
Stolsenau	Navigation of the Weser	9 Sept., 1823	117	Preamble	
AANTATATA	THE THE PROPERTY OF MICHIGAN COOL.	A Mohail tong	1 -4	T TOWN DIC	1 700

Name of Country, Place,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
_	Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Stoppelberg	Prussia	9 June, 1815	. 27	23	227
Stotternheim	Village. Ceded by Prussia to Saxe-Weimar.	22 Sept., 1815	84	1, § 8 &	307
Straits	Convention. 5 Powers and Turkey. Dardanelles and Bos-	<u>-</u>			
	Chest Reitain	13 July, 1841	193	-	1024
,,	&c., and Turkey Referred to	, 30 Mar., 1866			1266 1299
	TO TO LA Alice Acc				3.200
	Paris Conferences. No. 2	Feb., April, 1856	268		1274
Strasburg	Bridge. Joint Property of France and Baden.	, 20 Nov., 1815	40	1, §'2	345
**	French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	360
٠,	Rhinometer	' 30 Jan., 18 27	134	Preamble	
••	Navigation of the Rhine	31 Mar., 1831	151	10	851
	Was Dark on Diling	17 04 1969	410	Annex	854
	Free Port on Rhine Ceded to Germany. See Alsace, Lorraine.	Ì	912 	_	1851
Strausberg	Retained by Schwartzburg-				
Strehle	Rudolstadt	19 June, 1816 28 June, 1821		1 16	449 678
Strelitz	Road to Fürstenburg. Coded to Hesse-				679
Strootmans-	Darmstadt	21 May, 1819	92	4	582
kamp	Boundary Bavaria and Pruesia. Boun-	2 July, 1824	121	12-16	716
			387 	-	1717
	ary	5 Nov., 1842		5 3	1029
		10 July, 1829	143	3	810
Styring	France	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
Styrum	reignty		27	24	228
Suarce	many. Boundary	10 May, 1871	446	Add. Art. 8	1963
Subsidy	List of Treatics. Alliance	95 Man 1915		Annes	
Succiso	against Bonaparte Italian Boundaries River. Erection of Light-	25 Mar., 1815 28 Nov., 1844	200	Appendix 9	1058
	house at Mouth	25 July, 1840	191	6	1019

Name of Country, Plac &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Sulina	•	Channel of the Danube.				
	İ	See Danube.				
Sure	•••	River. Luxemburg. Boundary	0 T 1015	~	a 0	~
	1	To al T	9 June, 1815	27	6 8	252
"		of Luxemburg	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
		,,	19 Apr., 1839		2.	988
	1	,,	19 Apr., 1839	184	2	994
	ĺ	Talanda Davida 3	19 Apr., 1839	185	Annex	998
"	•••	Islands. Prussia and Netherlands	96 Tune 1916	F.C	00	
Surret		Secured to Luxemburg	26 June, 1816 15 Nov., 1831	56 153	28 2	459 860
Jan 100 . ,	•	,,	19 Apr., 1839	183	2	988
	- 1	,,	19 Apr., 1839	184	2	994
		,,	19 Apr., 1839	185	Annex	998
Survey		Old. Land Tax on Estates.				
		Sardinia and Switzer-	1035			
N	-	land	16 Mar., 1816	52	15	430
Susteren	•••	Secured to Netherlands	9 June, 1815	27	25 cc	230
Sutorina		Turkish District. See			66	249
	•	Map of Dalmatia			}	
	ı	facing page 262.				
Sverlic .		Servian Administration	Dec., 1833	169		930
Swa lmen	••	Prussia and Netherlands.				
		Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	25	230
	ļ	And France. Peace. Terri-			66	249
Sweden.		torial Arrangements	30 May, 1814	1]]
••		Great Britain, &c. In-	00 may, 1014	-]
"	11	tegrity of Danish				
	1	Monarchy. Danish				
	1	Succession	4 July, 1850	222	—	1138
	1	"	2 Aug., 1850	223		1136
	1))	2 Aug., 1850	224	_	1137
	ļ	And Norway. Boundary	8 May, 1852	230		1151
79	•	Union	2 Oct., 1751 30 May, 1814	1	Appendix Add. Art.	27
		" "Integrity"	21 Nov., 1855	262	Auu. Aft.	1241
))))		And Russia. Lapland	14 May, 1826	130		744
))		Signature of Vienna Con-				•
	1	gress Treaty, with		1		
	- 1	Reservations as to		I		
	ĺ	certain Arts respect-		Į		
	1	ing Lucca and King of Naples	9 June, 1815	27	Note	
	- 1	or riupios	5 5 ane, 1015	21	to Signa-	•
	[ture	274
		,,	18 June, 1815	29	_	284
Swedish		Pomerania. See Pome-	·		j	
.		rania.		•		
dweigen	••	Village. Retained by Ba-	E T. L. 400	104	0.00	
Switzerland		And Austria. Boundary	5 July, 1825	124 27	2, § 3	729
> AL TABOLISMIC	• • [And Austria. Boundary	9 June, 1815	21	95, § 5	264

2359

7 m 2

Hame of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art	r :-
Switzerland	Cessions, &c. Neo		 		ı
79 • 0				l	
99 . • •	&c. See France. And Geneva. Communication, &c. See				
••	Geneva. And Italy. Boundary,				
99 .	&c. See Italy. And Sardinia. Limits as				
	in 1792, with modifications	9 June, 1815	27	80 85	257 250
••	Convention of 16th Aug., 1814, annulled	20 Mar., 1815	9	9	68
	***	9 June, 1815	27	118, § 1. Annex 1.	l 275
**	,,	9 June, 1815	9 27	7 82	254
19 • •	Independence	30 May, 1814	1	6 Sep. Art 2	19
70	, Guarantee by 8 Powers	20 Mar., 1815	9	<u>-</u>	64
	"	27 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	20 27	84	170 259
	Integrity of 19 Cantens	20 Mar., 1815		118, § 11 Annex 11 1	272 275 65
,,	Neutrality. Guarantee	9 June, 1815	27	74	254
•	by 8 Powers	20 Mar., 1815 27 May, 1815	9 20		64 170
17 •		9 June, 1815 1815	27 49	84	259 41 4
,,	Prussia	18 July, 1870	142		1979
**	Chablais and Faucigny, and part of				
	Upper Savoy	9 June, 1815 3 Nov., 1815	27 38	92 4 3	26 3 32 3
	;;	20 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	40 43	$\frac{3}{7}$	346 370
••	See also Savoy.	16 Mar., 1816 14 Mar., 1859	52 290	-	42 7 135 6
)) • ·	Minion of 9 Now Contons	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815		2 75 118, § 11	65 25 4 27 2
)) • ·	Private Claims on France. Protest. Cession of Savoy	25 April, 1818	79	Annex 11	275 516
))	to France	28 Mar., 1860	315	_	1 135

I	l			ł	
Name of	Enhiant	Date of Treaty	No. of	Λ	Person
Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	other Document.	Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Switzerland	Wounded in War	22 Aug., 1864	865	_	1621
	,,	3 Mar., 1865	368		1635
ļ	a , a ,,	20 Oct., 1868	413		1853
» ·	See also Geneva. Neuf- chatel.				
Sylt	Island. Part ceded by Denmark to Austria				
	and Domesia	30 Oct., 1864	367	4	1632
Syria	Southern. Administration	00 000., 1002	•		1004
Syria	of Mehemet Ali				1
	during life. Limits	15 July, 1840	190	Anner §1	1012
	during tite.	100 my, 2020		3-	1013
	Pacification. Conferences.		1	ł i	1010
,,	Paris	18601861		Appendix	
••	Paris	1860—1861	_	Appendix	
	Revrout	3 Aug., 1860	321		1451
"	Ammed Testerforces	0 11 ug., 1000		ļ	
3)	of Treaty Powers	5 Sept., 1860	323	l	1455
		19 Mar., 1861	331	l —	1469
Szczytno	Village. Given to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
	VIII	0 0 4110, 1010	-] -	
		•	ŀ	1	
Taconville	Commune. France and		ł	1	İ
	Germany. Bound-			}	
	ary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Tagliata	River. Austria and Mo-			į.	
	dena. Limits	8 Aug., 1849	216	2	1114
Taps	David Damank and	,			Į.
	Schleswig. Bound-				
	ary	30 Oct., 1864	867	5	1632
Tarchamps	Secured to Luxemburg	15 Nov., 1831	158	2	860
_	,,	19 April, 1839		2	983
	,,	19 April, 1839	184	2	994
	,,	19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
Tarnopol	Circle. Russia and Aus-	_			j
_	tria. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	5	218
Tartarès	River. 'France and Spain.			ļ	
	Boundary	. • •	411	_	1844
Tartarina		21 July, 1832	161	1	904
Taubentraenke					
	Prussia	9 June, 1815		18	224
Tauchritz		9 June, 1815	27	15	221
Tausa	I .	1005 : 1017			
	Weimar	<u> </u>	34	1, § 6	306
Tautenburg				1	
	Prussia to Saxe-				100
	Weimar		1	3	193
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	39	237
				118, § 7	
	}	00 5 - 4 101"	0.4	Annex 7	_
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 4	306
Taxis	See Tour and Taxis.	1			1
Tecklenburg	County. Restored to		05	00	0.05
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
			1	ľ	
	2361		1	İ	

## At Mentx	Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Roundary 23 Dec., 1827 137 Presmble Railwick Secured to Ravaria	ecklenberg		Hanover and Prussia.	1			
Telegraphs Bailiwick. Secured to Bavaria 3 Nov., 1815 53 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 95 1 1 2 July, 1819 1 3 July, 1819 1 3	_		Boundary	22 Dec., 1827	137	Preamble	776
Telegraphs	cleendorf	••	Bailiwick. Secured to	1			1
Talegraphs Prussian Service in Hesse- Darmstadt			Bavaria	•	88	Annex 2	333
Prussian Service in Hesse- Darmstadt		l		• •			436
Darmstadt 22 Aug., 1868 387 5 9 1	-9			' 29 July , 1819	95	1	50 2
	erettebre	••		60 A 1000	205		3630
				•	_	_	1718
## Austria and Saxony 1	"			9 pebr., 1900	969	3.3	1739
	77	•••		14 Am. 1005	270	.	1640
Sendola Prussia and Saxony 21 Oct., 1866 397 17		į	In Cara Mainin	14 Aug., 1800	370	5	1640
Pressis and Saxony 21 Oct., 1866 398 17	**			9 Oct 1966	907		1770
Mountain Italian Boundaries 28 Nov., 1844 200 9 1				-		17	1776
Series Commune Commu					330	1	2110
Town. Navigation of the Scheldt 19 April, 1839 183 9, § 3 19 April, 1839 184 185 185 185 186		•	_	28 Nov. 1844	200	g	1058
Scheldt	OTDOUDO						
Canal. Navigation of the Scheldt					183	9, 8 8	987
Canal. Navigation of the Scheldt							994
Canal. Navigation of the Scheldt 19 April, 1839 183 184 185 184 185 18			99			Annex	99 8
Scheldt	**		Canal. Navigation of the			ĺ	
19 April, 1839 184 185 186		1		19 April, 1839	188	9, § 3	987
Belgium and Netherlands. Boundary Sovereignty of Modena 9 Dec., 1847 208 2 10 20 20 20 20 20 20		i			184		994
Netherlands. Boundary				19 April, 1889	185	Annex	998
Commune Comm	**	••	,, Belgium and			1	
Navigation 5 Nov., 1842 195 20—37 16 Geneva Boundary 16 Mar., 1816 52 1 41		- 1			Ì		
Commune Comm		1	dary	5 Nov., 1842			1029
Rerraressa		••		•	T .	_ :	1029
Tesephon Commune Com	ernia	••	▼			1	424
Sovereignty of Modena 9 Dec., 1847 208 2 10		ı			1		610
Teschen Commune. United to Basle	ettareesa	•••	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1062
Teschen Commune. United to Basle 9 June, 1815 27 76 2		t	a			. 9	1056
Basle 9 June, 1815 27 76 28		••		•	208	2	1085
Treaty. Austria and Bavaria	<u>elmentel</u>	•••				-0	077
ria					27	1 10	255
Feesin , Maintained 14 April, 1816 53 9 1 1	SECTION	•••			ļ	A 3:	
Teesin				•			490
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "			• •		1	1	439
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		•••					65 254
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "			>>	same, rore	21	1	272
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				1			276
,,, Compensation to be paid to Canton of Uri 20 Mar., 1815 9 6 9 June, 1815 27 81 118, § 11 Annex 11 A. B. 2				: 	i		210
be paid to Canton of Uri	••		Compensation to		l	11 A. D.	
Uri 20 Mar., 1815 9 6 81 27 81 118, § 11 Annex 11 A. B. 2	"	•		j		į (
,, and 9 June, 1815 27 81 118, § 11 2 Annex 11 A. B. 2				20 Mar., 1815	9	6	67
118, § 11 Annex 11 A. B. 2						4 1	258
Annex 11 A. B. 2			~		ļ		272
" " Austria and					1		,
,, ,, Austria and					1		275
)	•••			ŀ	1	
			Switzerland. Boun-	Į.	l .	j	
dary 9 June, 1815 27 95 § 5 2		ļ	dary.,	9 June, 1815	27	95 § 5	264

					r	
Name of Country, Place &c.	e,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Cessin		Swiss Canton. Italy and				
		Switzerland. Boun-	70.			
•		dary	6 Aug., 1849	333 215	3	148 111
**		River. See Ticino.	0 Mug., 10±0	210	· ·	111
eutonic	••	Orders. Ceded by Prussia	_			
	}	to Saxe-Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	3	19
		Parsions to Manhan	9 June, 1815	27	39	28
13 .		Pensions to Members	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	2 6 2 7	15 118, § 9	20 27
-	1	"	0 0 tille, 1010	2,	Annex 9	2
exel		Dutch Fleet	30 May, 1814	1	15	j
haiden	• •	Village. Without Prus-			•	_
		sian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	40	23
		,, Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	14 April 1016	53	9	4:
		.Davaria	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	95	2 2	55
halhausen		District. To be retained	20 July, 1010		-	
		by Hesse-Cassel	22 Sep., 1815	34	2, § d	30
		"	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	3:
hal-Lichten	'-	Commune. Ceded by Aus-	1 7-1- 1010	00 .	D	
berg	- [tria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	4
"	••	Austrian Cessions to		1		}
		Bavaria	20 July, 1819	95	2	5
**		" Ceded to Saxe-	,		_	
	1	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	2 8	G
halweg	••	Of Canal. Gravellone.	•			
	1	Austria and Sardi-	6 Ana 1940	215	Add.Art.	11
		nia. Boundary	6 Aug., 1849	210	Auu.AFt.	11
		Of Rivers:—			-	
))	••	Arve. Geneva Boun-				
		dary	16 Mar., 1816	52	1	.1:
		Danuba Waldania	20 July, 1819	95	41	6
**	••	Danube. Moldavia and Wallachia.				
		Boundary	14 Sept., 1829	145		82
		,,	— 1834	174	_	98
, ,	••	Enza. Parma and	•			
]	Modena. Bound-	90 37 1044	900		10
	Ì	Konge-Aş. Denmark	28 Nov., 1844	200	4	105
"		and Schleswig.	•	ĺ	[
		Boundary	30 Oct., 1864	367	5	163
, ,	••	Mincio. Austria and		I	İ	
		Sardinia. Boundary	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	138
		33	10 Nov., 1859	302	1 8	139
		"	10 Nov., 1859 21 Nov., 1869	30 3 3∩ 6	_0	140 141
		"		817		143
	L	4.	TO a mine Trun.	V	-	
		"	100 4110, 2000	V1.	l	

					•	
Name of Country, Place &c.	e, 	h ab ji et	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Thalweg	• •	Of Rivers :-	; • •			}
**	••	Po. Austrian Fron- tiers in Italy	9 June, 1815	27	95, § 2 95	263 264
		A	8 Aug., 1849	216	5	1112
**	• •	" Austria and Sar- dinia. Boundary	10 Nov., 1859	301	4	1383
		,,	10 Nov., 1859	302	4	1394
		,,	10 Nov., 1859	303	1 3	1403
		";	21 Nov., 1859	306		1414
		Dhina "Farana and	16 June, 1860	317	_	1440
**	• •	Rhine. France and	} }			1
		Germany. Boun- dary	30 May, 1814	1	9 2 5	6
		.,	20 Nov., 1815	40	3, § 5 1, § 2	345
**	• •	Semoy. France and			-, 3 -	
		Netherlands	28 Mar., 1820	99	41	627
••	• •	Sure. Belgian Limits	!			
		of Luxemburg	15 Nov., 1831	153	2	860
		? \$	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
		"	19 April, 1839 19 April, 1839	184 185	2	994 998
••	• •	Vistula." Galicia and	10Apin, 1000	100	Annex	230
•		Cracow. Boundary		27	4	217
Thebes	• •	Privileges of Proprietors	21 July, 1832	161	7	907
Thedinhause		Brunswick and Hanover.				
50 -1			24 June, 1824	120	131	714
Theley	• •	T	90 T-1- 1910	05		700
		Translad Con-	20 July, 1819	95	13	598
97	••	Cessions to Saxe-				
			20 July, 1819	95	28	604
Thermopyle		Continental Boundary of	,			
		Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 4	800
Thesealy	••		12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 4 § 5	800
Thil	••	Village. France and Ger-	10 36 - 105	440	_	
Thionville		many. Boundary French Fortress. Occu-	10 May, 1871	446	1	1955
7 W10W 4 1170		pied by Allied				
		—	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
99		Canton. France and Ger-				O X &
		many. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
		"	10 May, 1871	446	1	1955
			-		Add. Art.	1963
Third Point		Discussed at Vienna	•		3	
ZHIIW POINT	• •	Discussed at Vienna. Dardanelles and] 			
		Bosphorus. Limita-				
		tion of Russian				
		Naval Forces in		1		
		Black Sea	8 Aug., 1854	250		1216
						1218
		> >	28 Dec., 1854	253		1226
		91	March-June,	258		1233
		9364	1855	!	1	
		ツベバル				

Name of Country, Place, &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Pholen Hous	e	Netherlands and Hanover.	0.7.1. 1004	101		
Pholey		Boundary Canton. French Boun-	2 July, 1824	121	31—35	716
		dary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 3	5
"		" To be Ceded by Austria to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 1 d	333
••	•••	" Ceded by Austria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
**	••	" Part to belong to Prussia and Part to	1 9 aly, 1010		rosmon	4/6
	1	Saxe-Coburg		95	13	597
		Conton Franch Rown	20 July, 1819	95	28	6 04
Thones	••	Canton. French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 8	7
Thonex	••	Commune. Proposed Cession to Geneva	3 Nov., 1815	38	5	329
		"	16 Mar., 1816	52	Preamble	
Thorn	••	Ceded to Holland	15 Nov., 1831	153	4, § 2	86
		"	19 April, 1839	183	4 , § 2	984
		"	19 April, 1839	184	4, § 2	99
_			19 April, 1839	185	Annex	99
,, · · ·		Secured to Holland Part Ceded by Holland to	5 Nov., 1842	195	2	102
Mhasa Dassan	_	Belgium	8 Aug., 1843	196	16	103
Three Power Three Rules		See Powers of Europe. Duties of a Neutral. Mari-	1			
Titles Pares	• •		8 May, 1871	445		195
Thuin	• •	Canton. French Boun-	•			
1911a 13a -		dary		1	3, § 1	
Thulba	• •	Coded by Anatrie	9 June, 1815	27	40	23
"	• •		14 April, 1816	53		43
			20 July, 1819	95	2	59
Thurens		Given to Savoy		52	2	42
	••		20 July, 1819	95	41	61
Thurgau	• •	•			3	66
"	• •	See also Nellenburg.			1	_
Thurgovia	• •	Swiss Canton	·	9	1	6
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9 June, 1815	27	74	25
"	• •	Baden and Switzerland.	00.35			
		Boundary	•	97.1	Note	121
1995 mardan arda		Times of Demonia and	31 Oct., 1854	251	1 1	121
Thuringia	• •	Kings of Prussia and Saxony Counts of	•	977	10	96
		1 3 6 114 10 - 1 4 . T3 . 6 41		•	16	22 31
Ticino	• •		22 peh., 1019	2.5	9, § 3	1 91
	• •	TO'				
"	• •	dinia. Boundary	6 Aug., 1849	215	3	111
		1	10 Nov., 1859	1	21	141
Tilsit		Treaties of 7 July, 1807,	10 2:01., 1000			**
	- •	and 9 July, 1807,			1	
		Annulled	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art	
			, 	. –		- 1

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Trepty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Pileit	Treaties of 7 July, 1807, and 9 July, 1807,				
	referred to	8 June. 1825	123	_	72
fintange	Belgian Limits of Luxem-	15 75 1000	150	_	0.00
	burg	15 Nov., 1831 19 April, 1839		2 2	960 983
	71	18 April, 1839	•	2	994
	97	19 April, 1839		Annex	
Cinting	Given to France				838
Miles	Of Sovereigns:—				•
•	See Germany, Greece,	•			! :
i	Hanover, Italy.				! -
	Luxemburg, Nether-				- i
	lands, Prussia, Sar-				•
	dinia, Saxony, and]		! !
rittmoning	Sicilies (Two). Secured to Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	33 3
		14 April, 1816		Annex 2	436
		20 July, 1819		i	529
Cobago	Ceded to Great Britain		1	8	ý
	Village. Within Cracow	, , , , , , ,		•	
	Territory	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
foren-Stege	Hanover and Netherlands.		:		
	Boundary	2 July, 1834	121	22 —25	716
Corgan	Bailiwick. Ceded to				
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
-		28 Aug., 1819	96 200	1 3 9	617
	River. France and Spain.	28 Nov., 1844	200	ð	1055
		11 July, 1868	411		1844
Foultcha		14 Sep., 1829	145	2	813
	Postal Revenues		23	14	189
	>	8 June, 1815	26	17	205
,,	Abolition of Princely				
	House	3 Sept. , 1866	389	§ 6	1738
,,	Abolition of Post Office	3 Sept., 1866	389	10	1732
Bo	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	8 Oct., 1866	397	3	1769
Frais-Münsen-	Treaty. Persia and Russia	22 Feb., 1828	_	Note	816
perg	Commune. Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to				
N41 8	Hesse-Darmstadt	29 June, 1816	57	1	455
		30 June, 1816	58	4	460
	>>	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
l	99	20 July, 1819	95	25	603
Cranchberg	Austrian Rights over, ceded	• •	!		
_	to Bavaria		197	13	1034
n	Bavarian Department	30 Sep., 1818	81	1, 2	556
Craverone	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1057
Creaties	Name of Country inserted	}			
	in Preamble, but				~
	Treaty not signed by	9 June, 1815	27		208
	Plenipotentiary				

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
reaties .	Signed, but not ratified.				
.1081109	(Slave Trade)	20 Dec., 1841*		•	
33	T 1 . 1 . 1 . 1	04 36		Appendix	
• •	,,	23 Nov., 1846		Appendix	
	"	1 June, 1866	377		168
	,,	4 June, 1866	_	Appendix	ľ
	"	17 Jan., 1871	433	·	190
,,		-	ļ	1	
•	same force as Treaty.	30 May, 1814	1		2
,,			Ì		
	Articles.		İ		1
	Abrogated by mutual con-		1		
	sent:—				l
**		14 Nov. 1969	255		7 5 5
	vember, 1815	14 Nov., 1863	355	8	157
"	, – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	10 April 1920	185	2	99
	15 November, 1831 Rhine Navigation, 31	19 April, 1839	100		95
**	March, 1831	17 Oct 1868	412	48	183
	Plack See 90 March		712	1	100
•	1856	13 Mar., 1871	439	1	192
		13 Mar., 1871	410	Ī	192
,, •	Domaria d'an Wan	1	27		20
,, ·	Sandinia and Smitzon	1			
,,	land	16 Mar., 1816	52	23	4
,,	Austria and Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	9	4
>	Russia and Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	15	8
	,,,	1 May, 1849	211	7 2	10
,, •	Austria and Sardinia	6 Aug., 1849	215		111
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10 Nov., 1859	303	17	14
,,			221	2	113
,,	1		000	i	
	Russia	25 Mar., 1856	268		12
	Assatuis "Dunasia and	30 Mar., 1856	264	32	120
,,	T\	30 Oct., 1864	367	2	16
	Properio and Wuntama	30 Oct., 100%	307		10
,,	berg	13 Aug., 1866	384	7	170
	The I The James			7	17
••	" and Bavaria		1	7,8	17
-	and Ametric	, 0 ,	388	13	17
)) •	and Hosso -	, , , , ,			
,,	Darmstadt	3 Sept., 1866	389	7,8	17
,,	Ametric and Teal-	1	392	20	17
)) •	Druggie and Sara-Mai-				
	ningen		397	2	170
,,	Prussia and Saxony			11	17
	France and Germany	<u> </u>		11	19
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	11 Dec., 1871	449	18	19
<i>)</i>)	. Adhesion of States of		1		
	Germany. Ditto		-	Note	19

^{*} Not given in this Work, having no reference to "Map of Europe." 2867

Name of Country, Pla	er,	Sabject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Treaties	• •	Changes made in, after Ratification. Greece	. 19 July 1963	347	Note	15#
		p1	13 Oct., 1863	353		150-
**	• •	Denounced. Poland, 3rd May, 1815	3 Jan., 1832	157		885
**	• •	" Black Sca, 30th March, 1856	 31 Oct., 187 0	429		1892
••	• •	List of Treaties concluded between Great Bri-				1
		tain and more than one Power, and of which Ratifications were exchanged with				
	ł	only one Power	April, 1864	362		1612
1.	• •	Violation of, a Casus Belli	4 Oct., 1853			1176
	i	**	1 Nov., 1853 15 April, 1856	235 270		1177
**	• •	Abrogated after War	30 May, 1814	9	Ad. Arts	1280 22 <u> </u>
,,	• • •	Continued, not withstand-				1
		ing War Alternation of Signatures of	26 April, 1828	1 3 8	· 	784
••	• •	Plenipotentiaries	19 Mar., 1815	8	7	63
,,	• •	Annexed to other Treaties	9 June, 1815	27	118 Annex	272 275
		••	20 July, 1819	95	48	613
		**	19 April, 1839	185	1	997
		21	19 April, 1839 30 Mar., 1856	183 264	2 10	981 1256
		,,	00 Mar., 1000	201	14 33	1257 1264
		31	28 Dec., 1858	289	_	1355
,,	• •	Partly confirmed	13 Mar., 1871	439	8	1922
		communicated to other Powers	7 Dec., 1849	217	16	1101
		other l'owers	14 Nov., 1863	355	16 7	1121 1573
		See also Accessions.	13 Mar., 1871	440	_	1924
••	••	Execution of, before Rati-		9		1 1
		fication	15 July, 1840	192		1022
,. Trebisond	• •	Explanatory Note attached Pashalic. Russia and	2 July, 1850	221	. —	1132
		Turkey. Asiatic Boundary District. Part restored to	14 Sep., 1829	145	4	817
Trefourt	• •	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	226
Treis	• •	Euclave on the Lumda. Ceded by Prussia to				
Trente		Hesse-Darmstadt Principality. Austrian	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
AAUMUU	• •	Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	263

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Tresa	. River. Italy and Switzer-				
	land. Boundary	5 Oct., 1861	333	5	1492
Tresana .	. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5 5	1052
M	Italian Banadanian	99 7 1044	900	9	1057
Treschietto .	. Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5 8	1052 1054
		{		9	1057
Tribute .	Egypt. See Egypt.				
•	. To Sultan. Greece	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 9	801
		99 Man 1990	140	§ 10	802
	. , Servia	22 Mar., 1829	143 150		805 843
,,	,, SUPVIB	Oct., 1830 Dec., 1833	169	§ 18	931
,, .	. , Moldavia and Wal-	3		3 10	
,,	lachia	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	756
	~ »	14 Sept., 1829	145	_	826
	••	19 Aug., 1858	286	8	1334
Mada a A a	To and "Communication	23 Oct., 1866	399	§ 7	1785
Trieste	. Town and Government. Austrian Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	93	263
Trieux .	E	b dune, 1015		30	200
	Boundary	10 May, 1871	416	1	1955
Tripartite .	. Treaty. Great Britain,				
	Austria, and France.				
	Alliance. Integrity	15 4	070		1.000
Troope	of Turkey	15 A pril, 1856	270		1280
Troops	Passage of. Bavaria and Prussia	22 Aug., 1866	387	§ 8	1719
	Hesse - Darmstadt	22 11ug., 1000	.	30	1,10
	and Prussia	3 Sept., 1866	389	§ 11	1739
•	France and Switzerland	1 Feb., 1871	4 35	-	1907
•	Road, Savoy (Neu-		1		
	trality).				
Trophies .	la m'				
Troppau .	Congress. Austria, Prus-				
	sia, and Russia.				
	Political condition				
	of Naples. Spain and Portugal	9 Dec 1990	105		670
	Builiah Circular	8 Dec., 1820	105		658
"	Laybach	19 Jan., 1821	107		664
,,	Declaration	12 May, 1821	108		667
Turkey .					
•	Russia.				
"					
	Sea. Christian Privileges, &c	3 Nov., 1839	188		1004
•	omistian Tivineges, ac	9 April, 1854	241		1191
•	"	8 Aug., 1854	250	§ 4	1216
-				§ 4 § 4 § 4	1218
	,,	28 Dec., 1854	253	§ 4	1226
•	Firman	18 Feb., 1856	263	 ·	1243

Name of Country, Pla &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Turkey	• • أ	Christian Privileges, &c.			<u>}</u>	
			30 Mar., 1856 3 Aug., 1860	264 321	. 9	1255 1451
		,. Vienna Confer-	·			
**		ences, No. 7	29 Mar., 1854	258		1233
		_	2 Apr., 1855	258	_	1233
,,	• •	" Paris Confer-		000		
		ences, No. 1		268	_	1274
			28 Feb., 1856	268 268		1274 1275
			24 Mar., 1856 25 Mar., 1856	268		1275
		Not invited to accede to	20 Mar., 1000	200		1270
••	••	Holy Aliance of		ļ		Í
		26 Sept., 1815	_	-	Note	319
		Not included in European				1
,,		Settlement of 1814-		1		ł
		1815	26 Apr., 1828	138		780
**	••	Admitted into European		i I		
		System and Public	00 P.L 1050	960		1054
		Law of Europe	28 Feb., 1856 14 Mar., 1856	268 268		1274 1275
		**	30 Mar., 1856	(7	1254
		Evacuation of Territory	00 11111., 2000		•	1201
**	• •	by Russia	14 Sept., 1829	145	11	821
		• •	•		Sep. Art.	
					4	830
) }	9 April, 1854	241	_	1191
		>9	23 May, 1854	248	_	1212
		" by Allies	14 June, 1854 30 Mar., 1856	249 264		1214 12 53
**	••	" бу Ашее	00 Mar., 1000	201	31	1263
		,, ,, Paris Con-		l	52	
**	••	ferences, No. 21	4 Apr., 1856	268		1276
		No. 22	8 Apr., 1856	268		1276
> 1	• •	" Extension of Time	13 May, 1866	1		1286
,,	• •	Indemnity from Greece	21 July, 1882	161	2	905
		T. 3 0 . 37 .			4	906
**	• •	Internal affairs. Non-in-			1	
		terference of Treaty Powers	30 Mar., 1856	264	9	1255
		Integrity. 5 Powers	27 July, 1889		Note	1009
,,,	• •	4 Powers	15 July, 1840	190	Preamble	1009
))))	• •	,, Great Britain	•		1	
,,		and France	12 Mar., 1854		Preamble	1181
>>	••	" 4 Powers	9 Apr., 1854	241	_	1191
		, , , , , , , , ,	23 May, 1854	248	§ 2	1212
37	• •	" Austria and Tur-	14 Tuna 1984	940	4	1014
		vienna Confer-	14 June, 1854	249	13	1214
97	• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	17 Apr., 1855	258	10	1233
		~ 4 11 0	-	1	i i	
97	• •	Powers	30 Mar., 1856	264	7	1254
				l	·	

Name of Country, Pls		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Furkey	••	Integrity. Guaranteed by 3 Powers (Great Britain, France and				
	• •	Austria) Possessions in	15 Apr., 1856	270		128
2.7 27		Asia	30 Mar., 1856	264	30	126
"	• •	Independence	8 July, 1833	168	3	92
"	• •	" 5 Powers	27 July, 1839		Note	100
"	• •	" 4 Powers	15 July, 1840	190		100
,,		,, Great Britain				
		and France	12 Mar., 1854	237	Preamble	118
,,	• •	,, 4 Powers	9 Apr., 1854	241		119
> >	• •	" _ Guaranteed by 6				
, ,	• •	Powers	30 Mar., 1856	264	7	125
		tain, France and				
		Austria)	15 Apr., 1856	270		128
,•	• •	Mediation in	18 Mar. , 1856	268	10	127
,•	• •	Military Aid to, by Great	10 35 1074	00-	1	
		Britain and France	12 Mar., 1854	237	_	118
, ,	••	Privileges and Reforms. Hatti-Sheriff. Gul-	10 April, 1854	242	_	119
		h a né	3 Nov., 1839	188	 	100
71	• •	" Hatti-Humaïon	18 Feb., 1856	263		124
,.	••	" See also Christian privileges.				
"	• •	Consent to British Pro- tection over Ionian	94 A1 1910	0.1		
,.	••	Islands Consent to Annexation of Ionian Islands to	24 April, 1819	91		57
		Greece	8 April, 1865	369		163
>>	• •	Russian Declaration of War	96 Tam 1000	140		>
		Dance	26 Jan., 1828	140		78
, ,	• •	Russian Declaration of	14 Sept., 1829	145		81
23	• •	War	4 Oct., 1853	234		117
	• •	" Peace	30 Mar., 1856	264		125
););		" Indemnities	14 Sept., 1829	145	8	82
,,		,,			Sep. Act	82
		>>	27 Mar., 1856	178		96
,,	• •	,, See also Russia.		_		
,,	• •	Sovereign Rights. See Integrity.				
,,	· • •	Supplies to, by Great				
		Britain and France	24 Jan., 1855	254		122
"	• •	Troops in British Service.	3 Feb., 1855	257		123
"	• •	Vienna Conferences	Mar., June, 1855	258		123
	• •	See also Dardanelles and Bosphorus. Principalities. Greece.				

Name of Country, Place &c.	,	Sul n	t	Date of Troor or other Docum	•	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Pagr.
Turkish	Loa		rantee of ritain and			<u>†</u>		
		and Fran		27 June, 1		259		1234
Tuscany	Pos	sessions of (Frand Duk	27 July, 1 9 June, 1		261 27	98 100 101	1239 265 265 266
	Free	ntiers. Sar	alinia	9 June, 1	815	27	10 2 85	247
99 99	_	emuity to b			1010	! 		
	Suc	Buoncom		9 June, 1	1815	<u>.</u> 27	100	266
**		to Lucca	•	1 9 June, 1	1815	27	102	267
	•	•,		, 10 June, 1		73	4	526
		••		, 20 July, 1			45	612
•		rate Claims			1818	79	7	5 16
**	•	l Austria, & Boundari	es	28 Nov., 1	814	200		1045
**	. And	l Lucea. I &c		1 Oct., 1	247	206		1060
	1		••	9 Dec., 1		208		1084
11	Res	toration c	of Grand	i			•	
	Pas	Duke ervation of l		11 July, 1		298 301	19	1375 1389
**		ted to Sardi				,		1417
**		test of Gran				312		1424
Twistringen		age. Hano						
	1	denburg		4 Feb., 1	817	66	1-4	50 ±
Tyrol	·· To	be Ceded I		3 June, 1	014	2	1-2	30
	ł		n	9 June, 1		27	93	263
	Aus	tria and	Ravaria.		1010			200
"		Limits		` 00 T	1840	197		1034
	ì	••		16 Dec., 1		228	Annex	1147
>)	Roa	d to Breg	enz. Pas-	1				
	~			14 April, 1	1816	53	8	438
>>	Sec	also Austri	_	ļ) 		
Tserna-Jeka	90-		loundary.	Dog 1	202	169	§ 1	930
TROUTH-JOER	Serv	vian Admin	istration	. Dec., 1	1000	109	3.	330
Uback over	Net	herlands ar	nd Prus sia .	,				
Worms				11 Dec., 1	1868	415	1	1862
Ueberherrn	Giv	en to Pruss	ia	, 23 Oct., 1	1829	148	- ·	839
Ueberhofen	Vill	age. With				_		
Uechte	Bail	Boundary liwick. Te			1814	1	3, § 4	5
		•	ssia irom ssel for Ha-	Í				
		nover		29 May, 1	1815	21	3	174
	İ	"		9 June, 1	1815	27	118, § 6	272
		•		}			Annex 6	275
	T.			23 Sep., 1		35	5	315

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Jechte	Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to				
Jerdingen	Prussia Free Port. Navigation of	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	322
	the Rhine	17 Oct., 1868	412		1852
Iftrungen	Retained by Schwartz- berg-Rudolstadt	' 19 June, 1816	55	1	449
Jgine	T3 1 TO 1		1	3, § 8	7
,,		3 Nov., 1815	38	4	328
		20 Nov., 1815	40	3	346
	7	20 Nov., 1815	43	7	370
711 amad am d	f	· 16 Mar., 1816	52	7	427
Jllersdorf		5 Mar., 1848	209	16	1087
Jlm	Fortress. Disposal of War	o mai, toro		10	100
	Material	6 July, 1869	420		1876
Iltimatum		19 April, 1859	291		1359
,,	D A. Marilana		140		798
Jmbrian Pro- vinces	United to Italy	1	326		1460
•	See Alliance.	}			
	Provinces of the Nether-				
	late Belgic Provinces the Kingdom of the Netherlands	9 June, 1815	27	65—67 73	248 250 254
"	" and Cleves. Boundary as in 1795	9 June, 1815	27	66	250
,,	1	{	•	•	
Inited	Seven Islands. See Ionian Islands.		_	,	•
United States	And Great Britain. Peace		6		4:
Unkiar- Skelessi	Treaty. Russia and Turkey	8 July, 1833	168	_	92
	" British Protest	LOC A 1000		•	92
		26 Aug., 1833		Note	928
Instrut		22 Sep., 1815	34	8	309
Inter-gleichen	•	9 June, 1815	27	23	220
	Prussa	, a a muc, 1010		39	23
Unter-Neurode	District. Retained by Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
Interschlatt	District. In Thurgovia. Baden and Switzer-	10 Oct., 1010		~	
		31 Oct., 1854	251	4	1219
Unter-Wald	Swiss Canton. Integrity		9	ī	6
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	74	25
	"			118, § 11 Annex 11	27: 27:
	Compensation to, from	•	<u> </u>		 :
,,	other Swiss Cantons.	20 Mar., 1815	9	6	6

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
	Compensation to, from other Swies Cantons	9 June, 1815	27	81 118, § 11 Annex 11 11, A B	
	France and Neufchatel.	4 Nov., 1824	122	Preamble	720
	Prussia and Saxony Department. France and	28 Aug., 1819	96	22	618
, ,	Germany. Boundary ,, Federal Fortress to be	20 Nov., 1815 26 Feb., 1871	40 438	1	345 1913
1	erected I rance and Spain. Boun-	20 July, 1819	95	38	609
	dary River. France and Spain.	2 Dec., 1856	275	5, 6	1293
	Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	4, 5	1293
Urculi u . .	Nassau to Prussia , , , ,	9 June, 1815	23 27	1, § 16 24, § 2 118, § 8 Annex 8	184 228 272 275
	France and Spain. Boundary.		275	6	1294
·	France and Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	2	1293
DISTRICT		20 July, 1819	95	13	597
U ri	Swiss Canton. Integrity Compensation to be re-	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	28 1 74 118, § 11 Annex 11	604 65 254 272 275
	ceived from Tessin and other Swiss		_	_	
-	Cantons	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	6 81 118, § 11 Annex 11	67 258 272 278
Urichsmithle Urnel	Mill. Given to Prussia Without Prussian Limits	23 Oct., 1829 9 June, 1815	148 27	40	840
n •••	Hesse-Cassel and Prussia.	5 Feb., 1816	50	1	237 417
","	Possession of Hesse-Cassel See also Nicder-Urzel. See Oujitza.	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
Uslar	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundary District. Ceded by	24 June, 1824	120	128, 124	714
Utrecht	Schwartzburg - Son- dershausen to Prussia Treaty. France and Por-	15 June, 1816	54	1	445
	tugal	11 April, 1713		Appendix	•

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Utrecht	Treaty. Referred to	9 June, 1815 28 Aug., 1817	2 7 75	107 2	269 5 30
Uzioa	See Oujitza."	20 Mug., 1017	,,,	_	•
Vaals	Commune. Belgium and Netherlands. Boun- dary.	0 Aug 1949	106	A K	1031
Vach	Military Road to Fulda	8 Aug., 1843 22 Sep., 1815	196 34	4, 5 9, § 1	310
Vacha	Town and Bailiwick to be obtained from Prussia from Hesse-Cassel for Saxe-				
у	Weimar ,, Ceded by Hesse- Cassel to Saxe-Wei-	22 Sep., 1815	34	2, § d	308
Valais	mar	16 Oct., 1815	37	2 2	323
valais	Union with Switzerland	20 Mar., 1815 9 June, 1815	9 27	75	65 254
-	"	0 0 410, 1010	_,	111, § 11 Annex 11	272
,,	And Geneva. Free Com- munication. Passage				
	of Troops	29 Mar., 1815	10	2	71
		20 May, 1815	19	Annex BB2	164
	97	9 June, 1815	27	80	257 258
				92 118,	262
				§§ 12, 13 Annexes	
)	Transit Duties	9 June, 1815	27	12, 13 80	275 258
	"	16 Mar., 1816	52	5	426
Val de Traján	Bessarabian Frontier	30 Mar., 1856	264	6 20.	427 1259
Valcarlos	River. France and Spain.	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1298
Valenciennes	Boundary French Fortress occupied	2 Dec., 1856	275	7	129
, , ,	by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	40	5	347
Valengin	Restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
**	Neutrality. Declaration by Prussia	19 Nov., 1847	207	_	1083
••	Renunciation by Prussia of Rights over	26 May, 1857	281	1	1317
Valerie Vallée de Joux Vallée des	Geneva Custom House See Vallée des Dappes. Restored to Canton of	16 Mar., 1816	52	3	425
Dappes	Vaud	20 Mar., 1815	9	2	65
	"	9 June, 1815	27	75 118, § 11 Annex 11	255 272 275

2375

7 n 2

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Tilsit	Treaties of 7 July, 1807,				
	and 9 July, 1807, referred to	8 June, 1825	123		722
Tintange	Belgian Limits of Luxem-	o water, ross	120		7.2.2
		15 Nov., 1831	153	2	86 0
	,,	19 April, 1839	183	2	983
	23	18 April, 1839	184	2	994
		19 April, 1839	185	Annex	998
_	Given to France	23 Oct., 1629	148		838
Titles	Of Sovereigns:—		1		Ì
	See Germany, Greece, Hanover, Italy.				
	Luxemburg, Nether-				
	lands, Prussia, Sar- dinia, Saxony, and Sicilies (Two).				
Tittmoning	Secured to Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	333
		14 April, 1816	53	1	436
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20 July, 1819	95	ī	529
Tobego		30 May, 1814	1	8	9
Tomassow	Village. Within Cracow Territory	9 June, 1815	27	7	219
Toren-Stege	Hanover and Netherlands.	·			
	Boundary	2 July, 1824	121	22—25	716
Torgau					
	Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Torrite Cava	T. 11 TO 3 1	28 Aug., 1819	96 200	13 9	617
Tort	River. France and Spain.	28 Nov 1844	200	9	1055
		11 July, 1868	411		1844
Toultcha	Restored to Turkey	1	145	2	815
	l'ostal Revenues		23	14	189
	,,	8 June, 1815	26	17	205
,,		·]
	House	· · · · _ · · · , · · · · · ·	38 9	§ 6	1738
,,	Abolition of Post Office	1	389	10	1732
	m m '' 1 m	8 Oct., 1866	397	3	1769
Trais-Milnson-	Treaty. Persia and Russia Commune. Ceded by	22 Feb., 1828	_	Note	816
pers	Commune. Ceded by Hesse-Cassel to		1		
201 B	Hesse-Darmstadt	29 June, 1816	57	•	455
		30 June, 1816	58	4	460
	" "	30 June, 1816	59	4	473
	"	20 July, 1819	95	25	603
Tranchberg	Austrian Rights over, coded	• .	ł		
	to Bavaria	80 Jan., 1844	197	13	1034
Traunstein	1 A	30 Sep., 1818	81	1, 2	556
Traverone	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	9	1057
Treaties	Name of Country inserted in Preamble, but				-
	Treaty not signed by Plenipotentiary	9 June, 1815	27		208

Name of Country, Place.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Freaties	••	Signed, but not ratified.				
		(Slave Trade)	20 Dec., 1841*			1
>>	• •	Inviolability admitted	• •		Appendix	
		>>	23 Nov., 1846		Appendix	
		>>	1 June, 1866	377		1680
		"	4 June, 1866	400	Appendix	
		A 3 7'4'	17 Jan., 1871	433		1904
"	• •	Additional Articles to have	00 35 - 1014	1 .		
•		same force as Treaty.	30 May, 1814	1	_	23
**	••	See also Additional Articles.			•	
		Abrogated by mutual con-				
		sent:—				
		Ionian Islands, 5 No-				
,,	• •	vember, 1815	14 Nov. 1863	355	8	157
	•	Holland and Belgium,				10,
))		15 November, 1831		185	2	99
))		Rhine Navigation, 31	ı			
		March, 1831	17 Oct., 1868	412	48	185
"		Black Sea, 30 March,		ŀ	,	
.,		1856	13 Mar., 1871	439	1	192
		,,	13 Mar., 1871	440	1	192
"	• •	Renewed after War	9 June, 1815	27		20
"	••	Sardinia and Switzer-				
		land		52	23	43
> >	• •	Austria and Bavaria	14 April, 1816	53	9	43
>>	• •	Russia and Turkey		145	15	82
		Ametric and Sandinia	1 May, 1849	211	7 2	109
"	••	Austria and Sardinia		215	2	111
		Denmark and Prussia	10 Nov., 1859	303	17 2	140
"	• •	Great Britain, &c., and	2 July, 1850	221	_	113
33	• •	Russia	25 Mar., 1856	268	i	127
			30 Mar., 1856	264	32	126
••	• •	Austria, Prussia, and	-	-07	1	120
**		Denmark	30 Oct., 1864	367	2	163
"	• •	Prussia and Wurtem-			_	-00
••		berg	13 Aug., 1866	384	7	170
,	• •	Prussia and Baden	17 Aug., 1866	386	7	170
)) _	• •	,, and Bavaria	22 Aug., 1866	387	7,8	171
"	• •	" and Austria	23 Aug., 1866	388	13	172
>>	• •	" and Hesse-] 			
		Darmstadt	1 1	389	7,8	173
>>	• •	Austria and Italy	3 Oct., 1866	392	20	175
2>	• •	Prussia and Saxe-Mei-	0.04 1000	665		
		ningen	8 Oct., 1866	397	2	176
"	• •	Prussia and Saxony	21 Oct., 1866	398	11	177
		France and Germany		446	11	196
		· Adhesion of States of	11 Dec., 1871	449	18	197
,93	• •	Germany. Ditto		_	Nata	105
		Mormony. Diem			Note	197

^{*} Not given in this Work, having no reference to "Map of Europe." 2867

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Vernio	Imperial Fiefs united to Tuscany Congress. Great Britain,	9 June, 1815	27	100, § 4	26 6
yerrières	Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia Affairs of Spain	28 Nov., 1822 1823	113	Note	695 1579
Versailles	a French Army into Switzerland France and Germany. Armistice	1 Feb., 1871	435 434	-	1907
99 •••	" Preliminary Trea-	15 Feb., 1871	437	-	1905 1911
)	ty of Peace		438	-	1912
,,	and Baden ,, Convention for the Occupation of	26 Feb., 1871	438	_	19 18
Versmold	Paris Town. Prussia and Han- over. Boundary	26 Feb., 1871 25 Nov., 1837	438 181	Note 5	1918 966
Versoy		3 Nov., 1815 20 Nov., 1815	38 40	1, § 8	328 345
,,	with Town of Geneva. Passage of	30 May, 1815	1	4	u
	•	20 Mar., 1815 29 Mar., 1815 20 May, 1815	9 10 19	5 2 Annex	66 71 164
	", "	9 June, 1815	27	79 80 118,	256 257
Vester-Vedsted	Danish Danmark and			§§ 11, 12 Annexes 11, 12	273 275
A easter- A ediated	Schleswig. Bound-			_	
Vesenas	Geneva Boundary	30 Oct., 1864 29 Mar., 1815 20 May, 1815 9 June, 1815	367 10 19 27	5 1 Annex 80	1633 70 164 257
Vesouse	France and Germany.	16 Mar., 1816 20 July, 1819	52 95	1 41	424 611
Vicille Verrerie Vienenburg	Brunswick and Hanover.	ľ	488 148	1	1913 83 9
Vienna	Boundaries	,	120	52	712
3)	Congress	30 May, 1814 9 June, 1815	1 27	32	16 208

Name of Country, Place &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Vienna	• •	Congress Treaty. Protest of Pope against Congress Treaty referred	12 June, 1815	29	_	281 285
		to in the following European Treaties, &c.:—				
"	• •	" Slave Trade. Declaration	26 July, 1815	81		294
))	• •	" France and Sar- dinia	19 Sep., 1815	33	_	301
) 9	• •	" Prussia and Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	_	305
))	••	" Prussia and Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	1	322
"	• •	" Defence of Ne- therlands, Switzer- land, Germany, &c.	3 Nov., 1815	38	3, 4	328
"	• •	" Ionian Islands	5 Nov., 1815	39	6, 7 8	330 337 340
,,	••	_	20 Nov., 1815	40	11	3.19
"	••	" Neutrality of Switzerland	00 M - 101F	43		370
,,	••	" Schwartzburg- Sondershaussen	19 June, 1816	54	_	444
**	• •		19 June, 1816	55	_	448
"	••	" Austria, Prussia, &c. Westphalia " Ditto, Hesse-	30 J une, 1816	58	1	459
***	• •	Homburg	30 J une, 1816	58	5	460
,,		Darmstadt	30 June, 1816	58	7	461
J 7		. Saar	1 July, 1816 18 Sep., 1816	60 61	_	474 478
"	••	,, Prussia and Ne- therlands. Limits	7 Oct., 1816	62		4.81
,,,	••	" Luxemburg	8 Nov., 1816 16 Nov., 1816	64 65	4, 5 7	489 500
"	• •	" Hanover and Oldenburg	4 Feb., 1817	66	Production 1	508
"	• •	" Luxemburg, &c.	12 Mar., 1817	67	4 5 4 7	506 507
•		".	17 April, 1817	69	4 7	513 514
,,	• •	" Accession of Spain	7 June, 1817 10 June, 1817	71 73	_	518 524
"	••	" Parma, Placentia, Guastalla, Lucca, &c.		73	_	524
)	• •	" Limits of Guiana	1 · · ·	75		530
"	• • •		15 Nov., 1818	87	_	57

Name of Country, Pl &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Vienna	• •	Congress Treaty referred to in the following European Treaties,				
n	• • '	&c.:— " Diplomatic Pre- cedence. Ministers Resident		89		573
p	• •	" Prussia and Mecklenburg - Stre-	21 11011, 1010	1		, 076
		litz " Austria and		92		582
**	1	Baden	10 July, 1819	93	11	585
,,	••	torial arrangements of Frankfort Prussia and		95	8-45	5 90
**	• •	Saxony. Boundary,				,
1)		&c	1	. 1	34	618
>>		man Confederation ,, Conferences of	15 May, 1820	104	_	636
		Troppau ,, Austria and	8 Dec., 1820	105	_	658
,,	1	Parma		100	_	670
*	•	" Navigation of the Elbe	23 June, 1821	110		672
**	••	,. Resolutions of Verona. Slave		1		686
"		Trade of	-			698
> >		the Weser, &c, Oldenburg and		118	-	708
37		Kniphausen ,, Baden, France,		123	3	72
		&c. Navigation of the Rhine		151		849
**	• •	" Holland and Belgium. Naviga-		101		
		tion of Rivers			9	86
) †	••;	" Ditto, Property " Ditto, Arrange-	15 Nov., 1831	153	2 0	868
> >	••	ments of 1815 "in full force"	16 Nov. 1831	154		87:
**	••	,, Great Britain. Protest. Russian	10 1101., 1001	103		
		Proceedings in Poland	23 Nov. 1831	155		873
,,	• •		14 Dec., 1831	156	_	88
**	• •	" ,, Emperor of Russia "has never entertained, and will never entertain, the				
		thought of infring- ing its stipulations"	3 Jan., 1832	127		884

Name of Country, Pla &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Tienna	••	Congress Treaty referred to in the following European Treaties,				
"	••	&c.:— ,, Russian Pro- ceedings in Poland	3 July, 1832	160	_	900
"	••	" Russia and Saxe- Coburg. Lichten-				-
27	• •	burg	31 May, 1834	172	- American	94
"	• •	tion of the Scheldt " Austria and	19 April, 1839	183	9	98
		Russia. Navigation of the Danube	25 July, 1840	191		101
"	• • !	Darmstadt, and Wurtemberg. Navi-				1
>>	••	gation of the Neckar ,, Austria, &c., and Hamburg. Stade	1 July, 1842	194	_	102
,,	••	Toll	13 April, 1844	198		103
3 7	••	Tuscany, &c ,, Parma, Placen- tia, and Guastalla	28 Nov., 1844 28 Nov., 1844	200	_	104
37	••	" Austria, Prus-	26 NOV., 1044	200	9	108
		sia, and Russia. Union of Cracow with Austria	6 Nov., 1846	901		
"	••	"British Protest against ditto	23 Nov., 1846	201		100
))	• •	" French Protest " Lucca and Tus-	3 Dec., 1846	204	_	107
"	· ••	cany	4 Oct., 1847	206	_	108
"	• •	Po	3 July, 1849	213		110
,,	••	dini s. Limits. Po. " Austria and Mo- dena. Limits. Po.	6 Aug., 1849	215	3	111
,,	• •	" Cession of Ho- henzollern to Prus-	8 Aug., 1849	216	1	111
79	• •	sia,	7 Dec., 1849	217	16	112
	••	Lauenburg, Conditions of Peace with Russia.	8 May, 1852	230	3	118
		Free Navigation of the Danube	8 Aug., 1854	250	_	12
		>>	30 Mar., 1856	264	15	121 125

Name of Country. Place, &c.	bubject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Tienna	Congress Treaty referred to in the following European Treatice, &c.:—				
,,	" Neufchatel and Valengin	26 May, 1857	281	1	1317
99	,, Neutrality of Switzerland & Savoy	14 Mar., 1859	290	_	1354
,,	,, Proposed Conferences. Affairs of Italy	36 1 3050	_	Note	1411
,,	" Fortresees of Placentia, Ferrara,	March, 1003		Note	191
,,	Commachio Protest. Union of	10 Nov., 1859	304	_	141
,,	Modena to Sardinia ,, France and Sar-	22 Mar., 1860	310		141
,,	dinia. Union of Savoy and Nice to			•	
,,	" Protest. Union		318	2	143
,,	of Parms to Sardinia " Swiss Protest.		314	_	143
	Cession of Savoy to France	15 Mar., 1860 28 Mar., 1860	307 315		141
,,	" French Proposals. Ditto	•	319		143
,,	" British Reply. Ditto	•	320		145
,,	" France and Swit- zerland. Vallée des	10 0 11			
- ,,	Dappes	8 Dec., 1862	339	•	152
	and Belgium. Scheldt Toll	16 July, 1 86 3	348	-	155
,,	" Union of Ionian Islands to Greece	1 Aug., 1863	350	-	155
,,	,, Prussian Inva-	14 Nov., 1868	355 378	·	156
,,	sion of Hanover, &c. ,, Great Britain, Austria, &c. Luxem-		376		100
	Proposed Congress Views		405	_	180
)) • • •	of French Govern- ment. "Founda- tion on which rests the Political Edifice of Europe;" al- though "on almost all points destroyed,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	modified, disregarded or menaced"	4 Nov., 1863	356	-	157 157

***************************************			, 	,	
Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Vienna	Proposed Congress Views				
vienna	Proposed Congress. Views of British Govern-		İ		
•	ment. "Main pro-				
	visions in full force."		}		
	"Greater number				
	of Articles have not		•		
	been in any way dis-				
	turbed; and on those Provisions			}	
	rests the Balance of	•	ŀ	;	
	Power in Europe"	12 Nov., 1863	8 56		1578
· · ·	Draft of Note. Turkey to	22 21011, 2000			10,0
.,	Russia	August, 1853		Note	1174
,,	Conferences during Cri-				
	mean War	Mar.—June,	258	_	1233
	m	1855			
,,	Treaty of. Austria, Prus-		1		
	sia, and Denmark. Peace	30 Oct., 1864	367	İ	1 63 0
,,	These of Assets and	00 Oct., 100±	307		1000
,,	Italy. Peace	3 Oct., 1866	392		1749
Vieson	Geneva Custom-house	16 Mar., 1816	52	3	425
Vieux-Brisach	Rhinometer	30 Jan., 1827	134	Preamble	
Vilbel	Commune. Moiety of,				
	ceded by Hesse-				
	Cassel to Hesse- Darmstadt	29 June, 1815	57	•	455
	221 Mounta	30 June, 1815	58	1 4	459
•))))	30 June, 1815	59	4	473
	,,	20 July, 1819	95	25	603
Villafranca	Italian Boundaries	28 Nov., 1844	200	5	1052
				8	1053
	Preliminary Treaty of,			9	1057
,,	Preliminary Treaty of, Peace. Austria and				
	France	11 July, 1859	298		1374
,, ·	Fort. Fire Arms reserved	12 0 11,7, 2000			1073
	to Sardinia	23 Aug., 1860	322	4	1453
	See also Zurich.				
A IIIe-IB-GLEDGO	Geneva Boundary. Given	1036 1010			
	to Geneva	16 Mar., 1816	52		424
,,	Geneva Custom-house	20 July, 1819 16 Mar., 1816	95 52	41 3	611 425
Villers near	France and Netherlands.	10 1111111, 1010	02		420
Orval	Boundary	20 Nov., 1815	40	1, § 1	344
	**	8 Nov., 1816	64	i	488
	"	16 Nov., 1816	65	1	498
	29 -	12 Mar., 1817	67	1	505
	"	19 April, 1817	69 95	1	512
Villerupt	Village. France and Ger-	20 July, 1819	סש	34	606
		10 Mar. 1071	440	1 1	1955
	many. boundary	TO TIPA. TOLI	(4 90		I TAIN
Vils	many. Boundary Bailiwick. Arrangements respecting	10 May, 1871 3 June, 1814	446		1900

Name of Country, Place, & c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	Mo. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Vils	Bailiwick. Arrangements				
,, ••	Retroceded by Bavaria to	8 Nov., 1815	3 8	Annex 2	333
	Austria	14 April, 1816		1	435
Vintringer Hof	Farm. France and Prus-	_	95	1	592
Vionville	Commune. France and	11 June, 1827	135	Preamble	767
	Germany. Boun-	96 F.L 1071	400	•	1010
Vissotchitea	dary Montenegrin. Boundary.		438 400	1	1913 1787
	River. Austrian Posses-	,			
	sions. Right Bank Prussian Boundary	18 May , 1815 9 June, 1815	16 27	22 2	143 217
,, .,	" Galicia and Cra-	5 0 ane, 1015	21		217
••	cow. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	4	217
·	saw. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	4	217
	tria	26 Dec., 1826	133	5, 6	762
Vitaux	Farm. France and Neuf- chatel. Boundary		122	Preamble	720
Vitserode	District. To be obtained by Prussis from				•
	Hesse-Cassel for Saxe-Weimar		34	2, § e	308
,,	4			-, 3 0	
	mar	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
Vlodrop	Commune. Netherlands and Prussia. Boun-	_			
Vockenrode	dary	11 Dec., 1868	415	4, 7	1862
	Darmstadt District. Ceded by Hesse-	3 Sept., 1866	389	15	1734
	Darmstadt to Prussia	. 3 Sept., 1866	389	14	1733
		. o sept., 1000	300	19	1736
	" United to Prussia	24 Dec., 1866	403	§ 6	1798
Voightland	Inclosures in Reuss.		200	30	1100
,,	Ceded to Prussia , Circle. Austria		27	15	223
97 ••	and Saxony. Limits		209	A. Sep.	1087
TP**11.	Damain To be abteined			1-28	
Völkershausen	Domain. To be obtained by Prussia from				
	Hesse-Cassel for	000 / 101			
	Saxe-Weimar, Ceded by Hesse-	22 Sept., 1815	34	2 8	308
,,	Cassel to Saxe-Wei-				
Völksmanns-	mar	16 Oct., 1815	37	2	323
dorf	Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	84	5, § 6	306

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Vollmersheim	Village. French Boun-				
V olo	dary	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 5	5
	to Independence	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 2	799
,,	" Proposed Greek Boundary	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 6	801
,,	Taken Possession	22 Mar., 1829	142	_	805
<i>"</i>	of by Greece	21 Feb., 1833	165	· —	917
Vonitza	District. Turkish Possession	24 April, 1819	91	_	580
Vorarlberg	To be ceded by Bavaria to	•			
	Austria	3 June, 1814	2 27	1, 2 93	30 262
,,	Austrian Possession. Aus-	9 June, 1815	21	30	202
• "	trian and Bavarian				
	Limits	30 June, 1844	197 228		1034
Vorsfelde	Brunswick and Hanover.	16 Dec., 1850	226	Annex	1147
	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	38-42	712
Vourvenans	France and Germany.	96 Fab 1971	438	1	1019
Vryendyk	Boundary See Krakeel low lands.	26 Feb., 1871	4:00	1	1913
Waal	_	17 Oct., 1868	412	1	1849
Wachtebeke	Belgium and Netherlands.	# 37	10-		- 0 20
Wächtersbach	Boundary Bailiwick. Ceded by	5 Nov., 1842	195	4	1029
17 402 002 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Hesse-Darmstadt to				
	Hesse-Cassel	29 June, 1816	57	2 4	455
	**	30 June, 1816	58		46 0
•	"	30 June, 1816	59 95	4 25	473
Wadern	Canton. Without Prus-	20 July, 1819	80	20	603
	sian Limits	9 June, 1815	27	25	229
,, ••	" To be ceded by Austria to Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	$\mathbf{Annex} \ 1 c$	333
,,	" Ceded by Aus-	5 MOV., 1015	J G	Annex 10	000
,,	tria to Prussia	1 July, 1816	60	Preamble	475
,,	" Part given to	·	•		
	Prussia and part to	90 Tul- 1910	95	13	598
	Oldenburg	20 July, 1819	27	10	604
Wagenfeld	.	•			
Waging		0.37 - 1015	200		000
	Bavaria	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 2	333
	3 7	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	1 1	436 592
Walcourt	Canton. Given to France	30 May, 1814	1	3, § 2	4
Waldeck			-	-, 3 -	
	Voting at German				
	Federal Diet and	O T 1015	00	4.0	00*
	General Assembly	8 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	26 27	4, 6 56, § 16	201 244
	? >				

Name of Country, Plac &c.	ce,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Waldook	• •	Representation at Council of North German		[
	• •	At Council of	14 June, 1867	407	6	1811
19		**	16 April, 1871	444	6	1934
**	• •	Administration to		408	_	1829
7*	••	" Rights reserved	18 July, 1867	408	4.	1830
**	••	" Representation	18 July, 1867	408	9	1881
»	••	" Comprised within North German Con-	10 July, 1007	200		1001
•		federation	14 June, 1867 18 July, 1867	407 408	1 Preamble	1809 1829
27	• •	" Comprised within German Empire	16 April, 1871	444	1	1931
Walder	••	Danish Dani salah	•	į	Preamble	
Waldgirmee	••	Calad Karttanaa Thamaada da	3 Sept., 1866	ł	14	1733
			24 Dec., 1896	406	§ 7	175
Waldmohr	••	Canton. Bavarian Indemnity	0.37 3075	38	Annex	334
•	•	" Ceded by Aus-			2 A	
37	•	tris to Bevaria	14 April, 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2 2	436 598
"	• •	" Prussia and Ba- varia. Boundary		95	13	597
Waldwies	• •	Part given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148 148	_	836
Waldzell	••	Part given to France Ceded by Baden to Aus-	23 Oct., 1829			839
		tris	10 July, 1819 27 Oct., 1819	93 97	. 1	583 6 21
99	• •	Ceded by Austria to Bavaria	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	625
Walkenried	• •	73 1 670 4 1				
22 •	•	Brunswick Brunswick and Hanover.	29 May, 1815	21	11	177
Wallachia	• •	Boundary Principality. Boundary	24 June, 1824 14 Sept., 1829	120 145	47, 48 11	712 821
	,		- 1834	174	Sep.Act 1	825 95
**	••	Boyards		131	Annex 1	
		Beschlis and Agas. Ap-	1 May, 1849	211	2	109
? 7	•	pointment of	7 Oct., 1826	181 181	Annex 1 Annex 1	753 754
37	••	Commerce	7 Oct., 1826 14 Sept., 1829	145	5	756 817

	1					
Name of	. 1	Subject.	Date of Treaty or	No. of	Art.	Page.
Country, Place &c.	•	subject.	other Document.	Treaty.	AR.	rage.
TT-11bio		Cur mana	1004	174	c	054
Wallachia	••	Commerce	— 1834 30 Mar., 1856	174 264	6 23	9 52 1260
		Conferences. Vienna. 1st	70 112411, 1000	201	20	1200
**	``		15 Mar., 1855	258		1233
	1	2	17 Mar., 1855	258		1233
	ı	3	19 Mar., 1855	258	· !	1233
	j		27 Mar., 1855	258		1233
39	•••	Conferences. Paris. No. 1	•	268	—	1274
		6	28 Feb., 1856	268	-	1274
			8 Mar., 1856 10 Mar., 1856	268 268		1275 1275
			12 Mar., 1856	268		1275
			14 Mar., 1856	268		1275
	1	14	·	268		1275
		21		268	_	1276
		22	8 Apr., 1856	268	!	1276
**	• •	Constitution recognised by	00 T 1004			
		Turkey	29 Jan., 1884	170	2	938
> *	• •	Contiguous Islands to form part of Territory	1004	174	3	951
		to belong to	1003	11/2		801
,,	• •	Turkey	6 Jan., 1857	277	_	1299
**		Danuba Free Nurication		145	Sep.Act 1	
,,,		,,	- 1834	i i	7	852
, ,		Flag	29 Jan., 1834	170	2	939
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	19 Aug., 1838	286		1345
27	• •	Guarantee. Privileges, &c	1		22, 25	1260
		••	19 Aug., 1858	286	2	1332
		,,	6 Sept., 1859 6 Dec., 1861	300 334	. —	1377 1498
			28 June, 1864	363	1 =	1613
•		Guarantee against Incur-	200 4110, 2002	000		1010
91	• •	sions	— 1834	174	3	951
>>		Government	14 Sept., 1829		5	817
•				1	Sep. Act	826
9)	• •	Hospodars. Election, &c			Appendix	
		, , .	7 Oct., 1826	131	3	749
			14 Sept., 1829	145	Annex 1	
		"	29 Jan., 1834		Sep. Act 1	824 93 8
		,,	— 1884		1 1	951
		97	1 May, 1849		i	1091
5.7			AprSep., 185		\ _	1376
,		,, Prince			İ	
-		Charles of Hohen-				
		zollern-Sigmaringen				1783
>>	• •	Internal Administration.	1		Annex 1	
		• "	- 1834 14 June, 1854		2	951
		"	30 Mar., 1856		22, 23	1214
	• •	Laws	. 30 Mar., 1856		23	1260 1260
91 90	•	Militio	. 14 Sept., 1829		Sep.Act	
99	- '	> 1	29 Jan., 1834			93
		l			2 5	95
		, ,	30 Mar., 1850	3 264	26	126

Country, Place	; ,	Subject.	Onte of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page
Vallachia	••	Mussulman subjects not to establish themselves				
	ŀ	in	1834	174	5	95
13	• •	Non-interference in Inter-	')
	-	nal Affairs	30 Mar., 1856	261	22	. 120
"	• •	Non-intervention by Force				
	1		30 Mar., 1856	264	27	126
3 2	• •	Organisation	30 Mar., 1856	264	24 — —	126
		>1	May-Aug.1856		_	13:
	. !	**	19 Aug., 1858	286		13:
	i	Omenia Statute of 1991	AprSeρ.,1859	299	_	132
"	••	Organic Statute of 1831 modified	1 May, 1849	211	2, 3	100
		modified	30 Mar., 1856		23	120
		Occupation by Russian	•	201		
"	••	♣ <u> </u>	14 Sept., 1829	145	Sep. Act 1	8
		Occupation by Russian	•	1 20	Sep. 2001	3
**	•	and Ottoman Troops		211	4, 5	109
,,		Occupation by Austrian	!,, 2000			
,,,	i		14 June, 1854	249] '	12
					1, 5	12
	1	***	2 Dec., 1854	252	2	12:
,,	• • •	Evacuation by Austria	6 Jan., 1857	277	l }	129
3 7	••;	Privileges	28 May, 1812		Appendix	
•		**	7 Oct., 1826	131	3	7.
	ł		,		Annex 1	7
		29	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	8
				,	Sep.Act 1	8:
	ļ					8:
	ĺ	**	1 May, 1849	211		10
	ì	29	30 Mar., 1856	264	22	120
	ł	37	May-Aug.1856			13:
	}	Dalinian	19 Aug., 1858			13
>>	•	Religion	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	8
	¦	Restoration of Territory	30 Mar., 1856 7 Oct., 1826	264 131	23 Annor 1	120
"	• •	Restored to Turkey	14 Sept., 1829	145	Annex 1 2	73 81
,,	••	mestored to ruine,	1 F.5c[rt., 10±0	110	Sep. Act	8
			29 Jan., 1834	170	2	93
"	i	Russia. Cossation of Pro-	1		_	
**		tectorate	8 Aug., 1854	250	§ 1	12
	l	"	28 Dec., 1854	253	§ 1 § 1	12
	1	,,	March, 1855	258	,	12
	ł	"	25 Mar., 1856	268		12
22	•••	Sanitary Regulations	1834	174	5	9;
>>	••	Suzerainty of the Porte	14 Sept., 1829	145	5	81
		>>	14 June, 1854	249	4	121
		"	30 Mar., 1856		22	126
		**	May-Aug.1856	285	_	13:
		, ,	19 Aug., 1858	286		13:
>>	••	Taxes	7 Oct., 1826 14 Sept., 1829	131 145	Annex 1 Sep. Act 1	73 82
			I WANT I WILL !			~ ~

Name of Country, Plac	е,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Wallachia	• •	Tribute to Sultan	7 Oct., 1826	131	Annex 1	756
	j) ,	14 Sept., 1829	145	<u> </u>	826
		9 9	29 Jan., 1834	170	2	938
			— 1834 I	174	6	952
>>	••	And Moldavia. Union	May-Aug.1856			1327
		. 27	19 Aug., 1858	286	Annex 1	1329 1345
					Annex 2	1346
			6 Dec., 1861	334		1498
•		"	20 June, 1864	363		1613
,,		" Sce" also Princi-				
,,		palities, United.				
Wallhausen		Commune. Given to Ol-				
	- 1	denburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	604
"	••]	Excluded from Cession to				
		Saxe-Coburg	2 0 July, 1819	95	28	601
Walmoden	••	Property of Count. See Neustadt, Gimborn.				
Walraw		Rights of Nassau over				
		Town and Fortress	97 Ton 1990	105		1001
TT-1	1	Town. Secured to France	27 Jan., 1839 20 Nov., 1815	187 40	1 6 1	1001 34 4
Walwich .	••	10wn. Secured to France	20 July, 1819	95	1, § 1 13	597
Wanderslebe	_	Bailiwick. Prussian Pos-	20 July, 1010		10	007
** #1000	-	session	1 June, 1815	24	8	193
]	,,,	9-June, 1815	27	23	226
	ŀ	•			39	237
					118, § 7	272
			996 4 1075		Annex 7	275
_		Namination of the Phine	22 Sept., 1815 31 Mar., 1831	34 151	1, § 1 Annex	306
Wantzenau	••	Navigation of the Rhine	31 Mar., 1031	101	6, 7	854
War	•	Treaties, renewed after, and abrogated by. See Treaties.				001
,,		Material. See Army, Arms,		1		
•		&c.				
**	••	Rules and Usages. Pro-	07 A 1074	450		7054
	- 1	tocol	27 Aug., 1874 20 Jan., 1875	450 451		1974 1976
,,	••	Declarations of. See Decla-	20 0211., 1070	101		1910
"	••	rations of War.				
Warent Farm		Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
Warentwald		Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
Warneton		Commune. See Lys Navi-				
		gation.				
Warsaw	••	Duchy. Part united to Russia. Czar King		ľ	•	
		Russia. Czar King of Poland	3 May, 1815	12	5	96
			3 May, 1815	13	3	107
))	9 June, 1815	27	ĭ	216
		"	,		118,	
	1				§§ 1, 2	970
	1	1	. i	Į.		272
		j	•	!	Annexes 1, 2	275

Name of Country, Pla &c.	œ,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	≜rt.	Page.
Varsaw	••	Duchy. Part united to				
		Prussia as Grand Duke of Posen	3 May, 1815	13	1	10%
			9 June, 1815	27	2	210
		• "	0 0 0 000, 1010		118, § 2	27
					Annex 2	27
3)	• •	,, Distinct Adminis-	ļ			1
••		tration	3 May, 1815	12	5	9
		**	3 May, 1815	13	3	10
		2)	9 June, 1815	27	1	21
					118,	08
				ļ	§§ 1, 2	27:
					Annexes	27
		Daha	0 Wan 1015	12	1, 2 30—33	10
23	• •	" Debta	3 May, 1815 3 May, 1815	13	31—36	114
		**	o may, 1010	10	01-00	. 110
			3 May, 1815	14	14	12
		37 91	18 May, 1815	16	22—24	
	9	"	9 June, 1815		118, §§ 1,	•
		"	,		2, 3, 4	27:
					Annexes	•
					1, 2, 3, 4	27
3 >	• •	Restoration of Archives,				•
		&c	18 May, 1815	16	22	143
		**	9 June, 1815	27	, 118, § 4	27
		December of Same			Annex 4	27
> >	••	Recognition of Sove-				1
		reignty of Austria, Prussia, and Russia	18 May, 1815	16	22	14
			9 June, 1815	27	14	
		**	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		118, § 4	27
			! 		Annex 4	
))	• •	Pecuniary Claims	30 May, 1814	1	Add. Art.	2
		**	30 Mar., 1815	_	Appendix	•
>>	• •	Treaties. Austria and				1
		Russia	3 May, 1815	12	-	9
**	• •	,, Prussiz and Russia	3 May, 1815	13	—	10
>>	• •	Protocol. Denmark and	5 T 1051	990		114
		Russia Conferences. No. 7	5 June, 1851	229	_	114 161
>>	• • :	Conferences. No. 7 See also Cracow, Poland.	ApJune, 1864	1 —	_	101
Wartha	• •	River. Boundary of		ļ		!
A 657 07700	••	Prussian part of				•
		Warsaw	9 June, 1815	27	2	21
Wassawich	• •	Upper and Lower. Mon-		1	ļ	1
		tenegro, &c. Bound-				
		ary	8 Nov., 1858	288	_	135
Weel	• •	Lordship. Ceded by]	†	1
		Prussia to the Ne-	03 35 505	00		1
		therlands	31 May, 1815	22	2	18
		>>	9 June, 1815	27	25 66	23 25
				}	118, § 10	
			l	•	IAAU, Y AU	, 41

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
		•			
Wehingin Weigsdorf	Given to Prussia Relations. Austria and	23 Oct., 1829	148		888
_	Saxony	5 Mar., 1848	209	16	1087
Weihers	Bailiwick. Bavarian Indemnities	3 Nov., 1815	38	Ann. 2 B	334
•	domination			Note	
	Part ceded by	5 Feb., 1816	50	§ 1	417
,,	Austria to Bavaria.	14 April, 1816	53	2	437
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20 July, 1819	95	2	592
Weilburg	Service of Officials Bailiwick. Bavarian Pos-	31 May, 1815	23	10	188
Weiler	session	3 June, 1815	2	2	30
Weiller	Village. France and Ba-			_	
	varia. Boundaries .	(v /	124	2, § 3	729
Weimar	Principality	9 June, 1815	27	23 39	226 237
Weisensee	Bailiwick. Part ceded by				
	Prussia to Saxe-	000 4 1015	0.4		001
) Tralan	Weimar Commune. Coded by	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 7f	307
Weiss	Nussau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 15	184
	,,	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
				118, § 8	272
Weisse-Elster	River. Navigation	18 May, 1815	16	Annex 8	275 141
A GIESC-FIDECL	,, Prussia and Sax-	10 111, 1010			
	ony. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	228
Weissenburg	French Town. Occupied by Allied Troops	20 Nov., 1815	42	4	360
	" Secured to France		40	1	34
**	" " .	20 July, 1819	95	5	598
,,		5 Tul- 1005	124	9 2 9	700
	Boundaries	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	126	2, § 3 4	728 736
,,	Road to Bitch. Ceded by	0 200., 2020	120	_	,,,
,,	Bavaria to France	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 1	728
,,	Wood. Part secured to Bavaria	5 July, 1825	124	2, § 3	729
	Davaria	00 my, 1020	1273	2, 30	, 2,0
Weissenfels	Principality. Debt. Prus-				
	sia and Saxony Commune. Ceded by	28 Aug., 1819	96	12	617
Weitersburg	Commune. Ceded by Nassau to Prussia	31 May, 1815	23	1, § 15	184
	>>	9 June, 1815	27	24, § 2	228
				118, § 8	272
Wellingen	Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	Annex 8	275 8 3 8
Welperveen	Hanover and Netherlands.				-
•	Boundary	2 July, 1824	121	10, 11	716
Wendelhof	(Kreutzwald) Farm. Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148		839
Wendelstein	1	1 20 000., 1026	130		008
	Prussia to Saxe-				
	Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	34	1 1, § 7e	307

Name of Country, Place, etc.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Wendsin	And Radly Canal. Closing	•	3	1	
Wengelsbech.	of Domain. Coded by Ba-		175	, 51	953
Wenigentaft	varia to France	5 July, 1825 9 Dec., 1825	124 126	2, § 1	728 737
··· emgenemit	by Prussia from Hesse-Cassel for				
,,	Saxe-Weimar Ceded by Prussia to Hesse-	22 Sep., 1815	34	2, § <i>f</i>	308
,	Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	1	322
	Secured to Hesse-Cassel		37	6	324
Werda	Ceded to Prussia Ceded by Prussia to	9 June, 1815	27	40	237
•	Hesse-Cassel	16 Oct., 1815	37	1	323
Werden	Secured to Hesse-Cassel County. Restored to	16 Oct., 1815	87	6	324
Wernigerode	Prussia County. Prussian Sove-	9 June, 1815	27	28	227
Werschweilen	reignty	9 June, 1815	27	23	225
	Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	59 7 604
Wertheim	demnity	3 Nov., 1815	38	Ann. 2B	334
<i>»</i> · ·	by Austria from		1		
"			58	3	437
27 • •	Baden to Austria	10 July, 1819	93	1	584
	Austria to Bevaria	20 July , 1819	95	2 7	592 594
••	" Part placed by Baden at disposal				
39	of Austria ,, Part Ceded by	20 July, 1819	95	8	595
»··	Baden to Austria	27 Oct., 1819	97	1	621
Worthshausen	Austria to Bavaria Farm. Given to Saxe-	27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
•	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	59 7 604
	Town and Fortress. Restored to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	23	227
	Free Port. Navigation of the Rhine	17 Oct., 1868	412	_	1852
	ver and Bremen	9 Sept., 1823	117		706
39	,, Prussia, Hanover,- Hesse-Cassel, Bruns- wick, Oldenburg,				
,,		10 Sept., 1823	118	-	707
		10 Sept., 1823	119	1	710

., 1825 ., 1825 e, 1824 r., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	127 127 120 153 183 184 185	10—54 Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2 4, § 2	738 713
e, 1824 v., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	127 120 153 183 184 185	Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2	738 713
e, 1824 v., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	127 120 153 183 184 185	Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2	738 738 713
e, 1824 v., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	127 120 153 183 184 185	Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2	738 713
e, 1824 v., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	127 120 153 183 184 185	Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2	738 713
e, 1824 7., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	120 153 183 184 185	Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2	713
e, 1824 7., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	120 153 183 184 185	Div. 4 4, § 2 4, § 2	713
r., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	153 183 184 185	4, § 2 4, § 2	
r., 1831 il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	153 183 184 185	4, § 2 4, § 2	
il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	183 184 185	4, § 2	
il, 1839 il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	183 184 185	4, § 2	862
il, 1839 il, 1839 e, 1824	184 185		984
il, 1839 e, 1824	185		994
e, 1824		Annex	998
	120		
		131—133	714
			!
7, 181 5	23	2	185
e, 1815	27	118, § 8	272
		Annex 8	275
7004	700	0 - 00	
e, 1824	120	87, 88	713
- 100h	101	•	000
., 1837	181	1	966
			İ
e, 1815	27	24	228
0, 1010		43	239
			ŧ
e, 1815	28	1-4	279
., 1815	38	Ann. 3 a	334
e, 1816	58	1	459
e, 1816	59	1	478
r., 1817	68	Preamble	1
y, 1819	95	17	599
1015	~	4.5-	043
e, 1815	27	47	241
e, 1815	28	2 ·	278
7., 1815	38	8	331
e, 1816 e, 1816	58 59		459 473
le, 1010	UB		9/0
. 1010	96	4	616
		_	010
g., 1819	5 8	17	465
	59	17	473
e, 1816			
	24	3	193
e, 1816 e, 1816	27	I	237
e, 1816 e, 1816 e, 1815			272
e, 1816 e, 1816		Annex 7	275
e, 1816 e, 1816 e, 1815 e, 1815		1, § 4	306
e, 1816 e, 1816 e, 1815	34	1	!
		e, 1815 27	e, 1815 27 39 118, § 7 Annex 7

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty, or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Wetterscheid.	District. Secured to Prus-			1	
	eia	1 June, 1815 9 June, 1815	24 27	3 39 118, § 7	193 237 272
Wetslar	Town and Territory. Prus-	22 Sep., 1815	34	Annex 7 1, § 4	275 306
w dummar	sian Sovereignty	9 June, 1815	27	24 42	228 238
,,	Military Road. Erfurt to	30 June, 1816	58	24	469
		30 June, 1816	59	24	473
	77	20 July, 1819	95	23	602
Wezi	Fund. Pruscia and Saxony		96	25	618
White Sarre	France and Germany.	•			
Widdin	Boundary District. Coded by Prus-	26 Feb., 1871	438	1	1913
Wiedensahl	sis to Saxe-Weimar Village. Prussis and	1 Nov., 1853	235		1177
Wieliczka	Hanover. Boundary Salt Mills. Given to Aus-	25 Nov., 1837	181	5	966
widilones	tris	3 May, 1815	12	2	96
.,	" Loan	18 Msy , 1815	16	24	144
,,	" Given to Aus-	_	97	3	917
	tria. 8 Powers	9 June, 1815	27	118,§§1,4 Annexes	217 272
<u> </u>	The Description David			1.4	275
Wierussow	Town. Prussian Boun-	0 Tune 1916	OP:	2	217
	dary	9 June, 1815	27 23	10	188
Wiesbaden Wiese	Service of Officials Prussia and Saxony.				•
Wildenberg	Boundary Lordship. Given to Prus-	9 June, 1815	27	15	221
Wildersrode	District. Coded by Prus-	9 June, 1815	27	43	239
	sia to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	84	1, § 7c	307
Wilfrieding	Given to France		148		840
Wilhelms- brunn	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	839
	District. Ceded by Prussia				
	to Saxe-Weimar	22 Sep., 1815	84	1, § 7e	307
Willing	Given to France	23 Oct., 1829	148	-	839
Winkel	Ceded by Austria to Prussia	9 June, 1815	27	18	224
Winterbach		, 2020	~,		
W 111901 DB011	Saxe-Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	13 28	598 604
	Farm. Given to Prussia	23 Oct., 1829	148	_	840
winsendurg	Brunswick and Hanover. Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	84	713
Wissenbourg	Canton. French Boundary	30 May, 1814	1	99—101 3, § 5	713 5
Witowiczki	Village. Prussian Boun-	9 June, 1815	ł .	ł	l

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty, or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Wittem	Commune. Belgium and	9 4 1949	100		1001
Wildenbaue	Netherlands	8 Aug., 1843	196	5	1031
Wittenberg	Fortifications Elbe Toll House	28 Aug., 1819	96	13	617
"	Elbe Toll House	23 June, 1821	110	16	678 679
		23 June, 1821	111	2	689
,	"	200 200, 2022		3	69 0
				9	69:
Wittgenstein-	To be obtained for Prus-			-	
Berleburg	sis	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	338
,,	Ceded by Hesse-Darm-	_			
	stadt to Prussia	30 June, 1816	58	2 2	. 459
	-, , , , ,	80 June, 1816	59	2	473
,, ••	Prussian Sovereignty	l	68		509
	**	6 July, 1817	74		529
	Mr. Ankalia 'Thanasan as	20 July, 1819	98	18	599
"	Westphalia. Transfer of Archives	90 Tune 1016	70	1 47	401
	Archives	30 June, 1816 30 June, 1816	58 59	17	460
	Debts of Westphalia	00 T 1000	58	17 19	473 466
**	Deous of Westphane	30 June, 1816	59	19	473
••	Arrears of County	10 16 . 1016	68	14	509
wittgenstein-	To be obtained for Prussia	3 Nov., 1815	38	Annex 3	333
Wittgenstein					i •
,,	Ceded by Hesse-Darm-		_		
	stadt to Prussia	30 June, 1816	58	2 2	459
	D	30 June, 1816	59	2	478
,,	Prussian Sovereignty	12 Mar., 1817	68	_	509
	"	6 July, 1817 20 July, 1819	74 - 95	18	529
	Arrears of County	12 Mar., 1817	68	14	599 509
Wittich	River. Prussia and	12 1431., 1017	•	A.B	. JUi
***************************************	Saxony. Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	15	22
Wohldenberg	Brunswick and Hanover.	,			
	Boundary	24 June, 1824	120	15—2 0	711
•	_			76—78	712
Wohlkrams-	District. Ceded by				j
hausen	Schwartzburg - Ru -				·
	dolstadt to Prussia	19 June, 1816	55	1, § 2	449
Wolfenborn	Ceded by Hesse-Darmstadt	10 T. 1010			
	to Hesse-Cassel	19 June, 1816	57	2 , § 3	45
	37	30 June, 1816	58	4	460
	"	30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	59 95	4. 25	473
Wolfenbüttel	Brunswick and Hanover.	20 July, 1015	30	20	603
A OTTOTTO # 1.	Boundaries	24 June, 1824	120	4-9	711
Wolfersweiler	Commune. Given to Ol-			3 0	111
,, <u>0</u> _0_1	denburg	20 July, 1819	95	27	604
	" Excepted from	, = =			., .
	cessions to Saxe-				
	Coburg	20 July, 1819	95	28	60
Wolfseiffen	Commune. Retained by	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•
	Prussia	18 Sept., 1816	61	1	479
				Annex	180

Name of Country, Place &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Woliça	. Village. Cracow. Bound-	0 7 1015	1 27	-	A10
Wollschuts	District. Secured to	9 June, 1815 22 Sept., 1815	1	1 54	219
Wöllstein	Town. To be Ceded to Herse-Darmstadt	•		1, § 4 Annex 3	306 335
Woriema Worms	See Jacobs-Elf River. Prussia and Ne-	3 NOV., 1010	{ !	Annel 3	333
	therlands. Bound-	9 June, 1815	: 27	25	230
357	Count Duke of Hosse	11 Dec., 1868	415	66 1	249 1862
Worms	Prince of Worms Town. Ceded to Hesse-		28	10	281
90		10 June, 1815 3 Nov., 1815		2, 4 Annex 3	279 335
,,	. Canton. Excepted from Bavarian Indemnity			Annex 2a	334
77		1	:	 	
	Bavaria	14 Apr., 1816 20 July, 1819	53 95	2 2	43 6 592
31	cossions to Hesse-	!			
	Darmstadt	30 June, 1316 30 June, 1816 20 July, 1819	58 59 96	8 8 20	461 473
Worship Wörstadt	See Religion." . Town. To be Ceded to	20 suly, 1815			60 0
Wört	Hesse-Darmstadt District. Arrangement re-		38	Annex 3	335
Wortel	specting Commune. Belgium and	3 Nov., 1815	38	7	33 0
	Netherlands. Boundary	5 Nov., 1842	195	13	1029
**	Belgium to Nether- lands	8 Aug., 1843	196	15	1031
Wounded	In War. Eliot Convention. Spain	1	176		95 6
**	Switzerland, Baden,	22 Aug., 1864	365		1621
37	Accessions , Accession of	1864-1874	_	_	1626
» »	Great Britain Additional Arti-	18 Feb., 1865	368	_	1634
Woycsyn			413	_	1853
Wrongs	Non-Retaliation for. Brit- ish Protest against	9 June, 1815	27	2	217
	Russian Proceedings in Poland	23 Nov., 1831	155	_	879

2396

Name of Country, Place, &c.	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Wurtemberg	Representation and Voting				
	at German Federal				
	Diet and General	_		_	_
	Assembly	8 June, 1815	26	4, 6	201
	"	9 June, 1815	27	56, § 6 58	244 245
,, ••	" At Council of		1		
	German Empire	16 Apr., 1871	411	6	1933
,,		13 Aug., 1866	384	- 4	1702
,,	War Indemnity to Prussia	13 Aug., 1866	384	2, 3, 4	1703
,,	Comprised within German Empire	16 Apr., 1871	441	1	1931
	mupire	10 Apr., 10/1	TIL	35	1939
			1	52	1944
ا د	And France. Peace	26 Feb., 1871	438		1918
); • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	See also Accessions, In-				
• **	demnity.				
Wurzburg	Grand Duchy. Ceded to		1		
	Bavaria	3 June, 1814	2	2	30
) 1	9 June, 1815	27	44	239
,,	Military Road to Franken-				
	thal	3 Nov., 1815	38	7 c	330
,,	" Paris Conference		49	_	415
,,	,, through Beden	20 July, 1819	95	6	594
,,	See also Accessions, Holz-				1
•	kirchen, Lengfurth,				ļ
	and Wertheim. Private Claims on France	95 Apr. 1919	79	7	546
	Bailiwick. Secured to	20 Apr., 1010	10		040
Wurzen	Saxony	9 June, 1815	27	15	222
Yalpougel	Lower. Bessarabian			20	
	Frontier	0 T 1055	277	_	1299
Yalpouk	River. Bessarabian Fron-	, 2000			
_	tier	30 Mar., 1856	264	20	1259
	**	6 Jan., 1857	276		1297
	2	6 Jan., 1857	277		1299
Yparla	Mountain. France and				
	Spain. Boundary	2 Dec., 1856	275	8	1294
Ysemburg		9 Nov. 1015	20	A	000
	to Hesse-Darmstadt ,, Debts of Prince	3 Nov., 1815 3 Nov., 1815	38 38	Annex 3	336
Zalescsyk	Cinala Danadam	9 June, 1815	27	Annex 3	335 218
Zalvetea	France and Spain. Boun-	0 0 tale, 1010	~	U	210
	dary	2 Dec., 1856	275	6	1294
Zante	See Ionian Islands.	2 2 2 2 2 2			
Zarskoe-Selo]		
	Russia	1 June, 1773	 —	Appendix	
Zaunstelle	Lands on Bank of Rhine	-		_ •	
İ	to belong to Gailin-]]		
	gen .	31 Oct., 1854	251	3	1219
,,	Privileges to Inhabitants				
i	of Dissenhofen	31 Oct., 1854	251	3	1219
Zavichost	Town. Russian Boundary	9 June, 1815	27	4	218

Name of Country, Place, &c.		Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.
Zborowski Zbrucs	••	River. Prussia and Russia River. Austria and Russia.		175	! 51	955
	••	Limits	10 July, 1829	143	3	810
Zeitoun	••	Gulf. Claims of Greece to Independence	12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 2	799
91	••`		12 Dec., 1828	141	§ 4	800
**	••'	District. Greek Bound-	21 July, 1832	161	1	905
**	!	" Indemnity to Turkey			2	905
"	••1	Act of the Regency of	•		1	
	·		21 Feb., 1833	165	<u> </u>	917
Zeits	• •	Prussia and Saxony Bound-		ο ν τ	16	
		Funds	9 June, 1815 28 Aug., 1819		15 26	223 618
Zeland	• •	Province. Belgium and	20 Aug., 1010	30	20	010
	1	Netherlands, Boun-				
	1	d ary	5 Nov., 1842	195	. 9	1029
	ì		8 Aug., 1843	196	14	1031
Zemela	••	Forest Establishment to	4.35		10	~~~
	:	belong to Poland	4 Mar., 1835		48	955
Zouring	••;	Given to France		148	i 	839 839
Ziegelhof Ziegenhain		County. Annexed to	23 Oct., 1829	, 140		000
_	į	Prussia	3 Oct., 1866	394	<u> </u>	1762
Ziegenrück	••	District. Secured to Prus-	99 G 1915	94	1 6 6	306
Zietschen	l	celed to Prussia	22 Sept., 1815 9 June, 1815	34 27	1, § 6 . 15	222
Zimmern		Ceded by Baden to Aus-	•			
	``	•	10 July, 1819	93	1	585
	ł	17	27 Oct., 1819	97	. 1	621
))	••	Ceded by Austria to Ba-			_	
	- 1		27 Oct., 1819	98	1	622
Zinzing	••	Given to France	28 Oct., 1829		5	839
Zlocsow Zollbrück	••	Circle Boundary Ceded by Saxe-Meiningen	9 June, 1815	27	J	218
20Hbruck	••	to Prussia	8 Oct., 1866	397	6	1770
Zollverein		Treaties. Confirmed	18 Aug., 1866	384	7	1703
	•••	"	17 Aug., 1866	386	7	1708
	1	"	22 Aug., 1866	387	7	1713
		91	23 Aug., 1866	388	13	1725
	i))	3 Sep., 1866	889		1781
		?1	21 Oct., 1866	398	11	1774
	i	"	14 June, 1867	407	40	1817
Zug	ļ	Swice Canton Integrity	16 Apr., 1871 20 Mar., 1815	444 9	40 1	1941 65
enag	• •	Swiss Canton. Integrity	9 June, 1815	27	74	254
		>>	- uno, 1010		118, § 11	
		!			Annex 11	275
) ?		Compensation to, from				
		other Swiss Cantons		9	6	66
	ł	**	9 June, 1815	27	81	258
	l				118, § 11	
	Ī				$\mathbf{Annex}11_{ }$	275

&c.	ace,	Subject.	Date of Treaty or other Document.	No. of Treaty.	Art.	Page.	
Zurich		Swiss Canton. Integrity	20 Mar., 1815	9	1	65	
			9 June, 1815	27	74	254	
		''	0 0 4110, 2020	_ 	118, § 11		
				1	Annex 11		
,,	• •	" Disposal of Funds					
,,		in England	20 Mar., 1815	9	7	67	
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	82	258	
			,	<u> </u>	118, § 11	272	
				1	Annex 11	275	
,,	• •	,, Estates, Tolls,		1	}		
		&c	24 Dec., 1820	106	3	662	
"	• •	,, See also Nellen-		:			
		burg.	•		!		
		Treaties of—	10 % 1050	201	1	1000	
"	• •	Austria and France	10 Nov., 1859	301	_	1380	
"	• •	France and Sardinia	10 Nov., 1859	302		1392	
"	• •	Austria, France, and Sardinia	10 Nov. 1950	303		1401	
		Treaties of 10 Nov., 1859,	10 Nov., 1859	909	; —	1401	
;;	• •	referred to	3 Oct., 1866	392	l	1750	
Zwaetsen		Commanderies of Teutonic	<i>5</i> Oct., 1000	002		1700	
2 4 400301	••	Order ceded by	I I		I		
		Prussia to Saxe-		1	1		
		Weimar	1 June, 1815	24	ⁱ 3	193	
		,,	9 June, 1815	27	39	237	
		,	•		118, § 7	272	
				;	Annex 7		
		23	22 Sept., 1815	34	1, § 3	306	
Zwin	• •	River. Free Navigation	8 Aug., 1813	196	31	1031	
		_			•		

• •

•					
	•				
			•		
•			•		
	•				
					•
	•				
				•	
		•			
					-

•					
					I I
				•	
			•		
•					
	•	•			

	•			
			•	
•				
	•			
•				

	•	

